

# **Motion Controller**



# Q170MCPU Motion Controller User's Manual

-Q170MCPU



(Please read these instructions before using this equipment.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

These precautions apply only to this product. Refer to the Users manual of the QCPU module to use for a description of the PLC system safety precautions.

In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage.

Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by CAUTION may also be linked to serious results.

In any case, it is important to follow the directions for usage.

Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

### For Safe Operations

### 1. Prevention of electric shocks

# **⚠**DANGER

- Never open the front case or terminal covers while the power is ON or the unit is running, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Never run the unit with the front case or terminal cover removed. The high voltage terminal and charged sections will be exposed and may lead to electric shocks.
- Never open the front case or terminal cover at times other than wiring work or periodic inspections even if the power is OFF. The insides of the Motion controller and servo amplifier are charged and may lead to electric shocks.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before mounting or removing the module, performing wiring work, or inspections. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- When performing wiring work or inspections, turn the power OFF, wait at least ten minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester, etc.. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- ullet Be sure to ground the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor. (Ground resistance : 100  $\Omega$  or less) Do not ground commonly with other devices.
- The wiring work and inspections must be done by a qualified technician.
- Wire the units after installing the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks or damage.
- Never operate the switches with wet hands, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servomotor terminal blocks while the power is ON, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the built-in power supply, built-in grounding or signal wires of the Motion controller and servo amplifier, as this may lead to electric shocks.

# 2. For fire prevention

# **▲**CAUTION

- Install the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor on incombustible. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to fire.
- If a fault occurs in the Motion controller or servo amplifier, shut the power OFF at the servo amplifier's power source. If a large current continues to flow, fire may occur.
- When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power OFF with an error signal. The regenerative resistor may abnormally overheat due to a fault in the regenerative transistor, etc., and may lead to fire
- Always take heat measures such as flame proofing for the inside of the control panel where the servo amplifier or regenerative resistor is installed and for the wires used. Failing to do so may lead to fire.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this
  may lead to fire.

### 3. For injury prevention

# **∆**CAUTION

- Do not apply a voltage other than that specified in the instruction manual on any terminal.
   Doing so may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the terminal connections, as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the polarity ( + / ), as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of controller or servo amplifier, regenerative resistor and servomotor, etc., while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
- Always turn the power OFF before touching the servomotor shaft or coupled machines, as these parts may lead to injuries.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching.
   Doing so may lead to injuries.

# 4. Various precautions

Strictly observe the following precautions.

Mistaken handling of the unit may lead to faults, injuries or electric shocks.

#### (1) System structure

# **⚠**CAUTION

- Always install a leakage breaker on the Motion controller and servo amplifier power source.
- If installation of an electromagnetic contactor for power shut off during an error, etc., is specified in the instruction manual for the servo amplifier, etc., always install the electromagnetic contactor.
- Install the emergency stop circuit externally so that the operation can be stopped immediately and the power shut off.
- Use the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to fire or faults.
- Use the Motion controller, base unit and motion module with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to faults.
- If safety standards (ex., robot safety rules, etc.,) apply to the system using the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor, make sure that the safety standards are satisfied.
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the Motion controller or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the Motion controller or servo amplifier differ from the safety directive operation in the system.
- In systems where coasting of the servomotor will be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use dynamic brakes.
- Make sure that the system considers the coasting amount even when using dynamic brakes.
- In systems where perpendicular shaft dropping may be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use both dynamic brakes and electromagnetic brakes.

# **⚠**CAUTION

- ◆ The dynamic brakes must be used only on errors that cause the forced stop, emergency stop, or servo OFF. These brakes must not be used for normal braking.
- The brakes (electromagnetic brakes) assembled into the servomotor are for holding applications, and must not be used for normal braking.
- The system must have a mechanical allowance so that the machine itself can stop even if the stroke limits switch is passed through at the max. speed.
- Use wires and cables that have a wire diameter, heat resistance and bending resistance compatible with the system.
- Use wires and cables within the length of the range described in the instruction manual.
- The ratings and characteristics of the parts (other than Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor) used in a system must be compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor.
- Install a cover on the shaft so that the rotary parts of the servomotor are not touched during operation.
- There may be some cases where holding by the electromagnetic brakes is not possible due to the life or mechanical structure (when the ball screw and servomotor are connected with a timing belt, etc.). Install a stopping device to ensure safety on the machine side.

### (2) Parameter settings and programming

# **∆**CAUTION

- Set the parameter values to those that are compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor model and the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- The regenerative resistor model and capacity parameters must be set to values that conform to the operation mode, servo amplifier and servo power supply module. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the mechanical brake output and dynamic brake output validity parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the stroke limit input validity parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servomotor encoder type (increment, absolute position type, etc.) parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servomotor capacity and type (standard, low-inertia, flat, etc.) parameter to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the servo amplifier capacity and type parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Use the program commands for the program with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.

# **ACAUTION**

- Set the sequence function program capacity setting, device capacity, latch validity range, I/O assignment setting, and validity of continuous operation during error detection to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Some devices used in the program have fixed applications, so use these with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- The input devices and data registers assigned to the link will hold the data previous to when communication is terminated by an error, etc. Thus, an error correspondence interlock program specified in the instruction manual must be used.
- Use the interlock program specified in the intelligent function module's instruction manual for the program corresponding to the intelligent function module.

### (3) Transportation and installation

# **⚠** CAUTION

- Transport the product with the correct method according to the mass.
- Use the servomotor suspension bolts only for the transportation of the servomotor. Do not transport the servomotor with machine installed on it.
- Do not stack products past the limit.
- When transporting the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the connected wires or cables
- When transporting the servomotor, never hold the cables, shaft or detector.
- When transporting the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the front case as it may fall off.
- When transporting, installing or removing the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the edges.
- Install the unit according to the instruction manual in a place where the mass can be withstood.
- Do not get on or place heavy objects on the product.
- Always observe the installation direction.
- Keep the designated clearance between the Motion controller or servo amplifier and control panel inner surface or the Motion controller and servo amplifier, Motion controller or servo amplifier and other devices.
- Do not install or operate Motion controller, servo amplifiers or servomotors that are damaged or that have missing parts.
- Do not block the intake/outtake ports of the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor with cooling fan.
- Do not allow conductive matter such as screw or cutting chips or combustible matter such as oil enter the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servomotor.
- The Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor are precision machines, so do not drop or apply strong impacts on them.
- Securely fix the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor to the machine according to the instruction manual. If the fixing is insufficient, these may come off during operation.

# **∆**CAUTION

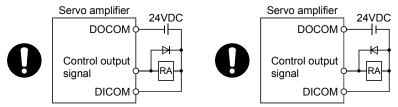
- Always install the servomotor with reduction gears in the designated direction. Failing to do so may lead to oil leaks.
- Store and use the unit in the following environmental conditions.

Environment	Conditions		
Environment	Motion controller/Servo amplifier	Servomotor	
Ambient temperature	According to each instruction manual.	0°C to +40°C (With no freezing) (32°F to +104°F)	
Ambient humidity	According to each instruction manual.	80% RH or less (With no dew condensation)	
Storage temperature	According to each instruction manual.  -20°C to +65°C  (-4°F to +149°F)		
Atmosphere	Indoors (where not subject to direct sunlight).  No corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist or dust must exist		
Altitude	1000m (3280.84ft.) or less above sea level		
Vibration	According to each instruction manual		

- When coupling with the synchronous encoder or servomotor shaft end, do not apply impact such as by hitting with a hammer. Doing so may lead to detector damage.
- Do not apply a load larger than the tolerable load onto the synchronous encoder and servomotor shaft. Doing so may lead to shaft breakage.
- When not using the module for a long time, disconnect the power line from the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- Place the Motion controller and servo amplifier in static electricity preventing vinyl bags and store.
- When storing for a long time, please contact with our sales representative.
   Also, execute a trial operation.

# **⚠** CAUTION

- Correctly and securely wire the wires. Reconfirm the connections for mistakes and the terminal screws for tightness after wiring. Failing to do so may lead to run away of the servomotor.
- After wiring, install the protective covers such as the terminal covers to the original positions.
- Do not install a phase advancing capacitor, surge absorber or radio noise filter (option FR-BIF) on the output side of the servo amplifier.
- Correctly connect the output side (terminal U, V, W) and ground. Incorrect connections will lead
  the servomotor to operate abnormally.
- Do not connect a commercial power supply to the servomotor, as this may lead to trouble.
- Do not mistake the direction of the surge absorbing diode installed on the DC relay for the control signal output of brake signals, etc. Incorrect installation may lead to signals not being output when trouble occurs or the protective functions not functioning.



For the sink output interface

For the source output interface

- Do not connect or disconnect the connection cables between each unit, the encoder cable or PLC expansion cable while the power is ON.
- Securely tighten the cable connector fixing screws and fixing mechanisms. Insufficient fixing may lead to the cables combing off during operation.
- Do not bundle the power line or cables.

#### (5) Trial operation and adjustment

# **▲**CAUTION

- Confirm and adjust the program and each parameter before operation. Unpredictable movements may occur depending on the machine.
- Extreme adjustments and changes may lead to unstable operation, so never make them.
- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the Motion controller or absolute value motor has been replaced, always perform a home position return.
- Before starting test operation, set the parameter speed limit value to the slowest value, and make sure that operation can be stopped immediately by the forced stop, etc. if a hazardous state occurs.

### (6) Usage methods

### **⚠** CAUTION

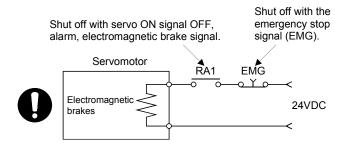
- Immediately turn OFF the power if smoke, abnormal sounds or odors are emitted from the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servomotor.
- Always execute a test operation before starting actual operations after the program or parameters have been changed or after maintenance and inspection.
- Do not attempt to disassemble and repair the units excluding a qualified technician whom our company recognized.
- Do not make any modifications to the unit.
- Keep the effect or electromagnetic obstacles to a minimum by installing a noise filter or by using wire shields, etc. Electromagnetic obstacles may affect the electronic devices used near the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- When using the CE Mark-compliant equipment, refer to this manual for the Motion controllers and refer to the corresponding EMC guideline information for the servo amplifiers, inverters and other equipment.
- Use the units with the following conditions.

Item	Conditions	
Input power	According to each instruction manual.	
Input frequency	According to each instruction manual.	
Tolerable momentary power failure	According to each instruction manual.	

#### (7) Corrective actions for errors

# **∆**CAUTION

- If an error occurs in the self diagnosis of the Motion controller or servo amplifier, confirm the check details according to the instruction manual, and restore the operation.
- If a dangerous state is predicted in case of a power failure or product failure, use a servomotor with electromagnetic brakes or install a brake mechanism externally.
- Use a double circuit construction so that the electromagnetic brake operation circuit can be operated by emergency stop signals set externally.



- If an error occurs, remove the cause, secure the safety and then resume operation after alarm release.
- The unit may suddenly resume operation after a power failure is restored, so do not go near the machine. (Design the machine so that personal safety can be ensured even if the machine restarts suddenly.)

# **⚠** CAUTION

- Perform the daily and periodic inspections according to the instruction manual.
- Perform maintenance and inspection after backing up the program and parameters for the Motion controller and servo amplifier.
- Do not place fingers or hands in the clearance when opening or closing any opening.
- Periodically replace consumable parts such as batteries according to the instruction manual.
- Do not touch the lead sections such as ICs or the connector contacts.
- Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components.
   Touching them could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- Do not place the Motion controller or servo amplifier on metal that may cause a power leakage or wood, plastic or vinyl that may cause static electricity buildup.
- Do not perform a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) during inspection.
- When replacing the Motion controller or servo amplifier, always set the new module settings correctly.
- When the Motion controller or absolute value motor has been replaced, carry out a home position return operation using one of the following methods, otherwise position displacement could occur.
  - 1) After writing the servo data to the Motion controller using programming software, switch on the power again, then perform a home position return operation.
  - 2) Using the backup function of the programming software, load the data backed up before replacement.
- After maintenance and inspections are completed, confirm that the position detection of the absolute position detector function is correct.
- Do not drop or impact the battery installed to the module.Doing so may damage the battery, causing battery liquid to leak in the battery. Do not use the dropped or impacted battery, but dispose of it.
- Do not short circuit, charge, overheat, incinerate or disassemble the batteries.
- The electrolytic capacitor will generate gas during a fault, so do not place your face near the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- The electrolytic capacitor and fan will deteriorate. Periodically replace these to prevent secondary damage from faults. Replacements can be made by our sales representative.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.
- Do not burn or break a module and servo amplifier. Doing so may cause a toxic gas.

### (9) About processing of waste

When you discard Motion controller, servo amplifier, a battery (primary battery) and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

# **⚠**CAUTION

- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to forestall serious accidents when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident.

#### (10) General cautions

• All drawings provided in the instruction manual show the state with the covers and safety partitions removed to explain detailed sections. When operating the product, always return the covers and partitions to the designated positions, and operate according to the instruction manual.

#### **REVISIONS**

\* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

		* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.
Print Date	* Manual Number	Revision
Feb., 2009	IB(NA)-0300156-A	First edition
Jul., 2009	IB(NA)-0300156-B	
Dec., 2011	IB(NA)-0300156-C	[Partial correction]
	( , 1333133	Safety Precautions, Section 4.2.1 Partial change of sentence

Japanese Manual Number IB(NA)-0300154

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### INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi Motion controller Q170MCPU. Before using the equipment, please read this manual carefully to develop full familiarity with the functions and performance of the Motion controller you have purchased, so as to ensure correct use.

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### **About Manuals**

The following manuals are also related to this product.

In necessary, order them by quoting the details in the tables below.

### Related Manuals

### (1) Motion controller

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
Q170MCPU Motion controller User's Manual  This manual explains specifications of the Q170MCPU Motion controller, Q172DLX Servo external signal interface module, Q173DPX Manual pulse generator interface module, Servo amplifiers, SSCNETII cables, and the maintenance/inspection for the system, trouble shooting and others.  (Optional)	IB-0300156 (1XB941)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)  This manual explains the Multiple CPU system configuration, performance specifications, common parameters, auxiliary/applied functions, error lists and others.  (Optional)	IB-0300134 (1XB928)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)  This manual explains the functions, programming, debugging, error lists for Motion SFC and others.  (Optional)	IB-0300135 (1XB929)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)  This manual explains the servo parameters, positioning instructions, device lists, error lists and others.  (Optional)	IB-0300136 (1XB930)
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)  This manual explains the dedicated instructions to use the synchronous control by virtual main shaft, mechanical system program create mechanical module, servo parameters, positioning instructions, device lists, error lists and others.  (Optional)	IB-0300137 (1XB931)
Motion controller Setup Guidance (MT Developer2 Version1)  This manual explains the items related to the setup of the Motion controller programming software  MT Developer2.	IB-0300142 ( — )

# (2) PLC

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)  This manual explains the specifications of the QCPU modules, power supply modules, base units, extension cables, memory card battery, and the maintenance/inspection for the system, trouble shooting, error codes and others.  (Optional)	SH-080483ENG (13JR73)
QnUCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)  This manual explains the functions, programming methods and devices and others to create programs with the QCPU.  (Optional)	SH-080807ENG (13JZ27)
QCPU User's Manual (Multiple CPU System)  This manual explains the Multiple CPU system overview, system configuration, I/O modules, communication between CPU modules and communication with the I/O modules or intelligent function modules.  (Optional)	SH-080485ENG (13JR75)
QnUCPU User's Manual (Communication via Built-in Ethernet Port)  This manual explains functions for the communication via built-in Ethernet port of the CPU module.  (Optional)	SH-080811ENG (13JZ29)
MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual (Common Instruction)  This manual explains how to use the sequence instructions, basic instructions, application instructions and micro computer program.  (Optional)	SH-080809ENG (13JW10)
MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions)  This manual explains the dedicated instructions used to exercise PID control.  (Optional)	SH-080040 (13JF59)
MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (SFC)  This manual explains the system configuration, performance specifications, functions, programming, debugging, error codes and others of MELSAP3.  (Optional)	SH-080041 (13JF60)
I/O Module Type Building Block User's Manual  This manual explains the specifications of the I/O modules, connector, connector/terminal block conversion modules and others.  (Optional)	SH-080042 (13JL99)

### (3) Servo amplifier

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
SSCNETⅢ Compatible MR-J3-□B Servo amplifier Instruction Manual	
This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-J3-□B Servo amplifier.	SH-030051 (1CW202)
(Optional)	
SSCNETⅢ interface 2-axis AC Servo Amplifier MR-J3W-□B Servo amplifier Instruction Manual	
This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for 2-axis AC Servo Amplifier MR-J3W-□B Servo amplifier.	SH-030073 (1CW604)
(Optional)	
SSCNETⅢ Compatible Linear Servo MR-J3-□B-RJ004 Instruction Manual	
This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for Linear	SH-030054
Servo MR-J3-□B-RJ004 Servo amplifier.	(1CW943)
(Optional)	
SSCNETⅢ Compatible Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3-□B-RJ006 Servo amplifier Instruction Manual	011 000050
This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for Fully	SH-030056 (1CW304)
Closed Loop Control MR-J3-□B-RJ006 Servo amplifier.	(**************************************
(Optional)	
SSCNETⅢ interface Drive Safety integrated MR-J3-□B Safety Servo amplifier Instruction Manual	
This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for safety	SH-030084 (1CW205)
integrated MR-J3-□B Safety Servo amplifier.	
(Optional)	

MEMO			

### 1. OVERVIEW

#### 1.1 Overview

This User's Manual describes the hardware specifications and handling methods of the Motion Controller Q170MCPU for the Q series PLC Multiple CPU system. The Manual also describes those items related to the specifications of the option module for the Motion controller, Manual pulse generator and cables. In this manual, the following abbreviations are used.

Generic term/Abbreviation	Description	
Q170MCPU or Motion controller	Q170MCPU Motion controller	
Q172DLX/Q173DPX or	Q172DLX Servo external signals interface module/	
Motion module	Q173DPX Manual pulse generator interface module	
MR-J3(W)-□B	Servo amplifier model MR-J3-□B/MR-J3W-□B	
AMP or Servo amplifier	General name for "Servo amplifier model MR-J3-□B/MR-J3W-□B"	
Multiple CPU system or Motion system	Abbreviation for "Multiple PLC system of the Q series"	
PLC CPU area	PLC control area (CPU No.1) of Q170MCPU Motion controller	
Motion CPU area	Motion control area (CPU No.2) of Q170MCPU Motion controller	
CPUn	Abbreviation for "CPU No.n (n= 1 to 4) of the CPU module for the Multiple CPU system"	
Operating system software	General name for "SW□DNC-SV□Q□"	
SV13	Operating system software for conveyor assembly use (Motion SFC) : SW8DNC-SV13Q□	
SV22	Operating system software for automatic machinery use (Motion SFC) : SW8DNC-SV22Q□	
Programming software package	General name for MT Developer2/GX Developer/MR Configurator	
MELSOFT MT Works2	Abbreviation for "Motion controller engineering environment MELSOFT MT Works2"	
MT Developer2 <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Abbreviation for "Motion controller programming software MT Developer2 (Version 1.05F or later)"	
GX Developer	Abbreviation for "MELSEC PLC programming software package GX Developer (Version 8.74C or later)"	
MR Configurator	Abbreviation for "Servo setup software package MR Configurator (Version C2 or later)"	
Manual pulse generator or MR-HDP01	Abbreviation for "Manual pulse generator (MR-HDP01)"	
SSCNETⅢ <sup>(Note-2)</sup>	High speed synchronous network between Motion controller and servo amplifier	
Absolute position system	General name for "system using the servomotor and servo amplifier for absolute position"	
Intelligent function module	Abbreviation for "CC-Link IE module/CC-Link module/MELSECNET/10(H) module/Ethernet module/Serial communication module"	

(Note-1): This software is included in Motion controller engineering environment "MELSOFT MT Works2". (Note-2): SSCNET:  $\underline{S}$ ervo  $\underline{S}$ ystem  $\underline{C}$ ontroller  $\underline{NET}$ work

# REMARK

For information about each module, design method for program and parameter, refer to the following manuals.

Item		Reference Manual
I/O modules and intelligent function module		MELSEC-Q series PLC Manuals, Manual relevant to each module Help of each software
Multiple CPU system configuration     Performance specification		Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)
SV13/SV22	<ul> <li>Design method for Motion SFC program</li> <li>Design method for Motion SFC parameter</li> <li>Motion dedicated PLC instruction</li> </ul>	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)
	<ul> <li>Design method for positioning control program in the real mode</li> <li>Design method for positioning control parameter</li> </ul>	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)
SV22 (Virtual mode)	Design method for mechanical system program	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)

### 1.2 Comparison between Q170MCPU and Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU

# (1) Comparison of hardware

	Iter	 m	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU	Q172DCPU			
Power supply			Built-in (24VDC) Power supply module (24VDC, 100VAC.					
PLC CPU area			Q03UDCPU or equivalent (20k steps)  QnUD(E)(H)CPU					
Program ca	anac	rity	20k steps 30k to 260k steps					
l	•	processing speed	0.02µs 0.0095 to 0.02µs					
Motion CPU ar		or coccosing opecu	Q172DCPU or equivalent (16 axes)	Q173DCPU	Q172DCPU			
Forced sto		out	, , ,		Q172BOI 0			
Troiced sto	J 1116	out	030	Use forced stop input terminal  Multiple CPU high speed main base unit				
	Ma	in base unit	None		Q312DB)			
	Ex	tension base unit	1 extension (Q52B/Q55B usable)		nsions			
Base unit		GOT bus connection	Extension base unit use:     Connection after the extension base unit of stage 1     Extension base unit not use:     Direct bus connection to Motion controller	Bus connection on main base unit or extension base				
	Q1	72DLX	2 modules	4 modules	1 module			
Motion	Q1	72DEX	Unusable	6 modules	4 modules			
module	Q1	73DPX (Note-1)	3 modules	4 modules 3 modules				
module	Ва	se unit for	Extension base unit	Main base unit, Extension base unit				
	ins	tallation	(Impossible to install on I/O slots of 0 to 2 main base unit)					
Battery			Demand					
Q6BAT			Packed together with Motion controller					
Q7BAT (La	rge	capacity)	Usable (sold separately)  Unusable					
	Nu	mber of CPUs	2 modules	2 modules 2 to 4 modules				
Multiple CPU	CF	PU No.1	PLC CPU area	PLC CPU module, C controller module				
system	CF	PU No.2	Motion CPU area	PLC CPU module, Motion CPU module,				
oyoto	CF	PU No.3	_	*	er module			
	CF	PU No.4	_		or modulo			
Mounting meth	od		Be sure to mount Motion controller on control panel by fixing screws	Be sure to install Motion CPU modules on main base by fixing screws				
Exterior dimensions [mm(inch)]		s [mm(inch)]	178 (7.01)(H) × 52 (2.05)(W) × 135 (5.31)(D)	98 (3.85)(H) × 27.4 (1.08)(W) × 119.3 (4.69)(D				
Medium of operating system software		g system		CD-ROM (1 disk)				
Model of			SW8DNC-SV13QG	SW8DNC-SV13QB	SW8DNC-SV13QD			
operating syste			SW8DNC-SV22QF	SW8DNC-SV22QA SW8DNC-SV22				
software	<del> </del> _	SV43	_	SW7DNC-SV43QA	SW7DNC-SV43QC			
Programming		PLC CPU area	GX Developer					
tool	<b>—</b>	Motion CPU area		MT Developer2				
I metal of close 1								

(Note-1): When using the incremental synchronous encoder (SV22 use), you can use above number of modules. When connecting the manual pulse generator, you can use only 1 module.

# (2) Comparison of Motion control specifications

1		T				
Item		Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU	Q172DCPU		
Number of cont	rol axes	Up to 16 axes	Up to 32 axes	Up to 8 axes		
	SV13	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 16 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 18 axes 1.77ms/19 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 8 axes		
Operation cycle (default)	SV22	0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.88ms/ 5 to 12 axes 1.77ms/13 to 16 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.88ms/ 5 to 12 axes 1.77ms/13 to 28 axes 3.55ms/29 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.88ms/ 5 to 8 axes		
				" 1" ( ) ( )		
Interpolation functions  Control modes		Linear interpolation (Up to 4 axes), Circular interpolation (2 axes), Helical interpolation (3 axes)  PTP(Point to Point) control, Speed control, Fixed-pitch feed, Constant speed control, Position follow-up control, Speed control with fixed position stop, Speed switching control,  High-speed oscillation control, Synchronous control (SV22)  Speed-position control  (External input signal (DOG) of servo  Speed-position control				
Acceleration/de	celeration control	amplifier usable)  Automatic trapezoidal accelerat	ion/deceleration S-curve accel	eration/deceleration		
Compensation	SOLUTION CONTROL	'	Electronic gear, Phase compen			
Programming la	anguage		truction, Mechanical support la			
Servo program			16k steps	,		
Number of posit		3200 points (Position	ning data can be designated in	directly)		
	USB/RS-232	PLC CPU area control	PLC CPU m	odule control		
Peripheral I/F	PERIPHERAL I/F	Motion CPU area control	No	one		
Home position r	return function	Count type (3 types) (External input signal (DOG) of servo amplifier usable)	2 types), Limit switch combined type  Count type (3 types)  ction provided, home position shift function provided			
JOG operation f	function	Provided				
Manual pulse go		Possible to connect 3 channels (Q173DPX use) Possible to connect 1 channel (Q170MCPU's internal I/F use)  (Note-1)	Possible to connect 3 channels (Q173DPX use)			
Synchronous er function	ncoder operation	Possible to connect 8 channels (SV22 use) (Note-2), ABS synchronous encoder unusable	Possible to connect 12 channels (SV22 use)	Possible to connect 8 channels (SV22 use)		
M-code function	ı	M-code output function provided, M-code completion wait function provided				
Limit switch out	put function	Number of output points 32 points  Watch data: Motion control data/Word device				
ROM operation	function		Provided			
External input signal		Q172DLX or External inp	ut signals (FLS/RLS/DOG) of s	ervo amplifier		
High-speed read	ding function	Via internal I/F/input module, Via tracking of Q173DPX	Via input module, Via track	ing of Q172DEX/Q173DPX		
Forced stop		EMI connector of Motion controller, Forced stop input setting in the system setting,  Forced stop signal (EM1) of the servo amplifier				
Number of I/O p		Total 256 points (Internal I/F (Input 4 points, Output 2 points) + I/O module)	Total 256 points			
Mark detection function		Provided	Not pr	ovided		

### Comparison of Motion control specifications (continued)

Item	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU	Q172DCPU		
Clock data setting	Clock synchronization between Multiple CPU				
Absolute position system	Made compatible by setting battery to servo amplifier.  (Possible to select the absolute data method or incremental method for each axis)				
Number of SSCNETII systems (Note-3)	1 system	1 system 2 systems 1 system			
PLC module which can be control	Interrupt module, Input module, Output module, Input/Output composite module,				
by Motion CPU (area)	Analogue input module, Analogue output module				

(Note-1): When the manual pulse generator is used with the Q170MCPU's internal I/F, do not set the Q173DPX in the System Settings.

(Note-2): Any incremental synchronous encoder connected to the Q170MCPU's internal I/F will automatically be assigned an Axis No. one integer greater than the number of encoders connected to any Q173DPX modules.

(Note-3): The servo amplifiers for SSCNET cannot be used.

# (3) Comparison of Motion SFC performance specifications

I .	` '	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Item			Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU	
	Code total					
Motion CCC	(Motion SFC	chart + Ope	ration control +	543k bytes		
Motion SFC program	Transition)					
capacity	Text total					
	(Operation co	ontrol + Tran	sition)	484k	bytes	
	Number of M			256 (No.0	0 to 255)	
	Motion SFC		_	Up to 64k bytes (Included Motion SFC chart comments)		
M (1 070			teps/program	Up to 4094 steps		
Motion SFC program	Number of se			25	•	
	Number of pa			25		
	Parallel bran			Up to 4		
				4096 with F(Once execution type		
	Number of o	peration cont	rol programs	combined. (F/FS		
	Number of tr	ansition prog	rams	4096(G0 t		
Operation control	Code size/pr			Up to approx. 64k b	oytes (32766 steps)	
program (F/FS)	Number of b	locks(line)/pr	ogram	Up to 8192 blocks (in the ca	ase of 4 steps(min)/blocks)	
1	Number of cl			Up to 128 (com		
Transition program (G)	Number of operand/block			Up to 64 (operand: constant		
	( ) nesting/block			Up to 32	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			control program	Calculation expression/bit conditional expression		
	1	Descriptive		Calculation expression/bit conditional expression/		
	expression	Transition p	orogram	comparison condi		
	Number of m	ulti execute	programs	Up to 256		
	Number of m			Up to 256 step	s/all programs	
		Normal tasl		Execute in main cycle		
				Execute in fixed cycle	Execute in fixed cycle	
		Event task	Fixed cycle	(0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms,	(0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms,	
Execute specification		(Execution		3.55ms, 7.11ms, 14.2ms)	7.11ms, 14.2ms)	
	Executed	can be	External intermed	Execute when input ON is set	among interrupt module QI60	
	task	masked.)	External interrupt	(16 points).		
			PLC interrupt	Execute with interrupt instruc	ction (D(P).GINT) from PLC.	
		NIMI tools		Execute when input ON is set	among interrupt module QI60	
		NMI task		(16 points).		
Number of I/O points (2	X/Y)			ر 8192	points	
				Total 256 points		
Number of real I/O poin	nts (PX/PY)			(Internal I/F (Input 4 points,	256 points	
				Output 2 points) + I/O module)		
	Internal relay	rs (M)		12288 points		
	Link relays (E	3)		ا 8192	points	
Number of devices	Annunciators	s (F)		2048 points		
(Device In the Motion	Special relay	s (SM)		2256 μ		
CPU (area) only)	Data registers (D)			8192 points		
(Included the	Link registers			8192 g		
positioning dedicated	Special regis			2256 points		
device)	Motion regist					
	Coasting time			12288 points 1 point (888µs)		
			s (U□\G)	Up to 14336 points usable <sup>(Note)</sup>		
	Multiple CPU area devices (U□\G)			Up to 14556 points usable		

(Note): Usable number of points changes according to the system settings.

# (4) Comparison of Mechanical system program specifications

Item			Q170	OMCPU	Q173	DCPU	Q172	DCPU	
	Drive module	Virtual servomotor			Р	LS			
		Synchronous encoder							
Control units		Roller			mm	, inch			
	Output	Ball screw	min, men						
	module	Rotary table	degree						
		Cam	mm, inch, PLS						
Program langu	iage	ı	Dedic	ated instruction	s (Servo prog	ram + mechani	cal system p	rogram)	
	Drive module	Virtual servomotor	16	Total 24	32	Total 44	8	Total 16	
	Drive module	Synchronous encoder	8	Total 24	32	10(4) 44	8	างเลเาช	
		Virtual main shaft	16	32		8			
	Virtual axis	Virtual auxiliary input axis	16	Total 32	32	Total 64	8	Total 16	
	Transmission module	Gear	32		6	64 16		16	
Number of		Direct clutch	00		0.4		40		
modules		Smoothing clutch		32	64		16		
which can be		Speed change gear	32		64			16	
set per CPU	module	Differential gear	16		32		8		
		Differential gear to main shaft	16		32		8		
		Roller	16		32		8		
	Output	Ball screw	16	Total 16	32	Total 32	8	Total 8	
	module	Rotary table	16	Total 10	32	10tal 32	8		
		Cam	16		32		8		
		Types			Up to 25	66 (Note-1)			
Cam		Resolution per cycle	256 • 512 • 1024 • 2048 <sup>(Note-1)</sup>						
		Memory capacity			132k	bytes			
		Storage memory for cam data			CPU internal	RAM memory			
		Stroke resolution		<u> </u>	32	767			
		Control mode	-		Two-way ca	am/feed cam	-		

(Note-1): Relation between a resolution per cycle of cam and type are shown below.

Resolution per cycle	256	512	1024	2048
Type	256	128	64	32

# (5) Comparison of PLC CPU area control and performance

	Item	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU	
PLC CPU area		Q03UDCPU or equivalent (20k steps)	QnUD(E)(H)CPU	
Control method		Sequence prograr		
I/O control mode		Refresh mode		
Sequence control language	Δ	Relay symbol language (ladder), logic symbolic language (list),		
Sequence control language	<del>-</del>	MELSAP3 (SFC), MELSAP-L, Structured text (ST)		
	LD instruction	0.02 µs	0.0095 to 0.02 μs	
Processing speed	MOV instruction	0.04 µs	0.019 to 0.04 μs	
(sequence instruction)	PC MIX value (instruction/µs)	28	28 to 60	
	Floating point addition	0.12 μs	0.057 to 0.12 μs	
Total number of instruction	os .	85	8	
Operation (floating point or	peration) instruction	Ye	es	
Character string processing	g instruction	Ye	es	
PID instruction		Ye	es	
Special function instruction	(Trigonometric function,	Υe		
square root, exponential or	peration, etc.)	T e		
Constant scan		0.5 to 2000ms (Setting a	available in 0.5ms unit.)	
Program capacity		20k steps	30k to 260k steps	
	QCPU standard memory	8k by	ytes	
CPU shared memory	Multiple CPU high speed transmission area	32k b	ytes	
No. of I/O device points (X	· L	8192 g	points	
(	/	512 points		
No. of I/O points (X/Y)		(Up to 320 points (64 points × 5	4096 points	
		modules) is usable with I/O module.)	·	
Internal relay (M)	_	8192 բ	points	
Latch relay (L)		8192 բ	points	
Link relay (B)		8192 բ	points	
Timer (T)		2048 բ	points	
Retentive timer (ST)		0 po	ints	
Counter (C)	Points by default	1024 բ	points	
Data register (D)	(changeable by parameters)	12288	points	
Link register (W)		8192 points		
Annunciator (F)		2048 p	points	
Edge relay (V)		2048 p		
Link special relay (SB)		2048 p	points	
Link special register (SW)		2048 ټ	points	
File register (R, ZR)		98304 points	98304 to 655360 points	
Step relay (S)		8192 p		
Index register/Standard de	vise register (Z)	20 pc		
Index register (Z)		Up to 10 point	s (Z0 to Z18)	
(32-bit modification specific	cation of ZR device)	(Index register (Z) is u	sed in double words.)	
Pointer (P)		4096 points		
Interrupt pointer (I)		256 points		
Special relay (SM)		2048 բ	points	
Special register (SD)		2048 points		
Function input (FX)		16 points		
Function output (FY)		•		
. ,		16 points 5 points		
		•		
Function register (FD) Local device		5 po Υε		

# Comparison of PLC CPU area control and performance (continued)

	Item	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU		
Device initial values		Y	Yes		
	Number of extension	1 extension (Q52B/Q55B usable)	7 extensions		
Extension base unit	GOT bus connection	Extension base unit use:     Connection after the extension base unit of stage 1     Extension base unit not use:     Direct bus connection to Motion controller	Bus connection on main base unit or extension base unit		
PC type when program	is made by GX Developer	Q03UDCPU	QnUD(E)(H)CPU		

### 1.3 Restrictions by the software's version or serial number

There are restrictions in the function that can be used by the version of the operating system software and programming software, or the serial number of Motion controller. The combination of each version and a function is shown below.

Function	Operating system software version (Note-1), (Note-2)	Programming software version (MELSOFT MT Works2)	Serial number of Motion controller	Section of reference
Mark detection function	00H	1.06G	F****** (Note-3)	APPENDIX 1.10
Q170MCPU's internal I/F (I/O signals (DI/DO))	00H	1.06G	F****** (Note-3)	
Q170MCPU's internal I/F (Manual pulse generator, Incremental synchronous encoder)	00H	1.06G	_	Section 2.5.1
MC protocol communication	00H	1.06G	_	APPENDIX 1.6
Incremental synchronous encoder current value in real mode	00H	_	_	APPENDIX 1.9

—: There is no restriction by the version.

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): SV13/SV22 is the completely same version.

<sup>(</sup>Note-2): The operating system software version can be confirmed in the operating system software (CD-ROM), installation display of MT Developer2 or system monitor of GX Developer. (Refer to Section 2.2 or 2.3.)

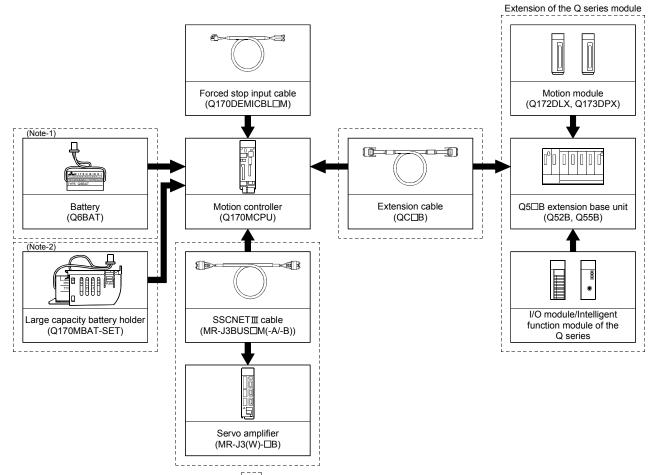
<sup>(</sup>Note-3): Be sure to use the Motion controller since the first digit "F" of serial number. The serial number can be confirmed with the rated plate, or on the front of Motion controller. (Refer to Section 2.2.)

### 2. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

This section describes the Motion controller (Q170MCPU) system configuration, precautions on use of system and configured equipments.

### 2.1 Motion System Configuration

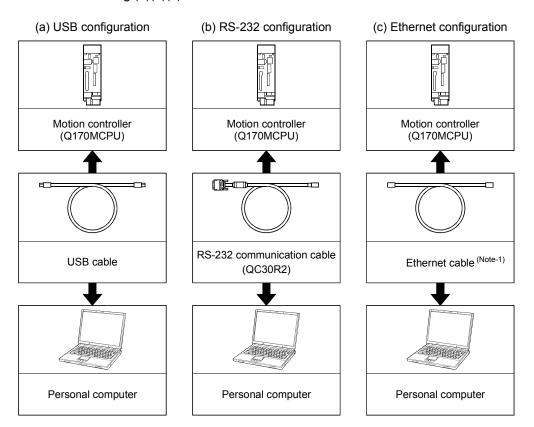
### (1) Equipment configuration in Q170MCPU system



It is possible to select the best according to the system.

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): Be sure to install the Battery (Q6BAT) to the Battery holder.
(It is packed together with Q170MCPU.)
(Note-2): Large capacity battery use (Q7BAT is included), sold separately.

# (2) Peripheral device configuration for the Q170MCPU The following (a)(b)(c) can be used.



(Note-1): Corresponding Ethernet cables

Part name	Connection type	Cable type	Ethernet standard	Module name
	Connection with ULID	Ctraight aghla	10BASE-T	
Ethernet cable	Connection with HUB	Straight cable	100BASE-TX	Compliant with Ethernet standards, category 5 or higher.
	Direct commention	0	10BASE-T	Shielded twisted pair cable (STP cable)
	Direct connection	Crossover cable	100BASE-TX	

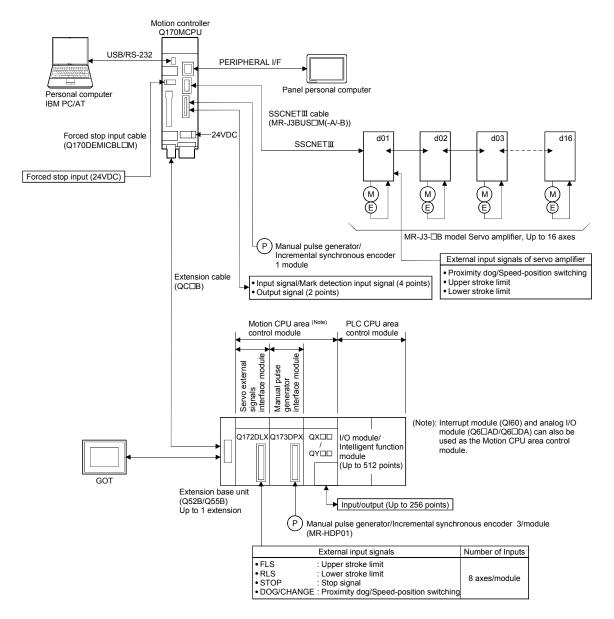
[Selection criterion of cable]

Category : 5 or higherDiameter of lead : AWG26 or higher

• Shield : Copper braid shield and drain wire

Copper braid shield and aluminium layered type shield

### 2.1.1 Q170MCPU System overall configuration



# **∆**CAUTION

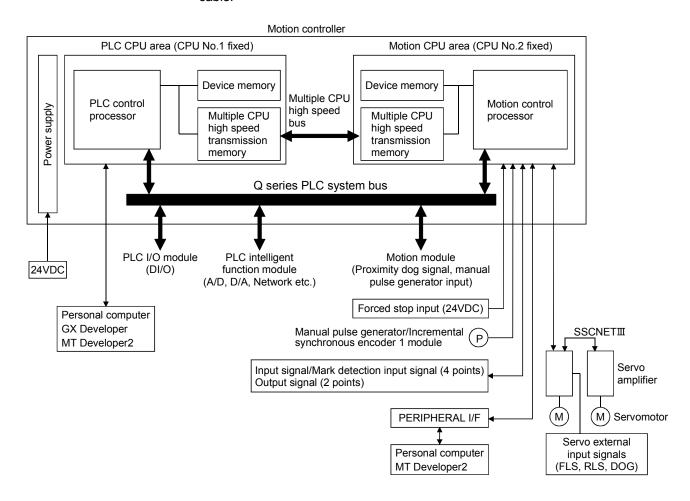
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the Motion controller or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the Motion controller or servo amplifier differ from the safety directive operation in the system.
- The ratings and characteristics of the parts (other than Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor) used in a system must be compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor.
- Set the parameter values to those that are compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor model and the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.

### 2.1.2 Q170MCPU System internal configuration

### (1) What is Multiple CPU system for Q170MCPU?

A Multiple CPU system for Q170MCPU is a system in which between the PLC CPU area and Motion CPU area are connected with the Multiple CPU high speed bus in order to control the I/O modules and intelligent function modules. PLC CPU area is fixed as CPU No.1, and Motion CPU area is fixed as CPU No.2

And, the Motion CPU area controls the servo amplifiers connected by SSCNET cable.



- (a) The device memory is the memory area for the bit devices (X, Y, M, etc.) and word devices (D, W, etc.).
- (b) The Multiple CPU high speed transmission memory between the PLC CPU area and Motion CPU area can be communicated at 0.88ms cycles.

#### 2.1.3 Function explanation of the Q170MCPU Motion controller

#### (1) Whole

- (a) The Multiple CPU high speed bus is equipped with between the PLC CPU area and Motion CPU area. With this reserved Multiple CPU high speed bus, data transfer of 0.88ms period is possible for up to 14k words.
- (b) Data transfer between the PLC CPU area and Motion CPU area is possible by Multiple CPU high speed transmission memory or automatic refresh.
- (c) The Multiple CPU high speed transmission cycle is synchronized with the motion control cycle thus optimizing the control system.

#### (2) PLC CPU area

- (a) The I/O modules, analog I/O modules, pulse I/O modules, positioning modules, information modules and network can be controlled with the sequence program.
- (b) The device data access and program start of the Motion CPU area can be executed by the Motion dedicated PLC instructions.
- (c) The real-time processing can be realized by the Multiple CPU synchronous interrupt program.

### (3) Motion CPU area

- (a) Up to 16 axes servo amplifiers per 1 system can be controlled in Q170MCPU.
- (b) It is possible to set the program which synchronized with the motion operation cycle and executed at fixed cycle (0.44[ms], 0.88[ms], 1.77[ms], 3.55[ms], 7.11[ms], 14.2[ms]).
- (c) It is possible to execute a download of servo parameters to servo amplifier, servo ON/OFF to servo amplifier and position commands, etc. by connecting between the Q170MCPU and servo amplifier with SSCNETII cable.
- (d) It is possible to select the servo control functions/programming languages by installing the corresponding operating system software in the Q170MCPU.
- (e) Motion modules (Q172DLX/Q173DPX) are controlled with the Motion CPU area, and the signals such as stroke limit signals connected to Motion modules and incremental synchronous encoder can be used as motion control.
- (f) The synchronous control can be executed by using the incremental synchronous encoder (up to 8 axes). The incremental synchronous encoder (1 axis) built-in Q170MCPU can also be used.
- (g) The stroke limit signals and proximity dog signals connected to the servo amplifiers can be used for the motion control.
- (h) I/O controls (DI 4 points, DO 2 points) built-in Q170MCPU (Motion CPU area) can be realized.

- (i) PLC I/O modules can be controlled with the Motion CPU area. (Refer to Section 2.3(2).)
- (j) Wiring is reduced by issuing the external signal (upper/lower stroke limit signal, proximity dog signal) via the servo amplifier.

#### 2.1.4 Restrictions on Motion controller

- Only extension base unit (Q52B/Q55B) of type not requiring power supply module can be used.
- (2) Q170MCPU Multiple CPU system is composed of the PLC CPU area (CPU No.1 fixed) and Motion CPU area (CPU No.2 fixed). Other CPU (CPU No.3, CPU No.4) cannot be set.
- (3) It takes about 10 seconds to startup (state that can be controlled) of Motion controller. Make a Multiple CPU synchronous startup setting suitable for the system.
- (4) Execute the automatic refresh of the Motion CPU area and PLC CPU area by using the automatic refresh of Multiple CPU high speed transmission area setting.
- (5) The Motion modules, I/O modules and intelligent function modules, etc. can be installed on the extension base unit only.
- (6) The CPU modules cannot be installed on the extension base unit.
- (7) When using the GOT with bus connection, connect the GOT after the extension base unit of stage 1 in the case with the extension base unit use, and connect directly to the Motion controller in the case with the extension base unit unused.
- (8) The synchronous encoder interface module Q172DEX/Q172EX(-S1/-S2/-S3) cannot be used.
- (9) Be sure to control the Motion modules (Q172DLX, Q173DPX) with the Motion CPU area. They will not operate correctly if PLC CPU area is set by mistake.
- (10) Q172LX/Q173PX(-S1) for Q173HCPU(-T)/ Q172HCPU(-T)/Q173CPUN(-T)/ Q172CPUN(-T)/Q173CPU/Q172CPU cannot be used.
- (11) Motion CPU area cannot be set as the control CPU of intelligent function module (except some modules) or Graphic Operation Terminal(GOT).
- (12) Be sure to set the battery.
- (13) There are following methods to execute the forced stop input.
  - Use a EMI connector of Q170MCPU.
  - Use a device set in the forced stop input setting of system setting
- (14) Forced stop input for EMI connector of Q170MCPU cannot be invalidated by the parameter.
  - When the device set in the forced stop input setting is used without use of EMI connector of Q170MCPU, apply 24VDC voltage on EMI connector and invalidate the forced stop input of EMI connector.

- (15) Be sure to use the cable for forced stop input. The forced stop cannot be released without using it. Fabricate the cable for forced stop input on the customer side or purchase our products (sold separately).
- (16) When the operation cycle is 0.4[ms], set the system setting as the axis select rotary switch of servo amplifier "0 to 7".
  - If the axis select rotary switch of servo amplifier "8 to F" is set, the servo amplifiers are not recognized.
  - (Note): The setting of axis select rotary switch differs according to the servo amplifier. Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.
- (17) When the extension base units are used, make sure to configure the modules so that the total current consumption of the Q170MCPU and individual modules on the extension base do not exceed the 5VDC output capacity of Q170MCPU power supply.
- (18) The module name displayed by "System monitor" "Product information list" of GX Developer is different depending on the function version of Motion modules (Q172DLX, Q173DPX).

(Note): Even if the function version "C" is displayed, it does not correspond to the online module change.

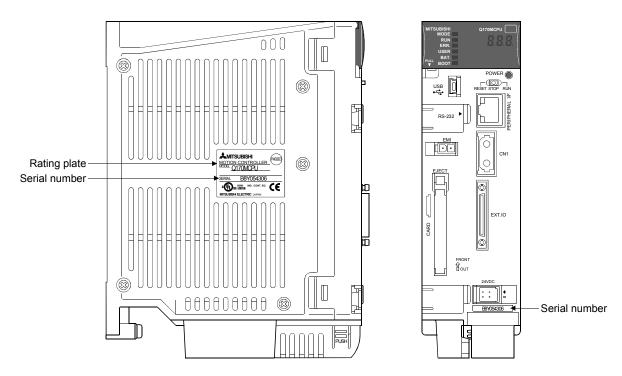
Maddanas	Model display		
Module name	Function version "B"	Function version "C"	
Q172DLX	Q172LX	Q172DLX	
Q173DPX	MOTION-UNIT	Q173DPX	

### 2.2 Checking Serial Number and Operating System Software Version

Checking for the serial number of Motion controller and Motion module, and the operating system software version are shown below.

#### 2.2.1 Checking serial number

- (1) Motion controller (Q170MCPU)
  - (a) Rating plateThe rating plate is situated on the side face of the Motion controller.
  - (b) Front of Motion controller The serial number is printed in the projection parts forward of the lower side of Motion controller.



(c) System monitor (product information list)The serial number can be checked on the system monitor screen in GX Developer. (Refer to Section 2.2.2.)

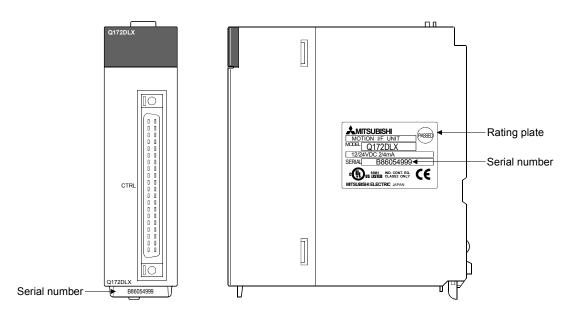
# (2) Motion module (Q172DLX/Q173DPX)

(a) Rating plate

The rating plate is situated on the side face of the Motion module.

(b) Front of Motion module

The serial No. is printed in the projection parts forward of the lower side of Motion module.



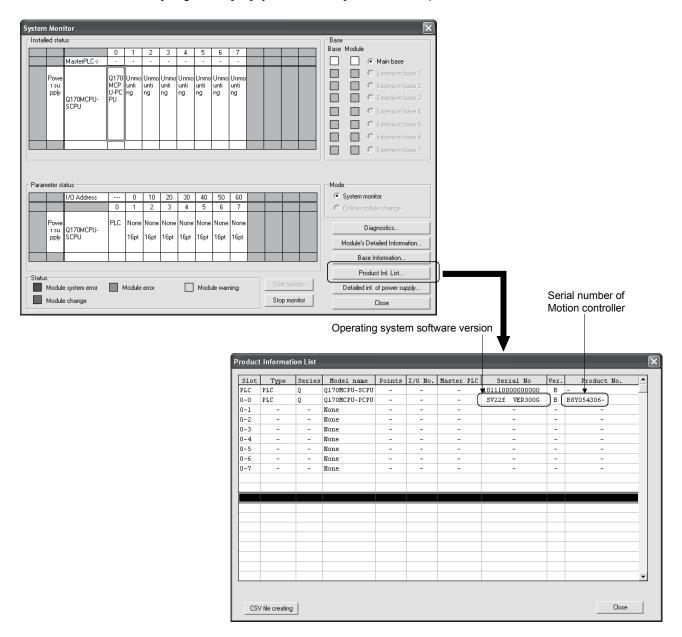
# REMARK

The serial number display was corresponded from the Motion modules manufactured in early April 2008.

### 2.2.2 Checking operating system software version

The operating system software version can be checked on the system monitor screen in GX Developer.

Select [Product Inf. List] button on the system monitor screen displayed on [Diagnostics] – [System monitor] of GX Developer.



# 2.3 System Configuration Equipment

# (1) Motion controller related module

			Current	
Part name	Model name (Note-1)	Description	consumption	Domark
i ait name	Wodername	Description	5VDC[A]	Remaik
Motion controller	Q170MCPU	Power supply, PLC CPU, Motion CPU, all-in-one type (Attachment battery (Q6BAT), Internal I/F connector, 24VDC power supply connector and connector for forced stop input cable)  • Motion CPU area  Up to 16 axes control, Operation cycle 0.44[ms] or more, Servo program capacity 16k steps, Internal I/F (Incremental synchronous encoder interface 1ch, Input signal/Mark detection input signal 4 points, Output signal 2 points)  • PLC CPU area  Program capacity 20k steps, LD instruction processing speed 0.02µs	2.0 <sup>(Note-2)</sup>	
Servo external				
signals interface module	Q172DLX	Servo external signal input 8 axes (FLS, RLS, STOP, DOG/CHANGE×8)	0.06	
Manual pulse generator interface	Q173DPX	Manual pulse generator MR-HDP01/Incremental synchronous encoder interface ×3, Tracking input 3 points	0.38	
module				
Manual pulse generator	MR-HDP01	Pulse resolution: 25PLS/rev(100PLS/rev after magnification by 4)  Permitted axial loads Radial load: Up to 19.6N  Thrust load: Up to 9.8N  Permitted speed: 200r/min(Normal rotation), Voltage-output	0.06	
Battery Q6BAT  Large capacity battery Q7BAT		For memory data backup of RAM built-in Motion controller Nominal current: 1800mAh		
		For memory data backup of RAM built-in Motion controller Nominal current: 5000mAh		
Large capacity battery holder	Q170BAT-SET	Battery holder for Q7BAT (Attachment Q7BAT)		
Internal I/F connector set	Q170MIOCON	Incremental synchronous encoder/Mark detection signal interface connector (Packed together Q170MCPU)		
Cable for forced stop input (Note-3)	Q170DEMICBL□M	Length 0.5m(1.64ft), 1m(3.28ft), 3m(9.84ft), 5m(16.40ft), 10m(32.81ft), 15m(49.21ft), 20m(65.62ft), 25m(82.02ft), 30m(98.43ft)		
Connector for forced stop input cable		Connector for forced stop input cable production (Packed together Q170MCPU)		
04)/D0 =	Q170MPWCBL2M	Length 2m(6.56ft.), With solderless terminal R1.25-3.5		
24VDC power supply cable	Q170MPWCBL2M-E	Length 2m(6.56ft.), With solderless terminal R1.25-3.5, With EMI connector		
24VDC power Supply connector O170MPWCON Connector for		Connector for 24VDC power supply cable (Packed together Q170MCPU)		
Extension base	Q52B	Number of I/O modules installed 2 slots, type not requiring power supply module	0.08	
unit (Note-4)	Q55B	Number of I/O modules installed 5 slots, type not requiring power supply module	0.10	

### Motion controller related module (continued)

Part name	Model name (Note-1)	Description	Current consumption 5VDC[A]	Remark
	QC05B	Length 0.45m(1.48ft.)		
	QC06B	Length 0.6m(1.97ft.)		
Extension cable	QC12B	Length 1.2m(3.94ft.)		
Extension cable	QC30B	Length 3m(9.84ft.)		
	QC50B	QC50B Length 5m(16.40ft.)		
	QC100B	Length 10m(32.81ft.)		
	MR-J3BUS□M	<ul> <li>Q170MCPU ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B/MR-J3(W)-□B ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B</li> <li>Standard cord for inside panel</li> <li>0.15m(0.49ft.), 0.3m(0.98ft.), 0.5m(1.64ft.), 1m(3,28ft.), 3m(9.84ft.)</li> </ul>		
SSCNETⅢ cable	MR-J3BUS□M-A	• Q170MCPU ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B/MR-J3(W)-□B ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B • Standard cable for outside panel 5m(16.40ft.), 10m(32.81ft.), 20m(65.62ft.)		
	MR-J3BUS□M-B (Note-5)	<ul> <li>Q170MCPU ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B/MR-J3(W)-□B ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B</li> <li>Long distance cable</li> <li>30m(98.43ft.), 40m(131.23ft.), 50m(164.04ft.)</li> </ul>		

 $(Note-1): \Box = Cable \ length \ (015: 0.15m(0.49ft.), \ 03: 0.3m(0.98ft.), \ 05: 0.5m(1.64ft.), \ 1: \ 1m(3.28ft.), \ 2: \ 2m(6.56ft.), \\ 3: \ 3m(9.84ft.), \ 5: \ 5m(16.40ft.), \ 10: \ 10m(32.81ft.), \ 20: \ 20m(65.62ft.), \ 25: \ 25m(82.02ft.), \\ 30: \ 30m(98.43ft.), \ 40: \ 40m(131.23ft.), \ 50: \ 50m(164.04ft.)$ 

- (Note-2): The manual pulse generator or incremental synchronous encoder that consumes less than 0.2[A] of current can be connected to the internal I/F connector.
- (Note-3): Be sure to use the cable for forced stop input (sold separately). The forced stop cannot be released without using it.
  - Cable for forced stop input is not attached to the Motion controller. Please purchase the cable for length according to system separately.
- (Note-4): 5VDC internal current consumption of shared equipments with PLC might be changed.
  Be sure to refer to the MELSEC-Q series PLC Manuals.
- (Note-5): Please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative for the cable of less than 30m(98.43ft.).

# (2) PLC module which can be controlled by Motion CPU area

Part name		Model name	Description	Current consumption 5VDC[A] (Note-1)	Remark	
	AC		QX10	100-120VAC, 7-8mA, 16 points, Terminal block	0.05 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX40	24VDC/4mA, Positive common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.05 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX40-S1	High response, 24VDC/6mA, Positive common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.06 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX40H	High speed, 24VDC/6mA, Positive common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.08 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX41	24VDC/4mA, Positive common, 32 points, Connector	0.075 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
			QX41-S1	High response, 24VDC/4mA, Positive common, 32 points, Connector	0.075 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
			QX42	24VDC/4mA, Positive common, 64 points, Connector	0.09 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
			QX42-S1	High response, 24VDC/4mA, Positive common, 64 points,	0.09 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
Input module			QX70	12VDC/5V, Positive common/Negative common shared, 16 points, Terminal block	0.055 (TYP, All points ON)	
module	DC		QX70H	High speed, 5VDC/6mA, Positive common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.08 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX71	12VDC/5V, Positive common/Negative common shared, 32 points, Terminal block	0.07 (TYP, All points ON)	
	Contact output module		QX72	12VDC/5V, Positive common/Negative common shared, 64 points, Terminal block	0.085 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX80	24VDC/4mA, Negative common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.05 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX80H	High speed, 24VDC/6mA, Negative common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.08 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QX81	24VDC/4mA, Negative common, 32 points, Connector	0.075 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
			QX82-S1	High response, 24VDC/4mA, Negative common, 64 points, Connector	0.09 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
			QX90H	High speed, 5VDC/6mA, Negative common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.08 (TYP, All points ON)	
			QY10	240VAC/24VDC, 2A/point, 8A/common, 16 points/common, Terminal block	0.43 (TYP, All points ON)	
	1110	udio	QY40P	12V/24VDC, 0.1A/point, 1.6A/common, 16 points/common, Terminal block	0.065 (TYP, All points ON)	
		Sink	QY41P	12V/24VDC, 0.1A/point, 2A/common, 32 points/common, Connector	0.105 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
	stor	Туре	QY42P	12V/24VDC, 0.1A/point, 2A/common,	0.15	(Note-2)
Output	Transistor		QY50	64 points(32 points/common), Connector  12V/24VDC, 0.5A/point, 4A/common,	(TYP, All points ON) 0.08	
module		0	QY80	16 points(16 points/common), Terminal block 12V/24VDC, 0.5A/point, 4A/common,	(TYP, All points ON) 0.08	
		Source Type	QY81P	16 points(16 points/common), Terminal block 12V/24VDC, 0.1A/point, 2A/common,	(TYP, All points ON) 0.095	(Note-2)
			QY70	32 points(32 points/common), Connector 5/12VDC, 16mA/point, 16 points(16 points/common),	(TYP, All points ON) 0.095	
	TTL•CMOS (Sink)			Terminal block 5/12VDC, 16mA/point, 32 points(32 points/common),	(TYP, All points ON) 0.15	(Note-2)
			QY71	Connector	(TYP, All points ON)	, ,

## PLC module which can be controlled by Motion CPU area(continued)

Part name M		Model name	Description	Current consumption 5VDC[A] (Note-1)	Remark
Input/Output DC Input/ composite Transistor module output		QH42P	24VDC Positive common: 32 points 12-24VDC/0.1A Output Sink type: 32 points, Connector, Provided (Thermal protectors, protector against short circuit)	0.13 (TYP, All points ON)	(Note-2)
		QX48Y57	24VDC Positive common: 8 points 12-24VDC/0.5A Output Sink type: 7 points, Terminal block, Provided (When face is broken, LED lights and signal is output to CPU)	0.08 (TYP, All points ON)	
Interrupt mod	Interrupt module		24VDC/4mA, Positive common, 16 points, Terminal block	0.06 (TYP, All points ON)	
			2ch, A/D conversion, Current input (Channel-isolated • High resolution)	0.33	
			4ch, A/D conversion, Voltage • Current input	0.63	
			4ch, A/D conversion, Voltage • Current input (Channel-isolated • High resolution)	0.89	
		Q68ADV	8ch, A/D conversion, Voltage input	0.64	
Analogue mo	logue module Q68ADI		8ch, A/D conversion, Current input	0.64	
			2ch, D/A conversion, Voltage • Current output	0.33	
		Q62DA-FG 2ch, D/A conversion, Voltage • Current output (Channel-isolated)		0.37	
		Q64DA 4ch, D/A conversion, Voltage • Current output		0.34	
		Q68DAV 8ch, D/A conversion, Voltage output		0.39	
		Q68DAI 8ch, D/A conversion, Current output		0.38	

(Note-1): 5VDC internal current consumption of shared equipments with PLC might be changed. Be sure to refer to the MELSEC-Q series PLC Manuals.

(Note-2): Connectors are not provided.

### (3) PLC module which can be controlled by PLC CPU area

They are the same modules as the PLC modules which can be controlled by the universal model QCPU "Q03UDCPU".

Refer to the MELSEC-Q series PLC Manuals.

### (4) Servo amplifier

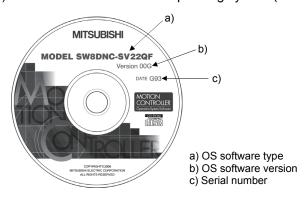
Part name	Model name	Description	Remarks
	MR-J3-□B		
	MR-J3W-□B	For 2-axis type	
MR-J3 series	MR-J3-□B-RJ006	For fully closed control	
servo amplifier	MR-J3-□B-RJ004	For linear servo motor	Refer to the servo amplifier instruction
	MR-J3-□B-RJ080W	For direct drive motor	manuals.
	MR-J3-□BS	For safety servo	
Battery	MR-J3BAT	Back-up for the absolute position detection	

## (5) Operating system software

Application	Software package
Conveyor assembly use SV13	SW8DNC-SV13QG
Automatic machinery use SV22	SW8DNC-SV22QF

### (a) Operating system type/version

1) Confirmation method in the operating system (CD-ROM)

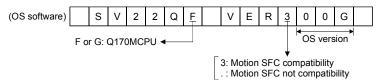


Example) When using Q170MCPU, SV22 and OS version 00G.

- a) SW8DNC-SV22QF
- b) 00G

### (b) Confirmation method in MT Developer2

The operating system(OS) type/version of connected Motion controller is displayed on the installation screen of MT Developer2.



# (6) Programming software packages

## (a) Motion controller engineering environment

Part name	Model name
MELSOFT MT Works2 (MT Developer2 (Note-1))	SW1DNC-MTW2-E

(Note-1): This software is included in Motion controller engineering environment "MELSOFT MT Works2".

#### (b) PLC software package

Model name	Software package
GX Developer	SW8D5C-GPPW-E

### (c) Servo set up software package

Model name	Software package
MR Configurator	MRZJW3-SETUP221E

#### **POINTS**

When the operation of Windows $^{(\!g\!)}$  is not unclear in the operation of this software, refer to the manual of Windows $^{(\!g\!)}$  or guide-book from the other supplier.

(Note): Windows $^{\circledR}$  is either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

### 2.4 General Specifications

General specifications of the Motion controller are shown below.

Item	Specification				
Operating ambient temperature	0 to 55°C (32 to 131°F)				
Storage ambient temperature		-25 to 75°	°C (-13 to 167°F) <sup>(†</sup>	Note-3)	
Operating ambient humidity		5 to 95%	6 RH, non-conden	sing	
Storage ambient humidity		5 to 95%	6 RH, non-conden	sing	
		Frequency	Acceleration	Amplitude	Sweep count
	Under intermittent vibration  Under continuous vibration	5 to 9Hz		3.5mm (0.138inch)	10 times each
Vibration resistance		9 to 150Hz	9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>		in X, Y, Z
		5 to 9Hz		1.75mm (0.069inch)	directions (For 80 min.)
		9 to 150Hz	4.9m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Shock resistance		147m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times	s in each of 3 direc	tions X, Y, Z	
Operating ambience		No	corrosive gases		
Operating altitude		2000r	m(6561.68ft.) or les	SS	
Mounting location	Inside control panel				
Overvoltage category (Note-1)	II or less				
Pollution level (Note-2)	2 or less				

- (Note-1): This indicates the section of the power supply to which the equipment is assumed to be connected between the public electrical power distribution network and the machinery within premises.
  - Category I applies to equipment for which electrical power is supplied from fixed facilities.
  - The surge voltage withstand level for up to the rated voltage of 300V is 2500V.
- (Note-2): This index indicates the degree to which conductive material is generated in terms of the environment in which the equipment is used.
  - Pollution level 2 is when only non-conductive pollution occurs. A temporary conductivity caused by condensing must be expected occasionally.
- (Note-3): Do not use or store the Motion controller under pressure higher than the atmospheric pressure of altitude 0m. Doing so can cause an operation failure.

# **⚠**CAUTION

- The Motion controller must be stored and used under the conditions listed in the table of specifications above.
- When not using the module for a long time, disconnect the power line from the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- Place the Motion controller and servo amplifier in static electricity preventing vinyl bags and store.
- When storing for a long time, please contact with our sales representative.
   Also, execute a trial operation.

#### 2.5 Specifications of Equipment

#### 2.5.1 Q170MCPU Motion controller

This section describes the specification of the Motion controller.

#### (1) Basic specifications of Q170MCPU

It	em	Specification
	Input voltage (Note-1), (Note-2)	21.6 to 26.4VDC (24VDC +/ -10%, ripple ratio 5% or less)
24VDC power supply	Inrush current (Note-3)	100A 1ms or less (at 24VDC input)
	Max. input current	1.36A
	Max. supplied current	4.0A (Included Q170MCPU current consumption)
5VDC internal power supply	Q170MCPU current consumption	2.0A (Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder: 0.2A)
Efficiency		80% (TYP)
Input method		Connector
Allowable momentary power failure immunity (Note-4), (Note-5)		10ms (at 24VDC input)
Mass [kg]		0.9
Exterior dimensions [mm(inch)]		178 (7.01)(H) $ imes$ 52 (2.05)(W) $ imes$ 135 (5.31)(D)

#### **POINTS**

(Note-1): Input power supply

Q170MCPU is rated for use with a 24VDC input power only. The Q170MCPU breaks down when 28VDC or more input.

(Note-2): Select 24VDC power supply and electric wire within the range of 21.6 to 26.4VDC including any input ripple or spike voltage measured at the input connector of the Q170MCPU.

(Note-3): Inrush current

Take care that the inrush current of several amperes may flow when the sharp square voltage is applied, or the power supply is turned ON with the mechanical switch.

When selecting a fuse and breaker in the external circuit, take account of the blow out, detection characteristics and above matters.

(Note-4): Allowable momentary power failure period

- (1) An instantaneous power failure lasting less than 10ms<sup>(Note)</sup> will cause 24VDC down to be detected, but operation will continue.
- (2) An instantaneous power failure lasting in excess of 10ms<sup>(Note)</sup> may cause the operation to continue or initial start to take place depending on the power supply load.

(Note): This is for a 24VDC input. This is 10ms or less for less than 24VDC.

(Note-5): Select 24VDC power supply with allowable momentary power failure period of 20ms or more.

# (2) Motion control specifications/performance specifications (a) Motion control specifications

Item		Specification		
Number of contro	ol axes	Up to 16 axes		
		0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes		
	SV13	0.88ms/ 7 to 16 axes		
Operation cycle		0.44ms/ 1 to 4 axes		
(default)	SV22	0.88ms/ 5 to 12 axes		
		1.77ms/13 to 16 axes		
		Linear interpolation (Up to 4 axes), Circular interpolation (2 axes),		
Interpolation fund	tions	Helical interpolation (3 axes)		
		PTP (Point to Point) control, Speed control, Speed-position control (External input signal		
		(DOG) of servo amplifier usable), Fixed-pitch feed, Constant speed control,		
Control modes		Position follow-up control, Speed control with fixed position stop, Speed switching control,		
		High-speed oscillation control, Synchronous control (SV22)		
Acceleration/		Automatic trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration,		
deceleration conf	rol	S-curve acceleration/deceleration		
Compensation		Backlash compensation, Electronic gear, Phase compensation (SV22)		
Programming lan	guage	Motion SFC, Dedicated instruction, Mechanical support language (SV22)		
Servo program c	apacity	16k steps		
Number of position		3200 points		
points	Ü	(Positioning data can be designated indirectly)		
Peripheral I/F		USB/RS-232 (PLC CPU area), PERIPHERAL I/F (Motion CPU area)		
		Proximity dog type (2 types), Count type (3 types, External input signal (DOG) of servo		
Home position re	turn	amplifier usable), Data set type (2 types), Dog cradle type, Stopper type (2 types),		
function		Limit switch combined type		
		Home position return re-try function provided, home position shift function provided		
JOG operation fu	nction	Provided		
Manual pulse ger		Possible to connect 3 channels (Q173DPX use)		
operation function		Possible to connect 1 channel (Q170MCPU's internal I/F use) (Note-1)		
Synchronous end	coder	Note-2)		
operation function	n	Possible to connect 8 channels (SV22 use, Incremental only) (Note-2)		
NA I . C C		M-code output function provided,		
M-code function		M-code completion wait function provided		
Limit switch outpo	ut	Number of output points 32 points		
function		Watch data: Motion control data/Word device		
ROM operation function		Provided		
External input sig	nal	Q172DLX or External input signals (FLS/RLS/DOG) of servo amplifier		
High-speed reading		Provided		
function		(Via internal I/F/input module, Via tracking of Q173DPX)		
		Motion controller forced stop (EMI connector, System setting),		
Forced stop		Forced stop terminal of servo amplifier		
Number of I/O po	ints	Total 256 points (Internal I/F (Input 4 points, output 2 points) + I/O module)		
Mark detection fu		Provided		
Clock function		Provided		

### Motion control specifications (continued)

Item	Specification		
Security function	Provided		
All clear function	Provided		
Remote operation	Remote RUN/STOP, Remote latch clear		
Digital oscillation function	Provided		
Absolute position system	Made compatible by setting battery to servo amplifier.  (Possible to select the absolute data method or incremental method for each axis)		
Number of SSCNETIII systems	1 system		
Motion related interface	Q172DLX : 2 module usable		
module	Q173DPX : 3 modules usable (Note-4)		

- (Note-1): When the manual pulse generator is used with the Q170MCPU's internal I/F, do not set the Q173DPX in the System Settings.
- (Note-2): Any incremental synchronous encoder connected to the Q170MCPU's internal I/F will automatically be assigned an Axis No. one integer greater than the number of encoders connected to any Q173DPX modules.
- (Note-3): The servo amplifiers for SSCNET cannot be used.
- (Note-4): When using the incremental synchronous encoder (SV22 use), you can use above number of modules. When connecting the manual pulse generator, you can use only 1 module.

# (b) Motion SFC performance specifications

	. ,		<u> </u>	
Item			Specification	
Motion SFC program capacity	Code total (Motion SFC chart + Operation control + Transition)			543k bytes
	Text total (Operation control + Transition)			484k bytes
	Number of	Motion SFC	programs	256 (No.0 to 255)
	Motion SFC chart size/program			Up to 64k bytes (Included Motion SFC chart comments)
	Number of Motion SFC steps/program			Up to 4094 steps
Motion SFC program			anches/branch	255
	Number of	parallel bran	ches/branch	255
		nch nesting		Up to 4 levels
			entrol programs	4096 with F(Once execution type) and FS(Scan execution type) combined. (F/FS0 to F/FS4095)
	Number of	transition pro	ograms	4096(G0 to G4095)
Operation control program	Code size/p	orogram		Up to approx. 64k bytes (32766 steps)
(F/FS)		blocks(line)/	program	Up to 8192 blocks (in the case of 4 steps(min)/blocks)
1	Number of	characters/b	lock	Up to 128 (comment included)
Transition program	Number of	operand/blo	ck	Up to 64 (operand: constants, word device, bit devices)
(G)	( ) nesting/b	olock		Up to 32 levels
	Operation control program		control program	Calculation expression/bit conditional expression
	Descriptive			Calculation expression/bit conditional expression/
	expression Transition		program	comparison conditional expression
	Number of multi execute programs			Up to 256
	Number of multi active steps		steps	Up to 256 steps/all programs
		Normal task		Execute in main cycle of Motion controller
		Event took	Fixed evelo	Execute in fixed cycle
Execute specification		Event task (Execution	Fixed cycle	(0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms, 7.11ms, 14.2ms)
Execute specification	Executed	can be	External	Execute when input ON is set among interrupt module QI60
	l task	masked.)	interrupt	(16 points).
		macked.)	PLC interrupt	Execute with interrupt instruction (D(P).GINT) from PLC.
		NMI task		Execute when input ON is set among interrupt module QI60
	NIVII task			(16 points).
Number of I/O points (X/Y)				8192 points
Number of real I/O points (X/Y)	)			Total 256 points
				(Internal I/F (Input 4 points, Output 2 points) + I/O module)
	Internal relays (M)			12288 points
	Link relays	` ,		8192 points
Number of devices	Annunciators (F)			2048 points
(Device In the Motion CPU	Special relays (SM)			2256 points
area only)	Data registers (D)			8192 points
(Included the positioning	Link registers (W)			8192 points
dedicated device)	Special reg			2256 points
	Motion regis	` '		12288 points
	Coasting timers (FT)			1 point (888µs)
	Multiple CP	U area devi	ces (U□\G)	Up to 14336 points (Note)

(Note): Usable number of points differs according to the system settings.

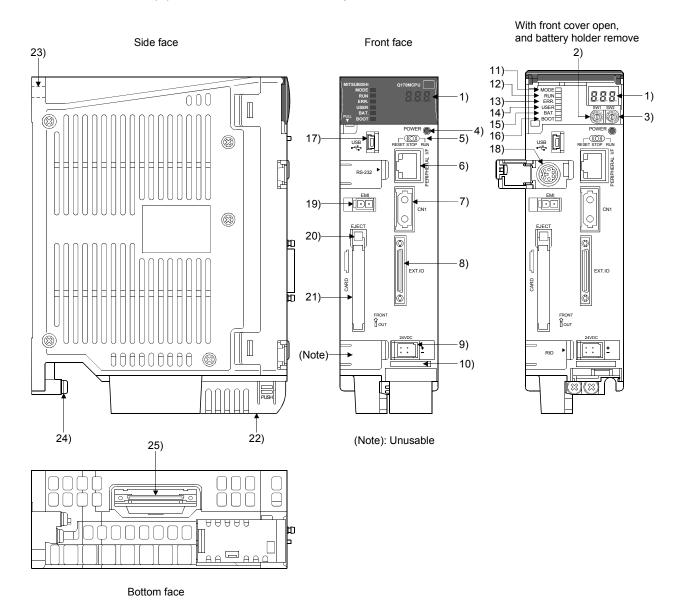
# (3) PLC control specifications

	Item	Specification
DI C CDI Larra		Program capacity, number of I/O points and number of extensions
PLC CPU area		were limited to Q03UDCPU
Control method		Sequence program control method
I/O control mode		Refresh mode
Sequence control languag	je	Relay symbol language (ladder), logic symbolic language (list), MELSAP3 (SFC), MELSAP-L, Structured text (ST)
	LD instruction	0.02 μs
Processing speed	MOV instruction	0.04 μs
(sequence instruction)	PC MIX value (instruction/µs)	28
	Floating point addition	0.12 μs
Total number of instruction		858
Operation (floating point o		Yes
Character string processing		Yes
PID instruction		Yes
Special function instruction	n (Trigonometric function	100
square root, exponential o	: =	Yes
Constant scan	p/	0.5 to 2000ms (Setting available in 0.5ms unit.)
Program capacity		20k steps (80k byte)
U present	QCPU standard memory	8k bytes
CPU shared memory	Multiple CPU high speed	•
,	transmission area	32k bytes
No. of I/O device points (X		8192 points
·	/	512 points
No. of I/O points (X/Y)		(Up to 320 points (64 points × 5 modules) is usable with I/O module.)
Internal relay (M)		8192 points
Latch relay (L)	1	8192 points
Link relay (B)	† †	8192 points
Timer (T)	1	2048 points
Retentive timer (ST)	<b>†</b>	0 points
Counter (C)	Points by default	1024 points
Data register (D)	(changeable by parameters)	12288 points
Link register (W)	]`	8192 points
Annunciator (F)	1 1	2048 points
Edge relay (V)	† †	2048 points
Link special relay (SB)	†	2048 points
Link special register (SW)	†	2048 points
File register (R, ZR)		98304 points
Step relay (S)		8192 points
Index register/Standard de	evise register (7)	20 points
Index register (Z)		Up to 10 points (Z0 to Z18)
(32-bit modification specifi	cation of ZR device)	(Index register (Z) is used in double words.)
Pointer (P)		4096 points
Interrupt pointer (I)		256 points
Special relay (SM)		2048 points
Special register (SD)		2048 points
Function input (FX)		16 points
Function output (FY)		16 points
Function register (FD)		5 points
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		·
Local device		Yes
Device initial values		Yes

# PLC control specifications (continued)

Item		Specification
Number of extensions		1 extension (Q52B/Q55B usable)
Extension base unit	GOT bus connection	• Extension base unit use : Connection after the extension base unit of
		stage 1
		Extension base unit not use : Direct bus connection to Motion controller
PC type when program is made by GX Developer		Q03UDCPU

# (4) Q170MCPU names of parts



2 - 24

No.	Name	Application	
1)	7-segment LED	Indicates the operating status and error information.	
.,	Rotary function select 1 switch	Set the operation mode.	
2)	(SW1)	(Normal operation mode, Installation mode, Mode operated by ROM, etc)	
	Rotary function select 2 switch	• Each switch setting is 0 to F.	
3)	(SW2)	(Factory default in SW1 "A", SW2 "0" position)	
4)	"DOWED" LED	ON (red): The internal power (5VDC) is ON.	
4)	"POWER" LED	OFF : The internal power (5VDC) is OFF.	
		Move to RUN/STOP	
		RUN : Sequence program/Motion SFC program is started.	
5)	RUN/STOP/RESET switch	STOP : Sequence program/Motion SFC program is stopped.	
		RESET (Momentary switch)	
		Set the switch to the "RESET" position 1 second or more to reset the hardware.	
		For communication I/F with peripheral devices	
		Upper LED	
		Remains flashing : It communicates with the personal computer.	
6)	PERIPHERAL I/F connector	ON : It does not communicate with the personal computer.	
ĺ		• Lower LED	
		Data transmission speed	
		ON : 100Mbps	
		OFF: 10Mbps	
7)	SSCNETII CN1 connector (Note-1)	Connector to connect the servo amplifier	
		Connector to connect the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous	
8)	Internal I/F connector	encoder, or to input/output the signals.	
		(Voltage-output/open-collector type, Differential-output type)	
	24VDC power supply connector	The DC power of 24VDC is connected.	
10)	<u> </u>		
11)	"MODE" LED	Indicates the mode of the PLC CPU area.	
		ON (green) : Q mode	
		Indicates the operating status of the PLC CPU area.	
		ON: During operation with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch set to "RUN".	
		OFF : During stop with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch set to "STOP".	
		When an error is detected and operation must be halted due to the error.	
		Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Remains flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Run flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Run flashing: Parameters or programs are written with the RUN/STOP/      Run flashing: Parameters or programs are writte	
		RESET switch set to "STOP", and then the RUN/STOP/	
		RESET switch is turned from "STOP" to "RUN".	
		To turn ON the "RUN" LED after writing the program, carry out the following stone.	
		out the following steps.  1) Set the RUN/STOP/RESET switch in the order of "RUN"	
12)	"RUN" LED	to "STOP" to "RUN".	
12)	KON LED		
		Reset with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch.     Power ON the Motion controller again.	
		To turn ON the "RUN" LED after writing the parameters,	
		carry out the following steps.	
		1) Reset with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch.	
		2) Power ON the Motion controller again.	
		(If the RUN/STOP/RESET is set in the order of "RUN" to	
		"STOP" to "RUN" after changing the parameters, network	
		parameters and intelligent function module parameters	
		will not be updated.	
		Will Hot bo apaciou.	

No.	Name	Application
13)	"ERR." LED	Indicates the operating status of the PLC CPU area.  ON: Detection of self-diagnosis error which will not stop operation, except battery error. (When operation continued at error detection is set in the parameter setting.)  OFF: Normal  Remains flashing: Detection of error whose occurrence stops operation.  Resetting with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch becomes valid.
14)	"USER" LED	Indicates the operating status of the PLC CPU area.  ON: Annunciator (F) turned ON  OFF: Normal
15)	"BAT." LED	<ul> <li>Indicates the operating status of the PLC CPU area.</li> <li>ON (yellow): Occurrence of battery error due to reduction in battery voltage of the memory card.</li> <li>ON (green): Turned ON for 5 seconds after restoring of data backup to the standard ROM by the latch data backup is completed.</li> <li>Remains flashing (green): Backup of data to the standard ROM by latch data backup is completed.</li> <li>OFF: Normal</li> </ul>
16)	"BOOT" LED	Indicates the operating status of the PLC CPU area.  ON: Start of boot operation  OFF: Non-execution of boot operation
17)	USB connector	<ul> <li>Connector to connect the peripheral devices for USB connection (Connector type mini B)</li> <li>Connect with the dedicated cable for USB</li> </ul>
18)	RS-232 connector	<ul> <li>Connector to connect the peripheral devices for RS-232 connection</li> <li>Connect with the dedicated cable (QC30R2) for RS-232</li> </ul>
19)	Forced stop input connector (EMI) (Note-2)	Input to stop all axes of servo amplifier in a lump  EMI ON (opened) : Forced stop  EMI OFF (24VDC input) : Forced stop release
20)	Memory card EJECT button	Used to eject the memory card from the Motion controller
21)	Memory card loading connector	Connector used to load the memory card to the Motion controller
	Battery holder (Note-3)	Battery holder to set the Q6BAT/Q7BAT
	Module fixing screw hole (Note-4)	Hole for screw used to fix to the control panel
	FG terminal	Ground terminal connected with the shield pattern of the printed circuit board
25)	Extension cable connector	Connector for transfer of signals to/from the extension base unit.

- (Note-1): Put the SSCNETII cable in the duct or fix the cable at the closest part to the Motion controller with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNETII cable from putting its own weight on SSCNETII connector.
- (Note-2): Be sure to use the cable for forced stop input (sold separately). The forced stop cannot be released without using it.
  - If the cable for forced stop input is fabricated on the customer side, make it within 30m(98.43ft.).
- (Note-3): Be sure to set the battery. The data (Refer to Section 6.5.) of RAM built-in Motion controller are not backed up if the battery cable is not set correctly.
- (Note-4): Purchase the M5 screws.

# (5) 7-segment LED display

The LED displays/flashes in the combination with errors.

	Item	7-segm	ent LED	Remark
Start		8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.	Initializing	It takes about 10 seconds to initialize (RUN/STOP display).  Execute the power cycle of the Motion controller if the operation stopped at initializing. It may be Motion controller's hardware fault when it is not improved.  Explain the error symptom (LED display) and get advice from our sales representative for the modules with failure.
Normal			" *" remains flashing	Normal operation
Installation	mode	8. 8. <b>S</b> *	Steady "INS" display, " 米" remains flashing	Mode to install the operating system software via personal computer.
On a vakia a	Mode operated by RAM	8. 8. 8 <sub>*</sub>	" * * remains flashing	Mode to operate based on the user programs and parameters stored in the RAM built-in Motion controller.
Operation mode	Mode operated by ROM	8.8.8.	Steady " . " display, " 米" remains flashing	Mode to operate after the user programs and parameters stored in the FLASH ROM built-in Motion controller are read to the RAM built-in Motion controller.
STOP		888	Steady "STP" display	Stopped the Motion SFC program with the PLC READY flag (M2000) OFF.
RUN		888	Steady "RUN" display	Executed the Motion SFC with the PLC READY flag (M2000) ON.
Battery	Early stage warning (2.7V or less)	8.8.8	Steady "BT1" display	Displayed at battery voltage 2.7V or less. Refer to Section "6.5 Battery".
error	Final stage warning (2.5V or less)	888	Steady "BT2" display	Displayed at battery voltage 2.5V or less. Refer to Section "6.5 Battery".
Operating not installe	system software		"A00" remains flashing	It becomes the status of installation mode when the operating system software is not installed.
System setting error			" AL" flashes 3 times ↓ Steady " L01" display	System setting error of the Motion controller Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for details.
Servo error			" AL" flashes 3 times  ↓ Steady " S01" display	Servo error of the Motion controller Refer to the Programming Manual of the operating system software used for details.
WDT error		8.8.8.	Steady "" display	Hardware fault or software fault Refer to the Programming Manual of the operating system software used for details.

Item	7-segme	ent LED	Remark
Self diagnostic error (Error related for Multiple CPU)	8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.	(Self-diagnosis error)  ↓  4-digits error code is	Setting error of the Multiple CPU system Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for details.

#### **POINTS**

- (1) An error is displayed at the 7-segment LED, confirm the error code etc. using MT Developer2.
- (2) Refer to the Motion CPU error batch monitor of MT Developer2 or error list of Programming Manual for error details.

### (6) Rotary switch assignment

## (a) Rotary function select 1 switch (SW1)

Rotary switch	Setting (Note)	Mode	Description
6, E012	0	Normal mode	Normal operation mode
00 465	А	Installation mode	Installed the operating system software using MT Developer2

(Note): Not to be set except above setting.

### (b) Rotary function select 2 switch (SW2)

Rotary switch	Setting (Note)	Mode	Description
	0 Mode operated by RA		Normal operation mode (Operation by the setting data and parameters stored in the RAM built-in Motion controller.)
100 A 50 O S	6	Mode operated by ROM	Mode to operate based on the setting data and parameters wrote to the FLASH ROM built-in Motion controller.
	Ethernet IP address display mode		Mode to display the Ethernet IP address.
	С	SRAM clear	SRAM "0" clear

(Note): Not to be set except above setting.

# **∆**CAUTION

■ Be sure to turn OFF the Motion controller's power supply before the rotary switch setting change.

# (7) Operation mode

### (a) Rotary switch setting and operation mode

Rotary swi	tch setting	
SW1 SW2		Operation mode
Α	Any setting (Except C)	Installation mode
0	0	Mode operated by RAM
0	6	Mode operated by ROM
0 8		Ethernet IP address display mode
Any setting C		SRAM clear (Note)

(Note): The data (Refer to Section 6.5) of RAM built-in Motion controller are cleared.

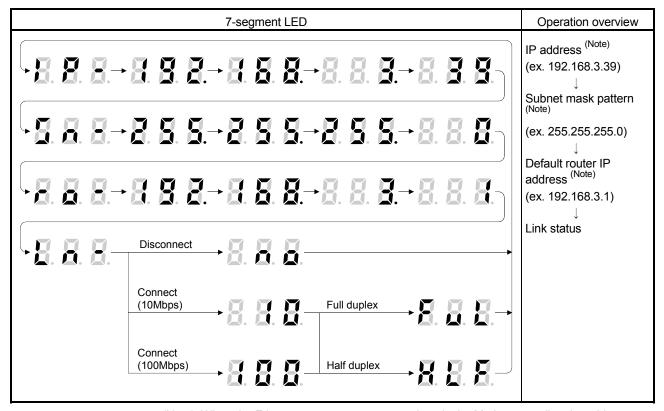
#### (b) Operation mode overview

Operation mode	7-segment LED	Operation overview
Installation mode	8.8.5*	<ul> <li>Steady "INS" display at the 7-segment LED.</li> <li>Operating system software can be installed.</li> <li>It is STOP status regardless of the RUN/STOP/RESET switch position at the front side of Motion controller.</li> <li>Digital oscilloscope function cannot be used.</li> </ul>
Mode operated by RAM	8.8.8.	<ul> <li>" . " remains flashing in the first digit of 7-segment LED.</li> <li>It operates based on the user programs and parameters stored in the RAM built-in Motion controller.</li> </ul>
Mode operated by ROM	8. 8. 8 <sub>*</sub>	<ul> <li>" . " remains flashing in the first digit and steady" . "display in the second digit of 7-segment LED.</li> <li>Operation starts after the user programs and parameters stored in the FLASH ROM built-in Motion controller are read to the RAM built-in Motion controller at power supply on or reset of the Motion controller.</li> <li>If the ROM writing is not executed, even if the user programs and parameters are changed using the MT Developer2 during mode operated by ROM, operation starts with the contents of the FLASH ROM built-in Motion controller at next power supply on or reset.</li> <li>Also, If the ROM writing is not executed, even if the auto tuning data are reflected on the servo parameter of Motion controller by operation in the autotuning setting, operation starts with the contents of the FLASH ROM built-in Motion controller at next power supply on or reset.</li> </ul>
Ethernet IP address	Refer to next	Refer to next page "(c) Ethernet IP address display mode overview".
display mode	page (c)	Digital oscilloscope function cannot be used.
SRAM clear	<b>8.8.8</b> *	<ul> <li>" . " remains flashing in the first digit of 7-segment LED.</li> <li>The data (Refer to Section 6.5) of RAM built-in Motion controller are cleared by turning ON the Motion controller's power supply after the rotary switch2 is set to "C".</li> </ul>

### **POINTS**

Be sure to turn OFF the Motion controller's power supply before the rotary switch setting change.

### (c) Ethernet IP address display mode overview



(Note): When the Ethernet parameters are not written in the Motion controller, the addresses are displayed as follows.

IP address : 192.168.3.39
 Subnet mask pattern : 255.255.255.0
 Default router IP address : 192.168.3.1

#### (8) Internal I/F connector

(a) The pin layout of the Q170MCPU's internal I/F connector Use the internal I/F connector on the front of the Q170MCPU to connect to manual pulse signals and incremental synchronous encoder signals. The following is the pin layout of the internal I/F connector as viewed from the front.

Internal I/F connector					
	Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin No.	Signal Name	
	50	SG	25	HBL	
(Note-1)	49	SEL	24	НВН	(Noto 3)
	48	SG	23	HAL	(Note-3)
	47	SG	22	HAH	J
	46	5V	21	HB	(Note-2)
	45	5V	20	HA	) (NOIG-2)
	44	No connect	19	No connect	
	43	No connect	18	No connect	
	42	No connect	17	No connect	
	41	No connect	16	No connect	
	40	No connect	15	No connect	(Note-6)
(Note-6)	39	No connect	14	No connect	
(14016-0)	38	No connect	13	No connect	(14016-0)
	37	No connect	12	No connect	
	36	No connect	11	No connect	
	35	No connect	10	No connect	
	34	No connect	9	No connect	
L	33	No connect	8	No connect	J
(Note-5)	32	COM2	7	COM2	(Note-5)
	31	DO2	6	DO1	
(Note-4)	30	COM1	5	COM1	(Note-4)
	29	DI4	4	DI3	
	28	DI2	3	DI1	
(Note-6)	27	No connect	2	No connect	(Note-6)
(14010-0)	26	No connect	1	No connect	J (14010-0)
	38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27	No connect No connect No connect No connect No connect COM2 DO2 COM1 DI4 DI2 No connect	13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3	No connect No connect No connect No connect No connect COM2 DO1 COM1 DI3 DI1 No connect	`

Applicable connector model name

HDR type connector (HONDA TSUSHIN KOGYO CO., LTD.) HDR-E50LPH connector case (Attachment)

(Note-1): Input type from manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder switched by SEL .

Not connected: Voltage-output/open-collector type

SEL-SG connection: Differential-output type

(Note-2): Voltage-output/open-collector type

Connect the A-phase signal to HA, and the B-phase signal to HB.

(Note-3): Differential-output type

Connect the A-phase signal to HAH, and the A-phase inverse signal to HAL. Connect the B-phase signal to HBH, and the B-phase inverse signal to HBL.

(Note-4): "COM1" is the common terminal of DI1, DI2, DI3 and DI4.

(Note-5): "COM2" is the common terminal of DO1 and Do2.

(Note-6): Do not connect to any of the terminal is explained as "No connect".

# REMARK

Be sure to use the Motion controller since the first digit "F" of serial number to use the mark detection function. Refer to Section 2.2 for the serial number.

### (b) Input signal/Mark detection

### 1) Specifications of input signal/mark detection input signal

Item	l	Specifications		
Number of input point	S	4 points		
Input method		Positive common/Negative common shared		
Isolation method		Photocoupler		
Rated input voltage		24VDC		
Rated input current (IIN)		Approx. 5mA		
		21.6 to 26.4VDC		
Operating voltage ran	ge	(24VDC ±10%, ripple ratio 5% or less)		
ON voltage/current		17.5VDC or more/3.5mA or more		
OFF voltage/current		5VDC or less/0.9mA or less		
Input resistance		Approx. 5.6kΩ		
Decrease time	OFF to ON	1ms or less		
Response time	ON to OFF	IIIIs of less		
Common terminal arra	angement	4 points/common (Common contact: COM1)		
Indicates to display		None		

#### 2) Interface between input signal/mark detection input signal

Input or	Signal name		Signal name Pin No.		Wiring Internal circuit		Description		
output			1	2	3	4	example	Internal circuit	Description
	"	DI□ <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	3	28	4	29			Signal input,
Input Mark detection signal input	COM1	5 30		+ - 24VDC <sup>(Note-2)</sup>		Mark detection signal input			

(Note-1): □=1 to 4

(Note-2): As for the 24VDC sign, both "+" and "-" are possible.

### (c) Output signal

### 1) Specifications of output signal

Item		Specifications		
Number of output point	ts	2 points		
Output method		Sink/Source type		
Isolation method		Photocoupler		
Rated load voltage		24VDC ±10%		
Maximum load current	(lout)	40mA/point, 80mA/common		
		21.6 to 26.4VDC		
External power supply		(24VDC ±10%, ripple ratio 5% or less)		
Maximum voltage drop	at ON (Vdorp)	2.75VDC or less		
OFF voltage/current		11VDC or less/1.7mA or less		
Input resistance		Approx. 5.6kΩ		
Decrease time	OFF to ON	1ms or less		
Response time ON to OFF		1ms or less (Rated load, resistance load)		
Common terminal arra	ngement	2 points/common(Common contact: COM2)		
Indicates to display		None		

#### 2) Interface between output signal

Input or	Signal name		Pin	No.	Wiring	Internal circuit	Description
output	Signain	lame	1	2	example	internal circuit	Description
Outrat		DO□ <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	6	31	load	Z   Z   Z   Z   Z   Z   Z   Z   Z   Z	Oine al autout
Output	Output	COM2	3	7	+ - 24VDC <sup>(Note-2)</sup>		Signal output

(Note-1): □=1 to 2

(Note-2): As for the 24VDC sign, both "+" and "-" are possible.

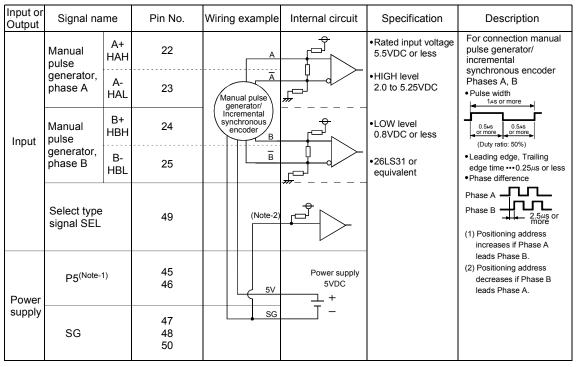
- (d) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input
  - 1) Specifications of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder

	Item	Specifications		
Signal input form		Phase A/Phase B		
Maximum input pulse frequency Pulse width Leading edge/trailing edge time Phase difference High-voltage		1Mpps (After magnification by 4, up to 4Mpps)		
	Pulse width	1µs or more		
		0.25μs or less		
	Phase difference	0.25µs or more		
	2.0 to 5.25VDC			
Differential-output		0 to 0.8VDC		
type	Differential voltage	±0.2V		
(26LS31 or	Cable length	30m (98.43ft.)		
equivalent )  Example	Example of waveform	1μs 0.5μs 0.5μs 0.5μs 0.25μs 0.25μs 0.25μs (Note): Duty ratio 50%		
	Maximum input pulse frequency	200kpps (After magnification by 4, up to 800kpps)		
Pulse width		5µs or more		
	Leading edge/trailing edge	1.2µs or less		
	Phase difference	1.2µs or more		
Maltana i Ci V	High-voltage	3.0 to 5.25 VDC		
Voltage-output/	Low-voltage	0 to1.0VDC		
Open-collector	Cable length	10m (32.81ft.)		
type	Example of waveform	Phase B  1.2μs 1.2μs (Note): Duty ratio 50%		

### **POINT**

Use a manual pulse generator or an incremental synchronous encoder that consumes less than 0.2[A] of current.

# 2) Interface between manual pulse generator (differential-output type)/ incremental synchronous encoder



(Note-1): The 5V(P5)DC power supply from the Q170MCPU must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder. If a separate power supply is used, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.

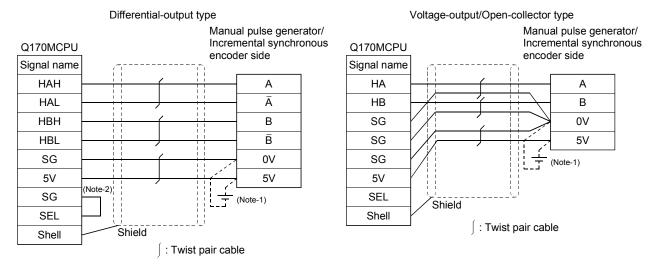
(Note-2): Connect SEL to the SG terminal if the manual pulse generator (differential-output type) /incremental synchronous encoder is used.

3) Interface between manual pulse generator (voltage-output/open-collector type)/incremental synchronous encoder

Input or Output	Signal name	Pin No.	Wiring example	Internal circuit	Specification	Description
	Manual pulse generator, phase A HA	20	Manual pulse generator/		Rated input voltage 5.5VDC or less      HIGH level 3 to 5.25VDC/2mA or less	For connection manual pulse generator/ incremental synchronous encoder Phases A, B  • Pulse width
Input	Manual pulse generator, phase B HB	21	Incremental synchronous encoder B	<b>•</b>	•LOW level 1VDC or less/ 5mA or more	2.5us 2.5us or more (Duty ratio: 50%)  • Leading edge, Trailing edge time ••• 1.2µs or less • Phase difference
	Select type signal SEL	49	No connect			Phase B 2.5us or more  (1) Positioning address increases if Phase A
Power	P5 <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	45 46	5V	Power supply 5VDC		leads Phase B. (2) Positioning address decreases if Phase B leads Phase A.
supply	SG	47 48 50	SG			

(Note-1): The 5V(P5)DC power supply from the Q170MCPU must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder. If a separate power supply is used, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.

4) Connection examples of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder



- (Note-1): The 5V(P5)DC power supply from the Q170MCPU must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder.

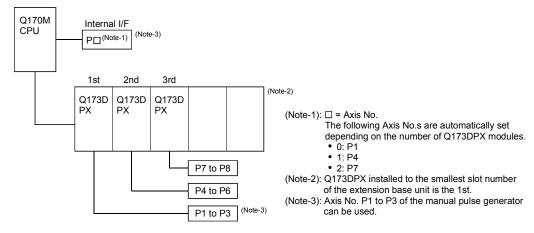
  If a separate power supply is used, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.
- (Note-2): Input type from manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder switched by SEL. Not connected: Voltage-output/open-collector type SEL-SG connection: Difference-output type

# **⚠** CAUTION

- If a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.
- Always wire the cables when power is off. Not doing so may damage the circuit of modules.
- Wire the cable correctly. Wrong wiring may damage the internal circuit.
  - (e) Connection of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder Manual pulse generators/incremental synchronous encoders of the voltageoutput/open-collector type and differential-output type can be connected. Both connection methods are different. (Refer to this section (8)(a).)

Motion controller	Connectable manual pulse generator/ incremental synchronous encoder
Q170MCPU (Internal I/F)	Up to 1 module

(f) Axis No. of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder Any incremental synchronous encoder connected to the Q170MCPU's internal I/F will automatically be assigned an axis No. one integer greater than the number of encoders connected to any Q173DPX modules. The setting for the axis No. of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder used by the internal I/F and Q173DPX.



(Note): When the manual pulse generator is used with the internal I/F, do not set the Q173DPX in the System Settings.

Avia Na	Number of Q173DPXs				
Axis No.	0	1	2	3	
P1	•				
P2		1	1	1	
P3					
P4		•			
P5	_		2	2	
P6					
P7		_	•		
P8			_	(3)	

- •: Usable by internal I/F.
- ①: Usable only by the 1st Q173DPX
- ②: Usable only by the 2nd Q173DPX
- 3: Usable only by the 3rd Q173DPX
- -: Unusable

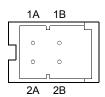
#### (9) PERIPHERAL I/F connector

	Item	Specification	
	Data transmission speed	100Mbps/10Mbps	
Transmission	Communication mode	Full-duplex/Half-duplex	
	Transmission method	Base band	
	Cable length [m(ft.)]	Up to 30 (98.43)	

### (10) 24VDC power supply connector

24VDC power supply is supplied from the 24VDC power supply connector of the front face of the Motion controller.

The pins layout (from front view) and connection of the 24VDC power supply connector is shown below.



Pin No.	Signal name	Pin No.	Signal name
1A <sup>(Note)</sup>	24V(+)	1B	24V(+)
2A <sup>(Note)</sup>	24G	2B	24G

(Note): Use "1A" and "2A" when the 24VDC voltage is applied on EMI connector and the forced stop input of EMI connector is invalidated.

• Applicable connector model name

24VDC power supply connector set (Q170MPWCON) (Attachment)

1-1827864-2 connector (Tyco Electronics AMP K.K. make)

1827587-2 terminal

· Crimping tool

Tool type : 1762846-1

Maker name : Tyco Electronics AMP K.K.

· Conductor size for power line

0.34 to 0.37mm<sup>2</sup>

# **▲**CAUTION

- 24V(+) pin is upper side and 24G pin is lower side of 24VDC power supply connector (from front view) of Motion controller. If the polarity is wrong, the unit may be damaged.
- Recommend the use of twisted pair cabling for 24VDC power line
- Power off the Motion controller before wiring 24VDC power supply.
- Use proper size wire for 24VDC power line.

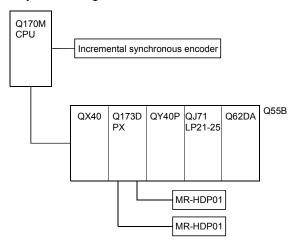
#### (11) Selection of the modules used in the extension base unit

The modules used in the extension base unit are selected according to the total of current consumption of the modules, and peripheral devices (Manual pulse generator, Incremental synchronous encoder, etc.) supplied by the Motion controller and Motion controller internal power supply.

5VDC internal current consumption of shared equipments with PLC might be changed. Be sure to refer to the MELSEC-Q series PLC Manuals.

#### (a) Calculation example of module selection

#### <System configuration>



• 5VDC current consumption of each module

Q170MCPU : 2.00 [A] : 0.065 [A] QY40P Incremental synchronous encoder: 0.20 [A] QJ71LP21-25: 0.55[A] QX40 Q62DA : 0.05 [A] : 0.33 [A] Q173DPX : 0.38 [A] Q55B : 0.10 [A] MR-HDP01 : 0.06 [A]

· Power consumption of overall modules

$$I_{5V}$$
 = 2.00 + 0.20 + 0.05 + 0.38 + 0.06  $\times$  2 + 0.065 + 0.55 + 0.33 + 0.10 = 3.795 [A]

System configuration is possible because of the total of current consumption 3.795 [A] is the allowable value 4[A] or less.

#### POINT

Configure the system in such a way that the total current consumption at 5VDC of all the modules is the allowable value 4 [A] or less.

### 2.5.2. Extension base unit and extension cable

This section describes the specifications of the extension cables for the base units (Extension base unit), and the specification standards of the extension base unit. 5VDC internal current consumption of base unit might be changed. Be sure to refer to the MELSEC-Q series PLC Manuals.

### (1) Extension base unit specifications

Type	Q52B	Q55B			
Number of I/O modules	2	5			
Possibility of extension	Extendable				
Applicable module	Q series modules				
5VDC internal current consumption [A]	0.08	0.10			
Fixing hole size	M4 screw hole or $\phi$ 4.5 hole (for M4 screw)				
Exterior dimensions [mm(inch)]	106(W)×98(H) ×44.1(D) (4.17(W)×3.86(H) ×1.74(D))	189(W)×98(H) ×44.1(D) (7.44(W)×3.86(H) ×1.74(D))			
Mass [kg]	0.14	0.23			
Attachment	Fixing screw M4×14 4 pieces				

### (2) Extension cable specifications

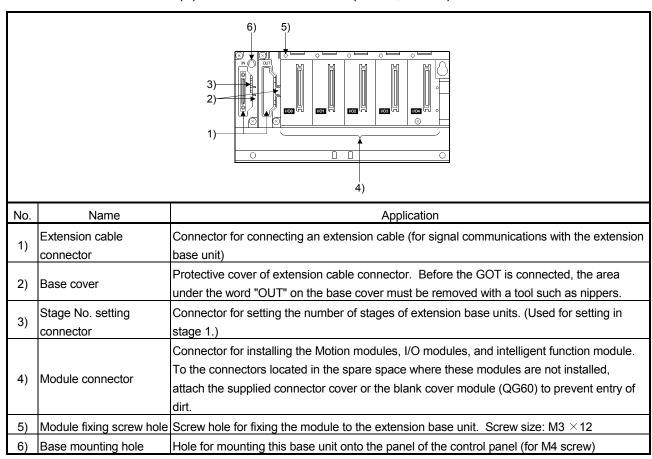
The list below describes the specifications of the extension cables which can be used.

Type	QC05B	QC06B	QC12B	QC30B	QC50B	QC100B	
Cable length[m(ft.)]	0.45(1.48)	0.6(1.97)	1.2(3.94)	3.0(9.84)	5.0(16.40)	10.0(32.81)	
Application	Connection between the Motion controller and extension base unit						
Mass [kg]	0.15	0.16	0.22	0.40	0.60	1.11	

POINT

Use the extension cable of 10m (32.8ft.) or less.

- (3) Names of parts of the extension base unit Names of parts of the extension base unit are described below.
  - (a) Extension base unit (Q52B, Q55B)



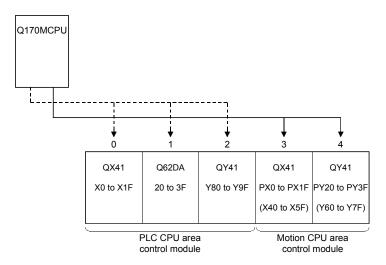
#### (4) I/O allocations

It is possible to allocate unique I/O No.s for each Motion CPU area independently of the PLC CPU area's I/O No.s.

ON/OFF data input to the Motion CPU area is handled via input devices PX□□, while ON/OFF data output from the Motion CPU area is handled via output devices PY□□.

It is not mandatory to match the I/O device PX/PY No.s used in the Motion program with the PLC I/O No.s; but it is recommended to make them match as much as possible.

The following figure shows an example of I/O allocation.



(Note-1): When the number of modules to be installed is 32 points. (Note-2): When the PX/PY No. does not match the PLC I/O No.

Refer to the Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion Controller Programming Manual (COMMON) about the I/O allocation setting method of the Motion CPU area, and refer to APPENDIX 1.7 and the "QnUCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)" about the I/O allocation setting method of the PLC CPU area.

#### **POINT**

I/O device of the Motion CPU area can be set in the range PX/PY000 to PX/PYFFF. The real I/O points must be 256 points or less. (As for the I/O No., it is possible not to continue.)

## 2.5.3 Q172DLX Servo external signals interface module

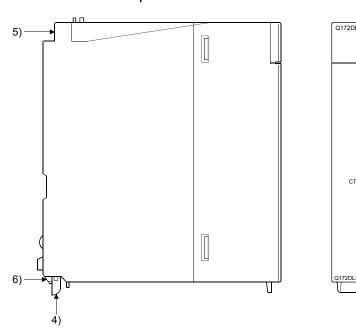
Q172DLX receives external signals (servo external signals) required for positioning control.

2)

-3)

7)

## (1) Q172DLX name of parts



No.	Name	Application			
1)	Module fixing hook	Hook used to fix the module to the base unit. (Single-motion installation)			
		Display the servo external input status from the external equipment.			
		LED	Details		
2)	Input indicator LED	0 to 1F	Display for servo external signal input status of each axis.		
		The proximity dog/speed-position switching signal (DOG/CHANGE) does not turn ON without setting Q172DLX in the system setting.			
3)	CTRL connector	The servo external signal input connector of each axis.			
4)	Module mounting lever	Used to install the module to the base unit.			
5)	Module fixing screw hole	Hole for the screw used to fix to the base unit. (M3×12 screw : Purchase from the other supplier)			
6)	Module fixing projection	Projection used to fix to the base unit.			
7)	Serial number display	Display the serial number described on the rating plate.			

## **POINT**

Input indicator LED of the proximity dog/speed-position switching signal (DOG/CHANGE) turns ON at the following conditions.

- Q172DLX is set on the system setting of MT Developer2.
- The proximity dog/speed-position switching signal (DOG/CHANGE) is input.

# (2) Performance specifications (a) Module specifications

Item	Specifications		
Number of I/O occupying points	32 points(I/O allocation: Intelligent, 32 points)		
Internal current consumption(5VDC) [A]	0.06		
Exterior dimensions [mm/inch]	98(H)× 27.4(W)×90(D)		
Exterior dimensions [mm(inch)]	(3.86(H)×1.08(W)×3.54(D))		
Mass [kg]	0.15		

## (b) Input

Item		Specifications		
Number of input points		Servo external signals : 32 points (Upper stroke limit, Lower stroke limit, Stop input, Proximity dog/Speed-position switching signal) $ (4 \text{ points} \times 8 \text{ axes}) $		
Input method		Sink/Source type		
Isolation method		Photocoupler		
Rated input voltage		12/24VDC		
Rated input current		12VDC 2mA/24VDC 4mA		
Operating voltage range		10.2 to 26.4VDC (12/24VDC +10/ -15%, ripple ratio 5% or less)		
ON voltage/current		10VDC or more/2.0mA or more		
OFF voltage/current		1.8VDC or less/0.18mA or less		
Input resistance		Approx. 5.6kΩ		
Response time of the Upper/Lower stroke limit and STOP signal	OFF to ON ON to OFF	1ms		
Response time of the proximity dog, Speed-position switching signal	OFF to ON ON to OFF	0.4ms/0.6ms/1ms (CPU parameter setting, Default 0.4ms)		
Common terminal arrangeme	nt	32 points/common (common terminal: B1, B2)		
Indicates to display		ON indication (LED)		
External connector type		40 pin connector		
Applicable wire size		0.3mm <sup>2</sup>		
Applicable connector for the external connection		A6CON1 (Attachment), A6CON2, A6CON3, A6CON4 (Optional)		
Applicable connector/ Terminal block converter module		A6TBXY36, A6TBXY54, A6TBX70 (Optional)		

## (3) Connection of servo external signals interface module

## (a) Servo external signals

There are the following servo external signals.

(Upper stroke limit is limit value of address increase direction/lower stroke limit is limit value of an address decrease direction.)

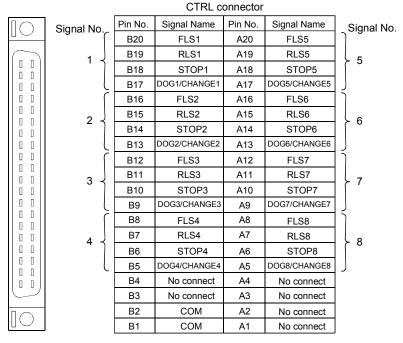
The Q172DLX is assigned a set of input No.s per axis. Make the system setting of MT Developer2 to determine the I/O No.s corresponding to the axis No.s.

Servo external signal	Application	Number of points on one Q172DLX
Upper stroke limit input (FLS) Lower stroke limit input (RLS)	For detection of upper and lower stroke limits.	
Stop signal input (STOP)	For stopping under speed or positioning control.	32 points
Proximity dog/	For detection of proximity dog at proximity dog or count	(4 points/8 axes)
Speed-position switching input	type home position return of for switching from speed to	
(DOG/CHANGE)	position switching control.	

## (b) The pin layout of the CTRL connector

Use the CTRL connector on the front of the Q172DLX module to connect to servo external signals.

The following is the pin layout of the Q172DLX CTRL connector as viewed from the front.



Applicable connector model name

A6CON1 type soldering type connector
FCN-361J040-AU connector (FUJITSU COMPONENT LIMITED)
FCN-360C040-B connector cover

A6CON2 type Crimp-contact type connector
A6CON3 type Pressure-displacement type connector
A6CON4 type soldering type connector

DOG/CHANGE, STOP, RLS, FLS functions of each axis(1 to 8)

DOG/CHANGE..... Proximity dog/Speed-position switching signal

STOP ..... Stop signal

RLS ..... Lower stroke limit

FLS ..... Upper stroke limit

For information about signal details, refer to the programming manual.

(Note): Connector/terminal block conversion modules and cables can be used at the wiring of CTRL connector.

A6TBXY36/A6TBXY54/A6TBX70 : Connector/terminal block

converter module

AC□TB (□:Length [m]) : Connector/terminal block

converter module cable

#### **POINT**

Signal No. 1 to 8 can be assigned to the specified axis. Make the assignment in the system settings of MT Developer2.

#### Input or Signal name LED Wiring example Internal circuit Description Pin No. Specification Output FLS1 B20 0 Supply voltage FLS2 B16 4 12 to 24 VDC (10.2 to 26.4 VDC FLS3 B12 8 Upper stroke stabilized power FLS4 С R8 limit input **5.6k**Ω FLS supply) FLS5 A20 10 FLS6 A16 14 FLS7 A12 18 FLS8 A8 1C RLS1 B19 B15 5 RLS2 RLS3 B11 9 RLS4 D RLS Lower stroke RLS5 A19 11 5.6kΩ limit input RLS6 A15 15 19 RLS7 A11 High level Input RLS8 Α7 1D 10.0 VDC or more STOP1 B18 2 2.0mA or more STOP2 B14 6 STOP3 B10 Α STOP4 В6 Ε Stop signal STOP STOP5 A18 12 input 5.6kΩ STOP6 A14 16 STOP7 A10 1A Low level STOP8 A6 1<u>E</u> 1.8 VDC or less/ B17 3 DOG/CHANGE1 0.18mA or less B13 7 DOG/CHANGE2 Proximity dog/ DOG/CHANGE3 B9 В Speed-position B5 F DOG/CHANGE4 switching signal DOG/CHANGE DOG/CHANGE5 A17 13 5.6kΩ A13 17 DOG/CHANGE6 Α9 1B DOG/CHANGE7 DOG/CHANGE8 <u>A</u>5 1<u>F</u> Common terminals Power supply B1 B2 for servo external input signal. 12VDC to 24VDC

## (4) Interface between CTRL connector and servo external signal

(Note): As for the connection to power line (B1, B2), both "+" and "-" are possible.

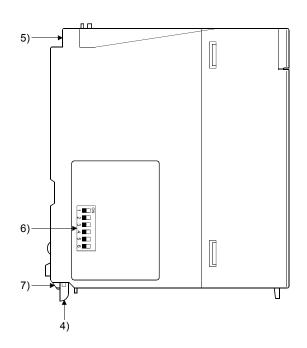
## **∆** CAUTION

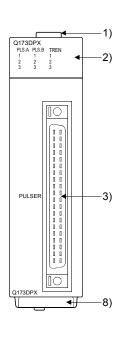
- Always use a shield cable for connection of the CTRL connector and external equipment, and avoid running it close to or bundling it with the power and main circuit cables to minimize the influence of electromagnetic interface. (Separate them more than 200mm (0.66ft.) away.)
- Connect the shield wire of the connection cable to the FG terminal of the external equipment.
- Make parameter setting correctly. Incorrect setting may disable the protective functions such as stroke limit protection.
- Always wire the cables when power is off. Not doing so may damage the circuit of modules.
- Wire the cable correctly. Wrong wiring may damage the internal circuit.

## 2.5.4 Q173DPX Manual pulse generator interface module

Q173DPX receive signals required for Manual pulse and Incremental synchronous encoder (Voltage-output/Open-collector type/Differential-output type) input.

## (1) Q173DPX name of parts





No.	Name	Application		
1)	Module fixing hook	Hook used to fix the module to the base unit. (Single-motion installation)  Display the input status from the external equipment.		
		LED	Details	
2)	Input indicator LED	PLS.A 1 to 3 PLS.B 1 to 3	Display for input signal status of manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder phases A, B	
2)		TREN 1 to 3	Display for signal status of tracking enable.	
		The manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder phases A, B and tracking enable signal does not turn ON without setting Q173DPX in the system setting.		
3)	PULSER connector	Input connector of the Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder.		
4)	Module mounting lever	Used to install the module to the base unit.		
5)	Module fixing screw hole	Hole for the screw used to fix to the base unit (M3×12 screw : Purchase from the other supplier)		

No.	Name	Application			
			Detection setting of TREN1 signal		
		Dip switch 1	SW1	SW2	
			OFF	OFF	TREN is detected at leading
			ON	ON	edge of TREN signal.
		Dip switch 2	ON	OFF	J cage of Treat orginal.
	Dip switches (Note-1)	Dip ownor 2	OFF	ON	TREN is detected at trailing edge of TREN signal.
	<b>→</b> ■□0		Detec	tion set	ting of TREN2 signal
	N∎□Z	Dip switch 3	SW3	SW4	
	ω∎□		OFF	OFF	TREN is detected at leading
6)	<b>■</b> 4		ON	ON	edge of TREN signal.
	5 ■□	Dip switch 4	ON	OFF	g edge of TREIN signal.
	(Factory default in OFF		OFF	ON	TREN is detected at trailing edge of TREN signal.
	position)	Dip switch 5	Detection setting of TREN3 signal		
	poolaony		SW5	SW6	
			OFF	OFF	TDEN is detected at leading
			ON	ON	TREN is detected at leading edge of TREN signal.
		Dip switch 6	ON	OFF	g cage of freely signal.
			OFF	ON	TREN is detected at trailing edge of TREN signal.
7)	Module fixing projection	Projection used to fix to the base unit.			
8)	Serial number display	Display the serial number described on the rating plate.			

(Note-1): The function is different according to the operating system software installed.

## **∆**CAUTION

- Before touching the DIP switches, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Touching them could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.

#### POINTS

Input indicator LED of the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder phases A, B and tracking enable signal turns ON at the following conditions.

- (1) PLS.A 1 to 3, PLS.B 1 to 3
  - Q173DPX is set in the system setting of MT Developer2.
  - All axes servo ON command (M2042) turned on.
  - Manual pulse generator enable flag (M2051, M2052, M2053) turned on.
  - · Manual pulse generator signal is input.
- (2) TREN 1 to 3
  - Q173DPX is set in the system setting of MT Developer2.
  - The tracking enable signal is input.

## (2) Performance specifications

## (a) Module specifications

Item	Specifications		
Number of I/O occupying points	32 points(I/O allocation: Intelligent, 32 points)		
Internal current consumption(5VDC)[A]	0.38		
Exterior dimensions [mm(inch)]	98(H)×27.4(W)×90(D) (3.86(H)×1.08(W)×3.54(D))		
Mass [kg]	0.15		

## (b) Tracking enable signal input

Item		Specifications	
Number of input points		Tracking enable signal : 3 points	
Input method		Sink/Source type	
Isolation method		Photocoupler	
Rated input voltage		12/24VDC	
Rated input current		12VDC 2mA/24VDC 4mA	
On anating waltage year		10.2 to 26.4VDC	
Operating voltage ran	ge 	(12/24VDC +10/ -15%, ripple ratio 5% or less)	
ON voltage/current		10VDC or more/2.0mA or more	
OFF voltage/current		1.8VDC or less/0.18mA or less	
Input resistance		Approx. 5.6kΩ	
OFF to ON		0.4ms/0.6ms/1ms	
Response time	ON to OFF	(CPU parameter setting, Default 0.4ms)	
Common terminal arrangement		1 point/common(Common contact: TREN.COM)	
Indicates to display		ON indication(LED)	

(Note): Functions are different depending on the operating system software installed.

## (c) Manual pulse generator/Incremental synchronous encoder input

Item			Specifications	
Number of modu	ıles		3/module	
Voltage-output/		High-voltage	3.0 to 5.25VDC	
Open-collector ty	/ре	Low-voltage	0 to 1.0VDC	
Differential-outpu	ıt type	High-voltage	2.0 to 5.25VDC	
(26LS31 or equiv	/alent)	Low-voltage	0 to 0.8VDC	
Input frequency			Up to 200kpps (After magnification by 4)	
Applicable types			Voltage-output type/Open-collector type (5VDC), Recommended product: MR-HDP01, Differential-output type: (26LS31 or equivalent)	
External connector type			40 pin connector	
Applicable wire s	size		0.3mm <sup>2</sup>	
Applicable connector for the external		e external	A6CON1(Attachment)	
connection			A6CON2, A6CON3, A6CON4 (Optional)	
Cable length	Voltage-c Open-col	output/ lector type	30m (98.43ft.) (Open-collector type: 10m (32.81ft.))	
	Differential-output type		(Open-concetor type: Torri (32.0 fit.)	

#### (3) Connection of manual pulse generator

Manual pulse generators of the voltage-output/open-collector type and differential-output type can be connected. Both connection methods are different. (Refer to this section (5).)

When the manual pulse generator is connected to the Q173DPX, it cannot be connected to the internal I/F.

Motion controller	Connectable manual pulse generator		
O470MCD11	Up to 3 modules		
Q170MCPU	(Q173DPX: Up to 1 module)		

#### (4) Connection of incremental synchronous encoder

Incremental synchronous encoders of the voltage-output/Open-collector type and differential-output type can be connected. Both connection methods are different. (Refer to this section (5).)

Motion controller	Connectable synchronous encoder	
Q170MCPU	Up to 8 modules (Q173DPX: Up to 3 modules)	
Q170MCPU (Combination of Q173DPX and internal I/F)	Up to 7 modules (Q173DPX: Up to 2 modules)	

(Note): Refer to Section 2.5.1 for details of the internal I/F.

#### Tracking enable signal

Tracking enable signal of Q173DPX is used to start the input from incremental synchronous encoders.

The external input signal of the incremental synchronous encoder is indicated below.

This signal is used as the input start signal or high-speed reading function from incremental synchronous encoder.

External input signal of the incremental synchronous encoder	Application	Number of points on one Q173DPX
Tracking enable signal input	Input start function from incremental synchronous encoder	Each 1 point ( Total 3 points )

## (5) Connection of manual pulse generator interface module

## (a) The pin layout of the PULSER connector

Use the PULSER connector on the front of the Q173DPX module to connect to manual pulse signals and incremental synchronous encoder signals.

The following is the pin layout of the Q173DPX PULSER connector as viewed from the front.

Π 0

Signal Name Pin No. Pin No. Signal Name 2)---B20 HB1 HA1 -- 2) A20 B19 SG A19 SG B18 5V A18 HPSEL1 -- 1) B17 HA1N A17 HA1P 3) ≺ HB1N HB1P B16 A16 .. 2) 2)---B15 HB2 A15 HA2 SG A14 SG B14 B13 A13 HPSEL2 5V HA2N HA2P B12 A12 3) ≺ HB2N A11 HB2P B11 2)---.. 2) A10 B10 HB3 HA3 SG В9 Α9 SG 5V HPSEL3 -- 1) В8 A8 HA3N HA3P В7 Α7 3) ≺ HB3N HB3P B6 A6 No connect No connect **B5** A5 TREN1-TREN1 + B4 Α4 TREN2 -TREN2 + **B**3 АЗ TREN3 -TREN3 + B2 A2 FG В1 Α1 FG -- 4)

PULSER connector

Applicable connector model name

to HB1/HB2/HB3.

A6CON1 type soldering type connector (Attachment) FCN-361J040-AU connector (FUJITSU COMPONENT LIMITED) FCN-360C040-B connector cover A6CON2 type Crimp-contact type connector A6CON3 type Pressure-displacement type connector (Optional) A6CON4 type soldering type connector

1): Input type from manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder switched by HPSEL□.

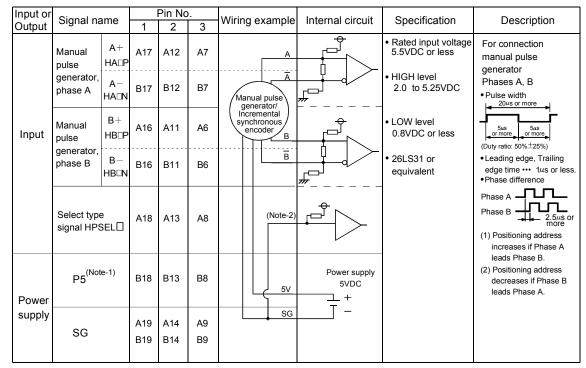
Not connected: Voltage-output/open-collector type HPSEL□-SG connection : Differential-output type (Switching is possible for each input 1 to 3)

- 2): Voltage-output/open-collector type Connect the A-phase signal to HA1/HA2/HA3, and the B-phase signal
- 3): Differential-output type Connect the A-phase signal to HA1P/HA2P/HA3P, and the A-phase inverse signal to HA1N/HA2N/HA3N.

Connect the B-phase signal to HB1P/HB2P/HB3P, and the B-phase inverse signal to HB1N/HB2N/HB3N.

- 4): Connect the shield cable between manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder and Q173DPX at the FG signal.
- 5): Connector/terminal block conversion modules cannot be used.

# (b) Interface between PULSER connector and manual pulse generator (Differential-output type)/Incremental synchronous encoder

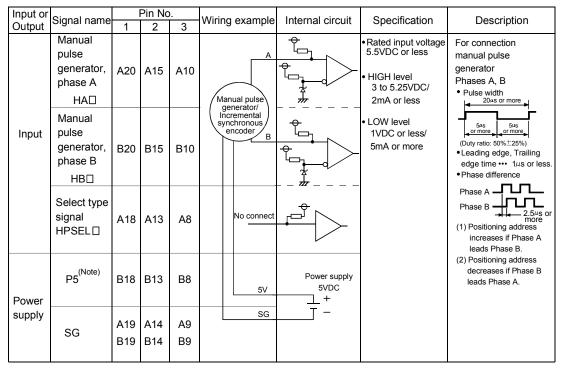


(Note-1): The 5V(P5)DC power supply from the Q173DPX must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder.

If a separate power supply is used, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.

(Note-2) : Connect HPSEL□ to the SG terminal if the manual pulse generator (differential-output type) /incremental synchronous encoder is used.

# (c) Interface between PULSER connector and manual pulse generator (Voltage-output/Open-collector type)/ Incremental synchronous encoder.



(Note): The 5V(P5)DC power supply from the Q170MCPU must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder.
If a separate power supply is used, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.

## (d) Interface between PULSER connector and tracking enable signal

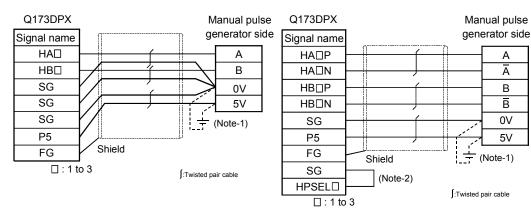
Input or	Signal name			Pin No		Wiring example	Internal circuit	Specification	Description
Output			1	2	3	willing example	internal circuit	Opcomoation	Description
Input	Tracking	TREN□+	A4	A3	A2				Tracking enable signal input.
Input	enable	TREN□-	B4	В3	B2	+ - 12V to 24VDC			

(Note) : As for the connection to tracking enable (TREN□+, TREN□-), both "+" and "-" are possible.

## (6) Connection examples of manual pulse generator

Manual pulse generator (Voltage-output/Open-collector type)

Manual pulse generator (Differential-output type)



(Note-1): The 5V(P5)DC power supply from the Q173DPX must not be used if a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder.

If a separate power supply is used, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.

(Note-2): Connect HPSEL□ to the SG terminal if the manual pulse generator (differential-output type)/incremental synchronous encoder is used.

## **▲**CAUTION

- If a separate power supply is applied to the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder, be sure it is 5V voltage. Anything else may cause a failure.
- Always wire the cables when power is off. Not doing so may damage the circuit of modules.
- Wire the cable correctly. Wrong wiring may damage the internal circuit.

## 2.5.5 Manual pulse generator

## (1) Manual pulse generator specifications

Item	Specifications	
Model name	MR-HDP01 (Note-1)	
Ambient temperature	-10 to 60°C(14 to 140°F)	
Pulse resolution	25PLS/rev(100 PLS/rev after magnification by 4)	
Output method	Voltage-output/Output current : Up to 20mA	
Power supply voltage	4.5 to 13.2VDC (Note-2)	
Current consumption [mA]	60	
Life time	1,000,000 revolutions or more (at 200r/min)	
Permitted axial loads	Radial load: Up to 19.6N, Thrust load: Up to 9.8N	
Mass [kg]	0.4	
Number of max. revolution	Instantaneous Up to 600r/min. normal 200r/min	
Pulse signal status	2 signals : A phase, B : phase, 90° phase difference	
Start friction torque	0.06N•m (20°C (68°F))	

(Note-1) : Use MR-HDP01 by connecting with internal I/F or Q173DPX.

(Note-2) : If a separate power supply is used, be sure it is 5VDC  $\pm$  0.25V voltage.

## 2.5.6 SSCNETⅢ cables

Between the Motion controller and servo amplifiers, or servo amplifier and servo amplifier connected by SSCNETII cable. Up to 16 servo amplifies can be connected.

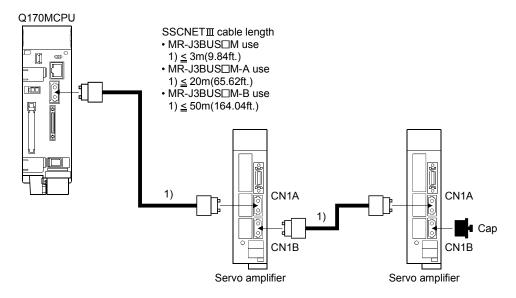
## (1) SSCNETⅢ cable specifications

Mode	l name	Cable length [m(ft.)]	Description
	MR-J3BUS015M	0.15 (0.49)	
	MR-J3BUS03M	0.3 (0.98)	
MR-J3BUS□M	MR-J3BUS05M	0.5 (1.64)	
	MR-J3BUS1M	1 (3.28)	
	MR-J3BUS3M	3 (9.84)	OAZONODILA NAD ISAMA ED
	MR-J3BUS5M-A	5 (16.40)	• Q170MCPU ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B • MR-J3(W)-□B ↔ MR-J3(W)-□B
MR-J3BUS□M-A	MR-J3BUS10M-A	10 (32.81)	•
	MR-J3BUS20M-A	20 (65.62)	
	MR-J3BUS30M-B	30 (98.43)	
MR-J3BUS□M-B	MR-J3BUS40M-B	40 (131.23)	
	MR-J3BUS50M-B	50 (164.04)	

## (2) Connection between the Q170MCPU and servo amplifiers

Connect the SSCNETⅢ cables to the following connectors.

Refer to Section 4.2.1 for the connection and disconnection of SSCNETII cable.



(Note): It cannot communicate with that the connection of CN1A and CN1B is mistaken.

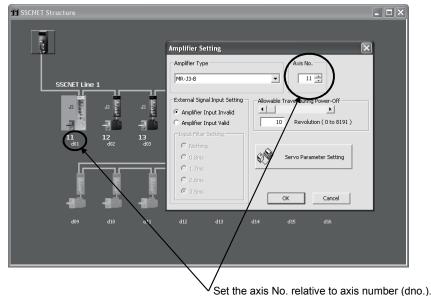
## (3) Setting of the axis No. and axis select rotary switch of servo amplifier

Axis No. is used to set the axis numbers of servo amplifiers connected to SSCNETIII connector in the program. Axis No. of 1 to 16 can be set.

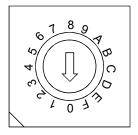
Axis No. is set in the system setting of MT Developer2. Axis No. (1 to 16) is allocated and set for the setting axis number (d01 to d16) of servo amplifier.

Since the axis number (d01 to d16) of servo amplifier on the system setting screen corresponds to axis select rotary switch (0 to F) of servo amplifier, set the axis select rotary switch referring to the table below.

• Setting display of axis No.



 Axis select rotary switch (Servo amplifier)



(Note): Correspondence between dno. and axis select rotary switch of servo amplifiers is shown below.

Correspondence between dno.s and axis select switches of servo amplifier

dno. (Note)	SSCNETII system	Axis select rotary switch of servo amplifier
d01	1	"0"
d02	1	"1"
d03	1	"2"
d04	1	"3"
d05	1	"4"
d06	1	"5"
d07	1	"6"
d08	1	"7"

dno. (Note)	SSCNETII system	Axis select rotary switch of servo amplifier
d09	1	"8"
d10	1	"9"
d11	1	"A"
d12	1	"B"
d13	1	"C"
d14	1	"D"
d15	1	"E"
d16	1	"F"

(Note): The dno. is number of servo amplifier axis displayed with the system setting of MT Developer2. Axis No. is set relative to dno. in the system settings.

## REMARK

The setting of axis select rotary switch is different depending on the servo amplifier. Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details.

#### 2.5.7 Battery

This section describes the battery specifications and, handling precautions used in the Motion controller.

## (1) Battery specifications

Model name	Q6BAT	Q7BAT	
Classification	Manganese dioxide lithium primary battery		
Initial voltage [V]	3.0		
Nominal current [mAh]	1800	5000	
Storage life	Actually 5 years (Room temperature)		
Lithium content [g]	0.49 1.52		
Applications	For memory data backup of RAM built-in Motion controller		
Exterior dimensions [mm(inch)]	φ16(0.63)×32(1.26)	φ24(0.94)×52(2.05)	

(Note): The following points are changed for lithium metal batteries transportation by sea or air due to Recommendations of the United Nations Rev. 15 and ICAO-TI 2009-2010 edition.

- A package containing 24 cells or 12 batteries or less that are not contained in equipment are no longer exempt from the following: attachment of a handling label, submission of the Shipper's Declaration for Dangerous Goods, and a 1.2m drop test.
- A battery handling label (size: 120 x 110mm) is required. Emergency telephone number must be filled out in the additional handling information of the Shipper's Declaration for Dangerous Goods.
- 3) New label design containing battery illustration must be used (in air transportation only).



Fig.2.1 Example of Label with Battery Illustration

Transportation precaution for customers
 Documentations like the handling label in the specified design and the Shipper's
 Declaration for Dangerous Goods are required for air and sea transportation. Please attach documentations like the handling label in the specified design and the Shipper's Declaration for Dangerous Goods to the package.

If you need the self-certification form for the battery safety test, contact Mitsubishi. For more information, contact Mitsubishi.

#### (2) Data back-up of Motion controller by the battery

Be sure to set the battery to the Motion controller.

Set the battery (Q6BAT/Q7BAT) to battery holder.

The data (Refer to Section 6.5.) of RAM built-in Motion controller are backed up without using the battery.

In the following status, the backup time after power OFF is 3 minutes.

- The Q6BAT/Q7BAT lead connector is disconnected.
- The lead wire of Q6BAT/Q7BAT is broken.

	Battery life (Total power failure time) [h] (Note-1)					
Battery type	Power-on time ratio	Guaranteed value (Note-3) (MIN) (75°C (167°F))	Guaranteed value (Note-4) (TYP) (40°C (104°F))	Actual service value (Note-5)  (Reference value)  (TYP) (25°C (77°F))	Backup time after alarm	
	0%	13000	40000			
	30%	18000			90 (After	
Q6BAT	50%	21000	43800	43800		
	70%	24000				
	100%	43800				
	0%	39000			SM51/SM52 ON)	
OZDAT	30%				31013 1/310132 (314)	
Q7BAT (Large capacity)	50%	43800	43800	43800		
(Large capacity)	70%	43000				
	100%					

- (Note-1): The actual service value indicates the average value, and the guaranteed value indicates the minimum value.
- (Note-2): The power-on time ratio indicates the ratio of Motion controller power-on time to one day (24 hours).

  (When the total power-on time is 17 hours and the total power-off time is 7 hours, the power-on time ratio is 70%.)
- (Note-3): The guaranteed value (MIN); equivalent to the total power failure time that is calculated based on the characteristics value of the memory (SRAM) supplied by the manufacturer and under the storage ambient temperature range of -25°C to 75°C (-13 to 167°F) (operating ambient temperature of 0°C to 55°C (32 to 131°F)).
- (Note-4): The guaranteed value (TYP); equivalent to the total power failure time that is calculated based on the normal air-conditioned environment  $(40^{\circ}\text{C }(104^{\circ}\text{F}))$ .
- (Note-5): The actual service value (Reference value); equivalent to the total power failure time that is calculated based on the measured value and under the storage ambient temperature of 25°C (77°F). This value is intended for reference only, as it varies with characteristics of the memory.

#### **POINTS**

The self-discharge influences the life of battery without the connection to Motion controller. The battery should be exchanged approximately every 4 or 5 years. And, exchange the battery with a new one in 4 to 5 years even if a total power failure time is guaranteed value or less.

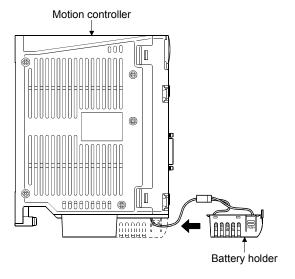
## **△** CAUTION

- Do not short a battery.
- Do not charge a battery.
- Do not disassemble a battery.
- Do not burn a battery.
- Do not overheat a battery.
- Do not solder the battery terminal.
- The data (Refer to Section 6.5.) of RAM built-in Motion controller are backed up without using the battery.

## (3) Connection procedure with Motion controller

Set the battery (Q6BAT/Q7BAT) to the battery holder, and connect between the lead connector of battery and connector of Motion controller.

Put the lead wire in the battery holder, and set it to the Motion controller.



Refer to Section 4.1.4 for the mounting and removal of the battery holder and the connection of the battery lead wire.

## 2.5.8 Forced stop input terminal

## (1) Table of the forced stop input terminal specifications

	Item	Specifications	
Number of input	points	Forced stop signal : 1 point	
Input method		Sink/Source type	
Rated input curre	ent	2.4mA	
Isolation method		Photocoupler	
		20.4 to 26.4VDC	
Operating voltag	e range	(+10/ -15%, ripple ratio 5% or less)	
ON voltage/curre	ent	17.5VDC or more/2.0mA or more	
OFF voltage/curi	rent	1.8VDC or less/0.18mA or less	
Input resistance		Approx. 10kΩ	
Deenenee time	OFF to ON	4222 22 1222	
Response time	ON to OFF	1ms or less	
External connector type		2 pin connector	
Applicable wire size		0.3mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG22)	

MEMO	

## 3. DESIGN

## 3.1 System Designing Procedure

System designing procedure is shown below.

Motion control system design

Select the operating system software to be installed according to the machinery and equipment to be controlled.

Select the number of Q172DLX's and design according to the each axis control system and whether servo external signals are required or not.

· When there is mechanical home position and home position return is made: Proximity dog required

- · For speed control: Speed-position switching control signal
- When overrun prevention is necessary: Stroke limit required
   When each axis stop is necessary: STOP signal required

Select whether the manual pulse generators, incremental synchronous encoders or I/O signals built-in Motion controller are required or not.

Refer to section 2.5.1

Refer to section 2.5.3

Select Q173DPX and design according to whether manual pulse generators and incremental synchronous encoders are required or not.

Refer to section 2.5.4

Select interrupt module QI60 according to whether interrupt input are required or not.

Select I/O modules/intelligent function modules according to the specifications of the external equipment to be controlled.

Refer to MELSEC-Q series manual.

Select the extension base units/extension cables, and make I/O assignment according to necessary number of Q172DLXs, Q173DPXs, I/O modules, intelligent function modules.

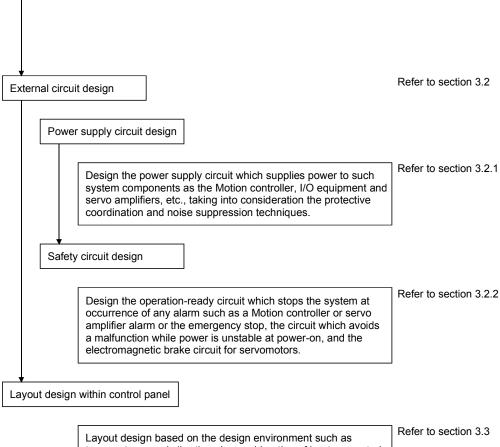
Refer to section 2.5.3 Refer to section 2.5.4 Refer to MELSEC-Q series manual.

Select the servo amplifier and servo motor according to the motor capacity and number of revolution from the machine mechanism to be controlled each axis.

Refer to the servo amplifier manual.

Set the servo amplifier connection by SSCNETⅢ and axis numbers (dno.) and axis No..

Refer to section 2.5.6



Layout design based on the design environment such as temperatures and vibrations in consideration of heat generated from modules and handling of module installation.

## **⚠**CAUTION

- Provide appropriate circuits external to the Motion controller to prevent cases where danger may result from abnormal operation of the overall system in the event of an external power supply fault or Motion controller failure.
- Mount the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor on incombustible. Mounting them directly or close to combustibles will lead to fire.
- If a fault occurs in the Motion controller or servo amplifier, shut the power OFF at the servo amplifier's power source. If a large current continues to flow, fire may occur.
- When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power OFF with an error signal. The regenerative resistor may abnormally overheat due to a fault in the regenerative transistor, etc., and may lead to fire.
- Always take heat measures such as flame proofing for the inside of the control panel where the servo amplifier or regenerative resistor is mounted and for the wires used. Failing to do so may lead to fire.
- Do not apply a voltage other than that specified in the instruction manual on any terminal. Doing so may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the polarity (+/-), as this may lead to destruction or damage.

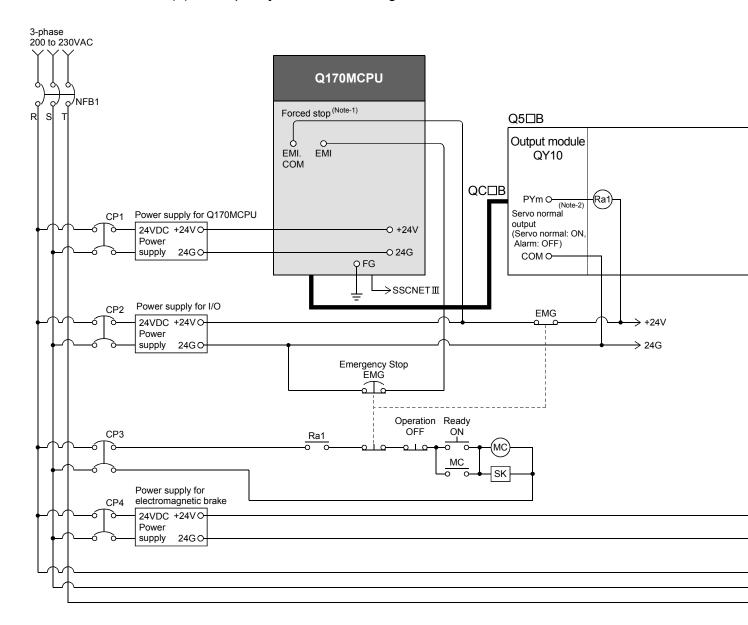
## **⚠** CAUTION

- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of controller or servo amplifier, regenerative resistor and servomotor, etc. while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
- Always turn the power OFF before touching the servomotor shaft or coupled machines, as these parts may lead to injuries.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching.
   Doing so may lead to injuries.
- Always mount a leakage breaker on the Motion controller and servo amplifier power source.
- If mounting of an electromagnetic contactor for power shut off during an error, etc., is specified in the instruction manual for the servo amplifier, etc., always mount the electromagnetic contactor.
- Mount an emergency stop circuit externally so that the operation can be stopped immediately and the power shut off.
- Use the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor and regenerative resistor with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to fire or faults.
- If safety standards (ex., robot safety rules, etc.,) apply to the system using the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor, make sure that the safety standards are satisfied.
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the Motion controller or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the Motion controller or servo amplifier differ from the safety directive operation in the system.
- In systems where coasting of the servomotor will be a problem during the forced stop, the emergency stop, servo OFF or when the power is shut OFF, use dynamic brakes.
- Make sure that the system considers the coasting amount even when using dynamic brakes.
- In systems where perpendicular shaft dropping may be a problem during the forced stop, the emergency stop, servo OFF or when the power is shut OFF, use both dynamic brakes and electromagnetic brakes.
- The dynamic brakes must be used only during the forced stop, the emergency stop and errors where servo OFF occurs. These brakes must not be used for normal braking.
- The brakes (electromagnetic brakes) assembled into the servomotor are for holding applications, and must not be used for normal braking.
- The system must have a mechanical allowance so that the machine itself can stop even if the stroke limits switch is passed through at the max. speed.
- Use wires and cables that have a wire diameter, heat resistance and bending resistance compatible with the system.
- Use wires and cables within the length of the range described in the instruction manual.
- The ratings and characteristics of the parts (other than Motion controller, servo amplifier, servomotor) used in a system must be compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor.
- Install a cover on the shaft so that the rotary parts of the servomotor are not touched during operation.
- There may be some cases where holding by the electromagnetic brakes is not possible due to the life or mechanical structure (when the ball screw and servomotor are connected with a timing belt, etc.). Mount a stopping device to ensure safety on the machine side.

## 3.2 External Circuit Design

As to the ways to design the external circuits of the Motion system, this section describes the method and instructions for designing the power supply circuits and safety circuits, etc.

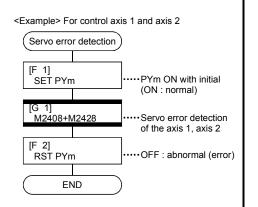
(1) Sample system circuit design for Motion CPU area

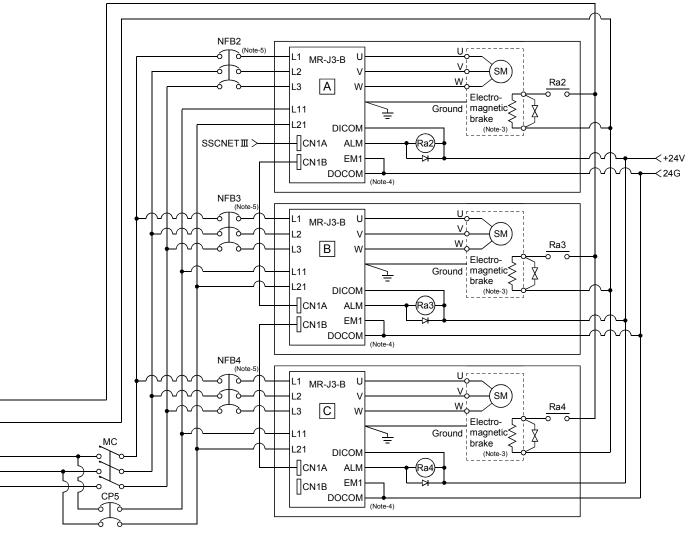


#### **POINT**

- (1) (Note-1): Make the forced stop input cable within 30m(98.43ft.). The forced stop by the forced stop terminal of input module is also possible.
- (2) (Note-2): Motion SFC program example is shown in the right record.
- (3) (Note-3): It is also possible to use a full wave rectified power supply as the power supply for the electromagnetic brake.
- (4) (Note-4): It is also possible to use forced stop signal of the servo amplifier.
- (5) (Note-5): When using the leakage breaker, it recommends using one leakage breaker for one servo amplifier.

When electric power is supplied to multiple servo amplifiers for one leakage breaker, select the wire connected to the servo amplifier according to the capacity of the leakage breaker.





(Note-1): When the control power supply of servo amplifier is shut off, it is not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier after that. Example) When the control power supply L11/L21 of servo amplifier in above  $\boxed{\mathbb{B}}$  figure is shut off, it is also not possible to communicate with the servo amplifier  $\boxed{\mathbb{C}}$ .

If only a specific servo amplifier power supply is shut off, be sure to shut off the main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3, and do not shut off the control power supply L11/L21.

(Note-2): Be sure to shut off the both of main circuit power supply L1/L2/L3 and control power supply L11/L21 at the time of exchange of servo amplifier. At this time, it is not possible to communicate between the servo amplifier and Motion controller. Therefore, be sure to exchange the servo amplifier after stopping the operating of machine beforehand.

#### Power supply 000 000 Transformer Transformer www. m Input switched when Fuse power supply established PLC CPU area SM52 DC power RUN/STOP circuit (-) (+) SM403 interlocked with RA1 **⊣** ⊦ Yn Fuse (run monitor relay) XM Set time for тм) DC power supply to be TM established N0 MC1 N0 M10 M10 Program START SW (RA2) Voltage relay is recommended RA2 XM Low battery alarm Output module (Lamp or buzzer) ON when run by SM403 Υn Output module МС МС Interlock circuits as necessary. Provide external interlock Power to output circuits for conflicting equipment switched OFF when the STOP operations, such as forward signal is given. rotation and reverse rotation, and for parts that could damage the machine or cause accidents if no interlock were In the case of an emergency stop or a stop caused by used. a limit switch.

## (2) System design circuit example of the PLC CPU area

The start-up procedure is as follows

- 1) Switch the Motion controller power ON.
- 2) Set the Motion controller to RUN.
- 3) When DC power is established, RA2 goes ON.
- 4) Timer (TM) times out after the DC power reaches 100[%]. (The TM set value should be the period of time from when RA2 goes ON to the establishment of 100[%] DC voltage. Set this value to approximately 0.5 seconds.)
- 5) Turn ON the start switch.
- 6) When the electromagnetic contactor (MC) comes on, the output equipment is powered and may be driven by the program. (If a voltage relay is used at RA2, no timer (TM) is required in the program.)

## 3.2.1 Power supply circuit design

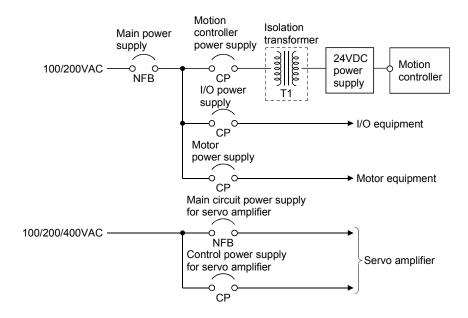
This section describes the protective coordination and noise suppression techniques of the power supply circuit.

## Separation and protective coordination (leakage current protection, over current protection) of power supply lines

Separate the lines for Motion controller's power supplies from the lines for I/O devices and servo amplifiers as shown below.

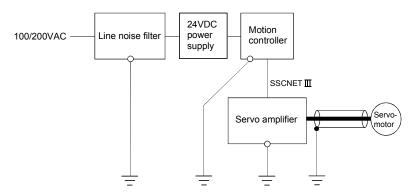
When there is much noise, connect an insulation transformer.

The Motion controller may malfunction as it is affected by various noises such as electric path noises from the power supply systems, and electromagnetic noises from conductors. To avoid such troubles, set the 24VDC power supply according to application.



## (2) Grounding

The Motion controller may malfunction as it is affected by various noises such as electric path noises from the power supply systems, radiated and induced noises from other equipment, servo amplifiers and their cables, and electromagnetic noises from conductors. To avoid such troubles, connect the earthing ground of each equipment and the shield grounds of the shielded cables to the earth. For grounding, use the exclusive ground terminal wire of each equipment or a single-point earth method to avoid grounding by common wiring, where possible, since noises may sneak from other equipment due to common impedances.



(Note): Be sure to ground the line noise filter, Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor. (Ground resistance :  $100 \Omega$  or less)

#### 3.2.2 Safety circuit design

#### (1) Concept of safety circuits

When the Motion controller is powered on and off, normal control output may not be done momentarily due to a delay or a startup time difference between the Motion controller power supply and the external power supply (DC in particular) for the control target.

Also, an abnormal operation may be performed if an external power supply fault or Motion controller failure takes place.

To prevent any of these abnormal operations from leading to the abnormal operation of the whole system and in a fail-safe viewpoint, areas which can result in machine breakdown and accidents due to abnormal operations (e.g. emergency stop, protective and interlock circuits) should be constructed outside the Motion controller.

#### (2) Emergency stop circuit

The circuit should be constructed outside of the Motion controller or servo amplifier. Shut off the power supply to the external servo amplifier by this circuit, make the electromagnetic brakes of the servomotor operated.

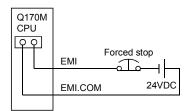
#### (3) Forced stop circuit

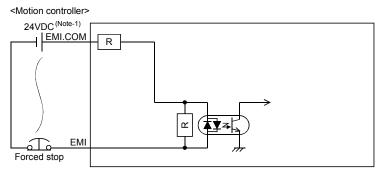
(a) The forced stop of all servo amplifiers is possible in a lump by using the forced stop input of Motion controller. After forced stop, the forced stop factor is removed and the forced stop canceled.

(The servo error detection signal does not turn on with the forced stop.) The forced stop input cannot be invalidated in the parameter setting of system setting.

Make the forced stop input cable within 30[m](98.43[ft.]).

The wiring example for the forced stop input of Motion controller is shown below.





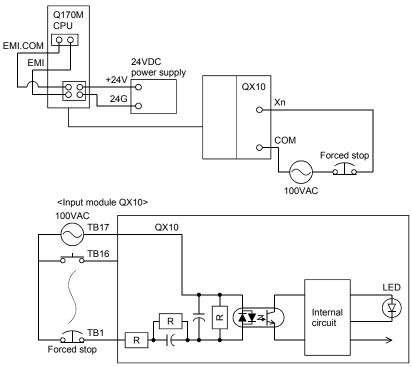
(Note): The forced stop input can not be invalidated in the system settings.

(Note-1): As for the connection, both "+" and "-" are possible.

(b) The forced stop of all servo amplifiers is possible in a lump by using the forced stop input of input modules. After forced stop, the forced stop factor is removed and the forced stop canceled.

(The servo error detection signal does not turn on with the forced stop.) The forced stop input can be set by allocation of the device number in the parameter setting of system setting. When the device is used, apply 24VDC voltage on EMI connector and invalidate the forced stop input of EMI connector.

The wiring example that uses the forced stop input of input module (QX10) is shown below.



(Note): The forced stop input can be set in the system settings.

(c) It is also possible to use the forced stop signal of the servo amplifier. Refer to manual of the servo amplifier about servomotor capacity.

Operation status of the emergency stop and the forced stop are as follows.

Item	Operation of the signal ON	Remark	
Emergency stop	0	Shut off the power supply to the external servo amplifier by external circuit, make the servomotor stopped.	
Forced stop	Servo OFF	The servomotor is stopped according to the stop instruction from Motion controller to the servo amplifier.	

## 3.3 Layout Design within The Control Panel

## 3.3.1 Mounting environment

Mount the Motion controller system in the following environment conditions.

- (1) Ambient temperature is within the range of 0 to 55[°C] (32 to 131[°F]).
- (2) Ambient humidity is within the range of 5 to 95[%]RH.
- (3) No condensing from sudden temperature changes
- (4) No corrosive or inflammable gas
- (5) There must not be a lot of conductible dust, iron filings, oil mist, or salt, organic solvents.
- (6) No direct sunlight
- (7) No strong electrical or magnetic fields
- (8) No direct vibrations or shocks on the Motion controller

#### 3.3.2 Calculating heat generation by Motion controller

The ambient temperature inside the panel storing the Motion controller must be suppressed to an ambient temperature of 55°C(131°F) or less, which is specified for the Motion controller.

For the design of a heat releasing panel, it is necessary to know the average power consumption (heating value) of the devices and instruments stored inside.

Here the method of obtaining the average power consumption of system is described. From the power consumption, calculate a rise in ambient temperature inside the control panel.

#### How to calculate average power consumption

The power consuming parts of the Motion controller are roughly classified into six blocks as shown below.

(1) Total power consumption for logic 5VDC circuits of all modules (including Motion controller)

This is a power to which each module consumes the current supplied by the 5VDC output circuit of the internal power supply.

(including the current consumption of the base unit.)

$$W_{5V} = I_{5V} \times 5 [W]$$

15V: Current consumption of logic 5VDC circuit of each module

(2) Power consumption of internal power supply

The power conversion efficiency of the internal power supply is approx. 80[%], while 20 [%] of the output power is consumed as heat. As a result, 1/4 of the output power is the power consumption.

Therefore the calculation formula is as follows.

$$WPW = \frac{1}{4} \times W5V [W]$$

15V: Current consumption of logic 5VDC circuit of each module

(3) A total of 24VDC average power consumption of the internal output circuit and output module

The average power of the external 24VDC power is the total power consumption of the internal output circuit and each output module.

 $W_{24V} = I_{24V} \times 24 \times Simultaneous ON rate [W]$ 

l24V: Average current consumption of external 24VDC power supply [A] (Power consumption for simultaneous ON points)

(4) Average power consumption due to voltage drop in the output section of the internal output circuit and output module (Power consumption for simultaneous ON points)

Wout = Iout  $\times$  Vdrop  $\times$  Number of outputs  $\times$  Simultaneous ON rate [W]

IOUT : Output current (Current in actual use) [A]

Vdrop: Voltage drop in the internal output circuit and each output module [V]

(5) Average power consumption of the input section of the internal input circuit and input module (Power consumption for simultaneous ON points)

WIN = IIN  $\times$  E  $\times$  Number of input points  $\times$  Simultaneous ON rate [W]

IIN: Input current (Effective value for AC) [A]
E: Input voltage (Voltage in actual use) [V]

(6) Power consumption of the external power supply section of the intelligent function module

Ws = I+15V 
$$\times$$
 15 + I-15V  $\times$  15 + I24V  $\times$  24[W]

I+15V: Power consumption of the +15VDC external power supply section of the intelligent function module

I-15V: Power consumption of the -15VDC external power supply section of the intelligent function module

I24V: Power consumption of the 24VDC external power supply section of the intelligent function module

The total of the power consumption values calculated for each block is the power consumption of the overall Motion system

 $W = W_{5V} + W_{PW} + W_{24V} + W_{OUT} + W_{IN} + W_{S} [W]$ 

From this overall power consumption [W], calculate the heating value and a rise in ambient temperature inside the panel.

The outline of the calculation formula for a rise in ambient temperature inside the panel is shown below.

$$T = \frac{W}{UA} [^{\circ}C]$$

W: Power consumption of overall Motion system (value obtained above)

A : Surface area inside the panel [m<sup>2</sup>]

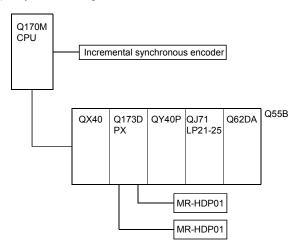
U: When the ambient temperature inside the panel is uniformed by a fan......6
When air inside the panel is not circulated.......4

#### **POINT**

If the temperature inside the panel has exceeded the specified range, it is recommended to mount a heat exchanger to the panel to lower the temperature. If a normal ventilating fan is used, dust will be sucked into the Motion controller together with the external air, and it may affect the performance of the Motion controller.

## (7) Example of average power consumption calculation

(a) System configuration



(b) 5VDC/24VDC current consumption of each module

Model name	5VDC	24VDC
Q170MCPU	2.00 [A]	0.08 [A] (Internal output circuit)
Incremental synchronous encoder	0.20 [A]	_
QX40 <sup>(Note)</sup>	0.05 [A]	_
Q173DPX	0.38 [A]	_
MR-HDP01	0.06 [A]	_
QY40P (Note)	0.065 [A]	1.60 [A]
QJ71LP21-25 (Note)	0.55 [A]	_
Q62DA (Note)	0.33 [A]	0.12 [A]
Q55B <sup>(Note)</sup>	0.10 [A]	_

(Note): 5VDC internal current consumption of shared equipments with PLC might be changed. Be sure to refer to the MELSEC-Q series PLC Manuals.

(c) Total power consumption for logic 5VDC circuits of all modules 
$$W_{5V} = (2.00 + 0.20 + 0.05 + 0.38 + 0.06 \times 2 + 0.065 + 0.55 + 0.33 + 0.10) \times 5$$
 = 18.975 [W]

(d) Power consumption of internal power supply

WPW = 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 × 18.975 = 4.744 [W]

(e) A total of 24VDC average power consumption of the internal output circuit and output module

$$W_{24V} = (0.08 + 1.60) \times 24 \times 1 = 40.32 [W]$$

(f) Average power consumption due to voltage drop in the output section of the internal output circuit and output module

WOUT = 
$$0.04 \times 2.75 \times 2 \times 1 + 0.1 \times 0.2 \times 16 \times 1 = 0.54$$
 [W]

(g) Average power consumption of the input section of the internal input circuit and input module

Win = 
$$0.005 \times 24 \times 4 \times 1 + 0.004 \times 24 \times 16 \times 1 = 2.016$$
 [W]

(h) Power consumption of the external power supply section of the intelligent function module.

$$Ws = 0.12 \times 24 = 2.88 [W]$$

(i) Power consumption of overall system

$$W = 18.975 + 4.744 + 40.32 + 0.54 + 2.016 + 2.88 = 69.475 [W]$$

# 3.4 Design Checklist

At the worksite, copy the following table for use as a check sheet.

Item	Sub Item	Design confirmation		
		Number of axes	axes	
	Motion controller	Manual pulse generator	pcs.	
	selection	Incremental synchronous encoder	pcs.	
		Number of I/O points	points	
		Manual pulse generator	pcs.	
		Incremental synchronous encoder	pcs.	
		Upper limit point	points	
		Lower limit point	points	
	Motion module	STOP input point	points	
Module	selection	Proximity dog input point	points	
selection		Speed switching input point	points	
		Tracking enable signal point	points	
		Q172DLX	modules	
		Q173DPX	modules	
	Extension base unit and extension cable selection	Number of I/O modules/intelligent function		
		modules installed to extension base unit	modules	
		Distance between Motion controller and	mm	
		extension base unit	mm	
		Extension base unit selection		
		Extension cable selection		
External	Fail-safe circuit design	Avoidance of operation failure at power-on		
circuit design	raii-sale circuit design	Avoidance of hazard at Motion controller failure		
		Conformance with general specifications such as ambient		
	Module layout design	temperature, humidity, dust, etc.		
Layout design		Total power consumption of base unit	w	П
		(Calculate the heating value)	٧٧	
acoign		Layout in consideration of clearances between enclosure's inside		
		walls, other structures and modules and heats generated by		
		modules within the control panel.		

#### 4. INSTALLATION AND WIRING

#### 4.1 Module Installation

#### 4.1.1 Instructions for handling

# **⚠**CAUTION

- Use the Motion controller in an environment that meets the general specifications contained in this manual. Using this Motion controller in an environment outside the range of the general specifications could result in electric shock, fire, operation failure, and damage to or deterioration of the product.
- When the modules are installed to the base unit while pressing the installation lever located at the bottom of module, insert the module fixing projection into the fixing hole in the base unit until it stops. Then, securely install the module with the fixing hole as a supporting point. Incorrect installation of the module can cause an operation failure, damage or drop.
  - When using the Motion controller in the environment of much vibration, tighten the module with a screw. Tighten the screw in the specified torque range. Under tightening may cause a drop, short circuit or operation failure. Over tightening may cause a drop, short circuit or operation failure due to damage to the screw or module.
- Be sure to connect the extension cable to connectors of the base unit correctly. After connecting, check them for looseness. Poor connections could cause an input or output failure.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module. Not doing so could result in electric shock or damage to the product.
- Do not install/remove the module onto/from base unit or terminal block more than 50 times, after the first use of the product. Failure to do so may cause the module to malfunction due to poor contact of connector.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Doing so may cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.
- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of controller or servo amplifier's, regenerative resistor and servo motor, etc. while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
  - Remove the modules while paying attention.

This section describes instructions for handling the Motion controller, motion, I/O and intelligent function modules, base units and so on.

- (1) Module, terminal block connectors and pin connectors are made of resin; do not drop them or subject them to strong impact.
- (2) Do not remove modules' printed circuit boards from the enclosure in order to avoid changes in operation.

(3) Tighten the module fixing screws and terminal block screws within the tightening torque range specified below.

Location of screw	Tightening torque range [N•m]
Motion controller fixing screw (M5 screw)	2.75 to 3.63 <sup>(Note-1)</sup>
Motion controller FG fixing screw (M4 $ imes$ 12 screw)	0.82 to 1.11
Module fixing screw (M3 $ imes$ 12 screw)	0.36 to 0.48
I/O module terminal block screw (M3 screw)	0.42 to 0.58
I/O module terminal block fixing screw (M3.5 screw)	0.68 to 0.92
Base unit fixing screw (M4 $ imes$ 14 screw)	1.40 to 1.89 <sup>(Note-1)</sup>

(Note-1): Torque range applies when the mounting panel is 2mm(0.88inch) thick and a fastening nut is used to secure the screw from the back side of the panel.

- (4) When using an extension cable, keep it away from the main circuit cable (high voltage and large current).
  - Keep a distance of 100mm or more from the main circuit.
- (5) Be sure to fix a Motion controller or base unit to the panel using mounting screws. Not doing so could result in vibration that may cause erroneous operation.

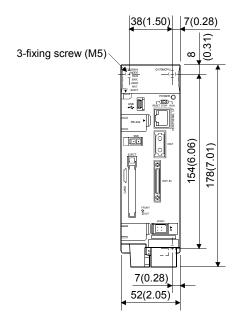
# 4.1.2 Instructions for mounting the modules

When mounting the Motion controller, base unit to an enclosure or similar, fully consider its operability, maintainability and environmental resistance.

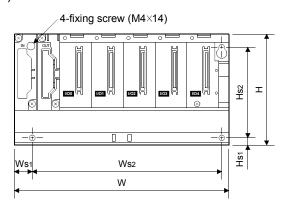
# (1) Fitting dimensions

# (a) Motion controller

[Unit: mm (inch)]



#### (b) Base unit



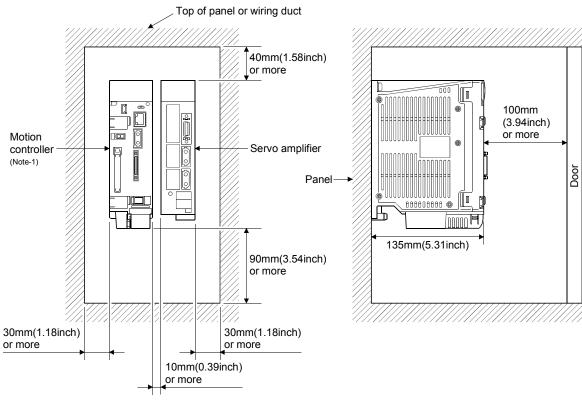
	Q52B	Q55B	
W	106 (4.17)	189 (7.44)	
Ws1	15.5 (0.61)		
10/	83.5 ± 0.3	167 ± 0.3	
Ws2	$(3.29 \pm 0.01)$	(6.57 ± 0.01)	
Н	98 (3.86)		
Hs1	7 (0.28)		
Hs <sub>2</sub>	80 ± 0.3 (3.15 ± 0.01)		

[Unit: mm (inch)]

## (2) Module mounting position

Keep the clearances shown below between the top/bottom faces of the module and other structures or parts to ensure good ventilation and facilitate module replacement.

# (a) Motion controller



(Note-1): Fit the Motion controller at the left side of the servo amplifier.

# (b) Base unit Top of panel or wiring duct Base unit Panel 20mm(0.79inch) or more (Note-2) 5mm(0.20inch) or more (Note-1) 5mm(0.20inch) or more (Note-1) 5mm(0.20inch) or more

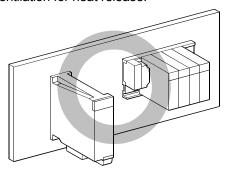
(Note-1): 20mm(0.79inch) or more when the adjacent module is not removed and the extension cable is connected.

(Note-2): 80mm (3.15inch) or more for the connector type.

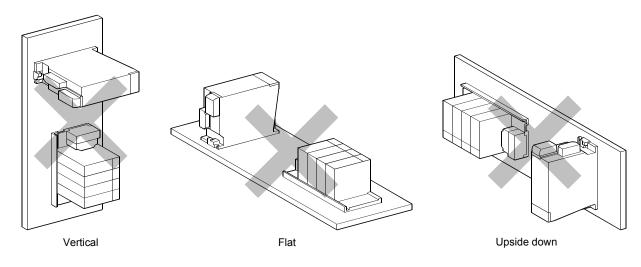
(Note-3): For wiring duct with 50mm(1.97inch) or less height. 40mm(1.57inch) or more for other cases.

# (3) Module mounting orientation

(a) Mount the Motion controller in the orientation shown below to ensure good ventilation for heat release.



(b) Do not use it in either of the orientations shown below.



# (4) Mounting surface

Mount the Motion controller and base unit on a flat surface. If the mounting surface is not even, this may strain the printed circuit boards and cause malfunctions.

(5) Mounting of unit in an area where the other devices are mounted Avoid mounting base unit in proximity to vibration sources such as large magnetic contractors and no-fuse circuit breakers; mount those on a separate panel or at a distance).

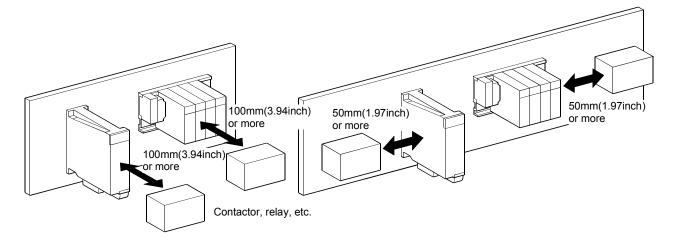
# (6) Distances from the other devices

In order to avoid the effects of radiated noise and heat, provide the clearances indicated below between the Motion controller/base unit and devices that generate noise or heat (contactors and relays, etc.).

In front of Motion controller/base unit:

100mm (3.94inch) or more

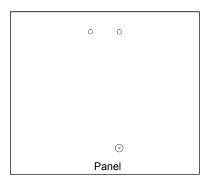
• On the right and left of Motion controller/base unit: 50mm (1.97inch) or more



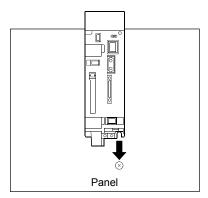
- (7) Mounting method for the modules
  - (a) Motion controller

Mount a Motion controller in the following procedure.

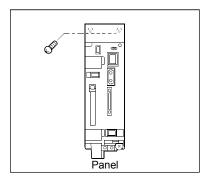
1) Fit the one Motion controller bottom mounting screws into the enclosure.



2) Place the bottom side notch of the Motion controller onto the bottom side screw.



3) Fit the mounting screws into the holes at the top of the Motion controller and then retighten the all mounting screws.



POINT

Screw the Motion controller to the panel.

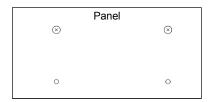
# **∆** CAUTION

Do not touch the heat radiating fins of controller or servo amplifier's, regenerative resistor and servomotor, etc. while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns. Remove the modules while paying attention.

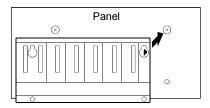
#### (b) Base unit

Mount a base unit in the following procedure.

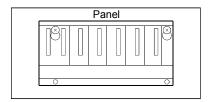
1) Fit the two base unit top mounting screws into the enclosure.



2) Place the right-hand side pear-shaped hole of the base unit onto the right-hand side screw.



 Place the left-hand side pear-shaped hole of the base unit onto the lefthand side screw.



4) Fit the mounting screws into the holes at the bottom of the base unit, and then retighten the all mounting screws.

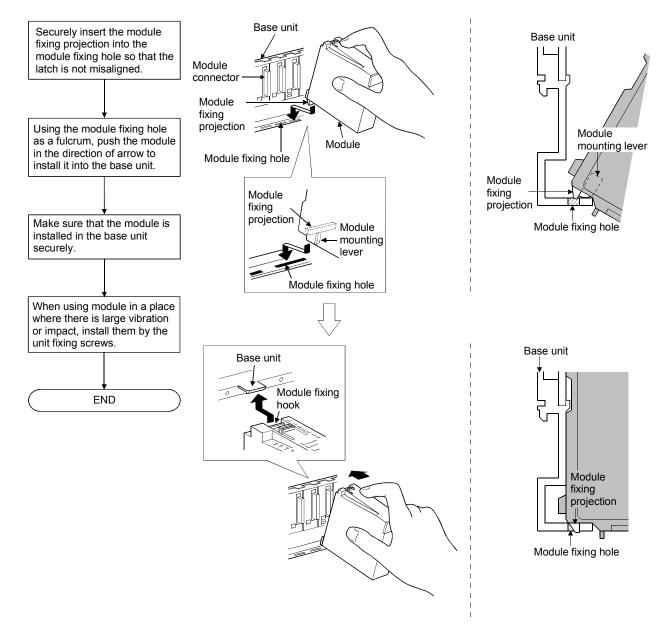
(Note): Mount a base unit to a panel, with no module installed in the right-end slot. Remove the base unit after removing the module from the right-end slot.

#### 4.1.3 Installation and removal of module to the base unit

This section describes how to install and remove a Motion module, I/O module, intelligent function module or another module to and from the base unit.

#### (1) Installation and removal of the module from base unit

#### (a) Installation



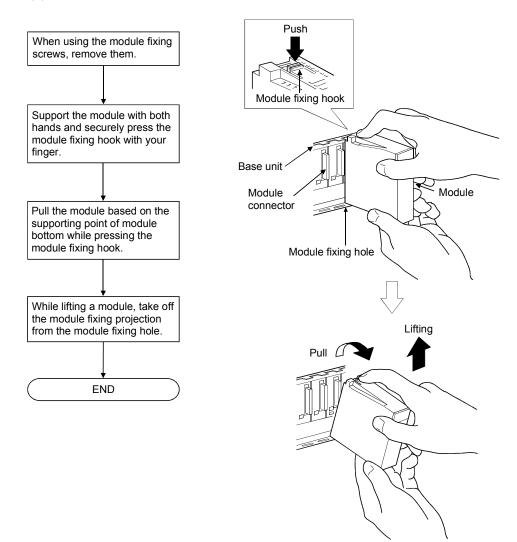
#### **POINTS**

- (1) When installing the module, always insert the module fixing projection into the module fixing hole of the base unit.
  - At that time, securely insert the module fixing projection so that it does not come off from the module fixing hole.
  - If the module is forcibly installed without the latch being inserted, the module connector and module will be damaged.
- (2) When using the modules in a place where there is large vibration or impact, screw the module to the base unit.
  - Module fixing screw: M3×12 (user-prepared)
- (3) Do not install/remove the module onto/from base unit or terminal block more than 50 times, after the first use of the product. Failure to do so may cause the module to malfunction due to poor contact of connector.

# **∆** CAUTION

- When the modules are installed to the base unit while pressing the installation lever located at the bottom of module, insert the module fixing projection into the fixing hole in the base unit until it stops. Then, securely install the module with the fixing hole as a supporting point. Incorrect installation of the module can cause an operation failure, damage or drop.
  - When using the Motion controller in the environment of much vibration, tighten the module with a screw.
  - Tighten the screw in the specified torque range. Under tightening may cause a drop, short circuit or operation failure. Over tightening may cause a drop, short circuit or operation failure due to damage to the screw or module.

#### (b) Removal



#### **POINT**

When the module fixing screw is used, always remove the module by removing the module fixing screw and then taking the module fixing projection off the module fixing hole of the base unit.

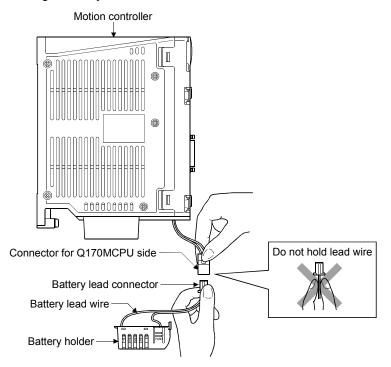
Attempting to remove the module by force may damage the module fixing projection.

# 4.1.4 Mounting and removal of the battery holder

Mounting and removal procedure of the battery holder to the Motion controller is shown below.

# (1) Handling the battery lead wire

- (a) Precautions for handling the battery lead wire
  - For connection or removal of the battery lead wire, do it surely while holding a battery lead connector.



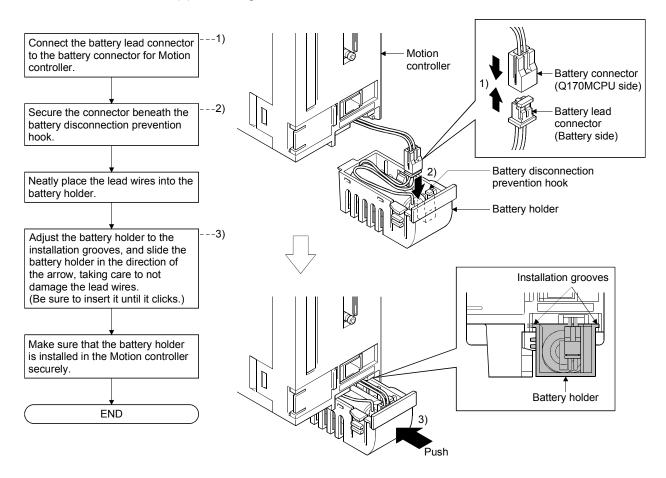
- (b) Connection of the battery lead wire
  - For connection of a battery (Q6BAT/Q7BAT) to the Motion controller, connect it surely to a battery connector of Motion controller side while holding a battery lead connector. Be sure to insert it until it clicks.
- (c) Removal of the battery lead wire
  - For removal of the battery lead wire, pull out it while holding a battery lead connector and a battery connector of Motion controller side.

## **POINT**

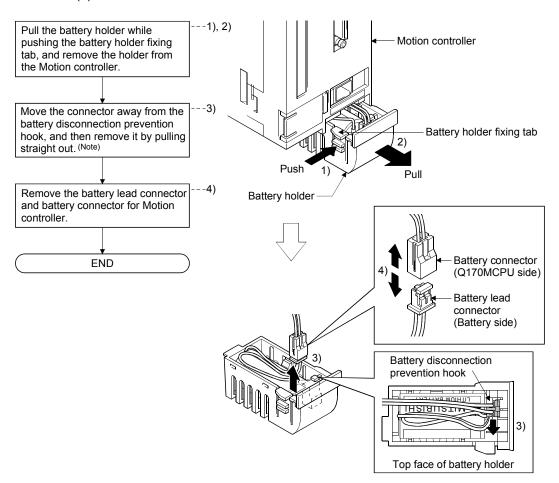
- (1) Forcibly removal a connector while holding the battery lead wire will damage the battery connector or battery lead wire.
- (2) The data (Refer to Section 6.5) of RAM built-in Motion controller are backed up if the battery connector is not connect correctly.

# (2) Battery holder (For Q6BAT)

(a) Mounting



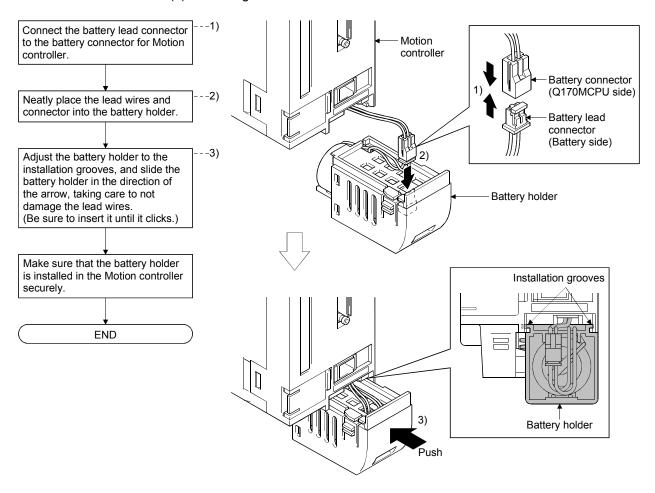
#### (b) Removal



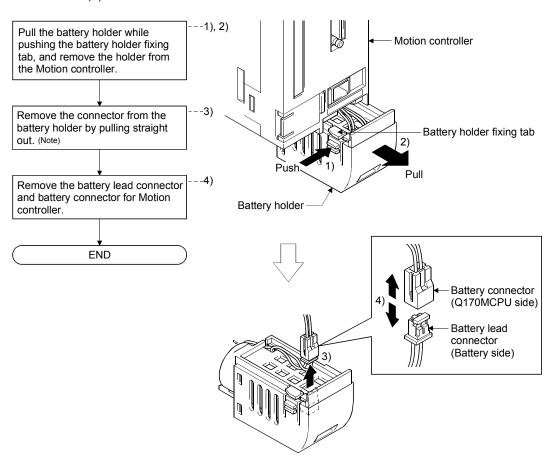
(Note): Do not pull on the lead wire forcibly to remove the connector.

# (3) Battery holder (For Q7BAT)

#### (a) Mounting



#### (b) Removal



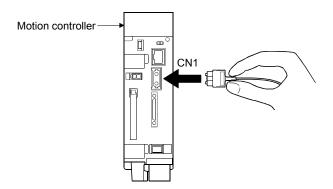
(Note): Do not pull on the lead wire forcibly to remove the connector.

#### 4.2 Connection and Disconnection of Cable

#### 4.2.1 SSCNETⅢ cable

#### (1) Precautions for handling the SSCNETⅢ cable

- Do not stamp the SSCNET**I** cable.
- When laying the SSCNETI cable, be sure to secure the minimum cable bend radius or more. If the bend radius is less than the minimum cable bend radius, it may cause malfunctions due to characteristic deterioration, wire breakage, etc.
- For connection and disconnection of SSCNETI cable, hold surely a tab of cable connector.



#### (2) Connection of SSCNETⅢ cable

- For connection of SSCNETI cable to the Motion controller, connect it to the SSCNETI connector CN1 of Motion controller while holding a tab of SSCNETI cable connector. Be sure to insert it until it clicks.
- If the cord tip for the SSCNET cable is dirty, optical transmission is interrupted and it may cause malfunctions. If it becomes dirty, wipe with a bonded textile, etc. Do not use solvent such as alcohol.

#### (3) Disconnection of SSCNETⅢ cable

- For disconnection of SSCNET acable, pull out it while holding a tab of SSCNET cable connector or the connector.
- After disconnection of SSCNETII cable, be sure to put a cap (attached to Motion controller or servo amplifier) to the Motion controller and servo amplifier.
- For SSCNET cable, attach the tube for protection optical cord's end face on the end of connector.

#### (4) Precautions of SSCNETⅢ cable wiring

SSCNETII cable is made from optical fiber. If optical fiber is added a power such as a major shock, lateral pressure, haul, sudden bending or twist, its inside distorts or breaks, and optical transmission will not be available. Especially, as optical fiber for MR-J3BUSDM and MR-J3BUSDM-A is made of synthetic resin, it melts down if being left near the fire or high temperature. Therefore, do not make it touched the part, which becomes high temperature, such as radiator or regenerative option of servo amplifier, or servo motor.

Be sure to use optical fiber within the range of operating temperature described in this manual.

Read described item of this section carefully and handle it with caution.

## (a) Minimum bend radius

Make sure to lay the cable with greater radius than the minimum bend radius. Do not press the cable to edges of equipment or others. For SSCNETIII cable, the appropriate length should be selected with due consideration for the dimensions and arrangement of Motion controller and servo amplifier. When closing the door of control panel, pay careful attention for avoiding the case that SSCNETIII cable is hold down by the door and the cable bend becomes smaller than the minimum bend radius.

Model name of SSCNETⅢ cable	Minimum bend radius[mm(inch)]		
MR-J3BUS□M	25(0.98)		
AAD JODIJOTAA A	Enforced covering cord : 50 (1.97)		
MR-J3BUS□M-A	Cord : 25 (0.98)		
MD IODUOTIM D	Enforced covering cord : 50 (1.97)		
MR-J3BUS□M-B	Cord: 30 (1.18)		

#### (b) Tension

If tension is added on the SSCNETII cable, the increase of transmission loss occurs because of external force which concentrates on the fixing part of SSCNETII cable or the connecting part of SSCNETII connector. At worst, the breakage of SSCNETIII cable or damage of SSCNETIII connector may occur. For cable laying, handle without putting forced tension. (Refer to "APPENDIX 4.1 SSCNETIII cables" for the tension strength.)

#### (c) Lateral pressure

If lateral pressure is added on the SSCNETII cable, the cable itself distorts, internal optical fiber gets stressed, and then transmission loss will increase. At worst, the breakage of SSCNETII cable may occur. As the same condition also occurs at cable laying, do not tighten up SSCNETII cable with a thing such as nylon band (TY-RAP).

Do not trample it down or tuck it down with the door of control panel or others.

#### (d) Twisting

If SSCNETII cable is twisted, it will become the same stress added condition as when local lateral pressure or bend is added. Consequently, transmission loss increases, and the breakage of SSCNETII cable may occur at worst.

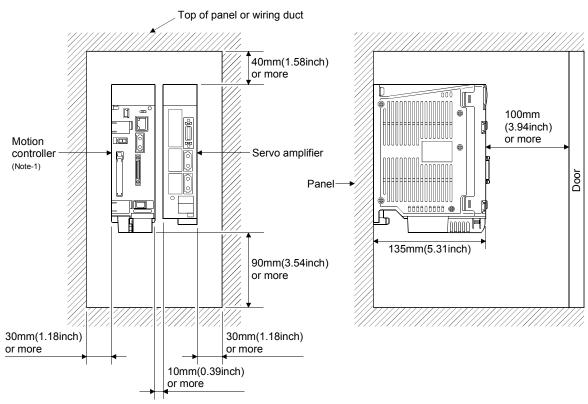
#### (e) Disposal

When incinerating optical cable (cord) used for SSCNETII cable, hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas which is corrosive and harmful may be generated. For disposal of SSCNETII cable, request for specialized industrial waste disposal services who has incineration facility for disposing hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas.

## (f) Wiring process of SSCNETⅢ cable

Put the SSCNETII cable in the duct or fix the cable at the closest part to the Motion controller with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNETII cable from putting its own weight on SSCNETII connector. Leave the following space for wiring.

#### · Putting in the duct

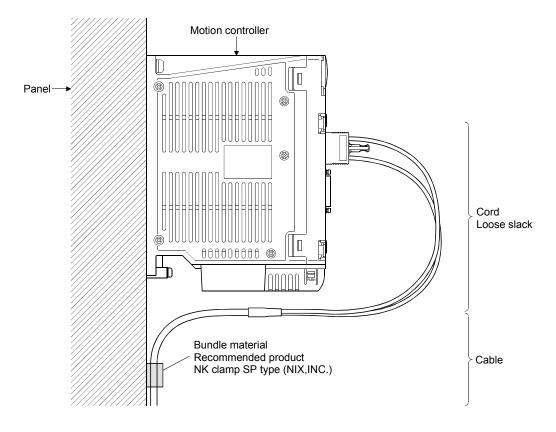


(Note-1): Fit the Motion controller at the left side of the servo amplifier.

#### • Bundle fixing

Optical cord should be given loose slack to avoid from becoming smaller than the minimum bend radius, and it should not be twisted. When bundling the cable, fix and hold it in position by using cushioning such as sponge or rubber which does not contain migratable plasticizing.

If using adhesive tape for bundling the cable, fire resistant acetate cloth adhesive tape 570F (Teraoka Seisakusho Co., Ltd) is recommended.



#### **POINTS**

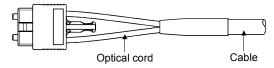
- (1) Be sure to connect SSCNETIII cable with the above connector. If the connection is mistaken, between the Motion controller and servo amplifier cannot be communicated.
- (2) Forcibly removal the SSCNETIII cable from the Motion controller will damage the Motion controller and SSCNETIII cables.
- (3) After removal of the SSCNETIII cable, be sure to put a cap on the SSCNETIII connector. Otherwise, adhesion of dirt deteriorates in characteristic and it may cause malfunctions.
- (4) Do not remove the SSCNETIII cable while turning on the power supply of Motion controller and servo amplifier.

  Do not see directly the light generated from SSCNETIII connector of Motion controller or servo amplifier and the end of SSCNETIII cable. When the light gets into eye, may feel something is wrong for eye. (The light source of SSCNETIII cable complies with class1 defined in JISC6802 or IEC60825-1.)
- (5) If the SSCNETIII cable is added a power such as a major shock, lateral pressure, haul, sudden bending or twist, its inside distorts or brakes, and optical transmission will not be available.
  Be sure to take care enough so that the short SSCNETIII cable is added a twist easily.
- (6) Be sure to use the SSCNETⅢ cable within the range of operating temperature described in this manual. Especially, as optical fiber for MR-J3BUS□M and MR-J3BUS□M-A are made of synthetic resin, it melts down if being left near the fire or high temperature. Therefore, do not make it touched the part which becomes high temperature, such as radiator or regenerative option of servo amplifier, or servomotor.
- (7) When laying the SSCNETIII cable, be sure to secure the minimum cable bend radius or more.
- (8) Put the SSCNETIII cable in the duct or fix the cable at the closest part to the Motion controller with bundle material in order to prevent SSCNETIII cable from putting its own weight on SSCNETIII connector.

  When laying cable, the optical cord should be given loose slack to avoid from becoming smaller than the minimum bend radius, and it should not be twisted. When bundling the cable, fix and hold it in position by using cushioning such as sponge or rubber which does not contain migratable plasticizing. If using adhesive tape for bundling the cable, fire resistant acetate cloth adhesive tape 570F (Teraoka Seisakusho Co., Ltd) is recommended.

#### **POINTS**

(9) Migrating plasticizer is used for vinyl tape. Keep the MR-J3BUS□M, and MR-J3BUS□M-A cables away from vinyl tape because the optical characteristic may be affected.



SSCNETII cable	Cord	Cable
MR-J3BUS□M	Δ	
MR-J3BUS□M-A	Δ	$\triangle$
MR-J3BUS□M-B	0	0

- O: Normally, cable is not affected by plasticizer.
- △: Phthalate ester plasticizer such as DBP and DOP may affect optical characteristic of cable.

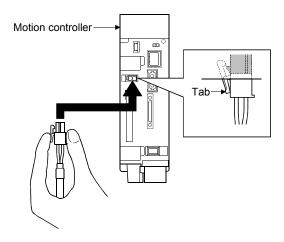
Generally, soft polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyethylene resin (PE) and fluorine resin contain non-migrating plasticizer and they do not affect the optical characteristic of SSCNETⅢ cable. However, some wire sheaths and cable ties, which contain migrating plasticizer (phthalate ester), may affect MR-J3BUS□M and MR-J3BUS□M-A cables (made of plastic). In addition, MR-J3BUS□M-B cable (made of quartz glass) is not affected by plasticizer.

- (10) If the adhesion of solvent and oil to the cord part of SSCNETIII cable may lower the optical characteristic and machine characteristic. If it is used such an environment, be sure to do the protection measures to the cord part.
- (11) When keeping the Motion controller or servo amplifier, be sure to put on a cap to connector part so that a dirt should not adhere to the end of SSCNETIII connector.
- (12) SSCNETⅢ connector to connect the SSCNETⅢ cable is put a cap to protect light device inside connector from dust. For this reason, do not remove a cap until just before connecting SSCNETⅢ cable. Then, when removing SSCNETⅢ cable, make sure to put a cap.
- (13) Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNETⅢ cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNETⅢ cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.
- (14) When exchanging the Motion controller or servo amplifier, make sure to put a cap on SSCNETIII connector. When asking repair of Motion controller or servo amplifier for some troubles, make also sure to put a cap on SSCNETIII connector. When the connector is not put a cap, the light device may be damaged at the transit. In this case, exchange and repair of light device is required.

# 4.2.2 Forced stop input cable

## (1) Precautions for handling the forced stop input cable

• For connection or removal of the forced stop input cable, do it surely while holding a connector of forced stop input cable.



#### (2) Connection of the forced stop input cable

 For connection of a forced stop input cable to the Motion controller, connect it surely to a EMI connector of Motion controller while holding a connector. Be sure to insert it until it clicks.

# (3) Removal of the forced stop input cable

• For removal of the forced stop input cable, push a tab and pull out the cable while holding a connector.

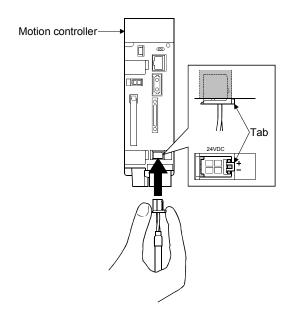
# **POINTS**

Forcibly removal the forced stop input cable from the Motion controller will damage the Motion controller or forced stop input cable.

#### 4.2.3 24VDC power supply cable

#### (1) Precautions for handling the 24VDC power supply cable

• For connection or removal of the 24VDC power supply cable, do it surely while holding a connector of 24VDC power supply cable.



# (2) Connection of the 24VDC power supply cable

 For connection of a 24VDC power supply cable to the Motion controller, connect it surely to a 24VDC power supply connector of Motion controller while holding a connector. Be sure to insert it until it clicks.

#### (3) Removal of the 24VDC power supply cable

• For removal of the 24VDC power supply cable, push a tab and pull out the cable while holding a connector.

## **POINTS**

Forcibly removal the 24VDC power supply cable from the Motion controller will damage the Motion controller or 24VDC power supply cable.

#### 4.3 Wiring

## 4.3.1 Instructions for wiring

# **⚠DANGER**

- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or placing wiring. Not doing so could result in electric shock or damage to the product.
- When turning on the power supply or operating the module after wiring, be sure that the module's terminal covers are correctly attached. Not attaching the terminal cover could result in electric shock.

# **∆**CAUTION

- Be sure to ground of the earth terminal FG and LG. Not doing so could result in electric shock or operation failure. (Ground resistance: 100Ω or less)
- When wiring in the Motion controller, be sure that it is done correctly by checking the product's rated voltage and the terminal layout. Connecting a power supply that is different from the rating or incorrectly wiring the product could result in fire or damage.
- External connections shall be crimped or pressure welded with the specified tools, or correctly soldered. Imperfect connections could result in short circuit, fire, or operation failure.
- Tighten the terminal screws within the specified torque range. If the terminal screws are loose, it could result in short circuit, fire, or operation failure. Tightening the terminal screws too far may cause damages to the screws and/or the module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or operation failure.
- Be sure there are no foreign matters such as sawdust or wiring debris inside the module. Such debris could cause fire, damage, or operation failure.
- The module has an ingress prevention label on its top to prevent foreign matter, such as wiring debris, from entering the module during wiring.

Do not remove this label during wiring.

Before starting system operation, be sure to remove this label because of heat dissipation.

This section describes instructions for the wiring of the power supply.

Refer to the "8 EMC directives" for grounding method and measure against noise.

#### (1) Power supply wiring

(a) 24VDC power supply wires should be twisted as dense as possible. Connect them with the shortest distance.

Also, to reduce the voltage drop to the minimum, use the thickest wires (Up to 2.0mm<sup>2</sup>) possible.

Use the wires of the following core size for wiring.

Application	Recommended core size	AWG <sup>(Note-1)</sup>
24VDC power supply wires	0.34 to 0.37mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG22
I/O equipment	0.3 to 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> (Outside diameter 2.8mm (0.11inch) or less)	AWG18 to AWG22
Ground wire	2.0mm <sup>2</sup> or more	AWG14 or less

(Note-1): AWG stands for "American Wire Gauge". AWG is a unit of the thickness of conducting wire.

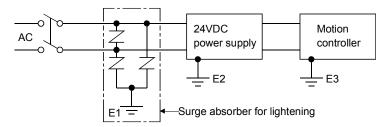
(b) Do not bundle the 24VDC power supply wires with, or run them close to, the main circuit (high voltage, large current) and I/O signal lines (including common line).

Reserve a distance of at least 100mm (3.94inch) from adjacent wires.

(c) Momentary power failure may be detected or the Motion controller may be reset due to surge caused by lightening.

As measures against surge caused by lightening, connect a surge absorber for lightening as shown below.

Using the surge absorber for lightening can reduce the influence of lightening.



#### POINTS

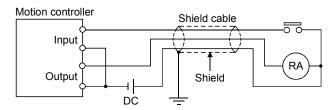
- (1) Separate the ground of the surge absorber for lighting (E1), 24VDC power supply (E2) and Motion controller (E3).
- (2) Select a surge absorber for lighting whose power supply voltage does no exceed the maximum allowable circuit voltage even at the time of maximum power supply voltage elevation.

#### (2) Wiring of I/O equipment

 (a) Insulation-sleeved crimping terminals cannot be used with the terminal block.

It is recommended to cover the wire connections of the crimping terminals with mark or insulation tubes.

- (b) The wires used for connection to the terminal block should be 0.3 to 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> in core and 2.8mm (0.11inch) or less in outside diameter.
- (c) Run the input and output lines away from each other.
- (d) When the wiring cannot be run away from the main circuit and power lines, use a batch-shielded cable and ground it on the Motion controller side.In some cases, ground it in the opposite side.

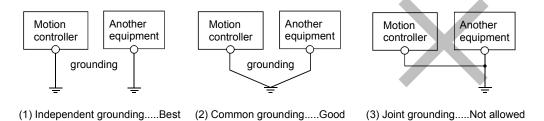


- (e) Where wiring runs through piping, ground the piping without fail.
- (f) Run the 24VDC input line away from the 100VAC and 200VAC lines.
- (g) Wiring of 200m (656.17ft.) or longer distance will give rise to leakage currents due to the line capacity, resulting in a fault. Refer to the troubleshooting chapter of the I/O Module User's Manual.
- (h) As a countermeasure against the power surge due to lightning, separate the AC wiring and DC wiring and connect a surge absorber for lightning (Refer to Section 4.3.1(1)).
  Failure to do so increases the risk of I/O device failure due to lightning.

#### (3) Grounding

For grounding, follow the steps (a) to (c) shown below.

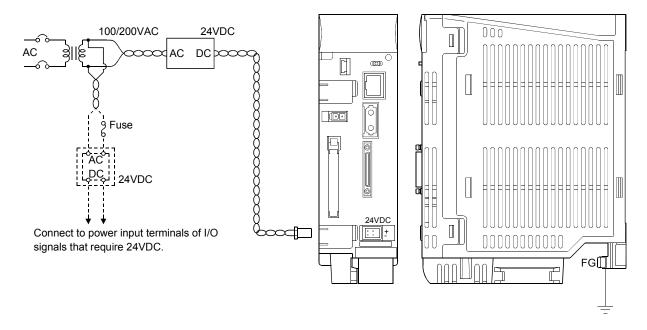
- (a) Use a dedicated grounding wire as far as possible. (Ground resistance:  $100\Omega$  or less)
- (b) When a dedicated grounding cannot be performed, use (2) Common Grounding shown below.



(c) For grounding a cable, use the cable of 2 mm<sup>2</sup> or more.
 Position the ground-contact point as nearly to the Motion controller as possible, and reduce the length of the grounding cable as much as possible.

#### 4.3.2 Connecting to the power supply

The following diagram shows the wiring example of power lines, grounding lines, etc. to the Motion controller.



#### **POINT**

- (1) Use a different 24VDC power supply for the Motion controller and for I/O signals.
- (2) Use a different 24VDC power supplies for the Motion controller and the electromagnetic brake of the servo motor.
- (3) Refer to Section 2.5.1(10) for the pin layout of 24VDC power supply connector, and refer to APPENDIX 4.3 for the connection diagram of 24VDC power supply cable.
- (4) Motion controller and 24VDC power supply are an open type device and must be installed in a control panel for use.
  - This not only ensures safety but also ensures effective shielding for Motion controller and 24VDC power supply generated electromagnetic noise.

# 5. START-UP PROCEDURES

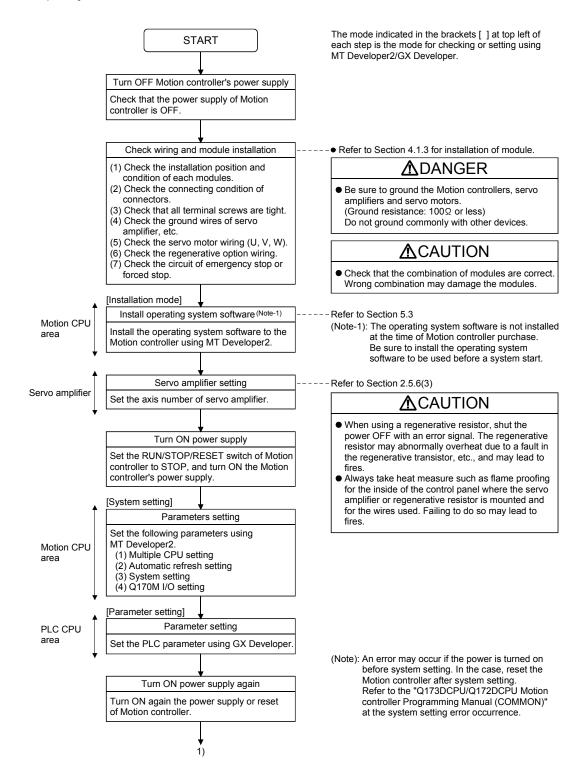
# 5.1 Check Items before Start-up

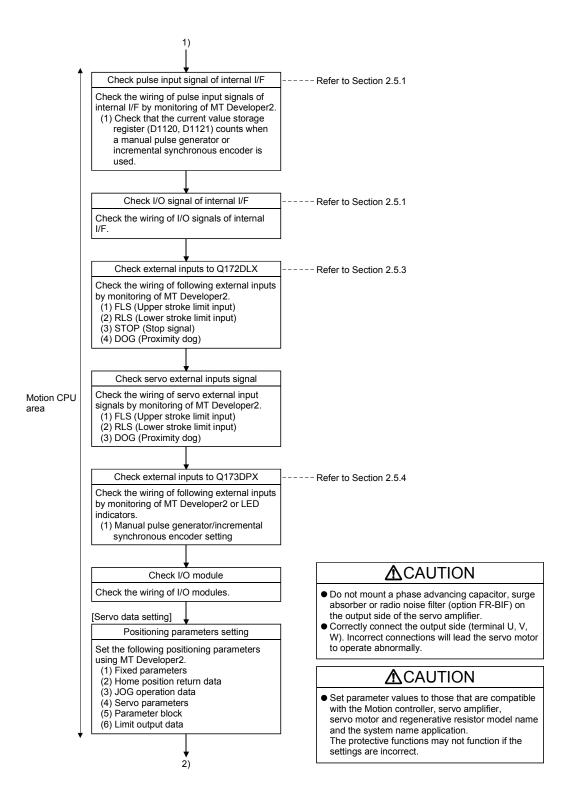
Table 5.1 Check items before start-up

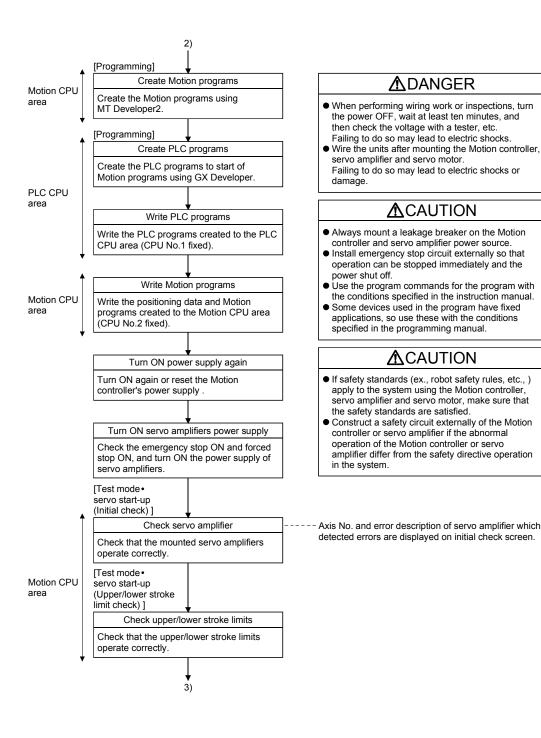
Part name	Confirmation Items	Check	Reference
	(1) Check for looseness, rattling or distorted installation.		4.1.2
	(2) Check that the module fixing screw tightening torque is as specified.		4.1.1
	(3) Check that the wire sizes of cables are correct.		4.3.1
	(4) Check that the power line is wired correctly.		4.3.1
	(5) Check that FG is wired correctly.		4.3.2
	(6) Check that the FG terminal screws are tightened correctly.		
	(7) Check that the FG terminal screws are tightening torque is as specified.		4.1.1
Q170MCPU	(8) Check that the 24VDC wires are twisted as closely as possible and		
Motion controller	run in the shortest distance.		4.3.1
	(9) Check that the 24VDC wires are not bind the cable together with and run close to the power wires.		
	(10) Check that grounding of the earth terminal FG.	П	4.3
	(11) Check that the forced stop input is wired correctly.		3.2
	(12) Check that the battery is installed.		J.2
	(13) Check that the battery lead connecter is connected correctly.		4.1.4
	(14) Check that the internal I/F is wired correctly.		
	(15) Check that the manual pulse generator/incremental synchronous encoder is wired correctly.		2.5.1
	(1) Check that the extension base unit is Q52B or Q55B (type not requiring power supply module).		2.5.2
	(2) Check that the model name of module is correct.		2.3
	(3) Check that the damage for installed modules.		
	(4) Check that the modules are installed correctly.		4.1.3
	(5) Check for looseness, rattling or distorted installation.		4.1.2
	(6) Check that the module fixing screw tightening torque is as specified.		4.1.1
Extension base unit	(7) Check that the total I/O points of I/O modules and intelligent function modules do not exceed the I/O points of the Motion controller.		Refer to the "Q173DCPU/ Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual(COMMON)", or "QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection).
Q172DLX Servo external signals interface module/	(1).Check that the installation position of modules correspond to the system setting.		Refer to the "Q173DCPU/ Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual(COMMON).
generator interface module	(2) Check that the connection with external equipments is correct.		2.5.3 2.5.4

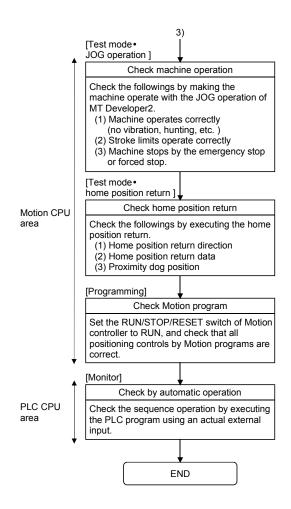
Part name	Confirmation Items	Check	Reference	
	(1) Check that the wire size of cable is correct.			
	(2) Check that the terminal block screws are tightened correctly.		Refer to the I/O Module	
	(3) Check that the cables connected to each terminal of terminal block correspond to the signal names.		Type Building Block User's Manual	
I/O module	(4) Check that the external power supply are connected correctly. (24VDC, 5VDC)			
	(5) Check that the 100VAC, 200VAC and 24VDC wires are twisted as closely as possible respectively and run in the shortest distance.			
	(6) Check that the 100VAC, 200VAC and 24VDC wires are not bind the cable together with and run close to the I/O wires.		4.3.1	
	(7) Check that the I/O wires are wired correctly.			
	(1) Check that the model name of SSCNETⅢ cables is correct.			
	(2) Check that the connecting position for connector of SSCNETIII cables are correct.		2.5.6	
	(3) Check that the SSCNETⅢ cables are connected correctly.			
SSCNETⅢ cable	(4) Check for looseness, rattling or distorted connection.			
	(5) Check that the minimum bend radius or more secured.		4.2.1	
	(6) Check that the MR-J3BUS□M or MR-J3BUS□M-A do not come in contact with wires/cables that use materials where the plasticizing material is contained.			

#### 5.2 Start-up Adjustment Procedure









# **▲**CAUTION

- The system must have a mechanical allowance so that the machine itself can stop even if the stroke limits switch is passed through at the max. speed.
- Execute the test operation in the system that it is low-speed as much as possible and put forced stop, and confirm the operation and safety.

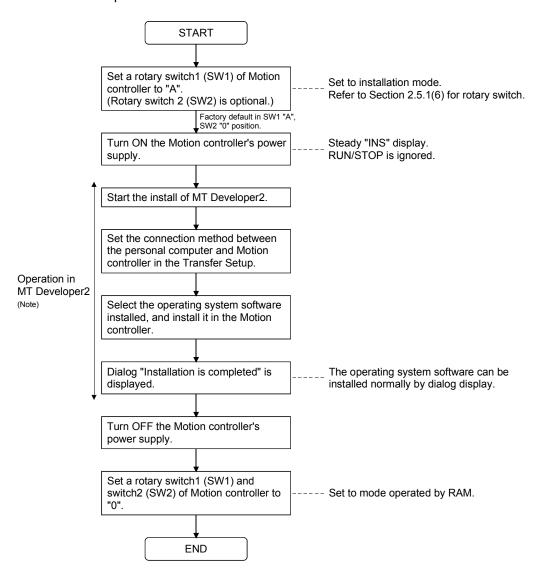
# POINTS

- (1) Make note of servo motor module names before the servo motor is mounted on a machine. The servo motor rating plate may not be visible after the servo motor is mounted.
- (2) When the servo amplifier, servo motor is first turned on, check the operation before the servo motor is mounted on a machine to avoid an unexpected accidents such as machine breakage.

## 5.3 Operating System Software Installation Procedure

The operating system software must be installed to the Motion controller by using the peripheral device and MT Developer2.

The installation procedure is shown below.



(Note): Install the operating system software by screen of MT Developer2. Refer to help of MT Developer2 for details.

#### **POINTS**

- (1) The operating system software was not installed at the time of Motion controller purchase. Be sure to install the operating system software to be used before a system start.
- (2) The operating system software is installed to the Motion CPU area. It has already been installed to the PLC CPU area. The PLC CPU area is never rewritten.
- (3) Be sure to change a rotary switch after turning off the power supply.
- (4) Even if the operating system software is installed, the programs, parameters and absolute position data written in the Motion controller do not be rewritten.
- (5) Do not do any of the following while installing operation system software. Doing so could result damage the Motion controller.
  - Turn OFF the Motion controller's power supply.
  - Change the RUN/STOP/RESET switch of Motion controller to RESET.
  - Turn OFF the power supply of the personal computer.
  - Pull out the personal computer's communication's cable.

# 5.4 Trial Operation and Adjustment Checklist

#### At the worksite, copy the following table for use as a check sheet.

Work Step	Item	Check Items	Check
		Check that each module is installed correctly.	
		Check that each connector is connected correctly.	
		Check each terminal screw for looseness.	
5.	Installation of	Check that the earth wires of Motion controller or servo amplifiers, etc. are correct.	
Before power supply	unit/module	Check that the servomotor wiring is correct.	
ON	and basic wiring	Check that the regenerative option wiring is correct.	
		Check that the circuit of emergency stop and forced stop are correct.	
		Check that the wiring of each power supply and I/O are correct.	
		Check that the rotary switch setting is correct.	
	Installation of OS	Check that the operating system software is compatible.	
	System setting	Check that the system setting is correct.	
	Q172DLX/Servo	Check that the upper/lower stroke limit inputs are correct.	
	amplifier external	Check that the STOP signal input is correct. (Q172DLX only)	
	signal	Check that the proximity dog and speed/position switching signal input are correct.	
	Program/	Check that the Motion program, PLC program and positioning data are stored in the	
Power supply ON/	positioning data	Motion controller correctly.	
		Check the communications with servo amplifiers.	
Motion controller in		Check that the rotation direction for JOG operation is correct.	
STOP status	Basic axis operations (Check each axis)	Check that the upper/lower limit switches operate correctly.	
		Check that the rotation at maximum command speed is motor rating or less.	
		Check that the machine operates correctly by the JOG operation.	
		Check that the machine stops by the upper/lower stroke limit.	
		Check that the machine stops by the emergency stop or forced stop.	
		Check that the home position return is executed correctly.	
		Check that each positioning control of Motion program is operates correctly.	
		Check each operation in manual operation mode of system during Motion program exe	cution.
	Manual aparation	Check that the machine operation stops immediately by the emergency stop or forced	
		stop.	
	Manual operation	Check the operation of each actuator and confirmation limit switch.	
		Check that the emergency stop, forced stop and equipment alarm signals are correct.	
		Checks in compliance with control specifications specific to system and equipment.	
		Check each operation in automatic operation mode of system during Motion program execution.	
Motion controller		Check that the automatic operation motions.	
in RUN status		Check that the machine operation stops immediately by the emergency stop or forced	]
	Automatic operation	stop.	
		Check that the module or equipment alarm causes an immediate stop or cycle stop.	
		Check that the restoring operation can be performed after an alarm stop.	
		Make other checks in compliance with control specifications specific to system and equipment.	
		Check that the acceleration/deceleration torque is maximum torque or less.	
	Torque check	Check that the acceleration deceleration torque is maximum torque or less.  Check that the continuous effective load torque is rated torque or less.	
	1	Toneon that the continuous effective load tolque is lated tolque of less.	]

MEMO	

#### 6. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

# **⚠DANGER**

- Do not touch the terminals while power is on. Doing so could cause electric shock.
- Correctly connect the battery. Also, do not charge, disassemble, heat, place in fire, short circuit, or solder the battery.
  - Mishandling of a battery may cause overheating, cracks or ignition which could result in injury and fire.
- Switch off all phases of the externally supplied power used in the system when cleaning the module or retightening the terminal or module mounting screws.
  - Not doing so could result in electric shock.
  - Under tightening of terminal screws can cause a short circuit or malfunction.
  - Over tightening of screws can cause damages to the screws and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits, or malfunction.
- The capacitor is mounted to the modules. Do not incinerate the modules so that the incineration of capacitor may cause burst.
  - For disposal of the modules, request for specialized industrial waste disposal services who has incineration facility.

# **⚠** CAUTION

- Read the manual carefully and pay careful attention to safety for the on-line operation (especially program change, forced stop or operation change) performed by connecting peripheral devices to the Motion controller during operation.
  - Erroneous operation may cause machine breakage or accident.
- Never try to disassemble or modify module. It may cause product failure, operation failure, injury or fire.
- Use any radio communication device such as a cellular phone or a PHS phone more than 25cm (9.84 inch) away in all directions of the Motion controller.
  - Failure to do so may cause a malfunction.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before installation or removing the module. Not doing so could result in electric shock, damage to the module or operation failure.
- Do not install/remove the module on to/from base unit or terminal block more than 50 times, after the first use of the product. Failure to do so may cause the module to malfunction due to poor contact of connector.
- Do not drop or impact the battery installed to the module. Doing so may damage the battery, causing battery liquid to leak in the battery.
  - Do not use the dropped or impacted battery, but dispose of it.
- Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Touching them could
  cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.

In order that you can use the Motion controller in normal and optimal condition at all times, this section describes those items that must be maintained or inspected daily or at regular intervals.

#### 6.1 Maintenance Works

#### 6.1.1 Instruction of inspection works

In order that can use the Motion controller in safety and normal, those items that must be inspected list below.

# **⚠DANGER**

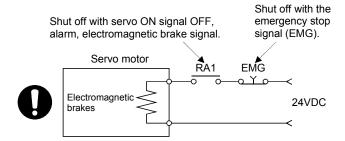
- Never open the front case or terminal covers while the power is ON or the unit is running, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Never run the unit with the front case or terminal cover removed. The high voltage terminal and charged sections will be exposed and may lead to electric shocks.
- Never remove the front case or terminal cover at times other than wiring work or periodic inspections even if the power is OFF. The insides of the Motion controller and servo amplifier are charged and may lead to electric shocks.
- When performing wiring work or inspections, turn the power OFF, wait at least ten minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester, etc. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- Never operate the switches with wet hands, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to electric shocks or fire.
- Do not touch the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servomotor terminal blocks while the power is ON, as this may lead to electric shocks or fire.
- Do not touch the built-in power supply, built-in grounding or signal wires of the Motion controller and servo amplifier, as this may lead to electric shocks.

# **∆** CAUTION

- lacktriangle Be sure to ground the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor. Do not ground commonly with other devices. (Ground resistance : 100  $\Omega$  or less)
- The wiring work and inspections must be done by a qualified technician.
- Wire the units after mounting the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servomotor. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks or damage.
- Perform the daily and periodic inspections according to the instruction manual.
- Perform maintenance and inspection after backing up the program and parameters for the Motion controller and servo amplifier.
- Do not place fingers or hands in the clearance when opening or closing any opening.
- Periodically replace consumable parts such as batteries according to the instruction manual.
- Do not touch the lead sections such as ICs or the connector contacts.
- Do not place the Motion controller or servo amplifier on metal that may cause a power leakage or wood, plastic or vinyl that may cause static electricity buildup.
- Do not perform a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) during inspection.
- When replacing the Motion controller or servo amplifier, always set the new unit settings correctly.
- After maintenance and inspections are completed, confirm that the position detection of the absolute position detector function is correct.

# **⚠** CAUTION

- Do not short circuit, charge, overheat, incinerate or disassemble the batteries.
- The electrolytic capacitor will generate gas during a fault, so do not place your face near the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- The electrolytic capacitor and fan will deteriorate. Periodically change these to prevent secondary damage from faults. Replacements can be made by our sales representative.
- If an error occurs in the self diagnosis of the Motion controller or servo amplifier, confirm the check details according to the instruction manual, and restore the operation.
- If a dangerous state is predicted in case of a power failure or product failure, in order to prevent that state, use a servomotor with electromagnetic brakes for maintenance or mount a brake mechanism externally.
- Use a double circuit construction so that the electromagnetic brake operation circuit can be operated by emergency stop signals set externally.



- If an error occurs, remove the cause, secure the safety and then resume operation after alarm release.
- The unit may suddenly restart after a power failure is restored, so do not go near the machine. (Design the machine so that personal safety can be ensured even if the machine restarts suddenly.)
- Confirm and adjust the program and each parameter before operation. Unpredictable movements may
  occur depending on the machine.
- Extreme adjustments and changes may lead to unstable operation, so never make them.
- Do not apply a voltage other than that specified in the instruction manual on any terminal.
   Doing so may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the terminal connections, as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the polarity (+/-), as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of controller or servo amplifier, regenerative resistor and servomotor, etc., while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
- Always turn the power OFF before touching the servomotor shaft or coupled machines, as these parts may lead to injuries.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching. Doing so may lead to injuries.
- Do not bunch the control wires or communication cables with the main circuit or power wires, or lay them closely. They should be installed 100mm (3.94inch) or more from each other. Trying to bunch or install could result in noise that would cause operation failure.

# 6.2 Daily Inspection

The items that must be inspected daily are shown below.

Table 6.1 Daily Inspection

Item		Insp	ection item	Inspection	Criterion	Action				
1	controller screws are not lo		Check that the fixing screws are not loose and the cover is not dislocated.	The screws and cover must be mounted securely.	Retighten the screws.					
	Installation of Motion		on of Motion and I/O	Check that the module is not dislocated and the unit fixing hook is engaged securely.	The module fixing hook must be engaged and installed correctly.	Securely engaged the module fixing hook.				
								Check for loose terminal screws.	Screws should not be loose.	Retighten the terminal screws.
4	Coni				The proper clearance should be provided between solderless terminals.	Correct.				
				Check the connector part of the cable.	Connections should not be loose.	Retighten the connector fixing screws.				
			[POWER] LED	Check that the LED is ON.	The LED must be ON. (Abnormal if the LED is OFF.).					
			[MODE] LED	Check that the LED is ON.	The LED must be ON. (Abnormal if the LED is OFF or flickering.)					
		e ind		[RUN] LED	Check that the LED is ON in RUN status.	The LED must be ON. (Abnormal if the LED is OFF.)				
			[ERR.] LED	Check that the LED is OFF.	The LED must be OFF. (Abnormal if the LED is ON or flickering.)	Refer to Section 2.5.1				
			[BAT.] LED	Check that the LED is OFF.	The LED must be OFF. (Abnormal if the LED is ON (yellow).)					
			No		Steady "RUN" display. (Abnormal if "RUN" does not display or incorrect display.)					
	LED		Normal	8.8.8.	Steady "STP" display. (Abnormal if "STP" does not display or incorrect display.)					
5	indication		Battery error warning (2.7V or less)	8.8.8.	"BT1" does not display. (Abnormal if steady "BT1" display.)	Refer to Section				
	Module		Battery error warning (2.5V or less)	8.8.8.	"BT2" does not display. (Abnormal if steady "BT2" display.)	6.5				
								WDT error	8.8.8.	" " does not display. (Abnormal if steady "" display.)
			Others		" AL" does not flash. (Abnormal if "" flashes.)	2.5.1				
		module	Input LED	Check that the LED is ON/OFF.	The LED must be ON when the input power is turned ON. The LED must be OFF when the input power is turned OFF. (Abnormal if the LED does not turn ON or turn OFF as indicated above.)	Refer to "I/O Module Type Building				
		I/O m	Output LED	Check that the LED is ON/OFF.	The LED must be ON when the output power is turned ON. The LED must be OFF when the output power is turned OFF. (Abnormal if the LED does not turn ON or turn OFF as indicated above.)	Block User's Manual".				

# 6.3 Periodic Inspection

The items that must be inspected one or two times every 6 months to 1 year are listed below. When the equipment is moved or modified, or layout of the wiring is changed, also implement this inspection.

Table 6.2 Periodic Inspection

Item	n Inspection item		Inspection	Criterion	Action
	environment	Ambient temperature		0 to 55 °C (32 to 131 °F)	When the controller is used in
1			Measure with a thermometer and a hygrometer.  Measure corrosive gas.	5 to 95 % RH	the board, the ambient temperature in the board becomes the ambient
	Ambient	Atmosphere		No corrosive gases	temperature.
2	Pov	ver voltage	Measure a voltage across the terminals of 24VDC.	21.6 to 26.4	Change the power supply.
3	nstallation	Looseness, rattling	Move the module to check for looseness and rattling.	The module must be installed solidly.	Retighten the screws.  If the Motion controller, Motion, or I/O, module is loose, fix it with screws.
	u	Adhesion of dirt and foreign matter	Check visually.	Dirt and foreign matter must not be present.	Remove and clean.
	uc	Looseness of terminal Try to further tighten screws with a screws screwdriver.		Screws must not be loose. Retighten the terminal scre	
4	Connection	Proximity of solderless terminals to each other	Check visually.	Solderless terminals must be positioned at proper intervals.	Correct.
	Ö	Looseness of connectors	Check visually.	Connectors must not be loose.	Retighten the connector fixing screws.
			Check the 7-segment LED at the front side of Motion controller.	Must be turned OFF "BT1" or "BT2" display.	Even if the lowering of a battery capacity is not shown, replace
5	Bat	Check the length of term after purchasing the battery		Must not be used more than 5 years.	the battery with a new one if a service life time of the battery is exceeded.
		Check that SM51 or SM58 is turned OFF using MT Developer2 Must be turned OFF. in monitor.		Must be turned OFF.	Replace the battery with a new one when SM51 or SM58 is ON.

#### 6.4 Life

The following parts must be changed periodically as listed below.

However, if any part is found faulty, it must be changed immediately even when it has not yet reached the end of its life, which depends on the operating method and environmental conditions.

For parts replacement, please contact your sales representative.

Table 6.3 Life

Module name	Part name	Life guideline	Remark
Motion controller			Life guideline is reference time.  It must be changed immediately
Motion module	Electrolytic capacitor	10 years	even when it has not yet reached the life guideline.

# (1) Capacitor

The life of the capacitor greatly depends on ambient temperature and operating conditions. The capacitor will reach the end of its in 10 years of continuous operation in normal air-conditioned environment.

#### 6.5 Battery

The battery installed in the Motion controller is used for data retention during the power failure of the program memory and latch device.

The data stored in the RAM built-in Motion controller are shown below.

- PLC CPU area : Clock data, Latch devices (L), Devices of latch range, Error history and Data in standard RAM
- Motion CPU area: Programs, Parameters, Motion devices (#), Devices of latch range, and Absolute position data

Special relays (SM51, SM52, SM58 or SM59) turn on due to the decrease of battery voltage. Even if the special relays turn on, the program and retained data are not erased immediately.

However, if these relays are overlooked, the contents may be erased.

After relay SM51 or SM58 turns on, replace the battery quickly within the data retention time for power failure (3 minutes).

#### POINT

- (1) SM51 or SM58 turns on when the battery voltage falls below the specified value, and remains ON even after the battery voltage is recovered to the normal value. SM51 or SM58 turns off by power supply on again or reset.
- (2) After SM51, SM52, SM58 or SM59 turns on, replace the battery quickly.
  - SM51 or SM52 turns on at the battery voltage 2.5V or less.
  - SM58 or SM59 turns on at the battery voltage 2.7V or less.
- (3) If SM51 turns on, the details for the data of RAM built-in Motion controller cannot be guaranteed.

It is recommended to back-up the data periodically.

#### 6.5.1 Battery life

The battery life is shown below.

	Battery life (Total power failure time) [h] (Note-1)					
Battery type	Power-on time ratio (Note-2)	Guaranteed value (Note-3)	Guaranteed value (Note-4) (TYP) (40°C (104°F))	Actual service value (Note-5)	Backup time after alarm	
	0%	13000	40000			
	30%	18000		42800	90	
Q6BAT (Note-7)	50%	21000	43800			
	70%	24000	43000			
	100%	43800				
	0%	39000		43800	(After SM51/SM52 ON)	
Q7BAT	30%					
(Large-capacity battery)	50%	43800	43800			
(Note-7)	70%	43000				
	100%					

- (Note-1): The actual service value indicates the average value, and the guaranteed time indicates the minimum time.
- (Note-2): The power-on time ratio indicates the ratio of Motion controller power-on time to one day (24 hours). (When the total power-on time is 17 hours and the total power-off time is 7 hours, the power-on time ratio is 70%.)
- (Note-3): The guaranteed value (MIN); equivalent to the total power failure time that is calculated based on the characteristics value of the memory (SRAM) supplied by the manufacturer and under the storage ambient temperature range of -25°C to 75°C (-13 to 167°F) (operating ambient temperature of 0°C to 55°C (32 to 131°F)).
- (Note-4): The guaranteed value (TYP); equivalent to the total power failure time that is calculated based on the normal air-conditioned environment (40°C (104°F)).
- (Note-5): The actual service value (Reference value); equivalent to the total power failure time that is calculated based on the measured value and under the storage ambient temperature of 25°C (77°F). This value is intended for reference only, as it varies with characteristics of the memory.
- (Note-6): In the following status, the backup time after power OFF is 3 minutes.
  - Q6BAT/Q7BAT lead connector is disconnected.
  - · Lead wire of Q6BAT/Q7BAT is broken.
- (Note-7): Set the battery (Q6BAT/Q7BAT) to battery holder.

#### **POINT**

- (1) Do not use the battery exceeding its guaranteed life.
- (2) When the battery hours (total power failure time) may exceed its guaranteed value, take the following measure.
  - Perform ROM operation to protect a program even if the battery dies at the Motion controller's power-OFF.
  - If SM51 turns on, the contents for the data (Refer to Section 6.5) of RAM built-in Motion controller cannot be guaranteed.
    - It is recommended to back-up the data periodically.
- (3) When the total power failure time exceeds its guaranteed value, and SM51, SM52, SM58 and SM59 turns on, immediately change the battery. Even if the alarm has not yet occurred, it is recommended to replace the battery periodically according to the operating condition
- (4) The self-discharge influences the life of battery without the connection to the Motion controller. The battery should be exchanged approximately every 4 or 5 years. And, exchange the battery with a new one in 4 to 5 years even if a total power failure time is guaranteed value or less.

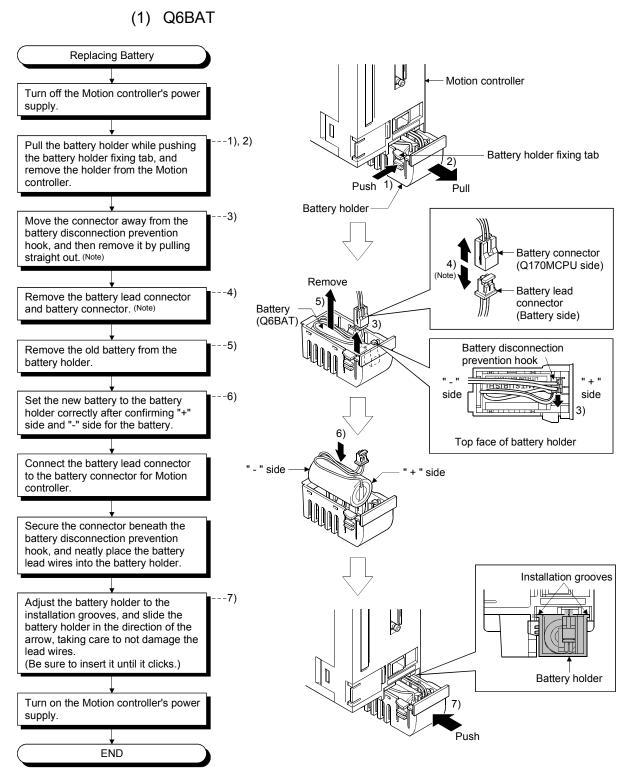
#### 6.5.2 Battery replacement procedure

When the battery has been exhausted, replace the battery with a new one in accordance with the procedure shown below.

#### POINTS

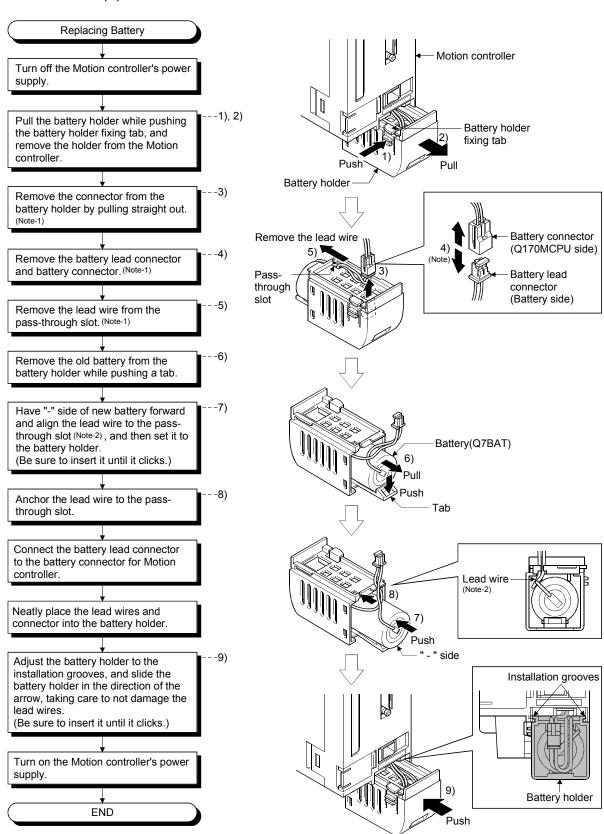
When replacing the battery, pay attention to the following.

- (1) Back up the data using MT Developer2 before starting replacement.
- (2) Firstly back up the data stored in the Motion controller to the personal computer which is installed MT Developer2 then replace the battery with a new one. After setting the battery in the Battery holder, verify the backing up the data to the personal computer which is installed MT Developer2 and the data in the Motion controller, confirm the data is not changing. In the following status, the backup time after power OFF is 3 minutes.
  - The lead connector of Q6BAT/Q7BAT is disconnected.
  - The lead wire of Q6BAT/Q7BAT is broken.



(Note): Do not pull on the lead wire forcibly to remove the connector.

#### (2) Q7BAT



(Note-1): Do not pull on the lead wire forcibly to remove the connector. (Note-2): Tilt the battery not to hitch the lead wire to the battery holder.

#### 6.5.3 Resuming operation after storing the Motion controller

When the operation is to be resumed after being stored with the battery removed or the battery has gone flat during storage, the contents for the data (Refer to Section 6.5) of RAM built-in Motion controller cannot be guaranteed.

Before resuming operation, write the contents for the data backed up prior to storage to RAM built-in Motion controller.

#### **POINT**

Before storing the Motion controller, always back up the contents for the data to RAM built-in Motion controller.

#### 6.5.4 Symbol for the new EU Battery Directive

This section describes a symbol for the new EU Battery Directive (2006/66/EC) that is labeled batteries.



Note: This symbol mark is for EU countries only.

This symbol mark is according to the directive 2006/66/EC Article 20 Information for end-users and Annex II.

Your MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC product is designed and manufactured with high quality materials and components which can be recycled and/or reused.

This symbol means that batteries and accumulators, at their end-of-life, should be disposed of separately from your household waste.

If a chemical symbol is printed beneath the symbol shown above, this chemical symbol means that the battery or accumulator contains a heavy metal at a certain concentration. This will be indicated as follows:

Hg: mercury (0.0005%), Cd: cadmium (0.002%), Pb: lead (0.004%)

In the European Union there are separate collection systems for used batteries and accumulators.

Please, dispose of batteries and accumulators correctly at your local community waste collection/recycling centre.

Please, help us to conserve the environment we live in!

#### 6.6 Troubleshooting

This section describes the various types of trouble that occur when the system is operated, and causes and corrective actions of these troubles.

#### 6.6.1 Troubleshooting basics

The basic three points that must be followed in the troubleshooting are as follows.

#### (1) Visual inspection

Visually check the following.

- (a) Movement of machine (stopped condition, operating condition)
- (b) Power supply on/off
- (c) Status of input/output devices
- (d) Installation condition of the Motion controller, I/O module, Motion module, intelligent function module, SSCNETII cable, Synchronous encoder cable.
- (e) State of wiring (I/O cables, cables)
- (f) Display states of various types of indicators
  - MODE LED, RUN LED, ERR. LED, BAT LED, 7-segment LED (Installation mode, Operation mode, Battery error, STOP/RUN, etc.), etc.
- (g) Status of setting of various types of switches (Setting of No. of stages of extension base, power interrupt hold-on status).

After checking (a) to (g), monitor the operating conditions of servomotors and error code using MT Developer2 and GX Developer.

#### (2) Check of trouble

Check to see how the operating condition varies while the Motion controller is operated as follows.

- (a) Set the RUN/STOP/RESET switch of Motion controller to STOP.
- (b) Reset the trouble with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch of Motion controller.
- (c) Turn ON and OFF the Motion controller's power supply.

#### (3) Narrowing down the range of trouble occurrence causes

Estimate the troubled part in accordance with items (1) and (2) above.

- (a) Motion controller or external devices
- (b) Motion CPU area or PLC CPU area
- (c) I/O module or others
- (d) Servo program or Motion SFC program
- (e) Sequence program

# 6.6.2 Troubleshooting of Motion controller

This section describes the contents of troubles for the error codes and corrective actions of the troubles.

As for troubleshooting of PLC CPU area, refer to the QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) of their respective modules.

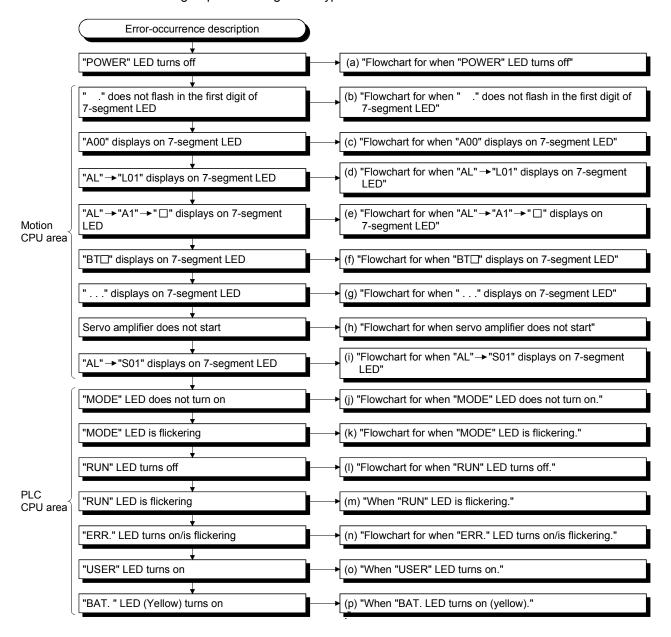
As for troubleshooting of I/O modules, refer to the "I/O Module Type Building Block User's Manual" of their respective modules.

#### **POINT**

Check that the operating system software is installed before starting the Motion controller.

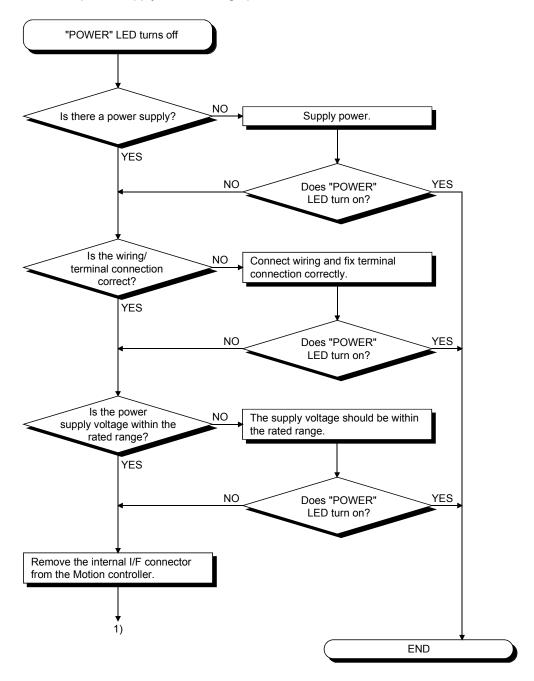
#### (1) Troubleshooting flowchart

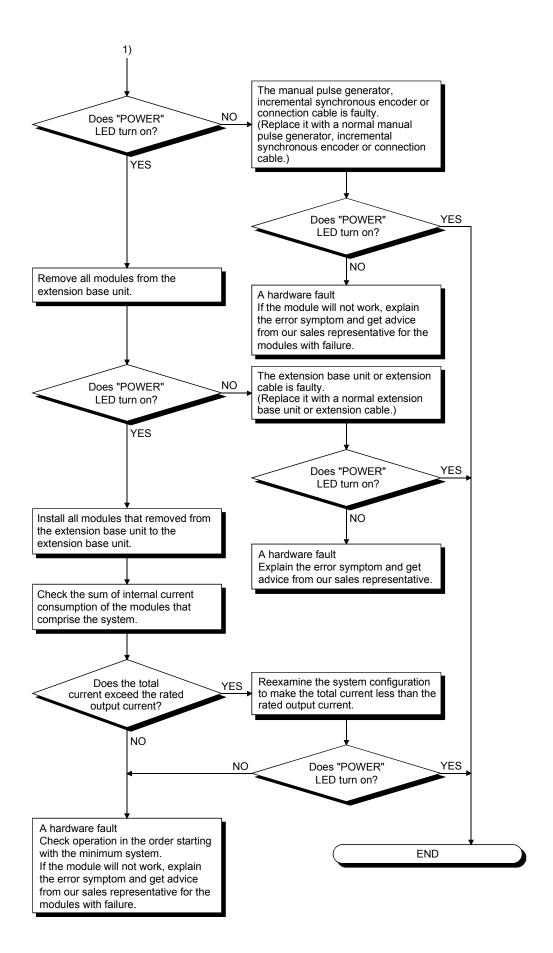
The followings show the contents of the troubles classified into a variety of groups according to the types of events.



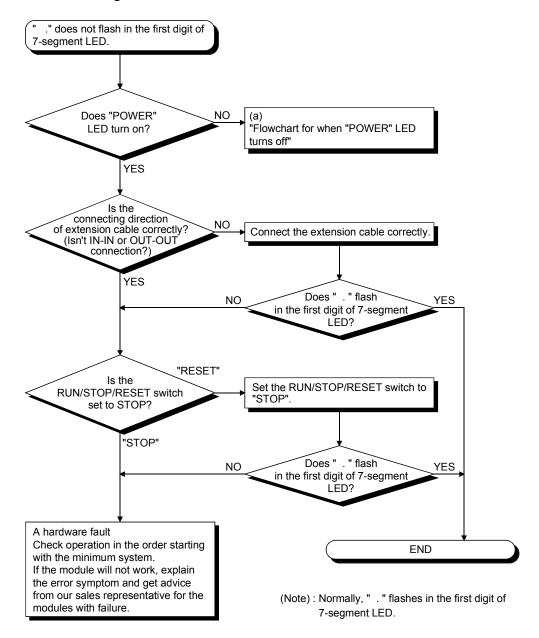
#### (a) Flowchart for when "POWER" LED turns off

The following shows the flowchart for when "POWER" LED turns off at the power supply ON or during operation.



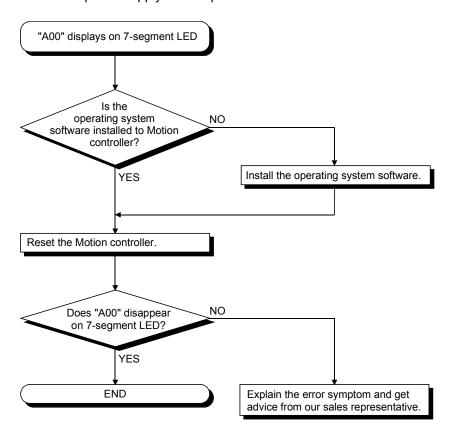


# (b) Flowchart for when " ." does not flash in the first digit of 7-segment LED



# (c) Flowchart for when "A00" displays on 7-segment LED

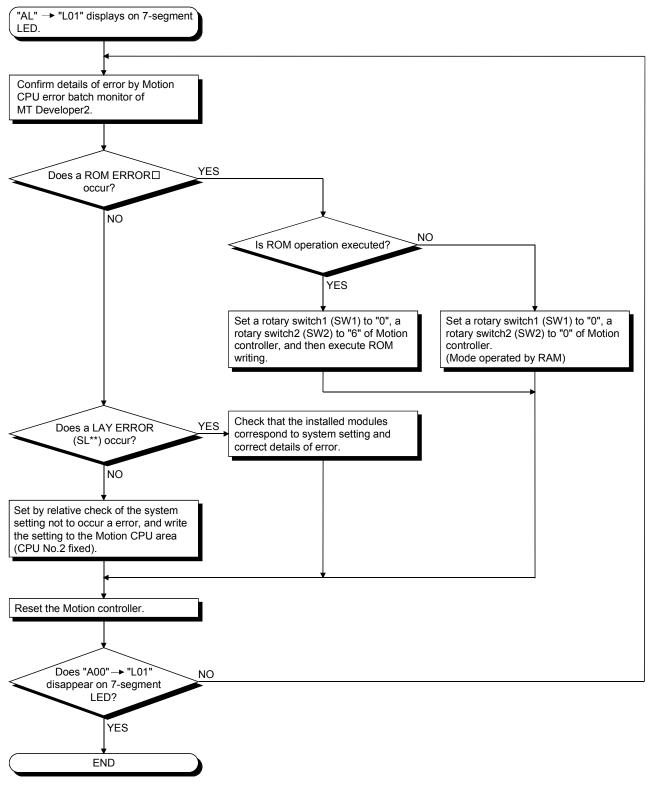
"A00" displays when the operating system software is not installed. The following shows the flowchart for when "A00" displays on 7-segment LED at the power supply ON or operation start.



# (d) Flowchart for when "AL" $\rightarrow$ "L01" displays on 7-segment LED

""AL" (flashes 3 times) → Steady "L01" display" displays at the system setting error occurrence.

The following shows the flowchart for when ""AL" (flashes 3 times) → Steady "L01" display" displays during operation.

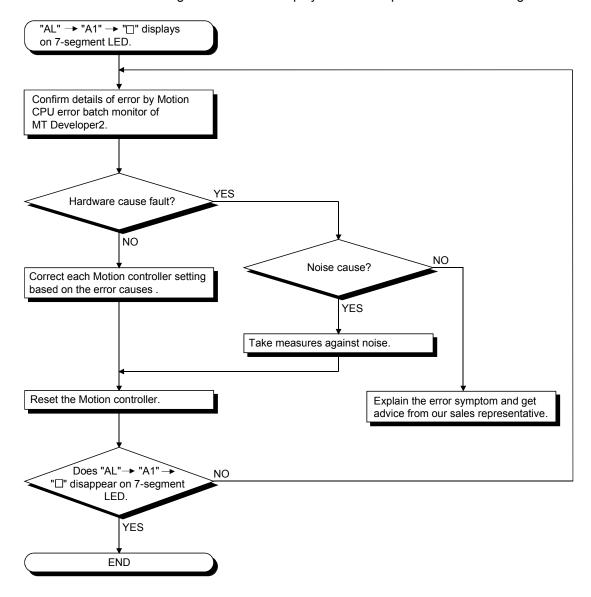


(e) Flowchart for when "AL"  $\rightarrow$  "A1"  $\rightarrow$  " $\square$ " displays on 7-segment LED.

""AL" (flashes 3 times)  $\longrightarrow$  Steady "A1" display  $\longrightarrow$  " $\square$ "" displays at the self-diagnosis error occurrence.

The following shows the flowchart for when ""AL" (flashes 3 times)  $\rightarrow$  Steady "A1" display  $\rightarrow$  " $\square$ "" displays during operation.

☐: 4-digits error code is displayed in two sequential flashes of 2-digits each.



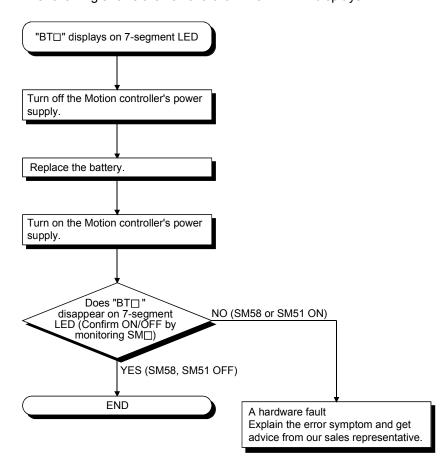
## (f) Flowchart for when "BT□" displays on 7-segment LED

"BT1" or "BT2" displays when the battery voltage is lowered.

"BT1" or "BT2" displays at the following cases.

- BT1: Battery voltage 2.7V or less
- BT2: Battery voltage 2.5V or less

The following shows the flowchart for when "BT□" displays.



# REMARK

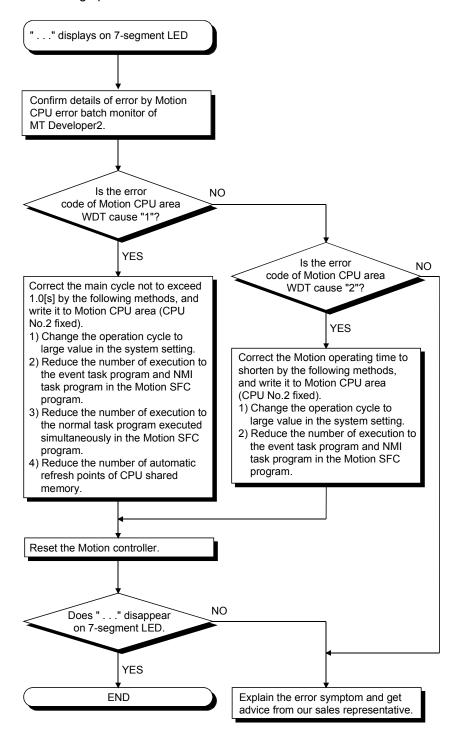
If SM51 turns on, the contents for the data (Refer to Section 6.5.) of RAM built-in Motion controller cannot be guaranteed.

It is recommended to back-up the battery periodically.

## (g) Flowchart for when " . . . " displays on 7-segment LED

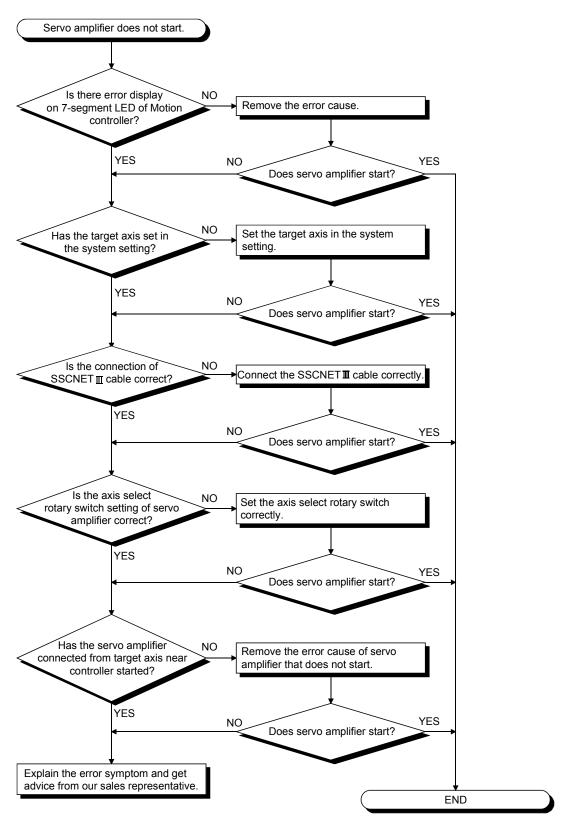
" . . . " displays at the WDT error occurrence.

The following shows the flowchart for when "..." displays on 7-segment LED during operation.



#### (h) Flowchart for when servo amplifier does not start

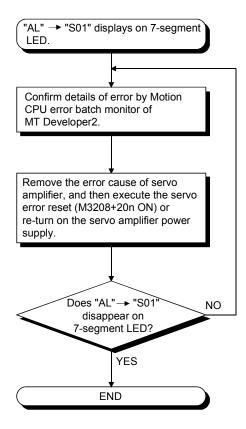
The following shows the flowchart for when servo amplifier does not start.



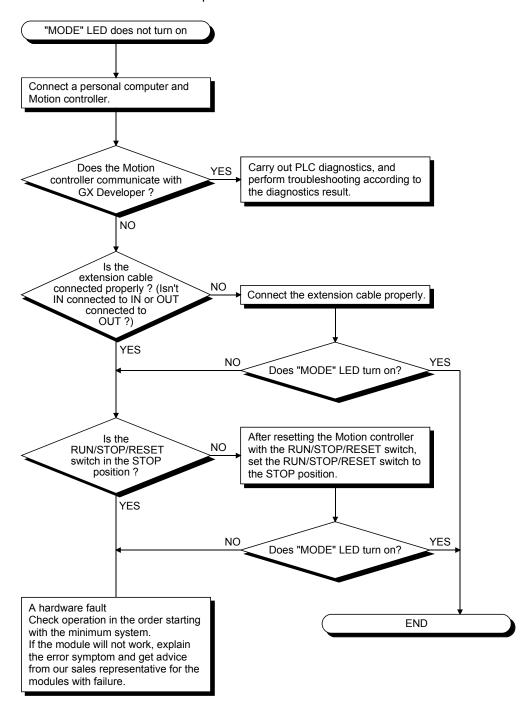
# (i) Flowchart for when "AL" $\rightarrow$ "S01" displays on 7-segment LED

""AL" (flashes 3 times)  $\rightarrow$  Steady "S01" display" displays at the servo error occurrence.

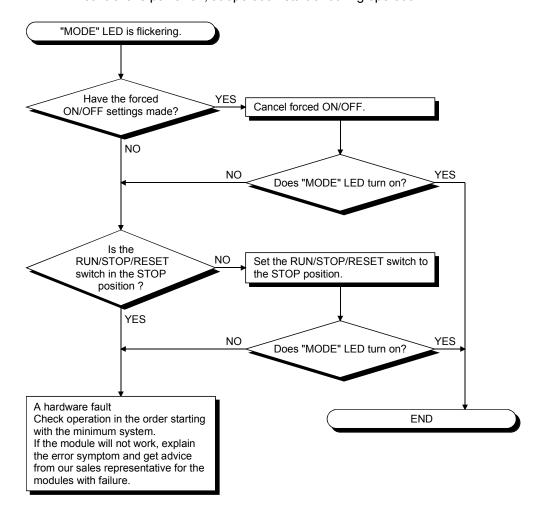
The following shows the flowchart for when ""AL" (flashes 3 times)  $\rightarrow$  Steady "S01" display" displays on 7-segment LED during operation.



(j) Flowchart for when "MODE" LED does not turn on The following shows the flowchart for when "MODE" LED does not turn on at Motion controller's power-on.

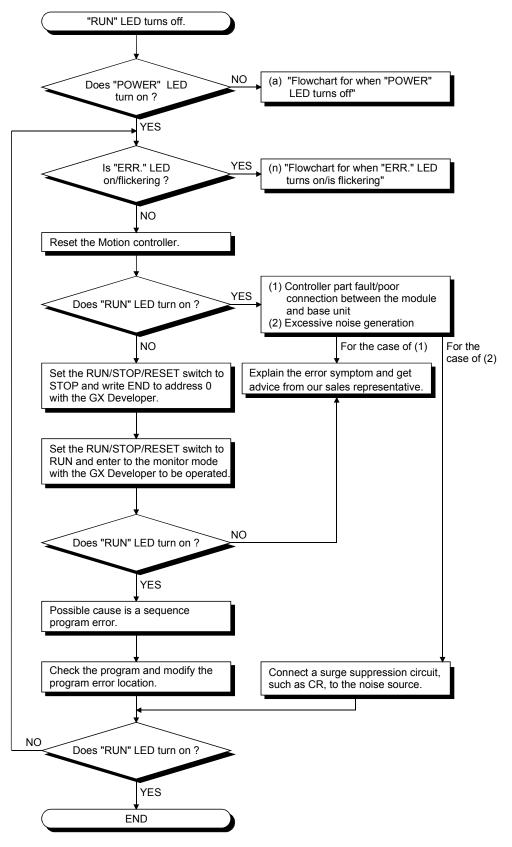


# (k) Flowchart for when "MODE" LED is flickering The following shows the flowchart for when "MODE" LED flickers at Motion controller's power-on, at operation start or during operation.



#### (I) Flowchart for when "RUN" LED turns off

The following shows the flowchart for when "RUN" LED turns off during operation.



#### (m) When "RUN" LED is flickering

If the "RUN" LED flickers, follow the steps below.

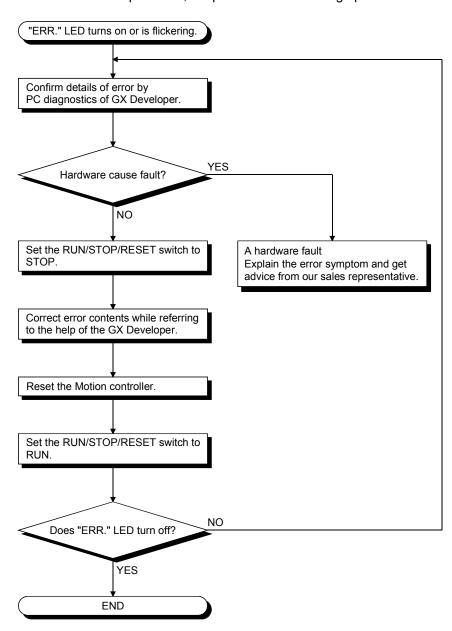
When the programs or parameters are written into the Motion controller during STOP status and then the RUN/STOP/RESET switch is set from STOP to RUN, the RUN LED flickers.

Although this status does not mean the Motion controller error, the Motion controller stops the operation. To set the Motion controller into RUN status, reset the Motion controller using the RUN/STOP/RESET switch or set the RUN/STOP/RESET switch from STOP to RUN again.

With this setting, the RUN LED turns on.

#### (n) Flowchart for when "ERR." LED turns on/is flickering

The following shows the flowchart for when "ERR." LED turns on or flickers at Motion controller's power-on, at operation start or during operation.



#### (o) When "USER" LED turns on

If the "USER" LED turns on, follow the steps described below.

"USER" LED turns on when an error is detected by the CHK instruction or the annunciator (F) turns on.

If "USER" LED is on, monitor the special relays SM62 and SM80 in the monitor mode of GX Developer.

- When SM62 has turned ON
   The annunciator (F) is ON.
   Using SD62 to SD79, check the error cause.
- When SM80 has turned ON
   The "USER" LED turned ON by the execution of the CHK instruction.
   Using SD80, check the error cause.

Eliminate the error cause after confirming it.

The "USER" LED can be turned off by:

- · Making a reset with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch; or
- Executing the LEDR instruction in the sequence program.

#### (p) When "BAT." LED turns on (yellow)

If "BAT." LED turns on (yellow), follow the steps described below. "BAT." LED turns on (yellow) when a low battery capacity is detected. If the "BAT." LED is on, monitor the special relays and special registers in the monitor mode of GX Developer to check which of the SRAM card batteries was lowered in capacity. (SM51 to SM52, SD51 to SD52) After confirmation, replace the battery with a new one, and reset the Motion controller with the RUN/STOP/RESET switch or run the LEDR instruction, and the "BAT." LED will turns off.

#### 6.6.3 Confirming error code

The error codes and error contents can be read using GX Developer and MT Developer2.

Refer to the Operating Manual of GX Developer and help of MT Developer2 for details of operating method.

#### 6.6.4 Internal I/O circuit troubleshooting

This section describes possible problems with internal I/O circuits and their corrective actions.

#### (1) Internal input circuit troubleshooting

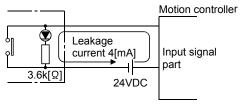
The following describes possible problems with internal input circuits and their corrective actions.

#### Internal Input Circuit Troubleshooting and Corrective Action

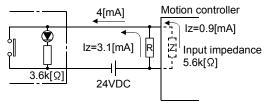
	Condition	Cause	Corrective action
Example 1	Internal input signal is not turned OFF.	Drive by switch with LED indicator.  DC input (plus common)  Leakage current Motion controller  On the provided HTML indicator.  On the provided HTML indicator.	Connect an appropriate resistor so that the current across the Motion controller becomes lower than the off current.  DC input (plus common)  Resistor R  Motion controller  (Note): A calculation example of the resistance to
			be connected is shown below.
		Sneak path due to the use of two power	Use only one power supply.
Example 2	Internal input signal is not turned OFF.	supplies.  DC input  Motion controller	Connect a sneak path prevention diode.  (Figure below)  DC input  Motion controller

#### < Calculation example of Example 1>

If a switch with LED display is connected to Motion controller, and current of 4 [mA] is leaked.



(a) Because the condition for OFF voltage (0.9[mA]) of Motion controller is not satisfied. Connect a resistor as shown below.



(b) Calculate the connecting resistor value R as indicated below.

To satisfy the 0.9 [mA] OFF current of the Motion controller, the resistor R to be connected may be the one where 3.1 [mA] or more will flow.

IR: Iz = Z(Input impedance): R

$$R \le \frac{Iz}{IR} \times Z(Input \text{ impedance}) = \frac{0.9}{3.1} \times 5.6 \times 10^3 = 1625[\Omega]$$

R < 1625 [Ω]

Assuming that resistor R is 1500 [ $\Omega$ ], the power capacity W of resistor R is:

W = 
$$(Input voltage)^2 \div R = 26.4^2 \div 1500 = 0.464 [W]$$

(c) The power capacity of the resistor selected is 3 to 5 times greater than the actual current consumption. 1.5K [ $\Omega$ ], 2 to 3 [W] resistor may therefore be connected to the terminal in question.

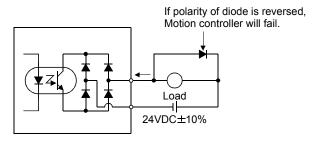
#### (2) Internal output circuit troubleshooting

The following describes possible problems with internal output circuits and their corrective actions.

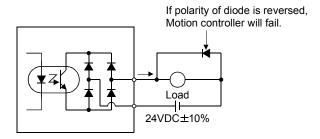
A lamp, relay or photocoupler can be driven. Install a diode(D) for an inductive load (relay etc.), or install an inrush current suppressing resistor(R) for a lamp load. (Permissible current: 40mA or less, inrush current: 100mA or less)

A maximum of 2.6V voltage drop occurs in the servo amplifier.

(a) Circuit example of sink output



(b) Circuit example of source output



# **▲**CAUTION

■ Do not mistake the polarity and " + / - " of diode, as this may lead to destruction or damage.

#### 7

# 7. POSITIONING DEDICATED SIGNALS

The usable devices in Motion controller (Q170MCPU) are shown below.

#### 7.1 Device List

Table 7.1 Device list

Discritica	Device		Dist		
Direction	Name	Code	Points	Operating range	
	Input	Х	8192	X0 to X1FFF	Hexadecimal
	Output	Y	8192	Y0 to Y1FFF	Hexadecimal
	Actual input	PX	256	PX0 to PXFFF <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Hexadecimal
Dit dovices	Actual output	PY	256	PY0 to PYFFF <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Hexadecimal
Bit devices	Internal relay	М	12288	M0 to M12287	Decimal
	Link relay	В	8192	B0 to B1FFF	Hexadecimal
	Annunciator	F	2048	F0 to F2047	Decimal
	Special relay	SM	2256	SM0 to SM2255	Decimal
	Data register	D	8192	D0 to D8191	Decimal
	Link register	W	8192	W0 to W1FFF	Hexadecimal
Word devices	Motion register	#	12288	#0 to #12287	Decimal
	Special register	SD	2256	SD0 to SD2255	Decimal
	Coasting timer	FT	1	FT	Decimal

(Note-1): 256 points are usable in the operating range.

# 7.2 Positioning Dedicated Signals

The device list of positioning dedicated signals is shown below. Refer to the following manuals for details of positioning dedicated signals.

Manual Name	Manual Number
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)	IB-0300134
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (Motion SFC)	IB-0300135
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (REAL MODE)	IB-0300136
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)	IB-0300137

## 7.2.1 Internal Relays

Table 7.2 Internal relay list

SV13		SV22	
Device No.	Application	Device No.	Application
M0	User device	MO	User device
to	(2000 points)	to	(2000 points)
M2000	Common device	M2000	Common device
to	(320 points)	to	(320 points)
M2320	Unusable	M2320	Unusable
to	(80 points)	to	(80 points)
M2400		M2400	Axis status
	Axis status		(20 points $\times$ 16 axes)
to	(20 points × 16 axes)	to	Real modeEach axis
			Virtual modeOutput module
M2720	User device	M2720	User device
to	(320 points) (Note-1)	to	(320 points) (Note-1)
M3040	Unusable	M3040	Unusable
to	(32 points)	to	(32 points)
M3072	Common device (Command signal)	M3072	Common device (Command signal)
to	(64 points)	to	(64 points)
M3136	Unusable	M3136	Unusable
to	(64 points)	to	(64 points)
M3200		M3200	Axis command signal
	Axis command signal		(20 points $\times$ 16 axes)
to	(20 points $\times$ 16 axes)	to	Real modeEach axis
			Virtual modeOutput module
M3520	User device	M3520	User device
to	(320 points) (Note-1)	to	(320 points) (Note-1)
M3839	(020 poii1ts)	M3839	(020 politis)

SV13		SV22	
Device No.	Application	Device No.	Application
M3840		M3840 to	Unusable (160 points)
		M4000 to	Virtual servo motor axis status (20 points × 16 axes) (Note-2), (Note-3)
		M4320 to	User device (320 points) (Note-1)
		M4640 to	Synchronous encoder axis status (4 points × 8 axes) (Note-3)
		M4672 to	Unusable (128 points) <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
to	User device (4352 points)	M4800 to	Virtual servo motor axis command signal (20 points × 16 axes) (Note-2), (Note-3)
		M5120 to	User device (320 points) (Note-1)
		M5440 to	Synchronous encoder axis command signal (4 points × 8 axes) (Note-3)
		M5472 to	Unusable (16 points) <sup>(Note-2)</sup>
		M5488 to	User device (2704 points) (Note-4)
M8192 to M12287	Unusable (4096 points)	M8192 to M12287	Unusable (4096 points)

It can be used as an user device.

(Note-1): When extending it to the system more than 17 axes in Q17□DCPU/Q17□HCPU(-T)/Q17□CPUN(-T)/Q17□CPU, this device is recommended not to be used.

(Note-2): It can be used as an user device in the SV22 real mode only.

(Note-3): Do not set M4000 to M5487 as the latch range in virtual mode.

(Note-4): The cam axis command signal and smoothing clutch complete signal can be set as the optional device at the parameter.

## POINT

• Total number of user device points

6352 points (SV13) / 4704 points (Note) (SV22)

(Note): Up to 6096 points can be used when not using it in the virtual mode.

## 7.2.2 Data Registers

Table 7.3 Data register list

SV13		SV22	
Device No.	Application	Device No.	Application
D0 to	Axis monitor device (20 points × 16 axes)	D0 to	Axis monitor device (20 points × 16 axes) Real modeeach axis Virtual modeoutput module
D320 to	User device (320 points) (Note-1)	D320 to	User device (320 points) (Note-1)
D640 to	Control change register (2 points × 16 axes)	D640 to	Control change register (2 points × 16 axes)
D672 to	Unusable (32 points)	D672 to	Unusable (32 points)
D704 to	Common device (Command signal) (54 points)	D704 to	Common device (Command signal) (54 points)
D758 to	Unusable (42 points)	D758 to	Unusable (42 points)
to User device (7392 points)		D800 to	Virtual servo motor axis monitor device $ (10 \ \text{points} \times 16 \ \text{axes})^{\text{(Note-2)}} $
		D960 to	User device (160 points) (Note-1)
		D1120 to	Synchronous encoder axis monitor device (10 points × 8 axes)
		D1200 to	Unusable (40 points)
		D1240 to	CAM axis monitor device (10 points $\times$ 16 axes) (Note-2)
		D1400 to	User device (160 points) (Note-1)
D8191		D1560 to D8191	User device (6632 points)

It can be used as an user device.

(Note-1): When extending it to the system more than 17 axes in Q17 $\square$ DCPU/Q17 $\square$ HCPU(-T)/Q17 $\square$ CPU, this device is recommended not to be used.

(Note-2): It can be used as an user device in the SV22 real mode only.

## POINT

• Total number of user device points

7392 points (SV13) / 6632 points <sup>(Note)</sup> (SV22)

(Note): Up to 7272 points can be used when not using it in the virtual mode.

## 7.2.3 Motion Registers

Table 7.4 Motion register list

Device No.	Application
#0	User device
to	(8000 points)
#8000	Monitor device
to	(640 points)
#8640	Motion error history device
to	(96 points)
#8736	Havasakla
to	Unusable
#12287	(3552 points)

It can be used as an user device.

## 7.2.4 Special Relays

Table 7.5 Special relay list

Device No.	Application
SM0	System device
to	(2000 points)
SM2000	System device (For replacement) (Note-1)
to	
SM2255	(256 points)

(Note-1): For replacement from a project of Q17□HCPU(-T)/Q17□CPUN(-T)/Q17□CPU to the project of Q170MCPU.

Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)

## 7.2.5 Special Registers

Table 7.6 Special register list

Device No.	Application
SD0	System device
to	(2000 points)
SD2000	System device (For replacement) (Note-1)
to	
SD2255	(256 points)

(Note-1): For replacement from a project of Q17□HCPU(-T)/Q17□CPUN(-T)/Q17□CPU to the project of Q170MCPU

Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)

<sup>&</sup>quot;APPENDIX 1.3 Replacement of special relays/special registers"" for details.

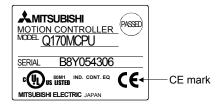
<sup>&</sup>quot;APPENDIX 1.3 Replacement of special relays/special registers"" for details.

MEMO			

## 8. EMC DIRECTIVES

Compliance to the EMC Directive, which is one of the EU Directives, has been a legal obligation for the products sold in European countries since 1996 as well as the Low Voltage Directive since 1997.

Manufacturers who recognize their products are compliant to the EMC and Low Voltage Directives are required to declare that print a "CE mark" on their products.



## (1) Authorized representative in Europe

Authorized representative in Europe is shown below.

Name : Mitsubishi Electric Europe BV

Address: Gothaer strase 8, 40880 Ratingen, Germany

## 8.1 Requirements for Compliance with the EMC Directive

The EMC Directive specifies that products placed on the market must be so constructed that they do not cause excessive electromagnetic interference (emissions) and are not unduly affected by electromagnetic interference (immunity)". Section 8.1.1 through Section 8.1.4 summarize the precautions on compliance with the EMC Directive of the machinery constructed with the Motion controllers. These precautions are based on the requirements and the standards of the regulation, however, it does not guarantee that the entire machinery constructed according to the descriptions will comply with above-mentioned directive. The method and judgement for complying with the EMC Directive must be determined by the person who construct the entire machinery.

## 8.1.1 Standards relevant to the EMC Directive

The standards relevant to the EMC Directive are listed in table below.

Certification	Test item	Test details	Standard value
	EN55011:2007/A2:2007 Radiated emission <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Radio waves from the product are measured.	30M-230MHz QP <sup>(Note-2)</sup> : 40dBμV/m (10m (32.81ft.) in measurement range) 230M-1000MHz QP: 47dBμV/m (10m (32.81ft.) in measurement range)
EN61000-6-4:2007 EN61131-2:2007	EN55011:2007/A2:2007 <sup>(Note-3)</sup> (Power line) EN55022:2006/A1:2007 <sup>(Note-4)</sup> (Electrical communication port) Conducted emission	Noise from the product to the power line and electrical communication port is measured.	AC power line  0.15M-0.5MHz QP : 79dBµV  AV <sup>(Note-5)</sup> : 66dBµV  0.15M-30MHz QP: 73dBµV  AV: 60dBµV  Electrical communication port  0.15M-0.5MHz QP, AV: Logarithmic decrease  0.15M-30MHz QP: 87dBµV  AV: 74dBµV
	EN61000-4-2:1995 +A1:1998+A2:2001 Electrostatic discharge immunity	Immunity test in which electrostatic discharge is applied to the product.	8kV: 10 times at 1 second interval, Air discharge 4kV: 10 times at 1 second interval, Contact discharge
	EN61000-4-3:2006 Radiated immunity <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Immunity test in which electric fields are radiated to the product.	80-1000MHz 10V/m, 1400M-2000MHz 3V/m, 2000M-2700MHz 1V/m, 80%AM modulation @1kHz
	EN61000-4-4:2004 Electrical fast transient/ burst (EFT/B) immunity	Immunity test in which burst noise is applied to the power cable and signal line.	AC power line: ±2kV/5kHz DC power line: ±2kV/5kHz I/O, communication line: ±1kV/5kHz
EN61000-6-2:2005 EN61131-2:2007	EN61000-4-5:2006 Surge immunity	Immunity test in which surge is applied to the power line and signal line.	AC power line Common mode: ±2.5kV Differential mode: ±1.5kV DC power line Common mode: ±0.5kV Differential mode: ±0.5kV I/O, communication line Common mode: ±1kV
	EN61000-4-6:2007 +A:2001 Conducted immunity	Immunity test in which high frequency noise is applied to the power line and signal line.	0.15-80MHz, 80%AM modulation @1kHz, 10Vrms
	EN61000-4-11:2004 <sup>(Note-3)</sup> Short interruptions immunity	Immunity test in which power supply has short interruptions.	0% of rated voltage, 250cycle
	EN61000-4-11:2004 <sup>(Note-3)</sup>	Test in which voltage dip is applied to	40% of rated voltage, 10cycle
EN61131-2:2007	Voltage dip  EN61131-2:2007 <sup>(Note-3)</sup> Voltage dip immunity	Immunity test in which voltage dip is applied to the power supply.	70% of rated voltage, 25cycle 0% of rated voltage, 0.5cycle 20 times

(Note-1): This product is an open type device (a device designed to be housed inside other equipment) and must be installed inside a conductive control panel.

The corresponding test has been done with the programmable controller installed inside a control panel.

(Note-2): QP : Quasi-peak value

(Note-3): For the AC power supply line.

(Note-4): For the electrical communication port.

(Note-5): AV: Average value

### 8.1.2 Installation instructions for EMC Directive

### (1) Installation

Motion controller is an open type device and must be installed inside a control panel for use.

This not only ensures safety but also ensures effective shielding of Motion controller-generated electromagnetic noise.

### (a) Control panel

- 1) Use a conductive control panel.
- 2) When attaching the control panel's top plate or base plate, expose bare metal surface and weld so that good surface contact can be made between the panel and plate.
- 3) To ensure good electrical contact with the control panel, mask the paint on the installation bolts of the inner plate in the control panel so that contact between surfaces can be ensured over the widest possible area
- 4) Ground the control panel with a thick wire so that a low impedance connection to ground can be ensured even at high frequencies.
- 5) Holes made in the control panel must be 10cm (3.94inch) diameter or less. If the holes are 10cm (3.94 inch) or larger, radio frequency noise may be emitted.

In addition, because radio waves leak through a clearance between the control panel door and the main unit, reduce the clearance as much as practicable.

The leakage of radio waves can be suppressed by the direct application of an EMI gasket on the paint surface.

### (2) Connection of power line and ground wire

It is necessary to use the Motion controller grounding terminal only when it is in the grounded condition. Be sure to ground the grounding for the safety reasons and EMC Directives.

Ground wire and power supply cable for the Motion controller system must be connected as described below.

(a) Provide an grounding point near the FG terminals. Ground the FG terminals (FG: Frame Ground) with the thickest and shortest wire possible. (The wire length must be 30cm (11.81inch) or shorter.) The FG terminals function is to pass the noise generated in the Motion controller system to the ground, so wire the ground wire as short as possible to ensure a low impedance. The wire itself carries a large noise content and thus short wiring means that the wire is prevented from acting (noise emission) as an antenna.

## (3) Cables

The cables extracted from the control panel contain a high frequency noise component. On the outside of the control panel, therefore, they serve as antennas to emit noise. To prevent noise emission, use shielded cables for the cables which are connected to the I/O modules and intelligent function modules and may be extracted to the outside of the control panel.

The use of a shielded cable also increases noise resistance.

The signal lines (including common line) of the programmable controller, which are connected to I/O modules, intelligent function modules and/or extension cables, have noise durability in the condition of grounding their shields by using the shielded cables. If a shielded cable is not used or not grounded correctly, the noise resistance will not meet the specified requirements.

#### (a) Grounding of shield section of shield cable

- Ground the exposed shield section of the shielded cable close to the module. When the grounded cables and the not yet grounded cables are bundled, the cables might be induced to electromagnetic.
- 2) Ground the exposed shield section to spacious area on the control panel. A clamp can be used as shown in Figure 8.2. In this case, mask the inner wall surface when coating the control panel, and contact the exposed shield section with the clamp at the exposed bare metal surface.

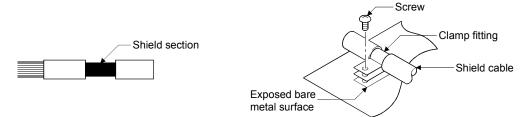


Figure 8.1 Part to be exposed

Figure 8.2 Shield grounding (Correct example)

Note) The method of grounding with a vinyl-coated wire soldered onto the shielded section of the shielded cable as in shown Figure 8.3 is not recommended. Doing so will raise the high-frequency impedance, resulting in loss of the shielding effect.

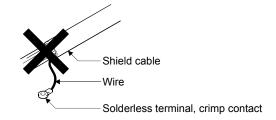


Figure 8.3 Shield grounding (Incorrect example)

### 8.1.3 Parts of measure against noise

### (1) Ferrite core

A ferrite core has the effect of reducing noise in the 30MHz to 100MHz band. It is not required to fit ferrite cores to cables, but it is recommended to fit ferrite cores if shield cables pulled out of the enclosure do not provide sufficient shielding effects.

Note that the ferrite cores must be fitted to the cables in the position immediately before they are pulled out of the enclosure. If the fitting position is improper, the ferrite will not produce any effect.

• Ferrite core (Recommended product)

Manufacturer	Model name
TDK	ZCAT3035-1330

## (2) Noise filter (power supply line filter)

A noise filter is a component which has an effect on conducted noise.

The attachment of the noise filter to the power supply line of the servo amplifier is effective for the reducing noise.

(The noise filter has the effect of reducing conducted noise of 10 MHz or less.)

The precautions required when installing a noise filter are described below.

(a) Do not bundle the wires on the input side and output side of the noise filter. When bundled, the output side noise will be induced into the input side wires from which the noise was filtered.

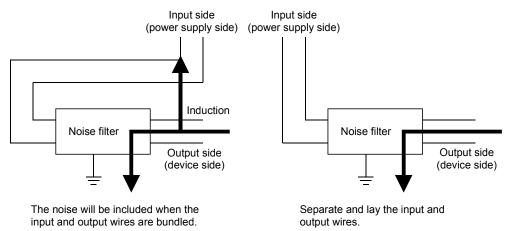


Figure 8.4 Precautions on noise filter

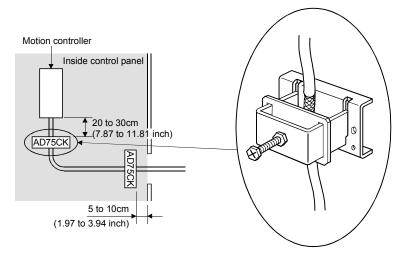
- (b) Ground the noise filter grounding terminal to the control cabinet with the shortest wire possible (approx. 10cm (3.94 inch)).
  - Noise ferrite (Recommended product)

Manufacturer	Model name
Soshin Electric	HF3010A-UN

## (3) Cable clamp

It is also possible to ground the exposed shielded part of the cable to the panel with the AD75CK cable clamp (Mitsubishi).

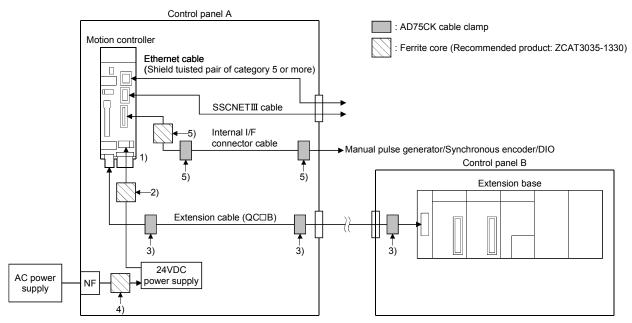
- Ground the shield at a position 20 to 30cm (7.87 to 11.81 inch) away from the module.
- When the cables pulled out from the control panel, ground the cables at a position 5 to 10cm (1.97 to 3.94inch) near the input/output hole of the control panel with the cable clamp (AD75CK), etc.



• Cable clamp (Recommended product)

Manufacturer	Model name	
	AERSBAN-DSET	
Mitsubishi electric	AERSBAN-ESET	
	AD75CK	

## 8.1.4 Example of measure against noise



- 1) Ground the FG terminal of the Motion controller and 24VDC power supply module to the control panel.
- 2) Measure against noise of the power supply cable (24VDC twisted cable)
  - Wire the power supply cable as short as possible using the twisted cable.
  - Install a ferrite core at a position 20 to 30cm (7.87 to 11.81inch) away from the product.
- 3) Measure against noise of the extension cable (QC□B)
  - Ground the cables at a position 20 to 30cm (7.87 to 11.81inch) away from the module with the cable clamp (AD75CK),etc.
  - When the cables are extracted from the control panel, ground the cables at a position 5 to 10cm (1.97 to 3.94inch) away from the exit/entrance of the control panel with the cable clamp (AD75CK), etc.
- 4) Install a ferrite core in the secondary side of NF. (Approx. 1 turn)
- 5) Measure against noise of the internal I/F connector cable
   Install a ferrite core at a position 20 to 30cm (7.87 to 11.81inch) away from the module.
  - Ground the cables at a position 30 to 40cm (11.81 to 15.75inch) away from the module with the cable clamp (AD75CK),etc.
  - When the cables are extracted from the control panel, ground the cables at a position 5 to 10cm (1.97 to 3.94inch) away from the exit/entrance of the control panel with the cable clamp (AD75CK), etc.
    - (1) Refer to Section 2 for the following cables.
      - · Ethernet cable
      - RS-232 communication cable
      - USB cable

      - Extension cable
    - (2) Refer to APPENDIX 4.4 for the internal I/F connector cable. Correctly wire the internal I/F connector cable. Use the shielded twisted pair cable.
    - (3) In wiring inside the panel, the power line connected to the power or servo amplifier and the communication cable such as bus connection cable or network cable must not be mixed. If the cables are installed closely with each other for wiring reasons, using a separator (made of metal) can make the cables less influenced by noise.
      - Mixing the power line and communication cable may cause malfunction due to noise.

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# **APPENDICES**

## APPENDIX 1 Differences Between Q170MCPU and Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU

This section describes the differences between Q170MCPU and Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU, and the contents of change.

Refer to the following manuals for contents in common with Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU.

Manual name	Manual number
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)	IB-0300134
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)	IB-0300135
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)	IB-0300136
Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)	IB-0300137

APP.

## APPENDIX 1.1 Differences of devices

Table 1.1 Differences of devices

Devic	ce No.							
Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/ Q172DCPU	Name	Description					
D12+20n	D12+20n	Execute program No. storage register	This register stores the starting program No. at the servo program starting.  • FFFFJOG operation  • FFFEManual pulse generator operation  • FF00Power supply ON  • FFE0Current value change execution by the Motion dedicated instruction					
#8000+20n	#8000+20n	Servo amplifier type	This register stores the servo amplifier type for each axis at the servo amplifier power supply ON.  • 0					
#8008+20n	_	Servo amplifier display servo error code	This register stores the servo error code read from the servo amplifier.  The hexadecimal display is the same as the LED of servo amplifier.  Refer to the "Servo amplifier Instruction Manual" for details of the servo error codes.					
SD720, SD721	_	444µs coasting timer	Current value (SD720, SD721) is incremented by Read SD720 device in 2 word unit.    Item	ication to 2147483647) ver-on or reset, a New				

In the device numbers, "n" in "D12+20n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. such as the following tables.

Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n	Axis No.	n
1	0	5	4	9	8	13	12
2	1	6	5	10	9	14	13
3	2	7	6	11	10	15	14
4	3	8	7	12	11	16	15

<sup>•</sup> Calculate as follows for the device No. corresponding to each axis. (Example) For axis 16

D12+20n=D12+20×15=D312

## APPENDIX 1.2 Differences of parameters

Table 1.2 Differences of parameters

	Item	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU
	Extension base	Stage 1Nothing 2 Slots 5 Slots GOT (Bus connection) Stage 2Nothing GOT (Bus connection)	Stage 1 to 7 Nothing 2 Slots 3 Slots 5 Slots 8 Slots 10 Slots/GOT (Bus connection) 12 Slots
System setting	Amplifier setting	[Axis No.] 1 to 16  [Amplifier type] MR-J3-B MR-J3-B Fully closed MR-J3-B Linear MR-J3-B DD motor	[Axis No.] Q173DCPU: 1 to 32 Q172DCPU: 1 to 8 [Amplifier type] MR-J3-B MR-J3-B Fully closed MR-J3-B Linear MR-J3-B DD motor
	Q170M I/O setting	Used/Unused [First I/O No.] 0 to FF0 [High-speed read setting] Used/Unused [Input signal detection direction] Valid on leading edge/Valid on trailing edge	_

## POINT

Set "MR-J3-B" to use the MR-J3W-□B.

MR-J3W-□B is recognized as two servo amplifiers. Set two axes as MR-J3-□B.

## APPENDIX 1.3 Differences of programs

Table 1.3 Differences of Motion SFC and servo programs

Program	Item	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU	
Motion SFC	Event task	Fixed cycle (0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms, 7.11ms, 14.2ms).	Fixed cycle (0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms, 7.11ms, 14.2ms)	
	Speed-position control	DOG/CHANGE signal of Q172DLX and external	POOKSUANOS : LA CATORIAY	
Servo program	Count type home position return	input signal (DOG) of servo amplifier can be used.	DOG/CHANGE signal of Q172DLX can be used	

## POINT

The variation for ON/OFF timing of the external input signal (DOG) of servo amplifier may occur according to the input filter setting value of external signal input setting.

Review the input filter setting value compatible with the applications.

Use the Q172DLX to execute the high-accuracy control.

Table 1.4 Differences of mechanical system programs

				Maximum number of usable																
ion	Mechanic	ai module		Q170MCPU						Q173DCPU Q172DCPU						_				
icati	icat		Nu	ımber			Number	per block	1	mber			Number	per block		ımber			Number	per block
Classification	Name	Appearance	M	per lotion itroller	ı	mber oer stem	Connection shaft side	Auxiliary input axis side	Mo	oer otion PU odule	þ	mber er stem	Connection shaft side	Auxiliary input axis side	M	per otion CPU odule		imber per stem	Connection shaft side	Auxiliary input axis side
Drive module	Virtual servo motor		16	Total	16	Total	_	_	32	Total	32	Total	_	_	8	Total	8	Total	_	_
Drive r	Synchronous encoder		8	24	8	18	_	_	12	44	12	34	_	_	8	16	8	10	_	_
axis	Virtual main shaft	_	16	Total		16	_	_	32	Total	;	32	_	_	8	Total		8	_	_
Virtual axis	Virtual auxiliary input axis	_	16	32		16	_	_	32	64	;	32	_	_	8	16		8	_	_
	Gear			32		32	1	1		64		64	1	1		16		16	1	1
	Direct clutch			20		20	4	4		04		0.4	4	4		40		40	4	4
on module	Smoothing clutch			32		32	1	1		64		64	1	1		16		16	1	1
Transmission module	Speed change gear			32		32	1	1		64		64	1	1		16		16	1	1
	Differential gear			16		16	1			32		32	1			8		8	1	
	Differential gear to main shaft			16		1		_		32		1	_			8		1	_	
	Roller		16		16				32		32				8		8			
Output module	Ball screw		16	Total	16	Total	1	1	32	Total	32	Total	1	1	8	Total	8	Total	1	1
Output	Rotary table		16	16	16	16	'	'	32	32	32	32	'	'	8	8	8	8	'	, '
	Cam		16		16				32		32				8		8			

## APPENDIX 1.4 Differences of error codes

Table 1.5 Differences of error codes

Error code		Q170MCPU	QnUD(E)(H)CPU	
PLC CPU Self-diagnosis error area code	2124	<ul> <li>A module is mounted on the settable slot or later slot.</li> <li>A module is mounted on the slot whose number is greater than the number of slots specified at [Slots] in [Standard setting] of the base setting.</li> <li>A module is mounted on the slot whose number of I/O points exceeds 512 points.</li> <li>A module is mounted on the slot whose number of I/O points strides 512 points.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A module is mounted on the 65th slot or later slot.</li> <li>A module is mounted on the slot whose number is greater than the number of slots specified at [Slots] in [Standard setting] of the base setting.</li> <li>A module is mounted on the slot whose number of I/O points exceeds 4096 points.</li> <li>A module is mounted on the slot whose number of I/O points strides 4096 points.</li> </ul>	

	Error code		Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU
	Motion SFC parameter error	17004	Event task operation cycle setting error	_
Motion CPU	Servo program setting error	51	Rapid stop deceleration time setting error	_
area	Minor error	122	Home position return is started on the direct drive motor when the absolute position data of the encoder has not been established.	_

The error details of Q170MCPU are shown below.

## (1) Self-diagnosis error code (Error code: 2124)

Error code		Common	Individual	LED display		CPU operation	
(SD0)	Error message	information (SD5 to SD15)	information (SD16 to SD26)	RUN	ERR.	status	Diagnostic timing
2124	SP. UNIT LAY ERR.	_		OFF	Flicker	Stop	At power ON/At reset

Error contents and cause	Corrective action
• A module is mounted on the settable slot or later slot.	• Remove the module mounted on the settable slot or later slot.
• A module is mounted on the slot whose number is greater	Remove the module mounted on the slot whose number is
than the number of slots specified at [Slots] in [Standard	greater than the number of slots specified at [Slots] in
setting] of the base setting.	[Standard setting] of the base setting.
A module is mounted on the slot whose number of I/O	Remove the module mounted on the slot whose number of
points exceeds 512 points.	I/O points exceeds 512 points.
A module is mounted on the slot whose number of I/O	Replace the module with the one whose number of occupied
points strides 512 points.	points does not exceed 512 points.

# (2) Motion SFC parameter error (Error code: 17004)

Error code	Name	Description	Error processing	Corrective action
17004	Event task operation cycle setting error	The operation cycle setting value is outside the setting range.		Turn PLC ready flag (M2000) OFF, set the operation cycle setting to 0.4[ms] or more, or default value.

# (3) Servo program setting error (Error code: 51)

Error code	Name	Description	Error processing	Corrective action
	Rapid stop	The rapid stop deceleration	Control with the setting value	Set the rapid stop deceleration time
51	deceleration time	time is bigger than the setting	of deceleration time.	within the range of 1 to deceleration
	setting error	value of deceleration time.		time.

# (4) Minor error (Error code: 122)

					Со	ntro	l mo	de							
Error code	Positioning	Fixed-pitch feed	Speed	Speed/position switching	Speed switching	Constant-speed	906	Manual pulse generator	Home position return	Position follow-up control	OSC	Speed control with fixed position stop	Error cause	Error processing	Corrective action
122									0				<ul> <li>Home position return is started on the direct drive motor when the absolute position data of the encoder has not been established.</li> </ul>	Positioning control does not start.	Turn the power supplies of the system or servo amplifier from OFF to ON after passing the zero point of the motor by the JOG operation, etc.

## APPENDIX 1.5 Differences of peripheral device interface

Table 1.6 Differences of peripheral device interface

Ite	em	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU	
USB		Connect to the USB connector/	Connect to the PLC CPU	
RS-232		RS-232 connector of PLC CPU area.	module.	
	Direct connection	Compact to the DEDIDUEDAL I/E	_	
PERIPHERAL I/F	Connection via HUB	Connect to the PERIPHERAL I/F connector of Motion CPU area.		

The connection between Q170MCPU interface and programming software package/ GOT are shown below.

Peripheral device interface	Transfer	MT Developer2 (MR Configurator)	GX Developer	GOT (Direct bus connection to CPU)
USB		0	0	×
RS-232		0	0	0
	Direct connection	0	×	×
PERIPHERAL I/F	Connection via HUB	0	×	×

O: Possible X: Impossible

The connection procedure for PERIPHERAL I/F is shown below.

## (1) PERIPHERAL I/F

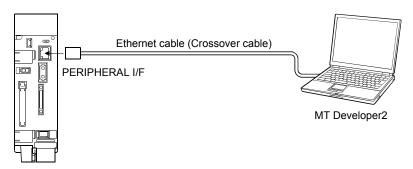
There are following two ways to communicate between the Motion controller and MT Developer2.

- "Direct connection" connected with the Ethernet cable
- "Connection via HUB" connected via HUB

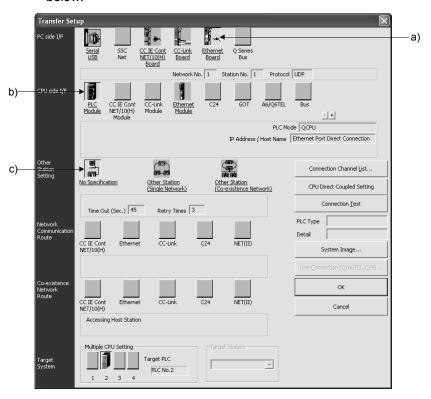
#### (a) Direct connection

Between the Motion controller and MT Developer2 can be connected using one Ethernet cable without HUB.

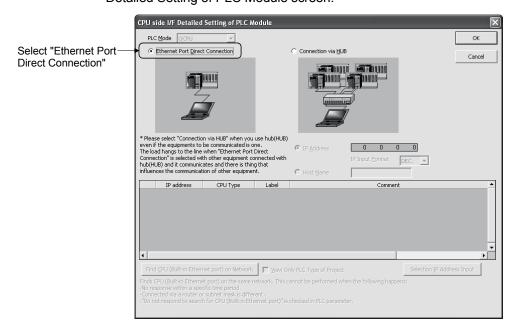
The direct connection enables communication with only specifying connection target. IP address setting is not required.



Communication setting in MT Developer2 side
 Set the items on the Transfer Setup screen in MT Developer2 as shown below.



- a) Select [Ethernet Board] for PC side I/F.
- b) Select [PLC Module] for CPU side I/F.
   Select the "Ethernet Port Direct Connection" on the CPU side I/F
   Detailed Setting of PLC Module screen.



c) Make the setting for Other Station Setting.

### 2) Precautions

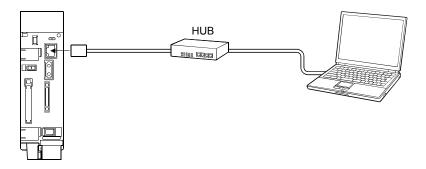
Precautions for direct connection are shown below.

a) Connection to LAN line

When the Motion controller is connected to LAN line, do not perform communication using direct connection. If performed, the communication may put a load to LAN line and adversely affect communications of other devices.

b) Connection not connected directly

The system configuration that connects a Motion controller with an external device using a hub as shown below is not regarded as direct connection.



 c) Condition in which direct connection communication may not be available

Under the following conditions, direct connection communication may not be available. In that case, check the setting of the Motion controller and/or personal computer.

 In the Motion controller IP address, bits corresponding to "0" in the personal computer subnet mask are all ON or all OFF.

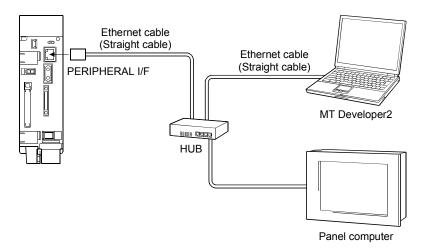
(Example) Motion controller IP address : 64. 64. 255. 255

Personal computer IP address : 64. 64. 1. 1 Personal computer subnet mask : 255.255. 0. 0

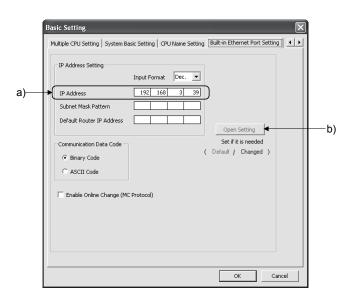
 In the Motion controller IP address, bits corresponding to the host address for each class in the personal computer IP address are all ON or all OFF.

(Example) Motion controller IP address : 64. 64. 255. 255

Personal computer IP address : 192.168. 0. 1 Personal computer subnet mask : 255. 0. 0. 0 (b) Connection via HUB Between the Motion controller and MT Developer2 can be connected via HUB.



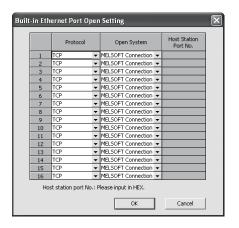
Setting in Motion controller side
 Set the items on the Built-in Ethernet Port Setting in Basic Setting as shown below.



a) Set the Motion controller IP address.
 (Default IP address: 192.168.3.39)
 Change the IP address if required.
 No need to set "Subnet Mask Pattern" and "Default Router IP Address".

 Select the protocol ("TCP" or "UDP") to be used, in accordance with the external device on the Built-in Ethernet Port Open Setting screen.

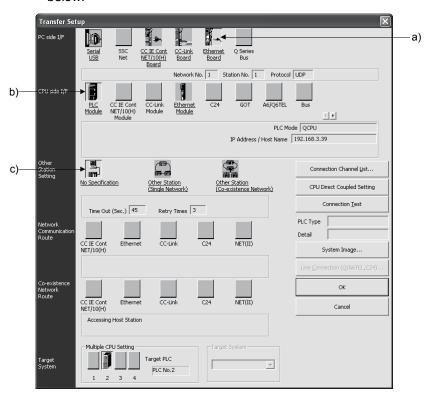
Select "TCP" to emphasize communication reliability.



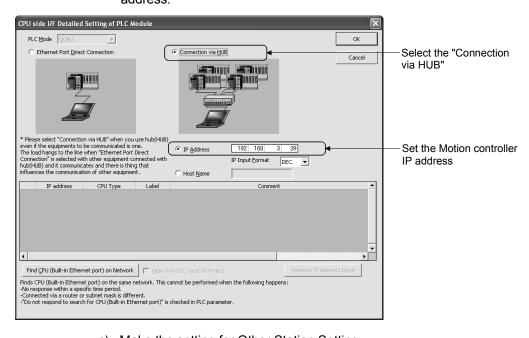
Enabling the parameters of Motion controller
 Using Ethernet direct connection or USB/RS-232 connection, write the
 settings in parameter to the Motion controller by selecting [Online] [Write to CPU] in MT Developer2. After writing the parameter settings,
 power the Motion controller OFF to ON or perform the reset operation
 of the Motion controller using the RUN/STOP/RESET switch so that
 the parameters become valid.

Connect directly with an Ethernet cable (crossover cable) between the personal computer and Motion controller to write the parameters using the Ethernet cable. Refer to this section (a) for details.

 Communication setting in MT Developer2 side
 Set the items on the Transfer Setup screen in MT Developer2 as shown below.



- a) Select [Ethernet Board] for PC side I/F.
- b) Select [PLC Module] for CPU side I/F. Select the "Connection via HUB" on the CPU side I/F Detailed Setting of PLC Module screen, and set the Motion controller IP address.

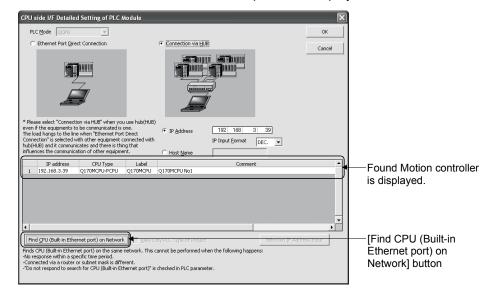


c) Make the setting for Other Station Setting.

### **POINT**

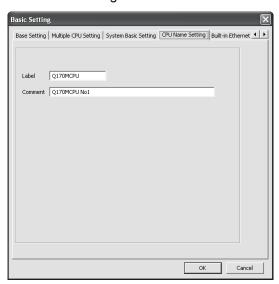
The Find CPU function can be used for specifying the Motion controller IP address in the connection via HUB.

This function can be activated in [Find CPU (Built-in Ethernet port) on Network] of CPU side I/F Detailed Setting of PLC Module screen, finds the Motion controller connected to the same HUB as MT Developer2, and displays a list.



 Set the label and comment of the Motion controller in [CPU Name Setting] of Basic Setting.

The label and comment set in [CPU Name Setting] are displayed on the CPU side I/F Detailed Setting of PLC Module screen.

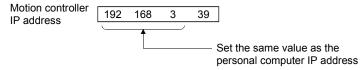


Item	Description	Setting range
Label	Enter a label (name and/or purpose) of the Motion controller.	Up to 10 characters
Comment	Enter comments regarding the Motion controller.	Up to 64 characters

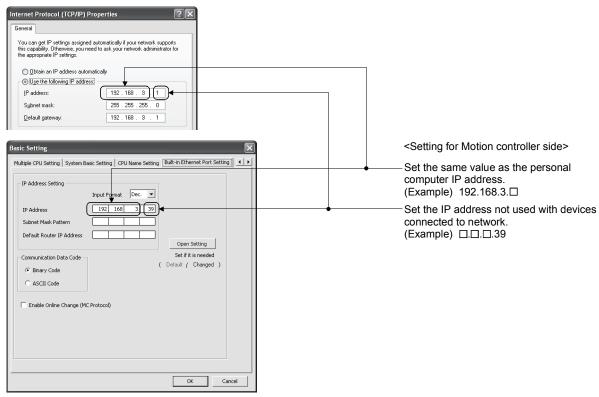
### 3) Precautions

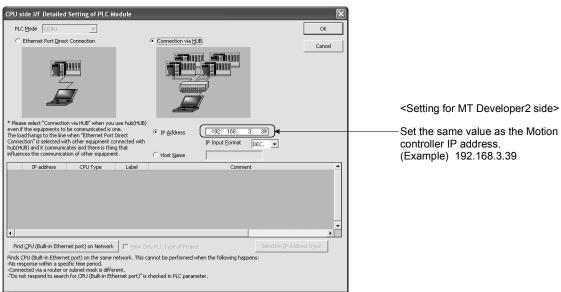
Precautions for connection via HUB are shown below.

a) When the personal computer that can connect to LAN line is used, set the same value for Motion controller IP address as the following personal computer IP address.



(Example) Personal computer IP address: "192.168.3.1"





- b) The maximum number of devices that can access to one Motion controller simultaneously is 16.
- c) Hubs with 10BASE-T or 100BASE-TX ports can be used.
   (The ports must comply with the IEEE802.3 100BASE-TX or IEEE802.3 10BASE-T standards.)
- d) The Ethernet cables must to be installed away from power cabling/lines.
- e) The module operation is not guaranteed if any of the following connection is used. Check the module operation on the user side.
  - Connections using the Internet (general public line)
  - Connections using devices in which a firewall is installed
  - · Connections using broadband routers
  - · Connections using wireless LAN
- f) When multiple Motion controllers are connected to MT Developer2, beware of the below cautions:
  - IP addresses must be different for each Motion controller.
  - Different projects must be used for each Motion controllers on MT Developer2.

## APPENDIX 1.6 MC Protocol Communication

PERIPHERAL I/F of the Motion controller enables communication using the MC protocol (Note-1).

External devices such as personal computers and display devices read/write device data from/to the Motion controller using the MC protocol.

External devices monitor the operation of the Motion controller, analyze data, and manage production by reading/writing device data.

# REMARK

(Note-1): The MC protocol is an abbreviation for the MELSEC communication protocol.

The MELSEC communication protocol is a name of the communication method used to access CPU modules from external devices in accordance with the communication procedure of Q-series programmable controllers (such as serial communication modules, Ethernet modules).

For details on the MC protocol, refer to the "Q Corresponding MELSEC Communication Protocol Reference Manual".

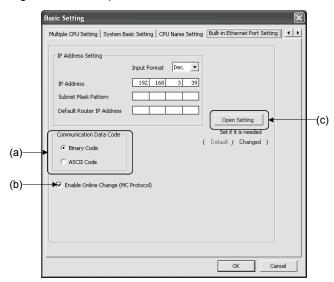
### **POINT**

External devices such as personal computers and display devices can communicate with only the Motion controller connected by Ethernet using the MC protocol.

An access to any of the CPU modules on another station via network is not available.

### (1) Setting for MC protocol communication

Setting for communication using the MC protocol is described below. Set the items of following (a) to (c) in the Built-in Ethernet Port Setting of the Basic Setting of MT Developer2.



### (a) Communication data code

Select a communication data code used for the MC protocol, "Binary code" or "ASCII code".

## (b) Enable online change (MC protocol)

Check the checkbox to enable online change when writing data to the Motion controller from the external device that communicates using the MC protocol.

For details on the available functions with this setting, refer to this section (2).

## (c) Open Setting

Set the following items.

1) Protocol

Select a connection used as MC protocol. (Up to 16 CPU modules can be connected.)

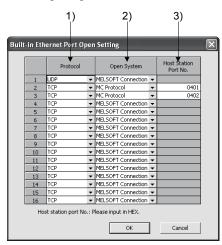
2) Open System

Select "MC protocol".

3) Host Station Port No. (Required)

Set the host station port number (in hexadecimal).

Setting range: 0401H to 1387H, 1392H to FFFEH



## **POINT**

When the "Enable online change (MC protocol)" box is unchecked, if a data write request is sent from an external device to the Motion controller which is in the RUN status, data will not be written to the Motion controller and the module returns the NAK message.

## (2) Command list

When the PERIPHERAL I/F of the Motion controller communicates using the MC protocol, commands listed in table below can be executed.

		Command			Status	of Motion c	ontroller		
	Function		Command (Subcommand)	Description	Number of		RI	JN	
	Function		(Note-1)	Description	processed points	STOP	Write enabled	Write disabled	
		In units of bits	0401 (0001)	Reads bit devices in units of one point.	ASCII: 3584 points BIN : 7168 points				
	Batch read	In units of words	0401 (0000)	Reads bit devices in units of 16 points.	960 words (15360 points)	0	0	0	
		oi woius	(0000)	Reads word devices in units of one point.	960 points				
		In units of bits	1401 (0001)	Writes bit devices in units of one point.	ASCII: 3584 points BIN : 7168 points		0		
	Batch write	In units of words	1401 (0000)	Writes bit devices in units of 16 points.	960 words (15360 points)	0		×	
		oi wolus	(0000)	Writes word devices in units of one point.	960 points				
	Random read	In units of words		0403	Reads bit devices in units of 16 or 32 points by randomly specifying a device or device number.	192 points	0	0	0
Device memory	(14010-2)		(0000)	Reads word devices in units of one or two points by randomly specifying a device or device number.			J		
memory		In units of bits	1402 (0001)	Sets/resets bit devices in units of one point by randomly specifying a device or device number.	188 points				
	Test (Random write)	In units	1402	Sets/resets bit devices in units of 16 or 32 points by randomly specifying a device or device number.	(Note-5)	0	0	×	
		Of Words (Note-2)	(0000)	Writes word devices in units of one or two points by randomly specifying a device or device number.					
	Monitor registration (Note-2), (Note-3),	In units	0801	Registers bit devices to be monitored in units of 16 or 32 points.	192 points		0	0	
	(Note-4)	of words	(0000)	Registers word devices to be monitored in units of one or two points.	102 points	0		J	
	Monitor	In units of words	0802 (0000)	Monitors devices registered.	Number of registered points	0	0	0	

○: Available, ×: Not available

For the monitor registration, an error (4032H) occurs during the monitor operation.

(Number of word access points)  $\times$  12 + (Number of double-word access points)  $\times$  14  $\leq$  1920

- Bit devices are regarded as 16 bits during word access and 32 bits during double-word access.
- Word devices are regarded as one word during word access and two words during double-word access.

<sup>(</sup>Note-1): Subcommand is for the QnA-compatible 3E frame.

<sup>(</sup>Note-2): Devices such as TS, TC, SS, SC, CS, and CC cannot be specified in units of words.

<sup>(</sup>Note-3): During monitor registration, monitor condition cannot be set.

<sup>(</sup>Note-4): Do not execute monitor registration from multiple external devices. If executed, the last monitor registration becomes valid.

<sup>(</sup>Note-5): Set the number of processed points so that the following condition is satisfied.

# (3) Available devices

The devices available in commands used in the MC protocol communication function is shown below.

## (a) PLC CPU area

			Device	e code				
Classification	Device		ASCII code (Note-1)	Binary code	Device number range	e (Default)	Remarks	
Internal system	Special rela	у	SM	91h	000000 to 002047	Decimal		
device	Special regi	ster	SD	A9h	000000 to 002047	Decimal		
	Input		X *	9Ch	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal	_	
	Output		Y *	9Dh	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal		
	Internal rela	у	M *	90h	000000 to 008191	Decimal		
	Latch relay		L*	92h	000000 to 008191	Decimal		
	Annunciato	r	F*	93h	000000 to 002047	Decimal		
	Edge relay		V *	94h	000000 to 002047	Decimal		
	Link relay		В*	A0h	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal		
	Data registe	er	D*	A8h	000000 to 012287	Decimal		
	Link registe	r	W*	B4h	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal		
		Contact	TS	C1h				
	Timer	Coil	TC	C0h	000000 to 000047	Desimal	NATIONAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	
Internal user	Timer	Current value	TN	C2h	000000 to 002047	Decimal	When the device number range is changed, access is possible up to the largest device number after the	
device		Contact	SS	C7h	- 000000 to 002047	Decimal	change.  * Local devices cannot be accessed.	
devide	Retentive	Coil	SC	C6h				
	timer	Current value	SN	C8h	000000 to 002047	Decimal		
	Counter	Contact	CS	C4h				
		Coil	CC	C3h	000000 to 001023	Decimal		
		Current value	CN	C5h	000000 to 001023	Decimal		
	Link special	relay	SB	A1h	000000 to 0007FF	Hexadecimal		
	Link special	register	SW	B5h	000000 to 0007FF	Hexadecimal		
	Step relay		S*	98h	000000 to 008191	Decimal		
	Direct input		DX	A2h	000000 to 000FFF	Hexadecimal	Devices of DX/DY1000 or later are not	
	Direct Outpo	ut	DY	A3h	000000 to 000FFF	Hexadecimal	available. Use X/Y devices to access devices of DX/DY1000 or later.	
Index register	Index regist	er	Z*	CCh	000000 to 000019	Decimal		
File register	File register		R*	Afh	000000 to 032767	Decimal	_	
File register	riie register		ZR	B0h	000000 to 3FD7FF	Hexadecimal		
Extended data register	Extended data register		D*	A8h	Binary:     000000 to 4184063     (4086k points maximum)     ASCII:     000000 to 999999     (976.6k points maximum)	Decimal	If the number of points is set on the PLC file tab of PLC parameter, access is possible up to the largest device number after the setting.  However, in the ASCII code communication, the number of points described on the left is the access limit.	
Extended link register	Extended link register		W*	B4h	000000 to 3FD7FF (4086k points maximum)	Hexadecimal	If the number of points is set on the PLC file tab of PLC parameter, access is possible up to the largest device number after the setting.	

(Note-1): When data is communicated in ASCII code, the second character " \* " can be designated a blank space (code: 20H).

## (b) Motion CPU area

		Device	e code	Device number range (Default)		Remarks	
Classification	Device	ASCII code (Note-1)	Binary code				
Internal system	Special relay	SM	91h	000000 to 002255	Decimal		
device	Special register	SD	A9h	000000 to 002255	Decimal	_	
	Input	X *	9Ch	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal	Including actual input device PX.	
	Output	Y *	9Dh	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal	Including actual input device PY.	
	Internal relay	M *	90h	000000 to 012287	Decimal		
Internal user	Annunciator	F*	93h	000000 to 002047	Decimal		
device	Link relay	В*	A0h	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal		
	Data register	D*	A8h	000000 to 008191	Decimal	_	
	Link register	W *	B4h	000000 to 001FFF	Hexadecimal		
	Motion register	#*	E0h	000000 to 012287	Decimal		

(Note-1): When data is communicated in ASCII code, the second character " \* " can be designated a blank space (code: 20H).

## (4) Precautions

### (a) Number of connected modules

In the connection with external devices using the MC protocol, the number of Motion controllers set as "MELSOFT connection" in the Open Settings on Built-in Ethernet Port setting of Basic Setting can be connected simultaneously.

### (b) Data communication frame

Table below shows the frames available in the communication function using the MC protocol with PERIPHERAL I/F.

Communication frame	Communication function using the MC protocol with PERIPHERAL I/F
4E frame	×
QnA-compatible 3E frame	0
A-compatible 1E frame	×

○: Available, ×: Not available

### (c) Access range

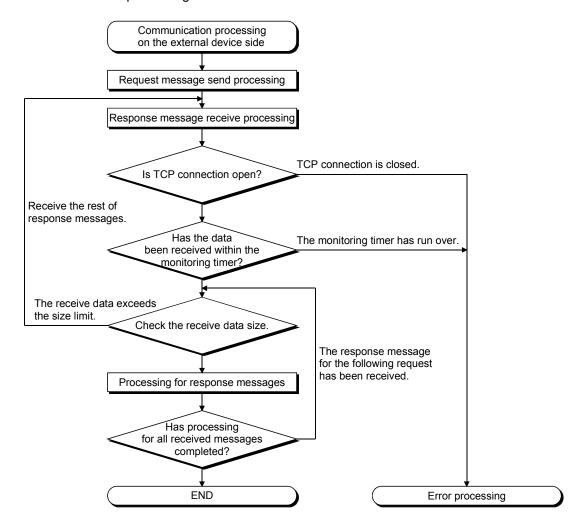
- Only Motion controller connected by Ethernet can be accessed.
   Accessing a Motion controller not connected by Ethernet results in an error.
- Accessing a Motion controller on another station in CC-Link IE controller network, MELSECNET/H, Ethernet or CC-Link via a connected Motion controller is not possible.

#### (d) Precautions when UDP protocol is selected

- If a new request message is sent to the same UDP port while the port waits for a response message, the new request message is discarded.
- Setting same host station port number to multiple UDP ports is regarded as one setting. When communicating with multiple external devices using the same host station port number, select TCP protocol.

### (e) Response message receive processing

Figure below shows an example of the response message receive processing on the external device side.



# REMARK

Personal computers use the TCP socket functions internally for Ethernet communication.

These functions do not have boundary concept. Therefore, when data is sent by executing the "send" function once, the "recv" function needs to be executed once or more to receive the same data.

(One execution of the "send" function does not correspond to one execution of the "recv" function.)

For this reason, receive processing described above is required on the external device side.

If the "recv" function is used in blocking mode, data may be read by executing the function once.

# (5) Error codes for communication using MC protocol

Table below shows the error codes, error descriptions, and corrective actions that will be sent from the Motion contrller to an external device when an error occurs during communication using the MC protocol.

			, 
No.	Error code (Hexadecimal)	Description	Corrective action
1	4000H to 4FFFH	Motion controller detected error (Error that occurred in other than communication using the MC protocol)	Refer to the QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) and take corrective action.
2	0055H	When the setting for online change is disabled on the Built-in Ethernet Port Setting of Basic Setting in MT Developer2, an external device requested online change to the Motion controller.	When enabling online change, write data.     Change the status of the Motion controller to STOP and write data.
3	C050H	When the communication data code setting is set to ASCII code in the Built-in Ethernet Port Setting, ASCII code data that cannot be converted to binary code was received.	Set the communication data code to binary code and restart the Motion controller for communication.     Correct the send data on the external device side and resend the data.
4	C051H to C054H	The number of device points for reading/writing is outside the allowable range.	Correct the number of device points for reading/writing and resend the data to the Motion controller.
5	C056H	The read/write request data exceeds the allowable address range.	Correct the start address or the number of device points for reading/writing, and resend the data to the Motion controller.  (Do not exceed the allowable address range.)
6	C058H	The request data length after the ASCII to binary conversion does not match the data size of the character area (a part of text data).	Correct the text data or the request data length of the header data, and resend the data to the Motion controller.
7	C059H	<ul> <li>The command and/or subcommand are specified incorrectly.</li> <li>The command and/or subcommand not supported in the Motion controller are specified.</li> </ul>	Check the request data.     Use commands and/or subcommands supported in the Motion controller.
8	C05BH	The Motion controller cannot read/write data from/to the specified device.	Check the device for reading/writing data.
9	C05CH	The request data is incorrect. (ex. specifying data in units of bits for reading/writing of word devices)	Correct the request data (such as subcommand correction) and resend the data to the Motion controller.
10	C05DH	Monitor registration is not performed.	Perform the monitor registration before monitor operation.
11	C05FH	The external device sent a request that cannot be executed in the Motion controller.	Correct the network number, PC number, request destination module I/O number, and request destination module station number.     Correct the read/write request data.
12	C060H	The request data is incorrect. (ex. incorrect specification of data for bit devices)	Correct the request data and resend the data to the Motion controller.
13	C061H	The request data length does not match the data size of the character area (a part of text data)	Correct the text data or the request data length of the header data, and resend the data to the Motion controller.
14	C070H	The device memory extension cannot be specified for the target station.	Read/Write data to the device memory without specifying the extension.
15	C0B5H	Data that cannot communicate in the Motion controller or Ethernet module is specified.	Check the request data.     Stop the current request.

## APPENDIX 1.7 Differences of CPU display and I/O assignment

Table 1.7 Differences of CPU display and I/O assignment

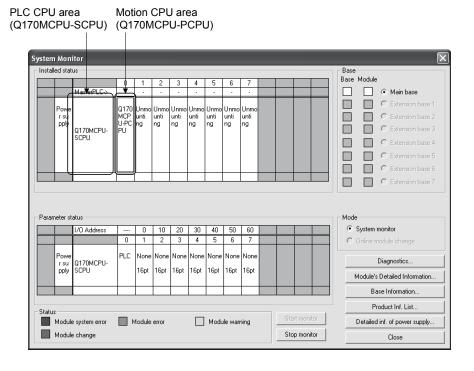
Iten	า	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU		
CPU display		Motion CPU area : Q170MCPU-PCPU     PLC CPU area : Q170MCPU-SCPU	Motion CPU : Q173DCPU, Q172DCPU     PLC CPU : Q06UDHCPU, etc.		
	Base mode (Auto)	<ul> <li>The main base of eight slots corresponding is built into the Q170MCPU.</li> <li>16 points are set to each empty slot.</li> <li>First address of the extension base is "70".</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The main base and extension base are automatically determined.</li> <li>I/O or empty slot, etc. is automatic determined, and the points are assigned.</li> </ul>		
I/O assignment setting  Base mode (Detail)		<ul> <li>I/O assignment points are individually assigned.</li> <li>When the first address of the extension base is set to address "0", the setting is as follows.</li> <li>Main base: 8 slots</li> <li>Number of points of each empty slot: 0 point</li> </ul>	I/O assignment points are individually assigned.		

The CPU display and setting of I/O assignment are shown below.

## (1) CPU display

Confirm the CPU display of the PLC CPU area and Motion CPU area on the System Monitor screen displayed on [Diagnostics] – [System monitor] of GX Developer.

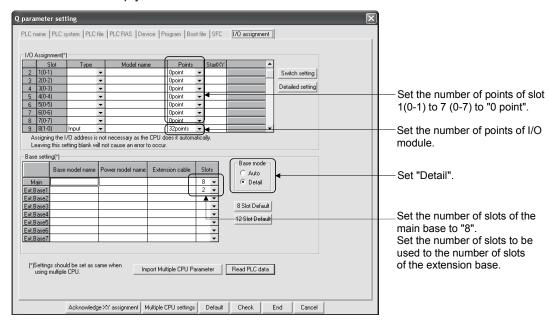
PLC CPU area is displayed as "Q170MCPU-SCPU", and Motion CPU area is displayed as "Q170MCPU-PCPU".



## (2) Setting of I/O assignment

Set the I/O assignment points in [I/O assignment] of PC parameter of GX Developer.

- (a) When the Base mode is set to "Auto" (default).16 points are set to empty slot of the main base. Therefore, the first address of the extension base is set to "70".
- (b) When the Base mode is set to "Detail". The first address of the extension base is set to "0" by setting 0 point to the empty slot of the main base.



#### **POINT**

The first address of the extension base can be assigned from address "0" by using the sample data.

Refer to "APPENDIX 2" for details of the sample data.

## APPENDIX 1.8 Differences of I/O signals

Table 1.8 Differences of I/O signals

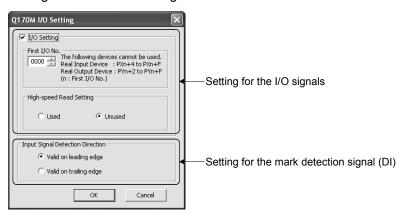
Item	Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU
I/O signal	Q170MCPU's internal I/F (Note-1)     PLC I/O module	• PLC I/O module

(Note-1): Real input device (PX) or real output device (PY) is in units of 16 points.

- Real input (PX): 4 points + Dummy (Unsable: Fixed at 0) 12 points
- Real output (PY): 2 points + Dummy (Unsable: Fixed at 0) 14 points (Example) When the first I/O No. is set to 0(H).
  - PX0 to PX3 (Real input), PX4 to PXF (Unsable: Fixed at 0)
  - PY0 to PY1 (Real output), PY2 to PYF (Unsable: Fixed at 0)

### (1) Q170M I/O setting

The setting method for the I/O signals of internal I/F is shown below.



Item		Setting range	Initial value	Remarks	
I/C	setting	Used/Unused	Used		
First I/O No.  High-speed read setting				Number of I/O points must be total of 256	
		Used/Unused	Unused	points or less.	
Input signal detection direction		Valid on leading edge/ Valid on trailing edge	Valid on leading edge	Set the detection direction of the mark detection signal (DI).	

### (2) Application of input signal

There are two kinds of applications of the input and mark detection for the Q170MCPU's internal I/F.

The same signal can be used simultaneously by the input and mark detection.

I/O setting	Input signal	Mark detection	
Used	Usable as the real input device (PX)	Usable as the real input device (PX) or mark detection signal (DI)	
Unused	Unusable	Usable as the mark detection signal (DI)	

## (3) High-speed reading of specified data

This function is used to store the specified positioning data in the specified device  $(D, W, U \square \backslash G)$ . The signal from input module controlled in the Motion CPU area is used as a trigger.

Refer to the "Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU Motion Controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the high-speed reading of specified data.

## (a) Modules and signals to be used

Input module	Signal	Read timing	Number of settable points
Q173DPX	TREN		3
Internal I/F	DV de la	0.8[ms]	4
PLC input module (Note-1)	PX device		8

(Note-1): Only one PLC input module can be used.

### APPENDIX 1.9 Differences of synchronous encoder

Table 1.9 Differences of synchronous encoder

Item		Q170MCPU	Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU	
Current value storage register	Power cycle	The current value immediately before power supply OFF is stored.  (The travel value is not added in power supply OFF.)	"0" is stored.	
(D1120+10n, D1121+10n)	Real mode	Updated	Backup	
	Virtual mode	Updated <sup>(Note)</sup> (Updated with clutch ON and leading edge of the external input (TRE and stopped with clutch OFF.)		
Current value after	Power cycle	"0" is stored.		
synchronous encoder axis	Real mode	Backup		
main shaft's differential gear storage registers (D1126+10n, D1127+10n)	Virtual mode	Updated		
Error reset command	Real mode	All errors can be reset regardless of the error type.	Errors cannot be reset.	
(M5440+4n)	Virtual mode	Errors can be reset according to the mechanical system configuration		
Synchronous encoder current	Real mode	Executable	Not executable	
value change CHGA-E	Virtual mode	Executable		

(Note): The external input clutch can be used in only the synchronous encoder axis of Q173DPX.

#### (1) Synchronous encoder current value monitor in real mode

The synchronous encoder set in the system setting is updated for every operation cycle in the current value storage register (D1120+10n, D1121+10n) regardless of whether or not the synchronous encoder is set in the mechanical program.

However, the current value after synchronous encoder axis main shaft's differential gear storage registers (D1126+10n, D1127+10n) is updated in only virtual mode.

Refer to this section (4) for the synchronous encoder current value that the external input clutch is set.

### (2) Error reset of the synchronous encoder axis

The error reset command (M5440+4n) can be executed in both of the real mode and virtual mode.

If the error reset command (M5440+4n) is turned ON when the synchronous encoder and output module are normal, the minor error code storage register (D1122+10n) and major error code storage register (D1123+10n) are cleared, and the error detection signal (M4640+4n) is reset.

#### (3) Synchronous encoder current value change CHGA-E

The synchronous encoder current value change (CHGA-E) of the synchronous encoder set in the system setting can be changed regardless of whether or not the synchronous encoder is set in the mechanical program.

## (4) Clutch of the external input mode

The external input clutch can be used in only the synchronous encoder axis of Q173DPX.

If the external input clutch is set in the synchronous encoder axis of the Q170MCPU's internal I/F, a minor error (error code: 4060) will occur, and the related system cannot be operated. When the external input clutch is set to Q173DPX, the synchronous encoder current value is updated for every operation cycle in real mode, and it is updated according to the state of the clutch and external input (TREN signal).

#### APPENDIX 1.10 Mark detection function

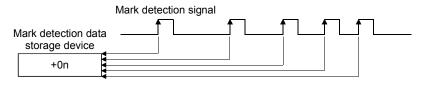
Any motion control data and all device data can be latched at the input timing of the mark detection signal. Also, data within a specific range can be latched by specifying the data detection range.

The following three modes are available for execution of mark detection.

### 1) Continuous Detection mode

The latched data is always stored at mark detection.

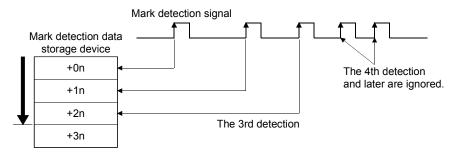
Operation is the same as the high-speed reading function.



#### 2) Specified Number of Detections mode

The latched data from a specified number of detections is stored.

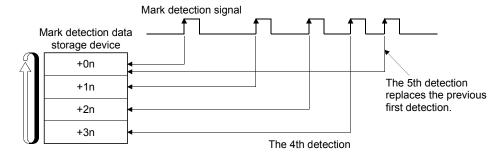
#### Example) Number of detections: 3



#### 3) Ring Buffer mode

The latched data is stored in a ring buffer for a specified number of detections. The latched data is always stored at mark detection.

#### Example) Number of detections: 4



(Note): "n" in above figure is different depending on the data type storage device.

16-bit integer type : 132-bit integer type : 264-bit floating-point type : 4

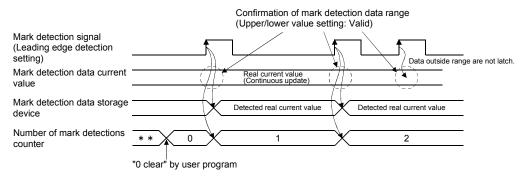
## (1) Operations

Operations done at mark detection are shown below.

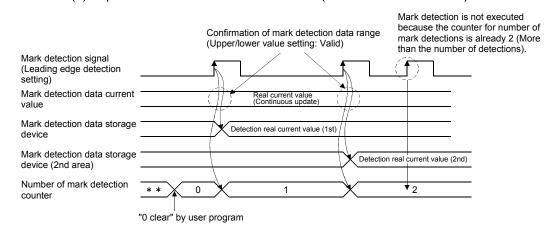
- Calculations for the mark detection data are estimated at leading edge/trailing edge of the mark detection signal.
  - However, when the Specified Number of Detections mode is set, the current mark detection is checked against the counter value for number of mark detections and then it is determined whether or not to latch the current detection data.
- When a mark detection data range is set, it is first confirmed whether the mark detection data is within the range or not. Data outside the range are not detected.
- The mark detection data is set in the first device of the mark detection data storage area according to the mark detection mode, and then the number of mark detections counter is updated.

Operation examples for each mode are shown in the table below.

### (a) Continuous Detection mode



#### (b) Specified Number of Detections mode (Number of detections: 2)



## (2) Mark detection setting

The mark detection setting parameters are shown below. Up to 32 mark detections setting can be registered.

No.		li	tem		Setting range
	Mark detection signal			Q170MCPU's internal I/F (DI)/Device (Bit device (X, Y, M, B, SM, U□\G))	
1	Mark detection signal detection direction (Note-1)		nal detection	Valid on leading edge/Valid on trailing edge	
2	Mark detection signal compensation		compensation	-5000000 to 5000000[μs]/Word device (D, W, #, U□\G)	
	M	ark detection d	ata		Motion control data/Device (Word device (D, W, #, SD, U□\G))
			Data	a type	16-bit integer type/32-bit integer type/64-bit floating-point type
3		At device		mate ulation	Valid (Normal data)/Valid (Ring counter)/Invalid
	selec	selection		Ring counter value	16-bit integer type : K1 to K32767, H001 to H7FFF 32-bit integer type : K1 to K2147483647, H00000001 to H7FFFFFFF 64-bit floating-point type : K2.23E-308 to K1.79E+308
4	4 Mark detection data storage device		orage device	Word device (D, W, #, U□\G)	
	5 Mark detection data range Upper value Lower value		Upper value	Direct designation (K, H)/Word device (D, W, #, U□\G)  16-bit integer type : K-32768 to K32767, H0000 to HFFFF	
5			Lower value	32-bit integer type : K-2147483648 to K2147483647, H00000000 to HFFFFFFF 64-bit floating-point type : K-1.79E+308 to K-2.23E-308, K0, K2.23E-308 to K1.79E+308	
	Mark detection mode setting		setting	Continuous detection mode/Specified number of detection mode/Ring buffer mode/ Device (Word device (D, W, #, U□\G))	
6		Number of de	tectio	ons	1 to 8192 (Specified number of detection mode/Ring buffer mode)
	Mark detection times counter		es counter	— <sup>(Note-3)</sup> (Continuous detection mode)/Word device (D, W, #, U□\G)	
7	7 Mark detection current value monitor device		t value	— <sup>(Note-3)</sup> /Word device (D, W, #, U□\G)	
8	M	ark detection si	gnals	status	— <sup>(Note-3)</sup> /Bit device (X, Y, M, B, U□\G)

(Note-1): Set the input signal detection direction of Q170MCPU's internal I/F (DI) in the "Q170M I/O Setting" of System Settings.

 $(Note-2): The \ mark \ detection \ signal \ compensation \ time \ cannot \ be \ set \ if \ "Invalid" \ is \ selected \ in \ the \ estimate \ calculation. \ (0[\mu s] \ is \ set.)$ 

(Note-3): This setting can be ignored.

# (a) Mark detection signalSet the input signal for mark detection.

### 1) Module input signal

Input module	Signal	Signal No.	Detection accuracy [µs]	Signal detection direction (Leading edge/Trailing edge)
Q170MCPU's internal I/F	DI	1 to 4	30	Set direction in the "Q170M I/O Setting" of System Settings.

#### 2) Bit device

Bit device	Setting range	Detection accuracy [µs]	Signal detection direction (Leading edge/Trailing edge)
X(PX)	0 to 1FFF		
Y(PY)	0 to 1FFF		
М	0 to 8191	444	Set direction in the mark detection signal detection
В	0 to 1FFF	444	direction.
SM	0 to 1999		
U□\G	10000.0 to (10000+p-1).F <sup>(Note-1)</sup>		

(Note-1): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

#### (b) Mark detection signal detection direction

Set whether to execute the mark detection to valid on leading edge (OFF to ON) or valid on trailing edge (OFF to ON) of input signal.

Set the input signal detection direction of Q170MCPU's internal I/F (DI) in the "Q170M I/O Setting" of System Settings.

Input signal detection direction	Remarks
Valid on leading edge	The mark detection is executed when the mark
	detection signal transitions from OFF to ON.
Valid on trailing edge	The mark detection is executed when the mark
valid on trailing edge	detection signal transitions from ON to OFF.

#### (c) Mark detection signal compensation time

Compensate the input timing of the mark detection signal.

Set it to compensate for sensor input delays, etc. (Set a positive value to compensate for a delay.)

However, the mark detection signal compensation time cannot be set if "Invalid" is selected in the estimate calculation. (0[ $\mu$ s] is set.)

The timing is compensated as "-5000000" when the compensation time is set to less than -5000000, and it is compensated as "5000000" when it is set to more than 500000.

#### 1) Direct designation

Setting range
-5000000 to 5000000 [µs]

#### 2) Indirect designation

Word device	Setting range <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Remarks
D	0 to 8191	
W	0 to 1FFF	The setting value is input for
#	0 to 9215	every operation cycle.
U□\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) <sup>(Note-2)</sup>	

(Note-1): Set an even number as the first device.

(Note-2): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

# (d) Mark detection data Set the data to latch at mark detection.

#### 1) Motion control data

Item	Unit	Data type	Axis No. setting range	Remarks
Feed current value	10 <sup>-1</sup> [µm], 10 <sup>-5</sup> [inch],			
Real current value	10 <sup>-5</sup> [degree], [PLS]			
Motor real current value	To [degree], [r Lo]			
Servo command value		32-bit integer type		
Position feed back	[PLS]			
Absolute position encoder within one- revolution position	[i LO]		4 to 40	_
Absolute position encoder within multi- revolution position		16-bit integer type	1 to 16	
Deviation counter value	[PLS]			
Servo command speed	[PLS/s]	32-bit integer type		
Motor speed	0.01[r/min]			
Motor current	0.1[%]	16-bit integer type		
Virtual servomotor feed current value				
Synchronous encoder current value			1 to 8	Valid in SV22
Current value within one cam shaft	[PLS]	32-bit integer type		valid in SV22
revolution	[FLO]	32-bit integer type	1 to 16	only
Current value within one cam shaft revolution (Actual) <sup>(Note)</sup>			1 10 16	Offig

(Note): Current value within one cam shaft revolution takes into consideration the delay of the servo amplifier.

### 2) Word device data

Word device	Setting range	Remarks
D	0 to 8191	
W	0 to 1FFF	
#	0 to 9215	_
SD	0 to 1999	
U□\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	

(Note-1): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

## 3) Data type

Set the data at word device data setting.

Data type	Remarks	
16-bit integer type	_	
32-bit integer type	Sat the device No. as an even No.	
64-bit floating-point type	Set the device No. as an even No.	

#### 4) Estimate calculation

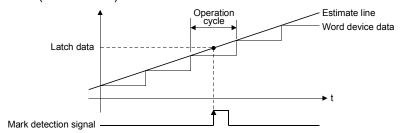
Set the estimate calculation to "Valid/Invalid" at the word device data setting.

Estimate calculation		Ring counter value		
	Normal data	<u> </u>		
	Ring counter	16-bit integer type	K1 to K32767, H0001 to H7FFF	
Valid		32-bit integer type	K1 to K2147483647,	
			H00000001 to H7FFFFFF	
		64-bit floating-point type	K2.23E-308 to K1.79E+308	
Invalid		_		

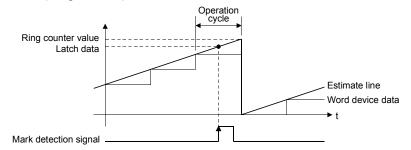
#### a) Estimate calculation: Valid

Calculation for word device data in the operation cycle is estimated. The latch data is the value estimated at the timing in which the mark detection signal is input. The value is calculated as shown in the figure below whether the word device data is normal data or a ring counter. Set the ring counter value for the ring counter.

#### · Valid (Normal data)



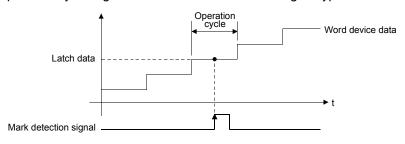
#### · Valid (Ring counter)



Note) If "Valid (Normal data)" is selected for word device data updated as a ring counter, the latch data may not be estimated correctly.

#### b) Estimate calculation: Invalid

Calculation for word device data in operation cycle is not estimated. The latch data is the word device data at the timing in which the mark detection signal is input. The detection accuracy is the operation cycle regardless of the mark detection signal type.



#### (e) Mark detection data storage device

Set the mark detection data storage device (first device to use in the "Specified Number of Detections mode" or "Ring Buffer mode"). When using the "Specified Number of Detections mode" or "Ring Buffer mode", reserve the device area to accommodate the number of detections.

Word device	Setting range <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Remarks
D	0 to 8191	
W	0 to 1FFF	
#	0 to 9215 <sup>(Note-2)</sup>	_
U□\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) <sup>(Note-3)</sup>	

(Note-1): Set an even numbered device in the 32-bit integer type/64-bit floating-point type.

(Note-2): The data can be stored in #9216 to #12287 in the "Specified Number of Detections mode" or "Ring Buffer mode".

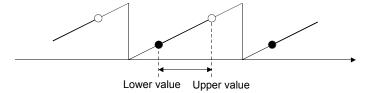
(Note-3): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

#### (f) Mark detection data range

When the data at mark detection is within the range, they are stored in the mark detection data storage device and the number of mark detections counter is incremented by 1.

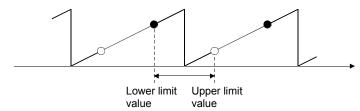
• Upper value > Lower value

The mark detection is executed when the mark detection data is "greater or equal to the lower value and less than or equal to the upper value".



#### • Upper value < Lower value

The mark detection is executed when the mark detection data is " greater or equal to the lower value or less than or equal to the upper value".



#### • Upper value = Lower value

The mark detection range is not checked. The mark detection is always executed.

### 1) Direct designation

Data type	Setting range
16-bit integer type	K-32768 to K32767, H0000 to HFFFF
32-bit integer type	K-2147483648 to K2147483647, H00000000 to HFFFFFFF
64-bit floating-point type	K-1.79E+308 to K-2.23E-308, K0, K2.23E-308 to K1.79E+308

### 2) Indirect designation

Word device	Setting range <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Remarks		
D	0 to 8191			
W	0 to 1FFF	The setting value is input for every		
#	0 to 9215	operation cycle.		
U□\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) <sup>(Note-2)</sup>			

(Note-1): Set an even numbered device in the 32-bit integer type/64-bit floating-point type.

(Note-2): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

## (g) Mark detection mode setting

Set the data storage method of mark detection.

#### 1) Direct designation

Mode	Number of detections	Operation for mark detection	Mark detection data storage method	
Continuous detection mode	_	Always	The data is updated in the mark detection data storage device.	
Specified number of detection mode	1 to 8192	Number of detections (If the number of mark detections counter is the number of detections or more, the mark detection is not executed.)	The data is stored in the following device area. "Mark detection data storage device	
Ring buffer mode	1 to 8192	Always (The mark detection data storage device is used as a ring buffer for the number of detections.)	+ Number of mark detections counter ×Mark detection data size"	

### 2) Indirect designation

Word device	Setting range	Remarks
D	0 to 8191	Used as 1 word device.
W	0 to 1FFF	Set the mark detection mode using the following setting values.
#	0 to 9215	0 : Continuous detection mode 1 to 8192 : Specified number of detection mode
U□\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	1 to 8192 : Specified number of detection mode (Use the setting value for the number of detections.)  -8192 to -1 : Ring buffer mode (When the value is a negative number, the Ring Buffer mode is used.) ex.) -100 means Ring Buffer mode and number of buffer is 100.  Others : Mark detection : Invalid • The setting value is input for every operation cycle.

(Note-1): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

#### (h) Number of mark detections counter

The counter value is incremented by 1 at mark detection. Preset the initial value (0, etc.) in the user program to execute the mark detection in "Specified Number of Detections mode" or "Ring Buffer mode".

This setting can be ignored when the continuous detection mode is selected.

Word device	Setting range	Remarks	
D	0 to 8191	Used as 1 word device.	
W	0 to 1FFF	The counter is updated as follows after the mark	
#	0 to 9215	detection data storage.	
		Continuous detection mode: 0 to 65535	
	10000 to (10000+p-1) <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	The counter value is incremented by 1.	
		It returns to 0 when the counter value exceeds 65535.	
		Specified number of detection mode: 0 to (number of	
		detections)	
U□\G		The counter value is incremented by 1.	
		Ring buffer mode : 0 to (number of buffers -1)	
		The counter value is incremented by 1.	
		It returns to 0 when the counter value reaches the set	
		number of buffers or more.	

(Note-1): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

#### (i) Mark detection current value monitor device

The current value of mark detection data can be monitored.

This setting can be ignored.

Word device	Setting range <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	Remarks	
D	0 to 8191		
W	0 to 1FFF	The monitor value is updated for	
#	0 to 9215	every operation cycle.	
U□\G	10000 to (10000+p-1) <sup>(Note-2)</sup>		

(Note-1): Set an even number as device in the 32-bit integer type/64-bit floating-point type.

(Note-2): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

### (j) Mark detection signal status

The ON/OFF status of mark detection signal can be monitored.

This setting can be ignored.

Bit device	Setting range	Remarks
Х	0 to 1FFF	
Υ	0 to 1FFF	The ONIOTE status is not a state of face
М	0 to 8191	The ON/OFF status is reflected for
В	0 to 1FFF	every operation cycle.
U□\G	10000.0 to (10000+p-1).F <sup>(Note-1)</sup>	

(Note-1): Set an even number as device in the 32-bit integer type/64-bit floating-point type.

## APPENDIX 2 Creation of project

There are following methods to create the Q170MCPU project.

- (1) Create the new project.
- (2) Convert the project for Q17 $\square$ DCPU/Q17 $\square$ HCPU(-T)/Q17 $\square$ CPUN(-T)/Q17 $\square$ CPU.
- (3) Create the new project using the sample data.

Refer to the help of MT Developer2 for creation method of project.

The contents to create the project using the sample data describes in APPENDIX 2.1.

## APPENDIX 2.1 Sample data

An easy setting can be achieved for the parameter setting such as the automatic refresh setting of Multiple CPU setting and I/O assignment setting by using the sample data.

Creation of project using the sample data is suitable for the machine control in the sequence program.

The sample data have two types (Motion CPU area, PLC CPU area).

#### (1) Overview

#### (a) Multiple CPU setting

An easy setting can be achieved for the automatic refresh setting of positioning dedicated signal between the PLC CPU area and Motion CPU area.

#### (b) I/O assignment setting

The main base of eight slots or equivalent is built into the Q170MCPU. All points of "empty slot" not used on the main base are set to "0" point by the sample data.

#### (c) Device comment

The name of positioning dedicated signal can be used as the device comment of the sequence program.

### (2) How to use

The following methods to use the sample data are shown below.

- · Divert the sample data.
- Overwrite the sample data to the created project.

## (3) Setting description

Outline of overwrite sample data is shown table below.

Add the extension base units and each module according to the system.

Refer to this section (7) for details of the sample data.

CPU area	Item	Description	Project name		Programming
Ci O alea   Item		Description	SV13	SV22	software package
	Base setting	• Extension base			MT Developer2
Motion CPU	<b>J</b>	Stage1, Stage 2	O470N4 CV/40 NATO	O470N4 CV/00 NATO	
area	Multiple CPU setting	<ul> <li>Multiple CPU high speed transmission area setting</li> </ul>	Q170M_SV13_M12	Q170M_SV22_MT2	
	Setting	<ul> <li>Automatic refresh setting of CPU No.1, 2</li> </ul>			
	I/O assignment	<ul> <li>Base setting</li> <li>No. of slots for the base unit used</li> <li>I/O assignment</li> <li>Unit types, I/O points, I/O number</li> <li>Base mode setting</li> </ul>			
PLC CPU	PLC system	Points occupied by empty slot			
area	Multiple CPU settings	<ul> <li>No. of PLC</li> <li>Multiple CPU high speed transmission area setting</li> <li>Auto refresh setting of CPU No.1, 2</li> </ul>	Q170M_SV13_GX1	Q170M_SV22_GX1	GX Developer
	Device comment	Set the name of positioning dedicated signal to the comment of device.			

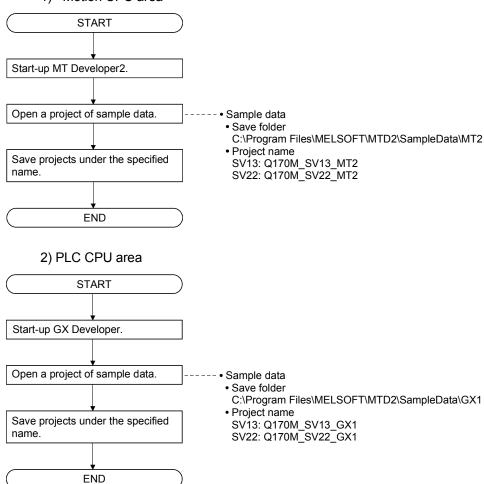
### (4) Precautions

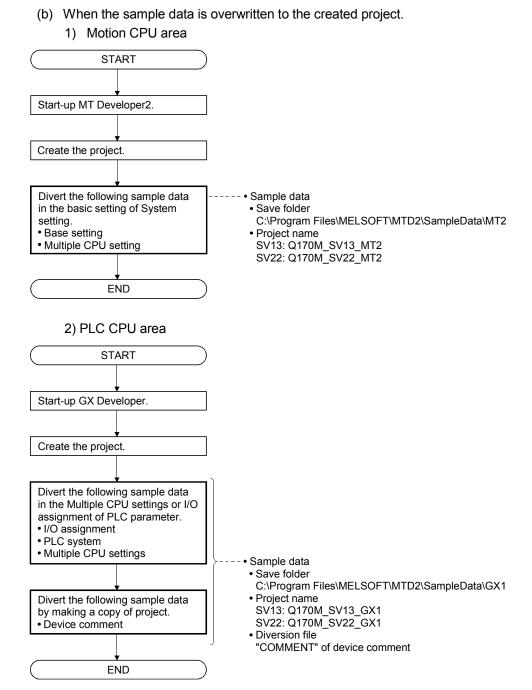
- (a) By using the sample data, the positioning dedicated signals of the Motion CPU area are changed to the device value of PLC CPU area by the automatic refresh. It needs to set again the automatic refresh setting after rewriting the sample data to transmit the data to the positioning dedicated signal using the Motion SFC program.
- (b) The existing data are overwritten and erased by diverting the sample data to the created project.

#### (5) Procedure for project creation

(a) When the sample data is diverted.

#### 1) Motion CPU area

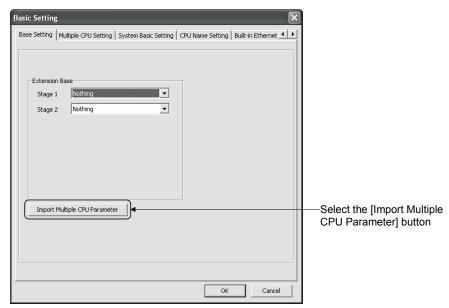




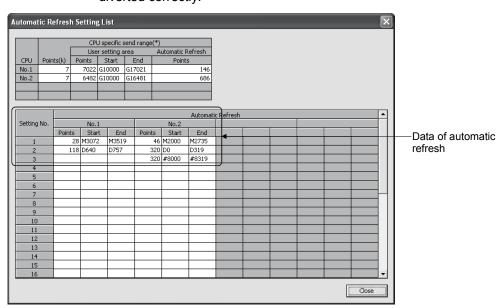
#### **POINT**

The existing data are overwritten and erased by diverting the sample data to the created project.

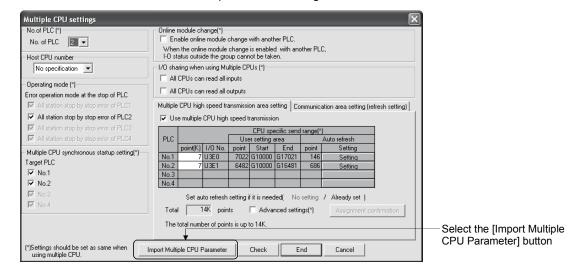
- (6) Operation procedure for sample data Refer to the help of MT Developer2 for details.
  - (a) Motion CPU area (MT Developer2)
    - 1) Multiple CPU setting
      - a) Diversion of sample data
         Divert the sample data by selecting the [Import Multiple CPU
         Parameter] button of the base setting or Multiple CPU setting of the basic setting of system setting.



b) Confirm the sample data
 Compare the Automatic Refresh Setting List screen with the contents of this section (7), and then confirm the sample data are diverted correctly.

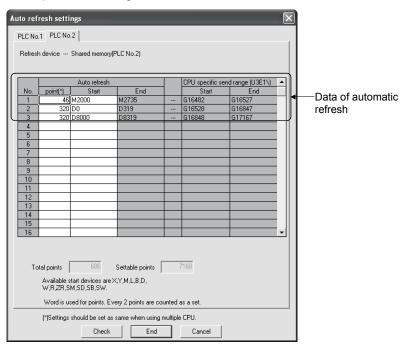


- (b) PLC CPU area (GX Developer)
  - 1) Multiple CPU settings / I/O assignment
    - a) Diversion of sample data
       Divert the sample data by selecting the [Import Multiple CPU
       Parameter] button of the Multiple CPU settings or I/O assignment of the PLC parameter setting.

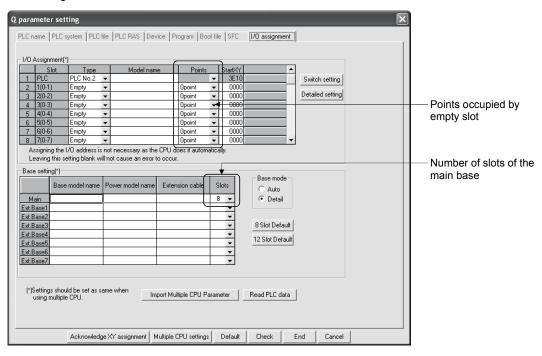


 b) Confirm the sample data
 Compare the Auto refresh settings screen with the contents of this section (7), and then confirm the sample data are diverted correctly.

#### • Multiple CPU settings



#### • I/O assignment

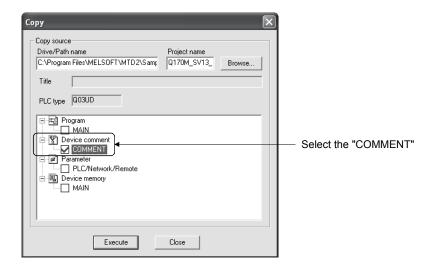


#### 2) Device comment

The device comment data is allocated in the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area setting for the positioning dedicated signal.

The device can be used while confirming the comment to execute the control for the Motion CPU area in the PLC CPU area.

a) Select the device comment "COMMENT" on the copy screen displayed by [Project] – [Copy] of menu bar of device comment.



## (7) Description of sample data

- (a) Motion CPU area
  - 1) SV13 (Q170M\_SV13\_MT2)
    - a) Base setting

Setting	g items	Description		
Extension base	Stage 1	Nothing		
	Stage 2	Nothing		

## b) Multiple CPU setting

Setting items	Description				
Operating mode	All station stop by stop error of CPU 1/2				
Multiple CPU synchronous startup setting	Set CPU No. 1/2 to synchronous startup				

### c) Multiple CPU high speed transmission area setting

	CPU specific send range						
CPU	Deinte (k)	U	ser setting are	Automatic refresh			
	Points (k)	Points	Start	End	Points		
No.1	7	7022	G10000	G17021	146		
No.2	7	6482	G10000	G16481	686		

### d) Automatic refresh setting

### • CPU No.1 (Receive)

Cotting No.	Automatic refresh				CPU specific se	nd range(U3E0\)
Setting No.	Points	Start	End		Start	End
1	28	M3072	M3519	←	G17022	G17049
2	118	D640	D757	<b>←</b>	G17050	G17167

## • CPU No.2 (Send)

Cotting No	Automatic refresh CPU				CPU specific se	nd range(U3E1\)
Setting No.	Points	Start	End		Start	End
1	46	M2000	M2735	$\rightarrow$	G16482	G16527
2	320	D0	D319	$\rightarrow$	G16528	G16847
3	320	#8000	#8319	$\rightarrow$	G16848	G17167

## 2) SV22 (Q170M\_SV22\_MT2)

## a) Base setting

Setting	gitems	Description			
Extension base	Stage 1	Nothing			
	Stage 2	Nothing			

## b) Multiple CPU setting

Setting items	Description				
Operating mode	All station stop by stop error of CPU 1/2				
Multiple CPU synchronous startup setting	Set CPU No. 1/2 to synchronous startup				

### c) Multiple CPU high speed transmission area setting

	CPU specific send range							
CPU	Deinte (k)	U	ser setting are	Automatic refresh				
	Points (k)	Points	Start	End	Points			
No.1	7	6980	G10000	G16979	188			
No.2	7	5840	G10000	G15839	1328			

### d) Automatic refresh setting

## • CPU No.1 (Receive)

Cotting No	Automatic refresh				CPU specific se	nd range(U3E0\)
Setting No.	Points	Start	End		Start	End
1	28	M3072	M3519	←	G16980	G17007
2	42	M4800	M5471	<b>←</b>	G17008	G17049
3	118	D640	D757	<b>←</b>	G17050	G17167

## • CPU No.2 (Send)

Setting No.	Au	tomatic refre	sh		CPU specific se	nd range(U3E1\)
Setting No.	Points	Start	End		Start	End
1	46	M2000	M2735	$\rightarrow$	G15840	G15885
2	42	M4000	M4671	$\rightarrow$	G15886	G15927
3	320	D0	D319	$\rightarrow$	G15928	G16247
4	600	D800	D1399	$\rightarrow$	G16248	G16847
5	320	#8000	#8319	$\rightarrow$	G16848	G17167

## (b) PLC CPU area

- 1) SV13 (Q170M\_SV13\_GX1)
  - a) I/O assignment
    - I/O assignment

	Setting items	Description								
Slot		PLC	PLC	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Туре		PLC No.1	PLC No.2	Empty						
Points				0 point						
Start XY		3E00	3E10	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
	Switch 1			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Considerate	Switch 2			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Switch setting	Switch 3			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Setting	Switch 4			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Switch 5			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Error time output mode	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Detailed	Hardware error time PLC operation mode	_	_	1	1	_	_	1	_	1
setting	I/O response time	_	_			_	_		_	_
	Control PLC	_	_	PLC No.1						

## Base setting

Setting items	Description				
Slots (Main)	8				
Base mode	Detail				

## b) Multiple CPU settings

	Setting items					Descrip	otion		
1	No. of PLC			2 modules					
2	Host CPU number					No specif	ication		
3	Operating mode				All station s	top by stop	error of PLO	C1/PLC2	
4	Multiple CPU synchronous startup setting				Checl	k the PLC N	lo.1/PLC No	0.2	
5	Online module change	Not check the Enable online module change with another PLC				er PLC			
6	Input sharing when using Multiple CPUs	Not check the all CPUs can read all inputs							
7	Output sharing when using Multiple CPUs				Not check th	ne all CPUs	can read a	Il outputs	
		Use	e multiple	e CPU high	speed com	munication			
				CPU specific send range					
	NA NEL ORIGINAL DE LA CONTRACTION DEL CONTRACTION DE LA CONTRACTIO		PLC			Us	er setting a	rea	Auto refresh
8	Multiple CPU high speed transmission			point (k)	I/O No.	point	Start	End	point
	area setting		No.1	7	U3E0	7022	G10000	G17021	146
			No.2	7	U3E1	6482	G10000	G16481	686

## c) Auto refresh settings

### • PLC No.1

No.		Auto refresh			CPU specific se	nd range(U3E0\)
INO.	Point	Start	End		Start	End
1	28	M3072	M3519	_	G17022	G17049
2	118	D640	D757		G17050	G17167

### • PLC No.2

No	Auto refresh				CPU specific se	nd range(U3E1\)
No.	Point	Start	End		Start	End
1	46	M2000	M2735	_	G16482	G16527
2	320	D0	D319	_	G16528	G16847
3	320	D8000	D8319		G16848	G17167

### d) PLC system setting

Only "Points occupied by empty slot" is overwritten at the sample data diversion. The content before sample data diversion are retained without rewriting for the other data.

	Setting it	tems	Description		
	Time a limit a atting	Low speed	100ms		
1	Timer limit setting	High speed	10.00ms		
٠	RUN-PAUSE contacts	RUN	Not used		
2	RUN-PAUSE contacts	PAUSE	Not used		
3	3 Latch data backup operation valid contact		Not used		
4	Remote reset		Not checked		
5	Output mode at STOP to RUN	N	Check the Previous state		
6	Floating point arithmetic proce	essing	_		
7	Intelligent function module set	tting	Not used		
8	8 Module synchronization		Check the Synchronize intelligent module's pulse up		
9	Common pointer No.		Not used		
10	Points occupied by empty slot	t	16 points		
		Interrupt counter start No.	_		
		I28 Fixed scan interval	100.0ms		
11	System interrupt settings	I29 Fixed scan interval	40.0ms		
		I30 Fixed scan interval	20.0ms		
		I31 Fixed scan interval	10.0ms		
12	Interrupt program / Fixed scar	n program setting	Not check the High speed execution		
13	A-PLC		Not checked		
14	Service processing setting	Scan time rate	10%		
15	CPU module change setting		Not used		

## 2) SV22 (Q170M\_SV22\_GX1)

## a) I/O assignment

## I/O assignment

	Setting items					Description				
Slot		PLC	PLC	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Туре	Туре		PLC No.2	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty	Empty
Points				0 point	0 point	0 point	0 point	0 point	0 point	0 point
Start XY		3E00	3E10	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
	Switch 1			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Consider le	Switch 2			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Switch setting	Switch 3			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Setting	Switch 4			_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Switch 5			1	1	1	1	_	-	_
	Error time output mode	_	_	-	1	1	1	_	1	_
Detailed	Hardware error time PLC operation mode	_	_			1	1	_	1	_
settina -	I/O response time	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Control PLC	_	_	PLC No.1	PLC No.1	PLC No.1	PLC No.1	PLC No.1	PLC No.1	PLC No.1

## Base setting

Setting items	Description
Slots (Main)	8
Base mode	Detail

## b) Multiple CPU setting

	Setting items		Description						
1	No. of PLC			2 modules					
2	Host CPU number			No specification					
3	Operating mode				All station s	top by stop	error of PLO	C1/PLC2	
4	Multiple CPU synchronous startup setting				Checl	k the PLC N	lo.1/PLC No	0.2	
5	Online module change	Not check the Enable			the Enable	online mod	dule change	with anothe	er PLC
6	Input sharing when using Multiple CPUs	Not check			Not check t	the all CPUs can read all inputs			
7	Output sharing when using Multiple CPUs	Not check the all CPUs can read all outputs							
		Use	e multiple	e CPU high	speed com	munication			
						CPU spec	cific send ra	nge	
	Maria Objection of the control of th		PLC			Us	er setting a	rea	Auto refresh
8	Multiple CPU high speed transmission			point (k)	I/O No.	point	Start	End	point
	area setting		No.1	7	U3E0	6980	G10000	G16979	188
			No.2	7	U3E1	5840	G10000	G15839	1328
		•							<u> </u>

## c) Auto refresh settings

### • PLC No.1

No	Auto refresh				CPU specific send range(U3E		
No.	Point	Start	End		Start	End	
1	28	M3072	M3519	_	G16980	G17007	
2	42	M4800	M5471	_	G17008	G17049	
3	118	D640	D757	_	G17050	G17167	

### • PLC No.2

No		Auto refresh			CPU specific se	nd range(U3E1\)
No.	Point	Start	End		Start	End
1	46	M2000	M2735		G15840	G15885
2	42	M4000	M4671	_	G15886	G15927
3	320	D0	D319	_	G15928	G16247
4	600 D800		D1399	_	G16248	G16847
5	320			_	G16848	G17167

## d) PLC system

Only "Points occupied by empty slot" is overwritten at the sample data diversion. The content before sample data diversion are retained without rewriting for the other data.

	Setting ite	ems	Description		
1	Timer limit cetting	Low speed	100ms		
'	Timer limit setting	High speed	10.00ms		
2	RUN-PAUSE contacts	RUN	Not used		
	RON-PAUSE CONIACIS	PAUSE	Not used		
3	Latch data backup operation va	alid contact	Not used		
4	Remote reset		Not checked		
5	Output mode at STOP to RUN		Check the Previous state		
6	Floating point arithmetic proces	ssing	_		
7	Intelligent function module setti	ing	Not used		
8	8 Module synchronization		Check the Synchronize intelligent module's pulse up		
9	Common pointer No.		Not used		
10	Points occupied by empty slot		16 points		
		Interrupt counter start No.	_		
		I28 Fixed scan interval	100.0ms		
11	System interrupt settings	I29 Fixed scan interval	40.0ms		
		130 Fixed scan interval	20.0ms		
		I31 Fixed scan interval	10.0ms		
12	Interrupt program / Fixed scan	program setting	Not check the High speed execution		
13	A-PLC		Not checked		
14	Service processing setting	Scan time rate	10%		
15	CPU module change setting		Not used		

## (8) Automatic refresh of sample data

The data to the internal relay and data register of PLC CPU area are transmitted to the positioning dedicated signals of Motion CPU area via the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area.

The positioning dedicated signals of Motion CPU area can be controlled by only control of the sequence program of PLC CPU area.

And, add the special relays, special registers and user devices to the parameters of automatic refresh if required.

The flow for the data of automatic refresh that uses the sample data is shown below.

#### (Example) SV13 use PLC CPU area (CPU No.1) Motion CPU area (CPU No.2) Multiple CPU high speed Multiple CPU high speed Internal relay Internal relay transmission area transmission area M0 U3E0\G10000 U3E0\G10000 M0 CPU No.1 CPU No.1 transmitting data receiving data M1999 M1999 M2000 M2000 Transfer in 0.88ms Axis status M2735 cycle Main cycle M2735 Automatic Automatic M2736 M2736 refresh area refresh area M3071 M3071 M3072 M3072 Axis command U3E1\G10000 U3E1\G10000 signal M3519 M3519 CPU No.2 CPU No.2 M3520 M3520 receiving data transmitting data Transfer M8191 in 0.88ms Data register Data register cycle Automatic Automatic D0 END processing refresh area Main cycle refresh area Axis monitor D319 D319 D320 D320 D639 D639 D640 Control change D640 D757 D757 D758 D7999 D8191 D8000 Motion device D8319 D8320 #8000 Monitor device #8319 #8320 #12287

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## APPENDIX 3 Processing Times

## APPENDIX 3.1 Processing time of operation control/Transition instruction

## (1) Operation instructions

## Processing time of operation instructions

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU	
			#0=#1		
			D800=D801	1.5	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001	2.0	
			#0L=#2L	4.5	
	=	Substitution	D800L=D802L	1.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L		
	#0F=#4F	#0F=#4F	2.0		
			D800F=D804F		
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F	3.0	
		Addition	#0=#1+#2		
			D800=D801+D802	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001+U3E1\G10002	3.0	
			#0L=#2L+#4L	0.5	
	+		D800L=D802L+D804L	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L+U3E1\G10004L	3.5	
			#0F=#4F+#8F	2.0	
			D800F=D804F+D808F	3.0	
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F+U3E1\G10008F	4.5	
Diman.			#0=#1-#2	2.5	
Binary operation		Subtraction	D800=D801-D802	2.5	
peration			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001-U3E1\G10002	3.5	
			#0L=#2L-#4L	2.5	
	-		D800L=D802L-D804L	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L-U3E1\G10004L	3.5	
			#0F=#4F-#8F	0.0	
			D800F=D804F-D808F	3.0	
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F-U3E1\G10008F	5.0	
			#0=#1*#2	2.5	
			D800=D801*D802	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001*U3E1\G10002	4.0	
			#0L=#2L*#4L	2.5	
	*	Multiplication	D800L=D802L*D804L	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L*U3E1\G10004L	4.0	
			#0F=#4F*#8F	2.5	
			D800F=D804F*D808F	3.5	
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F*U3E1\G10008F	5.0	
			#0=#1/#2	2.5	
	1	Division	D800=D801/D802	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001/U3E1\G10002	3.5	

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU	
			#0L=#2L/#4L	2.5	
			D800L=D802L/D804L	2.5	
	/	Division	U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L/U3E1\G10004L		
	1	Division	#0F=#4F/#8F	3.5	
			D800F=D804F/D808F		
Binary			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F/U3E1\G10008F	4.5	
operation			#0=#1%#2	2.5	
			D800=D801%D802	2.0	
	%	Remainder	U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001%U3E1\G10002	3.0	
	70	Remainder	#0L=#2L%#4L	2.5	
			D800L=D802L%D804L	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L%U3E1\G10004L	3.5	
			#0=~#1	1.5	
			D800=~D801	1.5	
		Bit inversion (complement)	U3E1\G10000=~U3E1\G10001	2.0	
	~		#0L=~#2L	4.5	
			D800L=~D802L	1.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=~U3E1\G10002L	2.5	
			#0=#1	0.5	
			D800=D801&D802	2.5	
	•		U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001&U3E1\G10002	3.5	
	&	Bit logical AND	#0L=#2LL		
			D800L=D802L&D804L	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L&U3E1\G10004L	3.5	
			#0=#1 #2		
			D800=D801 D802	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001 U3E1\G10002	3.0	
	I	Bit logical OR	#0L=#2L #4L		
			D800L=D802L D804L	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L U3E1\G10004L	3.0	
Bit operation			#0=#1^#2		
			D800=D801^D802	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001^U3E1\G10002	3.0	
	^	Bit exclusive OR	#0L=#2L^#4L		
			D800L=D802L^D804L	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L^U3E1\G10004L	3.0	
			#0=#1>>#2		
			D800=D801>>D802	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001>>U3E1\G10002	3.5	
	>>	Bit right shift	#0L=#2L>>#4L		
			D800L=D802L>>D804L	2.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L>>U3E1\G10004L	3.0	
			#0=#1<<#2		
			D800=D801< <d802< td=""><td colspan="2">2.0</td></d802<>	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001< <u3e1\g10002< td=""><td>3.5</td></u3e1\g10002<>	3.5	
	<<	Bit left shift	#0L=#2L<<#4L	0.0	
			D800L=D802L< <d804l< td=""><td colspan="2">2.0</td></d804l<>	2.0	
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L< <u3e1\g10004l< td=""><td>3.0</td></u3e1\g10004l<>	3.0	

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU
			#0=-#1	1.5
			D800=-D812	1.0
			U3E1\G10000=-U3E1\G10001	2.5
		Sign inversion	#0L=-#2L	2.0
Sign	-	Sign inversion (complement of 2)	D800L=-D802L	2.0
			U3E1\G10000L=-U3E1\G10002L	2.5
			#0F=-#4F	2.0
			D800F=-D804F	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=-U3E1\G10004F	3.0
			#0F=SIN(#4F)	4.5
	SIN	Sine	D800F=SIN(D804F)	4.5
			U3E1\G10000F=SIN(U3E1\G10004F)	5.5
			#0F=COS(#4F)	4.5
	cos	Cosine	D800F=COS(D804F)	4.0
			U3E1\G10000F=COS(U3E1\G10004F)	5.5
			#0F=TAN(#4F)	6.0
	TAN	Tangent	D800F=TAN(D804F)	6.0
			U3E1\G10000F=TAN(U3E1\G10004F)	7.0
			#0F=ASIN(#4F)	12.5
	ASIN	Arcsine	D800F=ASIN(D804F)	12.5
			U3E1\G10000F=ASIN(U3E1\G10004F)	14.5
		Arccosine	#0F=ACOS(#4F)	10.5
	ACOS		D800F=ACOS(D804F)	10.5
			U3E1\G10000F=ACOS(U3E1\G10004F)	11.5
	ATAN	Arctangent	#0F=ATAN(#4F)	4.5
			D800F=ATAN(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000F=ATAN(U3E1\G10004F)	6.0
Otenalend	SQRT	Square root	#0F=SQRT(#4F)	2.5
Standard			D800F=SQRT(D804F)	
function			U3E1\G10000F=SQRT(U3E1\G10004F)	3.5
	LN	Natural logarithm	#0F=LN(#4F)	5.5
			D800F=LN(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000F=LN(U3E1\G10004F)	
	EXP		#0F=EXP(#4F)	4.0
		Exponential operation	D800F=EXP(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000F=EXP(U3E1\G10004F)	4.5
	ABS	ABS Absolute value	#0F=ABS(#4F)	2.0
			D800F=ABS(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000F=ABS(U3E1\G10004F)	3.0
	RND		#0F=RND(#4F)	2.5
		Round-off	D800F=RND(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000F=RND(U3E1\G10004F)	3.5
	FIX	Round-down	#0F=FIX(#4F)	2.5
			D800F=FIX(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000F=FIX(U3E1\G10004F)	3.5
	FUP	FUP Round-up	#0F=FUP(#4F)	2.5
			D800F=FUP(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000F=FUP(U3E1\G10004F)	3.5

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU
			#0=BIN(#1)	2.0
			D800=BIN(D801)	2.0
	BIN	BCD→BIN conversion	U3E1\G10000=BIN(U3E1\G10001)	
	DIN	BCD→BIN CONVEISION	#0L=BIN(#2L)	2.5
			D800L=BIN(D802L)	
Standard			U3E1\G10000L=BIN(U3E1\G10002L)	3.0
unction		BIN→BCD conversion	#0=BCD(#1)	2.0
			D800=BCD(D801)	
	BCD		U3E1\G10000=BCD(U3E1\G10001)	3.0
	BCD	DIN-BOD CONVERSION	#0L=BCD(#2L)	2.5
			D800L=BCD(D802L)	2.5
			U3E1\G10000L=BCD(U3E1\G10002L)	3.5
			#0=SHORT(#2L)	2.0
		Converted into 16-bit	D800=SHORT(D802L)	2.0
	SHORT	integer type	U3E1\G10000=SHORT(U3E1\G10002L)	
	SHORT	(signed)	#0=SHORT(#4F)	2.5
		(Signed)	D800=SHORT(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000=SHORT(U3E1\G10004F)	3.5
			#0=USHORT(#2L)	2.0
		Converted into 16 hit	D800=USHORT(D802L)	2.0
	USHORT	Converted into 16-bit	U3E1\G10000=USHORT(U3E1\G10002L)	2.5
		(unsigned)	#0=USHORT(#4F)	
		(unsigned)	D800=USHORT(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000=USHORT(U3E1\G10004F)	3.5
			#0L=LONG(#2)	2.0
		Converted into 32-bit	D800L=LONG(D802)	
	LONG	integer type	U3E1\G10000L=LONG(U3E1\G10002)	2.5
		(signed)	#0L=LONG(#4F)	3.0
			D800L=LONG(D804F)	
<b>Туре</b>			U3E1\G10000L=LONG(U3E1\G10004F)	3.5
onversion		Converted into 32-bit integer type (unsigned)	#0L=ULONG(#2)	2.0
			D800L=ULONG(D802)	
	ULONG		U3E1\G10000L=ULONG(U3E1\G10002)	2.5
	OLONG		#0L=ULONG(#4F)	3.0
			D800L=ULONG(D804F)	
			U3E1\G10000L=ULONG(U3E1\G10004F)	4.0
	FLOAT	Converted into 64-bit floating point type (signed)	#0F=FLOAT(#4)	2.0
			D800F=FLOAT(D804)	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=FLOAT(U3E1\G10004)	2.5
			#0F=FLOAT(#4L)	2.0
			D800F=FLOAT(D804L)	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=FLOAT(U3E1\G10004L)	3.0
	UFLOAT	Converted into 64-bit floating point type (unsigned)	#0F=UFLOAT(#4)	2.0
			D800F=UFLOAT(D804)	
			U3E1\G10000F=UFLOAT(U3E1\G10004)	2.5
			#0F=UFLOAT(#4L) D800F=UFLOAT(D804L)	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=UFLOAT(U3E1\G10004L)	2.5

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [μs] Q170MCPU
Bit device status			SET M1000 = M0	2.5
	(None)	ON (normally open contact) (Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = X100	3.5
			SET M1000 = PX0	7.5 4.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000.0	3.5
		OFF (normally closed contact) (Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = !M0	
	!		SET M1000 = !X100	3.0
			SET M1000 = !PX0	7.0 4.0 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			SET M1000 = !U3E1\G10000.0	3.5
			SET M1000	2.0
		Device set	SET Y100	2.5
	SET		SET PY0	3.5 4.0 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			SET U3E1\G11000.0	2.5
			RST M1000	2.0
			RST Y100	2.5
	RST	Device reset	RST PY0	3.5 4.0 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			DOT 11054\044000.0	
			RST U3E1\G11000.0	3.0
			DOUT M0,#0	3.0
			DOUT M0,#0L	2.5
	DOUT	Device output	DOUT Y100,#0	
			DOUT Y100,#0L	4.0
Bit device			DOUT PY0,#0	4.0 4.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
control				
00111101			DOUT PY0,#0L	5.5 5.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
				5.5 (11010)
	DIN	Device input	DIN #0,M0	3.0
			DIN #0L,M0	
			DIN #0,X0	2.5
			DIN #0L,X0	3.0
			DIN #0,PX0	8.0
				4.0 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			DIN 101 DV6	10.5
			DIN #0L,PX0	4.0 <sup>(Note)</sup>
	OUT	Bit device output	OUT M100 = M0	2.5
			OUT Y0 = M0	3.0
			OUT PY0 = M0	4.0 4.0 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			OUT U3E1\G10000.0 = M0	3.5
Logical operation	*	Logical AND	SET M1000 = M0*M1	3.0
			SET M1000 = X100*X101	4.0
				10.0
			SET M1000 = PX0*PX1	4.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000.0*U3E1\G10000.1	3.5

(Note): The processing time that the I/O modules (PX/PY) are used with the Q170MCPU's internal I/F (DI/DO).

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [μs] Q170MCPU
Logical operation			SET M1000 = M0+M1	3.0
			SET M1000 = X100+X101	3.5
	+	Logical OR	SET M1000 = PX0+PX1	11.0
			SET WITOOU - FAUTEAT	5.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000.0+U3E1\G10000.1	3.5
		E-malla.	SET M1000 = #0==#1	3.5
			SET M1000 = D800==D801	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000==U3E1\G10001	4.5
1			SET M1000 = #0L==#2L	4.0
ı	==	Equal to (Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = D800L==D802L	4.0
1		(Completion of Condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L==U3E1\G10002L	
1			SET M1000 = #0F==#4F	4.5
			SET M1000 = D800F==D804F	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F==U3E1\G10004F	6.0
			SET M1000 = #0!=#1	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800!=D801	4.0
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000!=U3E1\G10001	4.5
		Not assual to	SET M1000 = #0L!=#2L	4.0
	!=	Not equal to	SET M1000 = D800L!=D802L	4.0
		(Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L!=U3E1\G10002L	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0F!=#4F	
			SET M1000 = D800F!=D804F	
Comparison			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F!=U3E1\G10004F	6.0
operation	<		SET M1000 = #0<#1	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800 <d801< td=""><td>4.0</td></d801<>	4.0
		Less than (Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000 <u3e1\g10001< td=""><td>4.5</td></u3e1\g10001<>	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0L<#2L	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800L <d802l< td=""></d802l<>	
1			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L <u3e1\g10002l< td=""><td rowspan="3">4.5</td></u3e1\g10002l<>	4.5
1			SET M1000 = #0F<#4F	
			SET M1000 = D800F <d804f< td=""></d804f<>	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F <u3e1\g10004f< td=""><td>6.0</td></u3e1\g10004f<>	6.0
	<=	Less than or equal to (Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = #0<=#1	3.5
			SET M1000 = D800<=D801	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000<=U3E1\G10001	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0L<=#2L	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800L<=D802L	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L<=U3E1\G10002L	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0F<=#4F	
			SET M1000 = D800F<=D804F	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F<=U3E1\G10004F	6.0

(Note): The processing time that the I/O modules (PX/PY) are used with the Q170MCPU's internal I/F (DI/DO).

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU
			SET M1000 = #0>#1	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800>D801	J.U
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000>U3E1\G10001	4.5
		More than	SET M1000 = #0L>#2L	4.0
	>	(Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = D800L>D802L	4.0
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L>U3E1\G10002L	
			SET M1000 = #0F>#4F	4.5
			SET M1000 = D800F>D804F	
Comparison			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F>U3E1\G10004F	6.0
operation			SET M1000 = #0>=#1	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800>=D801	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000>=U3E1\G10001	4.5
		More than or equal to	SET M1000 = #0L>=#2L	4.0
	>=	(Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = D800L>=D802L	
		(	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L>=U3E1\G10002L	5.0
			SET M1000 = #0F>=#4F	4.5
			SET M1000 = D800F>=D804F	
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F>=U3E1\G10004F	6.0
			CHGV(K1,#0)	3.5
			CHGV(K1,D800)	
	CHGV	Speed change request	CHGV(K1,U3E1\G10000)	4.5
	Onov	opeca change request	CHGV(K1,#0L)	
			CHGV(K1,D800L)	3.5
Motion			CHGV(K1,U3E1\G10000L)	
dedicated function			CHGT(K1,#0)	2.0
Turicuon			CHGT(K1,D800)	2.0
	OLIOT	Torque limit value change	CHGT(K1,U3E1\G10000)	2.5
	CHGT	request	CHGT(K1,#0L)	
			CHGT(K1,D800L)	
			CHGT(K1,U3E1\G10000L)	3.0
	EI	Event task enable	EI	0.5
	DI	Event task disable	DI	0.5
	NOP	No operation	NOP	0.5
		,	BMOV #0,#100,K10	
			BMOV D800,D100,K10	5.5
	BMOV	Block transfer	BMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K10	7.5
			BMOV #0,#100,K100	
			BMOV D800,D100,K100	19.0
Others			BMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K100	28.0
			BMOV N1,#0,K512	100 5
			BMOV N1,D800,K512	123.5
			BMOV N1,U3E1\G10000,K512	250.5
	FMOV	FMOV Same data block transfer	FMOV #0,#100,K10	3.5
			FMOV D800,D100,K10	
			FMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K10	4.0
			FMOV #0,#100,K100	7.5
			FMOV D800,D100,K100	7.5
			FMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K100	5.0

# Processing time of operation instructions (continued)

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU		
			MULTW H800,#0,K1,M0	4.0		
			MULTW H800,D800,K1,M0	7.0		
			MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K1,M0	5.0		
			MULTW H800,#0,K10,M0	5.5		
		Write device data to CPU	MULTW H800,D800,K10,M0	0.0		
	MULTW	shared memory of the self	MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K10,M0	9.5		
	WOLIV	CPU	MULTW H800,#0,K100,M0	23.5		
		S. <b>S</b>	MULTW H800,D800,K100,M0	25.0		
			MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K100,M0	61.0		
			MULTW H800,#0,K256,M0	58.0		
			MULTW H800,D800,K256,M0	00.0		
			MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K256,M0	151.5		
			MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K1	20.5		
			MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K1	20.0		
			MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K1	22.0		
			MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K10	30.5		
			MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K10	00.0		
	MULTR	Read device data from	MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K10	31.5		
	MOLITY	CPU shared memory	MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K100	140.5		
			MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K100			
			MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K100	152.0		
			MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K256	412.0		
			MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K256	112.0		
Others			MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K256	435.0		
			TO H0,H0,#0,K1	18.5		
			TO H0,H0,D800,K1			
			TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K1	20.5		
			TO H0,H0,#0,K10	28.0		
	ТО	Write device data to intelligent function module	TO H0,H0,D800,K10			
			TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K10	30.5		
			TO H0,H0,#0,K100	145.5		
			TO H0,H0,D800,K100	183.0		
			TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K100			
			TO H0,H0,#0,K256	432.0		
			TO H0,H0,D800,K256			
			TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K256	545.0		
			FROM #0,H0,H0,K1	20.0		
			FROM D800,H0,H0,K1			
			FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K1	19.5		
			FROM #0,H0,#0,K10	30.0		
			FROM D800,H0,H0,K10	00.0		
	FROM	Read device data from	FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K10	33.5		
		intelligent function module	FROM #0,H0,#0,K100	188.0		
			FROM D800,H0,H0,K100			
			FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K100	200.5		
			FROM #0,H0,H0,K256	559.0		
			FROM D800,H0,H0,K256			
			FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K256	577.5		

# Processing time of operation instructions (continued)

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU	
			TIME K1		
Othoro	TIME	Time to weit	TIME #0	2.5	
Others	IIIVIE	Time to wait	TIME D800		
			TIME U3E1\G10000	3.5	

# (2) Transition conditional expressions

# Processing time of transition conditional expressions

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [μs] Q170MCPU
			МО	4.0
		ON (Normally open	X100	1.0
	(None)	contact)	DVO	4.5
		(Completion of condition)	PX0	2.0 <sup>(Note)</sup>
Bit device			U3E1\G10000.0	1.5
status			!M0	
1		OFF (Normally closed	!X100	1.5
	!	contact) (Completion of condition)	!PX0	4.5 2.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
		,	!U3E1\G10000.0	1.5
			M0*M1	-
1			X100*X101	2.0
	*	Logical AND		8.0
			PX0*PX1	3.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
Logical			U3E1\G10000.0*U3E1\G10000.1	2.5
operation	+	Logical OR	M0+M1	1.5
			X100+X101	2.0
			PX0+PX1	8.5 3.5 <sup>(Note)</sup>
			U3E1\G10000.0+U3E1\G10000.1	2.5
			#0==#1	2.0
			D800==D801	1.5
			U3E1\G10000==U3E1\G10001	2.5
		Equal to	#0L==#2L	
			D800L==D802L	2.0
		(Completion of condition)	U3E1\G10000L==U3E1\G10002L	
			#0F==#4F	2.5
			D800F==D804F	
Comparison			U3E1\G10000F==U3E1\G10004F	4.0
operation			#0!=#1	
			D800!=D801	1.5
			U3E1\G10000!=U3E1\G10001	2.5
			#0L!=#2L	
	!=	Not equal to	D800L!=D802L	1.5
	-	(Completion of condition)	U3E1\G10000L!=U3E1\G10002L	2.5
			#0F!=#4F	
			D800F!=D804F	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F!=U3E1\G10004F	3.5

(Note): The processing time that the I/O modules (PX/PY) are used with the Q170MCPU's internal I/F (DI/DO).

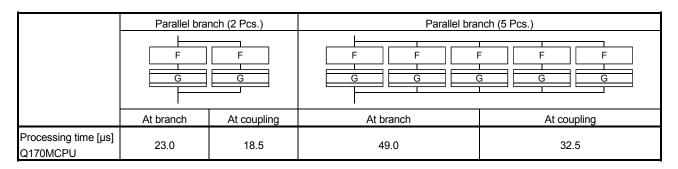
# Processing time of transition conditional expressions (continued)

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU		
			1.5			
			D800 <d801< td=""><td colspan="2">1.ປ</td></d801<>	1.ປ		
			U3E1\G10000 <u3e1\g10001< td=""><td>2.5</td></u3e1\g10001<>	2.5		
		l and their	#0L<#2L	2.0		
	<	Less than (Completion of condition)	D800L <d802l< td=""><td>2.0</td></d802l<>	2.0		
		(Completion of condition)	U3E1\G10000L <u3e1\g10002l< td=""><td>2.5</td></u3e1\g10002l<>	2.5		
			#0F<#4F	2.0		
			D800F <d804f< td=""><td>2.0</td></d804f<>	2.0		
			U3E1\G10000F <u3e1\g10004f< td=""><td>3.5</td></u3e1\g10004f<>	3.5		
			#0<=#1	1.5		
			D800<=D801	1.5		
			U3E1\G10000<=U3E1\G10001	2.5		
		Loop than or oqual to	#0L<=#2L	1.5		
	<=	Less than or equal to (Completion of condition)	D800L<=D802L	1.0		
			U3E1\G10000L<=U3E1\G10002L			
			#0F<=#4F	2.5		
			D800<=D804F			
Comparison			U3E1\G10000F<=U3E1\G10004F	3.5		
operation	>		#0>#1	1.5		
			1.0			
			U3E1\G10000>U3E1\G10001			
		Mana than	#0L>#2L	1.5		
		More than	D800L>D802L	1.0		
		(Completion of condition)	U3E1\G10000L>U3E1\G10002L	2.5		
			#0F>#4F	2.0		
			D800F>D804F	2.0		
			U3E1\G10000F>U3E1\G10004F	3.5		
			#0>=#1	2.0		
			D800>=D801	2.0		
			U3E1\G10000>=U3E1\G10001	2.5		
		More than or equal to	#0L>=#2L	1.5		
	>=	More than or equal to (Completion of condition)	D800L>=D802L	1.5		
		(Completion of condition)	U3E1\G10000L>=U3E1\G10002L	2.5		
			#0F>=#4F	2.0		
			D800F>=D804F	2.0		
			U3E1\G10000F>=U3E1\G10004F	4.0		

# (3) Processing time by the combination F and G (program described in F/G is NOP)

	F alone	G alone	F+G	GSUB	CLR	JMP/coupling
	F	G	F G	SUB (Note) SUB F END	(Note) SUB P	P
Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU	14.0	13.5	15.5	22.0	14.5	4.5

(Note): Varies greatly with the started or cleared program.



	Selective branch (2 Pcs.)	Selective branch (5 Pcs.)					
	G G F F	G G G G G F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F					
Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU	48.0	55.0					

#### **POINT**

Long processing time may cause a Motion CPU WDT error or servo fault. Especially for the Motion SFC programs run by event/NMI tasks, take care so that the processing time will not be too long (the processing time will not exceed the operation cycle).

# APPENDIX 3.2 Processing time of Motion dedicated PLC instruction

# Processing time of Motion dedicated PLC instruction

Classifications	Symbol	Instruction (Cor	Processing time [µs] Q170MCPU (PLC CPU area)		
				Min.	Max.
	D.SFCS	Start request of the specified Motion SI	62.0	95.0	
Multiple CPU high speed	D.SVST	Start request of the specified servo pro	82.0	122.0	
bus Motion dedicated	D.CHGA	Current value change request of the sp	82.0	122.0	
instruction	D.CHGV	Speed change request of the specified	82.0	122.0	
	D.CHGT	Torque control value change request o	82.0	122.0	
	D.DDWR	Write device data of the self CPU to	Number of writing data = 1	76.0	126.0
Multiple CPU high speed		the device of other CPU	Number of writing data = 16	91.0	142.0
bus other CPU access		Read device data of other CPU to the	Number of reading data = 1	82.0	133.0
instruction	D.DDRD	device of self CPU	Number of reading data = 16	82.0	133.0
	D.GINT	Execute request of an event task of Mo	otion SFC program	50.0	80.0

#### **APPENDIX 4 Cables**

In this cable connection diagram, maker names of connectors are omitted. Refer to "APPENDIX 5.5 Connector" for maker names of connectors.

#### APPENDIX 4.1 SSCNETⅢ cables

Generally use the SSCNETⅢ cables available as our products.

### (1) Model explanation

Numeral in the column of cable length on the table is a symbol put in the "□" part of cable model. Cables of which symbol exists are available.

		Cable length [m(ft.)]								Application/			
Cable model	0.15 (0.49)	0.3 (0.98)	0.5 (1.64)	1 (3.28)	3 (9.84)	5 (16.40)	10 (32.81)	20 (65.62)	30 (98.43)	40 (131.23)	50 (164.04)	Flex life	remark
MR-J3BUS□M	015	03	05	1	3							Standard	Standard cord for inside panel
MR-J3BUS□M-A						5	10	20				Standard	Standard cable for outside panel
MR-J3BUS□M-B (Note-1)									30	40	50	Long flex	Long distance cable

 $(Note-1): For the cable of less than \ 30 [m] (98.43 [ft.]), contact your nearest \ Mitsubishi sales \ representative.$ 

### (2) Specifications

		Description					
SSCNET <b>Ⅲ</b> ca	ble model	MR-J3E	BUS□M	MR-J3BUS□M-A	MR-J3BUS□M-B		
SSCNET <b>Ⅲ</b> cable length [m(ft.)]		0.15 (0.49)	0.3 to 3 (0.98 to 9.84)	5 to 20 (16.40 to 65.62)	30 to 50 (98.43 to 164.04)		
	Minimum bend radius [mm(inch)]	25(0	0.98)	Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97) Cord: 25 (0.98)	Enforced covering cord: 50 (1.97) Cord: 30(1.18)		
	Tension strength [N]	70	140	420 (Enforced covering cord)	980 (Enforced covering cord)		
	Temperature range for use [°C(°F)] (Note-1)		-40 to 80 (-40 to 176)		-20 to 70 (-4 to 158)		
	Ambient		Indoors (no d	direct sunlight), No solvent or oil			
Optical cable (Cord)	External appearance [mm(inch)]	2.2±0.07 (0.09±0.003) 10.16 <sup>(Note-2)</sup> (0.40)	7.52±0.004) 2.2±0.004)	4.4±0.1 (0.17±0.004) (0.17±0.004) (0.24±0.008)	7.6±0.5 (0.30±0.02)		

(Note-1): This temperature range for use is the value for optical cable (cord) only.

(Note-2): Dimension of connector fiber insert location. The distance of two cords is changed by how to bend it.

#### **POINTS**

- (1) If the end face of cord tip for the SSCNETII cable is dirty, optical transmission is interrupted and it may cause malfunctions. If it becomes dirty, wipe with a bonded textile, etc. Do not use solvent such as alcohol.
- (2) Do not add impossible power to the connector of the SSCNETII cable.
- (3) When incinerating the SSCNETII cable (optical fiber), hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas which is corrosive and harmful may be generated. For disposal of the SSCNETII cable (optical fiber), request for specialized industrial waste disposal services who has incineration facility for disposing hydrogen fluoride gas or hydrogen chloride gas.

#### (a) MR-J3BUS□M

#### 1) Model explanation

Type: MR-J3BUS M-\*

Symbol Cable type

None Standard cord for inside panel

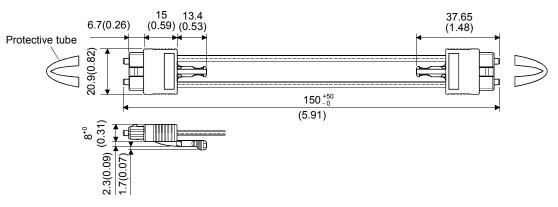
A Standard cable for outside panel

B Long distance cable

Symbol	Cable length [m(ft.)]
015	0.15(0.49)
03	0.3(0.98)
05	0.5(1.64)
1	1(3.28)
3	3(9.84)
5	5(16.40)
10	10(32.81)
20	20(65.62)
30	30(98.43)
40	40(131.23)
50	50(164.04)

# 2) Exterior dimensions

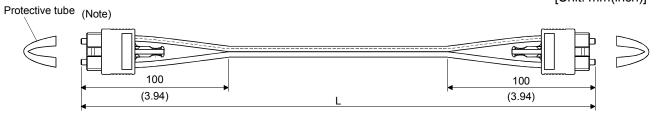
• MR-J3BUS015M



#### • MR-J3BUS03M to MR-J3BUS3M

Refer to the table of this section (1) for cable length (L).

[Unit: mm(inch)]



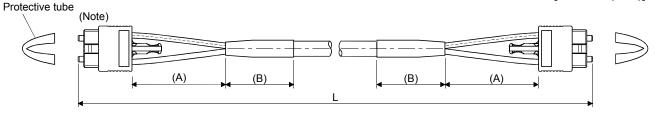
(Note): Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015M.

 MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A,MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B

Refer to the table of this section (1) for cable length (L).

SSCNETⅢ cable	Variation [mm(inch)]			
33CNET in Cable	А	В		
MR-J3BUS5M-A to MR-J3BUS20M-A	100(3.94)	30(1.18)		
MR-J3BUS30M-B to MR-J3BUS50M-B	150(5.91)	50(1.97)		

[Unit: mm(inch)]



(Note): Dimension of connector part is the same as that of MR-J3BUS015M.

#### **POINTS**

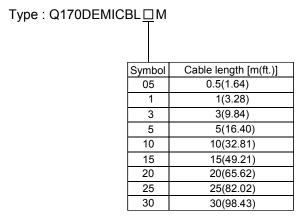
Keep the cap and the tube for protecting light cord end of SSCNET cable in a plastic bag with a zipper of SSCNET cable to prevent them from becoming dirty.

### APPENDIX 4.2 Forced stop input cable

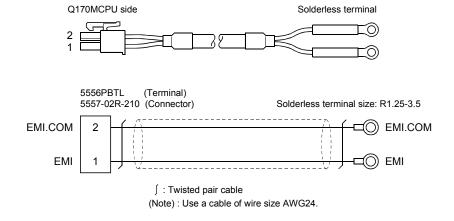
Generally use the forced stop input cable available as our products. If the required length is not found in our products, fabricate the cable on the customer side. Make the forced stop input cable within 30m(98.43ft.).

#### (1) Q170DEMICBL□M

### (a) Model explanation



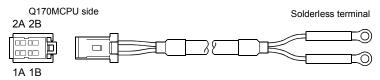
### (b) Connection diagram

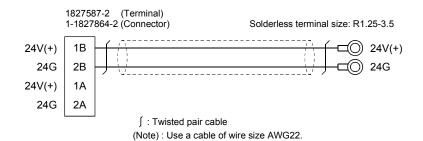


### APPENDIX 4.3 24VDC power supply cable

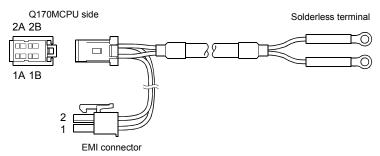
### (1) Connection diagram

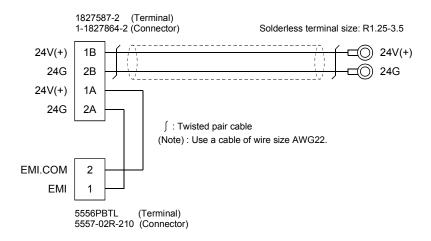
### (a) Q170MPWCBL2M (Without EMI connecter)





# (b) Q170MPWCBL2M-E (With EMI connecter)





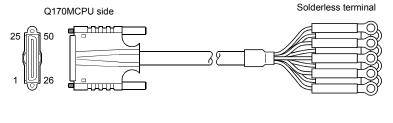
#### APPENDIX 4.4 Internal I/F connector cable

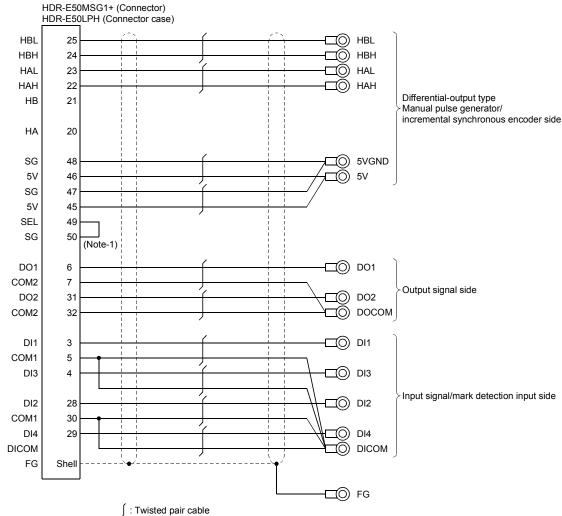
Fabricate the Q170MCPU's internal I/F connector cable on the customer side.

### (1) Differential-output type

### (a) Connection diagram

Make the cable within 30m(98.43ft.).



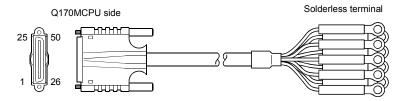


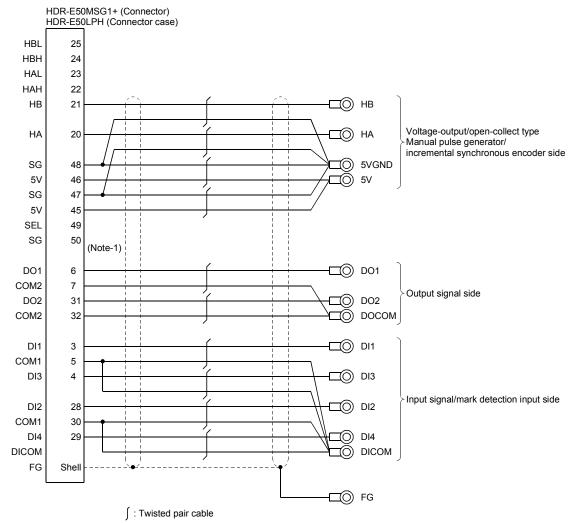
(Note-1): Connect SEL to the SG terminal if differential-output type is used.

## (2) Voltage-output/Open-collector type

### (a) Connection diagram

Make the cable within 10m(32.81ft.).

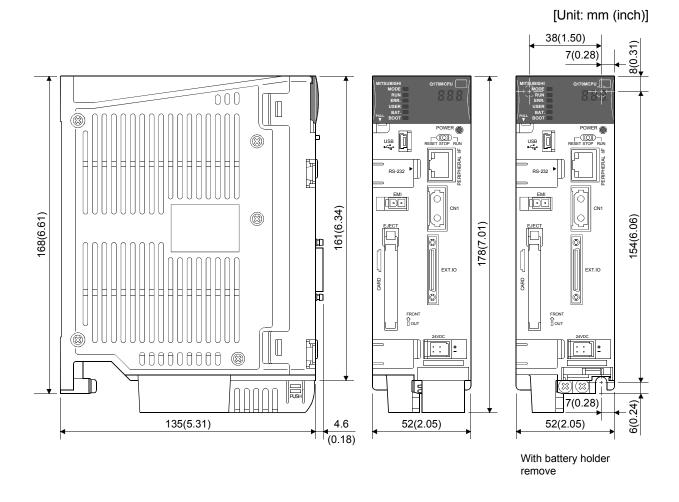




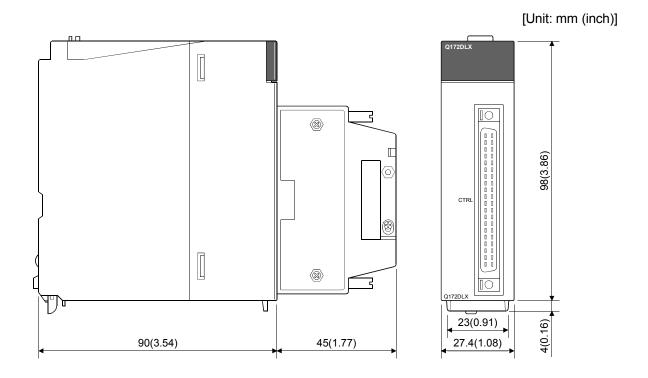
(Note-1): When voltage-output/open-collector type is used, open between SEL and SG.

### **APPENDIX 5 Exterior Dimensions**

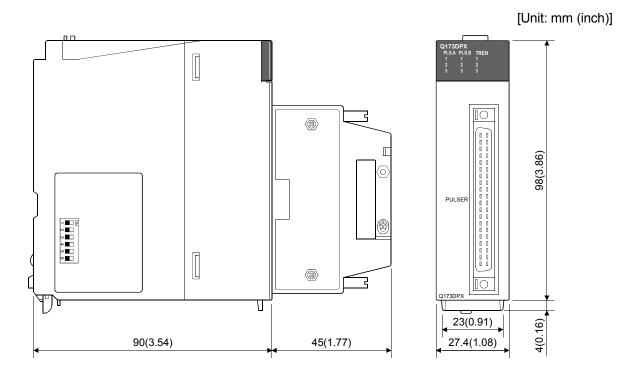
### APPENDIX 5.1 Motion controller (Q170MCPU)



APPENDIX 5.2 Servo external signals interface module (Q172DLX)



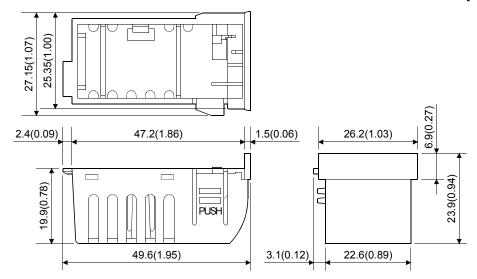
APPENDIX 5.3 Manual pulse generator interface module (Q173DPX)



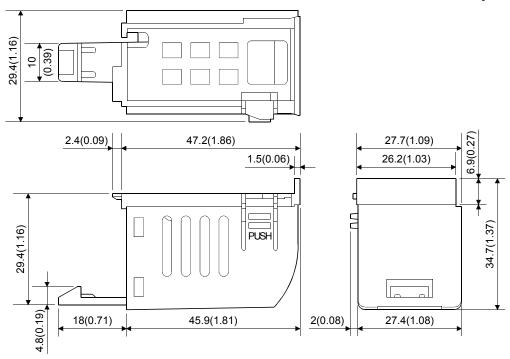
### APPENDIX 5.4 Battery holder

### (1) Battery holder (For Q6BAT)

[Unit: mm (inch)]



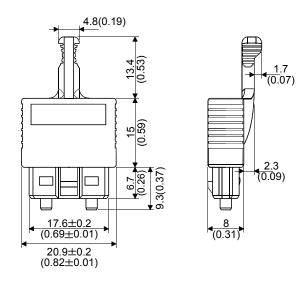
### (2) Battery holder (For Q7BAT)



### APPENDIX 5.5 Connector

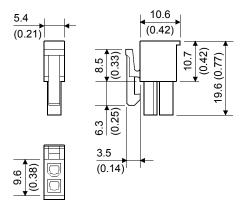
### (1) SSCNETⅢ cable connector

[Unit: mm (inch)]



### (2) Forced stop input connector (Molex Incorporated make)

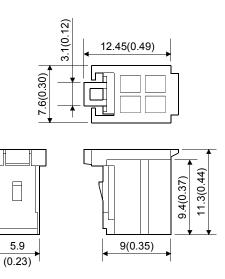
Type Connector: 5557-02R-210
Terminal: 5556PBTL



# (3) 24VDC power supply connector (Tyco Electronics AMP K.K. make)

Type Connector : 1-1827864-2 Terminal : 1827587-2

[Unit: mm (inch)]



### (4) Internal I/F connector (HONDA TSUSHIN KOGYO CO., LTD.)

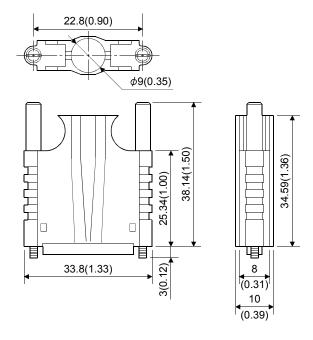
Type Connector

Soldering type connector : HDR-E50MSG1+

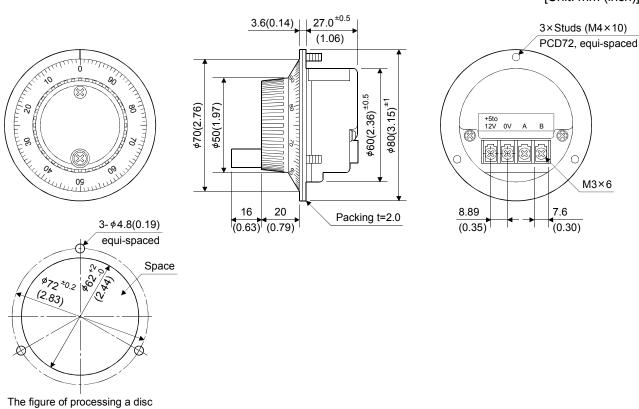
Pressure-displacement type connector: HDR-E50MAG1+ (AWG#30)

: HDR-E50MG1+ (AWG#28)

Connector case: HDR-E50LPH



### APPENDIX 5.6 Manual pulse generator (MR-HDP01)



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#### **WARRANTY**

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

#### 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

We will repair any failure or defect hereinafter referred to as "failure" in our FA equipment hereinafter referred to as the "Product" arisen during warranty period at no charge due to causes for which we are responsible through the distributor from which you purchased the Product or our service provider. However, we will charge the actual cost of dispatching our engineer for an on-site repair work on request by customer in Japan or overseas countries. We are not responsible for any on-site readjustment and/or trial run that may be required after a defective unit are repaired or replaced.

#### [Gratis Warranty Term]

The term of warranty for Product is thirty six (36) months after your purchase or delivery of the Product to a place designated by you or forty two (42) months from the date of manufacture whichever comes first "Warranty Period". Warranty period for repaired Product cannot exceed beyond the original warranty period before any repair work.

#### [Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) You are requested to conduct an initial failure diagnosis by yourself, as a general rule.

  It can also be carried out by us or our service company upon your request and the actual cost will be charged. However, it will not be charged if we are responsible for the cause of the failure.
- (2) This limited warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are set forth in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product and the caution label affixed to the Product.
- (3) Even during the term of warranty, the repair cost will be charged on you in the following cases;
  - 1) A failure caused by your improper storing or handling, carelessness or negligence, etc., and a failure caused by your hardware or software problem
  - 2) A failure caused by any alteration, etc. to the Product made on your side without our approval
  - 3) A failure which may be regarded as avoidable, if your equipment in which the Product is incorporated is equipped with a safety device required by applicable laws and has any function or structure considered to be indispensable according to a common sense in the industry
  - 4) A failure which may be regarded as avoidable if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual, etc. are duly maintained and replaced
  - 5) Any replacement of consumable parts (battery, fan, etc.)
  - 6) A failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including without limitation fire and abnormal fluctuation of voltage, and acts of God, including without limitation earthquake, lightning and natural disasters
  - 7) A failure generated by an unforeseeable cause with a scientific technology that was not available at the time of the shipment of the Product from our company
  - 8) Any other failures which we are not responsible for or which you acknowledge we are not responsible for

#### 2. Onerous Repair Term after Discontinuation of Production

- (1) We may accept the repair at charge for another seven (7) years after the production of the product is
- The announcement of the stop of production for each model can be seen in our Sales and Service, etc.
- (2) Please note that the Product (including its spare parts) cannot be ordered after its stop of production.

#### 3. Service in overseas countries

Our regional FA Center in overseas countries will accept the repair work of the Product; However, the terms and conditions of the repair work may differ depending on each FA Center. Please ask your local FA center for details.

#### 4. Exclusion of Loss in Opportunity and Secondary Loss from Warranty Liability

Whether under or after the term of warranty, we assume no responsibility for any damages arisen from causes for which we are not responsible, any losses of opportunity and/or profit incurred by you due to a failure of the Product, any damages, secondary damages or compensation for accidents arisen under a specific circumstance that are foreseen or unforeseen by our company, any damages to products other than the Product, and also compensation for any replacement work, readjustment, start-up test run of local machines and the Product and any other operations conducted by you.

#### 5. Change of Product specifications

Specifications listed in our catalogs, manuals or technical documents may be changed without notice.

#### 6. Precautions for Choosing the Products

- (1) For the use of our Motion controller, its applications should be those that may not result in a serious damage even if any failure or malfunction occurs in Motion controller, and a backup or fail-safe function should operate on an external system to Motion controller when any failure or malfunction occurs.
- (2) Our Motion controller is designed and manufactured as a general purpose product for use at general industries. Therefore, applications substantially influential on the public interest for such as atomic power plants and other power plants of electric power companies, and also which require a special quality assurance system, including applications for railway companies and government or public offices are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used.
  - In addition, applications which may be substantially influential to human lives or properties for such as airlines, medical treatments, railway service, incineration and fuel systems, man-operated material handling equipment, entertainment machines, safety machines, etc. are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used.
  - We will review the acceptability of the abovementioned applications, if you agree not to require a specific quality for a specific application. Please contact us for consultation.

IB(NA)-0300156-C(1112)MEE MODEL: Q170M-U-E MODEL CODE: 1XB941

# MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE : TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3 MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN NAGOYA WORKS : 1-14 , YADA-MINAMI 5-CHOME , HIGASHI-KU, NAGOYA , JAPAN

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