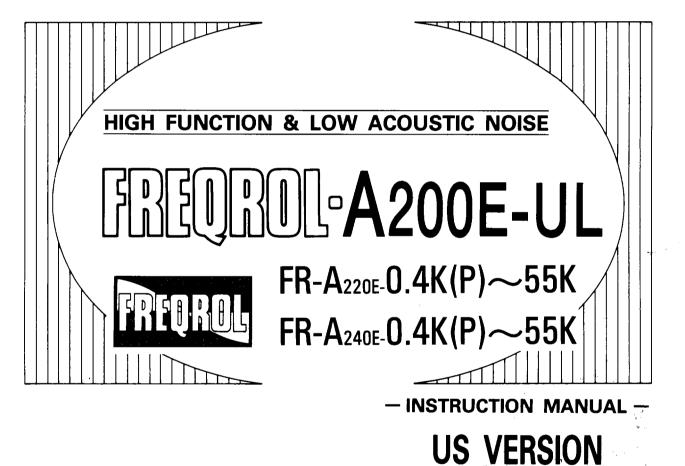
# MITSUBISHI TRANSISTORIZED INVERTER







# SETTING RECORD

This seal is used to record function set values and check the data of the functions. Apply the seal to the inverter surface, operation box, etc. as required. (Note: Do not apply the seal to the rear surface of the inverter front cover.)

#### Setting Record (for FR-A200E-UL series) Part 1

Function	Pr. No.	Name	Screen Display	Setting Range	Factory- Setting	Custome Set Valu
	0.	Torque boost (manual)	Trq.Bst1	0 to 30%	1	L
	1	Maximum frequency	Max F1	0 to 120Hz	120Hz	
	2	Minimum frequency	Min F1	0 to 120Hz	OHz	·
ŝ	3	Base frequency	VFbaseF1	0 to 400Hz	60Hz	
똜	4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	PresetF1	0 to 400Hz	60Hz	
Š.	5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	PreselF2	0 to 400Hz	30Hz	
ic f	6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	PresetF3	0 to 400Hz	10Hz	
Basic functions	7	Acceleration time	Acc.T1	0 to 3600 seconds/ 0 to 360 seconds	*2	
	8	Deceleration time	Dec T1	0 to 3600 seconds/ 0 to 360 seconds	*2	
	9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	Sel THM	0 to 500A	-3	
	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	DC Br.F	0 to 120Hz, 9999	3Hz	
	11	DC injection brake operation time	DÇ Br.T	0 to 10 seconds, 8888	0.5 seconds	
	12	DC injection brake voltage	DC Br.V	0 to 30%	-1	
	13	Starting frequency	Start F	0 to 60Hz	0.5Hz	
	14	Applied load selection	Load VF	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	0	
	15	Jog frequency	JOG F	0 to 400Hz	5Hz	<u> </u>
	16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	JOG T	0 to 3600 seconds/ 0 to 360 seconds	0.5 seconds	
	17	External thermal O/L relay input	JOG/OH	0, 1, 2, 3	0	[
	18	High-speed maximum frequency	Max.F2	120 to 400Hz	120Hz	
	19	Base frequency voltage V	Fbase V	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	9999	
Standard operation functions	20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	Acc/DecF	1 to 400Hz	60Hz	
	21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	Incr.T	0, 1	0	
	22	Stall prevention operation level	Still Pv1	0 tó 200%, 9999	150%	
д. С	23	Stall prevention operation level correction coefficient	SHI Py2	0 to 200%, 9999	9999	
ratic	24	at double speed Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	PresetF4	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
8	25	Multi-speed setting (speed 4) Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	PresetF5	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
p	25		PresetF6'	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
dar	20	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	PresetF7		9999	
an	27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)		0 to 400Hz, 9999	- 0	
s		Multi-speed input compensation	Pre.Comp	0,1	o o	·
	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern	Acc/DecP	0, 1, 2, 3	0	
	30	External brake resistor selection	Br.Set	0, 1		
	31	Frequency jump 1A	Fjump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
	32	Frequency jump 1B	Fjump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
	. 33	Frequency jump 2A	Fjump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
	34	Frequency jump 2B	Fjump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
1.1	35	Frequency jump 3A	Fjump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
	36	Frequency jump 3B	Fjump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
	37	Speed display	Dispunit	2 to 10, 11 to 9998	4	1
	38	Automatic torque boost	A.TrqBst	0 to 200%	0	
	39	Automatic torque boost operation starting current	NoLoad I	0 to 500A	0	
	40	Output terminal assignment	Selectop	0 to 9999	1234	
tion s	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	SU Range	0 to 100%	10%	
-func t terr action	42	Output frequency detection	SelFU FW	0 to 400Hz	6H z	
Mutti-function output terminal functions	43	Output frequency detection at reverse rotation	SetFU RV	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
	44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	Ac/DecT2	0 to 3600 seconds/ 0 to 360 seconds	5 seconds	
Second functions	45	Second deceleration time	Dec T2	0 to 3600 seconds/ 0 to 360 seconds, 9999	9999	
2	46	Second lorque boost	Trq.Bst2	0 to 30%, 9999	9999	
P	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	VFbaseF2	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	
0	48	Second stall prevention operation current	Stall2 I	0 to 200%	150%	
ŵ	49	Second stall prevention operation frequency	Stall2 F	O to 400Hz	0	
	50	Second output frequency deleciton	SetFU 2	0 to 400Hz	30Hz	

Note:\*1 6% (7.5K or down), 3% (11K or up)

\*2 5 seconds (7.5K or down), 15 seconds (11K or up)

\*3 Rated inverter output current (A)

Provided that 0.4K.....2.6A, 0.75K.....4.3A (200V series) 0.4K....1.3A, 0.75K.....2.2A (400V series)

rpm	rpm	r/min	r/min	V	V	m³/min	m³/min	l/min	l/min	m/min	m/min
Α	А	Hz	Hz	kW	kW	%	%	x0.1	x0.1	x0.01	x0.01
									1.1		

#### Setting Record (for FR-A200E-UL series) Part 2

Function	Pr. No.	Name	Screen Display	Setting Range	Factory- Setting	Customer Set Value
	51	Inverter LED display data selection	Set LED	1 to 14, 17, 18	1	
2	52	PU main display data selection	Set Main	0, 17 to 20, 23, 24	0	
ctior	53	PU level display data selection	Set Lvi.	0 to 3, 5 to 14, 17, 18	1	1.
Display functions	54	FM terminal function selection	Set FM	1 to 3, 5 to 14, 17, 18, 21, 101 to 103, 105 to 114, 117, 118, 121	1	
<u>م</u>	55	Frequency monitoring reference	CalbFM F	C to 400Hz	60Hz	1
	56	Current monitoring reference	CalbFM I	0 to 500A	•4	
Automatic restart functions	57	Restart coasting time	RestrtT1	0 to 5 seconds, 9999	9999	
Autor rest funct	58	Restart cushion time	RestrtT2	0 to 5 seconds	1.0 second	
Additional function	59	Remote setting function selection	Rmt Set	0, 1, 2	σ	
	60	Intelligent mode selection	Int.Mode	0 to 6	0	
	61	Reference I for intelligent mode	-	0 to 500A, 9999	9999	1
	62	Ref. 1 for intelligent mode accel.	- 1	0 to 200%, 9999	9999	1
	63	Ref. I for intelligent mode decel.	-	0 to 200%, 9999	9999	
	64	Starting I for elevator mode		0 to 10Hz, 9999	9999	1
	65	Retry selection	Retry	0 to 5	0	1
	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency		O to 400Hz	60Hz	
	67	Number of retries at alarm occurrence	Retry No	0 to 10	0	5
2	68	Retry waiting time	Retry t	O to 10 seconds	9999	1
tio	69	Retry count display erasure	Retry N	0 10 10 seconds	0	
Operation selection functions	70	Special regenerative brake duty	Br.Duty	0 to 15%/0 to 30%	0	
5	.71		SetMotor	/0% (Note 5)	0	
많		Applied motor		0 to 6, 13 to 16, 20		
8	72	PWM frequency selection	PWM F	0.7 to 14.5KHz	14.5KHz	
5		0 to 5V, 0 to 10V selection	Ext#10V	0 to 5, 10 to 15	<u> </u>	
- <del>1</del>	74	Response time for analog signal	IPfilter	0 to 8	<u> </u>	· · · · ·
ĕ	75	Reset selection/PU disconnection detection	RES Mode	0, 1, 2, 3	0	
0	76	Alarm code output selection	Alarm OP	0, 1, 2, 3	0	
	77	Parameter write disable selection	EnableWr	0, 1, 2	0	
	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	EnableFR	0, 1, 2	0	
	79	Operation mode selection	ContMode	0 to 8 *7	0	I
	80	Motor capacity	Motor KW	0.4 to 55kW, 9999	9999	
	81	Number of motor poles	Mpole No	2, 4, 6, 12, 14, 16, 9999	9999	· -
	83	Raled motor voltage	Motor V	0 to 1000V	200 *6	
	84	Rated motor frequency	Motor f	50 to 120Hz	60	
	96	Auto tuning setting/state	AutoTune	0, 1, 101	1	
2	145	Parameter unit language switching	PU Lang	0, 1, 2, 3	1	
tio	155	RT activated condition	RT set	0, 10	1	
ĝ,	1156	Stall prevent. select. at regeneration	Still Pry	0 to 31, 100	1	
Auxiliary functions	157	OL signal waiting time	OL delay	O to 25 seconds, 9999	0.1 seconds	
Auxil	158	AM terminal function selection	AMiset	1 to 3, 5 to 14, 17, 18, 21, 999	1	
· 1	159	PWM f decrease at low speed	PWM3 f	0, 1, 2, 3	1	1
	900	FM terminal calibration	FM Tune	_	_	
]	901	AM terminal calibration	AM Tune	_	_	1
5 g	902	Frequency setting voltage bias	ExtVbias	0 to 10V 0 to 60Hz	OV OHz	<u> </u>
ons				0 to 10V 1 to 400Hz	5V 60Hz	
tion	903					
Calibration functions	903 904	Frequency setting voltage gain Frequency setting current bias	ExtVgain ExtIbias	0 to 20mA 0 to 60Hz	4mA 0Hz	

Note:\*4 Inverter output current (A)

\*5 The setting range depends on the inverter capacity: (0.4K to 1.5K)/(2.2K to 7.5K)/(11K and up)

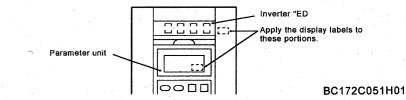
\*6 The factory setting for the FR-A240E-UL (400V) series is 400V.

\*7 Pr. 79=6 is set, switch-over function is selected.

#### **MONITORING MODE DISPLAY LABELS**

<sup>4</sup>These are monitoring mode display labels for the parameter unit. To display the motor speed (rpm), line speed (m/min) or the like, apply the required labels on the left to the unit character portions "Hz", "V" according to the display unit.

Note: For the speed display method, see the instruction manual.



Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi "FREQROL-A200E" high-function, ultra low-noise inverter.

• Information given in this manual

This instruction manual gives handling information on installation, wiring, parameter unit operation, etc. as well as maintenance and inspection procedures.

# Before using the inverter

Before using the inverter, please read this manual carefully to use the equipment to its optimum. After reading this manual, please keep it in storage.

#### Attention

Please forward this manual to the end user.

- Foreword
- Contents
- Precautions for Handling the Inverter——1

# 1. PRECAUTIONS FOR OPERATION-2

# 2. STRUCTURE

2-1 Structure 4

### 3. REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION

- Removal an Reinstallation of the 3-1 Front Cover—5
- Removal and Reinstallation of the 3-2 Parameter Unit----8
- Removal and Reinstallation of the 3-3 Accessory Cover-9
- 4. PRE-OPERATION PROCEDURE-10

#### 5. INSTRUMENTS AND PARTS TO BE PRE-PARED FOR OPERATION-11

- 6. INSTALLATION-12
- 7. WIRING
  - 7-1 Wiring Instructions—15
  - Design Information to Be 7-2 Checked—17
  - 7-3 Wiring of the Main Circuit—18
  - Wiring of the Control Circuit-23 7-4

### 8. PARAMETER UNIT

- Structure of the Parameter Unit-25 8-1
- 8-2 Precautions for Using the Parameter Unit-26
- 8-3 Handling of the FR-PU01E Parameter Unit--28
- 8-4 Handling of the FR-ZRWE Parameter Copy Unit----29
- Handling of the FR-ARWE 8-5 Parameter Copy Unit-----30

#### 9. OVERVIEW OF THE PARAMETER UNIT FUNCTIONS-31

### 10. OPERATION MODE-32

- 10-1 Selection of the Operation Mode-----33
- 10-2 Operation Mode Indication, **Operation Command Indication** and Operation Status Indication-34

### 11. PRE-OPERATION SETTINGS-35

### **12. OPERATION**

- 12-2 PU Operation Mode----40

12-3 Combined Operation Mode--42

13. SETTING AND CHANGING THE VALUES IN THE PARAMETERS 45

# 14. MONITORING FUNCTION

- 14-1 SHIFT Operation Sequence on the PU Main Monitor-46
- 14-2 Selecting the Another Monitor Item in the Selective Monitoring Mode-47

# 15. HELP FUNCTION-49

- 15-1 Help Function Menu----50 15-2 Other Help Function----63

#### **16. CALIBRATION OF THE METER** (FREQUENCY METER)

- 16-1 Calibration of the FM-SD Output -64
- 16-2 Calibration of the AM-5 Output-65

### **17. ERRORS**

- 17-1 Errors (Alarms)----67
- 17-2 Correlation between Digital and Actual Characters-69
- 17-3 Alarm History-69
- 17-4 Erasing the Alarm History-69
- 17-5 Alarm Code Output-70
- **18. PU DISCONNECTION DETECTION** FUNCTION-71

### 19. INVERTER RESET-72

- 20. ADJUSTMENT OF THE FREQUENCY SETTING SIGNALS "BIAS" AND "GAIN"-73
- 21. SELECTION OF MAGNETIC FLUX VECTOR CONTROL-79

### 22. AUTO TUNING-----81

#### 23. PROGRAMMED OPERATION FUNCTION

- 23-1 Preparation-87
- 23-2 Program Setting-89
- 23-3 Details of the Functions—90 23-4 Operation—91
- 23-5 Programmed Operation Battery Backup (FR-EPD option)-93
- 24. 5-POINT FLEXIBLE V/F CHARACTERISTIC-94

- 25. PU OPERATION INTERLOCK FUNCTION AND EXTERNAL SIGNAL -BASED OPERATION MODE SWITCHING FUNCTION
  - 25-1 PU Operation Interlock Function
  - 25-2 External Signal-Based Operation Mode Switching Function----97

#### 26. PARAMETERS

- 26-1 Parameter List-98
- 26-2 Setting of Parameters to Improve the Corresponding Operational Functions—101
  - Lifter or the like requires large starting torque 0 ---- 101
  - To keep the speed less than the set frequency of the machine
    1,18-101
  - To run the motor as soon as the start signal is switched on, without setting the frequency 2 ----- 101
  - To set the reference frequency (base frequency) at the rated torque of the motor according to the motor rating 3, 19 ---- 102
  - To set multiple speeds 4, 5, 6, 24, 25, 26, 27-----102

  - To decelerate slowly or rapidly 8, 20, 21-103

  - To limit the running frequency at start 13 105

  - To set the frequency and acceleration/deceleration time for jog operation 15, 16, 20, 21-106

- To compensate for speeds during multi-speed operation 28 — 109
- To make frequent starts and stops by using the optional highduty brake resistor 30, 70-112
- To avoid the resonant points of a machine 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36

- To adjust the ON range of the up-to- frequency signal 41-116

- To automatically restart operation after instantaneous power failure /commercial power supplyinverter switch-over 57, 58 – 121
- To perform remote setting  $\overline{59}$  --- 122

- To limit the errors reset for retry 65 125

- To use the Mitsubishi constanttorque motor 0, 3, 9, 71 -----126

- To set the ratio of the output voltage to the output frequency (V/F characteristic) of the inverter as appropriate 71, 100 to 109-128
- Stable operation cannot be performed due to noise 74 --- 130
- To output the alarm code at its occurrence 76 ----- 131
- To set parameter write disable 77
   -----131
- To select the operation mode 79
   ——132

- To change the condition activated by the second control function selection (terminal RT) 155 — 133

- You care about speed fluctuation 159 135

- SWITCH-OVER FUNCTION

### 27. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

- 27-2 Check Items 142
- 27-3 Replacement of Parts-----145
- 27-4 Measurement of Main Circuit Voltages, Currents and Powers—146

#### 28. TROUBLESHOOTING

- 28-2 Faults and Check Points-149
- 28-3 Protective Functions-----150
- 28-4 Electrical Noises-152

#### 29. DRIVING THE 400V CLASS MOTOR BY THE INVERTER-157

#### **30. OPTIONS**

- 30-1 Option List----158
- 30-2 Inboard Dedicated Options-160
- 30-3 External Dedicated Options-163

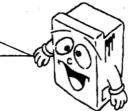
#### 31. SPECIFICATIONS

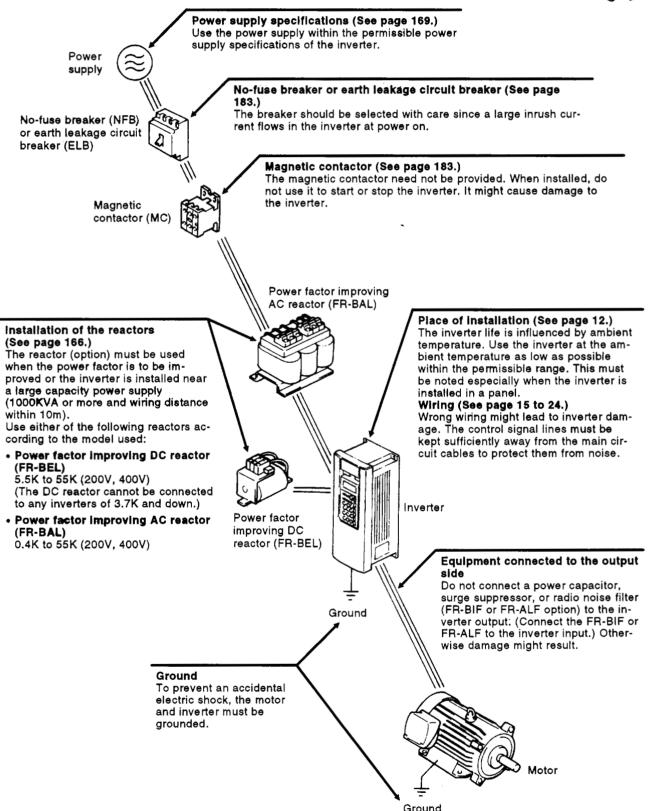
- 31-1 Standard Specifications-169
- 31-2 Block Diagram-----172
- 31-3 Terminals-----173
- 31-4 Terminal Block Arrangement-175
- 31-5 Field Wiring Reference Table-177
- 31-6 Outline Drawings-179
- 31-8 FR-PU02(E) Parameter Unit Dimension Diagram-182

#### 

# PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING THE INVERTER

Incorrect handling might cause the inverter to operate improperly, its life to be reduced considerably, and in the worst case, the inverter to be damaged. Please handle the inverter properly in accordance with the information on each section as well as the precautions and instructions of this manual.





# 1. PRECAUTIONS FOR OPERATION

#### Safety Instructions

- --- (1) The following points must be observed to --prevent an electric shock.
- When the power is on, do not access the inverter. There are dangerous voltages inside the unit. If internal inspection is required, switch the power off and check that the charge lamp is off before removing the cover. (For the location of the charge lamp, see the terminal block arrangement diagram on page 175.)

Charge

Lit to indicate that the unit is charged with high voltages.

Especially in an application where the cover is removed, the high voltage terminals and charge section are exposed. Hence, the inverter must be installed in a panel so that it is inaccessible from outside.

- The unit must not be modified.
- When the charge lamp is lit, do not touch the terminal block and the charge section on the printed circuit board.

Since there still remain charges at the electrolytic capacitor in the unit, you may receive an electric shock. Before wiring the motor and inverter, confirm that the charge lamp is off as described above.

#### -(3) Retry function

• This inverter allows a "retry function" to be set. With this function, the inverter automatically resets an alarm at its occurrence and restarts operation.

When this function has been selected, the inverter automatically restarts operation after an alarm has occurred. (For more information, see page 126.) If an alarm has occurred in the inverter, the inverter will restart automatically. Therefore, use care not to be caught up in the motor and machine.

•

-2-

(2) The following points must be observed to prevent fire.

2 r 1

· · · ·

 $\mathcal{X} \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 4\}$ 

• After checking the rating plate on the inverter, connect the three-phase power supply within the rated voltage range to the terminals R, S, T.

If a 400V class power supply is connected to the 200V class inverter or to the other terminals (such as the output terminals U, V, W of the inverter), the internal parts of the inverter will be damaged.

- A fuse is not built in the inverter. Provide the input power supply of the inverter with an appropriate no-fuse breaker. (See page 183)
- Install the inverter on a non-combustible surface.

A discharge resistor for brake is fitted on the rear side of the inverter models of 7.5kW and down. If high-duty operation is repeated, the surface temperature of the discharge resistor may rise to high temperature (approx. 150°C maximum). The above models must be installed on a non-combustible surface (e.g. metal). For the models of 11kW and up, install them on a non-combustible surface to prepare for an accident.

• Connect the terminal 🕀 of the unit.

The motor must also be grounded. If it is not grounded, a leakage current may cause an electric shock.

#### (4) High-speed current limit function -

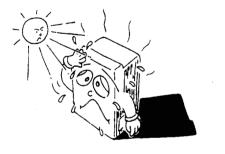
#### • This inverter has a function to persist in operation by preventing an excessive load from resulting in an overcurrent alarm.

Hence, especially when a load has suddenly become heavy on a machine operating through a predetermined lift, such as a cargo-handling machine, this function may be activated to continue operation at high speed, colliding against an end stopper at high speed. To prevent this on the machine operating through the predetermined lift, set the inverter or make up an external sequence to stop operation if the highspeed current limit function is kept activated.

#### When using the inverter, note the following points.

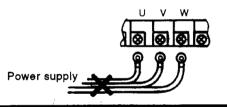
#### Use the inverter within the permissible ambient temperature range.

Since the life of the inverter is greatly influenced by ambient temperature, use the inverter at the lowest possible temperature with the permissible range. The installation direction and environment of the inverter must also be fully noted. (see page 12.)



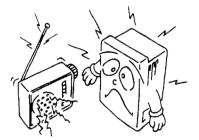
#### The inverter will be damaged if the power supply voltage is applied to the output side of the inverter.

The application of the power supply voltage to the output terminals U, V, W will damage the inverter. Check that the wiring and operation sequence (such as the commercial power supply-inverter switch-over circuit) are correct.





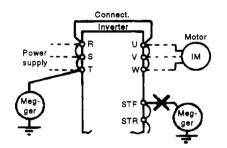
High-frequency components included in the input/output (main circuit) of the inverter may interfere with communication equipment (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, install the optional FR- BIF radio noise filter (dedicated to the input side) or the FR-BSF01 or FR-BLF line noise filter to reduce such interference.



For guidance on noise reduction, refer to p.152 - Section 28.4.

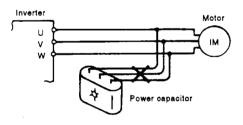
# Do not perform the insulation resistance test on the control circuits of the inverter.

Before measuring the resistance of the power supply cable and motor using a megger, disconnect the cables to the inverter or connect the terminals as shown below.



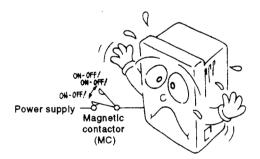
#### Do not install the power capacitor, surge suppressor, and radio noise filter (FR-BIF option) on the output side of the inverter.

If any of the above components is connected, the inverter will trip and the capacitor and surge suppressor will be damaged. Disconnect if any. (Connect the FR-BIF radio noise filter to the input side.)



# Do not use the magnetic contactor on the power supply side to start and stop the motor (inverter).

Frequently repeated on/off of the magnetic contactor will lead to an inverter fault. Where possible, use the start signal to start and stop the inverter.

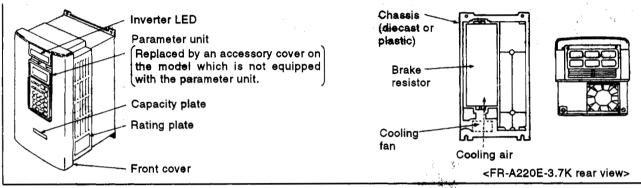


as i

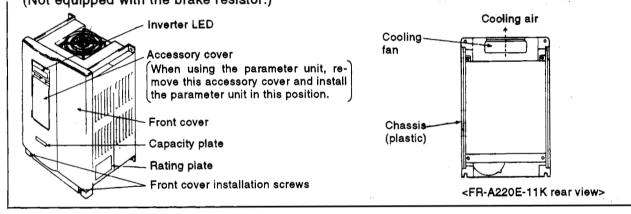
# 2-1 Structure

For the location of the charge lamp, see the terminal block layout diagram on page 175.

# FR-A220E-0.4K(P) to 7.5K(P)-UL, FR-A240E-0.4K(P) to 7.5K(P)-UL



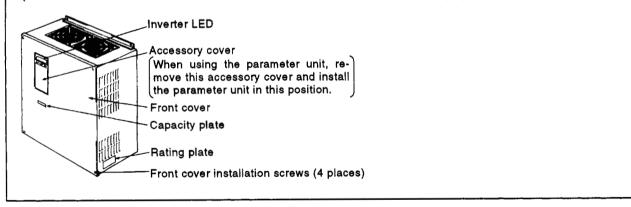
# FR-A220E-11K to 22K-UL, FR-A240E-11K to 22K-UL (Not equipped with the brake resistor.)



# FR-A220E-30K to 55K-UL, FR-A240E-30K to 55K-UL

5

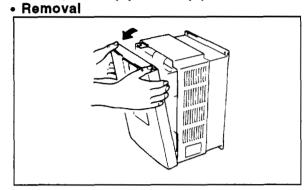
(The chassis and cover are made of steel. These models are not equipped with the brake resistor.)



# 3. REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION

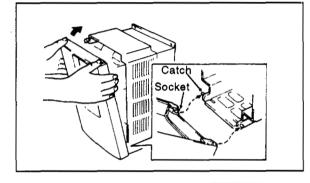
#### 3-1 Removal an Reinstallation of the Front Cover

#### FR-A220E-0.4K(P) to 7.5K(P)-UL, FR-A240E-0.4K(P) to 7.5K(P)-UL



- 1) Hold both sides of the front cover top.
- 2) Pull the cover toward you.
  - (The cover may be removed with the parameter unit on.)

#### Reinstallation



- 1) Fit the sockets at the cover bottom onto the catches of the inverter.
- 2) Using the catches as supports, securely press the cover against the inverter.
  - (The cover may be reinstalled with the parameter unit on.)

#### FR-A220E-11K to 22K-UL, FR-A240E-11K to 22K-UL • Removal

Socket

Catch

-----

Om - Om -

°°~~

Reinstallation

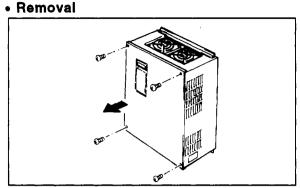
### (1): M. (14) (13) (14) (44)

- 1) Remove the two installation screws at the bottom of the front cover.
- 2) Hold both ends of the front cover bottom and pull the cover toward you.

- 1) Fit the catches on the inside of the front cover top into the sockets of the inverter.
- 2) Securely press the cover against the inverter.

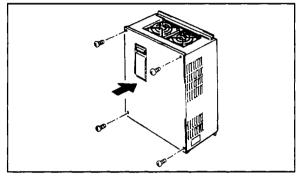
3) Fix the cover with the bottom installation screws.

# FR-A220E-30K to 55K-UL, FR-A240E-30K to 55K-UL



1) Remove the front cover installation screws (4 places).

#### Reinstallation



1) Fix the front cover with the installation screws (4 places).

- Note: 1. Fully check that the front cover has been reinstalled securely.
  - 2. The same serial number is printed on each of the capacity plate on the front cover and the rating plate on the inverter side face. Before reinstalling the front cover, check the serial number to ensure that the cover removed is reinstalled to the inverter from where it had been removed.

Example:

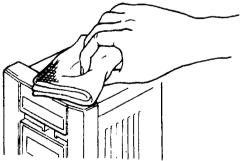
Capacity plate A4615 Rating plate A4615 0001

- 4-digit serial number

If the inverter surface is stained with fingermarks, oil and/or the like during removal and/or reinstallation work, gently clean it with a cloth soaked with a neutral detergent or ethanol.

Note: 1. Do not use any solvent, such as acetone, benzene, toluene and alcohol, that will cause the inverter surface to dissolve and the paint to peel.
2. Do not clean the lens of the inverter LED with a

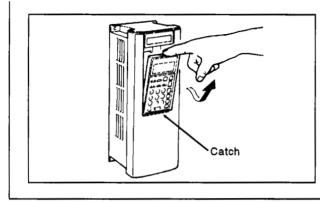
detergent or alcohol.



### 3-2 Removal and Reinstallation of the Parameter Unit

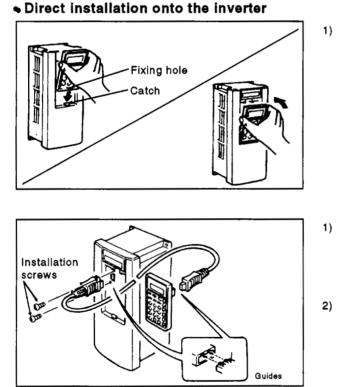
To ensure safety, remove and reinstall the parameter unit after switching the power off.

### Removal



#### Hold down the top button of the parameter unit and pull the parameter unit toward you, using the catch as a support.

# Reinstallation



1) After fitting the fixing hole of the parameter unit (PU) on the catch of the cover, push the parameter unit into the inverter, using the catch as a support.

 Securely insert one connector of the cable into the connector of the inverter and the other cable connector into the PU connector.

Insert the cable connector along the guides of the inverter or PU connector. (If the orientation is incorrect, the inverter may be damaged.)

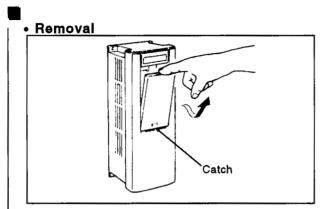
2) After plugging the cable connector into the inverter connector, fix it securely with the installation screws.

### Installation using the cable (option)

- Note: 1. The parameter unit must be installed to the inverter with the front cover fitted.
  - 2. During installation, do not apply force to the display (liquid crystal).
  - 3. The parameter unit can be used with any of the FR-A100 and 200 series inverters.

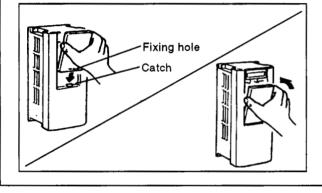
### 3-3 Removal and Reinstallation of the Accessory Cover

To ensure safety, remove and reinstall the accessory cover after switching the power off.



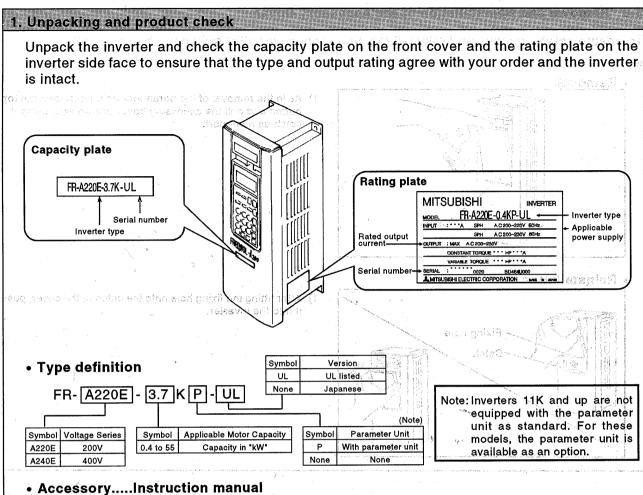
1) As in the removal of the parameter unit, hold down the top button and pull the accessory cover toward you, using the catch as a support.

Reinstallation



1) After fitting the fixing hole onto the catch of the cover, push it into the inverter.

# 4. PRE-OPERATION PROCEDURE



If you have found any discrepancy, damage, etc. please contact your sales representative.



2. Preparations of instruments and parts required for operation

Instruments and parts to be prepared depend on how the inverter is operated. For required parts, etc. see Section 5 "INSTRUMENTS AND PARTS TO BE PREPARED FOR OPERATION".



3. Installation

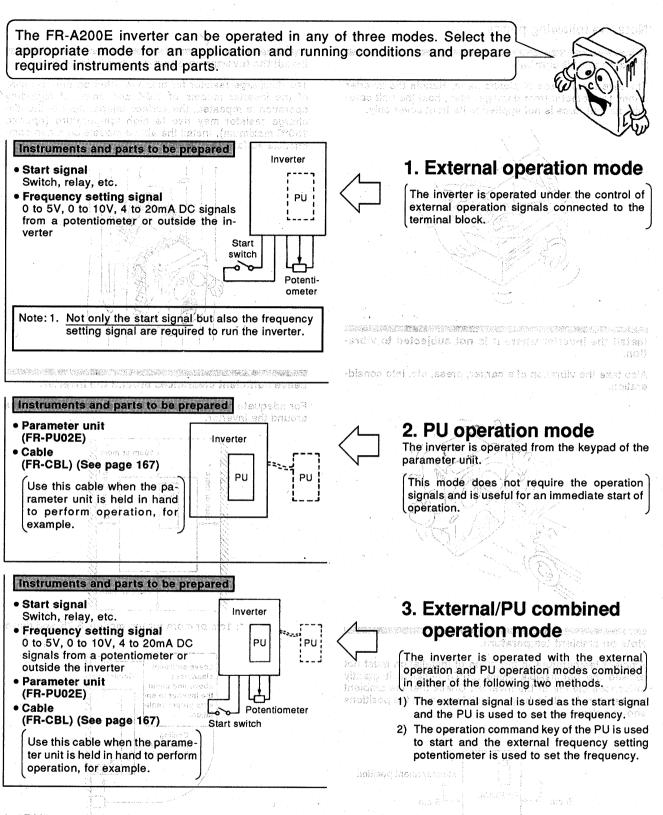
To operate the inverter with high performance for a long time, install the inverter in a proper place, in a correct direction, and with proper clearances. (See page 12.)



#### 4. Wiring

Connect the power supply, motor and operation signals (control signals) to the terminal block. If they are connected improperly, the inverter itself may be damaged. (See page 15.)

# 5. INSTRUMENTS AND PARTS TO BE PREPARED FOR OPERATION



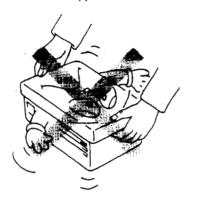
\*: "PU" stands for the parameter unit.

-11-

#### Note the following points.

#### Handle the unit carefully.

The inverter is made of plastic parts. Handle the inverter gently to protect it from damage. Also, hold the unit carefully so that force is not applied to its front cover only.



Install the inverter where it is not subjected to vibration.

Also take the vibration of a carrier, press, etc. into consideration.

#### Install the inverter on a non-combustible surface.

11

1.1

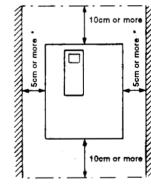
The discharge resistor for brake is fitted on the rear side of the inverter models of 7.5K and down. If high-duty operation is repeated, the surface temperature of the discharge resistor may rise to high temperature (approx. 150°C maximum). Install the above models on a non-combustible surface (e.g. metal).

1.,

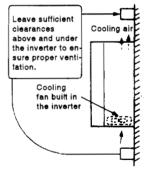


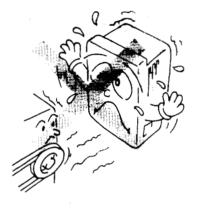
#### Leave sufficient clearances around the inverter.

For adequate heat dissipation, leave sufficient clearances around the inverter.



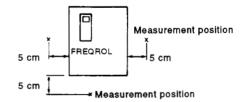
\*: 1cm or more for the models 3.7K and down





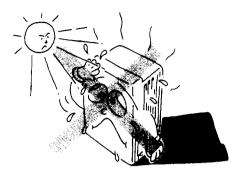
#### Note on ambient temperature.

Ambient temperature in the place of installation must not exceed the permissible value (50°C) because it greatly influences the life of the inverter. Check that the ambient temperature is within the permissible range in the positions shown below.

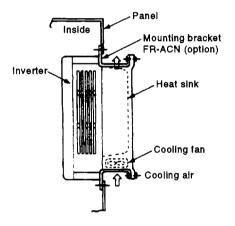


#### Avoid high temperature and high humidity.

Avoid places where the inverter is subjected to direct sunlight, high temperature and high humidity.



The amount of heat generated in the panel can be reduced considerably by placing the heat sink of the inverter outside the panel.



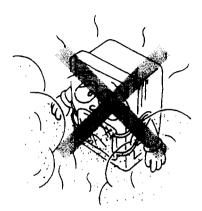
- Note: 1. Use the optional mounting bracket (FR-ACN) (see page 163.). The mounting area should be machined to the panel cutting dimensions on page 181.
  - 2. The cooling section outside the panel has the cooling fan. Do not use the inverter in environments having waterdrops, oil mist, dust, etc.

# The installation holes for the FR-Z series can be used as they are.

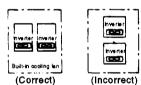
The A200E inverter can be installed as it is by using the optional mounting bracket (FR-AAT attachment) (see page 164.). The installation direction and clearances remain unchanged.

Do not install the inverter where it is subjected to oil mist, flammable gases, fluff, dust, dirt, etc.

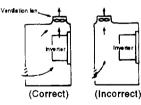
Install the inverter in a clean place or inside a totally enclosed panel which does not accept any suspended matter.



- Note: 1. When the inverter is installed in a panel, determine the cooling method and panel dimensions so that the ambient temperature of the inverter is within the permissible range (as specified on page 170).
  - 2. When two or more inverters are installed or a ventilation fan is mounted in the panel, extreme
  - care must be taken to keep the ambient temperature of the inverter below the permissible value. If the inverters and/or ventilation fan is installed in an improper position, the ambient temperature will rise and ventilation effect will reduce.



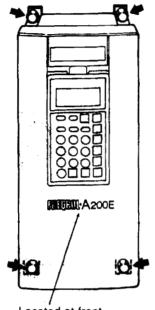
Installation of Two or More Inverters



Position of Ventilation Fan

3. Like the inverter, protect the parameter unit from direct sunlight, high temperature and high humidity. Also avoid oil mist, flammable gases, etc. install the inverter securely with bolts," hat

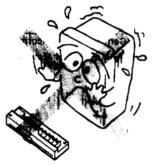
Install the inverter on an installation surface securely and vertically (so that the letters FREQROL-A200E are located at the front) with screws or bolts.



Located at front.

Do not install the FR-APA, APB, APC, APD, APE in the FR-A200E inverter. These options are available for FR-A200.

If you force connecting of these options installing the FR-A200E, the inverter is damaged. Please install the FR-EPA, EPB, EPC, EPD, EPE, EPG, EPH.



FR-APA to APE

The second state of the se

and the second second second

.

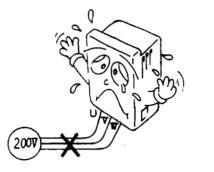
and the second states

- 14 -

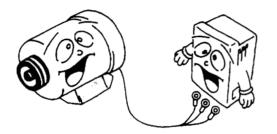
# 7. WIRING

### 7-1 Wiring instructions

The power must not be applied to the output terminals (U, V, W), otherwise the inverter will be damaged.

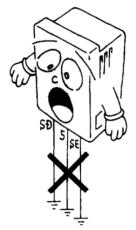


Use sleeved solderless terminals for the power supply and motor cables.



The following terminals are isolated from each other. These terminals must not be connected to each other or grounded.

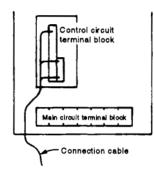
Common terminals SD, 5 and SE of the control circuit.



Use shielded or twisted cables for connection to the control circuit terminals.

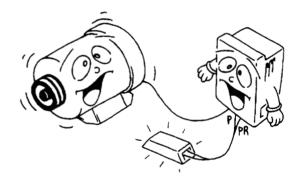
Run them away from the main and power circuits (such as 200V relay sequence circuit).

Run the connection cable using the space on the lefthand side of the main circuit terminal block.



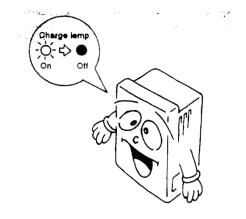
Connectionly the recommended optional brake resistor between the terminals P and PR.

In addition, these terminals must not be shorted.



When rewiring after operation, make sure that the inverter LED has gone off and that the charge lamp on the printed circuit board or beside the terminal block has gone off.

Soon after the power is shut off, there is a dangerous voltage in the capacitor. Before starting work, ensure that the charge lamp is off.



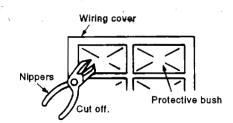
# The cable size for connection to the control circuit terminals should be 0.75mm<sup>2</sup>.

If the cable size used is 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> or more, the front cover may expand, resulting in a contact fault of the parameter unit. This fault is indicated by the following message displayed on the parameter unit and disables operation from the parameter unit. Run the cables so that they do not occupy much of the control box terminal block space.

Parameter unit display

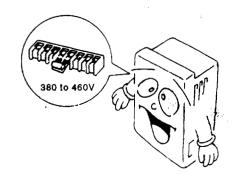
PU to Inverter
comms. Error
Inv. Reset ON

Cut off the wiring cover (protective bush) windows using nippers or a cutter when running the cables.



#### When the power supply voltage is special (380 to 460V), change the connection of the jumper in the internal transformer. (400V series 11K to 55K)

If the connection is not changed, the inverter will be damaged. (See page 21)



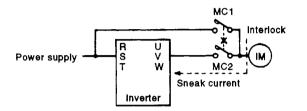
When the wiring distance between the inverter and motor is long, especially during low frequency output, a voltage drop over the main circuit cables will reduce the motor torque. Use a large gauge for the main circuit cables to keep the voltage drop within 2%.

Especially for long-distance wiring, the maximum wiring length should be not more than 500m. Otherwise, the overcurrent protection may be activated accidentally as a result of a charging current generated by the stray capacity of the wiring. For operation under magnetic flux vector control, the inverter-to-motor wiring length should be within 30m. (A selection example at the wiring distance of 20m is given on pages 183, 184.)

#### 7-2 Design Information to Be Checked

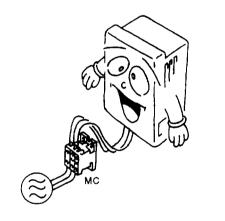
Provide electrical and mechanical interlocks for MC1 and MC2 which are used for commercial power supplyinverter switch-over.

The inverter will be damaged not only by miswiring but also by a sneak current from the power supply due to arcs generated at the time of switch-over or chattering caused by a sequence error, when there is a commercial power supply-inverter switch-over circuit shown below.



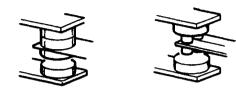
When a machine restart is to be prevented at power restoration after a power failure, provide a magnetic contactor MC in the primary circuit of the inverter and also make up a sequence which will not switch on the start signal.

If the start signal (start switch) remains on after a power failure, the inverter will automatically restart as soon as the power is restored.



When connecting the control circuit to a power supply separately from the main circuit, make up a circuit so that when the power supply terminals R1, S1 for the control circuit are switched off, the main circuit power supply terminals R, S, T are also switched off. Refer to p.18 for connection.

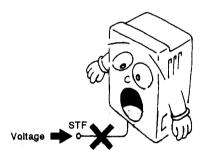
Since input signals to the control circuit are at a low level, use two parallel micro signal contacts or twin contact for contact inputs to prevent a contact fault.



Micro signal contacts

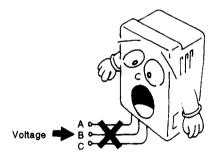
Twin contact

Do not apply a voltage to the contact input terminals (e.g. STF) of the control circuit.



Do not **apply** a voltage directly to the alarm output signal terminals (A, B, C).

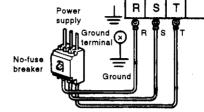
Apply a voltage via a relay coil, lamp, etc. to these terminals.



# 7-3 Wiring of the Main Circuit (For the terminal block arrangement, see pages 175, 176.)

Connection of the power supply and motor Overload protection

External overload protection must be provided to protect the motor in accordance with the National Electrical Code and Canadian Electrical Code, part 1.



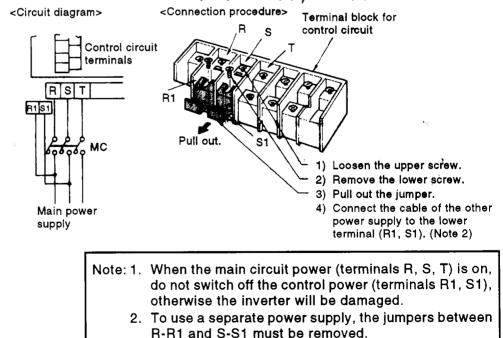
The power supply cables must be connected to R, S, T. If they are connected to U, V, W, the inverter will be damaged.

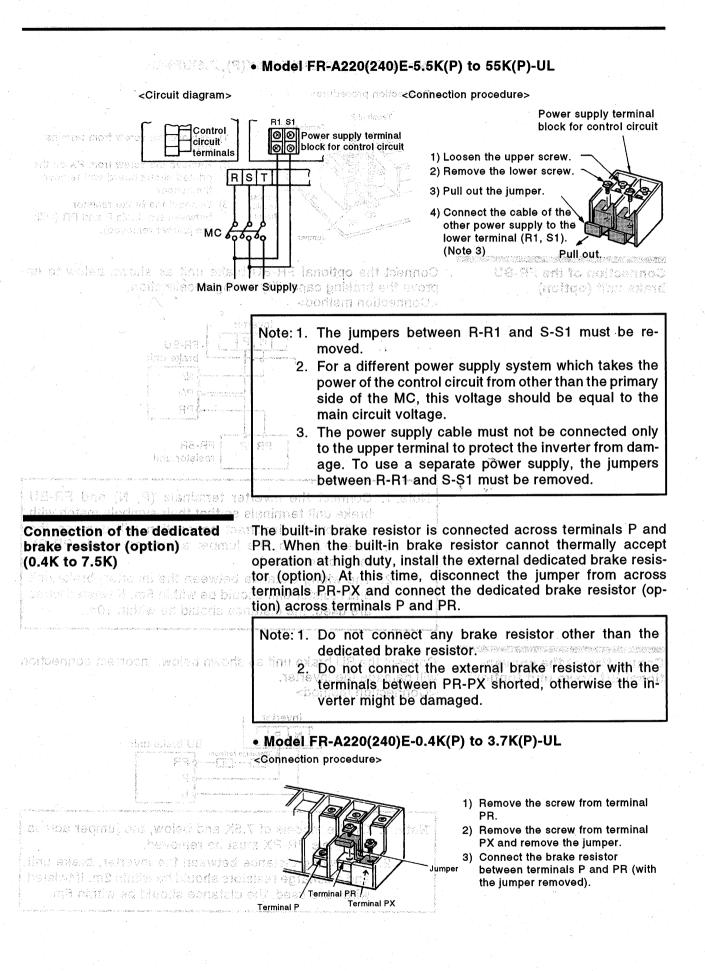
Phase sequence need not be matched. For use with a single-phase power supply, the power supply cables must be connected to R and S. U V W U V W Ground

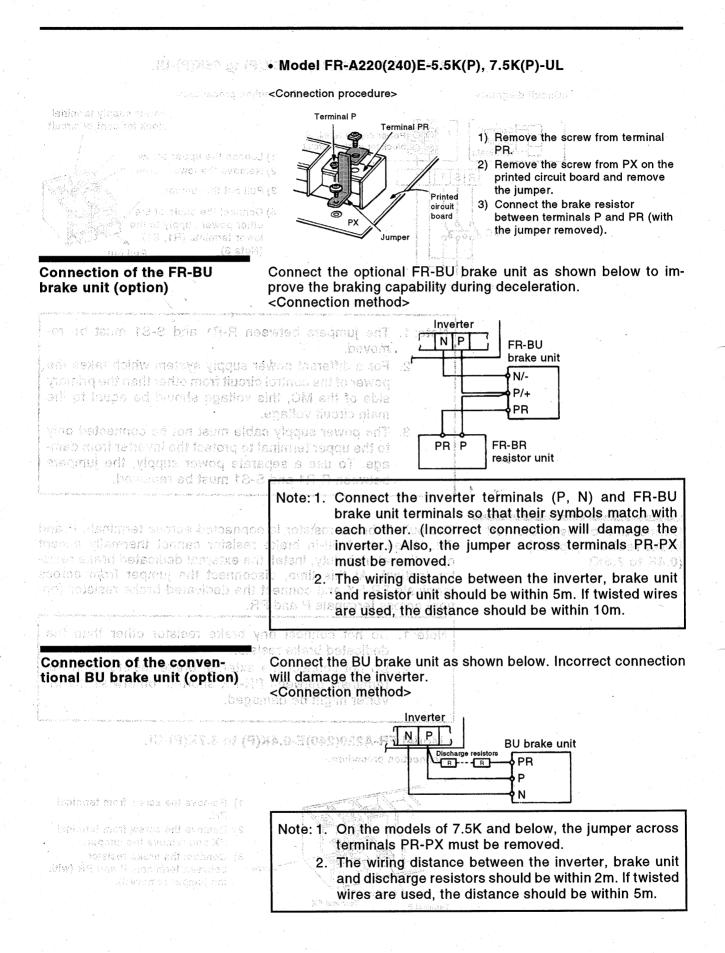
Connect the motor to U, V, W. In the above connection, turning on the forward rotation switch (signal) rotates the motor in the counterclockwise (arrow) direction when viewed from the load shaft.

Connecting the control circuit to a power supply separately from the main circuit If the magnetic contactor (MC) in the inverter power supply is opened when the protective circuit is operated, the inverter control circuit power is lost and the alarm output signal cannot be kept on. To keep the alarm signal on, terminals R1 and S1 are available. In this case, connect the power supply terminals R1 and S1 of the control circuit to the primary side of the MC.

#### • Model FR-A220(240)E-0.4K(P) to 3.7K(P)-UL

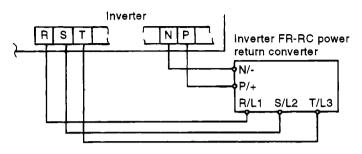






Connection of the FR-RC power return converter (op-tion)

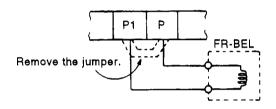
Connect the FR-RC power return converter as shown below so that the inverter terminals (P, N) and FR-RC power return converter terminals match with each other. <Connection method>



Note: On the models of 7.5K and below, the jumper across terminals PR-PX must be removed.

Connection of the power factor improving DC reactor (option) (for 5.5K to 55K inverters) Connect the FR-BEL power factor improving DC reactor between terminals P1 and P. In this case, the jumper connected across terminals P1-P must be removed. Otherwise, the reactor will not operate.

<Connection method>



Note: 1. The wiring distance should be within 5m.

- 2. The size of the cables used should be identical to or larger than that of the power supply cables (R, S, T).
- 3. The DC reactor cannot be used with the inverters of 3.7K and below (for both 200V and 400V).

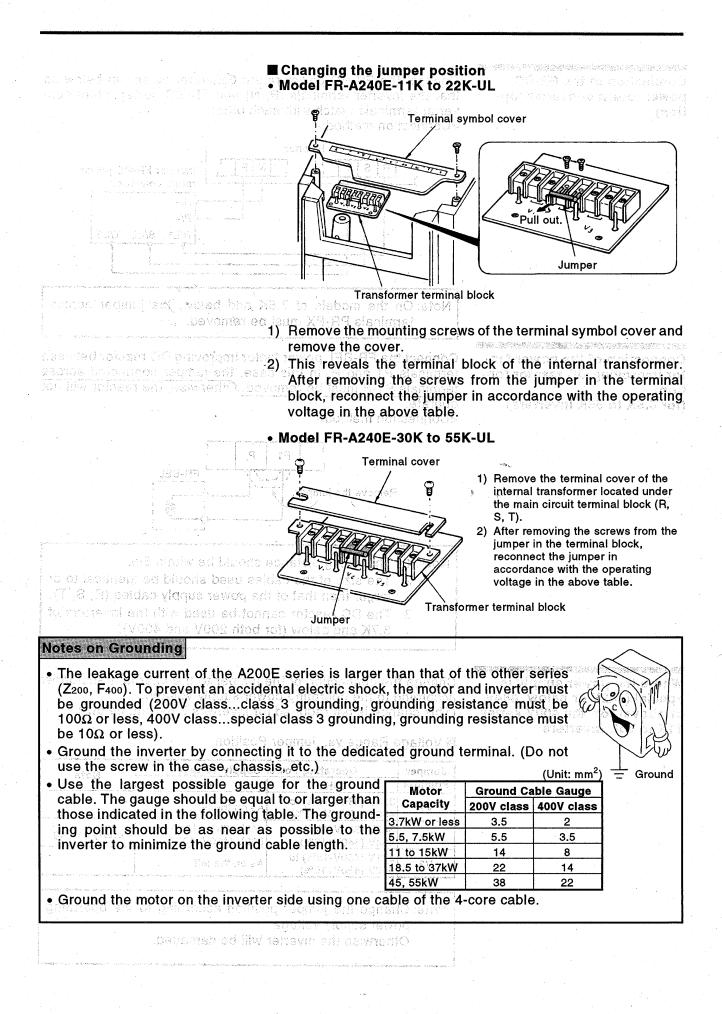
Where the power supply is special (342V or below, 484V or above) for the 400V series 11K to 55K inverters Change the connection of the jumper to the internal transformer according to the operating power supply voltage. (This change is not required for inverters 7.5K and below.)

■ Voltage Range vs. Jumper Position

Jumper Position	Operating Pow	Note	
	50Hz	1 14016	
V1	323V (380V-15%) to 456.5V (415V+10%)	As on the left	
V2	342V (380V-10%) to 484V (440V+10%)	342V (380V-10%) to 506V (460V+10%)	Factory setting
V3	391V (460V-15%) to 506V (460V+10%)	As on the left	

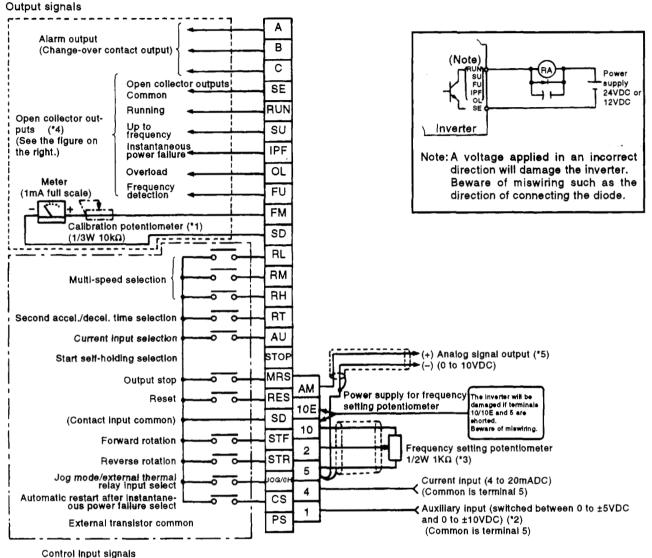
Note: Change the jumper position according to the operating power supply voltage.

Otherwise the inverter will be damaged.



- 22 -

#### 7-4 Wiring of the Control Circuit (For the terminal block arrangement, see pages 175, 176.)

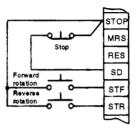


(Do not apply voltage to any terminals.)

- \*1. This calibration potentiometer is not required when making calibration from the parameter unit.
- \*2. Input signal switching can be done from the parameter unit.
- \*3. 2W 1K $\Omega$  is recommended when the frequency setting is changed frequently.
- \*4. The output terminals other than the running (RUN) terminal allow alarm definition to be output in alarm codes and 10 different functions to be assigned individually. (See Pr. 40 and Pr. 76.)
- \*5. FM-SD and AM-5 functions can be used simultaneously. (See Pr. 54 and Pr. 158.)
  - Note: 1. Terminals SD, SE and 5 are the common terminals of the I/O signals and are isolated from each other. These common terminals must not be connected to each other or grounded.
    - 2. Use shielded or twisted cables for connection to the control circuit terminals and run them away from the main and power circuits (including the 200V relay sequence circuit).
    - 3. Since the frequency setting signals are micro currents, use two parallel micro signal contacts or a twin contact to prevent a contact fault.

Using the STOP terminal

Connect as shown below to self-hold the start signal (forward rotation, reverse rotation).



Using the CS terminal

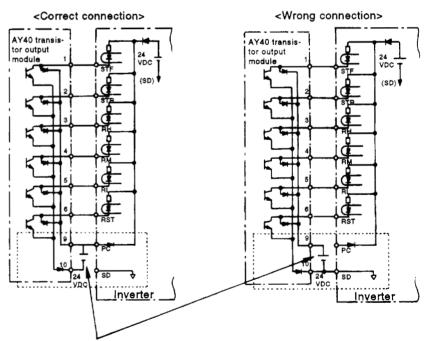
This terminal is used to perform automatic restart after instantaneous power failure and switch-over between commercial power supply and inverter.

<Eample: Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure> Connect CS-SD and set 0 in parameter 57.



Using the PC terminal

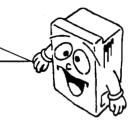
This terminal is used to connect transistor output (open collector output) such as a programmable logic controller (PC). Connecting the external power supply common for transistor output to the PC terminal prevents a faulty operation caused by a sneak current.



The AY40 module requires a 24VDC power supply.

# 8. PARAMETER UNIT

The FR-PU02E parameter unit is installed directly to the FR-A series inverter or connected to it by a cable (option) and allows operation to be performed, functions to be selected (set values to be read/written), the operating status to be monitored, and alarm definition to be displayed. In addition, the FR-PU-02E has a troubleshooting function, help function and parameter graphic display function. The FR-PU02E parameter unit is hereinafter referred to as the PU.



Display

#### 8-1 Structure of the Parameter Unit

#### Help key (See page 49.)

- Used to call the help menu screen for selection of any help item.
- Acts as a monitoring list or parameter list display key in the monitoring or setting mode.
- Press this key on any parameter setting screen to call the corresponding parameter graphic display screen.

#### **Clear key**

- Used to clear set data or a wrong value in the setting mode.
- Acts as a graphic display stop key. Press this key only to return from the help mode to the previous mode.

#### Shift key

- Used to shift to the next item in the setting or monitoring mode.
- Press this key and either of the [▲] and [▼] keys together on the menu screen to shift the display screen one page forward or back.

#### Function and numeral keys

 Used to select the basic functions and enter the frequency, parameter number and set value.

#### **Read key**

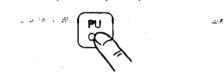
- Used also as a decimal point key.
- Acts as a parameter number read key in the setting mode.
- Serves as an item select key on the menu screen such as parameter list or monitoring list.
- · Acts as an alarm definition display key in the alarm history display mode.
- Serves as a command voltage read key in the calibration mode.
- 13 character × 4 line liquid crystal display screen for showing parameter graphic display and troubleshooting as well as monitoring 20 types of data such as frequency, motor current and I/O terminal states. FR-PU02 E PARAMETER UNIT Mode select keys Used to select the PU operation and external operation (operation using switches, frequency setting EXT OP PU OP SET potentiometer, etc.), setting mode MONITOR and monitoring mode. ۸ SHIFT CLEAR HELP Frequency change keys BECEL 9 THM ▼ Used to keep increasing or de-5 creasing the running frequency. 6 FWD LOW Hold down to change the frequen-CV. 2 3 · Press either of these keys on the REV setting mode screen to change the parameter set value sequentially. 0 . • On the monitoring, parameter or WRITE STOP READ help menu screen, these keys are used to move the cursor. Hold down the SHIFT key and press either of these keys to advance or return the display screen one page. **Operation command keys**  Used to give forward rotation, reverse rotation and stop commands in the parameter unit operation mode Write key
  - Used to write a set value in the setting mode.
  - · Serves as a clear key in the all parameter clear or alarm history clear mode.
  - Acts as a reset key in the inverter reset mode.

#### 8-2 Precautions for Using the Parameter Unit

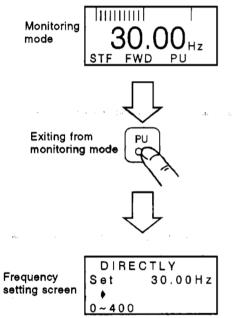
When using the PU, note the following points to make proper settings and enter correct values.

#### Instructions for operation performed from the PU

• Operation from the PU is only valid when the [PU OP] key is pressed with '0' (factory setting) set in parameter 79 or when PU operation or combined operation is selected in Pr. 79. (Refer to p.132.)



 In the monitoring mode, the running frequency cannot be set by direct setting (by entering the frequency directly from the keypad). To set the running frequency, perform step setting (change the frequency sequentially by pressing the [▲]/[♥] key) and press the [WRITE] key, or press the [PU OP] key after exiting from the monitoring mode.



- Jog operation cannot be performed when: (1) The motor is running; or
  - (2) The jog frequency (Pr. 15) is less than the starting frequency (Pr. 13).

San ter Satura

#### instructions for monitoring

• When the motor is to be run in the PU operation mode, setting the running frequency and then pressing the start key [FWD] or [REV] automatically switches the inverter to the monitoring mode.

#### Instructions for the operation modes

- If the [PU OP] (or [EXT OP]) key is pressed, the mode cannot be switched when:
  - (1) The motor is running;
  - (2) The external operation start signal (across terminals STF or STR-SD) is on; or
  - (3) The set value of the operation mode select parameter (Pr. 79) is any of 1 to 5 and 7.
- When "0" is in the operation mode select parameter (Pr. 79), switching the inverter power off, then on or resetting the inverter switches it to the external operation mode.

# Instructions for the number of digits and decimal point of an input value

 An input value of up to five digits may be entered. If the value entered is in more than five digits, the most significant digit is ignored.

12345.6 ⇒ [] 23456 (Entered) Ignored

44

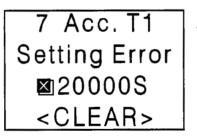
#### Instructions for writing set values

Write the set values when the inverter is at a stop in the PU operation mode or combined operation mode. They cannot be written in the external operation mode. (They may be read in any mode.) Note that some parameters may be written in the external operation mode or during operation. See the following table:

Operation Mode	Write Enabled during Operation	Write Enabled during Stop
External operation mode	Pr. 4 to 6 "three-speed setting" Pr. 24 to 27 "multi-speed setting" Pr. 51 to 56 "display function" Pr. 158 "AM terminal function selection"	Pr. 4 to 6 "three-speed setting" Pr. 24 to 27 "multi-speed setting" Pr. 51 to 56 "display function" Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" Pr. 158 "AM terminat function selection"
PU operation mode and combined operation mode	Pr. 4 to 6 "three-speed setting" Pr. 24 to 27 "multi-speed setting" Pr. 51 to 56 "display function" Pr. 72 "PWM frequency selection" Pr. 77 "parameter write disable selection" Pr. 158 "AM terminal function selection" Pr. 900 "FM terminal calibration"	All parameters

- In addition to the above, set values cannot be written when:
  - (1) Parameter write disable (Pr. 77) has been selected;
  - (2) Any parameter number that does not exist in the parameter list (see page 98) has been selected;
  - (3) The value entered is outside the setting range; or
- If write is disabled and error " X " is displayed, press the [SET] (or [CLEAR]) key and restart operation from the beginning.

(Example: Pr. 7 "acceleration time")

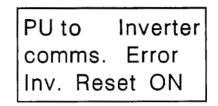


#### Instructions for setting the running frequency

♦ When using the, [▲][♥]key to set the frequency (step setting), the frequency may only be set within the range of the maximum and minimum frequencies.

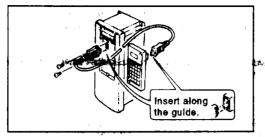
#### Other Instructions

When the input power is switched on (or the inverter is reset), the following message is given on the display of the PU for about 1 second. This message indicates that the inverter and FR-PU02E parameter unit are performing communication checks with each other and does not indicate an alarm. Note that if this message does not disappear in about 1 second, see "TROUBLESHOOT-ING" (page 148).



The above message is also displayed when the control circuit power is switched on later than the main circuit power in a system where the control circuit is connected to a power supply separately from the main circuit. Similarly, Fr-A is displayed on the unit LED instantaneously at power on but it is not an alarm. If this display is kept provided, see "TROUBLESHOOTING" (page 148).

#### 8-3 Handling of the FR-PU01E Parameter Unit



The FR-PU01E parameter unit can only be used by connection to the inverter with a cable (option). It cannot be installed directly to the inverter.

and the second second

For the use of the FR-PU01E parameter unit, note the following points.

्र मध्यप्रभुषि

With the power on, you cannot use the the FR-PU01E and FR-PU02E parameter units by changing them alternately.

The functions of the inverter are limited by the FR-PU01E. See the function comparison on the right. When the FR-PU01E parameter unit is being used, reset the inverter once in either of the following methods, with the parameter unit connected by the cable.

- •Switch the power off once, and in more than 0.1 seconds, switch it on again.
- •After connecting the reset terminal RES-SD for more than 0.1 seconds, disconnect them.

Note: The inverter recognizes the type of the parameter unit at the time of reset cancel or power-on and does not communicate with any parameter unit other than the one recognized.

Function	FR-PU02E COCO Parameter Unit COCO	FR-PU01E Parameter Unit
Operation setting function	Frequency setting 0 to 400Hz Forward rotation, reverse rotation, stop	As on the left
Operation mode setting	PU operation, external operation, jog operation, PU/external combined operation	As on the <del>le</del> ft
Monitoring function	Output frequency, output current, output voltage, alarm display, frequency set value, running speed, motor torque, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic overcurrent protector load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, input power, output power, input terminal state, output terminal state, load meter, motor exciting current, position pulse, cumulative operation time, actual operation time	Output frequency, output current, output voltage, alarm display The other items cannot be monitored.
Parameter settting function	Enabled for all of Pr.0 to Pr. 159 and Pr. 200 to Pr. 231.	Limited to Pr. 0 to Pr. 79. Disabled for the gear backlash compensation and 5-point flexible V/F characteristic parameters.

Function	FR-PU02E Parameter Unit	FR-PU01E Parameter Unit			
Auto tuning	Pr. 90 to 96 can be set.	All settings disabled.			
Calibration function	Pr. 900 to Pr. 905	C1 to C5 Note that C1 cannot be used when any of 101 to 121 (AM terminal) is in Pr. 54. Pr. 901 (AM terminal calibration) cannot be set.			
Alarm display clear	Batch clear is performed using "ALARM HISTORY CLEAR" in the help mode.	Batch clear is performed by pressing the CLEAR key when a monitoring error is displayed.			
Parameter initialization	Parameter clear (calibration function not cleared) or all parameter clear (calibration function cleared) can be set.	All parameter clear (calibration function not cleared) can only be set.			
Alarm display	OV1 to OV3 ————— PUE, RET, CPU —————	• OVT (The alarms indicated • PE on the left are dis- played in this way.			

1 1

In addition, the following functions are not available for the FR-PU01E:

- Parameter initial value list
- Parameter change list
- Troubleshooting
- Inverter reset from the parameter unit
- Graphic display of parameter functions

#### 8-4 Handling of the FR-ZRWE Parameter Copy Unit

19 C L

The FR-ZRWE parameter copy unit can be used by connection to the inverter by a cable (option). Like the FR-PU01E, the FR-ZRWE limits the inverter functions. In addition, the function of reading and copying a batch of parameters to another inverter cannot be used.

### 8-5 Handling of the FR-ARWE Parameter Copy Unit

Like the FR-PU02E, the FR-ARWE parameter copy unit can be installed to the inverter (can also be connected to the inverter by a cable) and allows operation to be performed, functions to be set, and operating status to be monitored. (The [A] and  $[\Psi]$  keys are different in function from those of the FR-PU02E.)

The FR-ARWE also allows the parameters of one inverter set per application to be read in batches and easily copied to the other inverter.

CAUTION

When the FR-ARWE is used to copy parameters between the FR-A200 and FR- A200E series inverters, the set values of Pr. 65, 83, 84, 90 to 94 and 96 are as indicated below depending on the series of the inverters and the product version of the FR-ARWE.

Combination		1 2		3		4			
Parameter		Copy Source			Copy Destination	Copy Copy Source Destination		Copy Source	Copy Destination
Number/Name		A200 ⇒ A200		A200 ⇒ A200E		A200E ⇒ A200E		A200E ⇒ A200	
Pr. 65 "retry selection" Pr. 83 "rated motor voltage" Pr. 84 "rated motor frequency"	New ARWE (Product code H02)	Set values a	are not copied.	Set values at the copy destination do not change.		Set values at the copy source are written to the copy destination.		Set values are not copied.	
Pr. 90 "motor constant R1" Pr. 91 "motor constant R1" Pr. 92 "motor constant L1" Pr. 93 "motor constant L2" Pr. 94 "motor constant X" Pr. 96 "auto tuning setting/state"	Old ARWE (Product code H01)	Set values e	are not copied.	Set values at the copy destination do not change.		Set values at the copy destination do not change.		Set values are not copied.	

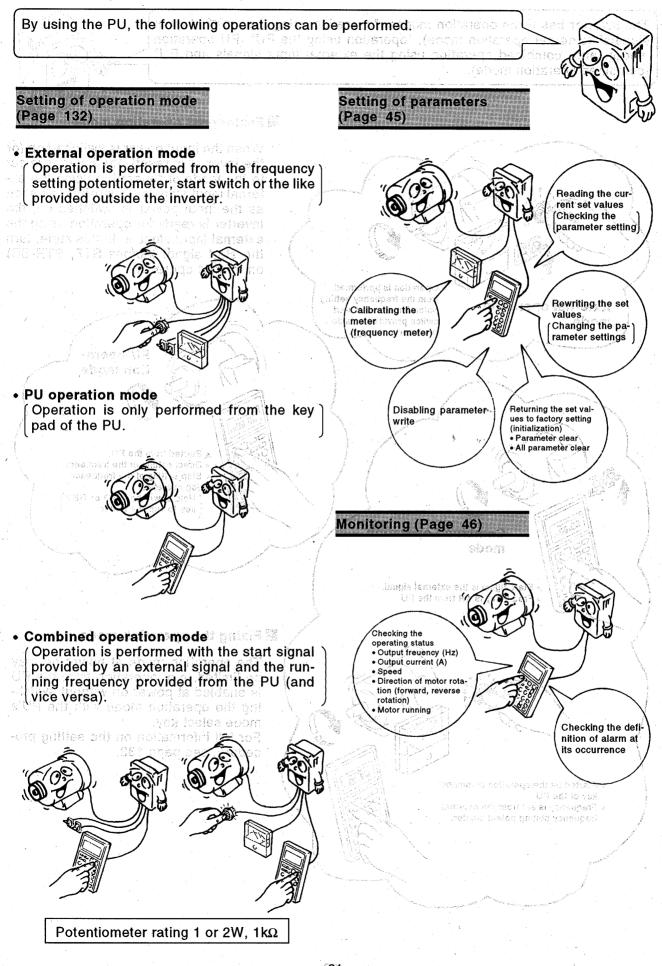
#### <Reason>

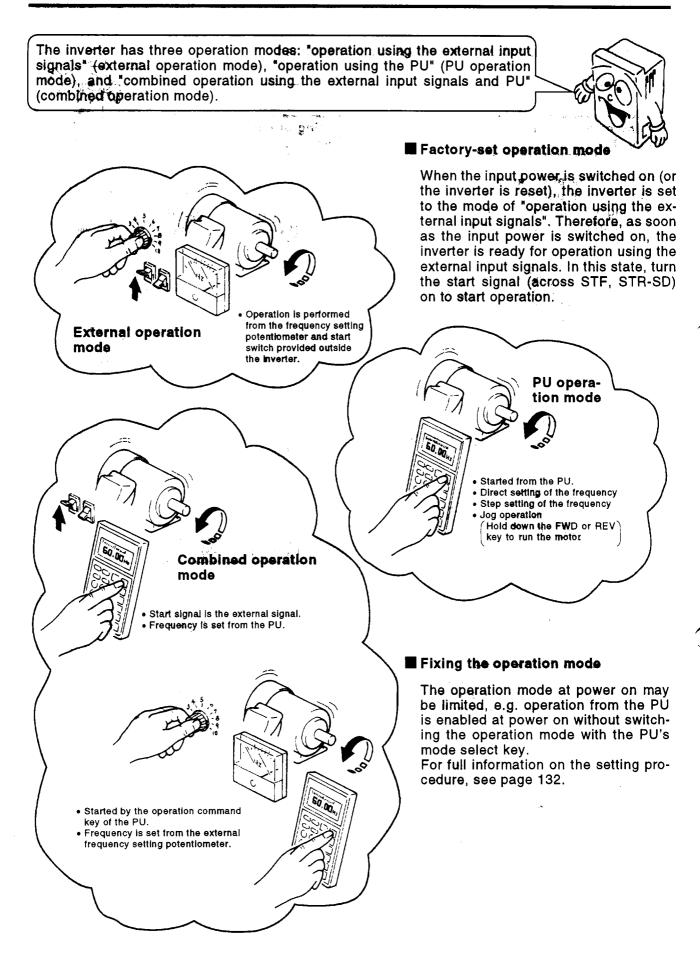
The FR-A200 series do not have the **functions** of Pr. 65, 83, 84, 90 to 94 and 96. Hence, the old ARWE parameter copy unit (product code H01) compatible with the FR-A200 series cannot recognize Pr. 65, 83, 84, 90 to 94 and 96 and cannot copy them properly. To copy them properly, use the new ARWE parameter copy unit (product code H02) compatible with the FR-A200E series. (See page 162)

#### <FR-ARWE product version>

- Differentiation
  - The product code is given on the rating plate on the back of the parameter copy unit.
  - Old copy unit: Product code H01
  - New copy unit: Product code H02

## 9. OVERVIEW OF THE PARAMETER UNIT FUNCTIONS

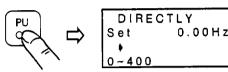




#### 10-1 Selection of the Operation Mode

The inverter is factory-set to allow the operation mode to be switched between "external operation" and "PU operation". At power-on, the inverter is placed in the "external operation" mode. Use the PU to switch to the other operation mode.

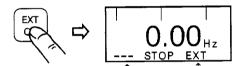
• Switching from the external ...... Check that the external input signal is off (across operation mode to the PU operation mode



Frequency setting screen

1 44 11

 Switching from the PU operation mode to the external operation mode



STOP

STF or STR-SD). Then, press the [PU OP] key among the mode select

keys to switch to the PU operation mode, in which the frequency setting screen is displayed.

Check that the external input signal is off (across STF or STR-SD) and that the operation command indication is "---".

Then, press the [EXT OP] key among the mode select keys to switch to the external operation mode, in which "EXT" is displayed at the operation mode indication.

Operation mode indication

operation mode

Operation command indication

• Switching to the combined ...... Change the set value of Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" as indicated below. (For more information on changing the set value, see page 45.)

"PU+E" is displayed at the operation mode indication. 1. A. 1.

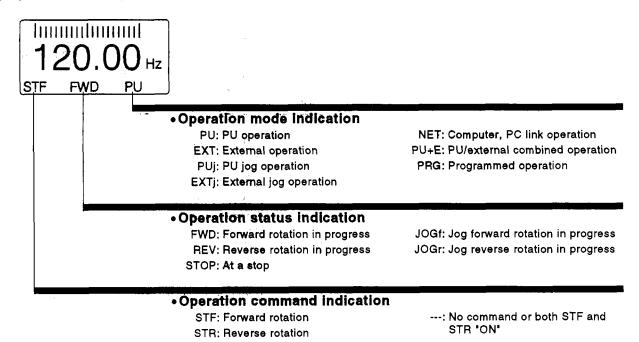
Set Value	Description			
	Running Frequency Setting	Start Signal		
3	Parameter unit • Direct setting and [▲] [▼] key setting	Terminal signal • STF • STR		
4	Terminal signal • 0 to 5VDC across 2-5 • 0 to 10VDC across 2-5 • 4 to 20mADC across 4-5 • Multif-speed selection (Pr. 4 to 6, 24 to 27) • Jog frequency (Pr. 15)	Parameter unit • FWD key • REV key		

Operation mode indication

(across STF or STR-SD)	switched p	<ul> <li>Check that the signal is off. If it is on, the operation mode cannot switched properly. Look for STF or STR on the PU display.</li> <li>Check the set value of Pr. 79 "operation mode selection".</li> </ul>		
	Set Value	Description		
2		Operation can be performed with the mode switched between PU operation and external operation. (Factory setting)		
	1 1	PU operation can only be performed. (Cannot be switched to the other mode.)		
	2	External operation can only be performed. (Cannot be switched to the other mode.)		
	3, 4	Combined operation mode		
	5	Programmed operation mode		
	7	PU operation interlock		
	8	External signal-based operation mode switching		
3. Limitation of the operation —— mode	setting), ti power-on. For the ot	set value of Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" is "0" (fac he inverter is put in the external operation mode at in Press the [PU OP] key to switch to the PU operation mode her set values (1 to 5, 7, 8), the operation mode is lim y. See page 132.		

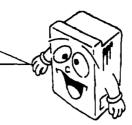
#### 10-2 Operation Mode Indication, Operation Command Indication and Operation Status Indication

The currently selected operation mode, operation status, etc. are displayed at the bottom of the display screen of the parameter unit.



## **11. PRE-OPERATION SETTINGS**

The main items to be set before operation are as follows. Set the required items according to the load and operational specifications. For simple variable-speed operation use the inverter with the factory setting. For more information and the explanation of the other parameters, see page 98. Note that a parameter will be referred to as "Pr.".



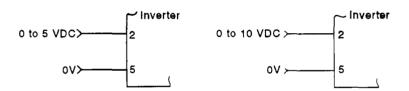
#### Setting method

In the PU operation mode, use the parameter unit for setting. (See page 45.) The start signal (STF or STR) must be off to switch from the external operation mode to the PU operation mode, otherwise the inverter cannot be put in the PU operation mode.

# Operation using the voltage input signal

When the voltage input signal is used for operation, set the specifications of the frequency setting voltage signal entered across terminals 2-5.

- Pr. 73 "0 to 5V, 0 to 10V selection"
- 0 to 5VDC Set "0" (factory setting) in Pr. 73.
- 0 to 10VDC Set 11 in Pr. 73.



Operation using the current input signal

When the current input signal is used for operation, it is necessary to enter the signal across terminals 4-5 and short terminals AU-SD.

Setting of frequency setting voltage (current) gain (maximum output frequency)

- Voltage signal Pr. 903 "frequency setting voltage gain"
- Current signal Pr. 905 "frequency setting current gain"
- Pr. 1 "maximum frequency"

When the frequency used for operation is equal to or higher than the factory setting given below, change the setting of the corresponding parameter.

When the frequency used for operation is higher than 120Hz, the setting of Pr. 18 "high-speed maximum frequency" must be changed.

Parameter	Factory Setting
Pr. 903 "frequency setting voltage gain"	60Hz at 5V (or 10V) DC
Pr. 905 "frequency setting current gain"	0Hz at 4mADC, 60Hz at 20mADC
Pr. 1 'maximum frequency'	Up to 120Hz

When the parameter unit is used for operation, the maximum output frequency is up to the maximum frequency (factory setting: 120Hz). (See Pr. 1.) (For details of Pr. 903, Pr. 905, see page 73.)

Note: When the frequency meter is connected across terminals FM-SD to monitor the running frequency, the output of terminal FM is saturated if the maximum output frequency reaches or exceeds 100Hz, with the factory-set value unchanged. Hence, the setting of Pr. 55 "frequency monitoring reference" must be changed to the maximum output frequency. (See page 120.)

Setting of maximum fre- quency • Pr. 1 "maximum frequency"	Set this parameter to define the upper limit of the output fre- quency or to perform operation at a frequency above 120Hz. Change the setting of this parameter only when the frequency must be limited in addition to the setting of the above-mentioned "frequency setting voltage (current) gain" which allows the fre- quency to be restricted to below the set value. Factory setting: 120Hz
Setting of minimum fre- quency • Pr. 2 "minimum frequency"	Use this parameter to specify the lower limit of the output fre- quency. When the minimum frequency has been set, merely turning on the start signal starts the motor running at the set frequency (if the frequency setting is 0Hz, no rotation will hap- pen). Factory setting: 0Hz
Setting of electronic overcur- rent protector • Pr. 9 "electronic overcur- rent protector"	The factory setting is the rated current value of the inverter. Note that the factory settings of the 0.4K and 0.75K models are 85% of the rated inverter current. When changing the set value, set the 60Hz current value given on the motor rating plate.

Note: The operation characteristics, which are based on the Mitsubishi standard squirrel-cage motor, do not apply to a special motor. For a special motor, provide a thermal relay on the outside to protect the motor. (A constanttorque motor can be selected by the setting of Pr. 71.)

#### Selection of applied loady

• Pr. 14 "applied load selection" Allows the optimum output characteristic (V/F characteristic) to be selected for application and load characteristic.

Application	Set Value	Remarks
For constant-torque loads (e.g. conveyor, carrier)	0 (factory setting)	
For variable-torque loads (e.g. fan, pump)	1	
For lift	2	Boost for forward rotationPr. 0 set value Boost for reverse rotation0%
For Int	3	Boost for forward rotation0% Boost for reverse rotationPr. 0 set value
Applied load selection	4	<ul> <li>Terminal RT ON (Note) As in constant-torque loads.</li> <li>Terminal RT OFF As in no boost at reverse rotation for lift. No boost for reverse rotation</li> </ul>
switching function	5	<ul> <li>Terminal RT ON (Note) As in constant-torque loads.</li> <li>Terminal RT OFF As in no boost at forward rotation for lift. No boost for forward rotation</li> </ul>

Note: When terminal RT is ON, the second control functions (second acceleration/deceleration time, second torque boost and second base frequency) are selected.

#### Selection of external thermal relay input •Pr. 17 "external thermal relay input"

When a thermal relay is installed outside the inverter or the motor contains a temperature sensor, this parameter switches the function of the JOG/OH input terminal to OH (external thermal relay input).

	JOG/OH Terr	minal Function	MRS Terminal Function	
Pr. 17 Set Value	OH (external Jog Mode thermal relay input)		N/O Input	N/C Input
0 (factory setting)	•	—	•	_
1	_	•	•	_
2	•	_	_	•
3		•		•

Setting of acceleration and deceleration times

- Pr. 7 "acceleration time"
- Pr. 8 "deceleration time"
- Pr. 44 "second acceleration /deceleration time"
- Pr. 45 "second deceleration time"

Calibration of frequency meter

When the inverter once used

is to be used again

When acceleration/deceleration time other than the factory setting is used, change the values of these parameters.

Parameter	Factory Setting
Pr. 7 "acceleration time"	7.5K and down5 seconds, 11K and up15 seconds
Pr. 8 "deceleration time"	7.5K and down5 seconds, 11K and up15 seconds
Pr. 44 "second acceleration /deceleration time"	5 seconds
Pr. 45 "second deceleration time"	9999 (same as the value set in Pr. 44)

To monitor the output status correctly, calibrate the frequency meter before operation. Use the parameter unit for calibration to make adjustment with higher accuracy.

(See page 64 for the adjustment procedure.)

It is assumed that the set values of the parameters may have been changed according to the operational specifications. Before starting operation, initialize the parameters (return the parameter values to the factory setting). Initialization can be made by performing parameter clear operation using the parameter unit. (For the operation procedure, see page 57.) Note that the following parameters are not initialized by the parameter clear operation. For these parameters, read their set values and change them to the required values, or perform all parameter clear operation to return to the factory setting.

• Pr. 900 "FM terminal calibration"

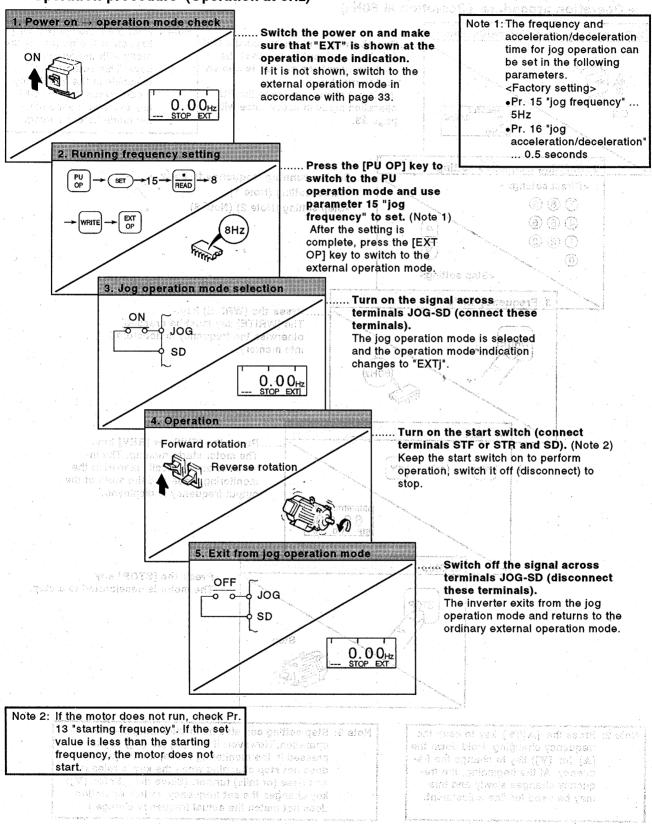
- .Pr. 901 "AM terminal calibration"
- Pr. 902 "frequency setting voltage bias"
- Pr. 903 "frequency setting voltage gain"
- •Pr. 904 "frequency setting current bias"
- Pr. 905 "frequency setting current gain"

### **12. OPERATION**

#### 12-1 External Operation Mode (Operation using the external input signals) (1) Ordinary operation Operation procedure (Operation at 60Hz) Note 1: If the forward and reverse **1.** Power on $\rightarrow$ operation mode check Switch the power on and make rotation switches are sure that "EXT" is shown at the turned on together, the ON inverter will not start. Also, operation mode indication. If it is not shown, switch to the if these switches are turned on together during external operation mode in accordance with page 34. operation, the motor is decelerated to a stop. 0.00Hz 2. Start Turn on the start switch (connect terminals STF or STR and SD). (Note 1) Forward rotation The operation command indication **Reverse** rotation changes to "STF" or "STR" and the ON eactin well malaces operation status indication changes to to bet signal." output indication (FWD or REV). daltaselensb" 8 0:00Hz iofferelaces is not see the 199 e land matteratesala states and because a second 3. Acceleration $\rightarrow$ constant speed Slowly turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) 1853 full clockwise. The frequency shown on the display increases gradually to 60Hz. em value of to not suffer 60.00<sub>Hz</sub> s orolodi reler STF FWD strati enti esti 4. Deceleration Slowly turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) full counterclockwise. (Note 2) The frequency shown on the display tedt ber decreases gradually to 0Hz. Some of Standard The motor stops running one beau ad at al 002 leterster of ander 0.00H neq ydisberg erf ses 5. Stop Turn off the start switch Forward rotation 100 916 ats (disconnect terminals STF or STR **Reverse** rotation and SD). OFF Stop Note 2: If the start switch is turned off with Potentiometer rating, 1 or 2W, 1kΩ the potentiometer in the full clockwise position, the motor is decelerated to a stop. The DC dynamic brake operated at this time generates high-frequency noise immediately before the stop, but it is not a fault.

#### (2) External jog operation

Keep the start switch on (connect terminals STF or STR-SD) to perform operation, and switch it off to stop. For details of changing the parameter setting, see page 45. • Operation procedure (Operation at 8Hz)

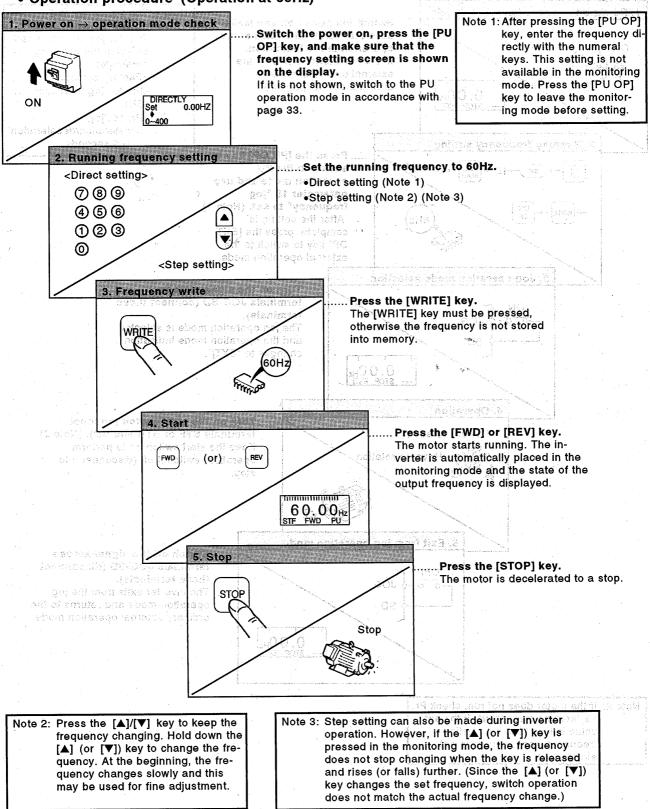


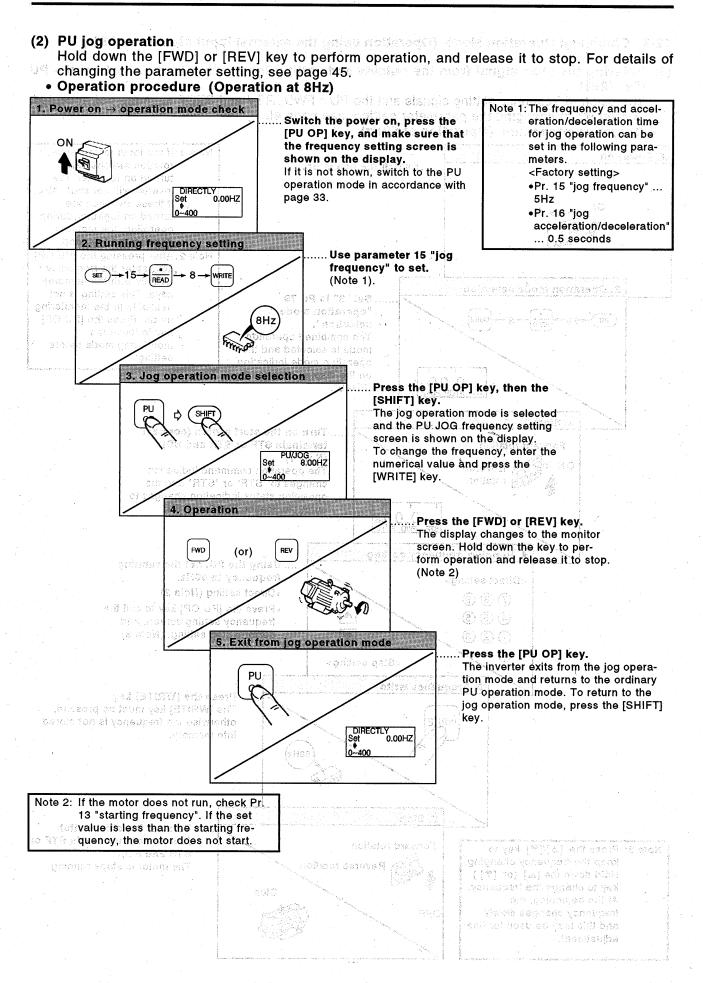
#### 12-2 PU Operation Mode (Operation using the PU)

#### (1) Ordinary operation

By repeating steps 2 and 3 during motor operation, speed can be changed. • Operation procedure (Operation at 60Hz)

politice politication



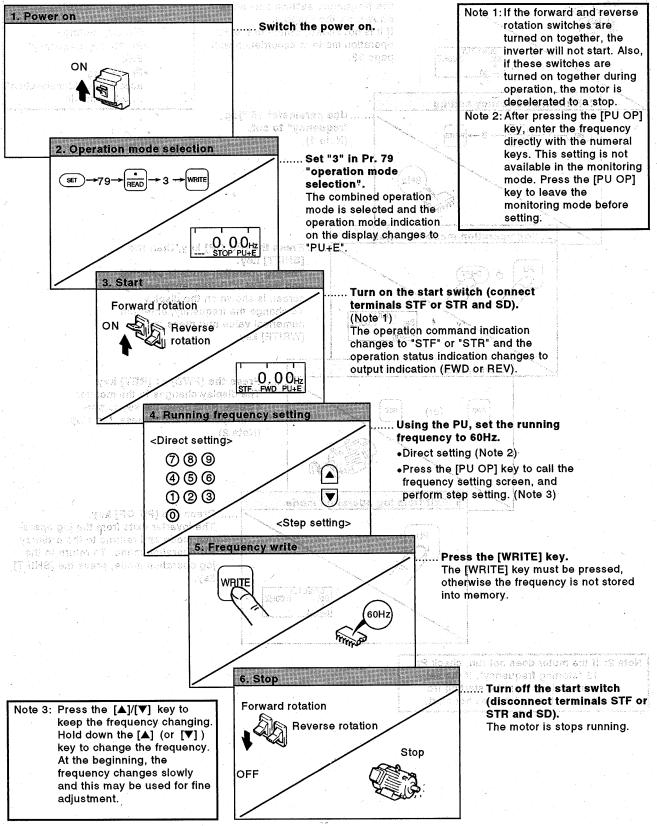


- 41 -

- 12-3 Combined Operation Mode (Operation using the external input signals and PU)
- (1) Entering the start signal from the outside and setting the running frequency from the PU (Pr. 79=3)

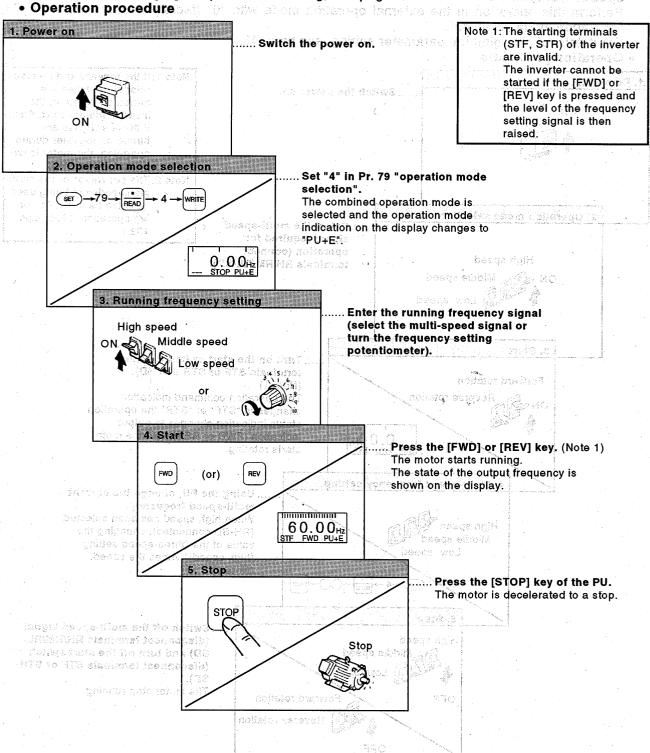
The external frequency setting signals and the PU's FWD, REV and STOP keys are not accepted. For details of changing the parameter setting, see page 45.

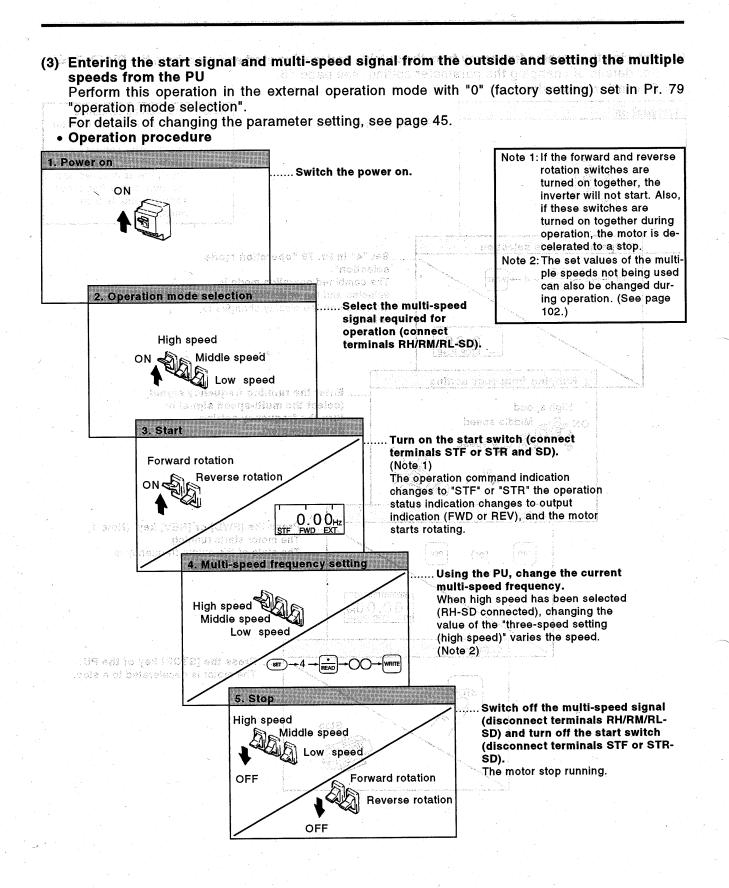
Operation procedure (Operation at 60Hz)



- 42 -

(2) Entering the running frequency from the outside and making start and stop from the PU (Pr.79=4) For details of changing the parameter setting, see page 45.



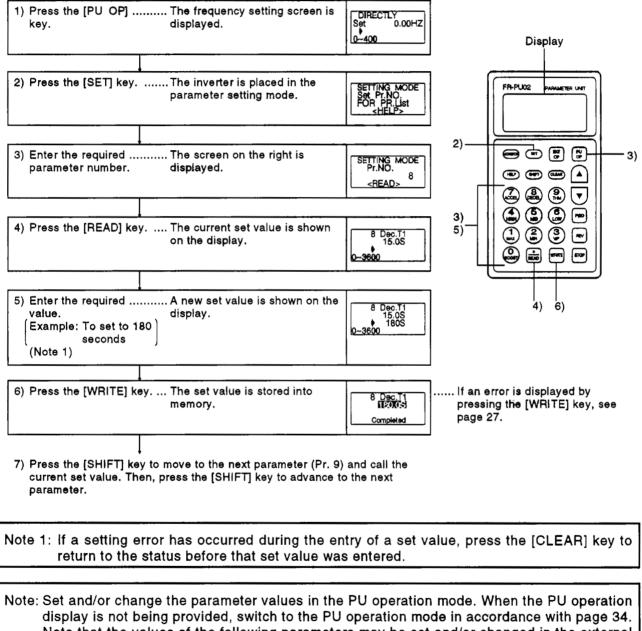


- 44 -

### **13. SETTING AND CHANGING THE VALUES IN THE PARAMETERS**

The inverter has many parameters. Using the PU, the required parameters can be selected and their values set and/or changed as appropriate according to the load and running conditions. For more information, see the "Parameter List" (page 98). Set "1" in Pr. 77 "parameter write disable" to disable write. (See page 131.)

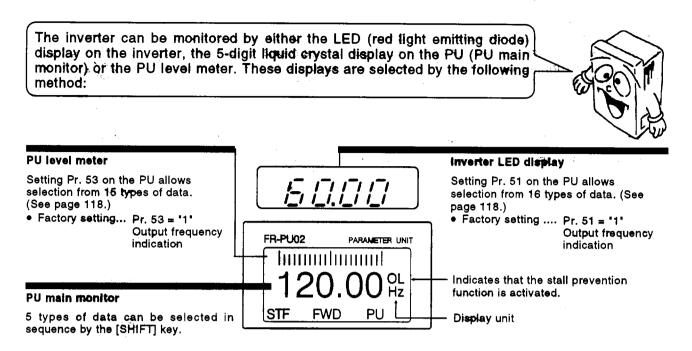




display is not being provided, switch to the PU operation mode in accordance with page 34. Note that the values of the following parameters may be set and/or changed in the external operation and combined operation modes:

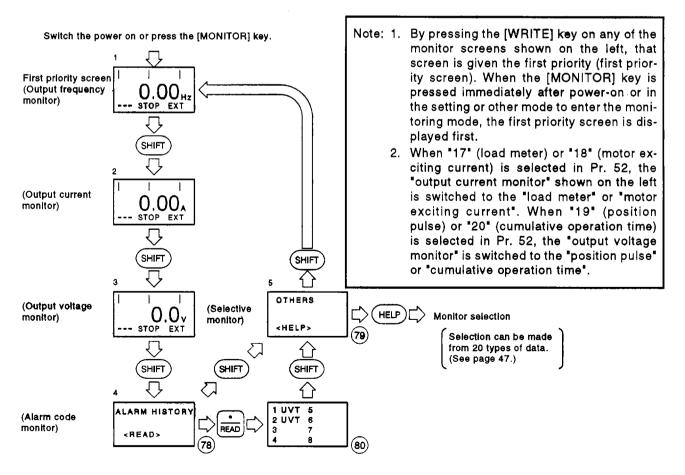
- 3-speed setting .....Pr. 4 to 6
  Multi-speed setting .....Pr. 24 to 27
- Display function ......Pr. 51 to 56
   Oplibration function
- Calibration function ..... Pr. 900 to 905

In addition to the above procedure, the help function may be used to call the parameter list for setting. For more information, see page 54 and 55.



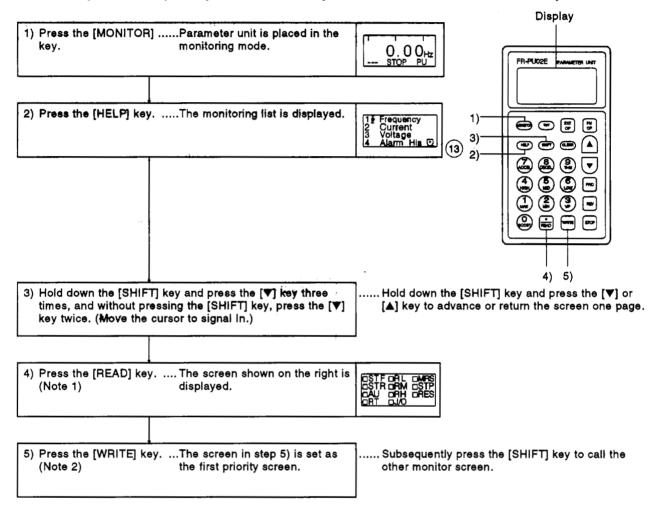
#### 14-1 SHIFT Operation Sequence on the PU Main Monitor

When "0" (factory setting) is set in Pr. 52 "PU main display data selection", merely pressing the [SHIFT] key calls five types of data in sequence. Among the five monitor screens, the fifth monitor screen (selective monitoring) allows selection from 20 types of data such as the frequency set value and running speed.



#### 14-2 Selecting the Another Monitor Item in the Selective Monitoring Mode

#### • Selection procedure (Example: Select the input terminal state monitor screen.)



**H** .....

Note: 1. Since the selective monitor screen is not the first priority screen in the above step 5) where the [READ] key has been pressed, the selected data is erased from the memory as soon as the power is shut off or the other operation mode (such as external operation) is selected.

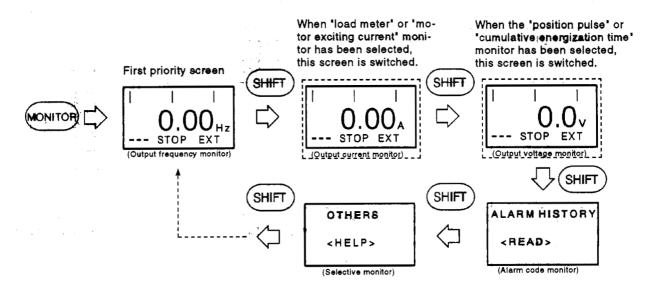
In this case, the selective monitoring mode must be selected again in the above procedure.

When the first monitor screen has been set by pressing the [WRITE] key, the selected data remains intact in the memory.

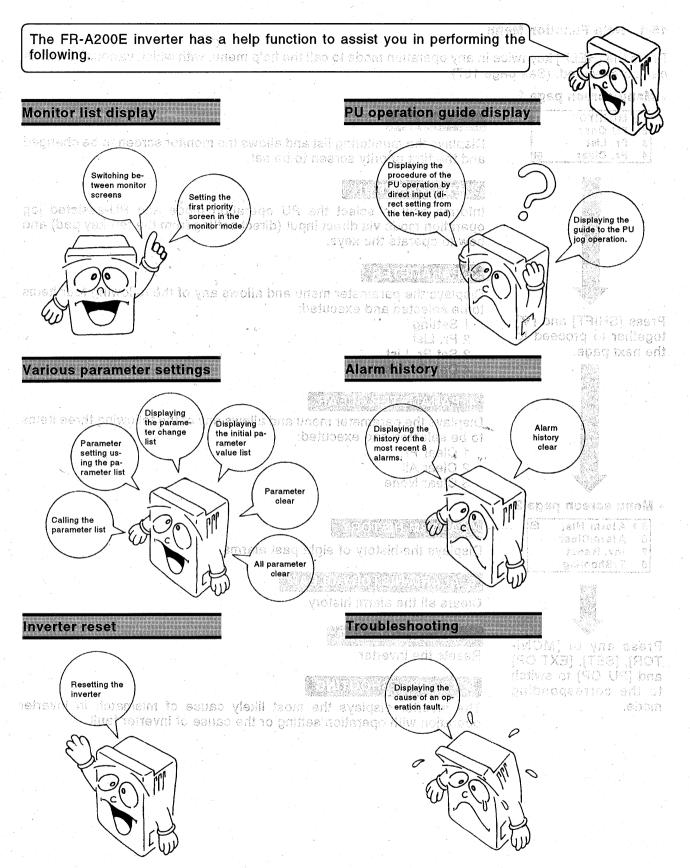
2. In step 6) where the [WRITE] key has been pressed in the above setting example, the "I/O terminal states" selected here are first displayed with priority when the other operation mode is switched to the monitoring mode. To give first priority to other data, press the [WRITE] key with the monitor screen being displayed. The first priority screen then switches to that monitor screen.

 Selecting any of the monitoring items "load meter", "motor exciting current", "position pulse" and "cumulative energization time"

When the "load meter" or "motor exciting: current" has been selected, the output current monitor screen is switched to a corresponding screen. When the "position pulse" or "cumulative energization time" has been selected, the output voltage monitor screen is switched to a corresponding screen. When any of these four items has been selected, the output current or output voltage monitor screen cannot be used.



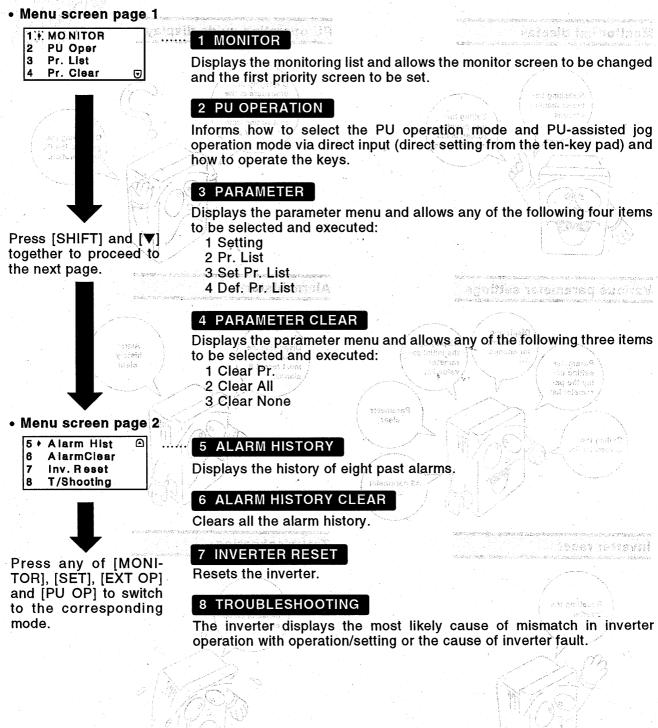
## **15. HELP FUNCTION**



In addition, press the [HELP] key in any of the PU operation modes to call a guide to the operation procedure. Press the [HELP] key when you do not know how to operate or what to do.

#### 15-1 Help Function Menu

Press the [HELP] key twice in any operation mode to call the help menu, with which various functions can be executed. (See page 187)

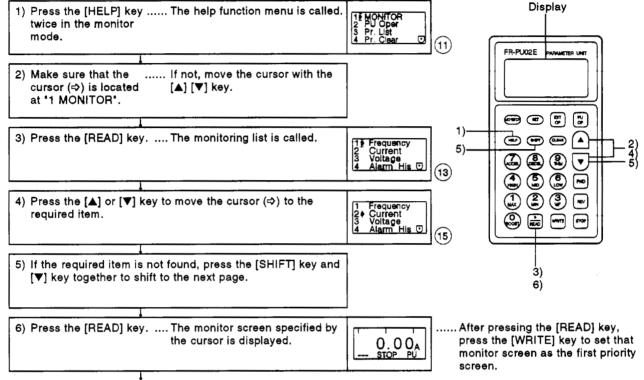


in accilition, pross the (HELP) key in any of the PU operation modes to call a guide to the operation procedure. Proos the (HELP) key when you do not know how to operate or what to do.

#### 1 MONITOR

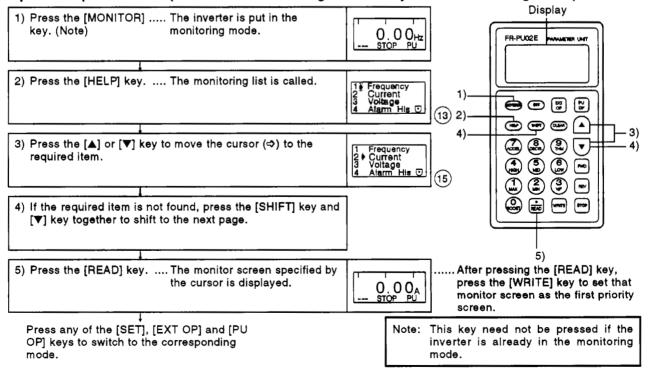
Displays the monitoring list and allows the monitor screen to be changed and the first priority screen to be set.

#### • Operation procedure 1 (To call the monitoring list from the help function menu)



Press any of the [SET], [EXT OP] and [PU OP] keys to switch to the corresponding mode.

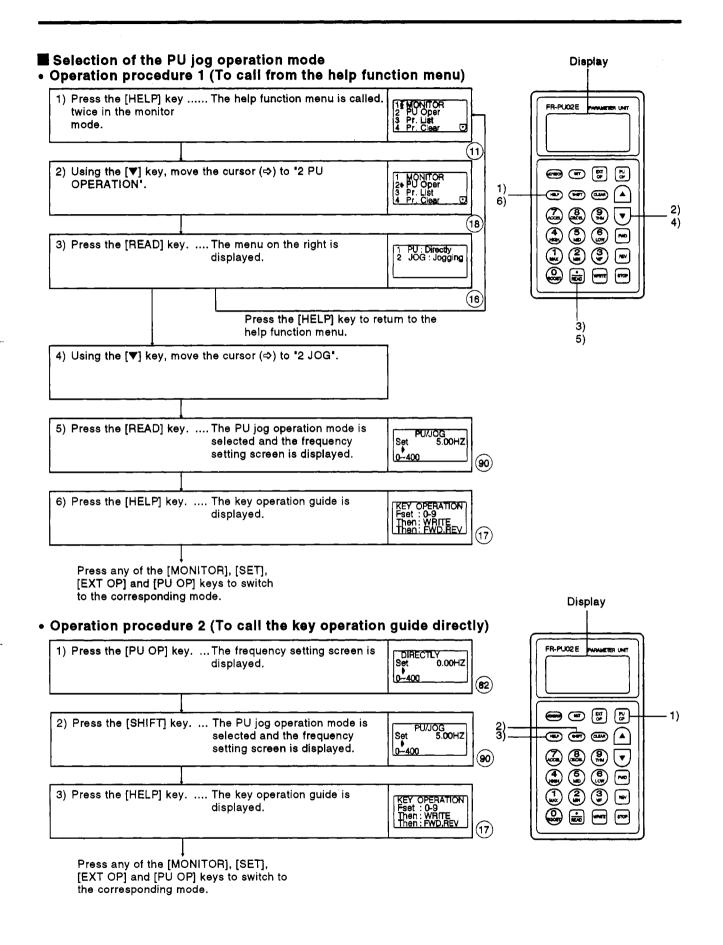
#### • Operation procedure 2 (To call the monitoring list directly in the monitoring mode)



#### 2 PU OPERATION

Informs how to select the PU operation mode and PU-assisted jog operation mode via direct input (direct setting from the ten-key pad) and how to operate the keys.

#### Selection of the PU operation mode (direct input) Display Operation procedure 1 (To call from the help function menu) 1) Press the [HELP] key ..... The help function menu is called. PU Oper Pr. List twice in the monitor FR-PU02E TER UNIT mode. (11 2) Using the [▼] key, move the cursor (⇒) to \*2 PU e e 🕄 🕄 OPERATION'. Ope 1) 6) ٩ (٢ • 2) (18 E ٤ ٢ 740 3) Press the [READ] key. .... The menu on the right is 1 PU: Directly 2 JOG: Jogging ٢ displayed. ٢ [ **REV** (16 Press the [HELP] key to return to the 3) help function menu. 5) 4) Make sure that the ..... If not, move the cursor with the cursor (⇒) is located [▲] [▼] key. at 1 PU: DIRECT IN. 5) Press the [READ] key. .... The PU operation mode is DIRECTLY 0.00HZ selected and the frequency Set setting screen is displayed. (82) 6) Press the [HELP] key. .... The key operation guide is OPERATIO displayed. 0-9 WHITE (17) Press any of the [MONITOR], [SET], [EXT OP] and [PU OP] keys to switch Display to the corresponding mode. Operation procedure 2 (To call the key operation guide directly) FR-PU02E ETER UNIT 1) Press the [PU OP] key. ... The frequency setting screen is DIRECTLY 0.00HZ displayed. Set 0~400 (82) - 1) 2) 1 2) Press the [HELP] key. .... The key operation guide is OPERATION Fset : 0-9 Then : WRITE Then : FWD.REV displayed. **(** ٨ • ٢ 6 (17) [PMD] 33 Press any of the [MONITOR], [SET], Õ . WHITE 100 [EXT OP] and [PU OP] keys to switch to the corresponding mode.



and the second second

and the mean of the second

#### 3 PARAMETR

Displays the parameter menu and allows any of the following four items to be selected and executed:

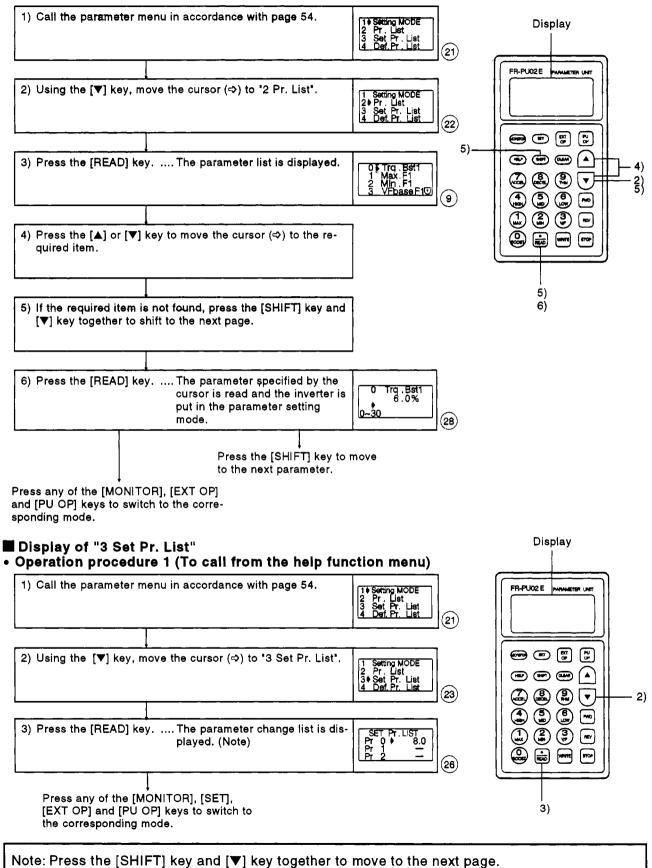
- 1 Setting...... Switches to the parameter setting mode.
- 2 Pr. List...... Displays the parameter list in numerical order and allows the values of individual parameters to be read and written.
- 3 Set Pr. List...... Displays a list of Pr. numbers and set values of only the parameters that have been changed from the factory setting. (For the parameters that have not been changed, their Pr. numbers are only displayed.)
- 4 Def. Pr. List...... Displays a list of the initial values (default factory setting) of parameters.

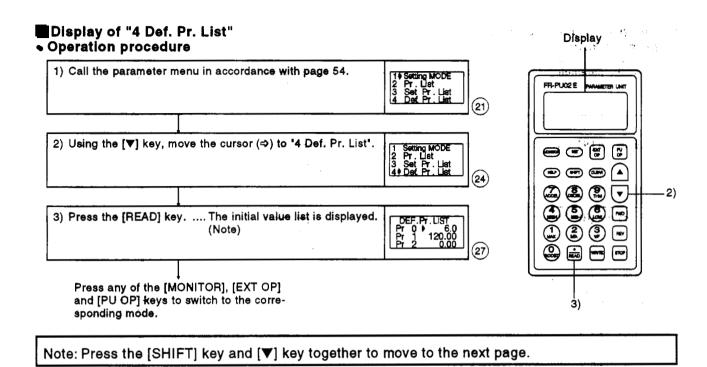
#### Display • Display of the parameter menu 1) Press the [HELP] key ..... The help function menu is called. FR-PU02E ASHETIER UNI twice in the operation Öper List Ēř. mode. (11) - C - F - F 2) Using the [▼] key, move the cursor (⇒) to "3 PARAMETER" NONLOR Öpei List ••••• 1) (19) **a** (?) 2) Ĩ. ٢ **P** 3) Press the [READ] key. .... The parameter menu is ٢ SettingMODE PT.List Set PT.List Def. PT.List displayed. è, 1 NE-AD -**670** 21) Press any of the [MONITOR], [SET], 3) [EXT OP] and [PU OP] keys to switch to the corresponding mode. Display Selection and execution of "1 Setting" Operation procedure FR-PU02E 1) Call the parameter menu in accordance with the above SettingMODE Pr.List Set Pr.List Der. Pr.List procedure. (21) 📟 🖭 🖫 2) Make sure that the ..... If not, move the cursor with the cursor (⇒) is located [▲] **[**▼] key. 2) at "1 Setting". ٩ (2) \ ▼ ٢ ٢ ٤ 3) Press the [READ] key. .... The inverter switches to the set Set Pr.NO. FOR Pr.List mode. õ 1 Press any of the [MONITOR], [EXT OP] 3) and [PU OP] keys to switch to the corresponding mode.



and the second second second

1.1.14.141





be executed.	e in any operation mode to c	all the neip menu, with a daw constroops of usages	
1 Clear Pr	Returns (initializes) the the exception of the cal	ibration values in Pr. 9	
	Initializes all parameter	and a factor water dealer water come factor and the second statement in the factor and the second statement of	na na server server server same server s Server server
		이 위에 제한 것 같은 것 같은 것이 있는 것 같은 것이 있는 것 	에 가리는 가르가 바 ♥ 및 ♥ 아이 관계 중 네 국
splay of the parame	eter clear menu	allow of the 1922 - Constanting Constant of States and a constant of the Constant Constant Constant Constant Co	Display
Press the [HELP] key	The help function menu is called		
twice in the operation mode.	State Contract	1. 11 MONITOR De la constant 2º PU Oper de la constant 3 Pr. List de la constant 4 Pr. Clear U (11)	FR-PU02 E PARAMETER UNIT
	a sa		a an anal - a tao bar, tananasta ikanaka kara ata yananan
Using the [▼] key, move	the cursor (⇒) to "4 Clear Pr.".		
and an	CLEAR FAILED		
Press the [READ] key	The parameter clear menu is		
	displayed.	1 Clear Pr. 2 Clear All 3 Clear None All All All All All All All All All All All	
Press any of the [MON [EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod	keys to switch to	Antonia and the second se	
EXT OP and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut	keys to switch to here and a second s	lan mananen menerarian di nameni di sebagai sebagai sebagai sebagai sebagai sebagai sebagai sebagai sebagai seb	3) 3)
EXT OP and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut eration procedure	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr."	lemsing ent, botoslee	3) anoir tagel 8
EXT OP and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." לפגוונווחו זסת פוב פונ	selacted, the parameter	3) 3) 8 Class North State 2 Class North State 1 S Class North
EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut eration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇔) is located	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." לפגוונווחו זסת פוב פונ	lemsing ent, botoslee	3) "anoid taelO 8 el "enoid taelO 8" ne Display
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut eration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." besite in accordance with the above If not, move the cursor with the	lemsing ent, botoslee	3) "anoii 13eiO S" re Display FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNT
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇒) is located at "1 Setting".	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." Destination for each and u in accordance with the above If not, move the cursor with the [▲] [▼] key.	lemsing ent, botoslee	3) "anoif 13ei0 8 ei "anoif 13ei0 8" re Display FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNT
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇒) is located at "1 Setting".	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." besite in accordance with the above If not, move the cursor with the	Clear Pr Clear Pr 2* Clear All 3 Clear None /***** <read> (29) Clear Pr Exec <write> Cancel<clear></clear></write></read>	3) " 310 05 13410 8 21 " 310 15 13410 8 21 " 310 15 13410 8 Display FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNT ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇒) is located at "1 Setting".	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." besitation for enables u in accordance with the above If not, move the cursor with the [▲] [▼] key. The data on the right is	iemsieg eni , botosiez 1 Clear Ali 3 Clear None /• • • + < READ> (29)	3) " 31101 1 10010 8" res Display FR-PU02E PARAMETER INIT (@@@ @ @ @ @ @ @ (@ @@ @ @ @ @ @ @ (@ @ @ @
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇔) is located at "1 Setting". Press the [READ] key.	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." Desilation for enables u in accordance with the above If not, move the cursor with the [▲] [▼] key. The data on the right is displayed.	IEMETED ent botcelee	3) " 311015 13450 8 21 " 61011 13010 8" ce Display FR.PU02E   MAUNETER UNT (@@@ @D @D @D @@@ @D @D @@@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @ @ D @@ @ @ D @@ @ @ D @@ @ @ D @@ 0 @@ 0
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇔) is located at "1 Setting". Press the [READ] key.	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." besitation for enables u in accordance with the above If not, move the cursor with the [▲] [▼] key. The data on the right is	(Jemsieg ent botcelee	3) " 31101 1 10010 8" res Display FR-PU02E PARAMETER INIT (@@@ @ @ @ @ @ @ (@ @@ @ @ @ @ @ @ (@ @ @ @
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇔) is located at "1 Setting". Press the [READ] key.	keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr." Desiliation for enables u in accordance with the above If not, move the cursor with the [▲] [▼] key. The data on the right is displayed. The data on the right is displayed and the parameters	Clear Pr. Clear Pr. (1) Clear All 3 Clear All (2) (2) (2) (30)	3) " 311 01 1 1 2 6 1 0 8 21 " 0 1 0 1 1 2 6 1 0 8" 00 Display FR.PU02E PARAMETER UNT (III) (III) (IIII) (III) (II
[EXT OP] and [PU OP] the corresponding mod election and execut peration procedure Call the parameter ment procedure. Make sure that the cursor (⇔) is located at "1 Setting". Press the [READ] key.	<pre>keys to switch to e. ion of "1 Clear Pr."</pre>	(Jemsieg ent botcelee	3) " 311015 13450 8 21 " 61011 13010 8" ce Display FR.PU02E   MAUNETER UNT (@@@ @D @D @D @@@ @D @D @@@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @D @D @@ @ @ D @@ @ @ D @@ @ @ D @@ @ @ D @@ 0 @@ 0

Selection and execution of "2 Clear All" Operating procedure Display 1) Call the parameter clear menu in accordance with page 57. 1 Clear Pr. 2 Clear All 3 Clear None /♦▲♥+<READ> dive unities vertes) bit is to the sector recemency out (se the calles how not and less an (29) FR-PUO2E PARAMETER UNIT initializos all carametèra onel/hael 2) Using the [▼] key, move the cursor (⇒) to "2 Clear All". 1 Clear Pr. 2♦Clear All 3 Clear None /♦▲♥+<READ> (31) (R) (R) (R) (A) 3) Press the [READ] key. .... The data on the right is 2) CLEAR ALL Pr. Exec <WRITE> Cancel<CLEAR> displayed. userse altres 4
5
6
7 (32) anto-adh a 4) Press the [WRITE] key. .. The data on the right is CLEAR ALL Pr. displayed and the parameters (Note) Executing are initialized. (34) 3) 4) 년 - ] (홍) (홍<del>)</del> (유) Press the (NEAD) key. .... The parameter dear menu is Press any of the [MONITOR], [SET], displayed. [EXT OP] and [PU OP] keys to switch to the corresponding mode. Press any of the [WOWINGE], [SET Note: Press the [CLEAR] key to disable clear All. ine coiresponding midde. "3 Clear None" ".r4 necto 1" to notherare and endited at #1 When "3 Clear None" is selected, the parameters are not initialized. stubscord RUBstond . () Oell the parameter match in sourcears with the shove 136 ( no servezi - ESAPARS 2) Make are that the ...... If not move the outear with the outear with the outear (a) is located [A] [%] Key. Agadise r' Li al trigh art natarea and the yout (DASA) art sears (S displayed. Ins a) Presence (VPNTE) kay \_\_\_\_\_ True data on the right is (Plote)
 discussed and the parameters d nasto (22)Press and of the (NCMTOH), (SET). (EXTCR) and (FUOP) Toyle to switch to nselo reterranso aldasta ar yezi (RABLIC) arit eseri? tatoff

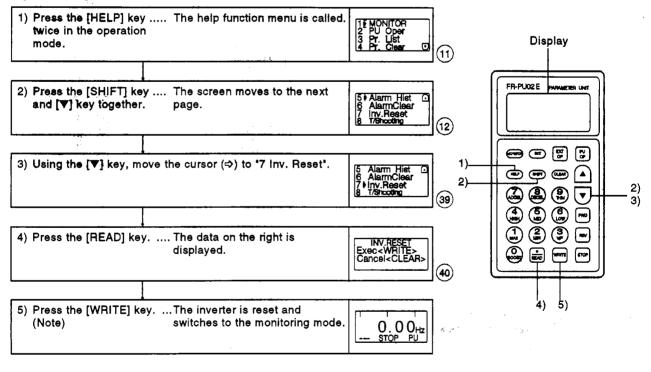
- 58 -

peration procedure a use dista all edif collused	io gannomoi s	내가 집을 가?	di e neberal odi ste en od ran visit odi inversione i o nebr
) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called. twice in the operation mode.	1 MONITOR 2 PU Oper 3 Pr. List 4 Pr. Clear T		Display
	t series and the sp	₩``\$\?! -	- CONTRACTOR DE LA CONT
) Press the [SHIFT] key The screen moves to the next and [▼] key together. page.	5 Alarm Hist 1 6 AlarmClear 7 Inv.Reset 8 T/Shooting		
	B BI GURVIN HAV	∽⊸	
) Make sure that theIf not, move the cursor with the cursor (⇔) is located [▲] [▼] key. at "5 Alarm Hist".	5 Alarm Hist 6 AlarmClear 7 Inv.Reset 8 T/Shooting		
16 Abarrolation (15 (25 (25 (25 (25 (25 (25 (25 (25 (25 (2	and a second s	n in the second seco	
) Press the [READ] key The alarm history is displayed.	1 UVT 5 2 UVT 6 3 7 4 8	35	
			Press the LARIES Kev?
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure	notinom ant of e		
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure ) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called.	s to the monitor		(Kob)
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure ) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called. twice in the operation mode.	notinom ant of e		Display FR-PU02E разаметея имт
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure ) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called. twice in the operation mode. 2) Press the [SHIFT] key The screen moves to the next and [V] key together. page.	1 MONITOR 2 PU Oper 3 Pr. List 4 Pr. Clear 6 AlarmClear 7 Inv.Reset 8 T/Shooting		FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNT
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure ) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called. twice in the operation mode. 2) Press the [SHIFT] key The screen moves to the next and [V] key together. page.	11 MONITOR 2 PU Oper 3 Pr. List 4 Pr. Clear ♥ 5 Alarm Hist ∩ 6 AlarmClear 7 Inv.Reset		FR-PUO2E PARAMETER UNT
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure ) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called. twice in the operation mode. 2) Press the [SHIFT] key The screen moves to the next and [▼] key together. page. 3) Using the [▼] key, move the cursor (⇒) to "6 Alarm Clear".	1 MONITOR         2 PU Oper         3 Pr. List         4 Pr. Clear         5 Alarm Hist         6 AlarmClear         7 Inv.Reset         8 T/Shooting		FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNIT FR-PU02E PARAMETER UN
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure ) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called. twice in the operation mode. 2) Press the [SHIFT] key The screen moves to the next and [V] key together. page.	11 MONITOR 2 PU Oper 3 Pr. List 4 Pr. Clear ♥ 6 AlarmClear 7 Inv.Reset 8 T/Shooting		FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNT FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNT FR-PU02E
ALARM HISTORY CLEAR ars all the alarm history. peration procedure ) Press the [HELP] key The help function menu is called. twice in the operation mode. 2) Press the [SHIFT] key The screen moves to the next and [▼] key together. page. 3) Using the [▼] key, move the cursor (⇒) to "6 Alarm Clear".	1 MONITOR         2 PU Oper         3 Pr. List         4 Pr. Clear         5 Alarm Hist         6 AlarmClear         7 Inv.Reset         8 T/Shooting	srivities (1) (12) (12) (2)- (38) (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2)- (1)- (2	FR-PU02E PARAMETER UNIT FR-PU02E PARAMETER UN

#### 7 INVERTER RESET

Resets the inverter. If the protective function of the inverter is activated to trip (protect) the inverter, the trip state can be reset by the following operation. The trip state can also be reset by switching the power off or connecting terminals RES-SD.

#### Operation procedure



Note: By pressing the [CLEAR] key, the inverter is not reset and is switched to the monitoring mode.

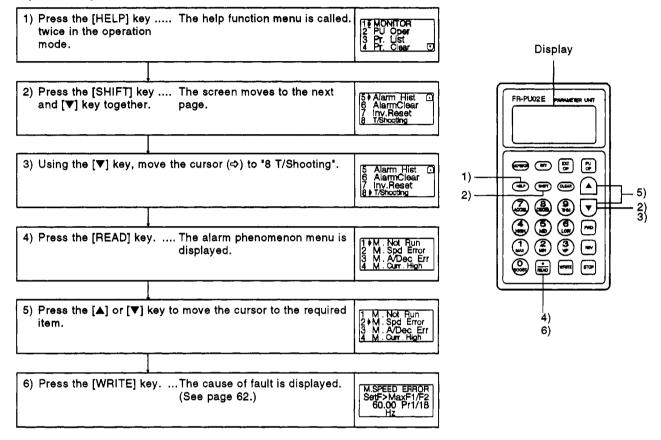
#### 8 TROUBLESHOOTING

If the inverter appears to operate improperly, perform the following operation to display the most likely cause of the fault. This operation may also be performed during inverter operation (PU operation, external operation) or during alarm trip (protection activated).

1. THE # P. C. M.

one of the product

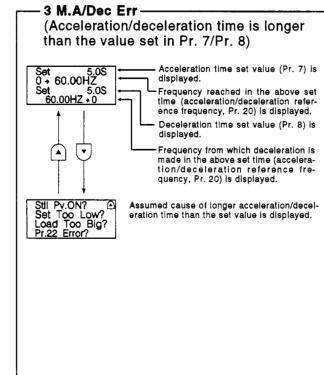
#### • Operation procedure

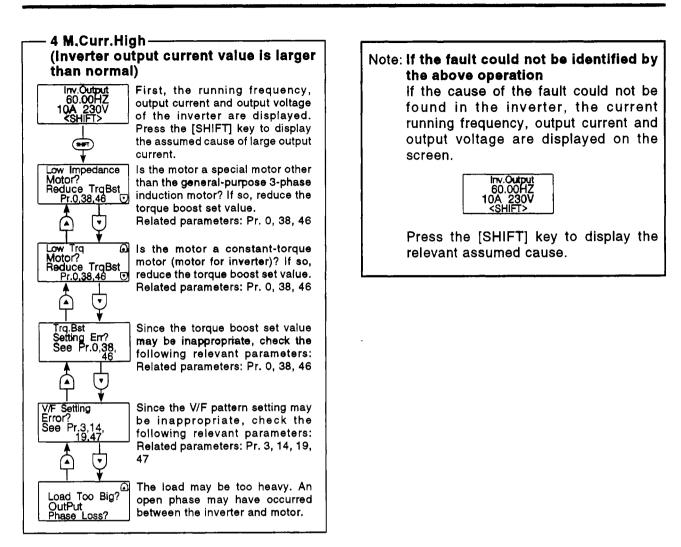


• Faults - 1 N.NOT RUNNING (Motor does not rotate)	
MNOT FUNNING ALARM Indicated <shift> The inverter bas alarm-tripped (pro- tection activated), resulting in output shut-off. Press the [SHIFT] key to dis- play the cause of the trip.</shift>	M.NOT RUNNING Max.F1 <startf Pr.1 Pr.13 Max.F1<startf Pr.1 Pr.13 Max.F1<startf (Pr. 13) value is higher than the maxi- mum frequency (Pr. 1).</startf </startf </startf 
M.NOT RUNNING NO I/P Power or Phase Loss supply. Check the power supply.	M.NOT RUNNING EnableFR Set See Pr.78 Has been inhibited by the value set in Pr. 78.
M.NOT RUNNING STF,STR both are OFF or ON	M.NOT RUNNING Current Limit Activated <shift> The inverter cannot be started since the current limit function is operating. Press the [SHIFT] key to display the assumed cause of activating the current limit function.</shift>
M.NOT RUNNING MRS is ON MRS is ON	M.NOT RUNNING TS Control Standby Mode The inverter cannot be started be- cause it is the stop period in the pro- grammed operation mode.
M.NOT RUNUNG: The inverter starting frequency (Pr. SetF <startf- Pr.13 current set frequency.</startf- 	M.NOT RUNNING Under PI Control Network of the operation of PI control has re- sulted in a condition under which the inverter need not be started.
M.NOT RUNNING AU is OFF remains OFF. (Not ON)	M.NOT RUNNING CS is OFF See Pr.57 CFF. Currently it is assumed to be after an instantaneous power failure
M.NOT RUNNING NO Command From PU ON in the PU operation mode.	or in the commercial power supply switch-over operation mode.

#### 

(Speed does not match the running fre- quency set value)	
M.SPEED ERROR SetF>MaxF1/F2 60.00 Pr1/18 Hz SetF>MaxF1/F2 60.00 Pr1/18 Hz SetF>MaxF1/F2 Frequency (Pr. 1) set value, the running frequency remains at the maximum frequency.	
M.SPEED ERROR SetF <min.f1 60.00 Pr.2 Hz SetF<min.f1 60.00 Pr.2 Hz SetF<min.f1 frequency (Pr. 2) set value, the running frequency has been risen to the minimum frequency.</min.f1 </min.f1 </min.f1 	
M.SPEED ERROR Fjump Working See Pr.31 $\Rightarrow$ 36 SetF= 60.00Hz SetF= 60.00Hz SetF= 60.00Hz	
M.SPEED ERROR Current Limit Activated <shift> The current limit function has been activated and forced the running frequency to reduce. Press the [SHIFT] key to display the cause of activating the current limit function.</shift>	
M.SPEED ERROR Under PI Control PI Control Offset from the set value.	



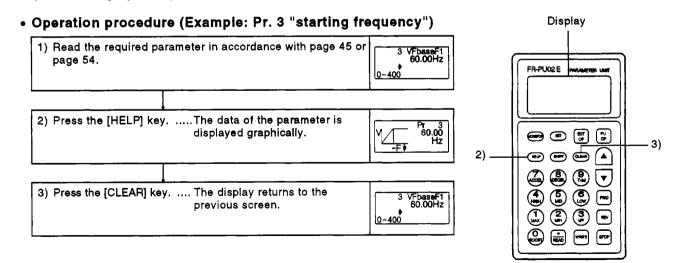


(1) (0) (1) (1) (1)

### 15-2 Other Help Function

#### Graphic function

Press the [HELP] key on the parameter setting screen to display the data of the corresponding parameter graphically.



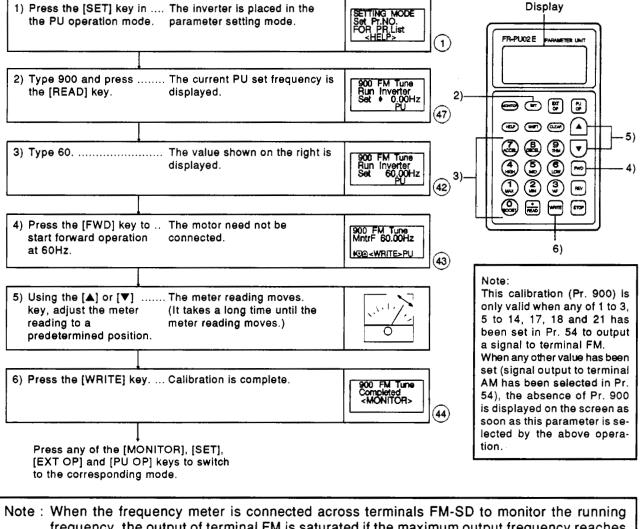
The PU allows the calibration (adjustment) of a meter connected across the meter connection terminals FM-SD or AM-5 of the inverter. When a digital meter is used, the PU allows the frequency of the pulse train output signal to be adjusted. The motor need not be connected.

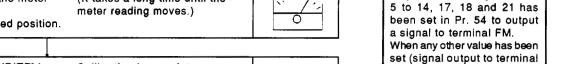
### 16-1 Calibration of the FM-SD Output

### Preparation

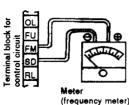
- (1) Connect a meter (frequency meter) across inverter terminals FM-SD. (Note the polarity. FM is the positive terminal.)
- (2) When a calibration resistor has already been connected, adjust the resistance value to zero or remove the resistor.
- (3) Set any of 1 to 3, 5 to 14, 17, 18 and 21 in Pr. 54 (FM terminal function selection". When the running frequency or inverter output current has been selected as the output signal, preset in Pr. 55 or Pr. 56 the running frequency or current value at which the output signal is 1440Hz. This 1440Hz normally makes the meter full-scale. (See page 120.)

#### Calibration procedure (Example: To calibrate the meter to the running frequency of 60Hz)





frequency, the output of terminal FM is saturated if the maximum output frequency reaches or exceeds 100Hz, with the factory-set value unchanged. Hence, the setting of Pr.55 "frequency monitoring reference" must be changed to the maximum output frequency. (See page 120.)



#### 16-2 Calibration of the AM-5 Output

#### • Preparation

(1) Connect a meter (frequency meter) of 0-10VDC across inverter terminals AM-5. (Note the polarity. AM is the positive terminal.)

- (2) Set any of 101 to 103, 105, 106, 108, 110 to 114, 117 and 121 in Pr. 54. When the running frequency or inverter output current has been selected as the output signal, preset in Pr. 55 or Pr. 56 the running frequency or current value at which the output signal is 10V.
- (3) As in the setting of Pr. 54, set any of 1 to 3, 5, 6, 8, 10 to 14, 17 and 21 in Pr. 158 (AM terminal function selection) to use both of the FM-SD output and AM-5 output simultaneously.



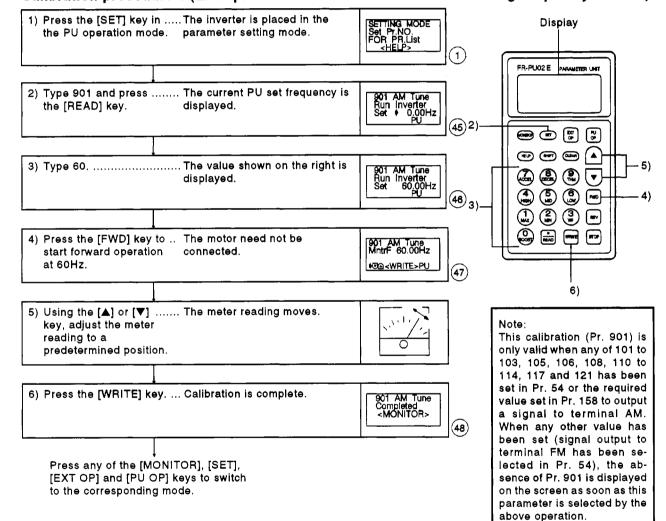
ă AM

g) (e

Meter (frequency meter)

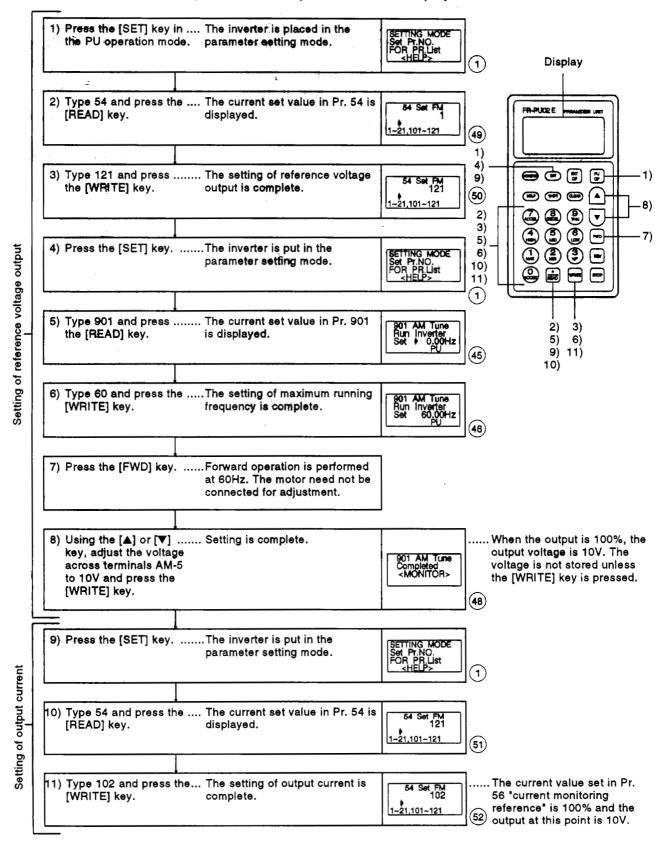
STILL

Terminal block fo control circuit



#### Calibration procedure 2 (Example: Output current)

To output the output current or other item which is not easily allowed to reach 100% if operation is performed, adjust the reference voltage output (when the set value of Pr. 54 "FM-AM terminal function selection" is "121"), then select any of the choices displayed.

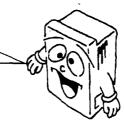


# **17. ERRORS**

If any fault has occurred in the inverter, the corresponding protective function is activated to bring the inverter to an alarm stop and automatically give the corresponding error (alarm) indication on the PU display and inverter LED. When the protective function is activated, reset the inverter in accordance with page 72.

ыk

over the second second



10 **10 10** 10

# 17-1 Errors (Alarms)

Display						Alarm	
Parameter Unit	Inverter LED	Name		Description		Output (Across B-C)	
OC During Acc	E.DC I	During acceleration	ut-off	If the inverter output current reaches or exceeds 200% of the rated current, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter. When any main			
Stedy Spd Oc	E.0C2	During constant speed	Overcurrent shut-off	circuit device is overheated, the protective circuit is also activated to stop the output of the inverter.	2	Provided (Open)	
Oc During Dec	E.0C3	During deceleration During stop	Overci		3		
Ov During Acc	E.Dul	During acceleration	vervolt- off	If the converter output voltage is excessive due to the regenerative energy from the motor, the protective circuit is activated to stop the transistor			
Stedy Spd Ov	E.Du2	During constant speed	Regenerative overvolt- age shut-off	output. This may also be activated by a surge voltage generated in the power supply system.	4	Provided (Open)	
Ov During Dec	E.0u3	During deceleration During stop	Regene				
Motor Overload	に (Motor protection)	Overload shut-off (electronic overcuri	rent	The electronic overcurrent protection in the inverter detects inverter overload or motor overheat and activates the protective circuit to stop the inverter output. When a multi-pole motor or more than one motor is driven, for example, the motor(s) cannot be protected by the electronic	5	Provided	
Inv. Overload	E [ H] (Inverter protection)	protection)		overcurrent protection. Provide a thermal relay in the inverter output circuit. In this case, setting the electronic overcurrent protection value to 0A activates the inverter protection only. (Activated at a current 150% or more of the rated current.)	6	(Open)	
Inst. Pwr. Loss	E.IPF	Instantaneous pow failure protection	er	If an Instantaneous power failure has occurred in excess of 15msec (this applies also to inverter input power shut-off), this function is activated to stop the inverter output. (If the power failure is within 15msec, the control circuit operates without fault. If the power failure persists for more than about 100msec, the protective circuit is reset.)		Provided (Open)	
Under Voltage	آررال ع	Undervoltage protection		If the inverter power supply voltage has reduced, the control circuit cannot operate properly, resulting in the decrease in motor torque and/or the increase in heat generation. To prevent this, if the power supply voltage reduces below about 150V (300V for the 400V series), this function stops the inverter output.	8	Provided (Open)	
Br. Cct. Fault	E. 6E	Brake transistor ala detection	arm	If the brake transistor fault has occurred due to		Provided (Open)	
Ground Fault	E. DF	Output side ground fault overcurrent protection		If a ground fault current has flown due to a ground fault occurring in the output (load) side of the inverter, this function stops the inverter output. A ground fault occurring at low ground resistance may activate the overcurrent protection (OC1 to OC3).	В	Provided (Open)	
OH Fault	Е.ДНГ	External thermal re operation	lay	If the external thermal relay for motor overheat protection or the internally mounted temperature relay in the motor has been switched on (relay contacts open), this function stops the inverter output and keeps it stopped. This protection is only provided when "1" or "3" has been set in Pr. 17 "external thermal relay input function".	с	Provided (Open)	

Dis	play			Alarm	Alarm
Parameter Unit	Inverter LED	Name	Name Description		Output (Aeross B-C)
OL is shown (during motor rotation)	E.CLT (Indicates a) stop due to the activation of the function for a long time	Acceleration/constant- speed stall prevention current limit	If a current not less than 150% of the rated inverter current flows in the motor during acceleration, this function stops the increase in frequency until the load current reduces to prevent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent trip. If a current not less than 150% of the rated inverter current flows during constant-speed operation, this function also lowers the frequency until the load current reduces to prevent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent trip. When the load current has reduced below 150%, this function increases the frequency again and accelerates up to the set speed or continues operation.	D	(Not pro- vided. Provided by EOLT display.
Still Prev STP (at a motor stop)	during con- stant-speed operation	Deceleration stall prevention	If the brake operating amount has exceeded the specified value due to excessive regenerative energy during motor deceleration, this function stops the decrease in frequency to prevent the inverter from resulting in overvoltage trip. As soon as the regenerative energy has reduced, this function reduces the frequency again and continues deceleration.		(Open)
Option Fault	E.OPF	inboard option connection alarm	Stops the inverter output if the dedicated option used in the inverter results in connection (connector) fault during operation.	E	Provided (Open)
Corrupt Memory	E. PE	Parameter storage device alarm	Stops the output if the fault of EPROM which stores the function set values has occurred.	F	Provided (Open)
Retry No. Over	EEF	Retry count exceeded	If operation cannot be resumed within the number of retry times set, this function stops the inverter output,	F	Provided (Open)
CPU Fault	E.CPU	CPU error	If the operation of the built-in CPU does not end within a predetermined period of time, the inverter self-determines it as alarm and stops the output.	F	Provided (Open)
PU Leave Out	E .PUE	Parameter unit disconnection	Stops the inverter output if the parameter unit is disconnected. This protective function is activated when "2" or "3" has been set in Pr. 75 "reset selection/PU disconnection detection".		Provided (Open)
(Not displayed)	(Not displayed)	Brake resistor overheat protection	If the regenerative brake duty from the motor has exceeded the specified value, the brake operation is stopped to protect the brake resistor from overheat. When the brake resistor has cooled, the brake operation is resumed.		Not Provided (Close)

## • To know the operating status at the occurrence of alarm

When any alarm has occurred, the display automatically switches to the indication of the corresponding protective function (error). By pressing the [MONITOR] key at this point without resetting the inverter (see page 72), the display shows the output frequency. In this way, it is possible to know the running frequency at the occurrence of the alarm. It is also possible to know the current in the same manner. These values are not stored in memory and are erased when the inverter is reset.

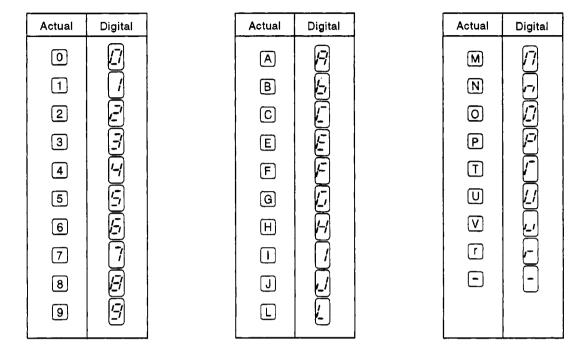
# 17-2 Correlation between Digital and Actual Characters

A CONTRACTOR

. . . .

The following table shows convertion between the alphanumeric characters given in the display examples of this manual and actual characters.

1 - - 1 I - - MPA



#### 17-3 Alarm History (History of Alarm Definitions)

Up to eight most recent alarms (alarm definitions) are stored in memory. To check these, use the help function. For more information, see "5 ALARM HISTORY" on page 59.

#### 17-4 Erasing the Alarm History (History of Alarm Definitions)

To erase the alarm history (history of alarm definitions), use the help function. For more information. For more information, see "6 ALARM HISTORY CLEAR" on page 59.

# 17-5 Alarm Code Output

By setting Pr. 76 (alarm code output selection), an alarm definition can be output as a 4-bit digital signal. This signal is output from the open collector output terminals equipped as standard for the inverter.

Correlation between alarm definitions and alarm codes are as follows. In the table, "0" indicates that the output transistor is off and "1" on (common terminal: SE).

Alarm Definition		Inverter	Out	v/Off	Alarm		
(Protectiv	LED Display	SU	IPF	OL	FU	Code	
Normal operation		_	0	0	0	0	0
	During acceleration	E.0C1	0	0	0	1	1
Overcurrent shut-off	During constant-speed operation	E.OC2	0	0	1	0	2
	During deceleration	E.OC3	0	0	1	1	3
Regenerative overvolta	ge shut-off	E.OV1 to 3	0	1	0	0	4
Electronic overcurrent	Motor protection	E.THM	0	1	0	1	5
protector	Inverter protection	E.THT	0	1	1	0	6
Instantaneous power fa	Instantaneous power failure		0	1	1	1	7
Undervoltage		E.UVT	1	0	0	0	8
Brake transistor alarm		E. BE	1	0	1	0	A
Output side ground fau	lt/overcurrent	E. GF	1	0	1	1	В
External thermal relay	operation	E.OHT	. 1	1	0	0	с
Stall-activated stop		E.OLT	1	1	0	1	D
Inboard option alarm		E.OPT	1	1	1	0	E
Parameter storage device alarm		E. PE					
Retry count exceeded		E.RET	1	1	1	1	F
CPU error		E.CPU	•				
Parameter unit disconn	ection	E.PUE					

This function detects that the parameter unit (PU) has been disconnected from the inverter and brings the inverter to an alarm stop.

# Operation

When Pr. 75 "reset selection/PU disconnection detection" has been set to detect the disconnection of the PU, this function detects that the PU has been disconnected from the inverter, switches the PU display and inverter LED to the indication of the corresponding error, and brings the inverter to an alarm stop.

Set Value	Reset Condition	PU Disconnection Detection
0	Reset input normally enabled. (Factory setting)	-
1	Reset input enabled only when the protective function is activated.	_
2	Reset input normally enabled.	0
3	Reset input enabled only when the protective function is activated.	0

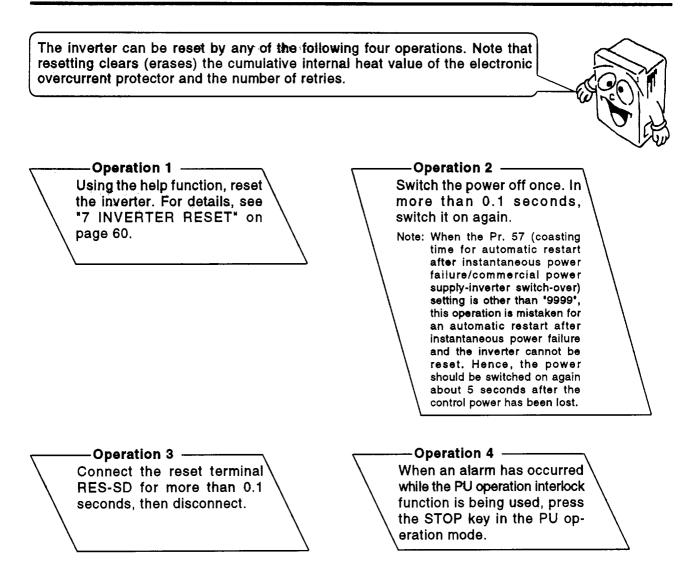
Note: When the inverter comes to an alarm stop, the error messages displayed are as follows: • PU display...... PU DISCONNECTED Inverter

• LED..... E.PUE

#### Setting instructions

- (1) If the PU had been disconnected from initial start, this is not defined as an alarm.
- (2) This disconnection detection judges that the PU is disconnected when the PU is removed for more than 1 second.
- (3) When the FR-PU01E is used, this function can also be used but its alarm display is "E.PE".
- (4) To resume operation, reset the inverter (see page 72)after checking that the PU is connected securely.

# **19. INVERTER RESET**



È

<u>Warning</u>: Repeated resetting can cause damage to motor and inverter due to thermal build-up. The internal heat value, and electronic overcurrent protection devices will not be calculated correctly.

# 20. ADJUSTMENT OF THE FREQUENCY SETTING SIGNALS "BIAS" AND "GAIN"

The bias and gain functions are used to adjust the relationship between the input signal entered from outside the inverter to set the output frequency, e.g. 0 to 5VDC, 0 to 10VDC or 4 to 20mADC, and the output frequency.

The following parameters are used for this adjustment:

- Pr. 904 "frequency setting • Pr. 902 "frequency setting voltage bias
  - current bias'
- Pr. 903 "frequency setting voltage gain"
- Pr. 905 "frequency setting current gain

Any of three procedures may be used for the adjustment: adjustment is made without a voltage applied across terminals 2-5 (adjustment procedure 1); any point is adjusted with a voltage applied (adjustment procedure 2); or any point is adjusted without a voltage applied (adjustment procedure 3).

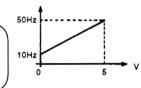
# Adjustment example

Example: Pr. 902 "frequency setting...... Set the output frequency to 10Hz at the set voltage of 0V. voltage bias" Pr. 903 "frequency setting...... Set the output frequency to voltage gain" 50Hz at the set voltage of 5V.

Factory setting (60Hz Gain Pr.903 (Hz) Pr.905 Rise Pr.902 D. 004 Frequency setting Pr.73 5V 10V signal 20mA

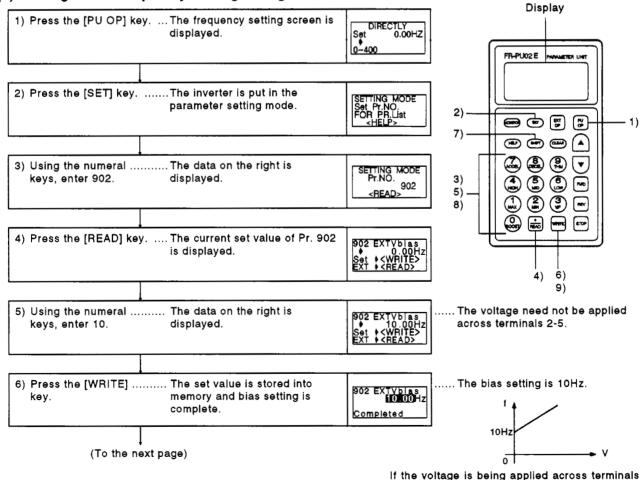
frequency

Output



Before making adjustment, make sure that the set value of Pr. 73 "0 to 5V, 0 to 10V selection" is "0" (factory setting: 0 to 5V).

## Adjustment procedure 1 (without a voltage applied across terminals 2-5) (1) Setting of the frequency setting voltage bias

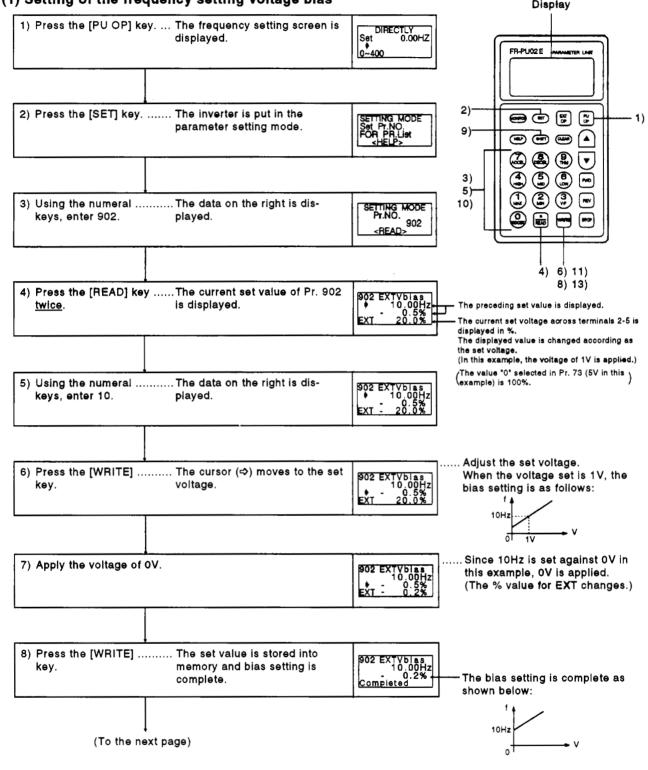


2-5 at this time, the bias setting as shown above.

	(From the pr	receding page)		
(2)	Setting of the frequency setting voltage gain			
	7) Press the [SHIFT] ke	y The current set value of Pr. 903 is displayed.	Sos EXTValin 60.00Hz SE <	
	8) Using the numeral keys, enter 50.	The data on the right is dis- played.	903 EXTVoain ∳ 50.00Hz Set <write> EXT + <read></read></write>	The voltage need not be applied across terminals 2-5. At this time, the 5V (10V) in the inverter is used as the set voltage.
	9) Press the [WRITE] key.	The set value is stored into memory and gain setting is complete.	903 EXTVgain 50000Hz Completed	50Hz
	The adjustment of the ting voltage bias and			
N		input (Pr. 904, Pr. 905) can also ains unchanged if the value set		similar manner. cc./dec. reference frequency" is

and the second second

changed.
3. The FR-PU01E may also be used to adjust the frequency setting voltage bias and gain and current bias and gain (C-2 to C-5). For full information, see the FR-Z series instruction manual.



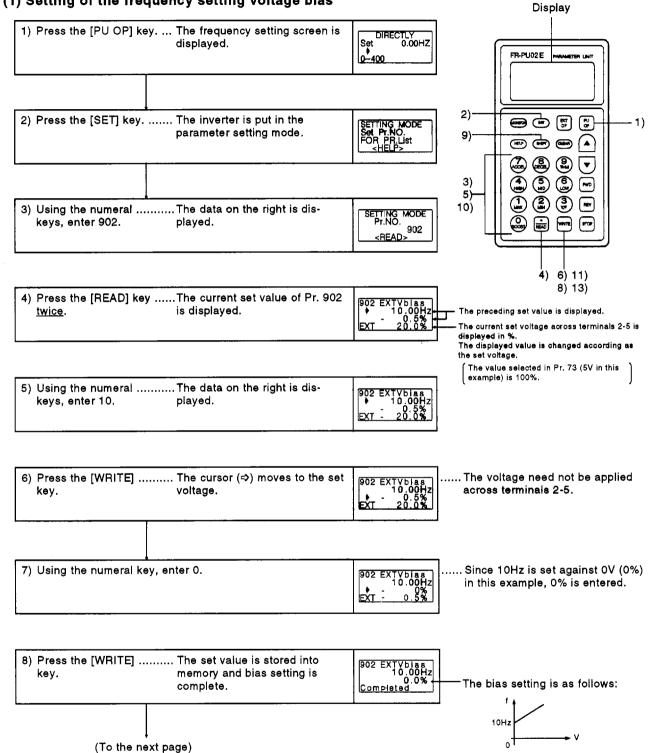
# Adjustment procedure 2 (any point is adjusted with a voltage applied across terminals 2-5) (1) Setting of the frequency setting voltage bias

(From the pre	ceding pæge)		
2) Setting of the frequency setting voltage gain	r		
9) Press the [SHIFT] key, then the [READ] key.	The current set value of Pr. 903 is displayed.	503 EXTVgain ♦ 60,00Hz 97,1% EXT 99,0%	<ul> <li>The preceding set value is displayed.</li> <li>The current set voltage across terminals 2-5 displayed in %.</li> <li>The displayed value is changed according as the set voltage.</li> </ul>
10) Using the numeral keys, enter 50.	The data on <b>the rig</b> ht is dis- played.	903 EXTVgain 50.00Hz 97.1% EXT 99.0%	The value selected in Pr. 73 (5V in this example) is 100%.
11) Press the [WRITE] key	The cursor (⇔) moves to the set voltage.	903 EXTVgain 50.00Hz 97.1% EXT 99.0%	Set the voltage across terminals 2-5 until 100% is achieved.
12) Apply the voltage of 5	v.	903 EXTVgain 50.00Hz • 97.1% EXT 39.0%	Since 50Hz is set against 5V in this example, 5V is applied.
13) Press the [WRITE] key	The set value is stored into mem- ory and gain setting is complete.	903 EXTVgain 50.00Hz 99.6% Completed	—100.0% may not be displayed. The setting is complete as shown below:
↓ The adjustment of the ting voltage bias and g			

Note: 1. The current input (Pr. 904, Pr. 905) can also be set in a similar manner.

2. Pr. 903 remains unchanged if the value set in Pr. 20 "acc./dec. reference frequency" is changed.

• Adjustment procedure 3 (any point is adjusted without a voltage applied across terminals 2-5)



and the second

(From the preceding page) 2) Setting of the frequency setting voltage gain		
9) Press the [SHIFT] key, The current set value of Pr. 903 then the [READ] key. is displayed.	903 EXTVgain 60.00Hz 97.1% EXT 99.0%	The preceding set value is displayed. The current set voltage across terminals 2-5 is displayed in %. The displayed value is changed according as the set voltage.
10) Using the numeral The data on the right is dis- keys, enter 50. played.	8003 EXTVgain 50.00Hz 97.1% EXT 99.0%	(The value selected in Pr. 73 (5V in this example) is 100%.
11) Press the [WRITE] key The cursor (⇒) moves to the set voltage.	903 EXTVgain 50.00Hz 97.1% EXT 99.0%	The voltage need not be applied across terminals 2-5.
I 12) Using the numeral keys, enter 100.	903 EXTVgain 50.00 Hz • 100 % EXT 99.0 %	Since 50Hz is set against 5V (100%) in this example, 100% is entered.
13) Press the [WRITE] key The set value is stored into mem- ory and gain setting is complete.	903 EXTVgain 50,00Hz 100% Completed	The setting is complete as shown below:
The adjustment of the frequency set- ting voltage bias and gain is complete.		10Hz 0 (0%) (100%)

Note: 1. The current input (Pr. 904, Pr. 905) can also be set in a similar manner. 2. Pr. 903 remains unchanged if the value set in Pr. 20 "acc./dec. reference frequency" is changed.

# **21. SELECTION OF MAGNETIC FLUX VECTOR CONTROL**

- N P

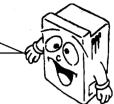
. . .

and the second second

-

Magnetic flux vector control can be selected by setting the capacity, number

of poles, and type of the motor used. Magnetic flux vector control is effective when large starting torque and low-speed torque is required or when load varies considerably.



t setter 🗰 en er er er

- 1 - 1

Conditions for selecting mag- netic flux vector control	When the following conditions are met, magnetic flux vect control can be utilized efficiently. When any of the followin conditions cannot be satisfied, faults such as torque shortage an speed fluctuation may occur. In this case, select V/F control.					
	<ul> <li><conditions></conditions></li> <li>The motor capacity is equal to or one rank lower than the inverter capacity.</li> <li>The type of the motor is the Baldor standard motor (0.75kW or more) or Baldor constant-torque motor (200V class 4-pole motor is used with 0.4kW to 55kW). When any other motor is used, consider using the auto tuning on page 80.</li> <li>The number of motor poles is any of 2, 4, and 6. (4 poles only for the constant-torque motor)</li> <li>Single-motor operation (one motor for one inverter) is performed.</li> <li>The wiring length between the inverter and motor is within 30m.</li> </ul>					
Magnetic flux vector control selection method	<ul> <li>Only set any other values than 9999 in Pr. 80 (motor capacity and Pr. 81 (number of poles) to select the magnetic flux vector control. (When 9999 has been set to either of Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 V/F control is selected.)</li> <li>When the Baldor constant-torque motor is used, set "1" in Pr. 7 "applied motor".</li> <li>By switching on/off the signal across terminals RT-SD during stop, operation can be switched between the V/F control an magnetic flux vector control. Switch the signal off to select th magnetic flux vector control.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Note: Precautions for magnetic flux vector control</li> <li>1. The degree of speed fluctuation correction is slightly lower than in the V/f control.</li> <li>2. There is a delay of 0.1 to 0.2 sec at start.</li> </ul>					
	<applications appropriate="" control="" flux="" for="" magnetic="" vector=""> <ul> <li>Machines which require</li> <li>Machines which require</li> <li>Machines which require</li> <li>torque at low speed</li> </ul> (Magnetic flux vector control is not appropriate for machines where speed fluctuation at low speed is not allowed, e.g. grinder, wrapping machine.</applications>					

#### Parameters related to magnetic flux vector control

Parameter Number	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Set Value	Description			Factory Setting	
	Motor	9999,	9999	V/F control is selected	. 0			
80 -	ospacity	0.4 to 55k₩	0.4 to 55	Motor capacity (kW) is	Motor capacity (kW) is set.			
			9999	V/F control is selected	I.		0	
			2, 4, 6	Number of motor pole	is polected.		-	
81	Number of motor poles	9999, 2, 4, 6, 12, 14, 16	12, 14, 16	Switch on the signal across terminals RT-SD to select V/F control if the number of motor poles has been set. (Control is switched at a stop.) • 12: 2-pole motor • 14: 4-pole motor • 16: 6-pole motor				
			0	Standard motor (more	than 1.5kW)	0		
			1	Constant-torque motor	Constant-torque motor			
			2	Standard motor (5-point flexible V/F characteristic)			]	
			20	MITSUBISHI Standard motor (SF-JR) (1.5kW or less)				
			3	Standard motor			]	
			13	Constant-torque motor	Auto tuning	setting" is		
71	Applied	0 to 6, 13 to 16,	23	MITSUBISHI Standard motor (SF-JR) (1.5kW or less)	selected			
	motor *	20	4	Standard motor			] —	
			14	Constant-torque motor	Auto tuning			
-			24	MITSUBISHI Standard motor (SF-JR) (1.5kW or less)	enabled	•		
			5	Standard motor	Star		]	
			15	Constant-torque motor	connection Direct input of			
			6	Standard motor	Delta	motor constants		
			16	Constant-torque motor	connection is enabled			

\* The electronic overcurrent protection characteristic is also set simultaneously.

Note: The output torque may reduce when the optional noise reduction reactor (FR-BOL) or surge voltage suppressing filter (FR-ASF-H) is connected between the inverter and the motor. (See page 168)

## Setting method of the special parameters

The special parameters must be set in the following procedure, otherwise the values of Pr. 86 to Pr. 90 cannot be read.

- 1) Set 801 in Pr. 77. (Note)
- 2) Change the setting of the special parameters in (2).
- 3) Set 0 or 1 in Pr. 77 (return to the previous set value).
- Note: When 801 is set in Pr. 77, the values of Pr. 82 to 99 are also displayed together, but these parameters must not be changed.

Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged.

# 22. AUTO TUNING

If the motor used is not Baldor's standard motor (0.4kW or more) or Baldor's constant-torque motor (4-pole, 0.4kW to 55kW), the auto tuning function allows the motor to be run with optimum operation characteristics under magnetic flux vector control.

Also, tuning data (motor constants) can be copied to the other inverter by the FR-ARWE parameter copy unit.

Note that a special motor, e.g. a high-slip motor or a high-speed motor, cannot be tuned. Also, the maximum speed is up to 120Hz.

## <Operation procedure>

1. Checking the wiring and load Before performing auto tuning, check the following:

- (1) The motor is connected. However, the motor must be at a stop at the start of tuning.
- (2) Auto tuning can be performed if the motor is connected with a load (e.g. friction, steady load). Note that as the load is smaller, tuning accuracy is higher. Also note that if inertia is large, tuning accuracy remains unchanged.
- (3) When "101" (auto tuning is performed with the motor rotated) has been set in Pr. 96 (auto tuning setting/state), note the following:
  - 1) Enough torque is not provided during tuning.
  - 2) There should be no problem if the motor is run at about the rated motor frequency (set value of Pr. 84).
  - 3) The brake is released.
  - 4) No force is applied to rotate the motor.
- (4) If "1" (tuning without motor rotating) is set in Pr. 96, the motor may run slightly. Therefore, make tuning after fixing the motor securely with a mechanical brake or ensuring that motor rotation will not compromise safety.

\* <u>The motor should be fixed securely especially for an elevator.</u> Note that slight rotation of the motor will not affect the tuning performance.

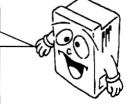
- (5) Auto tuning is not performed properly when the optional noise reduction reactor (FR-BOL) or surge voltage suppressing filter (FR-ASF- H) is connected between the inverter and the motor. Disconnect it before starting auto tuning.
- 2. Selection of magnetic flux vector control

Select the magnetic flux vector control in accordance with page 79.

3. Setting of parameters

Set the following parameters in accordance with the parameter settings on this page.

- (1) Pr. 96 "auto tuning setting/state" ...... Set "1" or "101".
  •Set value "1" ...... Tuned without the motor rotated.
  - •Set value "101" ..... Tuned with the motor rotated.
- (2) Pr. 83 "rated motor voltage" (Note) ..... Set the rated motor voltage (V).
- (3) Pr. 84 "rated motor frequency" (Note)... Set the rated motor
- (4) Pr. 71 "applied motor" ...... Select the set value
  - in accordance with the following table:
  - •Standard motor ..... Set "3".
  - •Constant-torque motor...Set "13".



Note: Pr. 83 and Pr. 84 are displayed only when magnetic flux vector control has been selected (Pr. 80, Pr. 81). Set these parameters according to the rating plate of the motor. When there are two or more rated values for a standard motor, etc., set 200V/60Hz or 400V/60Hz.

# Parameter settings

Parameter Number	Name	Setting Range	Set Value	t	Description	ser mentes a su a	Factory Setting	
			0	Standard motor (n	nore than 1.5	kW)	0	
			1	1 Constant-torque motor				
			2	Standard motor (5-point flexible V				
:			20	MITSUBISHI Stan (1.5kW or less)				
			3	Standard motor				
			13	Constant- torque motor	*Auto tuning	e atting? la		
71	Applied	0 to 6, 13	23	MITSUBISHI Standard motor (SF-JR) (1.5kW or less)	selected	second is		
· · ·	motor *1	to 16, 20	4	Standard motor			-	
	· • .		14	Constant- torque motor	Auto tuning o	data		
· · ·			24	MITSUBISHI Standard motor (SF-JR) (1.5kW or less)	read/change setting is enabled			
			5	Standard motor	Star			
			15	Constant- torque motor	connection	Direct input of motor constants is enabled		
			6	Standard motor	Detta			
			16	Constant- torque motor	connection	onabiou		
83	Rated motor voltage	0 to 1000V	0 to 1000V	*No auto tuning* i voltage (V) is set.	*4 200			
84	Rated motor frequency	50 to 120Hz	50 to 120Hz	Rated motor frequ	iency (Hz) is s	set.	60	
	Motor	9999, 0	9999				0	
90	constant R1	to 10.000Ω	0 to 10.000Ω	a Na Sha			. –	
<u>,</u>	Motor	9999, 0	9999		114		<u> </u>	
91	constant R2	to 10.000Ω	0 to 10.000Ω					
92	Motor constant	9999, 0 to	9999		uning data at		<u> </u>	
92	L1	1000.0mH	0 to 1000.0mH	fa vi <b>⊺</b> i	uning data *2			
93	Motor constant	9999,0	9909				0	
ə3	L2	to 1000.0mH	0 to 1000.0mH					
	Motor	9999, 0	9999				<u> </u>	
94	constant X	to 100%	0 to 1000%					
	Auto		0	"No auto tuning" i			0	
96	tuning setting/	0, 1, 101 *3	1	Auto tuning is per rotated.	formed withou	ut the motor		
	state		101*3	Auto tuning is per rotated.	formed with th	he motor	-	

\*1: The electronic overcurrent protection characteristic is selected at the same time.

\*2: The values measured by auto tuning are set automatically.

- \*3: Select "101" to increase tuning accuracy.
  \*4: The factory setting for the FR-A240E (400V) series is 400V.

#### 4. Switching the auto tuning command ON

In the PU operation mode, press the [FWD] or [REV] key. In the external operation mode, turn on the start switch (connect terminals across STF or STR-SD).

- Note: 1. When "101" is set in Pr. 96, be careful to avoid hazard because the motor rotates.
  - 2. During auto tuning, the input/output terminals are made valid/invalid as indicated below:

	Valid Terminals	Invalid Terminals	1	Valid Terminals	Invalid Terminals
Input termina	STOP OH MRS RT, JOG, CS RES STF/STR	RH/RM/RL 2, 1, 4 AU	Output termine	RUN OL IPF FM, AM A, B, C	SU FU

- To force the motor to stop during tuning Terminate tuning using the MRS terminal, RES terminal or [STOP] key.
- 3. Be careful especially when the RUN signal has been used to create a mechanical brake releasing sequence.

5. Tuning state monitoring

During tuning, the value of Pr. 96 is displayed on the main monitor and level meter of the PU as indicated below. As on the PU, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 91, 92, 93, 102 or 103 is shown on the inverter LED. (When Pr. 51 = "1" (factory setting))

•PU main monitor (In case of inverter trip)

$\square$	1. Setting	2. Tuning in Progress	3. Completion	Error-acti- vated End
Di <b>sp</b> lay	1 STOP PU 101 STOP PU	TIIIII T T TUNE 2 STF FWD PU TUNE 102 STF FWD PU	TUNE 3 COMPLETION STF STOP PU	TUNE 9 ERROR STF STOP PU

#### •PU level meter

Indicates tuning progress with 0% (start) to full-scale 100% (end).

$\backslash$	1.	Setti	ng	rogree		Co	3. mpletion	Error-acti- vated End
Displayed		1	_	 2		+	3	
value		101	_	102	ļ		103	

## 6. Auto tuning end

Check the value of Pr. 96.

•Normal end..... "3" or "103" is displayed.

•Error-activated end..... Any of "9", "91", "92" and "93" is displayed.

When tuning came to a normal end in the PU operation mode, press the [STOP] key. When in the external operation mode, turn off the start switch (disconnect terminals STF or STR-SD). This operation resets auto tuning and returns the PU monitor to an ordinary display.

Note that if this operation is not performed, next operation cannot be stared.

When tuning resulted in an error-activated end, auto tuning did not come to a normal end and the motor constant was not set. In this case, reset the inverter (see page 72) and restart from operation step 1.

# Definition of Display at Error-Activated End

Error Display	Cause	Corrective Actien
9	Inverter trip	Set again.
91	The current limit (stall prevention) function has been activated.	Increase the acceleration/deceleration time.
92	The converter output voltage has dropped to 75% of the rated value.	Check the variation of the power supply voltage.
93	Calculation error	Set again.

Note: If OL (stall prevention) occurs during auto tuning, auto tuning cannot be performed.

#### Reference: Auto tuning time (factory setting)

Auto Tuning Setting	Time
1: Mode in which the motor does not rotate	Approx. 10 seconds
101: Mode in which the motor rotates	Approx. 25 seconds *1

- \*1: The auto tuning time changes as indicated below according to the variation of the acceleration/ deceleration time:
  - Auto tuning time = acceleration time + deceleration time + approx. 15 seconds

# [Optional Setting of Motor Constants]

The motor constants (Pr. 90 to 94) may either be set as appropriate by reading and changing the data measured by auto tuning, or without using the auto tuning data:

## Setting the motor constants by reading and changing the auto tuning data

### <Operation procedure>

 Change the set value of Pr. 77 "parameter write disable selection" to "801". Only when the settings of Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 are other than "9999", the parameters of the motor constants (Pr. 90 to 94) can be displayed. Though the parameters (Pr. 82 to 99) other than the motor constants (Pr. 90 to 94) may also be displayed, they are to be set by the manufacturer and must therefore be set earofully without

displayed, they are to be set by the manufacturer and must therefore be set carefully without mistake.

2. Set Pr. 71 "applied motor" as indicated below:

Standard motor: Set "4". Constant-torque motor: Set "14".

3. In the parameter setting mode, read the following parameters and set the required values (Note 1):

Parameter Number	Name	Setting Range (Note 4)	Minimum Setting Increment	Factory Setting
Pr. 90	Motor constant R1	0 to *****, 9999	1	9999
Pr. 91	Motor constant R2	0 to ****, 9999	1	9999
Pr. 92	Motor constant L1	0 to *****, 9999	1	9999
Pr. 93	Motor constant L2	0 to *****, 9999	1	9999
Pr. 94	Motor constant X	0 to * ****, 9999	1	9999

- 4. Return the setting of Pr. 77 to the original value.
- Note: 1. Only when the settings of Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 are other than "9999" (magnetic flux vector control is selected), Pr. 90 to 94 can be read.
  - 2. Set "9999" in Pr. 90 to 94 to use the standard motor constants (including the constant-torque motor).
  - 3. Set "3" (standard motor) or "13" (constant-torque motor) in Pr. 71 to use the motor constants measured by auto tuning. If "4" or "14" has been set in Pr. 71 and the motor constants changed, the original data measured by auto tuning remain changed.
  - 4. The motor constants measured by auto tuning have been <u>converted into internal data (\*\*\*\*)</u>. When setting the motor constants, see the following setting example: Setting example: When the Pr. 90 "motor constant R1" value displayed is 2516 and it is desired to increase the Pr. 90 value slightly (5%), set 2642 (i.e. 2516 × 1.05 = 2641.8) in Pr. 90. (The value displayed has been converted into internal data for internal use. Hence, there is no significance if an optional value is simply added to the displayed value.)

Setting the motor constants without using the auto tuning data

The motor constants of Pr. 92 and 93 may either be entered in  $[\Omega]$  or [mH]. Check the unit of the motor constants before starting the setting operation.

# Entering the motor constants of Pr. 92 and 93 in [Ω] Operation procedure>

- 1. Change the set value of Pr. 77 "parameter write disable selection" to "801". Only when the settings of Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 are other than "9999", the parameters of the motor constants (Pr. 90 to 94) can be displayed. Though the parameters (Pr. 82 to 99) other than the motor constants (Pr. 90 to 94) may also be displayed, they are to be set by the manufacturer and must therefore be set carefully without mistake.
- 2. Set Pr. 71 "applied motor" as indicated below:

		Star Connection Motor	Delta Connection Motor
	Standard motor	5	6
Set value	Constant-torque motor	15	16

3. In the parameter setting mode, read the following parameters and set the required values:

Pr. No.	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting increment	Factory Setting
Pr. 90	Motor constant r1	0 to 10Ω, 9999	0.001Ω	9999
Pr. 91	Motor constant r2	0 to 10Ω, 9999	0.001Ω	9999
Pr. 92	Motor constant x1	0 to 10Ω, 9999	0.001Ω	9999
Pr. 93	Motor constant x2	0 to 10Ω, 9999	0.001Ω	9999
Pr. 94	Motor constant xm	0 to 500Ω, 9999	0.01Ω	9999

4. Set Pr. 84 "rated motor frequency" with reference to the following table:

Pr. No.	Name	Range	Increment	Factory Setting
Pr. 84	Rated motor frequency	50 to 120Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999

5. Return the setting of Pr. 77 to the original value.

Note: 1. Only when the settings of Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 are other than "9999" (magnetic flux vector control is selected), Pr. 90 to 94 can be read.

2. Set "9999" in Pr. 90 to 94 to use the standard motor constants (including the constanttorque motor).

 If the "star connection" or "delta connection" selected in Pr. 71 does not match the actual motor, proper magnetic flux vector control will not be carried out.

# Entering the motor constants of Pr. 92 and 93 in [mH] Operation procedure>

- 1. Change the set value of Pr. 77 "parameter write disable selection" to "801". Only when the settings of Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 are other than "9999", the parameters of the motor constants (Pr. 90 to 94) can be displayed. Though the parameters (Pr. 82 to 99) other than the motor constants (Pr. 90 to 94) may also be displayed, they are to be set by the manufacturer and must therefore be set carefully without mistake.
- 2. Set Pr. 71 "applied motor" as indicated below:

More than 1.5kW: Set "0".

- Standard motor 1.5kW or less: Set "20".
- Constant-torque motor: Set "1".
- 3. In the parameter setting mode, read the following parameters and set the required values:

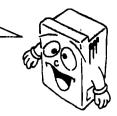
Pr. No.	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increment	Factory Setting
Pr. 90	Motor constant R1	0 to 10Ω, 9999	0.001Ω	9999
Pr. 91	Motor constant R2	0 to 10Ω, 9999	0.001Ω	9999
Pr. 92	Motor constant L1	0 to 1000mH, 9999	0.1mH	9999
Pr. 93	Motor constant L2	0 to 1000mH, 9999	0.1mH	9999
Pr. 94	Motor constant x	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999

4. Set Pr. 84 "rated motor frequency" with reference to the following table:

Pr. No.	Name	Range	Increment	Factory Setting
Pr. 84	Rated motor frequency	50 to 120Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999

- 5. Return the setting of Pr. 77 to the original value.
  - Note: 1. Only when the settings of Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 are other than "9999" (magnetic flux vector control is selected), Pr. 90 to 94 can be read.
    - 2. Set "9999" in Pr. 90 to 94 to use the standard motor constants or constant-torque motor constants.

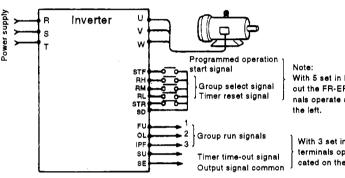
In programmed operation, automatic operation is performed under the control of the internal timer in accordance with the desired time of day, running frequency and direction of rotation set in advance.



#### 23-1 Preparation

Setting of operation mode and output terminals (Pr. 79, Pr. 76) To perform programmed operation, set "5" (programmed operation) in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" and "3" (programmed operation output) in Pr. 76 "alarm code output selection".

#### Wiring



With 5 set in Pr. 79 and without the FR-EPD, the terminals operate as indicated on the left.

With 3 set in Pr. 76, the terminals operate as indicated on the left.

When "5" (programmed operation) is set in Pr. 79, the following terminals are made valid and invalid and are used for programmed operation:

Valid Terminals	Invalid Terminals	Terminals Used
RES	AU	STF
MRS	STOP	STR
RT	No. 2	RH
ОН	No. 4	RM
	No. 1	RL
	JOG	

Note: When the battery pack for programmed operation (FR-EPD) is fitted, note that the terminals used for programmed operation are not as indicated on the left. (For details, see the option instruction manual.)

During programmed operation, the inverter cannot be operated in any other operation mode. When the programmed operation start signal (STF) and timer reset signal (STR) are ON, the operation mode cannot be switched between PU operation and external operation. When "5" is set in Pr. 79, the following functions are unavailable if the corresponding inboard option is fitted:

- (1) Orientation control
- (2) 12-bit digital input
- (3) PI control

Programmed operation time unit selection (Pr. 200) Set the time unit for programmed operation. Select either of "minute/second" and "o'clock/minute" in Pr. 200.

Set Value	Description		
0 (factory setting)	Minute/second unit (voltage monitor)		
1	O'clock/minute unit (voltage monitor)		
2	Minute/second unit (reference time of day monitor)		
3	O'clock/minute unit (reference time of day monitor)		

Note: When 2 or 3 is set in Pr. 200, the reference time-of-day monitor screen is displayed instead of the voltage monitor screen.

Setting of reference time of day (Pr. 231)

The FR-A200E has an internal timer (RAM). When the reference time of day is set in Pr. 231, programmed operation is started at this time of day.

## (1) Setting range

The time unit depends on the set value of Pr. 200.

Pr. 200 Set Value	Pr 231 Satting Range		Pr. 231 Setting Range
0 (factory setting)	Max. 99 minutes 59 seconds	2	Max. 99 minutes 59 seconds
1	Max. 99 o'clock 59 minutes	3	Max. 99 o'clock 59 minutes

Note: The reference time-of-day timer starts the timing of the reference time of day when both the start signal and group select signal are entered. Set the reference time of day in Pr. 231 when both signals are on.

# (2) Resetting the reference time of day

The reference time of day is cleared (returns to "0") by switching on the timer reset signal (STR) or resetting the inverter (see page 72). Note that the reference time-of-day value set in Pr. 231 is also reset to "0".

#### (3) Timer accuracy

•Instantaneous error: ±0.16s

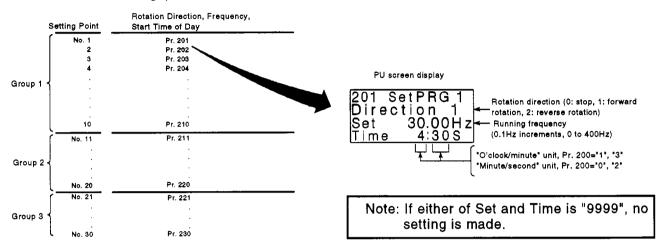
•Cumulative error: ±50ppm (according to the accuracy of the crystal oscillator)

FR-A200E independent error: Max. 4.5s per day (24Hr×60×60×50ppm=4.32s)

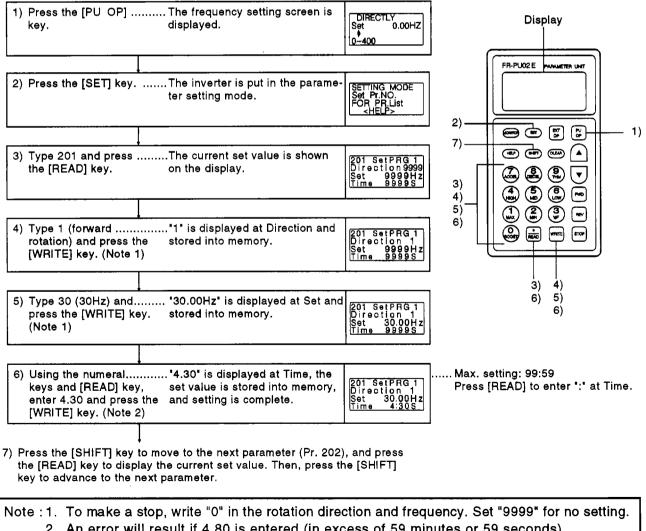
#### 23-2 Program Setting (Pr. 201 to 230)

The rotation direction, running frequency and start time of day are defined as one point and every 10 points are grouped into three. Pr. 201 to Pr. 231 are used for this setting. Note that when the time unit setting of Pr. 200 has been changed independently, the units of Pr. 201 to 230 change (the numerals do not change).

and a second second second second



Setting procedure (Example: Setting point No. 1, forward rotation, 30Hz, 4 o'clock 30 minutes)



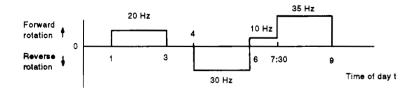
2. An error will result if 4.80 is entered (in excess of 59 minutes or 59 seconds).

# **Operation pattern**

Assuming that operation has been programmed as indicated in the following table, the operation pattern is as shown in the figure below:

No.	Operation	Parameter Setting
1	Forward rotation, 20Hz, 1 o'clock 0 minutes	Pr. 201=1, 20, 1:00
2	Stop, 3 o'clock 0 minutes	Pr. 202=0, 0, 3:00
3	Reverse rotation, 30Hz, 4 o'clock 0 minutes	Pr. 203=2, 30, 4:00
4	Forward rotation, 10Hz, 6 o'clock 0 minutes	Pr. 204=1, 10, 6:00
5	Forward rotation, 35Hz, 7 o'clock 30 minutes	Pr. 205=1, 35, 7:30
6	Stop, 9 o'clock 0 minutes	Pr. 206=0, 0, 9:00

#### <Operation pattern>



#### 23-3 Details of the Functions

#### Parameters used

Pr. No.	Name	Range	increments/ Unit	Factory Setting	Remarks
200	Programmed operation minute/second selection	0 to 3	1	0	0-minute/second unit/ voltage monitor 1-o'clock/minute unit/ voltage monitor 2-minute/second unit/ reference time of day monitor 3-o'clock/minute unit/ reference time of day monitor
201 to	Programmed operation program setting	0 to 2	1	9999	Rotation direction setting 0-stop, 1-forward rotation, 2-reverse rotation
230		0 to 400Hz	0.1Hz		Frequency setting
		0 to 99:59	Minutes or seconds		Time of day setting
231	Timer setting	0 to 99:59	_	0	Reference time-of-day timer (RAM) (Note1)

Note: 1. When both the start signal and group select signal are entered, the set value of Pr. 231 "timer setting" returns to "0". Set the optional time of day with both signals on. Note that if the start signal and group select signals are entered after setting the optional time of day, the Pr. 231 set value returns to "0" again.

 Note that when the setting of Pr. 200 has been changed independently, the units of Pr. 231 and Pr. 201 to 230 change.

3. When 2 or 3 is set in Pr. 200, the reference time-ofday monitor screen is displayed instead of the voltage monitor screen.

#### Input signals

Name	Description	Signal Level	Remarks
Group select signal	Used to select the	Photocounier	May also be driven by transistor.
(RH (group 1) RM (group 2) RL (group 3)	group for programmed operation.	Photocoupler isolated	When ic=10mA, Vec<0.5V should be satisfied.
Terminal reset signal (STR)	Input to zero the reference time of day.	Photocoupler isolated	
Programmed operation start signal (STF)	Input to start programmed operation.	Photocoupler isolated	

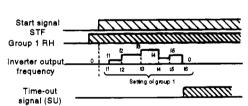
#### **Output signals**

Name	Description	Signal Level	Remarks		
Time-out signal Inverter terminal (SU)	Output on completion of the operation of the selected group and cleared on timer reset.	Open collector output (isolated)	Permissible load 24VDC, 0.1A	Only when Pr.	
Group select signal Inverter terminal (FU, OL, IPF)	Output during operation of corresponding group's program and cleared on timer reset.	Open collector output (isolated)	Permissible load 24VDC, 0.1A	76=3	

#### 23-4 Operation

**Ordinary operation** 

After completion of all preparations and settings, turn on the desired group select signal (any of RH (group 1), RM (group 2) and RL (group 3)), then turn on the start signal (STF). This causes the internal timer (reference time of day) to be reset automatically and the operation of that group to be performed in sequence in accordance with the settings. When the operation of the group ends, a signal is output from the time-out output terminal. (The open collector signal of SU is turned on.)



Note that the operation is not started if the timer reset (STR) is on.

Note: Use the programmed operation function with "5" set in Pr. 79. Programmed operation will not be performed if any of the group select signals is switched on during PU operation or data link operation.

#### Multi-group select operation

When two or more groups

are selected at the same start sig time, the operations of the Group 1 selected groups are Group 2 executed in sequence of Inverter group 1, group 2 and frequence group 3.

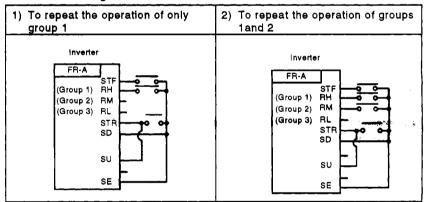
For example, if group 1 Group 1 and group 2 have been Group 2 selected, the operation of group 1 is first carried out, and after that operation ends, the reference time of day is reset, the operation of group 2 is started, and the time-out signal (SU) is output after the operation of group 2 ends.

tart signal	
roup 1 RH 🗕	
roup 2 RM -	vanaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
verter output	╷ <mark>╵╷_╨╶╨╶┸╹╗╹┙╝┚╏╻</mark> ╙╖
equency -	1 12 13 14 15 11 12 13 14 15 16
	Setting of group 1 12 13 14 13 13 14 15
roup 1 select gnal (FU) 🛛 🗕	0 111 12 10 18 11 12 10 10
roup 2 — elect signal	
Time-out	
signal (SU)	

1.1

#### **Repeated** operation

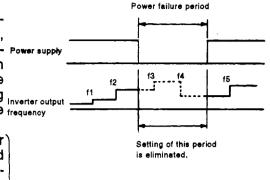
To repeat the operation of the same group, reset the timer using the time-out signal as shown below.



Note: If the inverter is powered down, then up (including a power failure or an instantaneous power failure) during the execution of the programmed operation, the internal timer is reset and the inverter does not restart if the power is restored. To resume the operation, turn the programmed operation start signal (terminal STF) off, then on again. (At this time, the reference time of day is zeroed. When it is required to set the reference time of day, switch the start signal on before setting.)

# 23-5 Programmed Operation Battery Backup (FR-EPD option)

To continue programmed operation at the occurrence of an instantaneous power failure, install this unit (FR-EPD) and start programmed operation.

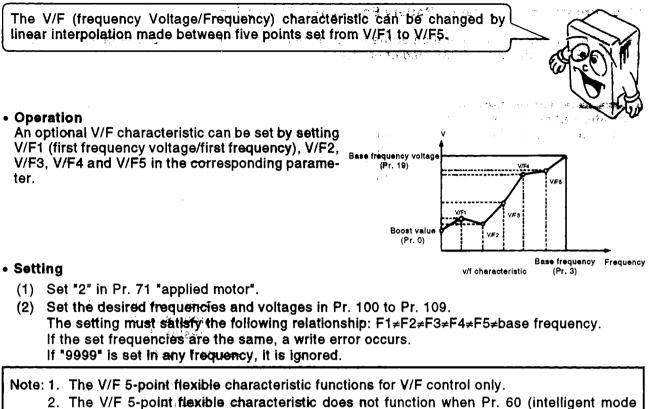
Operation at occurrence of instantaneous power failure 

- (2) If the group selected has been changed during the power failure, the operation of the group selected is started from the beginning after the power is restored.
- (3) The battery is guaranteed for 10 years. If the BAT.E lamp is lit, change the battery.
- (4) The operation is not performed if the power is restored when or after the time-out signal is output.
- (5) If the power is restored after a long power failure period, programmed operation is not resumed. Perform group selection and time setting again.

•Max. permissible power....... 18 hours when Pr. 200 = failure period "0" or "2" (minute/second selection).

30 days when Pr. 200 = "1" or "3" (o'clock/minute selection)

# 24. 5-POINT FLEXIBLE V/F CHARACTERISTIC



- selection) is selected.
- 3. The frequency voltage may be set optionally between 0 and 1000V, but output voltage is clamped at the base frequency voltage if output frequency is beyond the base frequency.
- 4. Pr. 19 (base frequency voltage) must be set. (When Pr. 19 = 9999, Pr. 71 cannot be set to 2 (5-point flexible V/F characteristic).)
- 5. If "2" is set in Pr. 71, Pr. 47 (second V/F (base frequency)) does not function.
- 6. When "2" is set in Pr. 71, the electronic overcurrent protection is calculated for a general-purpose motor.

Parameter	Applied Motor Selection (Pr. 7	1) = other than 2	Applied Motor Selection (Pr. 71) = 2					
No.	Function Name	Setting Range	Function Name	Setting Range	Minimum Increments	Factory Setting		
Pr. 100	BCD input (offset)	0 to 400Hz	V/F1 (first frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01	9999		
Pr. 101	BCD input (gain)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	V/F1 (first frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1	0		
Pr. 102	Binary input (offset)	0 to 400Hz	V/F2 (second frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01	9999		
Pr. 103	Binary Input (gain)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	V/F2 (second frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1	0		
Pr. 104	BCD/binary selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 9999	V/F3 (third frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01	9999		
Pr. 105	Speed feedback range	0 to 400Hz, 9999	V/F3 (third frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1	0		
Pr. 106	Feedback gain	0 to 100	V/F4 (fourth frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01	9999		
Pr. 107	Stop position command selection	0, 1, 9999	V/F4 (fourth frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1	0		
Pr. 108	Orientation speed	0 to 30Hz	V/F5 (fifth frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01	9999		
Pr. 109	Creep speed	0 to 10Hz	V/F5 (fifth frequency voltage)	0 to 1000V	0.1	0		

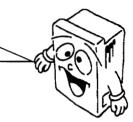
## • V/F1 to 5 setting range

Note: The set values of Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 set when Pr. 71 is other than "2" are stored internally and remain unchanged if the set values are written with "2" set in Pr. 71. When the inboard option is added with "2" set in Pr. 71, the parameters set when Pr. 71 is other than "2" are made valid and the option operates with these parameters.

# 25. PU OPERATION INTERLOCK FUNCTION AND EXTERNAL SIGNAL-BASED OPERATION MODE SWITCHING FUNCTION

The PU operation interlock function allows PU operation to be interlocked depending on the ON-OFF of the terminal MRS signal. The external signal-based operation mode switching function allows the operation mode to be fixed depending on the ON-OFF of the terminal RH signal.

These functions prevent the inverter from not starting operation under external command if the operation mode is left unswitched from the PU operation mode.



# 25-1 PU Operation Interlock Function

### Setting method

Set "7" in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection".

PU operation interlock signal

The input signal MRS is assigned as the PU operation interlock signal. (When "7" is set in Pr. 79, MRS automatically operates as the PU operation interlock signal.)

**Functions** 

### In the PU operation interlock mode, the following functions are made valid:

Set Value	Terminals MRS-SD	Function, Operation				
		<ul> <li>Output stopped during external operation.</li> </ul>				
	Connected Disconnected	• Switchable to the PU mode.				
7		<ul> <li>Parameter setting can be changed in the PU mode.</li> </ul>				
		PU operation allowed.				
		<ul> <li>Forces the operation mode to be switched to the external operation mode.</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>External operation allowed.</li> </ul>				
	1. A.	<ul> <li>Switching to the PU operation mode disabled.</li> </ul>				

The following table lists the functions and operations performed by switching on (connecting)/off (disconnecting) the external signal (across terminals MRS):

Ope	ration	Terminals	Mode Status		Parameter	Remarks	
Mode	Status	Forcibly		Write	Hemarks		
PU	Stop	Connected ↓ Disconnected	Forcibly switched to the external operation mode. (Note 1)	Remains stopped.	Enable ↓ Disable	<ul> <li>Unswitchable to the PU operation mode.</li> <li>Note 1: Switched independently of the external start signal.</li> </ul>	
	Running	Connected ↓ Disconnected	Forcibly switched to the external operation mode. (Note 1)	If the frequency setting and start signals of external operation are on, operation is performed accordingly.	Enable ↓ Disable (Note 2)	Unswitchable to the PU operation mode. Note 2: Limited to parameters that may be rewritten during operation.	
Exter- nal	Stop	Disconnected Remains in the external connected operation mode. (Note 3)		Remains stopped.	Disable ↓ Disable	<ul> <li>Switchable to the PU operation mode. Note 3: Output stopped.</li> </ul>	
		Connected ↓ Disconnected	Remains in the external operation mode.	Remains stopped.	Disable ↓ Disable	<ul> <li>Unswitchable to the PU operation mode.</li> </ul>	
		Disconnected ↓ Connected	Remains in the external operation mode. (Note 3)	Running ↓ Output stop	Disable ↓ Disable	<ul> <li>Unswitchable to the PU operation mode.</li> </ul>	
	Running	Connected ↓ Disconnected	Remains in the external operation mode.	Output stop ↓ Run (Note 4)	Disable ↓ Disable	<ul> <li>switchable to the PU operation mode.</li> <li>Note 4: If the frequency setting signal is on, operation is performed accordingly.</li> </ul>	

	When the signal across terminals MRS-SD is switched on and the value of Pr. 79 is then changed to other than 7 in the PU operation mode, that signal functions as the ordinary signal (output stop), not as the edit enable signal. Also, as soon as the value of Pr. 79 is changed, the ordinary mode switching is carried out.
2.	When Pr. $79 = 7$ , the link operation (computer link, PC link) function cannot be used. Also, the inverter is put in the external operation mode if Pr. $125 = 1$ (link mode at power on).
3.	If the signal across STF or STR-SD is on, the external operation mode cannot be switched to the PU operation mode when the signal across MRS-SD is on.
	When 7 is set in Pr. 79 and the signal across terminals MRS-SD is switched on and is then switched off during PU operation, the inverter is switched to the external operation mode independently of the external terminal (STF, STR) signal state. Therefore, when the signal across terminals MRS-SD is switched off with either of the STF and STR signals on, the motor is run in the external operation mode.
	The ordinary MRS function is invalid for the PU operation mode.
:	The above description all applies to a case where Pr. 17 = 0 or 1 (MRS terminal normally disconnected). When Pr. $17 = 2$ or 3, ON changes to OFF and OFF changes to ON in the above table and description.
7.	When the PU operation mode is forcibly switched to the external operation mode, the PU is internally reset once to secure the monitor screen.
8.	The above function is not available for the FR-PU01E and "7" cannot be written to Pr. 79.
9.	At the occurrence of any alarm, press the STOP key in the PU operation mode to reset the inverter. The inverter cannot be reset in the external operation mode and must be reset in the PU operation mode.

# 25-2 External Signal-Based Operation Mode Switching Function

#### Setting method

Set "8" in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection".

External signal-based operation mode switching signal The input signal RH is assigned as the external signal-based operation mode switching signal. (When "8" is set in Pr. 79, RH automatically operates as the external signal-based operation mode switching signal.)

#### **Functions**

• In the external signal-based operation mode switching mode, the following functions are made valid:

Set Value	Terminals RH-SD	Eived Mode i Bemerke			
	Connected		Cannot be switched to the PU operation mode.		
8	Disconnected	PU operation mode	Cannot be switched to the external operation mode.		

Connection of RH-SD in the PU operation mode forces the inverter to switch to the external operation mode. Disconnection of RH-SD switches the inverter to the PU operation mode. Note that this switching can be done only during an inverter stop and <u>cannot</u> be done during operation.

- Note: 1. Setting "8" in Pr. 79 changes the function of terminal RH (three-speed setting (high speed)) to the operation mode switching function. At this time, the function of terminal RH (three-speed setting (high speed)) is invalid.
  - 2. This function is not available for the FR-PU01E parameter unit.

# **26. PARAMETERS**

# 26-1 Parameter List

# 28-2 - External Signal-Reserv Operation Reute Switching Function

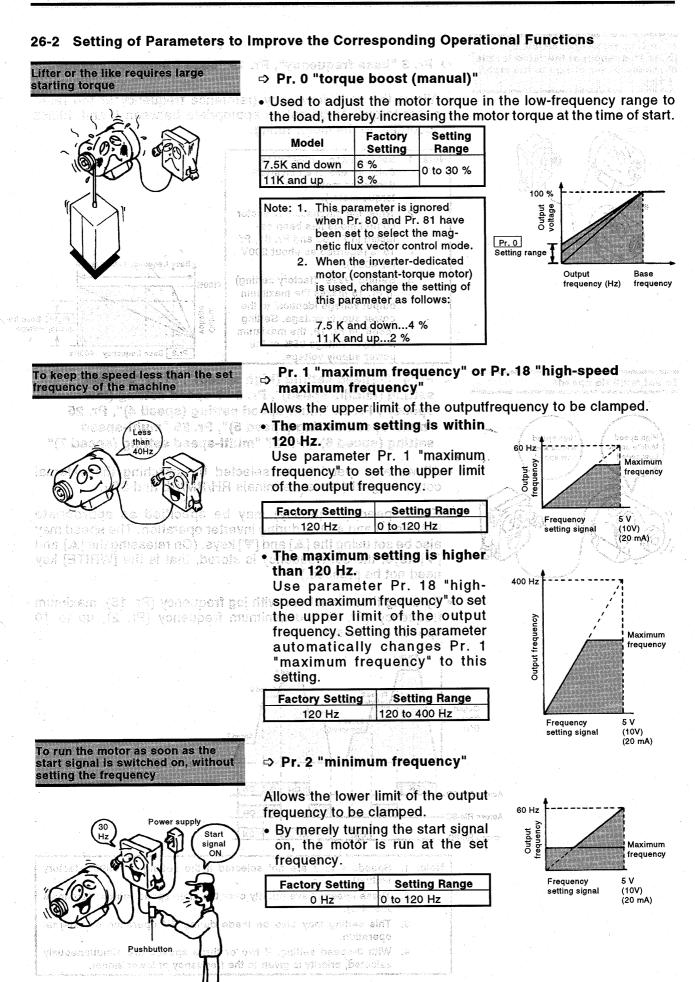
Function	Parameter Number	Name No Name	Screen Display	Note 4	Setting Range	Minimum Setting increment	Factory Setting	Customer Set Value	Refer To:
	0	Torque boost(manual)	Trg.Bst1	0	0 to 30%	0.1%	6%/3% (Note 1)		
	1	Maximum frequency	Max.F1		0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz		101
	2	Minimum frequency	Min.F1		0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	Secure and the second	1. 194 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1
	3	Base frequency	VFbaseF1	1	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz		
LS: S	4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	PresetF1	1.160.142	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	1. 2 × 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	<u> </u>
Ę	5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	PresetF2	1 23 ( )	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz	Let Barn to	102
ů	6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	PresetF3		0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz		ter en del der solo	144 C. C. C.
ः द्वाः स	a	Waterspeed setting (low speed)	FleselFo			0.01HZ	10Hz		
Basic functions	7	Acceleration time	Acc.11	s Su	0 to 3600 seconds/0 to ⊖⊖ 360 seconds	0.1 seconds/ 0.01 seconds	5 seconds/15 seconds (Note 1)		103
water in some	8	Deceleration time	Dec.T1	· .	0 to 3600 seconds/0 to 360 seconds	0.1 seconds/ 0.01 seconds	5 seconds/15 seconds (Note 1)	200324025	103, 1
elocin	9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	Set THM	1663	0 to 500A	🧟 0.01A	Rated output current	8A0:	104
	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	DC Br.F	वर्षे हैं।	0 to 120Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	3Hz		
n , ni e da aministrativa		DC injection brake operation time	DC Br.T	Setting approximate	0 to 10 seconds, 8888	0.1 seconds	0.5 seconds		104, 1
1.1		DC injection brake voltage	DC Br.V	68999	0 to 30%	0.1%	6%/3% (Note 1)		
	13	Starting frequency	Start F	【除小时	0 to 60Hz	0.01Hz	0.5Hz		105
07 C	14	Applied load selection	Load VF	0	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	1	0		105, 1
	15	Jog frequency obom notistedo isms	JOG F	beted	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	5Hz		· · · ·
<u>1793.</u> A to Mao	-16 <b>-16</b> -5-4 Niceson (16-5-4	Jog acceleration/deceleration time		ana se da ma	0 to 3600 seconds/0 to 360 seconds	0.1 seconds/ 0.01 seconds	0.5 seconds		106, 1
	17	External thermal O/L relay input	JOG/OH	1 a. c. 1940	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0		107, 1
anton and an and	*******************************	High-speed maximum frequency	Max.F2	Section and the sector of the	120 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz		101, 1
ni erb	ଌଶ୭୦୦	Base frequency voltage go U9 oni	VFbase V	tan an a	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	0.1V	9999		108
Standard operation functions	20 <sup>.</sup> 20	Acceleration/deceleration references (13)	Acc/DecF	of río:	1 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz		103, 1
	21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	Incr.T	1 2811	0, 4 C C C	1	· · · · 0		
거같으로	22	Stall prevention operation level 🔾 🖓 🖓 😔	Stll Pv1 🕤	0801	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	150%		
eratio	23	Stall prevention operation level at double speed	Stil Pv2 🖯	<u>10 pri</u>	0 to 200%, 9999	ੁ 0.1%	9999		109
g	24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	PresetF4		0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
and the Bridge and	25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	PresetF5	o Utoria conservator	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		102
2 Second	26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	PresetF6	areister.	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		102
tar	27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	PresetF7	Ser a la desa des	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
တ	28	Multi-speed input compensation	Pre.Comp	11) 1.	0, 1	1	0		109, 1
98) .	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern Mage (a)	Acc/DecP	1. 23. 18	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0		.111
	30	External brake resistor selection	Br.Set	2128384	0.1	1	0	·····	112
10(3)	31		NG 2 4 2	otton					112
- <sup>2</sup>	unite the first second s	I requeiter juille IA	Fjump 1A	to a m	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
	32	Frequency jump 1B	Fjump(1B	(0664	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	ļ	
arot.	33	Frequency jump 2A	Fjump 2A	S. at	0-to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		113
na n v see	34	Frequency jump 2B	Fjump 2B	16 - C156	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
	35	Frequency jump 3A	Fjump 3A	111633	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
alessa (eegaare	36	Frequency jump 3B	Fjump 3B	and for trutting	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
	37	Speed display	Dispunit		2 to 10, 11 to 9998	1	4		
<b> </b>	38	Automatic torque boost	A.TrqBst	0	0 to 200%	0.1%	0		114
	39	Automatic torque boost operation starting current	NoLoad I	0	0 to 500A	0.01A	0		
. <u> </u>	40	Output terminal assignment	Selectop		0 to 9999	1	1234	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	115
d a u	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	SU Range	ļ	0 to 100%	0.1%	10%		
o E o	42	Output frequency detection	SetFU FW		0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz		116
tion output terminal functions	43	Output frequency detection at reverse rotation	SetFU RV		0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
-	44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	Ac/DecT2	· .	0 to 3600 seconds/0 to 360 seconds	0.1 seconds/ 0.01 seconds	5 seconds		
Second functions	45	Second deceleration time	Dec.T2		0 to 3600 seconds/0 to 360 seconds, 9999	0.1 seconds/ 0.01 seconds	9999		117
pu	46	Second torque boost	Trq.Bst2	0	0 to 30%, 9999	0.1%	9999		
. 8	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	VFbaseF2		0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999		
Š	48	Second stall prevention operation current	Stall2 I		0 to 200%	0.1%	150%		
-	49	Second stall prevention operation frequency	Stall2 F		0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0	-	
	50	Second output frequency detection	SetFU 2	T	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz		

Note 1: The set value depends on the inverter capacity: (7.5K and down)/(11K and up).

2: In the Screen Display section, f indicates a frequency, V a voltage, I a current, and t time.

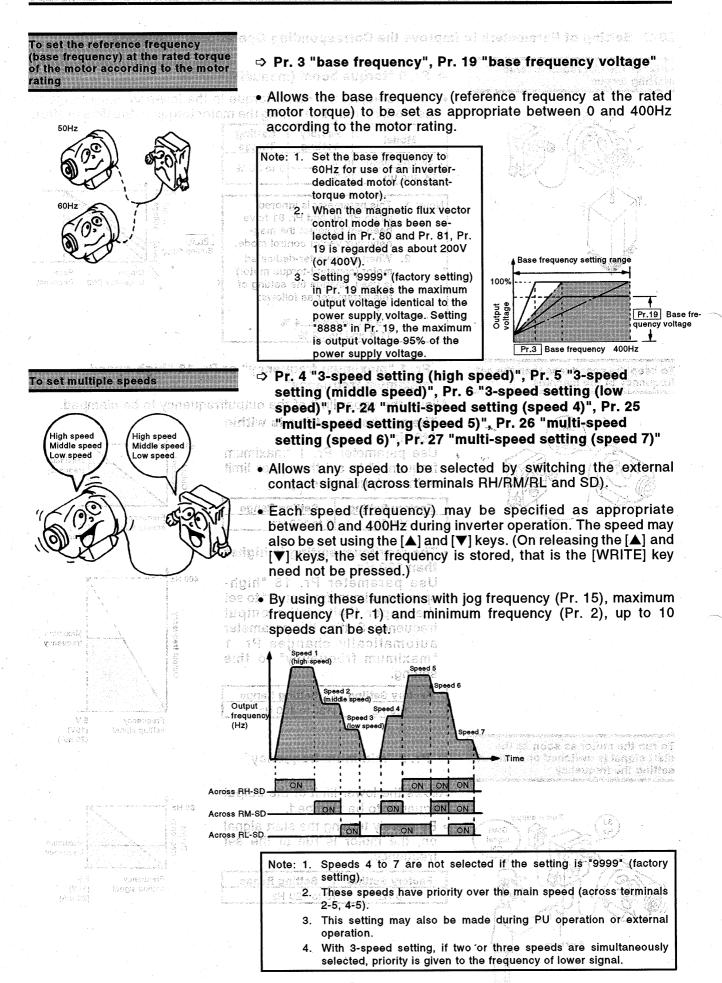
Function	Parameter Number	nille conto Name Josifia	Screen Display	Note 4	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increment	Factory Setting	Customer Set Value	Refer To:	
Display function	-51	Inverter LED display data selection	Set LED		1 to 14, 17, 18	1	- cigatión <b>f</b> aminal da			
	52	PU main display data selection	Set Main		0, 17 to 20, 23 0 to 3, 5 to 14,	-1.19 <b>1</b> .1999 	0		1916 1916	
	53	PU level display data selection	Set Lvl.		17, 18 : Autoria	Ard St. Nava	niny andra yan manifi Manang kalang	<u>\$93</u> 864	118, 119	
	54	FM terminal function selection	Set FM	191. d. 4 192. d. 6 1	1 to 3, 5 to 14, 17, 18, 21, 101 to 103, 105 to 114, 117, 118, 121	ter and the second s	rada ndra porázia. Por selem porazel:	<u>, NGC</u> Sin North Contention		
a Perser	55	Frequency monitoring reference	CalbFM F	(144-31)) (144-31))	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	<u>60Hz</u>	938-883 	120	
	56	Current monitoring reference	CalbFM I	1999. 1998: 19	0 to 500A 0 to 5 seconds,	0.01A	Rated output current	nticato: Staticato	1.2	
Automat- ic restart functions	e se esta entration references entrationes references entrationes		RestrtT1		9999	0.1 seconds		14 - 1999 18 - 18 20 19 25	: 121	
	58			ndiis <b>1.0 second</b> )) (.) S periotad mertur	avriquit avc edit	3 1 1 2				
Addi- tional func- tion	59	Remote setting function selection	Rmt Set	C 1.224 (***	0, 1, 2		ib the <b>9</b> stoner		122	
3944 - 314 -	60	Intelligent mode selection	Int.Mode	i kitekini Lass	0 to 6	na inga para	0,0 500	संचय क्षत	123, 124	
· -	61	Reference I for intelligent mode		133	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	1992 (2019)	≈ 124, 125 ≤ :8	
	62	Ref. I for intelligent mode accel.		004 8	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	eff: 10199991/62, ym myn. dei 9999 (fan si	tost sitt allon ko		
· .	63 64	Ref. I for intelligent mode decel. Starting I for elevator mode			0 to 200%, 9999	0.1% 0.01Hz	<u>9999 אמי מיין 9</u> 999	ali ang Kang Sang Sang Sang Sang Sang Sang Sang S		
F	65	Retry selection	Retry		0 to 5	1	0		125	
F		Stall prevention operation reduction	Stll coF	1		0.011-	60Hz	х.	109	
	66	starting frequency	Stil cor		0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60HZ		109	
<u></u>	67	Number of retries at alarm occurrence	Retry No		0 to 10	1	0		1 100	
tion	68	Retry waiting time	Retry t		0 to 10 seconds	0.1 seconds	1.0 second		126	
oun -	69	Retry count display erasure	Retry N		0 0 to 15%/0 to		00			
stion f	70	Special regenerative brake duty	Br.Duty		<u>30%/0% (Note 3)</u> 0 to 6, 13 to 16,	0.1%	0%		112	
ele	71	Applied motor	SetMotor		20	1	0		127	
su	72	PWM frequency selection	PWM F	ļ	0.7 to 14.5KHz	0.1KHz	14.5KHz			
Operation selection functions	73	0 to 5V, 0 to 10V selection	Extf/10V		0 to 5, 10 to 15	1	1		129	
	74 75	Response time for analog signal Reset selection/PU disconnection detection	IPfilter RES Mode		0 to 8 0, 1, 2, 3	1	<u> </u>		130	
F	76	Alarm code output selection	Alarm OP		0, 1, 2, 3	11	0			
	77	Parameter write disable selection	EnableWr		0, 1, 2	1	0		131	
	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	EnableFR	S	0, 1, 2	1	0			
	* 79	Operation mode selection	ContMode		0 to 8	1	0		132 to 133	
	* 80	Motor capacity	Motor KW		0.4 to 55kW, 9999	0.01kW	9999			
ч. -	* 81	Number of motor poles	Mpole No		2, 4, 6, 12, 14, 16, 9999	1	9999		133	
	* 82	Parameter set by manufacturer. Do not se	t.							
	* 83	Rated motor voltage	Moter V		0 to 1000V	0.1V	200 (Note 7)		81	
L	* 84	Rated motor frequency	Motor f		50 to 120.00Hz	0.01Hz	60		<u> </u>	
		Parameters set by manufacturer. Do not set.							_	
	* 95 * 96	Auto tuning setting/state	AutoTune 0, 1, 101 1 0					81		
	96 * 97 to	Parameters set by manufacturer. Do not s							_	
suo	* 99								133	
Auxiliary functions	* 145	Parameter unit language switching PU Lang 0, 1, 2, 3 1 0								
	* 100 to * 154	Parameters for inboard options. For details, see the option manual. Pr. 100 to 109 for V/F 5-points setting. Pr. 107 is for V/F slip control at Pr. 77=701.								
nxil	* 155	RT activated condition	RT set	1	0, 10	1	0	<u> </u>	133	
Ā	* 156	Stall prevent. select. at regeneration	Still Prv	1	0 to 31, 100	1	0		134	
	* 157	OL signal waiting time	OL delay	1	0 to 25 seconds, 9999	0.1 seconds	0		135	
	* 158	AM terminal function selection	AM set		1 to 3, 5 to 14, 17, 18, 21, 9999	1	9999		118, 11	
· .	* 159	PWM f decrease at low speed	PWM3 f		0, 1, 2, 3	1	0		135	
	* 160 to	Private for inboard options.								
_	* 199 * 200 to	Parameters set for programmed operation.								

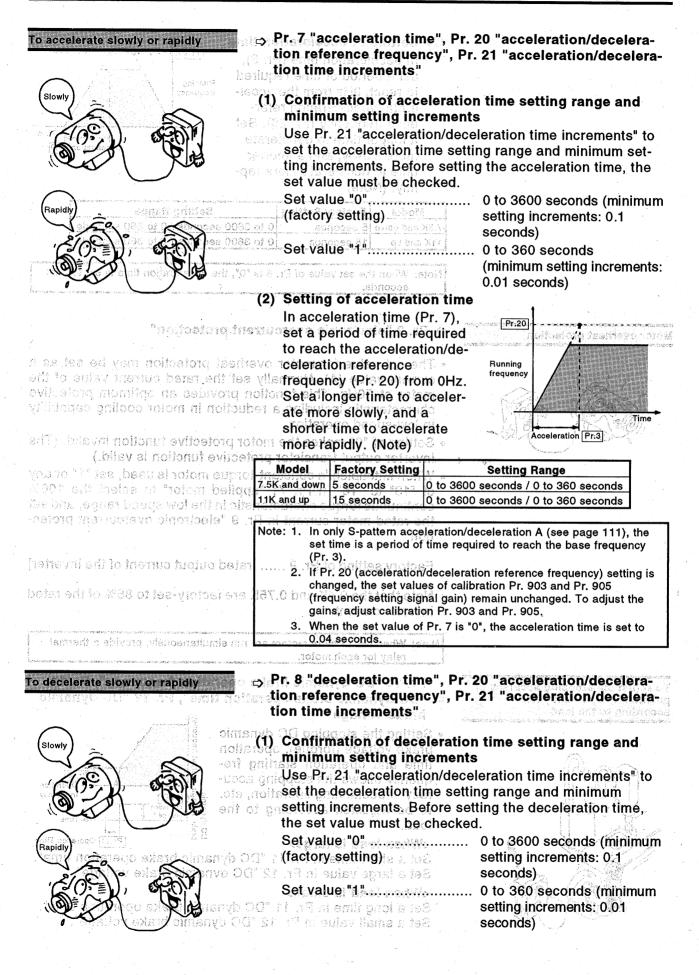
Function	Parameter Number	Name	Kenergii Verina	Screen Display	Note 4	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increment	Factory Setting	Customer Set Value	Refer To:
. ~2 :	900	FM terminal calibration		FM Tune				— (Note 6)		135, 136
Calibration functions	901	AM terminal calibration		AM Tune		0 to 10V 0 to 60Hz	 0.01Hz	(Note 6) (0V) 0Hz		
nctio	902	Frequency setting volta Frequency setting volta		ExtVbias ExtVgain		0 to 10V 1 to 400H	the second se	(5V) 60Hz		136
E S	904	Frequency setting curre	ent bias	ExtIbias	631	0 to 20mA 0 to 60Hz		(4mA) 0Hz		
	905	Frequency setting curre	ent gain	Extigain		0 to 20mA: 1 to 400H	z 0.01Hz	(20mA) 60Hz		
4: *:	Indicated Indicated When the displave	ing range depend d is %ED of the bu s the parameters to he FR-PU01E is to d.) (Set the calibr ameters hatched a	uilt-in brake which are in used, read ation functi	transist gnored w and wri on numb	or ope /hen th te of t pers 90	ration. le magnetic flux hese parameter 0 to 905 using C	vector contro s cannot be -1 to C-6). F	I mode is selecte performed. (IF p or more informati	d. erformec on, see p	l, Err bage 2
an a	Pr. 77 (p	parameter write di	sable).		2.2.6	- 2001, Sec.	odb, nog	onio ni prins en ri	867	
		ctions of the FM n) and Pr. 158 (AM					and a second concerning the second	Children and a production of the	lerinnai	iuncu
		ory setting for the						enilets et conscient servicepiievoi chi loi	4	
		is set, switch-ove				<ul> <li>A state of the second seco</li></ul>	12200 8	ogo tobulator vel litef	126	
		15110	<u>0.0/Hz 1  </u>	<u>. 6995 is</u>	0 to 10) 5 - 1		:	Startung i for aleyister in Retry selection	ti te li ex	-
<u>. 881 (</u>		ي من	terre e	a ya sanana antar a na mara at	na nama na na Na nama na na Na na na na		noitaubes ne	neny avientati Stat provention operatie	al a constant of the second second	
403 	n a agricolt photosophic target	1 gbd Clife	849.0.0	53) 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997	0.65 4.69	Roo HrS		vorreupert princis	1 20 2	
8612	e anno an the anno an the	teases 0.1	zbooss t.0	eomores	<u>. 91 61 9</u> s 01 61 6	cił ybęH i ypęH	Code Didobe (**)	Number of rocios et als "serviceding time	Contraction of the second s	
, 				alan and a second second		A MARTINE AND A MA	815.	are related involvement	Concerns to the propagation of the	이 관 - 전 - 전
		staria Novie	20156	70 to (No(e 3)	0.10 (6% 40% X0%	St. Suly .	i Noj duky	nd sviravar sparages talasog	55	sta on so an
		ter en	i na ser		1, 19, 03, 0 17, 57,97 86	in and characteristics		and a second	ан аралы на ула ула на на начала. 1. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
102	aka germaan kasata taara -	U. A second seco	Second many contract induction contracts			and the second s		Applied motor	, sector de la sector en la sector	्र स्थित्
êŝt.	e commente e atomicio	N 916 (1	9.5 <u>KH</u> ~		<u>0,7 to 14</u> 11,8 er 0	Vervizia	1929ء کے بلے میں ایک کار 1930ء کاریک کاریک میں ایک کار	22 <u>86,0</u> 89,0990,989,899 ) to 6V, 6 to 10V aeroe6	tinastraalij RS	
	na na ser na ser			and a second s	8 ei 0	the state of the s	Search and the second se	laas tot sail astaates/	in on constraint and the second se	
03)					6, 6, 6, 8	eboli 83H	aolionage	Apear set rehrowith U dash Leteoron		- C
nin nin mini			n fallen er en	and a start of a start	8. <u>8</u> .t.0	Abam 0 Alo	t oreit	nies kurto sbot mult	3	
181	and the second	la se como en en en el funda en entre en el funda e	lana a lana		S. S. G	EnebleWri		wérzik sijek teletetet		
21 20 <sup>5</sup>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			an para ser <mark>naman sense</mark> r na 1	<u></u>	<u>STeldan</u> .		nsystel polizier zam vež	Looner Alleren	
262	Same and the base of the	n an	i.	ng national a na manana	6 to 6	ContNude	- 61 	ultaica phun aclunagi	e esta en el composiciones de la composicione de la composicione de la composicione de la composicione de la co Esta de la composicione de la compos	
80 r		0086	0.97kW	2039 .444	0,4 30 55 2, 4) 6, 1		na moa na antina anti	Signaso werde		
	to the second state of the	CORC - Anno an an ann an an Anna Anna Anna Ann	to a construction of the comparison of the		9289 <u>81</u>	oV slog A	ne come a capacita antifacta a casa a	valog solom in sedau	t tein	منحد ورجع ورحان
				-	a constanta factoria da ca	a pata ser contra de la companya de la contra	sion eO .torados	unnen villaa selamene	the state and the second state of the	
1.25	4.17 - 19. (4.17 - 19. N. 19 19 <b>.</b> 4)	<u> 67.6789 903 </u>	V1.0 - sH10.0		<u>0 to 100</u> 83 to 128	Consideration and a second s	an a	latid motor vollane Salad motor treeserky		
general in an <mark>see</mark> nd		S. 2020 March Proc. Phys. Rev. Lett. 10, 101 (1990). Phys. Rev. Lett. 10, 101 (1990).	1		133 - 03 N.O. Manual Maria	1. State State and a second s second second sec	n na an ann an mar na star an star an 1	AN TRUCK TO THE PARAMETER CONTRACTOR	an an Stan Stan an Stan Stan Stan Stan S	. · · ·
						ំរោះ	tog off the role	india vý loe ateromatas		
	hanan kananan kanan k Kanan kanan kana	al a cal a tra capacita factor e calamente e compositor e compositor e com S		a nata ya na sa tang pana na na sa ta		ensTouA	an an an the first second s	un de la compañía de		
a a second a	anna in Truppiningerig	a nananana yaran baranan manananan s	al marana di demonsi demonsi demonsi demonsi demonsi demonsi de monsi de monsi de monsi de monsi de monsi de m El cara de monsi de mo	a teren same ser a cara ser en se	littina ka tik	1. A set of the set		i ya la muni Suki Paris Mina	·	
·		а. 				,teo	tan eC newlost	unus ye na arafériyaw <sup>a</sup>	V et	Si
ana yanganan Kabupatèn K		en en en en en anteres en en en anteres en	n na		6.8.1.0	FULANG	r.cherdist.	geborn) før refersiver	(6)* 1.155	- aca
naan berenenge 1	ar and an angle of the Sola	n na standard a standard an standard an standard an standard a standard a standard a standard a standard a stan N	2	- Sarayana <b>a</b> na ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	a a far a shekarar a s	al en anne an an an an an an an ar an an an Aragona a' an ann an Aragona a' an a	<ul> <li>Comparison of the State of State of</li></ul>	elmaodine versionale services elmaodine versione services se		saoitonis yasisass
						1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		-6 900 to 100 of 001 of 00 gR = 300 to 10 (301 of		<18 18
		ан на народи и самаанан на народи на наро Стата на народи на на Стата на народи на на	n yn regen fan ferste fan ferste fan ferste 1	en en la companya de	5, 40	lea 7/3	F. M. L. C. and B. 145, Kanada and S. G. Landarda, and S. K. Sandara, "A strain str	in an ann an an Anna. T-suiteach cuartige T-		, . AXE
	lan an an commune	a per cara con esta con antes de contra con esta con esta entre en esta con esta con esta con esta con esta co Esta con esta con est		n Constantina and an and a state Constantina and a state of the state And and a state of the state of the state of the	ijanini min 10 set 0 10 set 0	the real control of the real sector control of the real sector by	nolarionere	Politavica perioda kak		· 2
- 92 - 1		. <u>1</u>	ebsobee h.0		0 to 26 s 6000			The Digitalized bench ut		
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,	an a	1		<u>8988</u> 1 kojú, S			د با المنتخب ومعرف المنتخب المنتخب المنتخب المنتخب المراجع الم 1943 - مالية المالية المالية المالية المراجع المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية المالية ال	aan aa aa ah	• . ·
				1. 1999	<u>8.41.41</u>	. tes MA	Gale de la companya d	kee golkses (antion) Mi		
an Santana		an an an tha an an grant an	A company of the second se	den secondar er e	12.2.3	<u>  1.556631</u>	an a	r vet Frankessen i Milli	bu (sati). Sati	
							. ar N <sup>i</sup> (qr	- bristotus (o) antioentores		
a tana		n an	anterio en 1915 - Alle Carlo de Carlo e 1917 - E de C		-	and the second	e de aufordeux de consum sus timorias con tra	n a strand strand and a strange state and a strange strang		
• . • .							official and a state of the second	Ferreisatione a <b>st</b> for progr	040.11 5 - 0.	
									in an ann ann an ann an an an an an an an	



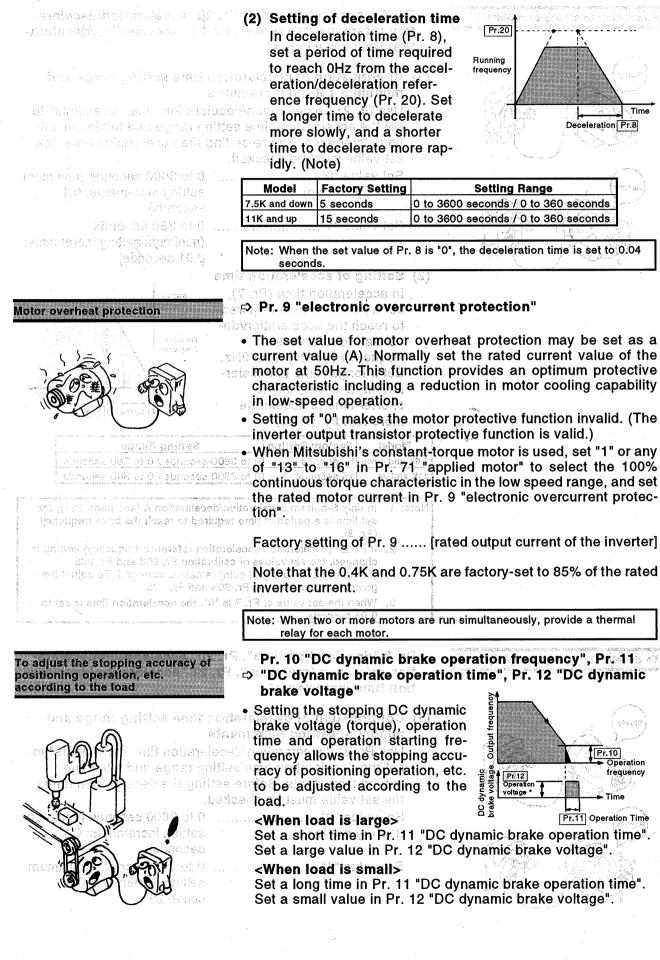
We we have been

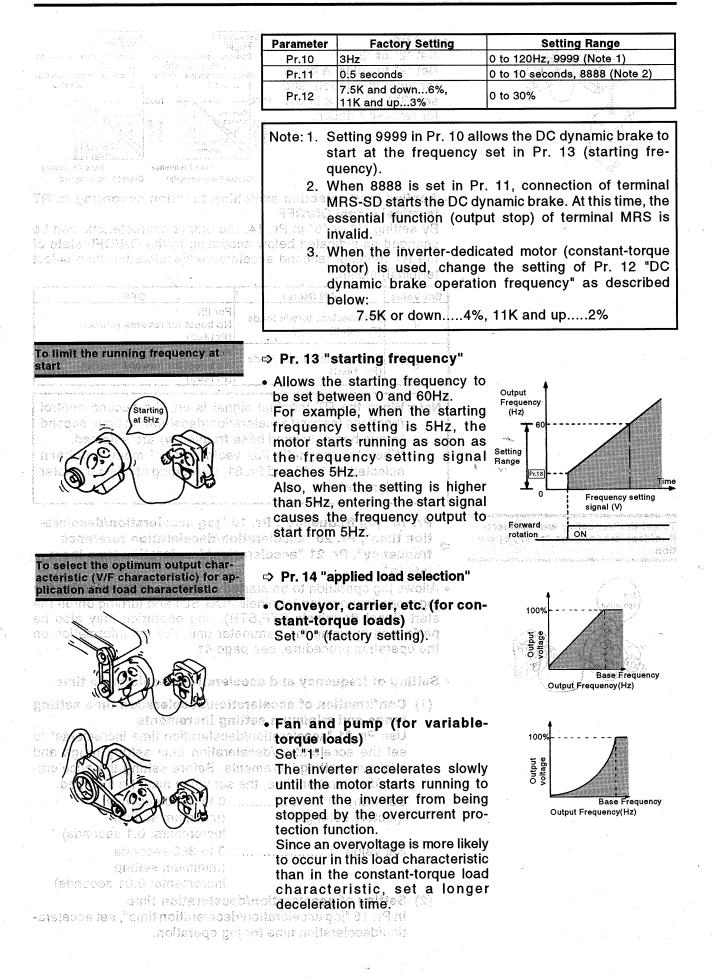
#### - 101 -



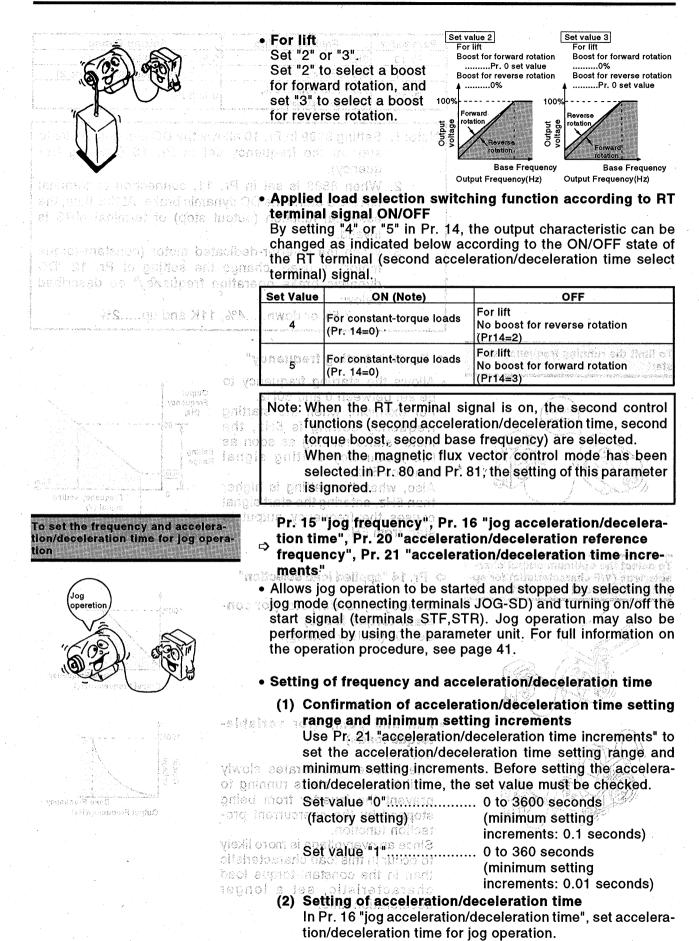


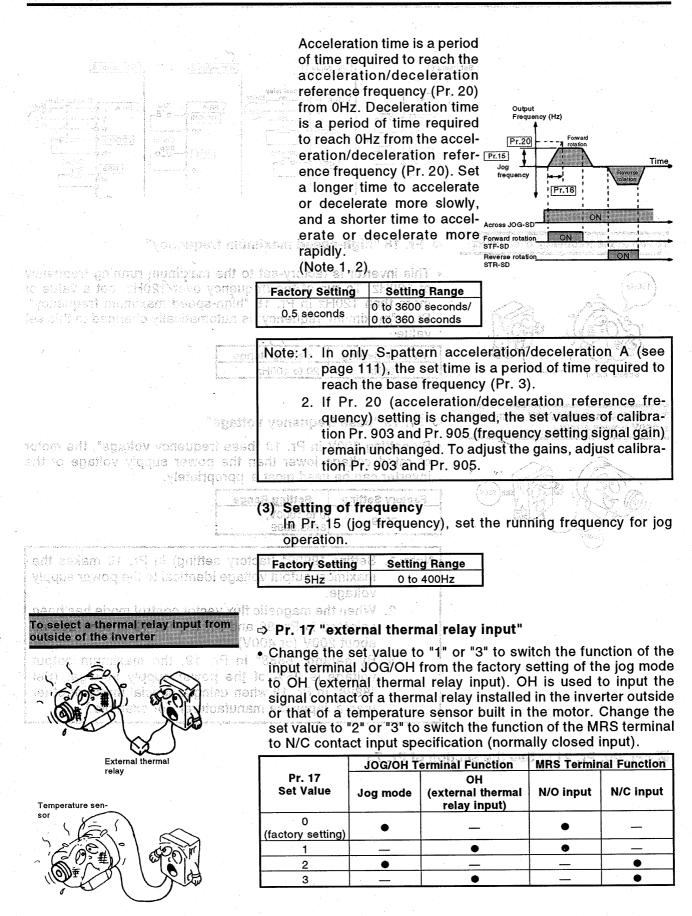
- 103 -



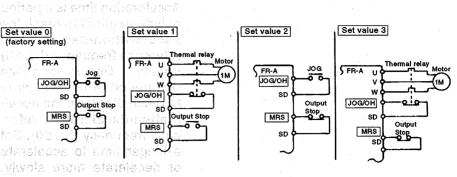


## Pr. 14 – Pr. 16





#### Pr. 17 – Pr. 19



and a shorter time to accel-

2. If Pr. 20 (acceleration

#### To run at the frequency over 120Hz

# 150Hz 3008 su's a emit Special motor

a 230V power supply

 This inverter is factory-set to the maximum running frequency of 120Hz. To run at the frequency over 120Hz, set a value of 海道自己 more than 120Hz in Pr. 18 "high-speed maximum frequency". Pr.1 "maximum frequency" is automatically changed to this set value.

	alaoos	Factor	y Setting	511	Setting	Rang	je
33	al entit	िड् अभि	20Hz 👘	<u>ି</u> 12	0 to 400	Hź	
9	Voten	ian ese	a ent do	681	· · ·	State of the	

⇒ Pr. 18 "high-speed maximum frequency"

# 

• By setting 200V in Pr. 19 "base frequency voltage", the motor of rated voltage lower than the power supply voltage of the inverter can be used most a ppropriately.

Factory Setting	Setting Range
yousu( <b>9999</b> goj) 31	0 to 1000V, 8888,9999
	0131900

arananan NG M	Note: 1. Setting "9999" (factory setting) in Pr. 19 makes the
51	maximum output voltage identical to the power supply
4. V - W - C. S. N - H - T.	voltage.

2. When the magnetic flux vector control mode has been selected in Pr. 80 and Pr. 81, Pr. 19 is regarded as about 200V (or 400V).

3. By setting "8888" in Pr. 19, the maximum output voltage is 95% of the power supply voltage. (Set "8888" in Pr. 19 when using a special motor of other than a Japanese manufacturer, for example.)

tob the function of the MRS terminal to WC contact input specification (normally closed input)

#### I <Pr. 20, Pr. 21 ⇒ See the section of Pr. 7>

a - Katalin Wirishin a alah t	计关键数据 建铁铁合金 化乙酰基 医外颌炎 计	300.657.W2312 + 36933124510	在前一条书 《南市城市的北方大东 	
		МÔ		· PL 17
North Old	fears out	lamedt ismefxa)	abada pot	suisV foe
		(Jugui yalay		
San si	ą.		\$	0 (factory soffing)
	۵. ا	÷	t na saint	
÷.		La facilitad	8	S
	111 m	8	gan v t	G



luqui yalet kantedi

editacibe o

230

enti tea

or "3" to switch the function of the show goi entite polities yronet eff. lay input). OH is used to input the ebiatuo terrevol ent ni bellateni yalet and the motor. One age the



320

(VONOCIVA)

(V) openav

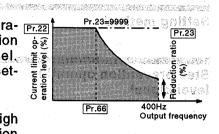
00008

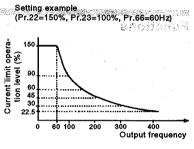
Pr. 22 "stall prevention operation level" Pr. 23 "stall prevention operation level at double speed" Pr. 66 "stall prevention operation level reduction starting frequency"

 In Pr. 22 "stall prevention opera-[Pr.22] tion level", set the stall prevention (current limit) operation level Normally set to 150% (factory set-

with a stranger of the strain tevel noticence authorises lists a of issigned ingri visitions and

 When operation is performed at high speed at or over 60Hz, acceleration may not be made because the motor current does not increase. To improve the operation characteristic of the motor in such a case, the current limit level in the highfrequency range can be reduced. When operation is performed in the being high-frequency range, the current in When operation is performed in the 0 to 200% the locked motor state is smaller than the rated output current of the inverter and the inverter does not result in an alarm (protective function not activated).





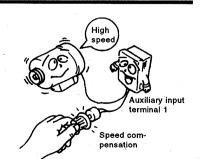
Pr. 66 is for the reduction starting frequency, and Pr. 23 for the reduction ratio correction coefficient.

- By setting "9999" (factory setting) in Pr. 23, the stall prevention (current limit) level is kept constant at the Pr. 22 set value up to 400Hz.
- Calculation expression for current limit operation level Current limit operation

A PARTICIPATION OF A PARTICIPATION	$ x = \frac{Pr.22 + A}{100} x = \frac{Pr.23 - 100}{100} $	
The subsection of a second when a	vor ot 0 bns vor ot 0 or ot 0 vor ot 0 bns vor ot 0 or ot 0 bns vor ot 0 or ot 0 bns vor 0 bns	
Same of the	the auxiliary input and override functions of territical	1

- When "0" is set in Pr. 22, the stall prevention operation is not performed.
- When "9999" is set in Pr. 22, the stall prevention level can be changed by terminal No. 1. A specific method is given below.

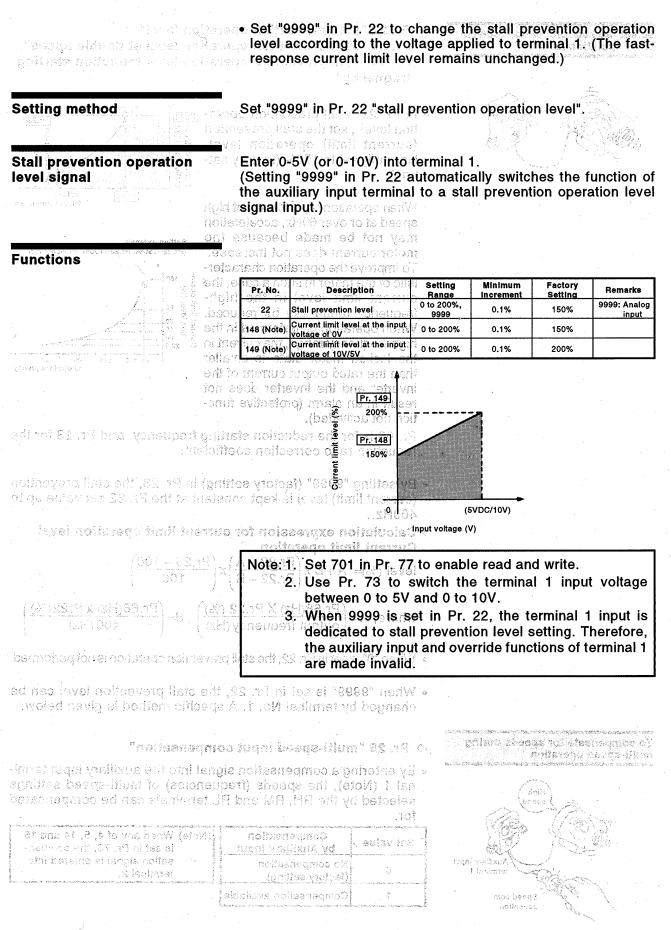
To compensate for speeds during multi-speed operation



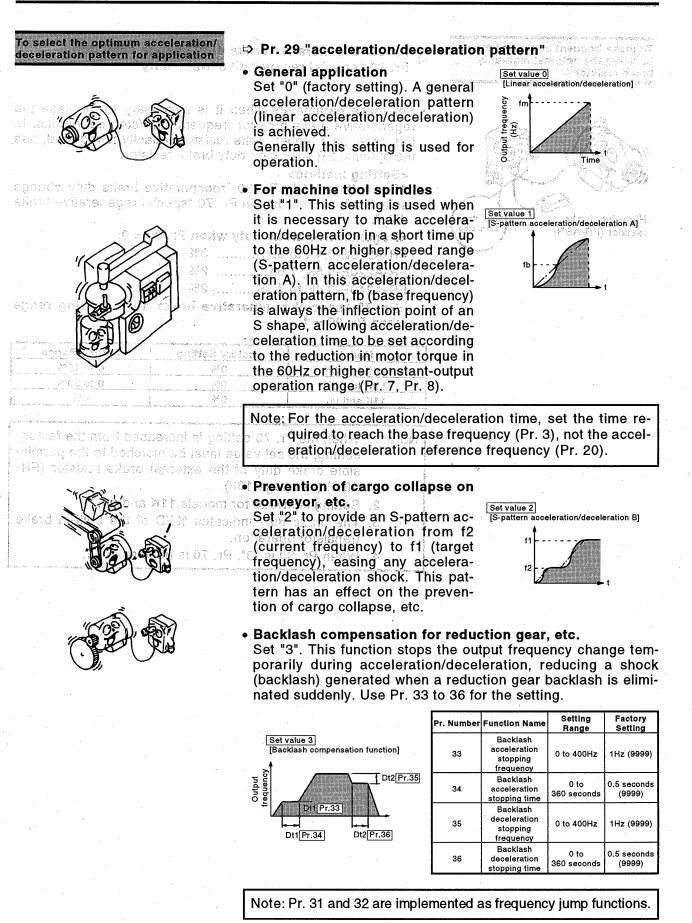
- ⇒ Pr. 28 "multi-speed input compensation"
- By entering a compensation signal into the auxiliary input termi-٠ nal 1 (Note), the speeds (frequencies) of multi-speed settings selected by the RH, RM and RL terminals can be compensated for.

Set value	Compensation by Auxiliary Input	(Note) When any of 4, 5, 14 and 15 is set in Pr. 73, the compen-
0	No compensation (factory setting)	sation signal is entered into terminal 2.
1	Compensation available	

<Pr. 24, Pr. 25, Pr. 26, Pr. 27 ⇒ See the section of Pr. 4>



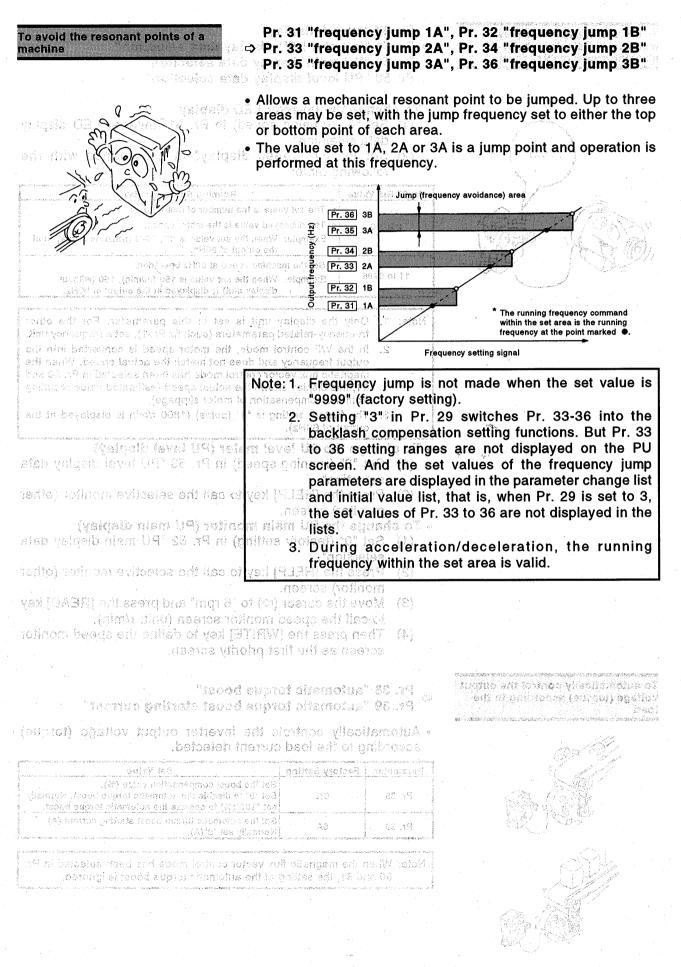
were 24, Pr. 25, Pr. 28, Pr. 27 () See the cooller of Pr. 65



- 21111 -

	rt, stop art, stop art, stop Caractor Caractor Caractor Hendel He	regenerative brake duty for fr this case, as a higher brake re the optional FR-ABR high-duty <setting method=""> After setting "1" in Pr. 30 "r selection", set the duty in Pr. duty". <regenerative brake="" duty="" w<br="">FR-A220E-0.4K to 3.7K FR-A220E-5.5K, 7.5K FR-A240E-0.4K to 7.5K FR-A240E-0.4K to 7.5K</regenerative></setting>	equent start/stop esistor capacity is brake resistor. egenerative brake 70 "special rege then Pr. 30 = 0> . 3% . 2%	e duty change nerative brake
		Totom Model Tother at Factory	Setting Se	tting Range
		atan0.4K.to 1.5K o xH 2 adt 0		0 to 15%
	• • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		%	0 to 30%
an in san arang manang mana Tang manang ma	1995 Audit Barrier Barrier Barrier and Antonio State	0 p p b p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p p	%	0%
(2-2) from a contration/docatorition (4)	rrom 12 1 (target acolara- This pat- 1 preven-	3. The brake duty indication transistor operation. 7 4. When Pr. 30 is "0", Pr Noods inclusive and no poorte dis sed met bie ,escalico optiso to dell		
		a		
ut fréquency change ter retion, réducing a siro on gear backlash is ello	for reduct ps the outs tion/decels an a reduct	<ul> <li>Backtash companiation</li> <li>Bet "5", This function clo porarily during accelera (backtash) generated when heled suddanly. Use Pr. 1</li> </ul>		
ut frequency change to retion, reducing a arc on gear backlash is ello the softing.	for reduct ps the outs tion/decels an a reduct	Set "3", This function eto porarity during accelara (baoldash) generated win		
ut frequency change te retion, reducing a are on gear backlesh is ello the softing, usedon %mm Sading Fastor Sadinsh Sading Jane Softing asoleration on sooks July (sus	for reduct ps the pute tion/decele an a reduct 33 to 36 for	Set "3", This function eto porarity during accelara (baoldash) generated win		
ut frequency change to retion, reducing a are on get backlash is clip the softing, setters asseted request received asseted frequence asseted (setters asseted (setters asseted (setters asseted (setters asseted (setters (setters) (setters (setters) (setters) (setters) (setters)	for reduct ps the puts tion/decele as a reduct so 36 for so 36 for so 36	Set "3", This function ato porarily during accelera (baokiash) generated wh nated auddanly. Use Pr. 1 [stream]		
<ul> <li>Ut frequency change to refuting a sho on gent backlash is ello assetting.</li> <li>On gent backlash is ello assetting.</li> <li>Source assetting a source source assetting.</li> <li>Source assetting as assetting assetting</li></ul>	for reduct ps the puts tion/decele as a reduct so 36 for so 36 for so 36	Set "3", This function ato porarily during accelera (pooldash) generated wh neted suddanly. Use Pr. ( [ <u>satyper 3</u> ] [Sattlash congenation function]		
<ul> <li>Ut frequency change ternelion, reducing a sho</li> <li>On gear backlash is ello</li> <li>On gear backlash is ello</li> <li>On gear backlash is ello</li> <li>Sading</li> <li></li></ul>	for reduct ps the puts flon/decele 33 to 36 for s s s s s s s s s	Set "3", This function ato porarily during accelera (occidash) generated wh neted suddanly. Use Pr. 1 [ <u>setyper 3]</u> [Settlash congenestion function] [ [ [ ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ] ]		

- - 112 -

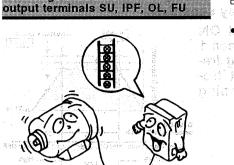


-113-

and the state with the state and states in the state states and	Sou on an an an ann. I an mobain an alla		play data selection"
point to be juinped. Up to three p trequency <u>set to ether th</u> s to	• To change t	he invert	er LED display speed) in Pr. 51 "inverter LED displa
	data se		
(1800r ) (1800r )	(2) Set Pr.		eed display" in accordance with th
	followin Pr. 37 Set Value	y table.	
	SE SE	• The set va	Running Speed Display
	<b>2 to 10</b> , and the second seco		ayed value is the motor speed. When the set value is "2", 3600 (r/min) is displayed at the output of 60Hz.
	AS BE	and the second	achine speed at 60Hz operation.
	11 to 9998 a. <u>cs</u>	Exămple:	When the set value is 150 (m/min), 150 (without display unit) is displayed at the output of 60Hz.
<sup>1</sup> The contract frequency contracts with the set end in the contract frequency of the point marked.	freque	ency-related	y unit is set in this parameter. For the othe d parameters (such as Pr. 1), set a frequency uni
inagia giùtsa vora	superi 2. In the output	V/F contro t frequency	ol mode, the motor speed is converted into th and does not match the actual speed. When th
a made when the set value is	and a second second second a second	atic flux var	ctor control mode has been selected in Pr. 80 ar hows the actual speed (estimated value resultin
	en nee vroiedromu	the compen	sation of motor slippage).
sevitches Pr. 33-36 into the	hents: Prise Prise	actory setting	ng is "4" (poles) (1800 r/min is displayed at th
in setting functions. But Pr. 38 are not displayed on the Pt	in <u>teneomoonel</u> iii Soo <b>To chánge t</b>		val matar (PII laval disnlav)
r an or seconden on the values of the frequency	(1) Set "6"	(running	speed) in Pr. 53 "PU level display da
all constin talements and of bey	elosib era <b>selecti</b>	on".	
hat is, when Pr. 29 is set to 3	r , rail (2) s Press t	(he [HELF	P] key to call the selective monitor (other selective monitor)
and and be a constant same war a the set of		II SUIDDII.	
3 to 36 are not displayed in illu	<ul> <li>To change t</li> </ul>	he Pll m	ain monitor (PU main display)
	<ul> <li>To change t</li> <li>(1) Set "0"</li> </ul>	h <b>e PU m</b> ' (factory	ain monitor (PU main display)
n/deceleration, the running	• To change t (1) Set "0"	h <b>e PU m</b> ' (factory on".	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da
	• To change t (1), Set "0" selection (2) Press t monito	he PU m (factory on". the [HELF r) screen	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth
n/deceleration, the running	• To change t (1), Set "0" e en cian selection (2) Press t monito (3) Move t	he PU m (factory on" the [HELF r) screen he cursor	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⇔) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k
Adeceleration, the runnin	• To change t (1) Set "0" selection (2) Press t monito (3) Move t to call	he PU m (factory on" the [HELF r) screen he cursor the speed	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⊃) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min).
Adeceleration, the runnin	• To change t (1) Set "0" (2) Press t (2) Press t monito (3) Move t to call (4) Then p	he PU m (factory on" the [HELF r) screen he cursor the speed press the	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⊃) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min).
automatically control the output	• To change t (1), Set "0" (2) Press t (2) Press t monito (3) Move t to call (4) Then p screen	he PU m (factory on" The [HELF r) screen he cursor the speed ress the fin	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⇒) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min). [WRITE] key to define the speed monit rst priority screen.
n/deceleration, the running	• To change t (1) Set "0" (2) Press t (2) Press t monito (3) Move t to call (4) Then p screen Pr. 38 "aut	he PU m (factory on" T) screen he cursor the speed ress the fin as the fin	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⇔) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min). [WRITE] key to define the speed monit
automatically control the output bilage (torque) according to the	<ul> <li>To change t</li> <li>Set "0"</li> <li>Selection</li> <li>(2) Press t</li> <li>monito</li> <li>(3) Move to to call</li> <li>(4) Then p screen</li> <li>Pr. 38 "aut</li> <li>Pr. 39 "aut</li> <li>Automatical</li> </ul>	he PU m (factory on" ihe [HELF r) screen he cursor the speed ress the fin as the fin omatic to omatic to ly contro	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⇔) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min). [WRITE] key to define the speed monit rst priority screen. Corque boost borque boost starting current" Is the inverter output voltage (torqu
automatically control the output oltage (torque) according to the	<ul> <li>To change t</li> <li>Set "0"</li> <li>Selection</li> <li>(2) Press t</li> <li>monito</li> <li>(3) Move to</li> <li>to call</li> <li>(4) Then p</li> <li>screen</li> </ul> Pr. 38 "aut Pr. 39 "aut • Automatical	he PU m (factory on" ihe [HELF r) screen he cursor the speed ress the fin as the fin omatic to omatic to ly contro	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⇔) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min). [WRITE] key to define the speed monit rst priority screen.
automatically control the output offage (torque) according to the	<ul> <li>To change t</li> <li>Set "0"</li> <li>Selection</li> <li>(2) Press t</li> <li>monito</li> <li>(3) Move to</li> <li>to call</li> <li>(4) Then p</li> <li>screen</li> </ul> Pr. 38 "aut Pr. 39 "aut Automatical according to	he PU m (factory on" ihe [HELF r) screen he cursor the speed ress the fin as the fin omatic to omatic to ly contro	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⇔) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min). [WRITE] key to define the speed monit rst priority screen. Orque boost starting current Is the inverter output voltage (torque current detected.
automatically control the output bilage (torque) according to the	<ul> <li>To change t</li> <li>Set "0"</li> <li>Selection</li> <li>(2) Press t</li> <li>monito</li> <li>(3) Move to</li> <li>to call</li> <li>(4) Then p</li> <li>screen</li> </ul> Pr. 38 "aut Pr. 39 "aut Automatical according to	he PU m (factory on" r) screen he cursor the speed ress the fin omatic to omatic to ly contro the load	ain monitor (PU main display) setting) in Pr. 52 "PU main display da P] key to call the selective monitor (oth (⇔) to "6 rpm" and press the [READ] k d monitor screen (unit: r/min). [WRITE] key to define the speed monit rst priority screen. Orque boost orque boost borque boost starting current Is the inverter output voltage (torque current detected.

- මෝ අග්ගල්පේට

To change the functions of the



## ⇒ Pr. 40 "output terminal assignment"

- Any of 10 functions can be reassigned to the SU, IPF, OL and FU output terminals individually.
- Set a 4-digit integer in Pr. 40.

P

The value in each digit indicates the function of the correspond-

r. 40 : 1st digit	2nd digit	3rd digit	4th digit	4.) N.
00		VL I	And the second second	

• Factory setting ...... "1234"

Terminal SU : SU (up-to-frequency) signal

Terminal IPF : IPF/UVT (instantaneous power failure or un-

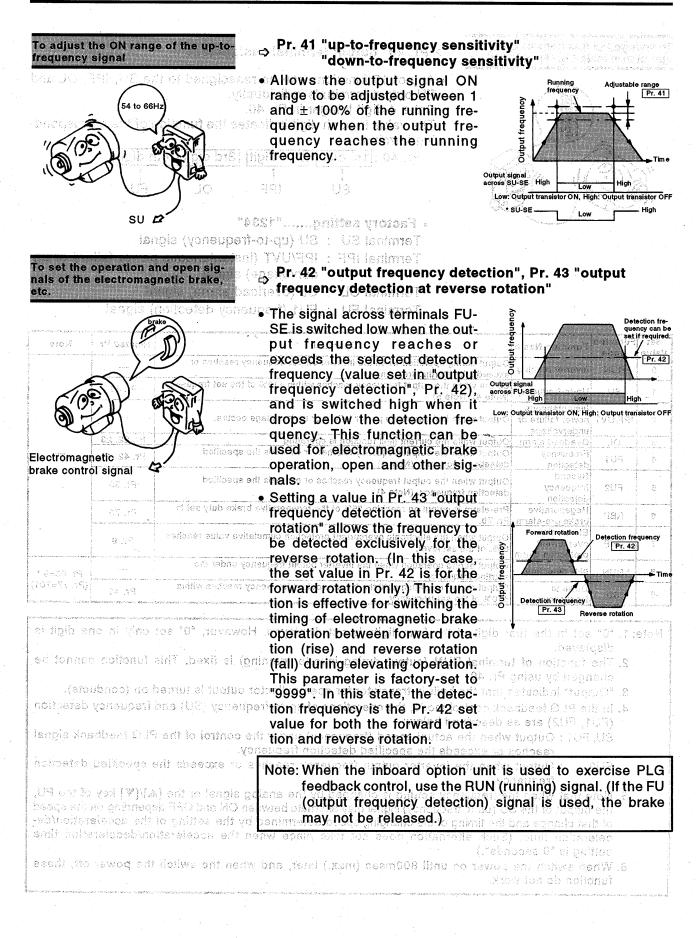
Terminal OLY OLP (overload alarm) signal

Englishing FU (frequency detection) signal

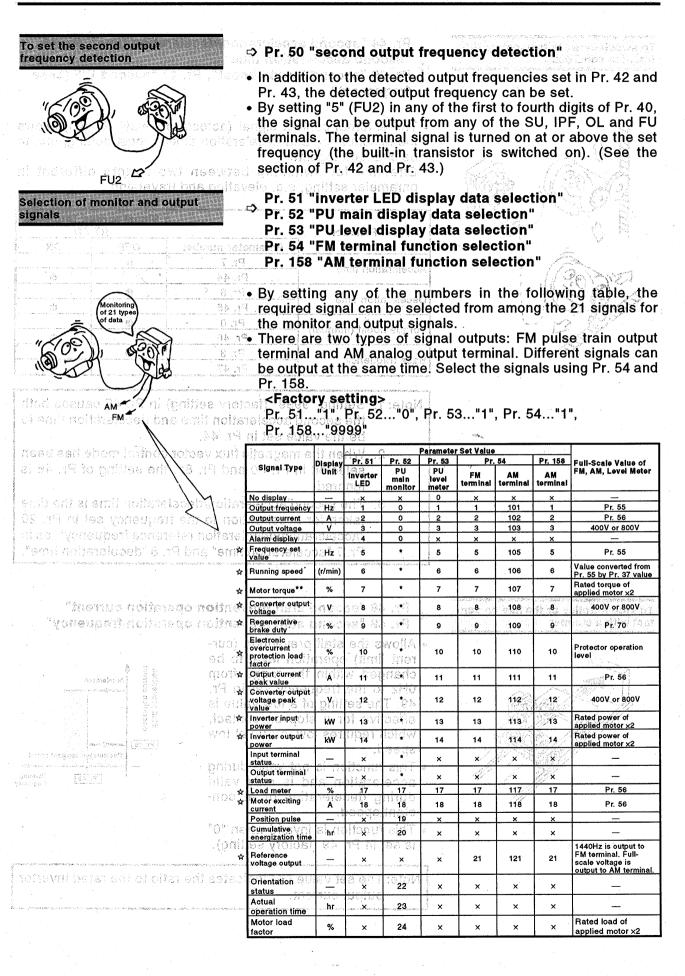
Set Value	Function Code	Function Name		Related Pr.	Note
0	RUN	Inverter running	Output during operation when the inverter output frequency reaches or		
1	SU	Up-to-frequency	Output when the output frequency reaches within ±10% of the set frequency. (Note 4) (Note 5)	Pr. 41	
10 stati 2		Instantaneous power failure or undervoltage	Output when instantaneous power failure or undervoltage occurs.		
3	OL	Overload alarm	Output while the current limit function is operating.	Pr. 22, 23	
4	FU1	Frequency detection	Output when the output frequency reaches or exceeds the specified detection frequency. (Note 4)	N	jaam <del>on</del> toeli
5	FU2	Second frequency detection	Output when the output frequency reaches or exceeds the specified detection frequency. (Note 4)	Pr. 50	tinop exeri
6	RBP	Regenerative brake pre-alarm	Pre-alarm is output on reaching 85% of the regenerative brake duty set in Pr. 70.	Pr. 70	
Yorauz 7	1999 - C. 6 (199	Electronic overcurrent protection alarm	Output when the electronic overcurrent protection cumulative value reaches 85% of the set level.	Pr. 9	
	* RUN	0Hz detection	Output during operation when the inverter output frequency under the starting frequency	_	Pr. 96=9 *
9	* su	Down to frequency	Output during operation until the inverter output frequency reaches within $\pm 10\%$ of the set frequency.	Pr. 41	(Pr. 77=701)

Note: 1. "0" set in the first digit of the four digits is not displayed. However, "0" set only in one digit is displayed.

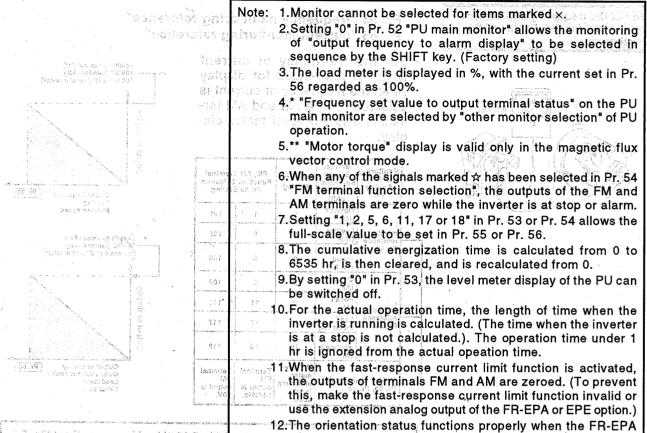
- 2. The function of terminal RUN (output during inverter running) is fixed. This function cannot be changed by using Pr. 40: 192-violasi al references and
- 3. "Output" indicates that the built-in transistor for open collector output is turned on (conducts).
- 4. In the PLG feedback control mode, the operations of up-to-frequency (SU) and frequency detection (FU1, FU2) are as described below or end due to rectary
- SU, FU1 : Output when the actual speed (frequency) under the control of the PLG feedback signal reaches or exceeds the specified detection frequency.
- EU2 Output when the inverter output frequency reaches or exceeds the specified detection frequency.
- 5. Note that when the frequency setting is changed by the analog signal or the [▲]/[▼] key of the PU, the output of the SU (up to frequency) signal may alternate between ON and OFF depending on the speed of that change and the timing of the changing speed determined by the setting of the acceleration/deceleration time. (Such alternation does not take place when the acceleration/deceleration time setting is "0 seconds".)
  - 6. When switch the power on until 800msec (max.) later, and when the switch the power off, these function do not work.



Fuel to all	e na acar 19 a să si 98 cispat	er peri ind to yoneope the first of	Pr. 46 "second Pr. 46 "second frequency)"	torque boost", Pr.	47 "second V	//F (base
		nit to yns a Serrat al i ve of tofei serrat	be changed toget Effective for sw	and deceleration tin	nes, boost sett two motors d	ting, etc. t
A ST			No version and and and a second se		Signal acros RT-	
v	à : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	uitosise ne	dional Isnimusi MA"	Parameter number	OFF	ON
Bicle		italita noi: •	Acceleration time	Pr. 7 Pr. 44	•	•
& @``		bers in the	Deceleration time	0 <u>@a. v&amp; ∞</u> <b>Pr. 8</b>	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Sect.		ed from an	io <u>sies so neo isnois b</u>	N 110001 Pr. 45	State of the second	•
, VS	A		Torque boost (manual)	Pr. 0	• ************************************	
v sisinia v	$\mathbf{x}$	a, verpeaa interningi	ano poista MA ana l	enime) Pr. 3		
g Pr. Se a	des sizag	e ent toele	Base frequency	chio ed Pr. 47		
· •				Pr. 168		
18.45 68.45 3408.51 1985	ianimus Inni ianimus Inni Inni Inni Inni Inni Inni Inni Inni		ignored. 3. The second taken for	in Pr. 80 and Pr. 81 nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re	eleration time	is the time at in Pr. 20
18 35 ER 45 Value 37 45 25 59 ent Lenconais a sub fac 15 11 et 18 17 To curred balas Ta totom balas		14 417 5.2 5 17.31 551/25.2 5 5 5 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5	ignored: 3: The second taken for accelera Pr. 7 "acc	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and	eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera	is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time"
a to part of the second base of the second base to	v a sri second second s	14 417 5.2 5 17.31 551/25.2 5 5 5 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5	ignored: 3: The second taken for accelera Pr. 7 "acc	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and	eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera peration curre	is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time" ent"
ct with a sto	verifying been	4         4	ignored. 3: The second taken for accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second" Pr. 49 "second • Allows the stall p	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of	eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera peration curre	is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time" ent"
ct with a sto	v a si ley or the lil spper	1     1       1     1       2     1       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3       3     3	ignored: 3: The second taken for accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second • Allows the stall p rent limit) operat	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be	eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera peration curre peration frequ	is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time" ent"
et with a sto	verifying been	1         1	ignored: 3: The second taken for accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second • Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from	eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera peration curre peration frequ	is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time" <b>ent</b> " <b>uency</b> "
et with a sto	earlierest land earlierest 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     B       B <td>Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque</td> <td>nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr.</td> <td>eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera peration curre peration frequ</td> <td>is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time" <b>ent</b>" <b>uency</b>"</td>	Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr.	eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera peration curre peration frequ	is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time" <b>ent</b> " <b>uency</b> "
et with a sto	earlierest land earlierest 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	1     01       1     01       1     01       1     01       1     01       1     01       1     01       1     01       1     01       1     01	Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is	eleration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelera peration curre peration frequ	is the time at in Pr. 20 ancy", as in ation time" <b>ent</b> " <b>uency</b> "
t with a sto	earlierest land earlierest 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	A     A       B     A       B     A       B     B       B <td>ignored. 3: The second taken for accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall prent limit) operat changed within to OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low</td> <td>nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low</td> <td>eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curre peration freque voice of the second peration freque Pr. 48</td> <td>is the time at in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"</td>	ignored. 3: The second taken for accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall prent limit) operat changed within to OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low	eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curre peration freque voice of the second peration freque Pr. 48	is the time at in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"
et with a sto	earlierest land earlierest 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	A     A       B     A       B     A       B     B       B <td>Pr. 48 "second Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall prent limit) operat changed within to OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st</td> <td>nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low</td> <td>eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curre peration freque voice of the second peration freque Pr. 48</td> <td>is the time of in Pr. 2( ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"</td>	Pr. 48 "second Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall prent limit) operat changed within to OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low	eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curre peration freque voice of the second peration freque Pr. 48	is the time of in Pr. 2( ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"
et with a sto	earlierest land earlierest 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	A     A       B     A       B     A       B     B       B <td>ignored. 3. The second taken for "accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low speed. This function is r acceleration and</td> <td>nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low not valid during is only valid</td> <td>eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curred peration freque titue voite a do peration freque (Pr. 48)</td> <td>is the time of in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"</td>	ignored. 3. The second taken for "accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low speed. This function is r acceleration and	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low not valid during is only valid	eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curred peration freque titue voite a do peration freque (Pr. 48)	is the time of in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"
	earlierest land earlierest 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       A     A       B     A       A     B       A     B       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A       B     A	ignored. 3: The second taken for "accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall prent limit) operation changed within to 0Hz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low speed. This function is response	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low not valid during is only valid	eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curred peration freque titue voite a do peration freque (Pr. 48)	is the time et in Pr. 20 ency", as ir ation time" ent" uency"
ct with a sto	iseitariei Inner	1     61       2     1       3     2       4     2       5     2       3     3       5     7       Ke on con-       1     61       2     1       3     3       4     1       5     2	Pr. 48 "second Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 7 "accelera Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low speed. This function is r acceleration and during decelerat stant speed. This function is in	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low not valid during L is only valid ion or at con- nvalid when "0"	eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curred peration freque titue voite a do peration freque (Pr. 48)	is the time of in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"
t with a sto data to the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store	iseitaria land	1     2       1     3       1     3       1     3       1     3       1     3	Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Pr. 49 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low speed. This function is r acceleration and during decelerat stant speed.	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low not valid during L is only valid ion or at con- nvalid when "0"	eleration time of frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "deceleration peration curred peration freque titue voite a do peration freque (Pr. 48)	is the time of in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency"
t with a sto day of the state of the state o	iseitaria land	1     1       2     2       3     3       3     3       4     2       5     3       7     7       1     1       2     1       1     1       2     1       3     1       2     1       3     1       3     1       3     1       5     1       5     1       5     1       5     1	ignored. 3. The second taken for "accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall p rent limit) operat changed within t OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a st which requires low speed. This function is r acceleration and during decelerat stant speed. This function is in is set in Pr. 49 (fa	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low not valid during 1 is only valid ion or at con- nvalid when "0" actory setting). e (%) indicates the	peration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelerat peration curre peration freque voitue and freque peration freque Pr. 48 Pr. 48	is the time of in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency" on
with a sto has a to defend the state of the state of the	iseitaria land	1     1       2     2       3     3       3     3       4     2       5     3       7     7       1     1       2     1       1     1       2     1       3     1       2     1       3     1       3     1       3     1       5     1       5     1       5     1       5     1	ignored. 3: The second taken for "accelera Pr. 7 "acc Pr. 48 "second Pr. 49 "second Allows the stall prent limit) operation changed within to OHz to the freque 49. The setting of effective for a struction is reacceleration and during deceleration and during deceleration and during deceleration and transfunction is in is set in Pr. 49 (factor)	nd acceleration/dec acceleration to the tion/deceleration re eleration time" and stall prevention of stall prevention of stall prevention of revention (cur- ion level to be he range from ency set in Pr. f a low value is op on contact, w torque at low not valid during 1 is only valid ion or at con- nvalid when "0" actory setting). e (%) indicates the	peration time frequency se ference freque Pr. 8 "decelerat peration curre peration freque voitue and freque peration freque Pr. 48 Pr. 48	is the time of in Pr. 20 ency", as in ation time" ent" uency" on



-118-



In the option is not used, "22" may be set in the option is not used, "22" may be set in the option is not used, "22" may be set in the option is not used, "22" may be set in the option is not function and "0" is the kept displayed.

Use Pr. 54 and Pr. 158 to select the function of the AM terminal • Use Pr. 54 and Pr. 158 to select the function of the AM terminal • Use Pr. 54 and Pr. 158 to select the function of the AM terminal

	Pr. 158 Set Value	Pr. 54 Set Value	FM, AM Terminal Output Status	Remarks
	1 to 21 9999		Both the FM and AM	The calibration Pr. 900 value may only be read and written.
	(factory setting)	101 to 121	terminals output the signal set in Pr. 54.	The calibration Pr. 901 value may only be read and written.
I		1 to 21*	The FM terminal	
	1 to 21	101 to 121*	outputs the signal set in Pr. 54. The AM terminal outputs the signal set in Pr. 158.	Both the calibration Pr. 900 and Pr. 901 values can be read and written.

\*: When any of "1 to 21" has been set in Pr. 158, setting either any of "1 to 21" or any of "101 to 121" in Pr. 54 causes the same signal to be output from the FM terminal.

#### <Setting example>

To output the output frequency from the FM terminal and the output current from the AM terminal

- Set 1 in Pr. 54 (adjust the full-scale value in Pr. 55).
- Set 2 in Pr. 158 (adjust the full-scale value in Pr. 56).

For adjustment, see pages 64 to 66.

	Set the vhich i vhen th selected ninals blay.	e frequ s refer e frequ d for th	uency enced uency ne FM U leve	orcu ford orcum andA	lisplay rent is M ter-	ence"	
	Monitoring Reference Setting Pr.	Monitor Screen Selection (Setting unit)	Pr. 53 Setting	Function	Terminal Selection Setting		55
ara while the lay of the is X stop or sizer 1, 17 or 181 in P.r. 53 or Pri 54 subres th	<del>a ene e</del> 1,8,8];	Output f (Hz)		1	101	f setting Running speed	
i, ir ja eo ar ij oo ar i caa ar ar a <u>o s</u> et te ≌r. 55 or ≊0, 36, -	monitoring	f setting (Hz)	3-11151	5	105	1440Hz (terminal FM)	
ergization time le Alculated from 6 i aregi and la recelentated from 0.	reference Pr. 55 No nori	Running speed (Pr. 37)	8.Ths 8585	6	106	10VDC (terminal AM) Full scale (PU level monitor)	
53, the level mater display of the PU de	ng ai to	Output I	9. <mark>12</mark> 7 S	2	102		
ation time, the langth of time when th	l I monitoring	Peak I (A)	5 59 11 n	, 11	111	lispla	
a marka and to tege on the mina and the interior of the interior of the threat of the threat with a final interior of the inte	reference Pr. 56	Load meter (%)	av <b>17</b>	17	117	tord	
addit <b>ated.</b> ). The operation time under he jolual operation time:	tmonth	Motor exciting I (A)	: 18	18	118	Output or display	
one e ourent limit function is activota eele FM and AM are seroed. (To preve response ourent limit function invalid	Setting me Pr. 55, Pr.	thod using	PU level meter indication is full- scale.	Terminal FM output is 1440Hz.	Terminal AM output is 10V.	Output or display Output current Peak   Load meter Motor ex.	56
islog output of the FR-EPA or EPE option <del>ad</del> functions properly when the FR-EP	18 10187	eixe en	1980	1,			
National is not used, "22" may be set i a sption is not used, "22" may be set i tat on status upes not function and " <sup>11</sup>							

2. AM maximum output voltage is 10VDC. eldst grift See also p.118 for other settings of Pr. 54.

1.00.0000 - 00.00	anamaR	ionimet MA ,M7 Outer Nature	Pr. 54 891 Value	aat 19 autoV taa
and a second provide state of the	The calification Pr 900 value razy only he read acd written	Both the FM and AM terminals output the	t to 21	8690
	The calibration Pr. 901 value inay only 68 read and writen.	signsi set in Pr. 54.	TST of TOT	(taotory setting)
and the second	Both the collocation Pr. 900 and Pr. 901 volves can be read and written.	The FM terminal outputs the eignal set in Pr. 64. The AM terminal outpute the eignal set in Pr. 158.	101 to 121	F2 61 T

: When any of "1 to 21" has been set in Pr. 158, setting either any of "1 to 21" or any of "101 to 121" in Pr. 54 causes the same signal to be output from the FM terminal.

#### <Setting examples

To output the output frequency from the FM terminal and the output ourem the AM terrainal

· Set 1 in Pr. 54 (adjust the full-adale value in Pr. 55).

. Set 2 in Pr. 158 (adjust the full-scale value in Pr. 56)

For adjustment, see pages 64 to 56.

To automatically restart operation after instantaneous power failure/commercial power supplyinverter switch-over

Pr. 57 "coasting time for automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/commercial power supply-inverter ⇒ switch-over"

Pr. 58 "rise time for automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/commercial power supply-inverter switch-over"

- Allows the inverter to be restarted without stopping the motor (with the motor coasting) when the commercial power supply is switched to the inverter operation or when the power is restored after an instantaneous power failure. (When automatic restart operation is set to be enabled, the alarm output signal will not be switched on at the occurrence of an instantaneous power failure.)
- Pr. 57 "coasting time for automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/commercial power supply-inverter switch-over" Gereich

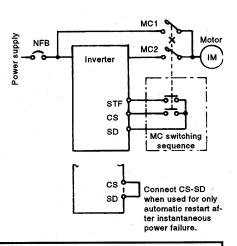
Set Value	omatic Restart Operation Enable/Disable
9999 (factory setting)	Disable
0, 0.1 to 5 seconds	Enable
182222/166-01	

Coasting time indicates a waiting time for automatic restart after power restoration.

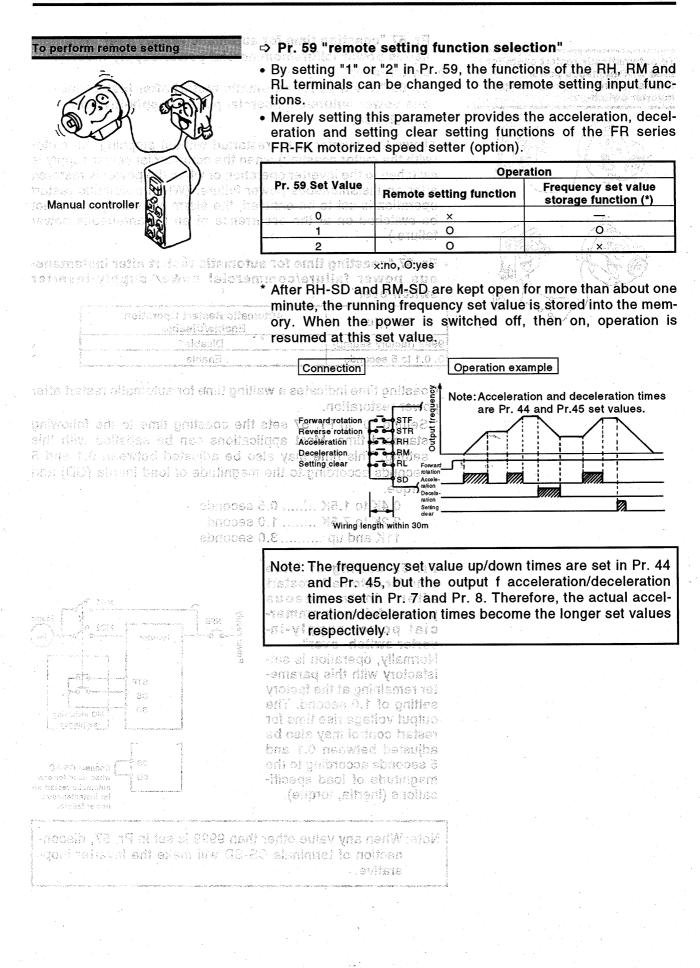
Setting "0" in Pr. 57 sets the coasting time to the following standard time. Most applications can be satisfied with this setting. This time may also be adjusted between 0.1 and 5 seconds according to the magnitude of load inertia (GD) and torque.

0.4K to 1.5K ...... 0.5 seconds 2.2K to 7.5K ...... 1.0 second 11K and up ...... 3.0 seconds

Ak. 19 ci tee ess zemit awob\qu eu**\cPrie58:setting**o**f .\rise** noitstelapablicitatelipos i judivo time for automatic restart Representations and and the Alfrend Anstantaneous caular los reproi erit emposed semit poweri failure/commercial power supply-inverter switch- over" Normally, operation is satisfactory with this parameter remaining at the factory setting of 1.0 second. The output voltage rise time for restart control may also be adjusted between 0.1 and 5 seconds according to the magnitude of load specifications (inertia, torque).



Note: When any value other than 9999 is set in Pr. 57, disconnection of terminals CS-SD will make the inverter inoperative.



- 122 --

Justed as if th ter, without r times and V/F operation imm (Note 1)	this pa e appro eeding patter nediate automa	arameter, opriate va to set t n. This o ly withou	the inverter is automa alue had been set in eac he acceleration and de peration mode is useful it making fine paramete lects appropriate param	h parame celeration to perform r settings
	Pr. 60 Set Value	Set Function	Operation	ically Set Parame- ters
	0 (factory setting)	Ordinary operation mode		_
the motor is decisiential for the form in the motor in the decisiential form the form of the decision time where the second form the second form the second form of t	ter" 11	Shortest accelera- tion/de- celeration mode	alarm (E.OV3). • Set value "1": current limit value 150% • Set value "2": current limit	Pr. 8 (Shortest)
<ul> <li>Constant</li> </ul>	0.9991 9391 11999	optimum accelera- tion/de- celeration mode	<sup>1</sup> value 180% The self-learning system automatically sets the boost value, acceleration and de- celeration times so that the current during acceleration/ deceleration is lower than the rated current of the in- verter. Optimum operation can be carried out by fully utilizing the inverter capabili- ties in the rated continuous range. Appropriate for applications	Pr. 0 Pr. 7 Pr. 8
difference between the shortest ecceleration	on <b>t</b> arol Mérek	Energy- saving mode	where the load will not vary largely. (Note 2) Tunes the inverter output voltage online so that the in- verter output voltage is mini- mized during constant -speed operation. (Note 6) Appropriate for energy- saving applications such as fan and pump.	Output voltage
IndecenceValueFemarics157157157157value21501502150value215021502150100%100%100%200%100%100%200%200%100%100%100%200%100%100%200%200%100%100%100%200%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%100%200%200%100%100%100%200%100%<	09 69	Elevator mode	Automatically controls the inverter output voltage so that the maximum torque can be delivered in the driv- ing and regenerative modes. Appropriate for a counter- balanced elevator. • Set value "5": current limit value 150% • Set value "6": current limit value 180%	Pr. 0 Pr. 13 (2Hz) Pr. 19

# - 123 -

Note: 1. When more accurate control is required for application, set parameters manually. 2. Because of the learning system, this control is not valid the first time. emstag Acae of Teelneed had euler 3. When the magnetic flux vector control has been selected using Pr. 80 and Pr. 81, the settings of the energy-saving mode and elevator mode are ignored. (Magnetic flux vector control has priority.) 4. If an overvoltage (OV3) trip has occurred during operation in the optimum acceleration/deceleration mode, reset Pr. 8 "deceleration time" to a slightly larger value and restart ing their operation in this mode. <sup>10</sup> . When any of "1 to 6" has been set in Pr. 60, the parameters dedicated to intelligent mode Pr. 61 to 64 are valid. Pr. 61 to 64, which need not be set unless required, may be set to improve performance. Set "0" in Pr. 60 to automatically set "9999" (factory setting) in Pr. 61 to 64. es of bariard of it notivities 6. When the motor is decelerated to a stop in the energy-saving -om ant elecuteophistoreleo mode, the deceleration time may become longer than the for in the annual time. The setting. hiokato-pool zaslani **tehev**ni Also, since an overvoltage is more likely to occur in this mode teatronis e la nontracticoala Hidagaa Run al guine amin than in the constant-torque load characteristic, set a longer socelet deceleration time. ties. During dessiveration, and (Shoriver) abimoli 7. The optimum acceleration/deceleration mode is only valid for .8.31 (stilldaget adent meioliken) (bashedd) - socalara ana shi asuaa kam the frequency setting of 30.01Hz or higher. alarm (F.OVS). Set value "1" otiment linit; Pr. 61 "reference current" To perform the intelligent mode ⇒ Pr. 62 "reference current for acceleration" operation with higher performance Pr. 63 "reference current for deceleration" Pr. 64 "starting frequency for elevator mode" ebitamétre Set these parameters to improve performance in the intelligent sieleo mode. ารทบจ Note: These parameters are valid only when any of "1 to 6" has been selected in Pr. 60. dsilde Pr. 61 Reference current (A) .egasi **Reference** Current Set Value di eseriy 9999 **Rated inverter current** (factory setting) Set value (rated motor current) 0 to 500A Pr. 62 Reference current for acceleration (%) The reference value setting can be changed. (The reference/value differs between the shortest acceleration/ ssindarddy as rises shellsoliqqa privez deceleration mode and optimum acceleration/deceleration fan and pump. mode.) Automatically controls line os egetiev lugiue retreviti Set Value **Reference Value** Remarks 150% (180%) is the limit Shortest acceleration/decelosn be delivered in the drive eration mode 9999 value. Ing and regenerative medica (factory setting) Optimum acceleration/decelnamiuco a tot stallgolggA 100% is the optimum value.

beisnered elevated. · Set value "6": outront limit W081 enley. Nast member 101 eurow 1+9 •

The set value of 0 to 200%

The set value of 0 to 200%

is the optimum value.

is the limit value.

eration mode

eration mode

eration mode

Shortest acceleration/decel-

Optimum acceleration/decel-

6000

0 to 200%

ake a nased bak bean a set	an .cor[	Set Value	Reference Value	Remarks
s al trip or bureshae.	2015/61	5 170(510) 66) <b>9999</b>	150% (180%) is the limit value.	Shortest acceleration/deceleration mode
teori oraș în anală analoșiă analoșiă Analoși și		(factory setting)	150% (180%) is the optimum value.	Optimum acceleration/deceleration mode
e - den e ser en	and the second	an al constant and an and a constant and an angle of a second second second second second second second second Second and a second s second the second sec	The set value of 0 to 200% is the limit value.	Shortest acceleration/deceleration mode
199 is d'sployed na the aethny. 110 is eet disployed. Okateløivie narebou of coster	of fet. I	ig <b>%005 of 0</b> read of the PL	The set value of 0 to 200% is the optimum value.	Optimum acceleration/deceleration mode

the Pt. 60 has singled, this function (factory setting) retarised affrection exide at the existence of er in Pr. 69 jo incremented by "1" clime ieli lutrescoute sa bebr

#### To limit the errors reset for retry

## tennus har r on't nan'i 1e ~10) E.OC1 Retry ti stit noi yel den is Renti Hear al a (Different fi

## 'yonesperi esse'' 6 na **(les** "nol/selong ine

ble bns! (AORL-32) and old be run continuously at 100% nder magnetic flux vector control A Without requiring the load speed, they can be runand within (euptor 2001) aug (6.to SOHE). The settings for ate diversion on trade ate orit beau ai tokent suptof-ins chequers must be chenged:

# ⇒ Pr. 65 "retry selection"

机管输机机机

0 to 10Hz

# and to mate of This parameter allows the selection of the errors reset for retry.

2Hz is the starting frequency.

starting frequency.

The set value of 0 to 10Hz is the

	not Errors Reset here				Set V	alues		
Inverter LED display	1 N 1	0 (factory setting)	1		2	3	4	5
E.OC1	OC During Acc	•	•			٠	•	
E.OC2	Stedy Spd Oc		•					
E.OC3	Oc During Dec	11 A A	•			•	•	•
E.OV1	Ov during Acc				•		•	
E.OV2	Stedy Spd Ov	antes coloradas	ur televice		•	•	•	
E.OV3	Ov During Dec	•			•			
E.IPF	Inst. Pwr. Loss	●<0:	29 29	10	noitee	e enti e	0 🔿 Sa	1.19>際
E.UVT	Under Voltage	•					•	
E. BE	Br. Cct. Fault			e Barra	i na na stran stan stan stan stan stan stan stan st	antinana ang Bilaning Polensi	1.1.1 <b>.</b>	in an
E. GF	Ground Fault		200				• • • • • • •	n estino.
E.OLT	Still Prev STP			-969 (SA		ana sana kana kata		•• 0493342000 + 24950 + 24
E.OPT	Option Fault	sid <b>e</b> ssi.	8 - Ø -					
ESPEC	Corrupt Memry	നട്രാ	6		Carl Mart			
ETHM	Motor Overload	5.6000	c) read					
EXTHING	Inv. Overload CO	A/Apa	J		V.NA	,		16 <u>77</u>
	OH Fault 1 Od 1	ni e <b>⊌</b> pro	NA C					
E. RET	Retry No. Over	on <b>e</b> ne:	þ.			a support of the second	suprot-36	Sonati.
	CPU Fault	ାର 🐑 ମହ	N.				1000	1
	1010ev XOR C	iBarloan	ĥ					

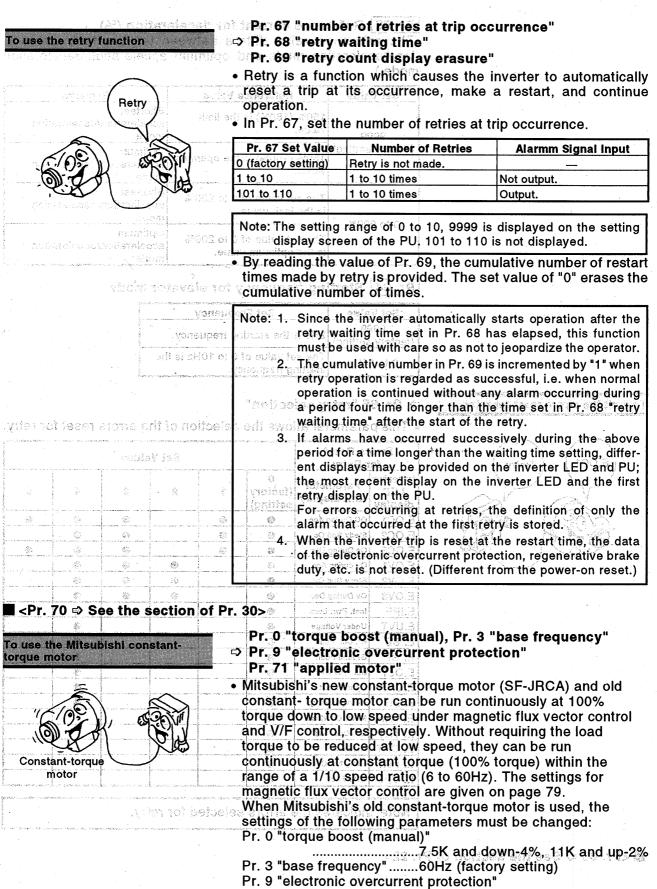
#### Note: indicates the errors selected for retry.

Pr. U "forqué inensi (manual)

# Pr. 66 ⇒ See the section of Pr. 22> yoneupon casd 5.19

Pr. 9 "electronic overcurrent protection"

Pr. 71 "applied motor"......set value "11



Pr. 71 "applied motor".....set value "1"

Note: When the old type 200V series 4-pole constant-torque motor (SF- JRC) is to be used, the special parameters must also be set in addition to the above parameters. For full information on the setting method, see page 79.

# no od deo (otenelostario

▷ Pr. 71 "applied motor"

o the colour freduction

• In accordance with the following table, set this parameter according to the motor used:

Pr. 71 Set Value	Characteristic of Electro	<b>Characteristic of Electronic Overcurrent Protection</b>				
0	For a general-purpose motor	(factory settin	ig) <sup>©</sup>			
1	For Baldor's constant-torque motor					
2	For a general-purpose motor 5-point flexible v/f characteristic					
20	MITSUBISHI Standard motor SF-JR (1.5kW or less)					
3	Standard motor	"Auto tuning setting" is				
13	Constant-torque motor					
23	MITSUBISHI Standard motor SF-JR (1.5kW or loss)					
4	Standard motor	Auto tuning data read/change				
14	Constant-torque motor					
24	MITSUBISHI Standard motor SF-JR (1.5kW or loss)	setting is ena	abled			
5	Standard motor	Star	Direct input of			
15	Constant-torque motor	connection	motor constants			
6	Standard motor	Delta	is enabled			
16	Constant-torque motor	connection				

Note: 1. For the adjustment of the 5-point flexible v/f characteristic, refer to page 94.

- 2. When "9999" has been set in Pr. 19, "2" cannot be set in Pr. 71. When "2" is selected in Pr. 71, set the appropriate value (other than "9999") in Pr. 19.
- 3. When "2" has been set in Pr. 71, the setting ranges of Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 are not displayed on the PU screen. At this time, if the set value of any of Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 is changed, the new set value is not dis-played in the "INITIAL VALUE LIST" and "CHANGE LIST".
- 4. Set "3" or "13" for auto tuning.
- 5. For full information on "4 to 6, 14 to 16" settings, see page 84.

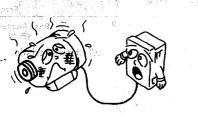
#### ⇒ Pr. 72 "PWM frequency selection"

• The FR-A series PWM carrier frequency of 14.5KHz can be changed by using Pr. 72 when this frequency must be changed due to the effect of motor/mechanical system resonance. Lowering the PWM carrier frequency will increase motor noise but reduce inverter-generated noise and leakage current.

so that noise and leakage current are reduced

To lower the PWM carrier frequency





To match the thermal characteristic

of the electronic overcurrent protec-

tion with the motor used

9 of 601 A

To set the ratio of the output volt-Victor equilibrio and no day wash age to the output frequency (V/F ⇒ Pr. 71 "applied motor", Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 characteristic) of the inverter as appropriate The ratio of the output voltage to the output frequency (V/F characteristic) can be chan- Base frequency ..... voltage (Pr.19) ged by linear interpolation 1183 **Output voltage** made between five points set 1. A. S. S. **Boost value** al entrol from V/F1 to V/F5. For the set-(Pr.0) Frequency ting method, see page 94. Base frequency Vavid to alternations. (Pr.3) Pr. 71 Sei Villue **Output frequency** tor a deneral success materi v/f characteristic or Bald<mark>or's constant-torune me</mark> What Porta general-purpose motor  $\leq$ 5-point flaxible wild pharacterist O MTSUBISHI Standard moto Standard motor Constant-torque motor 81 brebriste IHEIEHETtik 23 al to MAR. F.) AL-78 totain Piandard motor epositolibee istablishout star Constant-formus motor à } beldano ol enittea MFTSUBISHI Standard 2.0 to WHE.1) AL-FE totom 1st2 tolom basionsiS 3 io juqni teedili nollaennac Constant-forque moto sinus cos subar baidans al Standard moior 3 aoliosenao Consiant-forque motor 81 For the adjustment of the 5-point flexible vil charac-. Tietold

- tore: r. Por any surpsident of the population powers in plantation to page 94. 2. When "9999" has been set in Pr. 19, "2" cannot be set
- When 9999 has been set in Fig. 2, 22m of 56 bits in Pr. 71, When "2" is selected in Fig. 71, set the appropriate value (other than "9999") in Pr. 19.

NES .... PT

- 8. When "2" has been set to Pr. 71, the setting "anyse of Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 are not displayed on the PU screen. At this time, if the set value of any of Pr. 100 to Pr. 109 is changed; the new set value is not dis played in the "INITIAL VALUE LIST" and "CHANGE LIST".
  - -4, Set '3" or "13' for auto tuning.
- For full information on "4 to 6, 14 to 16" settings, see page 84.

To bus an disc PWER Sample Franciscus. Sa UKAF sublick kerd basis ing system. Charteologickari

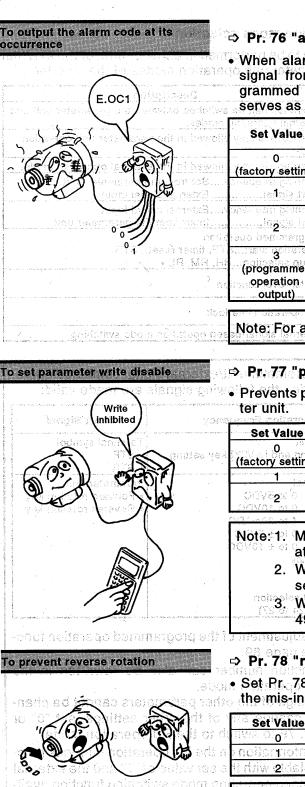


o Pr. 72 "PWM tracusnoy selection"

The FR-A series PWM carrier frequency of 14.5KHz can be changed by using Pr. 72 when this frequency must be changed due to the effect of motor/mechanical system resonance. Lowering the PWM carrier frequency will increase motor noise but reduce inverte-generated noise and leakage current.

- 강승의 같이라는 동 <u>가</u> 같이 되었어. Vind				nction to m			
60Hz	spec	fication	xiliary freq s of termin override fu	uency sett nals 1, 2, inction	ing termin and 4 and	al 1. Set I I the pres	the input ence/ab·
	egisi Apr. 73 Set Value	Terminal	Terminal 2 Input Voltage	Terminal 1 Input Voltage * 1	Terminal 4 Input, 4 to 20mA	Override Function * 2	Polarity Reversible
Auxiliary inp	out 1		* 0 to 10V	0 to ± 10V			· · · ·
terminal 1	2		* 0 to 5V * ,0 to 10V	0 to ± 10V 0 to ± 5V	S.S. Robert L.	×	*3
55 ST -	3		* 0 to 5V	0 to ± 5V	1.8142412421444		l a contra de la c
	4	No	0 to 10V 0 to 5V	*         0 to ± 10V           *         0 to ± 5V	×	0.000 (0.000) (1.000)	angari nga sunga. Dinaga kabur sa
- Adoliosiko enityskaa	10	109168 1	* 0 to 10V	0 to ± 10V			44116828
unit ide been disconnected	10 en en 11	t the PD	* 0 to 5V * 0 to 10V ○	0 to ± 10V ⊖ 0 to ± 5V	ali ya uzi dale nimenili i	rene star size sectores. X	-09993999399999999999999999999999999999
ange the level of an ange		ini , ien		0 to ± 5V			19 m 19 m
notionut (SEE renievol) teaet	erit er millt n	itoriu) a	0 to 10V	* 0 to ± 10V	en e	0	MAL II
	15		0 to 5V	* 0 to ± 5V 0 to ± 10V	· · · · ·	1990 T	a contra da la contra
n de la construcción de la constru La construcción de la construcción d	1		a çitere	0 to ± 10V	e (vi	1 ×	
t to detect the discoursection at the PU has been discon-		rametel fo.rut a	en this ps he PH th	0 to ± 5V 0 to ± 5V		0.051	*3
iquis mala na chistiaval shi kan		ie Yes of	0 to 10V		* O	0	1
uzeran kan haritari kenala kutu zutur meneruktura territari kan tara territari kan tara territari territari te Alfan dari	Tradisant water 5	antes - antes enatures	0 to 5V			1.	
建内颜色的	10 11		×	0 to ± 10V		×	
	12	]		0 to ± 5V	**************************************		0
	13	-	. 0 to 10V	0 to ± 5V			
- nitiv bounitrue ed tilv noticienol	. De <u>15</u>	<del>r</del> amoà înd	0 to 5V	(38) <b>  ×</b>	· · · ·	0	
	auc		e main sh	eed setting	Signal Of		<u>ог</u> <del>т</del> .
When the PU is discontestod, an arm is displayed and "is in- vener output is shut off. (N.C.)	nedw yin <b>ma</b> -Bos ei ati( <b>*3:-Ind</b>	in speed ) to 5V d icates tl	or 0 to 10V nat a nega	id 2 is for th '). itive-polarit	ne override	signal (50	) to 150%
an anns is diaptayad and "he fri- yaner outpodie shut off. (Nun) he RES-SQ during operation	amny when ) ta is act- bnl:8* 1:8is termina	in speed to 5V c icates th not acce	I setting an or 0 to 10V nat <sup>o</sup> a nega pted.	id 2 is for th '). itive-polarit	ne override	signal (50	) to 150%
an arm is displayed and the in- lyaner outpod is shut oft. (Notr) Is RES-SD during oberation the signal is on, the data of nd reginariative braice (Wy is a stop.	nin when the is soll- ind: <b>Start</b> ind: termina vetore teo/e too ted to	in speed to 5V c icates th not acce 1. × in 2. To c max	I setting an or 0 to 10V nat a nega pted. dicates tha change the imum freq	d 2 is for th ). tive-polarit 성 ti a signal i maximum juency com	y frequences s not acces output freamand volt	signal (50 cy comma ppted. squency w age (curre	) to 150% nd signa when the ent) has
an anni e displayed and the In- lyaner outpools shut oft. (Nuth) Is RES-SD during oberation the signal is on, the data of nd reginariative brake (luty is a stop.	miny when bits is acti- brit:S* 182: termina autout while store ted to been discon	in speed o to 5V o icates th not acce 10 × in 201To o max bed gain	I setting an or 0 to 10V nat a nega pted. dicates the change the imum freq n input, us	id 2 is for th ). tive-polarit v8 at a signal i maximum uency com a the freque	y frequences s not acces output freamand volt	signal (50 cy comma ppted. squency w age (curre	) to 1509 nd signa then the ent) has
an ann is displayed and the the lyaner outpools shut off. (N.D.) Is RGS-SQ during operation the signal is on, the data of nd reginarative triake duty is a stop.	miny when bits is self- ball:5* 1.2 stermina store termina store termina store termina store termina store termina store a store	in speed o to 5V o icates th tot acce 1x in 201 To o max beel bsi beel gain	I setting an or 0 to 10V nat a nega pted., dicates tha change the imum freq n input, us , Pr. 903 (	id 2 is for th ). tive-polarit ve at a signal i maximum juency com e the freque (Pr. 905).	y frequences s not acces output free mand volt ency settin	signal (50 cy comma ppted. aquency w age (curre g voltage (	) to 1509 nd signa when the ent) has current)
an arror is displayed and the the yener outpools shut off. (Non) to RES-SQ during operation the signal is on, the data of nd reginizative braike duty is a stop. neered from initial start, this tion judges that the PU is	amity when bits is acti- bril:S* bril:S* beinet white store termina store terton a s coa ited to been discon d as a n alarm	in speed o to 5V o icates the ot acce 20 To c max bed gain At the occurrence	I setting an prot to 10V hat a nega pted., dicates tha change the change the cimum freq n input, us n, Pr. 903 ( his time, th	id 2 is for th ). tive-polarit v8 at a signal i maximum uency com a the freque	y frequences s not acces output free mand volt ency settin	signal (50 cy comma ppted. aquency w age (curre g voltage (	) to 1509 nd signa when the ent) has current)
an ann is displayed and the the lyaner outpools shut off. (N.D.) Is RGS-SQ during operation the signal is on, the data of nd reginarative triake duty is a stop.	amity when bits is acti- bril:S* bril:S* beinet white store termina store terton a s coa ited to been discon d as a n alarm	in speed o to 5V o icates the not acce 1 × ind 20 To o max beel gain At the be he of Also	I setting an or 0 to 10V nat a nega pted., dicates that change the imum freq n input, us n, Pr. 903 ( nis time, th nput. o, the acce	d 2 is for th ). tive-polarit ve at a signal i maximum juency com e the freque (Pr. 905). ne comman	e override y frequence output fre amand volt ency settin d voltage oceleration	signal (50 cy comman opted. equency w age (curre g voltage ( (current) n time, whi	to 150% nd signa then the ent) has current) need not ch is an
an arm is displayed and the the yenter outpools shut oft. (Non) is RES-SD during oberation the signal is on, the data of nd reginalities braite duty is a atom. The moved for more that U is removed for more than sed. this function can also	amity when the is acti- boll Statt 1.2 starmina cetore termina stated to boan diacon d as a n alarm boan the P action defec when the P 1.015 is n	in speed o to 5V o icates the ot acce 1. × ind 20 To o max 20 To o max bee bee gain At the bee bee bee bee bee bee bee bee bee b	I setting an or 0 to 10V hat a nega pted., dicates that change the imum freq n input, us n Pr. 903 ( his time, th nput. b, the acce nation up	id 2 is for th ). tive-polarit v8 at a signal i a maximum juency com e the freque (Pr. 905). ne comman	e override y frequence s not acce output fre and voltage d voltage eceleration/c	signal (50 cy comman opted. oquency w age (curre g voltage ( (current) n time, whi leceleratio	to 150% nd signa when the ent) has current) need not ch is an on refer-
an anni is displayed and the the yenter outpools shut oft. (Nuch) is RES-SD during oberation the signal is on, the data of nd reginalities on the data of a stop. a stop. the moved for more than U is removed for more than sed, this function can also rm display of the FR-FUOTE	miny when miny when the is acti- action a action at a con bean diacon bean diacon bean diacon beation deter hettor deter action deter beation de	in speed o to 5V o icates the ot acce 1	I setting an or 0 to 10V nat a nega pted., dicates that change the imum freq n input, uso , Pr. 903 ( nis time, the nput. o, the acce nation up e frequence setting.	ad 2 is for th tive-polarit va at a signal i maximum juency com a the freque (Pr. 905). he comman eleration/de to the acc ey, is not a	e override y frequence s not acce output fre mand volt ency settin d voltage eceleration/c ffected by	signal (50 cy comman opted. equency w age (curre g voltage ( (current) n time, whi leceleration the chang	to 150% nd signa when the ent) has current) need not ch is an on refer- je of Pr.
an arror is displayed and the the yenter outpools shut off. (Nuch) to RES-SQ during operation the signal is on, the data of nd regimenative braice duty is a ston. Nion judges that the PU is U is removed for more than the display of the FR-PU01E myener LED is "CRUE".	<b>sm</b> ity when <b>bits</b> is acti- <b>bits</b> is acti- <b>bit::S*</b> <b>1.2i</b> s termina <b>1.2i</b> s termina <b>1.2i</b> s termina <b>1.2i</b> s termina <b>5.00</b> defend to a a termina been diacon defendent to a termina to a termina e that of the f	in speed o to 5V o icates the ot acce 1. × ind 20 To o max beel Sain At the Also incli enci 3. The indi	I setting an or 0 to 10V nat a nega pted. dicates that change the imum freq n input, us n, Pr. 903 ( nis time, the ngut. b, the acce nation up e frequence setting. set value cates the r	Id 2 is for th tive-polarit ve at a signal is maximum juency com the freque (Pr. 905). ne comman eleration/de to the acc	e override y frequence s not acce output fre amand volt ency settin d voltage eceleration/c ffected by s the facto l setting.	signal (50 cy comman opted. equency w age (curre g voltage ( (current) n time, whi leceleration the chang ory setting	to 150% nd signa when the ent) has current) need not ch is an on refer- je of Pr. . The <b>*</b>

Stable operation cannot be performed due to noise	թ.թ. 74 "inթւ	ut filter time consta	nt"
	external volta	age or current freque	n filter time constant in the ency setting signal input sec- ise in the frequency setting
		le to noise A large	if stable operation cannot be or set value results in lower
Potentiomet	V8 ⇒ 010 V8 010 0 V01 + 010 ≪ V01 010	<u> </u>	A Barnimet 's continued 's
detection	toru vera		onnection detection
	Value of from the inve Value of stop. Also, th Value of to be selecte	rter, this function br is function allows the	unit) has been disconnected ings the inverter to an alarm reset (terminal RES) function
	of the PU, th	is function detects t	et to detect the disconnection hat the PU has been discon- s the inverter to an alarm stop.
	V8 01 0 V01 ± 010 Pr. 75 V01 ± 010 Set × V8 ± 010 Value		ription
	(factory Fieset in setting)	put normally enabled. *	Operation will be continued with
squarcy setting input) is	the protection of the protecti	put enabled only when ective function is acti-	the PU disconnected.
	vo entroi (LS bris Reset in 3 V0 the prot	put normally enabled. put enabled only when ective function is acti-	When the PU is disconnected, an error is displayed and the in- verter output is shut off. (Note)
teoned when the	* By short-circ the-inverter-s on al langle electronic ov	uiting across termina shuts-off-output while ercurrent protection a	als RES-SD during operation, the signal is on, the data of and regenerative brake duty is
d (inerus) vortage (our and ) oc	uner aun merit merit merit er		
fon been (in wo) and		ot defined as an alarr	nnected from initial start, this n. ction_judges_that_the_PU_is_
ration which is an	disco	onnected when the F cond.	2U is removed for more than
North Contraction	BBB is "E	sed. Note that the ala 	used, this function can also arm display of the FR-PU01E inverter LED is "E.PUE".
ing.	tos beeds nism offit store	the PU is connected	et the inverter after checking securely. d to a stop when the BLL is
antikan kawa kanakaran kara a	vend lise (di not 200 line) disc set i	onnected during PU	jog operation with "2" or "3" is not brought to a stop at
	terre and the second	· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



#### ⇒ Pr. 76 "alarm code output selection"

When alarm occurs, its code can be output as a 4-bit digital signal from the open collector output terminals. When programmed operation has been selected, this parameter also serves as a group operation signal output.

Set Value	The Test Alexand	Output	Output Terminals				
Set value	SU	IPF	OL	FÚ			
0 (factory setting)	Depends on th	e output term	nal assignment	(Pr. 40).			
narion corran Statist	Alarm code bit 3	Alarm code bit 2	Alarm code bit 1	Alarm code bit 0			
ne pait primum In <mark>2</mark> cle hal? Page benerenger?	Normal operat	(same	tion status signa as set value "0" code signal				
b. Schwerzen um der sterner weiten in	(Nota 2)						

Note: For alarm codes, see page 70.

#### ⇒ Pr. 77 "parameter write disable selection"

· Prevents parameter values from being written from the parame-152

Set Value	Write Disable Function
0 (factory setting)	Parameter write enable (only at stop in PU operation mode) (Note 1)
and a second	Parameter write disable (Note 2)
00V8200 8-5	Parameter write also enabled during operation in PU opera- tion or external operation mode (Note 3)
MALLAND WAR 23	
Note: 1: Mon	itor-related parameters Pr. 51 to Pr. 56 can be set ny time.
	e is allowed for Pr. 77 and Pr. 79 "operation mode

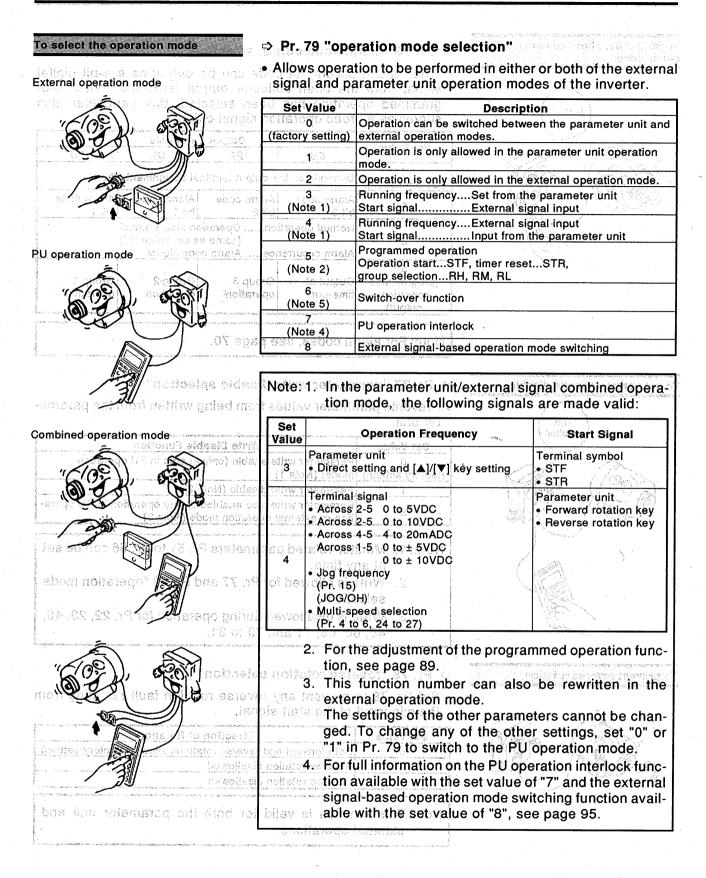
- selection".
- <sup>noi</sup> 3. Write is disallowed during operation for Pr. 22, 23, 48, 49, 60, 66, 71 and 79 to 81.

⇒ Pr. 78 "reverse rotation selection"

• Set Pr. 78 to prevent any reverse rotation fault resulting from the mis-input of the start signal. میں منابع

	6			
1888	A DAY	nt toi	Set Value	Direction of Rotation
steq		is or d		Both forward and reverse rotations allowed (factory setting)
i QHE	RA	ನೆ ಕಡೆಕೆ ಗ	no notismito ni lla	Reverse rotation disallowed
	Louid	V IQE S	s it drive <b>2</b> deliev	Forward rotation disallowed
	- Nive of	on ro	New Concernance and	

spections, "6" to our Note: This function is valid for both the parameter unit and external operations.



- 132 -



 The programmed operation function allows 10 types of operation starting time of day, direction of rotation and running fredesign the selected three set individually for each of the selected three have the function allows the inverter to be automatically run in the preset operation schedule and operation pattern. If a power failure occurs, operation can be continued without corrupting the set schedule by installing the FR-EPD automatic control compatible unit. This unit contains a backup battery.

> When the PU operation interlock signal is switched off, the PU operation interlock function forcibly switches the operation mode to the external operation mode. This function prevents the inverter from not starting operation under the external command if the mode is left unswitched from the PU operation mode.

# ⇒ Pr. 80 "motor capacity", Pr. 81 "number of motor poles"

 Set these parameters to perform operation in the magnetic flux vector control mode. To select the magnetic flux vector control mode, set the applied motor capacity in Pr. 80 and the number of motor poles (2, 4, 6) in Pr. 81.

When the constant-torque motor is used, set "1" (constanttorque motor) in Pr. 71 "applied motor".

For more information, see page 79.

#### ⇒ Pr. 145 "parameter unit language switching"

Allows selection of the language displayed on the FR-PU02ER/ FR-ARWER four-language parameter (copy) unit (option).

Set Value	Language Displayed
<u> </u>	English (factory setting)
0100	German
ି <u></u> 2 ି	French
1997 1997.	Spanish

Note: This function is invalid when the FR-PU02. FR-PU02E or FR-ARW parameter (copy) unit is used.

# ⇒ Pr. 155 "terminal RT activated condition selection"

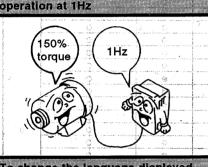
 The condition activated by the second control function selection (terminal RT) can be selected.

Pr. 155 Set Value	Second Control Function Condition
0 (factory setting)	Immediately activated and deactivated according to the signal ON/OFF of terminal RT.
iq ent 🖓 "(tota	Activated only when the signal of terminal RT is ON at constant speed. (The function is not activated during
Lin4 eni biose Attaine anno 19	acceleration/deceleration if the signal of terminal RT is ON.)

Note: "1" or "11" is for exclusive use by the manufacturer and must not be set.

I <Pr. 83, Pr. 84, Pr. 96 ⇒ For the setting method, see page 81>

.2013:022

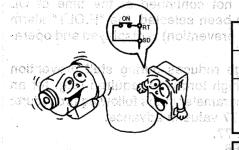


To achieve 150% torque for

To change the language displayed on the parameter unit

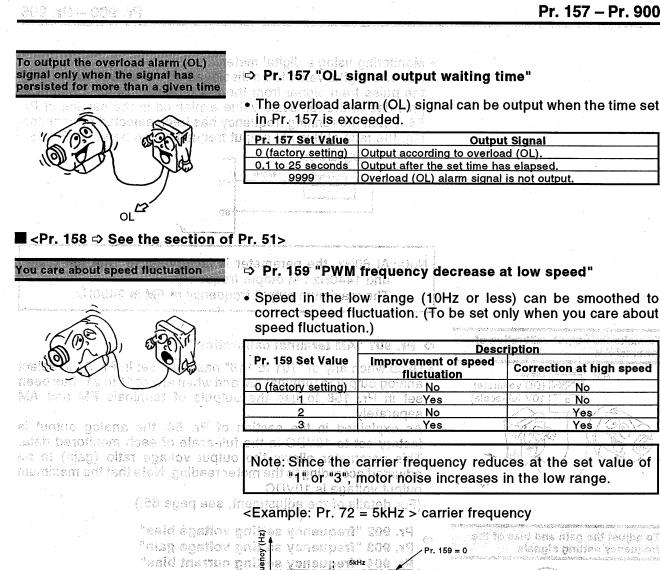
and the second	Contraction of the state of the	and a second second second
	Q.	ି ।
	Q	0
3	()	8
ą.	0	0
ر المراجع المراجع	<u>.</u>	ê –
£	D	\$ <u>2</u>
C.	ι.ģi	0.1
na antina anti	<u>5</u> 9	0
3	96. 1	े –
5	(P)	οL
	$\delta_T^{ij}$	69 <b>–</b>
	2	\$
$\hat{a}_{S}^{i}$	- <u>0</u>	4
1	1.	. 9.

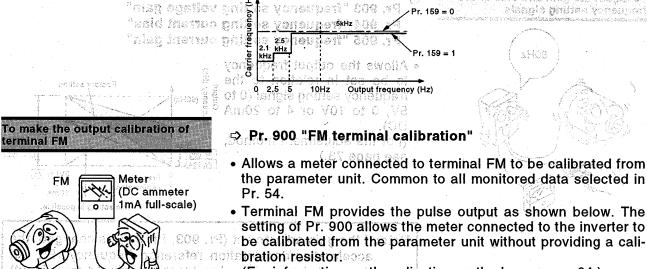
#### To change the condition activated by the second control function seection (terminal RT)



ariav suoivard ari

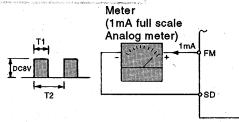
	Pr. 156 Set Value	Current Limit Function Selection r. 156 O Activated O Activated O	Fast- Response     Stall Prevention Selection       Current Limit     Function       Function     Selection       .156     O Activated	Fast- Response     Stall Prevention Selection     OL Sign Ourrent Limit       Function Selection     O Activated     O Oper	Stall Prevention Selection		OL Signal Output O Operation continued	Factory Setting
stango op selates vition) i 12 augent seltost ch'Elstérn se 13 anos 16 al colet seltosterniter	vitativ Asteta Indon	e noixe e naie tan m	During acceleration	During	During deceleration	• Operation not continued *		
at the Pt operation reade		115 F 4	235 256 256 3 2	speed			ļ	
n kan antan san kawaran ke kejar sin sa sekatik satan terawa T	<u> </u>	o de de	000000	··· 0	0	0		
	1 2	•	•	0	0	0 0	a ensoening op	
Testori useban fa dalahan fa se	2	suscentoro		0 0	0	0		
	4	0	0	• <b>0</b> • ≈	0	o de la companya de l	an ann ann a' ann a'	
torn, aperadorf in the magnetic fit	5	Najar <mark>o</mark> Stat	<u> </u>	1946 - 19 1977 - 19 19	0	<u> </u>	1	
the magnetic flaw vector control	6	.soconon	300 0000	V •	0	10 / 1012		
capacity in Fr. 30 and the escab	0.764	alice off	jos ∳spo	12 C	0	o a		
	9 8 3	10 activ	െറ്റാവ	୍ତ୍	. •	0	Y	
reterior te baes et miorn	41. 914A	ding Dans	adi Onadi	61 O	• • <u>.</u>	0	_	
	. 10	0	•	0	( <u> </u>	o />	<b>.</b>	
2014년 1월 201 1월 2014년 1월 2	11	•	•	0	•	<u>, o</u>	1.3	
	12	0	o	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	•	0		
	13	•	0	•	2.00	0 10	0	
	14	0	•	•	•	<u> </u>	-	
	15 16	•	15 93 % Or	• Report	●   ≪0	•	<u>- 1999</u> 1997 - 1997	
Controlwa epan <b>on</b>	10		0	0	0	VALUE IN INCOMENTS	2 (4) ( 4) 8 - 1033 ( 4)	
SUUS-RS out an Eavelach ensi	0018 Q	lin onitae	iaa <b>e</b> wrdi	() - O, (***	l		in nin tiesent	
alle more construction).	19	nat <b>e</b> at C	ratazi● a ikr	0	0	•		
Historical and Coloral Hardenson	20	0	Ó	•	0	•		
on a serie category and the series of the se	21				0	•		
and the second	-22	0	n anna an 1975 ¥ − 11 - 12 - 12 - 12 Na anna an 12 - 19 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 -	•	0	•	`	
Contrac A	0,023/ D	lighaje.			0	•	-l	
and the second state of th	24 /1	ma£lo	0	0	•	•	4	
	25	en se a la l	<u></u> O	0	•	• • •	-	
	26	0	Ex.	0	•	•	- 11	
По на са своителнителните на постатите се бото на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на селото на на постатите на селото на селото селото се областите се областите на селото на селото на селото на селото на се	27	n and a start of the start of the The start of the start	T ATTALOU AND ROMANNA	unera O	•	•	-	
when the FR-PUGS, PH-PUG	28 29	o el noener	0		•		1	
The second se	28	198 2320 - 33633 1992 - 232 - 6 1837 - 7	<u>10000.013</u> \_01●				-	
USUS II MINS IN COURSE IN CONTRACTOR AND A	30 2	n <u>i sabel sites⊻ itali ini</u> La conter o de <b>≜</b> orectores en	n al se de à entre de la conserva de					
		0	0	0	0	Ō	man and a second	
	100 D	•	•	•	asi eige	o e	2813	
"noliceles autibaco beim	D: Driv	ing R: Re	egenerati	ve		i de la Sidore GACONIS M		
the escand control function =			ionos en "Operativ	n not o	ontinuad	at the time	in - Maria	
1901). serves enserver	Note:					, the "E.OLT"		
astituen netten formelen	6098.	code (s	stop by st			lisplayed and o		
effi el phinocon cesavionet: bris beis TR isnienet	রার্ড পুরু ৮ মন্দ্রতার			age red	uces dur	ing stall prev	entio	
en the eigned of jamit of RT is ON of The function is not not stad during terration if the virgual of reminal RT is	roely vit speed, tenidee	i elevato	r), set the	e parame	eter in the	equired (e.g. following proc		
ороди и служите на селектира и служите на селектира и служите на селектира и служите на селектира и служите на Волого и служите на селектира на селектира на селектира на селектира на селектира на селектира и служите на сел Поста на селектира на	n an an Anna an Anna Anna An Anna Anna A	2. Set	"701" in l	Pr. 77.	ue in adv	ance.		
	Hoxo n	3. Set	"1" in Pr.	156. ' to the p		· .		



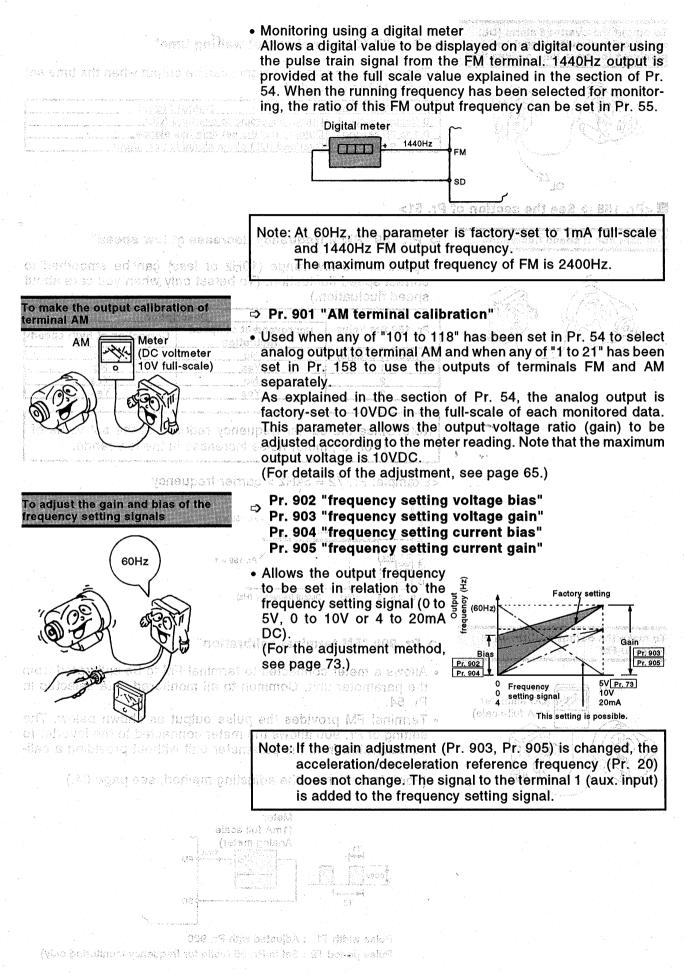


isogle (For information on the adjusting method, see page 64.)

spara antheo venerations out of people of



Pulse width T1 : Adjusted with Pr. 900 Pulse period T2 : Set in Pr. 55 (valid for frequency monitoring only)



- 136 -

Motor slip is calculated on the basis of iq during V/F control to make slip compensation.

iq: torque component current

• The output frequency is raised in the driving load mode and is lowered in the regenerative load mode. Related parameters

Pr. No.	Function	Setting Range	Increments	Factory Setting	Remarks
107	Slip compensation selection	0, 10	_	0	0—no slip comp. 10—slip comp. selected If Pr. 77=2, write during operation is disabled
89	Speed control gain	0 to 1000.0%	0.1%	100.0%	*1

Pr. 107 This parameter selects the FR-A's slip compensation function which will improve speed regulation.

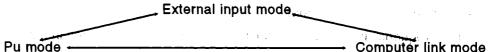
Pr. 89 Use Pr. 89 to adjust the slip compensation value. This parameter determines the amount of speed correction that the slip compensation function will add. Experimentation is usually required.

- \*1: Pr. 89 is also used for magnetic flux vector control.
  Pr. 89 setting value can be read under the following conditions.
  801 is in Pr. 77 and 9999 is not in Pr. 80 and Pr. 81.
  - 10 is in Pr. 107.
- \*2: Motor slip is calculated on the assumption that the motor capacity is equal to the inverter capacity and the motor pole number is 4 when 10 is set in Pr. 107 with 9999 in Pr. 80 or 9999 in Pr. 81.

\*3: Set values other than 9999 in Pr. 80 and in Pr. 81 to give priority to magnetic flux vector control.

\*4: Slip compensation does not work at the output frequency of 120 Hz and above.

This function allows the operation mode to be switched during operation as follows:



Use Pr. 79-6 to set the switch-over mode.

Example

Computer (or external) operation<sup>(A)</sup>  $\rightarrow$  PU operation<sup>(B)</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Computer (or external) operation

- A: The speed command used for operation in the computer (or external) mode is switched to the speed command to be used for operation in the PU mode. The operation command used for operation in the computer (or external) mode is switched to the operation command to be used for operation in the PU mode.
- B: The speed command used for operation in the PU mode is switched to the speed command to be used for operation in the computer mode (or the set speed of the external potentiometer). The operation command used for operation in the PU mode is switched to the operation command in the computer mode (or the external operation command).

	Nodes	Switching Statue					
	Switching	(Pr. 79=0 to 5 aforementioned)	(Pr. 79=6)				
1	External to PU	Only during stop, operation via PU	During stop, during operation, operation via PU	<ul> <li>The data of the external op- eration mode is used un- changed for operation in the PU mode.</li> </ul>			
2	External to computer	Only during stop, computer op- eration	During stop, during operation, computer operation (*1)	<ul> <li>The data of the external op- eration mode is used un- changed for operation in the computer mode.</li> </ul>			
3	PU to external	Only during stop, operation via PU	During stop, during operation, operation via PU	<ul> <li>The set value of the external variable resistor and the start command on mode switching are used.</li> </ul>			
4	PU to computer	Only during stop, PU operation is performed to enter the exter- nal mode and computer opera- tion is then performed.	During stop, during operation, computer operation (direct) (code E1 0003)	• The data of the PU mode is used unchanged for operation in the computer mode.			
5	Computer to external	Only during stop, computer op- eration (code E1 0001 shifts to the PU/external normal mode)	During stop, during operation, computer operation (*1)	<ul> <li>The set value of the external variable resistor and the start command on mode switching are used.</li> </ul>			
6	Computer to PU	Only during stop, computer + PU operation	During stop, during operation, computer operation, PU opera- tion	<ul> <li>The data of the computer mode is used unchanged for operation in the PU mode.</li> </ul>			

\*1: External to (PU, computer): Operation is performed with the STF/STR state shifted to the forward/reverse operation and the external setting f (example: 0-5V, multi-speed, etc.) shifted to the speed in the PU or computer mode.

- \*2: (PU, computer) to external: Operation is performed according to the speed setting and STF/STR of the external input on mode switching.
- \*3: (PU, computer) to external (STOP terminal ON):3-wire operation is performed with the forward/reverse operation in the PU mode used unchanged.
- \*4: When any mode is switched to the other during operation, the reset code is sent to the PU once and the communication error alarm is displayed but this is not a fault.
- \*5: The jog operation should be selected or reset from the PU during stop.

(Note) 1. When 6 is set in Pr. 79, PI control will not operate.

- 2. When "PU operation mode" is assigned to the output terminal, the signal is output as soon as the mode is switched to the PU mode during operation and stop.
- 3. This function is not available for the PU01E.

MEMO

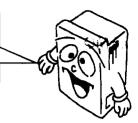
## MEMO

MEMO

(1,2) = (1,2) + (1,2

and the second second second

The transistorized inverter is a static unit consisting mainly of semiconductor devices. Daily inspection must be performed to prevent any fault from occurring due to adverse influence by the installation environment, such as temperature, humidity, dust, dirt and vibration, changes in the parts with time, service life, and other factors.



## 27-1 Precautions for Maintenance and Inspection

For some 5minutes time after the power is switched off, the smoothing capacitor remains at a high voltage. Before accessing the inverter for inspection, make sure that the charge lamp is off and check that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P-N of the inverter is 30VDC or less using a tester, etc. (For the location of the charge lamp, see the terminal block arrangement on page 175.)

## 27-2 Check Items

#### — (1) Daily inspections -

- Check the following:
  - (1) Motor operation fault
  - (2) Improper installation environment
  - (3) Cooling system fault
  - (4) Unusual vibration and noise
  - (5) Unusual overheat and discoloration
- During operation, check the inverter input voltages using a tester.

## — (2) Periodic maintenance and inspection —

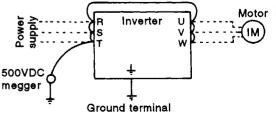
- Check the areas inaccessible during operation and requiring period inspection.
  - (1) Cooling system..... Clean the air filter, etc.
  - (2) Screws and bolts..... Check that they are securely tightened and retighten as necessary.
  - (3) Conductors and insulating materials......Check for corrosion and damage.
  - (4) Insulation resistance...... Measure.
  - (5) Cooling fan, smoothing capacitor, relay....Check and change if necessary.

Note: Have a proper understanding of the definitions of power and alarm indications provided for the transistorized inverter. Also, have a proper understanding of the settings of electronic overcurrent protection, etc. and record the set values. (Enter the values into the Customer Set Value section of the "Parameter List" on page 98.)

See the next page for the Inspection List.

#### - (3) Insulation resistance test using megger -

- (1) Before performing the insulation resistance test using a megger on the external circuit, disconnect the cables from all terminals of the inverter so that the test voltage is not applied to the inverter.
- (2) For the continuity test of the control circuit, use a tester (high resistance range) and do not use the megger or buzzer.
- (3) For the inverter, conduct the insulation resistance test on the main circuit only as shown on the right and do not perform the test on the control circuit. (Use a 500VDC megger.)



Anna at	Increation			Interv	al			
Area of Inspection	Inspection Item	Description	Daily	Pe	riodic	Method	Criterion	Instrument
				1 year	2 years			
Canada	Surrounding environment	Check ambient temperature, humidity, dust, dirt, etc.	0			See note on page 13.	Ambient temperature: -10°C to +50°C, non-freezing. Ambient humidity: 90% or less, non-condensing.	Thermometer hygrometer, recorder
General	Overall unit	Check for unusual vibration and noise.	0.			Visual and auditory checks.	No fault.	
	Power sup- ply voltage	Check that main circuit voltage is normal.	0			Measure voltage across inverter terminals R-S-T	170 to 242V (323 to 506V) 50Hz 170 to 253V (323 to 506V) 60Hz	Tester, digital multimeter
	General	<ol> <li>Check with megger (across main cirduit terminals and ground terminal).</li> <li>Check for loose screws and bolts.</li> <li>Check for overheat on each part.</li> <li>Clean.</li> </ol>		0 0 0	0	<ol> <li>Dîsconnect all cables from inverter and mea- sure across terminals R, S, T, U, V, W and ground terminal with megger.</li> <li>Retighten.</li> <li>Visual check.</li> </ol>	(1) 5MΩ or more. (2); (3) No fault:	500VDC class megger
	Conductors, cables	<ol> <li>Check conductors for distortion.</li> <li>Check cable sheaths for breakage.</li> </ol>		0 0		(1), (2) Visual check.	(1), (2) No fault.	
	Terminal block	Check for damage.		0		Visual check	No fault	
Main oircuit	inverter module Converter module	Check resistance across terminals.			, o	Disconnect cables from inverter and measure across terminals R, S, T $\leftrightarrow$ P, N, and across U, V, W $\leftrightarrow$ P, N with tester × 1Ω range.	(See the next page.)	Analog tester
	Smoothing capacitor	<ol> <li>Check for liquid leakage.</li> <li>Check for safety valve projection and butge.</li> <li>Measure electrostatic capacity.</li> </ol>	0	0	:	(1), (2). Visual check. (3) Measure with capacity meter.	<ul> <li>(1), (2) No fault.</li> <li>(3) 85% or more of rated capacity.</li> </ul>	Capacity meter
	Relay	<ol> <li>Check for chatter during operation.</li> <li>Check for rough surface on contacts.</li> </ol>		0 0		<ol> <li>Auditory check.</li> <li>Visual check.</li> </ol>	(1) No fault. (2) No fault.	
	Resistor	<ol> <li>Check for crack in resistor insulation.</li> <li>Check for open cable.</li> </ol>		0 0		<ol> <li>Visual check. Cement re- sistor, wire-wound resis- tor.</li> <li>Disconnect one end and measure with tester.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>No fault.</li> <li>Error should be within ± 10% of indicated resis- tance value.</li> </ol>	Tester, digital multimeter
Control circuit Protective circuit	Operation check	<ol> <li>Check balance of output voltages across phases with inverter operated independently.</li> <li>Perform sequence protec- tive operation test to make sure of no fault in protective and display cir- cuits.</li> </ol>		0		<ol> <li>Measure voltage across inverter output terminals U-V-W</li> <li>Simulatively connect or disconnect inverter protective circuit output terminals.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Phase-to-phase voltage balance within 4V (8V) for 200V (400V).</li> <li>Fault must occur because of sequence.</li> </ol>	Digital multimeter, rectifier type voltmeter
Cooling system	Cooling fan	<ol> <li>Check for unusual vibra- tion and noise.</li> <li>Check for loose connec- tion.</li> </ol>	0	0		<ol> <li>Turn by hand with power off.</li> <li>Retighten.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Smooth rotation.</li> <li>No fault.</li> </ol>	
Display	Display	<ol> <li>Check for LED lamp blown.</li> <li>Clean.</li> </ol>	0	0		<ol> <li>Lamps indicate indicator lamps on panel.</li> <li>Clean with rag.</li> </ol>	(1) Check that lamps are lit.	
	Meter	Check that reading is normal.	0			Check reading of meters on panel.	Must satisfy specified and management values.	Voltmeter, ammeter, etc.
Motor	General	<ol> <li>Check for unusual vibra- tion and noise.</li> <li>Check for unusual odor.</li> </ol>	0 0			<ol> <li>Auditory, sensory, visual checks.</li> <li>Check for unusual odor due to overheat, damage, etc.</li> </ol>	(1), (2) No fault.	ammo.or, 8(C.
	Insulation resistance	Check with megger (across terminals and ground termi- nal).			0	Disconnect cables from U, V, W, including motor cables.	5MΩ or more.	500V megger

Daily and Periodic Inspection

÷

Note: The value for the 400V series is indicated in the parentheses.

# Checking the inverter and converter modules. Preparation>

- (1) Disconnect the external power supply cables (R, S, T) and motor cables (U, V, W): -
- (2) Prepare a tester. (Use  $1\Omega$  range.)

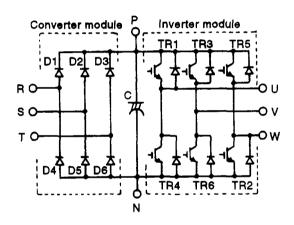
#### <Checking method>

Change the polarity of the tester alternately at the inverter terminals R, S, T, U, V, W, P and N, and check for continuity.

- Note: 1. Before measurement, check that the smoothing capacitor is discharged, change lamp is out.
  - 2. At the time of continuity, the measured value is several to several ten ohms depending on the module type, circuit tester type, etc. If all measured values are almost the same, the modules are without fault.

$\[\]$			rter arity	Measured Value	$\sum$		eter arity	Measured
		Ð	Θ	Value	LN	Ð	θ	
eli	D1	R	Ρ	Discontinuity	D4	R	N	Continuity
module		Ρ	R	Continuity	L <b>'</b> 4	N	R	Discontinuity
	D2	S	Ρ	Discontinuity	D5	S	N	Continuity
Converter	02	Ρ	S	Continuity		N	S Discontinu	
ž	D3	T	Ρ	Discontinuity	D6	T	N	Continuity
ပီ	03	Ρ	Т	Continuity		N	Т	Discontinuity
٩	TR1	U	Ρ	Discontinuity	TB4	U	N	Continuity
elubom	1.41	Ρ	U	Continuity		N	N U Disconti	
	TR3	٧	Ρ	Discontinuity	TR6	٧	N	Continuity
ē	183	Ρ	V	Continuity		N	V	Discontinuity
Inverter	TR5	W	Ρ	Discontinuity	TR2	W	N	Continuity
<u>ے</u>	149	Ρ	W	Continuity	112	N	W	Discontinuity

#### <Module device numbers and terminals to be checked>



#### 27-3 Replacement of Parts

The inverter consists of many electronic parts such as semiconductor devices. The following parts may deteriorate with age because of their structures or physical characteristics, leading to reduced performance or failure of the inverter. For preventive maintenance, the parts must be changed periodically.

(1) Cooling fan

The cooling fan cools heat-generating parts such as the main circuit semiconductor devices. The life of the cooling fan bearing is usually 10,000 to 35,000 hours. Hence, the cooling fan must be changed every 2 to 3 years if the inverter is run continuously. When unusual noise and/or vibration is noticed during inspection, the cooling fan must be changed immediately.

(2) Smoothing capacitors

A large-capacity aluminum electrolytic capacitor is used for smoothing the DC in the main circuit, and an aluminum electrolytic capacitor is also used for stabilizing the control power in the control circuit. Their characteristics are adversely affected by ripple current, etc. When the inverter is operated in ordinary, air-conditioned environment, change the capacitors about every 5 years. When 5 years have elapsed, the capacitors will deteriorate more rapidly.

Check the capacitors at least every year (less than six months if the life will be expired soon). Check the following:

- 1) Case (side faces and bottom face for expansion)
- 2) Sealing plate (for remarkable warp and extreme crack)
- 3) Explosion-proof valve (for excessive valve expansion and operation)
- 4) Appearance, external crack, discoloration, leakage. When the measured capacitance of the capacitor has reduced below 85% of the rating, change the capacitor. For capacitance measurement, it is recommended to use a handy device available on the market.
- (3) Relays

To prevent a contact fault, etc., relays must be changed according to the number of accumulative switching times (switching life).

See the following table for the inverter parts replacement guide. Lamps and other short-life parts must also be changed during periodic inspection.

Part Name	Standard Replacement interval	Description
Cooling fan	2 to 3 years	Change (as required)
Smoothing capacitor in main circuit	5 years	Change (as required)
Smoothing capacitor on control board	5 years	Change the board (as required).
Relays	_	Change as required.

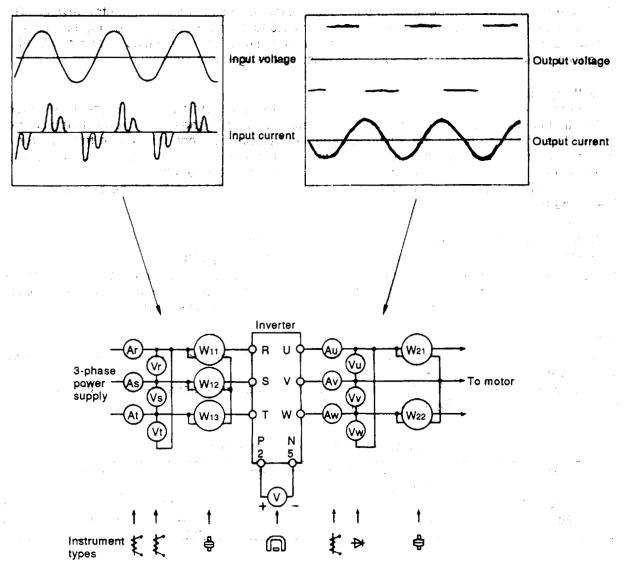
#### **Replacement Parts of the Inverter**

#### 27-4 Measurement of Main Circuit Voltages, Currents and Powers and Helder Carbon Stars 4 - 3

#### Measurement of voltages and currents

Since the voltages and currents on the inverter power supply and output sides include harmonics, accurate measurement depends on the instruments used and circuits measured.

When instruments for commercial frequency are used for measurement, measure the following circuits using the instruments given on the next page.

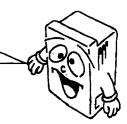


#### **Typical Measuring Points and Instruments**

Measuring Points and Instruments							
ltem	Measuring Point	Measuring instrument	Remarks (Reference Measured Value) *				
Power supply voltage V1	Across R-S, S-T and T-R	Moving-iron type AC voltmeter	Commercial power supply 170 to 242V (342 to 506V) 50Hz 170 to 253V (342 to 506V) 60Hz				
Power supply side current li	R, S and T line currents	Moving-iron type AC ammeter					
Power supply side power Pr	At R, S and T, and across R-S, S-T and T-R	Electrodynamic type single- phase wattmeter	P1=W11+W12+W13 (3-wattmeter method)				
Power supply side power factor Pf1	Calculate after measuring power $Pf_1 = \frac{P_1}{\sqrt{3V_1 + V_1}} \times 100\%$	r supply voltage, power supply sig	de current and power supply side power.				
Output side voltage V2	Across U-V, V-W and W-U	Rectifier type AC voltmeter (Note 1) (Not moving-iron type)	Difference between phases is within $\pm$ 1% of maximum output voltage.				
Output side current I2	U, V and W line currents	Moving-iron type AC ammeter	Current should be equal to or less than rated inverter current. Difference between phases is 10% or lower.				
Output side power P2	At U, V and W, and across U-V and V-W	Electrodynamic type single- phase wattmeter	P2 = W21 + W22 2-wattmeter method (or 3-wattmeter method)				
Output side power factor Pf2	Calculate in similar manner to pr $Pf_2 = \frac{P_2}{\sqrt{3V_2 \cdot V_2}} \times 100\%$	ower supply side power factor.					
Converter output	Across P-N	Moving-coil type (such as tester)	Inverter LED display is lit. 1.35 x V1 Max. 380V (760V) during regenerative operation				
	Across 2(+)-5		0 to 5V/0 to 10VDC				
Frequency setting signal	Across 1(+)-5		0 to 5V/0 to 10VDC         5           0 to ± 5V/0 to ± 10VDC         E           4 to 20mADC         5				
	Across 4(+)-5	1	4 to 20mADC				
Frequency setting power supply	Across 10(+)-5	1	5VDC 2				
riequency setting power supply	Across 10E(+)-5	]	10VDC 0				
Frequency meter signal	Across FM(+)-SD	Moving-coll type (Tester, etc. may be used) (Internal resistance: 50kΩ or larger)	Approx. 5VDC at maximum fre- quency (without frequency meter) T1 B VDC T2 Pulse width T1: Adjusted by Pr.900 Pulse cycle T2: Set by Pr.55 (Valid for frequency monitoring only) Q				
	Across AM(+)-5		Approx. 10VDC at maximum fre- quency (without frequency meter)				
Start signal Select signal	Across STF, STR, RH, RM, RL, JOG/OH, RT, AU-SD		20 to 30VDC when open.				
Reset	Across RES(+)-SD		ON voltage: 1V or less				
Output stop	Across MRS(+)-SD						
Alarm signal	Across A-C Across B-C	Moving-coil type (such as tester)	Continuity check <normal> <fault> Across A-C: Discontinuity Continuity Across B-C: Continuity Discontinuity</fault></normal>				

#### **Measuring Points and Instruments**

Note 1: Accurate data will not be obtained by a tester. \* Values in parentheses indicate those for 400V series. If any function of the inverter is fost due to occurrence of a fault, establish the cause and make correction in accordance with the following inspection procedure. Contact your sates representative if the corresponding fault is not found below and the inverter has failed, the parts have been damaged, or any other fault has occurred.



## 28-1 Checking the Parameter Unit Display

The display of the parameter unit is switched as follows to indicate the cause of a faulty operation.

	Diepiay	Cause of Fault	Check Point	Bemedia	
Parameter Unit	alaverter LED			Remedy	
OC During Acc	OC1 : Overourrent during acceleration		Acceleration too fast? Check for output short circuit or ground fault. Check for cooling fan stop.	Increase acceleration time. Change fan. Remove obstacle to cooling fan. (Note)	
Stedy Spd Oc	OC2 : Overcurrent during constant speed	Main circuit device overheat	Sudden load change? Check for output short circuit or ground fault. Check for cooling fan stop.	Keep load stable. Change fan. Remove obstacle to cooling fan. (Note)	
OC During Dec	OC3 : Overcurrent during deceleration		Deceleration too fast? Check for output short circuit or ground fault. Check for cooling fan stop. Mechanical brake of motor operate too fast?	Increase deceleration time, Change fan, Remove obstacle to cooling fan, (Note) Check brake operation,	
Ov During Acc	OV1 : Overvoltage during acceleration		Acceleration too fast?	Increase acceleration time.	
Stedy Spd Ov	OV2 : Overvoltage during constant speed	Overvoltage on DC bus (terminals	Sudden load change?	Keep load stable.	
Ov During Dec	OV3 : Overvoltage during deceleration	P-N)	Deceleration too fast?	Increase deceleration time. (Set deceleration time which matches load GD <sup>2</sup> .) Reduce braking duty.	
Motor Overload	THM: Overload alarm	Thermal relay for motor		Reduce load.	
Inv. Overload	THT : Overload alarm	Thermal relay for inverter	Motor used under overload?	Increase motor and inverter capacities.	
Inst. Pwr. Loss	IPF :Instantaneous power faīlūre	Instantaneous power failure	Check the cause of instantaneous power failure.		
Under Voltage	UVT : Undervoltage	Drop of power supply voltage	Large-capacity motor started?	Check power system equipment such as power supply capacity.	
Br. Cct. Fault	BE : Brake transistor alarm	Brake transistor fault	Braking duty proper?	Reduce load GD <sup>2</sup> . Reduce braking duty.	
Ground Fault	GF : Ground fault overcurrent	Ground fault occurred in output circuit.	Check motor and cables for ground fault.	Remedy ground fault area.	
OH Fault	OHT: External thermal relay operation	External thermal relay operated.	Check motor for overheat.	Reduce load and frequency of operation.	
Still Prev STP	OLT : Stall prevention	Stall prevention or current limit function activated too long.	Motor used under overload?	Reduce load. Increase motor and inverter capacities.	
Option Fault	OPT : Inboard option connection alarm	Option and inverter connected improperty.	Check for loose connector.	Securely connect.	
Corrupt Memry	PE :Parameter storage device alarm	Storage device (EEPROM) faulty.	Number of parameter write times too many?	Change inverter.	
Retry No. Over	RET : Retry count exceeded	Operation could not be resumed within the number of retry times set.	Check cause of alarm occurrence.		
CPU Fault	CPU: CPU error	CPU malfunction	<u> </u>	Change inverter.	
PU Leave Out	PUE : Parameter unit disconnection	The PU has been disconnected from the connector.	Check that the PU is connected securely.	Securely install the PU.	
PU to Inverter comms. Error	0.00 (LED display proper)	•Reset signal ON •Loose connection between PU and inverter *1 •Communication circuit fault	ùCheck for miswiring to reset terminal. •Check for loose connector.	•Turn the reset signal off. •Securely connect. •Change inverter.	
Inv. Reset ON	Err. (LED display improper) Fr-A	CPU malfunction *2		•Switch power off, then on. •Switch reset signal on, then off. •Change inverter.	

Note: This alarm does not occur due to the cooling fan stop, but it will occur to prevent the main circuit devices from overheating by the fan failure.

- \*1: The parameter unit display remains unchanged but operation may be performed in the external operation mode.
- \*2: If the alarm is kept displayed on the parameter unit and unit LED after remedy, the internal circuit may be faulty. Consult your sales representative.

## 28-2 Faults and Check Points

٦

•

•---

-

Fault	Typical Check Point
	(1) Checking the main circuit
	Check that a proper power supply voltage is applied (inverter LED display is lit).
	Check that the motor is connected properly.
	(2) Checking the input signals
	Check that the start signal is present.
	<ul> <li>Check that both the forward and reverse rotation start signals are not present simultaneously.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Check that the frequency setting signal is not zero.</li> </ul>
Motor does not	<ul> <li>Check that the signal across terminals AU-SD is on when the frequency setting signal is 4 to 20mA.</li> </ul>
rotate.	<ul> <li>Check that the output stop signal (across terminals MRS-SD) or reset signal (across RES-SD) is not on.</li> </ul>
	(3) Checking the parameter set values
	Check that the reverse rotation prevention (Pr. 78) is not set.
	Check that the operation mode (Pr. 79) setting is correct.
	• Check that the bias and gain (Pr. 902 to Pr. 905) settings are correct.
	• Check that the starting frequency (Pr. 13) set value is not greater than the running frequency.
	Check that various operational functions (such as three-speed operation), especially the
	maximum frequency, are not zero.
	(4) Checking the load
	Check that the load is not too heavy and the shaft is not locked.
	(5) Others
	Check that alarm code (such as E.OC1) is not displayed on the inverter LED.
Motor rotates in	• Check that the phase sequence of the output terminals U, V and W is correct.
opposite direction.	Check that the start signals (forward rotation, reverse rotation) are connected properly.
• • •	<ul> <li>Check that the frequency setting signal is proper. (Measure the input signal level.)</li> </ul>
Speed greatly	<ul> <li>Check that the following parameter set values are proper:</li> </ul>
differs from the set	Maximum frequency (Pr. 1), minimum frequency (Pr. 2), bias, gain (Pr. 902 to Pr. 905), base
value.	frequency voltage (Pr. 19)
	<ul> <li>Check that the input signal lines are not affected by external noise. (Use of shielded cables)</li> </ul>
Acceleration/decel-	<ul> <li>Check that the acceleration/deceleration time set value is not too short.</li> </ul>
eration is not	Check that the load is not too heavy.
smooth.	<ul> <li>Check that the torque boost set value is not too large to activate the current limit function.</li> </ul>
Motor current is	Check that the load is not too heavy.
large.	<ul> <li>Check that the torque boost (manual) set value is not too large.</li> </ul>
0	Check that the maximum frequency set value is proper, i.e. it is not too small.
Speed does not increase.	Check that the load is not too heavy.
increase.	Check that the torque boost set value is not too large to activate the current limit function.
	(1) Inspection of load
	Check that the load is not varying.
	(2) Inspection of input signal
	Check that the frequency setting signal is not varying.
	(3) Others
<b>•</b> • • • • •	Check that the settings of the applied motor capacity (Pr. 80) and the number of applied motor
Speed varies during operation.	poles (Pr. 81) are correct for the inverter capacity and motor capacity in magnetic flux vector
	control.
	<ul> <li>Check that the wiring length is within 30m in magnetic flux vector control.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Check that the wiring length is proper in V/F control.</li> </ul>
	Remedy: Change the setting of special parameter 97 (Td compensation) to 0.
	This parameter is displayed only when 801 is set in Pr. 77.
	Note: Parameters Pr. 82 to 99, which are also displayed simultaneously when 801
	is set in Pr. 77, must not be set to protect the inverter from damage.
"PU to inverter	Check that the reset signal (terminals RES-SD) is not ON.
comms. error" is	Check that the PU is connected securely.
displayed on the	
PU screen.	

Note: Pr. indicates a parameter.

## 28-3 **Protective Functions**

When any of the protective functions has been activated, switch the power off, then on, or reset the inverter with the reset terminal (RES). (Inverter reset can also be executed in the PU help menu.) Note: For the definitions of the alarm codes, see page 70.

				splay	Alarm		
Function	Description	Parameter Unit	Inverter LED	Code	Alarm Output		
Acceleration /constant- speed stalt prevention current limit	If a current not less than 150% of the rated inverter flows in the motor during acceleration, this function the increase in frequency until the load current redu prevent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent tri- current not less than 150% of the rated inverter cur- during steady (constant-speed) operation, this funct lowers the frequency until the load current reduces vent the inverter from resulting in overcurrent trip. V load current has reduced below 150%, this function creases the frequency again and accelerates up to speed and continues operation.	during acceleration, this function stops juency until the load current reduces to r from resulting in overcurrent trip. If a an 150% of the rated inverter current flows stant-speed) operation, this function also cy until the load current reduces to pre- om resulting in overcurrent trip. When the duced below 150%, this function in- ncy again and accelerates up to the set as operation.			D	Not provided. Provided by EOLT display.	
Deceleration stall preven- tion	If the brake operating amount has exceeded the spe- value due to excessive regenerative energy during in deceferation, this function stops the decrease in fre- to prevent the inverter from resulting in overvoltage soon as the regenerative energy has reduced, this f reduces the frequency again and continues deceleration.	motor quency trip. As function	motor stop.	function for a long time during constant-speed operation.			
	If the inverter output current reaches or exceeds	During accel- eration	OC During Acc	E.OC /	1		
Overcurrent shut-off	200% of the rated current, the protective circuit is activated to stop the inverter. When any main cir- cuit device is overheated, the protective circuit is	During constant speed	Stedy Spd Oc	£.0C 2	2	Provided	
	also activated to stop the inverter.		OC During Dec	E.DC 3	3	·	
	If the converter output voltage is excessive due to the regenerative energy from the motor, the pro- tective circuit is activated to stop the transistor output. This may also be activated by a surge volt-	During accel- eration	Ov During Acc	E.Du I	4	Provided	
Regenerative overvoitage shut-off		During constant speed	Stedy Spd Ov	E.Du2			
	age generated in the power supply system.	Dúring decel- eration	Ov During Dec	E.Du 3			
instantaneous power failure protection	If an instantaneous power failure has occurred in ex 15msec (this applies also to inverter input power sh this function is activated to stop the inverter output to prevent misoperation. At this time, the alarm outp tacts are open (across B-C). (If the power failure is 15msec, the control circuit operates without fault. If power failure persists for more than about 100msec tective circuit is reset.)	ut-off), in order out con- within the	Inst. Pwr. Loss	<b>E.I PF</b> (IPF)	7	Provided	
Undervoltage protection	If the inverter power supply voltage has reduced, th circuit cannot operate properly, resulting in the decr motor torque and/or the increase in heat generation vent this, if the power supply voltage reduces below 150V (300V for the 400V series), this function stops verter output.	ease in . To pre- about	Under Voltage	<b>Е.ИГ</b> (UVT)	8	Provided	
Brake transis- tor alarm de- tection	If a brake transistor fault has occurred due to extrem large regenerative brake duty, etc., this function det fault and stops the inverter output.		Br. Cct. Fault	Е. ЬЕ (BE)	A	Provided	
Overload shut- off (electronic	The electronic overcurrent protection in the inverter inverter overload or motor overheat and activates th tive circuit to stop the inverter output. When a multi- motor or more than one motor is driven, for example	pole pole , the	Motor Overload	Motor protection E.T.H.T. (THM)	5		
overcurrent protection)	motor(s) cannot be protected by the electronic over protection. Provide a thermal relay in the inverter ou cuit. In this case, setting the electronic overcurrent tion value to 0A activates the inverter protection oni (Activated at a current 150% or more of the rated cu	Inv. Overload	Inverter protection E.F.H.F. (THT)	6	Provided		
Brake resistor overheat pro- rection	If the regenerative brake duty from the motor has ex the specified value, the brake operation is stopped t ily to protect the brake resistor from overheat. When brake resistor has cooled, the brake operation is res	ceeded emporar- the	(Not displayed)	(Not displayed)	-	Not provided	

<u> </u>		Dis	play	Alarm		
Function	Description	Parameter Unit	Inverter LED	Code	Alarm Output	
Output side ground fault overcurrent protection	If a ground fault current has flown due to a ground fault occurring in the output (load) side of the inverter, this func- tion stops the inverter output. A ground fault occurring at low ground resistance may activate the overcurrent protection (OC1 to OC3).	Ground Fault	<b>E. DF</b>	в	Provided	
External thermal relay operation	ternal lif the external thermal relay for motor overheat protection or the internally mounted temperature relay in the motor has been switched on (relay contacts open), this function stops the inverter output and keens it stopped. This protection is		<b>Е.ОНГ</b> (ОНТ)	с	Provided	
Inboard option connection alarm	Stops the inverter output if the dedicated option used in the inverter results in connection (connector) fault.	Option Fault	<b>Е.ОРГ</b> (ОРТ)	E	Provided	
Parameter storage device alarm	Stops the output if the fault of EEPROM which stores the parameter set values has occurred.	Corrupt Memry	<i>E. PE</i>	F	Provided	
Retry count exceeded	If operation cannot be resumed within the number of retry times set, this function stops the inverter output.	Retry No. Over	E E.	F	Provided	
CPU error	If the operation of the built-in CPU does not end within a pre- determined period of time, the inverter self-determines it as alarm and stops the output.	CPU Fault	<i>E.C.P.U</i> (CPU)	F	Provided	
Parameter unit disconnec- tion	Stops the inverter output if the parameter unit is discon- nected. This protective function is activated only when "2" or "3" has been set in Pr. 75 "reset selection/PU disconnec-tion detection" function.	PU Leave Out	<i>E.P.U.E</i> (PUE)	F	Provided	

-

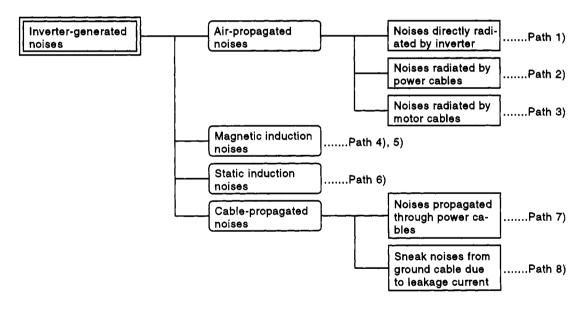
-

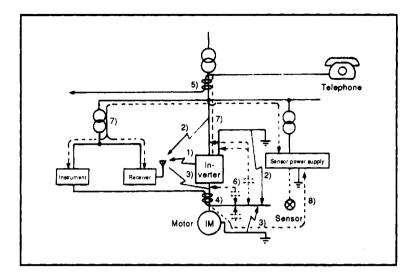
\*: The stall prevention operation current can be set as appropriate. The factory setting is 150%.

#### 28-4 Electrical Noises

Some noises enter the inverter to misoperate it and others are radiated by the inverter to misoperate peripheral devices. Though the inverter is designed to be insusceptible to noises, it handles low-level signals, so it requires the following basic measures to be taken. Since the inverter chops output voltage at high carrier frequency, it also generates noises. If these noises cause peripheral devices to misoperate, measures should be taken to suppress the noise. The measures differ slightly depending on noise propagation paths.

- 1) Basic measures
  - Do not run the power cables (I/O cables) and signal cables of the inverter in parallel with each other and do not bundle them.
  - Use twisted shield cables for the detector connecting and control signal cables and connect the sheathes of the shield cables to terminal SD.
  - Ground the inverter, motor, etc. at one point.
- 2) Measures against noises which enter and misoperate the inverter When devices which generate many noises (which use magnetic contactors, magnetic brakes, many relays, for example) are installed near the inverter and the inverter may be misoperated by noises, the following measures must be taken:
  - Provide surge suppressors for devices that generate many noises to suppress noises.
  - Fit data line filters to signal cables.
  - Ground the shields of the detector connection and control signal cables with cable clamp metal.
- 3) Measures against noises which are radiated by the inverter to misoperate peripheral devices Inverter-generated noises are largely classified into those radiated by the cables connected to the inverter and inverter main circuit (I/O), those electromagnetically and electrostatically inducted to the signal cables of the peripheral devices close to the main circuit power supply, and those transmitted through the power supply cables.

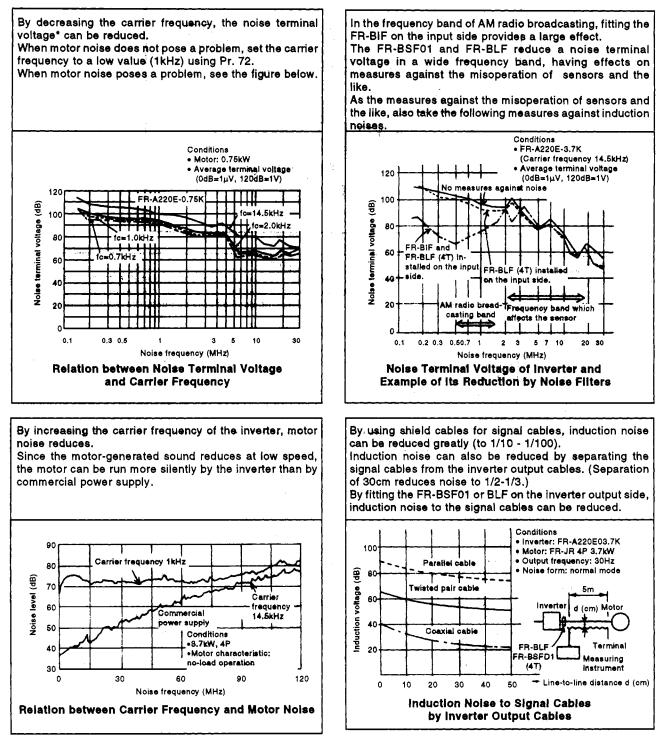




.....

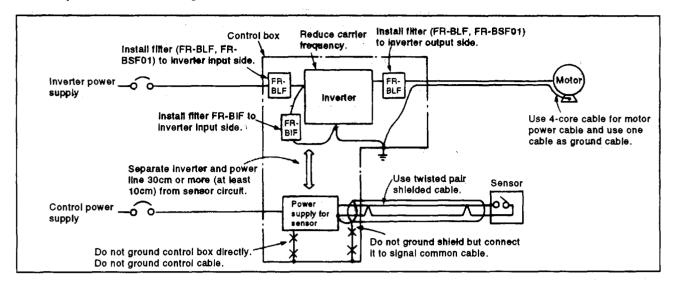
Noise Path	Measures
	When devices which handle low-level signals and are susceptible to misoperation due to noises (such as instruments, receivers and sensors) are installed near the inverter and their signal cables are contained in the same panel as the inverter or are run near the inverter, the devices may be misoperated by air-propagated noises and the following measures must be taken:
	(1) Install easily affected devices as away as possible from the inverter.
1), 2), 3)	(2) Run easily affected signal cables as away as possible from the inverter.
	(3) Do not run the signal cables and power cables (inverter I/O cables) in parallel with each other and do not bundle them.
	(4) Insert line noise filters into I/O and radio noise filters into input to suppress cable-radiated noises.
	(5) Use shield cables for signal cables and power cables and run them in individual metal conduits to produce further effects.
	When the signal cables are run in parallel with or bundled with the power cables, magnetic and static induction noises may be propagated to the signal cables to misoperate the devices and the following measures must be taken:
	(1) Install easily affected devices as away as possible from the inverter.
4), 5), 6)	(2) Run easily affected signal cables as away as possible from the inverter.
	(3) Do not run the signal cables and power cables (inverter I/O cables) in parallel with each other and do not bundle them.
	(4) Use shield cables for signal cables and power cables and run them in individual metal conduits to produce further effects.
7)	When the power supplies of the peripheral devices are connected to the power supply of the inverter in the same line, inverter-generated noises may flow back through the power supply cables to misoperate the devices and the following measures must be taken:
	(1) Install the radio noise filter (FR-BIF) to the power cables (I/O cables) of the inverter.
	(2) Install the line noise filter (FR-BLF, FR-BSF01) to the power cables of the inverter.
8)	When a closed loop circuit is formed by connecting the peripheral device wiring to the inverter, leakage current may flow through the ground cable of the inverter to misoperate the device. In such a case disconnection of the ground cable of the device may cause the device to operate properly.

#### Data example



 Noise terminal voltage: Represents the magnitude of noise propagated from the inverter to the power supply.

#### • Example of measures against noises



#### Leakage current

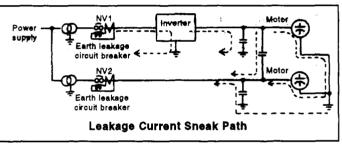
Because of static capacitances existing in the inverter I/O wiring and motor, leakage current flows through them. Since its value depends on the static capacitances, carrier frequency, etc., leakage current increases when the low-noise type inverter is used. In this case, take the following measures.

#### 1) To-ground leakage current

Leakage current may flow into not only the inverter's own line but also the other line through the ground cable, etc. This leakage current may operate earth leakage circuit breakers and earth leakage relays unnecessarily.

#### Measures

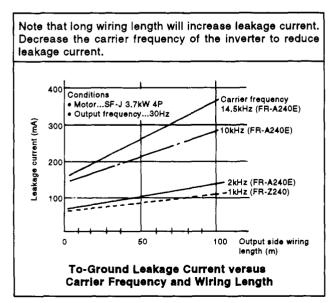
• Decrease the carrier frequency (Pr. 72) of the inverter. Note that motor noise increases.

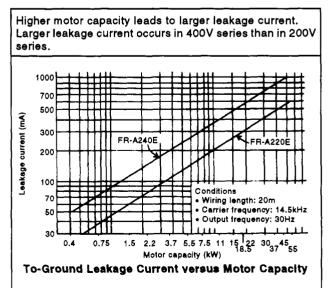


For information on selecting the earth leakage circuit breaker, see page 181.

• By using earth leakage circuit breakers compatible with harmonics and surges (e.g. Mitsubishi's New Super NV series) in the inverter's own line and other line, operation can be performed with low noise (with the carrier frequency kept high).

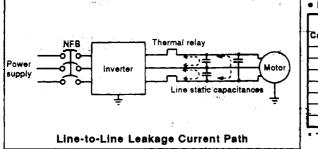
#### • To-ground leakage current data example

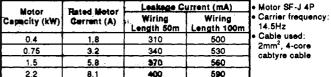




#### 2) Line-to-line leakage current

Harmonics of the leakage current flowing in the static capacities between the inverter output cables may operate the external thermal relay unnecessarily. When the wiring length of a 400V series small-capacity model (especially 7.5kW or down) is long (50m or more), the external thermal relay is likely to operate unnecessarily because the ratio of the leakage current to the rated current of the motor increases.





690

680

725

• Line-to-line leakage current data example (200V series)

535 The leakage current of the 400V series is twice larger.

440

490

#### Measures

- Use the electronic overcurrent protection of the inverter.
- Install the reactor (FR-BOL) in the output side.
- Decrease the carrier frequency. Note that motor noise increases.

To protect the motor securely from the line-to-line leakage current, it is recommended to use a temperature sensor to directly detect the temperature of the motor.

3.7

5.5

75

12.8

19.4

25,6

#### **Power supply harmonics**

Power supply harmonics may be generated from the converter section of the inverter, affecting the generator, power capacitor, etc. Power supply harmonics are different in generation source, frequency band and transmission path from noises and teakage currents. For details, see the technical information.

In a PWM type inverter, a micro surge voltage attributable to a wiring constant is generated at the motor terminals. Especially for a 400V class motor, the micro surge voltage may deteriorate

the insulation.

When the 400V class motor is driven by the inverter, consider the following measures:

#### Measures

It is recommended to take either of the following measures:

- (1) Rectifying the motor insulation
  - For the 400V class motor, use an insulation-rectified motor. Specifically,
  - 1) Specify the "400V class inverter-driven, insulation-rectified motor".
  - 2) For the dedicated motor such as the constant-torque motor and low-vibration motor, use the "inverter-driven, dedicated motor".
- (2) Suppressing the micro surge voltage on the inverter side On the output side of the inverter, connect a filter which suppresses the micro surge voltage to make the terminal voltage of the motor 850V or less. When the motor is to be driven by Mitsubishi inverter, connect the optional surge voltage suppressing filter (see page 168) on the output side of the inverter.

## 30-1 Option List

	Option Name	Туре	Application, Specifications, Etc.	AppRoable Inverter
	Inclustrial equipment compatible function	FR-EPA	12-bit digital input     PLG feedback control     Extension assiogroutput     Orientation control (machine tool spindle fixed- position stop control)	
FR-A)	Computer link function	FR-EPB	RS-422, RS-485 Interface for computer link (serial communication)     PLG feedback control	
ated to	Programmable controller link function	FR-EPC	MELSECNET/MINI-S3 (optical cable) interface     PLG feedback control	
a (dedicated to	Automatic control compatible function	FR-EPD	Pt control     Battery backup for programmed operation     (programmed operation function is standard.)	
nboard type	I/O function	FR-EPE	<ul> <li>12-bit digital input</li> <li>Relay output (3 points)</li> <li>Extension analog output</li> </ul>	Common to all models
q	Computer link + extension output function	FR-EPG		
	Pulse train input function	FR-EPH	<ul> <li>Pulse train input</li> <li>Selective relay output</li> <li>Analog current output</li> <li>Pi control</li> </ul>	
	Parameter unit (Japanese)	FR-PU02	Interactive parameter unit using LCD display	1
	Parameter unit (English)	FR-PU02E	The LCD display and ten-key pad of the FR-PU02 are indicated in English.	
	Parameter unit (4 languages)	FR-PU02ER	For use in English, German, French and Spanish.	_
FR-A)	Parameter copy unit (Japanese)	FR-ARW	Allows parameter settings to be read in batch and copied to the other inverter.	-
to E	Parameter copy unit (English)	FR-ARWE	The LCD display and ten-key pad of the FR-ARW are indicated in English.	
B	Parameter copy unit (4 languages)	FR-ARWER	For use in English, German, French and Spanish.	4
(dedicated to	Accessory cover		Blind cover fitted after the parameter unit is removed from the inverter.	
p) uo	Serial communication unit	FR-CU01	RS485 interface for computer link (serial communication)	
External option	Heat sink outside mounting attachment		Used to place only the heat generating section of the inverter in the back of the control box.	1.5K to 55K According to capacity
cterna	Dirt-protection structure attachment	FR-ACVDD	By installing this option, the inverter meets the totally enclosed structure specifications (IP40).	0.4K to 22K According to capacity
ũ	Conduit connection attachment	FR-AFN	Used to connect a conduit pipe directly to the inverter.(11K to 55K meet iP20 by installing this option.)	0.4K to 55K According to capacity
	FR-Z series intercompatibility attachment		Mounting plate used to make the mounting dimensions identical to those of the FR-Z series.	
	High-duty brake resistor	FR-ABR-(H)*	Used to improve the braking capability of the brake built in the inverter.	0.4K to 7.5K According to capacity

	Option Name	Туре	Application, Specifications, Etc.	Applicable Inverter		
	Power factor improving DC reactor	FR-BEL-(H)*	Used to improve the inverter input power factor (overall power factor about 95%) and cooperate with the power supply.	5.5K to 55K According to capacity		
	Power factor improving AC reactor	FR-BAL-(H)*	Used to improve the inverter input power factor (overall power factor about 90%) and cooperate with the power supply. (0.4 to 3.7K)	0.4K to 55K According to capacity		
	Radio noise filter	FR-BIF-(H)*	For radio noise reduction	Common to all models		
	Line noise filter	FR-BSF01	For line noise reduction (applies to small capacities)			
c		FR-BLF	For line noise reduction			
ial option	Parameter unit cable	FR-CBL	Cable for connection with the parameter unit or parameter copy unit. Straight or L shape type available.			
External	Digital operation panel	FR-DU01	For operation from the control box surface.			
Ĕ	Surge voltage suppressing filter	FR-ASF-H	Absorbs-surge voltage on the inverter output side.	400V series 0.4 to 55K According to capacity		
	Brake unit	FR-BU-15K to 55K FR-BU-H15K to H55K	Used to improve the braking capability of the inverter (for high-inertia load or negative load). Use			
	Resistor unit	FR-BR-15K to 55K FR-BR-H15K to H55K	the brake unit and resistor unit together.	According to capacity		
	Power return unit	FR-RC-15K to 55K FR-RC-H15K to H55K	Energy-saving, high-function brake unit which can return the motor-generated braking energy to the power supply.			
	Manual controller	FR-AX	For independent operation. With frequency meter, frequency setting potentiometer and start switch.			
	DC tach. follower	FR-AL	For joint operation using external signals. (0 to 5VDC, 0 to 10VDC) (1VA)**			
setters	Three speed selector	FR-AT	For three-speed (high, middle, low) switching operation. (1.5VA)			
and se	Motorized speed setter	FR-FK	For remote operation. Allows operation to be controlled from several places. (5VA)			
	Ratio setter	FR-FH	For ratio control. Allows ratios to be set to five inverters. (3VA)			
controllers	PG follower	FR-FP	For follow-up operation using the signal of a pilot generator (PG). (2VA)			
series (	Master controller	FR-FG	For parallel operation of several (up to 35) inverters. (5VA)	Common to all models		
FR se	Soft starter	FR-FC	For soft start and stop. Allows parallel operation and acceleration/deceleration. (3VA)			
	Deviation detector	FR-FD	For synchronous operation. Used with a deviation sensor and synchro. (5VA)			
	Preamplifier	FR-FA	Can be used as A/V conversion or operational amplifier. (3VA)			
	Pilot generator	QVAH-10	For follow-up operation, 70/35VAC 500Hz (at 2500rpm)			
ŝ	Deviation sensor	YVGC-500W- NS	For synchronous operation (mechanical deviation detection). Output 94VAC/90°			
Others	Frequency setting potentiometer	WA2W1KΩ	For frequency setting. Wire-wound type, $2W1K\Omega$ B characteristic.			
Č	Frequency meter	YM206RI 1m <b>A</b>	Dedicated frequency meter (up to 120Hz scale). Moving-coll DC ammeter.			
	Calibration resistor	RV24YN 10KΩ	For calibration of the frequency meter. Carbon-film type. B characteristic.	1		

\* Type for 400VAC class has H.

,

-

ŗ

Power supply specifications of the FR series controllers and setters: 200VAC 50Hz, 200/220VAC 60Hz

. . . .

\*\* Rated power consumption.

.

## 30-2 Inboard Dedicated Options

Option Function	FR-EPA (Industrial equipment compatible function)	FR-EPB (Computer link function)	FR-EPC (Programma- bis controller link function)	FR-EPD (Automatic control compatible function)	FR-EPE (I/O function)	FR-EPG (Computer link + extension output function)	FR-EPH (Puise train input function)
PLG feedback control	•						
Orientation control	•						
12-bit digital input	•				•		
Relay output					•	I(Note 1)	●(Note 1)
Extension analog output	•				•		
Computer link		•				•	
MELSECNET7MINI-S3							
PI control				•			
Programmed operation				•			•
Analog current output						●(Note 2)	●(Note 2)
Pulse train input							•

## Out of the above option units, only one can be installed in the inverter. Each option unit has several function as listed below.

	Function, Application, Etc.	Rating, Etc.
PLG feedback control	<ul> <li>The motor speed is detected by the pulse encoder, this detection signal is fed back to the inverter, and its speed variation is automatically compensated for. Hence, the motor speed can be kept constant if load variation occurs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Speed variation ratio: within ±0.2% at the load variation of 0 to 100% (*) (at 1800r/min)</li> <li>Applicable motor: standard motor of 2 to 8 poles</li> <li>Encoder specifications: 3 phase, differential output, 1024P/rev.</li> </ul>
	• The actual motor speed can be monitored on the Inverter LED display and parameter unit. [Application example] extruder, winder, conveyor, etc.	<ul> <li>5VDC power supply</li> <li>Example: Tamagawa Seiki's TS 1508 N 207, etc.</li> <li>(*) Load of 100% indicates the continuous operation torgue of the motor at each running frequency.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Used with a pulse encoder installed to a machine tool spindle to allow the spindle to be stopped at a predetermined position (orientation function).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Positioning accuracy±1.5°</li> <li>Encoder specifications: same as those for the above PLG feedback function</li> </ul>
Orientation control	<ul> <li>The current position can be monitored on the inverter LED display an parameter unit.</li> <li>[Application example] fixed-position stop and indexing of a machine tool spindle</li> </ul>	
12-bit digital input	<ul> <li>Input interface used to set the inverter frequency accurately using external BCD or binary digital signals.</li> <li>Either 12-bit binary or BCD 3-digit signal can be selected.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Input voltage, current: 24VDC, 5mA (per circuit)</li> <li>Input signal format: contact signal input or transistor open collector (sink type) input</li> <li>Example: MELSEC AY40, AY40A, etc.</li> </ul>
	Gain and offset can also be adjusted.	
Relay output (3 points)	<ul> <li>Any three signals can be selected and output as relay contacts (change-over contacts) from among the 10 standard output signals (RUN, SU, IPF/UVT, OL, FU1, FU2, RBP, THP, PRG, PU) of the inverter.</li> </ul>	Signal types: change-over contact (three output relays installed)     Contact capacity: 230VAC 0.3A 30VDC 0.3A
Extension analog output	<ul> <li>16 signals, which can be monitored on the FM and AM terminals, such as output frequency, output voltage, output current and motor torque, are expanded and output.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Output voltage (across LM0-LM2): 0 to 10VDC, max. 1mA</li> <li>Output current (across LM1-LM2): 0 to 1mADC (20mA)</li> </ul>
Analog current output (Note 2)	• A 1mA DC or 5V (10V) DC meter can be connected. (FR-EPA, EPE)	Output resolution: 3mV for voltage output Output resolution: 1µA for current output (20µA)
	A 20mADC or 5V(10V)DC meter can be connected. (FR-EPG, EPH)     Gain and offset can also be adjusted.	• Output accuracy ±10%
Computer link function (serial communication)	<ul> <li>Allows inverter operation/monitoring and parameter read/write to be performed using user program from a computer, e.g. personal computer or FA controller, which is connected by communication cables.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Communication speed: max. 19200 baud rates</li> </ul>
	Noiseless communication system using twisted pair cables.	Max. number of inverters : RS-422 - 10 inverters connected RS-485 - 32 inverters     Overall extension: 500m

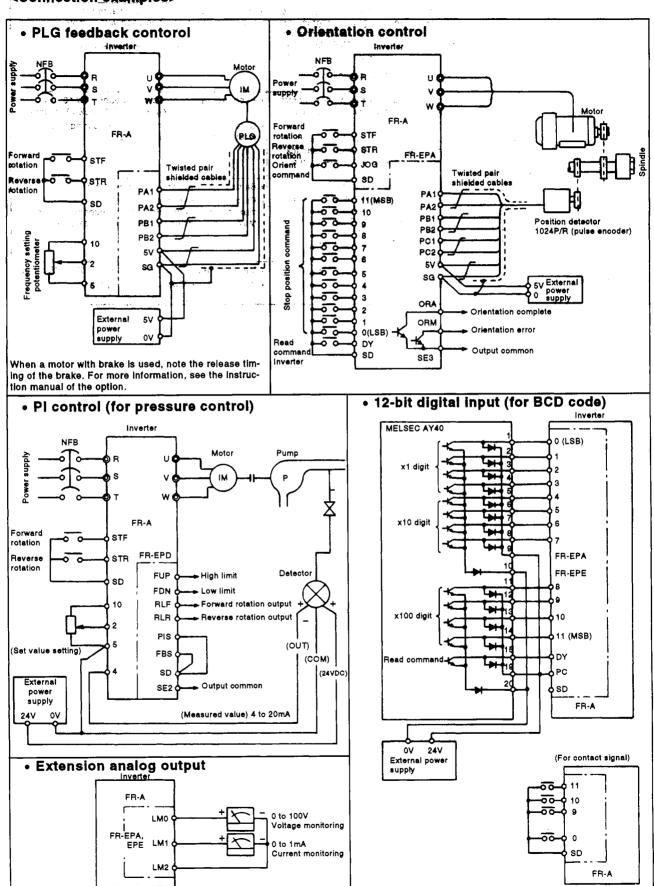
	Function, Application, Etc.	Rating, Stc.
MELSECNET/MINI-S3 interface	<ul> <li>Allows inverter operation/monitoring and parameter read/write to be performed using user program from the master station in the Mitsubishi programmable controller data link system MELSECNET/MINI-S3 (AJ71PT32-S3) which is connected by optical fiber.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Max. number of inverters connected: 16 inverters (up to 64 inverters when used with remote I/O stations)</li> <li>Interstation transmission distance: 50m max. 1m min</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Communication is made via optical link system without noise.</li> </ul>	
PI control	<ul> <li>PI control function is required when process control, e.g. flow rate, air volume or pressure, is carried out by the inverter.</li> <li>The set value can be set from any of terminal 2, 1 or parameter unit. The measured value (feedback signal) is input to terminal 4 by a 4-20mA current signal.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pl control range: proportional band 1 to 1000% integral time 0.1 to 3600 seconds</li> <li>Output signal: high limit, low limit, during forward rotation, during reverse rotation</li> </ul>
Battery backup for programmed operation	<ul> <li>Allows the timer to be battery backed for programmed operation. If a power failure occurs, automatic operation can be continued after the power is restored. (Programmed operation is standard in the inverter. See Pr. 87.) Group selection and time-out output signal for the programmed operation are incorporated.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Battery life: 10 years (lithium battery)</li> <li>Permissible power failure time: max. 18 hours when Pr. 200=0 (seconds selected) Max. 30 days when Pr. 200=1 (minutes selected)</li> </ul>
Pulse train Input	<ul> <li>Allows a pulse train signal to be used as a speed command input to the inverter.</li> </ul>	Max. permissible number of pulses: 100KPPS or les     input interface: Open collector system     input voltage/current: 24VDC, 10mA

-

.

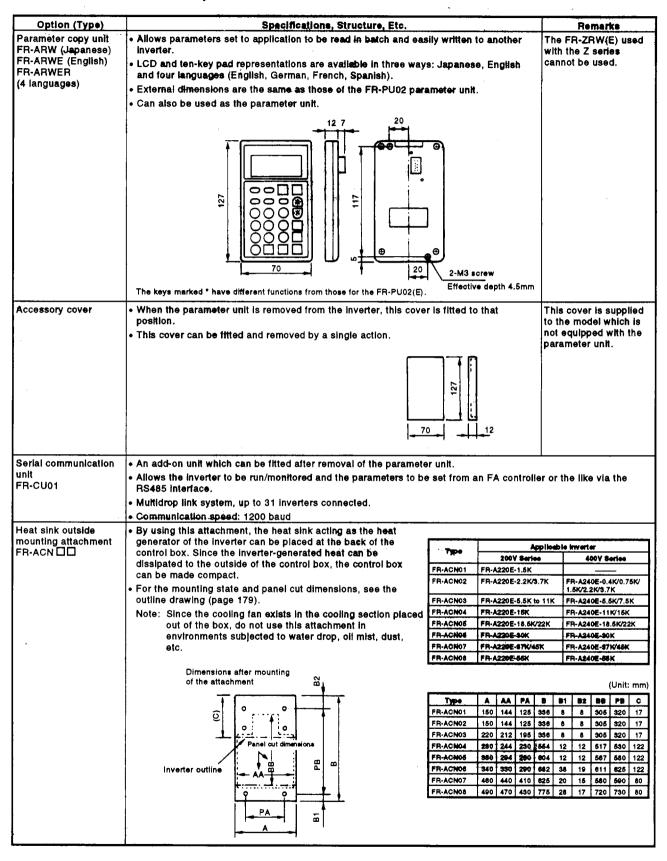
ï

- 161 -



## <Connection\_examples>

#### 30-3 External Dedicated Options



Option (Type)	Specifications, Structu	re. Etc.					
Dirt-protection	· By installing this option in the slits at the top, bottom, right and				1.1.1		
structure attachment	left of the inverter, the inverter can be changed to be an		1	Apolie	able my	erter	
FR-ACV 🖸 🖸 👘 👘	enclosed structure model (IP40). (The box-shaped attachment	Туре	2	VV Series	1.42	400V S	eries
	is added to the wiring section of 11K to 22K.)	FR-ACVOL		0E-0.4K/0.75			<u></u>
	<ul> <li>Adequate for wall mounting application, etc.</li> </ul>	FR-ACV02	3.7K	0E-1.5K/2.2K		240E-0.4 2.215/8;7	(K/0.75K
	IP40 (JEM1030): Structure which prevents a wire, copper band	FR-ACV03		0E-5.5K/7.5K		240E-5.5	
	or the like in excess of 1mm in diameter or thickness from entering into the inverter.		11K		<u> </u>		
	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	FR-ACV04	FR-A22	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		240E-11	
	Note: 1. This structure is not protected from water and fluid entry and is therefore not appropriate for	FR-ACV05	FR-A22	0E-18.5K/22	K FR-A	240E-18	.5K/22K
	environments often exposed to water drop and oily						
	smoke.						
	2. When this attachment is used, the permissible ambient						
	temperature of the inverter is -10 to +40°C.						
conduit connection	<ul> <li>Used to connect a conduit pipe directly to the bottom of the</li> </ul>						
ittachment	inverter.		1	Applie	able inve	rter	
R-AFN	<ul> <li>By installing this attachment, 11K to 55K (200V, 400V) are</li> </ul>	Тур•	20	OV Series		400V Se	ries
	changed in structure specification to IP20. (IP00 is standard.)	FR-AFN01	FR-A220	E-0.4K			-
		FR-AFN02	FR-A220				-
		FR-AFN03	FR-A220		-		
		FR-AFN04	FR-A220	E-2.2K/3.7K		240E-0.4 2.2K/3.7I	K/0.75K/ K
		FR-AFN05	FR-A220	E-5.5K/7.5K/		240E-5.5	
	Inverter		11K				
and a second		FR-AFNOS	FR-A220			240E-11	
		FR-AFN07	FR-A220	E-18.5K/22K	_	240E-18. 240E-30	
		FR-AFN09		E-37K/45K	_	40E-30	
	Mata	FR-AFN10	FR-A220			40E-55	
	Note				1		
		Attachment (	Dutline D	) rawing (Ur	nit: mm)		
			· · · · ·		· · ·		
	2-• R hole	Type FR-AFN01	L 45	H P 56 48		D N 35 6	M R 0 6
	S - FR-AFN	FR-AFN02		71 48		35 6	
		FR-AFN03		75 48		35 6	
		FR-AFN04		115 48		35 6	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FR-AFN05	55	115 60	3	44 7	0 6
		FR-AFN06	<u>├</u>	115 68		50 9	_
	N-¢ D hole	FR-AFN07		115 68		50 16	
	(with rubber bush)	FR-AFN08		95 68		50 10	
		FR-AFN09 FR-AFN10	· · · · ·	120 113 120 113		91 227 91 227	_
	-+-(-)	(TRAPA)	400			22	1.0 12
		*Same dimer	nsions as	s those of t	he invert	er.	
	manna ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann an					•	
¥.,							
	panel surface)						
	paner surrace)						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	Note: Secured by a total of four places, the two installation						
· · · · ·	screws at the bottom of the inverter and the two places at the bottom of the FR-AFN.						
R-Z series	This attachment allows the inverter to be installed using the	• • • • • •		· · · · ·			
tercompatibility	installation holes for conventional FR-Z series model.	_		icable Inver	ter Ap		e inverte
attachment	Convenient when the existing conventional model is changed	Туре	2120 (Z	00V Series) Z220	Z320	(400V S	Series) Z340
	for the FR-A200E series.		0.4K	0.4K			
	Note: When the attachment is used, the depth after installation	FR-AAT01	0.75K 1.5K		0.75K 1.5K	_	-
	of the inverter increases.		2.2K 3.7K	2.2K	2.2K 3.7K		
			- <u>., / N</u>	5.5K	5.5K	2.2K	2.2K
		FR-AAT02	-		7.5K 11K	3.7K 7.5K	3.7K Z.5K
		FR-AAT03			15K	a	-
	FR-AAT0) te 05, 09 12 mm	FR-AAT04	_	22K	22K	15K 22K	15K 22K
	FR-AAT09 to 09, 10 15 mm	FR-AAT05		30K	-	_	_
		FR-AAT06 FR-AAT07	<u> </u>	<u>37K</u> 55K		37K 55K	-
		FR-AAT08		45K	<u>a</u>		<u> </u>
		Compatib	ility of A	200 Series	with Apr		he Sam
		Capacity	inty of A	200 001185	AILL AZU		ne oan
		,,	Applie	able inverte	r Ape	licable	Inverter
	• • • •	Туре	. (20	OV Series) A220		400 V Se A24	ries)
		FR-AAT02		11K			
		FR-AAT09	1			30K	
		FR-AAT10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	45K		45K	

Option (Type)	***	Exte	mal	Dir	nen	sior	1 <b>8 (</b> l	Init:	: man)		Wiring, Etc.
ligh-duty brake esistor	Brain Resistor	Permissible Braice Duty External			Dirmer C	D	E	F	Resistance (C)/Reted Power	Approx. Mass (kg)	Disconnect lin
R-ABR-(H)	FR-ABR-0.4K	10%	140		100	40	20	2.5	Loss (W) 200 80	0.2	) Inverter
	FR-ABR-0.75K	10%	215	200	175	40	20	2.5	<u>100</u> 160	0.4	PX Brake resistor (FR-ABR)
	FR-ABR-2.2K*	10%	240	225	200	50	25	2.0	<u>60</u> 250	0.5	
	FR-ABR-3.7K	10%		200	175	60	30	2.5	<u>40</u> 300	0.8	
-	FR-ABR-0.5K	10%		320	295	60	30	2.5	25 500 20	1.3	₽ <b>♀</b>
r	FR-ABR-H0.4K	10%		385 100	380 75	80 40	40 20	2.5 2.5	20 800 1280	2.2 0.2	
	FR-ABR-H0.76K	10%	140	100	100	40	20	2.5	80 700	0.2	Note:1. When the FR-ABR brake
ł	SFR-ABR-H1.5K	10%		200		40	20	2.5	80 350 150	0.4	resistor is used, disconnect the link from terminals PR-PX.
	FR-ABR-H2.2K	10%	240	225	200	50	25	2.0	250 250	0.5	f It is not disconnected, the built-in brake resistor will
	FR-ABR-H3.7K	10%	215	200	175	60	30.	2.6.	160	0.8	overheat.
	FR-ABR-H5.5K	10%	335	320	295	60	30	2.5	<u>110</u> 500	1.3	(The built-in brake resistor ne not be removed.)
	FR-ABR-H7.5K	10%	400	385	360	.80	40	2.5	<u>75</u> 800	2.2	2. The setting of the regenerative brake duty should be equal to
	*Common to 1		2K				500	+20			lower than the permissible brake duty indicated in the le table.
									<ol> <li>Note the installation and heat dissipation of the brake resis since its temperature may ris to higher than 300°C depend on the frequency of operation</li> </ol>		
	Class-braided cable 2.0mm <sup>2</sup> white									<ol> <li>The MYS resistor can be use Note the permissible brake d (For the permissible brake du see the technical information the FR-Z series inverter.)</li> </ol>	
						7	36				

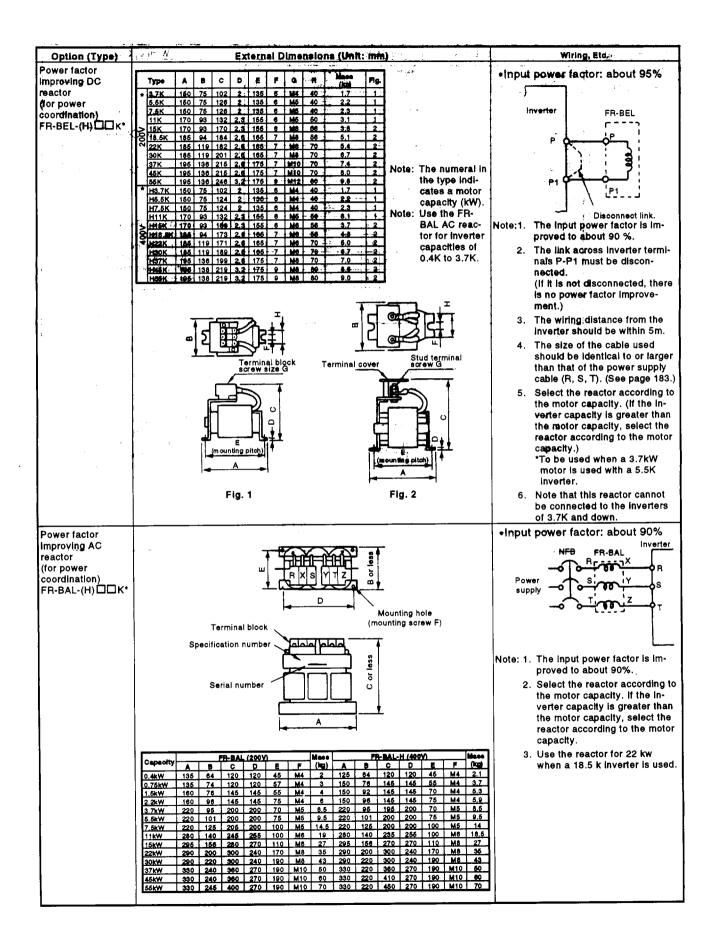
\*(H) in the type code indicates that H is added to the type code for 400V.

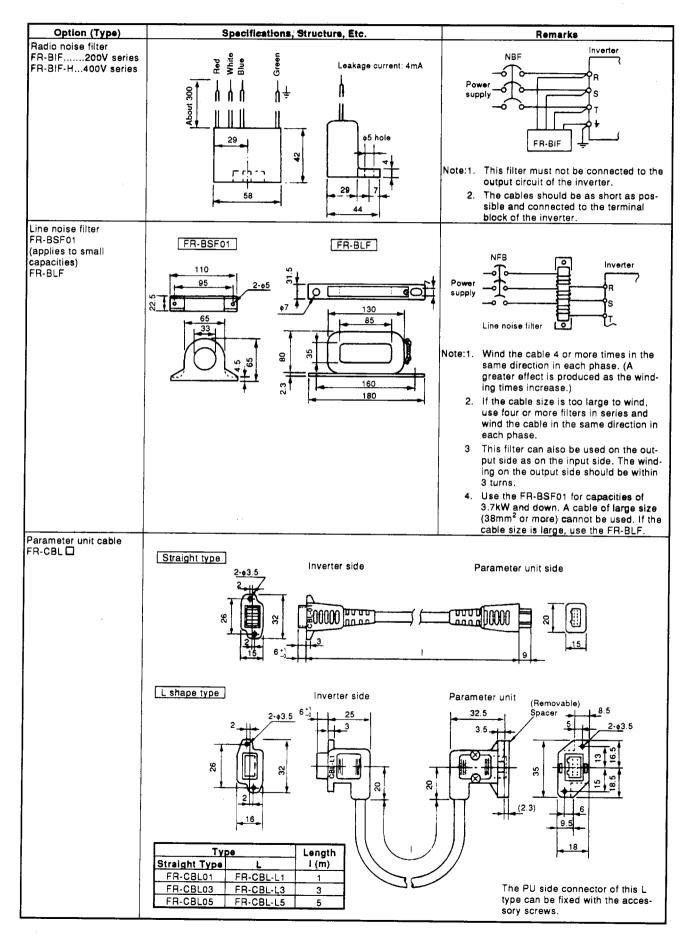
,

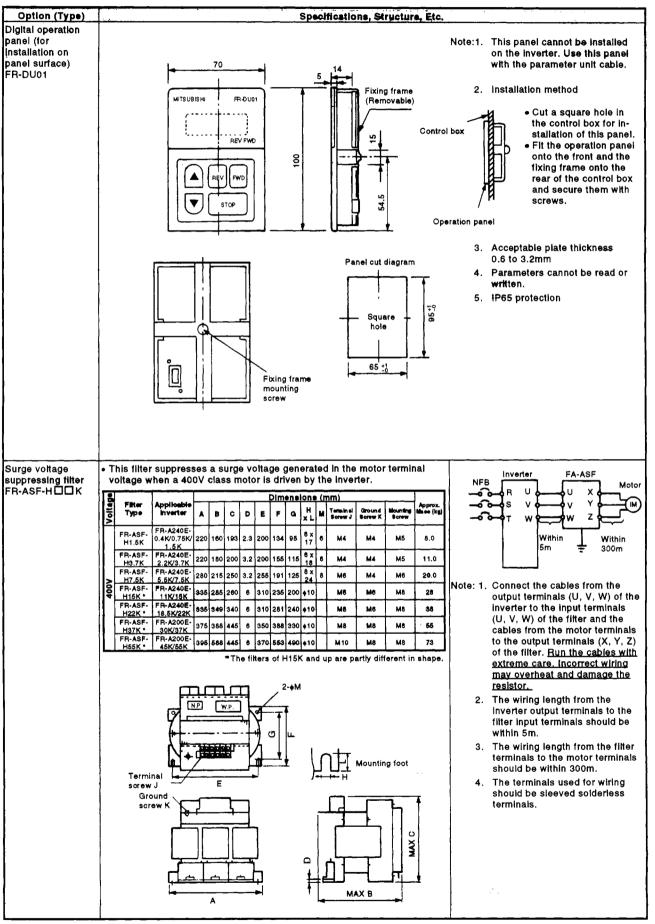
×

٢

. ·







## **31. SPECIFICATIONS**

#### 31-1 Standard Specifications

#### 200V Series

Ту	pe FR-A220E-	]-UL	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K	5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
		СТ	0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75
ΗР	rating *1	VT	1	1.5	3	3	5	10	10	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100
	Rated capacity (kVA) '2			1.9	3.1	4.2	6.5	9.2	12.6	17.6	23.3	29	34	44	55	67	82
	Continuous	СТ	3	5	8	11	17	24	33	46	61	76	90	115	145	175	215
	current	VT	3.6	5	9.6	12	18	28	37	54	68	80	104	130	154	185	248
	Overload current	СТ	150% 60 seconds, 200% 0.5 seconds (inverse-time characteristics)														
Output	rating *3	VT		120% 60 seconds, 150% 0.5 seconds (inverse-time characteristics)													
õ	Voltage *4	Three phase, 200 to 220V 50Hz, 200 to 230V 60Hz															
	Regenerative braking torque	Maximum value/time	150% /5S		100%/5S 1		1005	% /5S	20% *5								
		Permissible duty	3%ED 3%ED			ED	2%	ED			c	ontinu	ous *	5			
Ъ	Rated input AC vo	Itage, frequency				T	nree ph	ase, 2	00 to 2	20V 50	Hz, 20	00 to 23	OV 60	Hz			
supply	Permissible AC vo						1	70 to 2	42V 50	Hz, 17	0 to 25	53V 601	Ηz				
VOL	Permissible freque	ncy fluctuation								±5%							
Power	Power supply capa	acity (kVA) *6	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9	12	17	20	28	34	41	52	66	80	100
Pro	otective structure		Enclosed type (IP20)							Open type (IP00)							
Co	oling system		Forced air cooling														
	prox. weight (kg) (w	ith PU) **	2.1	2.5	3.3	3.5	3.7	7.5	8	14	14.5	17	17	29	50	69	70

\*\* : The value for the 7.5K or down is approximate weight including that of the PU.

### 400V Series

Ту	• FR-A240E-	]-UL	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K	5.5K	7.5K	11K	15K	18.5K	22K	30K	37K	45K	55K
	HP rating	CT	0.5	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75
		VT	1	1.5	3	3	-5	10	10	20	25	30	_40_	50	60	75	100
	Rated capacity (kv	/A) *2	1.1	1.9	3	4.2	6.9	9.1	13	17.5	23.6	29	32.8	43.4	54	65	84
	Continuous	CT	1.5	2.5	4	6	9	12	17	23	31	38	43	57	71	86	110
1	current	VT	1.8	3	4.8	6.7	9	14	21	27	34	40	52	65	77	96	124
Output	Overload current	150% 60 seconds, 200% 0.5 seconds (inverse-time characteristics)															
8	rating *3	VT		120% 60 seconds, 150% 0.5 seconds (inverse-time characteristics)													
	Voltage *4			Three phase, 380 to 460V 50/60Hz													
	Regenerative	Maximum value/time	100% /5S							20% *5							
	braking torque	Permissible duty	2%ED							Continuous *5							
λ	Rated input AC vo	Itage, frequency	Three phase, 380 to 460V 50/60Hz														
supply	Permissible AC vo	Itage fluctuation							323 to	506V 5	0/60H	z					
	Permissible freque	ncy fluctuation								±5%							
Po	Power supply capa	acity (kVA) *6	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9	12	17	20	28	34	41	52	66	80	100
Pro	tective structure				Enclose	ed type	(IP20	)				0	pen typ	e (IPO	0)		
Cod	oling system		Forced air cooling														
	prox. weight (kg) (w	ith PU) **	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	8.2	8.2	16	16	20	20	54	54	72	72

\*\* : The value for the 7.5K or down is approximate weight including that of the PU.

#### \*\*\* : Short Circuit Ratings

The drive is suitable for use on a Circuit Capable of delivering not more than \_\_\_\_\_\_ RMS Symmetrical Amperes, 500 volts Maximum.

HP rating	• *
0 to 1	1.000
1.5 to 50	5.000
51 to 200	10.000

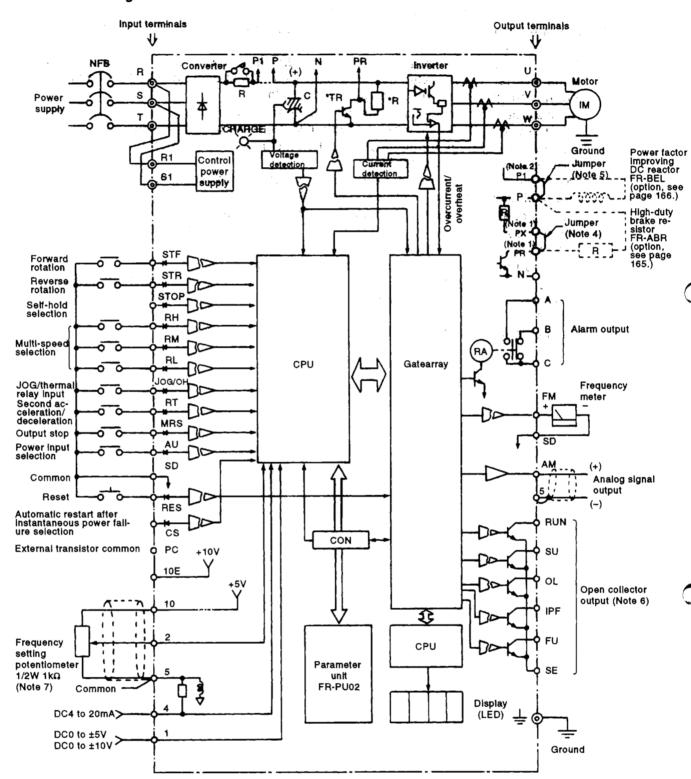
## Common Specifications

	Co	ntrol system		Control specifications High carrier frequency sine-wave PWM control (V/F control or magnetic flux vector control can be selected)								
1	Out	put frequenc	y range	0.2 to 400Hz								
_		quency. ting	Analog Input	0.015Hz/60Hz (terminal 2 input: 12 bits/0 to 10V, 11bits/0 to 5V, terminal 1 input: 12 bits/-10 to +10∀, 11 bits/-5 to +5V)								
	<b>F86</b>	olution	Digitat input	.01Hz/60Hz								
sharmonic	Fre	quency accu		Within ±0.2% of maximum output frequency (25*C±10*C)/analog input, within 0.01% of set output frequency/digital input								
	Vol	tage/frequen	cy characteristic	Base frequency set as required between 0 and 400Hz. Constant torque or variable torque pattern can be selected.								
	Sta	rting torque		150%/1Hz (for magnetic flux vector control)								
5 [	Tor	que boost		anual and automatic torgue boost								
		eleration/decing	c <b>eleration</b> time	0 to 3600 seconds (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/deceleration mode can be selected.								
	DC dynamic brake			Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10 seconds), voltage (0 to 30%) variable								
	Sta	li prevention	operation level	Current limit can be set (0 to 200% variable), presence or absence can be selected.								
	Fre	quency	Analog input	0 to 5VDC, 0 to 19VDC, 0 to ± 5VDC, 0 to ±10VDC, 4 to 20mA								
l	set	setting signal Digital input		BCD 3-digit of 12-bit binary using parameter unit (when the FR-EPA or FR-EPE option is used)								
		Start signal		Forward and reverse rotations individual, start signal self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selecte								
		Multi-speed selection		Up to 7 speeds can be selected. (Each speed can be set between 0 and 400Hz, running speed can be changed during operation from the parameter unit.)								
	it signal	Second acceleration time selection	/deceleration	to 3600 seconds (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually.)								
apecifications	nput	Jogging ope	aration selection	Provided with jogging (JOG) mode select terminal *7								
	-	Current Inpu	ut selection	Input of frequency setting signal 4 to 20mADC (terminal 4) is selected.								
5		Output stop		Shut-off of inverter output (frequency, voltage)								
3		Alarm reset	······································	Alarm retained at the activation of protective function is reset.								
Operational a		Operation functions		Maximum/minimum frequency setting, frequency jump operation, external thermal relay input selec- tion, polarity reversible operation, automatic restart operation after instantaneous power failure, con mercial power supply-inverter switch-over operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, slip compensation, operation mode selection, auto tuning function.								
5	signals	Operating s	tatus	4 types can be selected from inverter running, up to frequency, instantaneous power failure (undervoitage), frequency detection, second frequency detection, during program mode operation, during PU operation, overload alarm, regenerative brake pre-alarm, and electronic overcurrent protector pre-alarm. Open collector output.								
	Output	Alarm (Inve	rter trip)	Contact outputchange-over contact (230VAC 0.3A, 30VDC 0.3A) Open collectoralarm code (4 bit) output								
	0	For meter		1 type can be selected from output frequency, motor current (steady or peak value), output voltage, frequency set value, running speed, motor torque, converter output voltage (steady or peak value), regenerative brake duty, electronic overcurrent protector load factor, input power, output power, loa meter, and motor exciting current. Pulse train output (1440Hz/full scale) or analog output (0 to 10VDC).								
	par	p <del>l</del> ay on ameter unit averter LED	Operating status	Selection can be made from output frequency, motor current (steady or peak value), output voltage, frequency set value, running speed, motor torque, overload, converter output voltage (steady or per value), electronic overcurrent protector load factor, input power, output power, load meter, motor exciting current, cumulative operation time, regenerative brake duty.								
			Alarm definition	Alarm definition is displayed when protective function is activated. 8 alarm definitions are stored.								
LISPIBY	Ade	Itional	Operating status	State of input terminal signal, state of output terminal signal								
-	dis	play to ameter unit	Alarm definition	Output voltage/current/frequency/input terminal state immediately before protective function is acti- vated								
	ont	y	Interactive guidance	Operation guide, troublesbooting and graphic display by help function								
Pro	lect	lve/alarm fun	octions	Overcurrent shut-off (during acceleration, deceleration, constant speed), regenerative overvoltage shut-off, undervoltage, instantaneous power failure, overload shut-off (electronic overcurrent protection), brake transistor alarm *8, ground fault current *11, output short circuit, main circuit device overheat, stall prevention, overload alarm, brake resistor overheat protection								
IJ	Am	bient temper	rature	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing), -10 °C to +40°C when the dust-protection structure attachment (FR ACV) is used.								
Environment	Ап	bient humidi	ty	90%RH or less (ndn-condensing)								
ē	Sto	rage temper	ature *9	-20°C to +65°C								
2 Ambience				Indoors. No corrosive gases, oil mist, dust and dirt.								

Note: \*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum applicable capacity when the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor is used.

- \*2 The rated capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 220V for the 200V series and 440V for the 400V series.
- \*3 The % value of the overload current rating indicates a ratio to the rated output current of the inverter. For repeated use, it is necessary to wait until the inverter and motor return to temperature below the value at 100% load.
- \*4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. Below the power supply voltage, the maximum output voltage can be set as required.
- \*5 Indicates the average torque at a time when the inverter is decelerated to a stop from 60Hz. Depends on the motor loss.
- \*6 The power supply capacity depends on the value of impedance on the power supply side (including the input reactor and cables).
- \*7 Jogging operation can also be performed from the parameter unit.
- \*8 Not provided for the FR-A220E-11K to 55K and FR-A240E-11K to 55K which do not have a built-in brake circuit.
- \*9 Temperature applicable for a short period in transit, etc.
- \*10 Where a power supply is 342V and below or 484V and above for the 400V class inverters, change the position of the jumper to the internal transformer, according to page 21.
- \*11 May not be protected depending on the ground fault mode.

#### 31-2 Block Diagram



#### Note: 1. Terminals PR and PX are provided for the FR-A220E-0.4K to 7.5K and FR-A240E-0.4K to 7.5K.

- 2. Terminal P1 is provided for the FR-A220E-5.5K to 55K and FR-A240E-5.5K to 55K.
- 3. The models of 11K and up are not provided with the built-in brake resistor and brake transistor.
- 4. When the FR-ABR or FR-BU brake unit or FR-RC power return unit is used, disconnect this jumper.
- 5. When the FR-BEL is used, disconnect this jumper.
- 6. The output terminals other than running (RUN) allow alarm definitions to be output in alarm code and 10 different functions to be assigned individually.
- 7. When the frequency setting is changed frequently, it is recommended to use  $2W1K\Omega$  potentiometer.

## 31-3 Terminals

-

÷.

K

,

Тур	90	Symbol	Terminal Name	Description										
		R, S, T	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply.										
	L	U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.										
		R1, S1	Power supply for control circuit	Connected to the AC power supply terminals R and S. To retain the alarm display and alarm output, remove the jumper from the terminal block and apply external power to these terminals.										
Main circuit		P, PR	Brake resistor connection	Disconnect the jumper from terminals PR-PX and connect the optional brake resistor (FR-ABR) across terminals P-PR.										
u ci		P, N	Brake unit connection	Connect the optional FR-BU brake unit or power return	converter (FR-RC).									
Mai		P, P1	Power factor improving DC reactor connection	Disconnect the jumper from terminals P-P1 and connec factor improving reactor (FR-BEL).										
		PR, <u>P</u> X *	Built-in brake circuit connection	When the jumper is connected across terminals PX-PR built-in brake resistor is valid.	(factory setting), the									
		<u>_</u>	Ground	For grounding the inverter chassis. Must be earthed.										
		STF	Forward rotation start	Turn on the signal across STF-SD for forward rotation and turn off to stop. Acts as a programmed operation start signal in the programmed operation mode. (Turn on to start and turn off to stop.)	When the signals across terminals STF-SD and STR- SD are turned on simultaneously,									
		STR	Reverse rotation start	Turn on the signal across STR-SD for reverse rotation and turn off to stop.	the stop command is given.									
		STOP	Start self-holding selection	Turn on the signal across terminals STOP-SD to select the start signal.	the self-holding of									
:		RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Turn on the signal across RH/RM/RL-SD as appropriate speeds. Act as group 1, 2 and 3 select signals in the programme	ed operation mode.									
als)	ion, etc.)	JOG/OH	JOG mode selection or external thermal relay input	Turn on the signal across terminals JOG-SD to select jo setting). Jog operation can be performed with the start Can also be used as the thermal relay contact input ter inverter by the operation of the external thermal relay.	signal (STF or STR).									
Control circuit (input signals)	function selection,	RT	Second acceleration/ deceleration time selection	Turn on the signal across terminals RT-SD to select the acceleration/deceleration time. When the second torque V/F (base frequency) functions have been set, these fu selected by turning on the signal across terminals RT-S signal across terminals RT-SD to switch between the tw magnetic flux vector control and V/F control.	e boost and second nctions can also be D. Turn on the									
Control ci	ontact (start,	MRS	Output stop	Turn on the signal across terminals MRS-SD (20ms or inverter output. Used to shut off the inverter output to b stop by the magnetic brake. Can also be used as the D operation start signal or PU operation interlock signal.	ring the motor to a									
	Con	RES	Reset	Used to reset the protective circuit activated. Turn on the terminals RES-SD for more than 0.1 sec, then turn it of										
		AU	Current input selection	Only when the signal across terminals AU-SD is turned be operated with the 4-20mADC frequency setting sign	on, the inverter can									
		CS	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	When the signal across terminals CS-SD has been turn made automatically when the power is restored after ar power failure. Note that this operation requires restart When the inverter is shipped from the factory, it is set t	ed on, restart can be n instantaneous parameters to be set.									
		SD	Contact input common	Common to the contact input terminals and terminal FN common terminal of the control circuit.	I. Isolated from the									
		PC	External transistor common	When transistor output (open collector output), such as controller (PC), is connected, connect the external pow for transistor output to this terminal to prevent a fault c current.	er supply common									

- 173 -

Ту	De	Symbol	Terminal Name			Description						
		10E	Frequency setting	10VDC, permissi- ble load current 10mA	nected in	frequency setting p the factory-set state	otentiometer js con- e, connect it to terminal					
<b> 8</b> )		, 10, <u>,</u>	power supply	5VDC, permissible load current 10mA 10. When it is connected to terminal 10E, cha input specifications of terminal 2.								
Control circuit (input signals)	ncy setting	2	Frequency setting (voltage)	reached at 5V (or 10 5VDC (factory setting	By entering 0 to 5VDC (0 to 10VDC), the maximum output frequency is reached at 5V (or 10V) and t/O are proportional. Switch between input 0 to 5VDC (factory setting) and 0 to 10VDC from the parameter unit. Input resistance 10kD. Max. permissible voltage 20VDC.							
ol circuit (i	nalog frequency	-4	Frequency setting (current)	20mA and I/O are pr	quency is reached at valid only when the sig- 2500. Max. permissi-ble							
Contre	Ana	1	Auxiliary frequency setting	By entering 0 to $\pm$ 5VDC 0 to $\pm$ 10VDC, this signal is added to the frequency setting signal of terminal 2 or 4. Switch between input 0 to $\pm$ 5VDC (factory setting) and 0 to $\pm$ 10VDC (factory setting) from the parameter unit. Input resistance 10ko. Max. permissible voltage 20VDC.								
		5	Frequency setting input common	Common to the freque output terminal AM.	ency settir OV line of t	ng signals (terminal he common circuit (	s 2, 1 or 4) and analog of the control circuit. Do					
	Contact	A, B, C	Alarm output	Change-over contact output indicating that the output has been stopped by the inverter protective function activated. 200VAC 0.3A, 30VDC 0.3A. Alarm: discontinuity across B-C (continuity across A-C), normal: continuity across B-C (discontinuity across A-C).								
		RUN	Inverter running	Switched low when t the starting frequence	he inverter y (factory i	output frequency is set to 0.5Hz, variab	s equal to or higher than le), Switched high during ble load 24VDC 0.1A.					
als)	(Note)	s∪	Up to frequency ***	Switched low when the output frequency has reached within ±10% of the set frequency (factory setting, variable). Switched high during acceleration, deceleration or stop (**). Permissible load 24VDC 0.1A.								
put sign	collector ()	OL	Overload alarm ***	Switched low when t be activated. Switch load 24VDC 0.1A.	he current ed high wh	limit function has c en stall prevention	aused stall prevention to is reset (**). Permissible					
t (out	n co	IPF	Instantaneous power failure	Switched low when i is activated (**). Per	nstantaneo missible los	ous power failure or ad 24VDC 0.1A.	undervoltage protection					
Control circuit (output signals)	Open	FU	Frequency detection ***	tection frequency se quency (**). Permise	t optionally ible load 2	. Switched high wh 4VDC 0.1A	ned or exceeded the de- en below the detection fre-					
Contr		SE	Open collector output	Common to the RUN mon circuit of the co			Is. Isolated from the com-					
	Pulse	FM	For meter	One selected from 1 toring items, such as frequency, is output	s output . The out-	Factory-set output Permissible load o 60Hz. (Max. frequ	current 1mA 1440Hz at					
	Analog	АМ	Analog signal output	put signal is proport the magnitude of sa toring item. Termina and AM can be used same time.	ch moni- Is FM	Factory-set output item: frequency Output signal 0 to 10VDC Permissible load current 1mA (Max. output voltage 10VDC)						

• : Terminals PR and PX are provided for the FR-A220E-0.4K to 7.5K and FR-A240E-0.4K to 7.5K.

\*\* : Low indicates that the open collector outputting transistor is on (conducts). High indicates that the transistor is off (does not conduct).

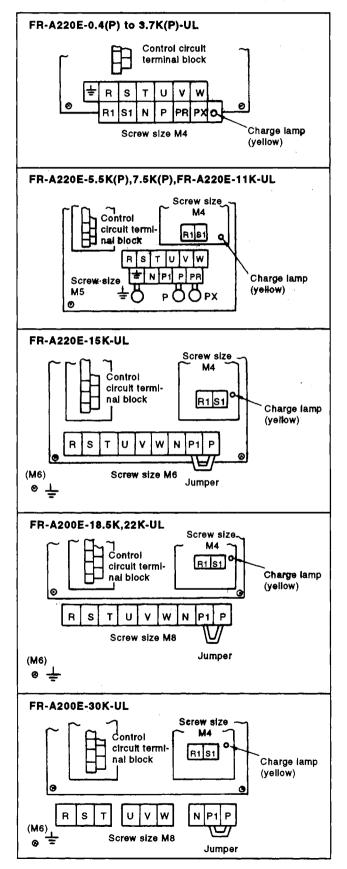
\*\*\* : The output of these terminals can be reassigned by the output terminal assignment function (see page 115).

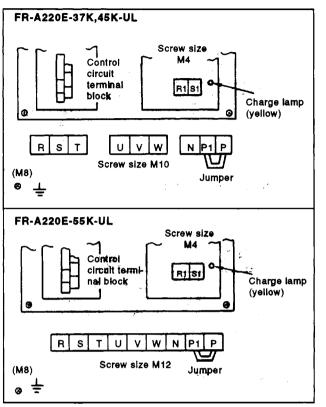
Note: Application of the voltage in the wrong direction will damage the inverter. Use care when wiring.

#### 31-4 Terminal Block Arrangement

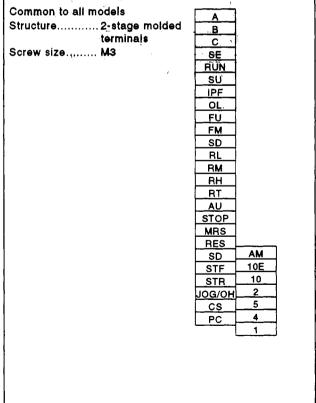
.

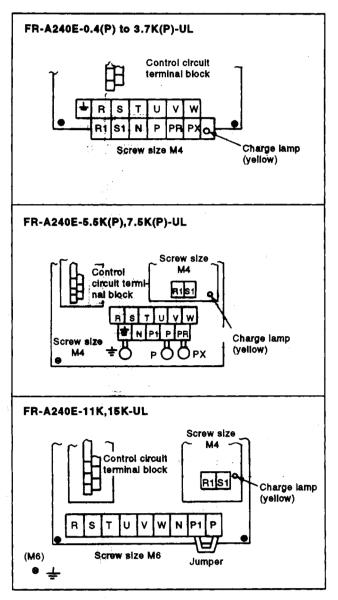
#### Terminal Block for Main Circuit <200V Series>



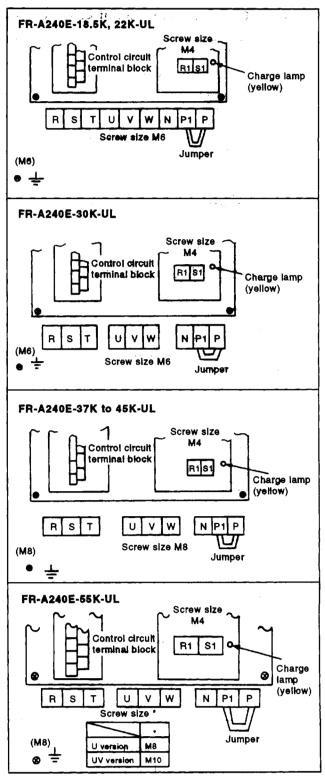


#### **Terminal Block for Control Circuit**





#### Terminal Block for Main Circuit <400V Series>



### 31-5 Fleid Wiring Reference Table

### Field wiring reference table for input (R,S,T) and output (U,V,W)

Note (\*1) Manufacturer : AMP INCORPORATED, HARRISBURG, PA 17105 PHONE : 717-564-0100 TWX : 510-657-4110

(\*2) Use copper wire only

inverter model	Screw size	Screw torque	Crimping ( Type and too	Wire size			
		(Pound Inch)	Crimping terminals	Crimping tools	/temp-rating (*2)		
FR-A220E-0.4K -0.75K -1.5K -2.2K	M4	13	32959 34160	47387	AWG14 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-3.7K	M4	13	32968, 34169	59239	AWG10 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-5.5K	M5	23	170785-2 171519-2	59239	AWG10 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-7.5K	M5	23	322128 322048 322002 322154	Hand tool 59974-1 Dies 48752-1	AWG8 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-11K	M5	23	322153 321671	Hand tool 59974-1 Dies 48753-1	AWG6 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-15K	M6	40	322053 31811	Hand tool 59974-1 Dies 48754-1	AWG4 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-18.5K -22K	M8	70	322074 326896	Hand tool 59974-1 Dies 48755-1	AWG2 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-30K	M8	70	322086	Foot operated power unit 69325-3 Head 69066 Dies 48756-1	AWG1/0 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-37K	M10	131	322095	Foot operated power unit 69325-3 Head 69066 Dies 48758-1	AWG3/0 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-45K	M10	131	170740-1	Foot operated power unit 69040 Head 300430 48131 Dies 69065	AWG4/0 / 75°C		
FR-A220E-55K	M12	219	324105	Foot operated power unit 69040 Head 48816 Dies 69060	300MCM / 75°C		

inverter model	Screw size	Screw torque (Pound Inch)	Crim <b>ping</b> Type and too	vire size /temp-rating (*2)	
		(Pound Inch)	Crimping terminals	Crimping tools	/temp-rating (-2)
FR-A240E-0.4K -0.75K -1.5K -2.2K -3.7K	M4	13	32959 34160	47387	AWG14 / 75°C
FR-A240E-5.5K	M4	<b>13</b>	35787-0 34160 32543-0 32968	59239	AWG10 / 75°C
FR-A240E-11K -15K	M6	1973 <b>40</b>	322049 321 <del>66</del> 9 327268	Hand tool_ 59974-1 Dies 48752-1	AWG8 / 75°C
FR-A240E-18.5K -22K -30K	M6	<b>40</b>	322051 32 <b>21</b> 55	Hand tool 59 <b>974-1</b> Dies 48753-1	<b>A₩G6 / 75°C</b>
FR-A240E-37K -45K	MB	70	322074 326896	Hand tool 59974-1 Dies 48755-1	AWG2 / 75°C
FR-A240E-55K	M 12	131	322092	Foot operated power unit 69325-3 Head 69066-0 Dies 48757-1	AwG2/0 / 75°C

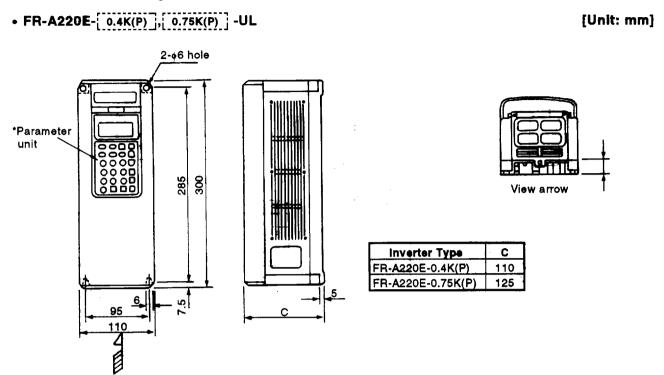
i,

1

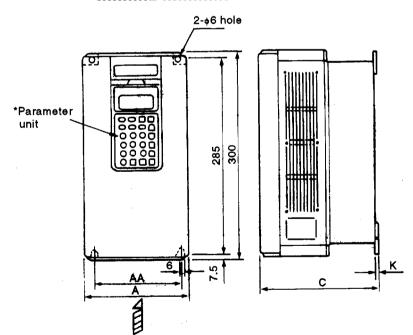
-

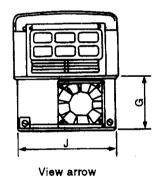
. .

#### 31-6 Outline Drawings



- FR-A220E-[ 1.5K(P) , 2.2K(P) , 3.7K(P) , 5.5K(P) , 7.5K(P) , 11K -UL [Unit: mm]
- FR-A240E-[ 0.4K(P) ], 0.75K(P) ], 1.5K(P) ], 2.2K(P) ], 3.7K(P) ], 5.5K(P) ], 7.5K(P) ]



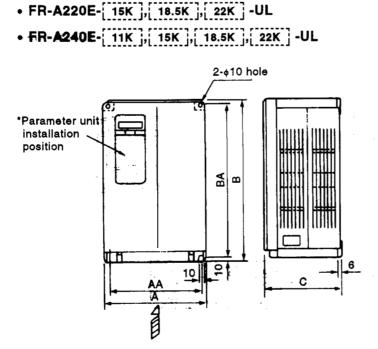


.....

• 200V series						
Inverter Type	A	AA	c	G	J	κ
FR-A220E-1.5K(P)	150	125	140	41	142	6
FR-A220E-2.2K(P)	150	125	170	71	142	2.3
FR-A220E-3.7K(P)	150	125	170	71	142	2.3
FR-A220E-5.5K(P)	220	195	190	66	210	2.3
FR-A2208-7.5K(P)	220	195	190	66	210	2.3
FR-A220E-11K	220	195	190	66	210	2.3

400V series

Inverter Type	A	AA	C	Q	J	κ
FR-A240E-0.4K(P)	150	125	170	71	142	2.3
FR-A240E-0.75K(P)	150	125	170	71	142	2.3
FR-A240E-1.5K(P)	150	125	170	71	142	2.3
FR-A240E-2.2K(P)	150	125	170	71	142	2.3
FR-A240E-3.7K(P)	150	125	170	71	142	2.3
FR-A240E-5.5K(P)	220	195	190	66	210	2.3
FR-A240E-7.5K	220	195	190	66	210	2.3



25 J

View arrow

• 200V series

<ul> <li>Inverter Type</li> </ul>			В	BA	C	G	J
FR-A220E-15K	250						
FR-A220E-18.5K	300						
FR-A220E-22K	300	280	450	430	195	80	292

400V series

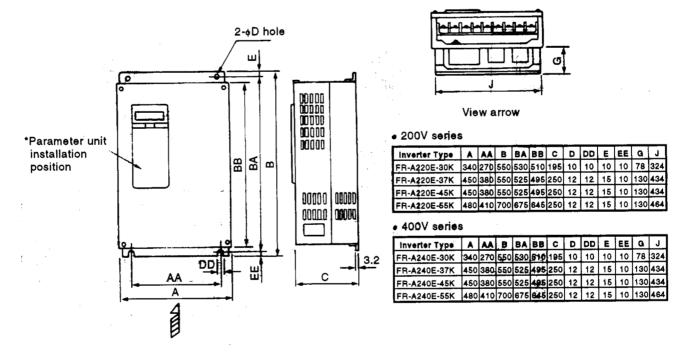
Inverter Type			В				
FR-A240E-11K			400				
FR-A240E-15K	250	230	400	380	190	80	242
FR-A240E-18.5K							292
FR-A240E-22K	300	280	450	430	195	80	2 <del>9</del> 2

و في د

• FR-A220E- 30K , 37K , 45K , 55K -UL

• FR-A240E- 30K ; 37K ; 48K ; 55K -UL

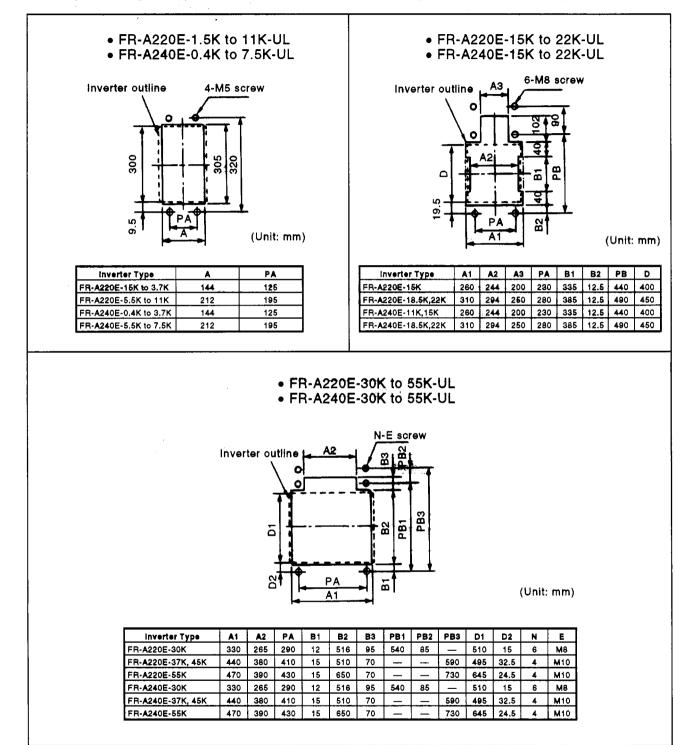
[Unit: mm]



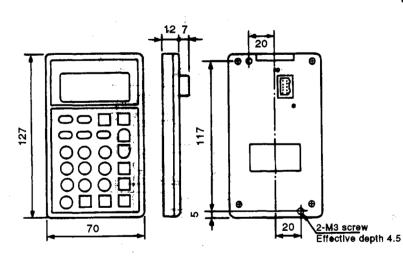
• The 11K to 55K models are not equipped with the parameter unit as standard.

#### {Unit: mm]

#### 31-7 Panel Cutting Dimension Diagrams (For using the optional heat sink outside mounting attachment FR-ACN)

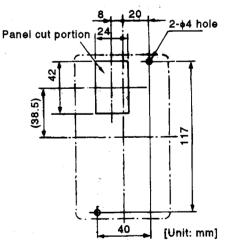


#### 31-8 FR-PU02(E) Parameter Unit Dimension Diagrame



Note: The length of the installation screw should be selected so that it does not exceed the effective installation screw depth of the parameter unit.

# Panel cutting dimensions for installation of the parameter unit to a panel, etc.



(View as seen from the parameter unit front)

#### FR-PU02(E) Specifications

Item	Specifications								
Ambient	Operating	-10 to +50°C (Note 1)							
temperature	Storage								
Ambient humidity	9	0%RH	Non-condensing						
Operating ambience	No oil mist	No oil mist and corrosive gases. Minimal dust and dirt.							
Connected object	FR-A series	s inverter or dea	licated cable (FR-CBL)						
Power supply	Power is su	pplied from the	Inverter.						
Connection	Fitted to the	e inverter directi	y or connected by the cable.						
Display	LCD (liquid crystal display, 13 characters x 4 lines)								
Keyboard	24 keys (covered with polyurethane film)								
Size	127 x (H) x	70 (W) x 12 (D	)						

- Note: 1. When the temperature is less than about 0°C, the liquid crystal display (LCD) may be slower in operation. And high temperature may reduce the LCD life.
  - Do not expose the liquid crystal display directly to the sun.

	Motor Output	Applicable	No-Fuse Br Earth Leakage C	Magnetic	Cables	s (mm²)	
Voltage	(kW)	Inverter Type	Standard	With power factor improving reactor	Contactor (MC)	R,S,T	U,V,W
	0.4	FR-220E-0.4k	Type NF30, NV30 5A	Type NF30, NV30 5A	S-K10	2	2
	0.75	FR-220E-0.75k	Type NF30, NV30 10A	Type NF30, NV30 10A	S-K10	2	2
	1.5	FR-220E-1.5k	Type NF30, NV30 15A	Type NF30, NV30 15A	S-K10	2	2
	2.2	FR-220E-2.2k	Type NF30, NV30 20A	Type NF30, NV30 15A	S-K11,K12	2	2
	3.7	FR-220E-3.7k	Type NF30, NV30 30A	Type NF30, NV30 30A	S-K20	3.5	3.5
200V	5.5	FR-220E-5.5k	Type NF50, NV50 50A	Type NF50, NV50 40A	S-K25	5.5	5.5
class	7.5	FR-220E-7.5k	Type NF100, NV100 60A	Type NF50, NV50 50A	S-K35	14	8
	11	FR-220E-11k	Type NF100, NV100 75A	Type NF100, NV100 75A	S-K50	14	14
	15	FR-220E-15k	Type NF225, NV225 125A	Type NF100, NV100 100A	S-K65	22	22
	18.5	FR-220E-18.5k	Type NF225, NV225 150A	Type NF225, NV225 125A	S-K80	30	30
	22	FR-220E-22k	Type NF225, NV225 175A	Type NF225, NV225 150A	S-K95	38	30
	30	FR-220E-30k	Type NF225, NV225 225A	Type NF225, NV225 175A	S-K125	60	50
	37	FR-220E-37k	Type NF400, NV400 250A	Type NF225, NV225 225A	S-K150	80	80
	45	FR-220E-45k	Type NF400; NV400:300A	Type NF400, NV400 300A	S-K180	100	80
	55	FR-220E-55k	Type NF400, NV400 400A	Type NF400, NV400 350A	S-K220	150	125
	0.4	FR-240E-0.4k	Type NF30, NV30 5A	Type NF30, NV30 5A	S-K10	2	2
	0.75	FR-240E-0.75k	Type NF30, NV30 5A	Type NF30, NV30 5A	S-K10	2	2
	1.5	FR-240E-1.5k	Type NF30, NV30 10A	Type NF30, NV30 10A	S-K10	2	2
	2.2	FR-240E-2.2k	Type NF30, NV30 15A	Type NF30, NV30 10A	S-K20	2	2
	3.7	FR-240E-3.7k	Type NF30, NV30 20A	Type NF30, NV30 15A	S-K20	2	2
400V	5.5	FR-240E-5.5k	Type NF30, NV30 30A	Type NF30, NV30 20A	S-K20	3.5	2
class	7.5	FR-240E-7.5k	Type NF30, NV30 30A	Type NF30, NV30 30A	S-K20	3.5	3.5
	11	FR-240E-11k	Type NF50, NV50 50A	Type NF50, NV50 40A	S-K20	5.5	5.5
	15	FR-240E-15k	Type NF100, NV100 60A	Type NF50, NV50 50A	S-K25	14	8
	18.5	FR-240E-18.5k	Type NF100, NV100 75A	Type NF100, NV100 60A	S-K35	14	8
	22	FR-240E-22k	Type NF100, NV100 100A	Type NF100, NV100 75A	S-K50	22	14
	30	FR-240E-30k	Type NF225, NV225 125A	Type NF100, NV100 100A	S-K65	22	22
	37	FR-240E-37k	Type NF225, NV225 150A	Type NF225, NV225 125A	S-K80	30	22
	45	FR-240E-45k	Type NF225, NV225 175A	Type NF225, NV225 150A	S-K80	38	30
	55	FR-240E-55k	Type NF225, NV225 200A	Type NF225, NV225 175A	S-K100	50	50

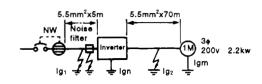
#### 31-9 Peripheral Device List

#### 31-10 Selecting the Rated Sensitivity Current for the Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker

When using the earth leakage circuit breaker with the inverter circuit, select its rated sensitivity current as follows:

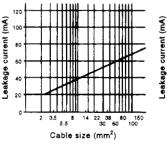
- New Super NV series (Type SF, CF)
- Rated sensitivity current: I∆n≥10x(lg<sub>1</sub>+lg<sub>2</sub>+lgm) • Conventional NV series (Type CA, CS, SS)
- Rated sensitivity current: l∆n≥10x{lg<sub>1</sub>+lgn+3x(lg<sub>2</sub>+ lgm)}
  - lg1,lg2 : leakage currents of cable path during commercial power supply operation
  - Ign\* : leakage current of noise filter on inverter input side
  - Igm : leakage current of motor during commercial power supply operation

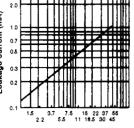
<sup>&</sup>lt;Example>



Leakage Current Example of Cable Path during Commercial Power Supply Operation When the CV Cable Is Routed in Metal Conduit (200V 60Hz)

Leakage Current Example of 3-Phase Induction Motor during Commercial Power Supply Operation (200V 60Hz)





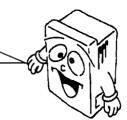
- Note: 1. The NV should be installed to the primary (power supply) side of the inverter.
  - 2. Ground fault in the output side of the inverter can be detected at the running frequency of 120Hz or lower.
  - 3. In the Y connection neutral point grounded system, the sensitivity current is purified against ground fault in the inverter output side. Hence, the protective ground resistance of the load equipment should be  $10\Omega$  or less.
  - 4. When the breaker is grounded on the output slde of the inverter, it may be unnecessarily operated by harmonics if the effective value is less than the rating. In this case, note that the eddy current and hysteresis loss increase and temperature rises.

Selection Example (for the diagram shown on the left) (mA)

	New Super NV	Conventional NV
Leakage current lg1	33 x <u>5m</u> 100	0 0m = 0.17
Leakage current ign	0 (without	noise filter)
Leakage current ig2	33 x 70r	<u>n</u> Om = 2.31
Motor leakage current igm	0.	18
Total leakage current	2.66	7.64
Rated sensitivity current (≥lgx10)	30	100

\* For the leakage current value of the noise filter installed on the inverter input side, contact the corresponding filter manufacturer. (For Mitsubishi's dedicated filters, see page 167.) .

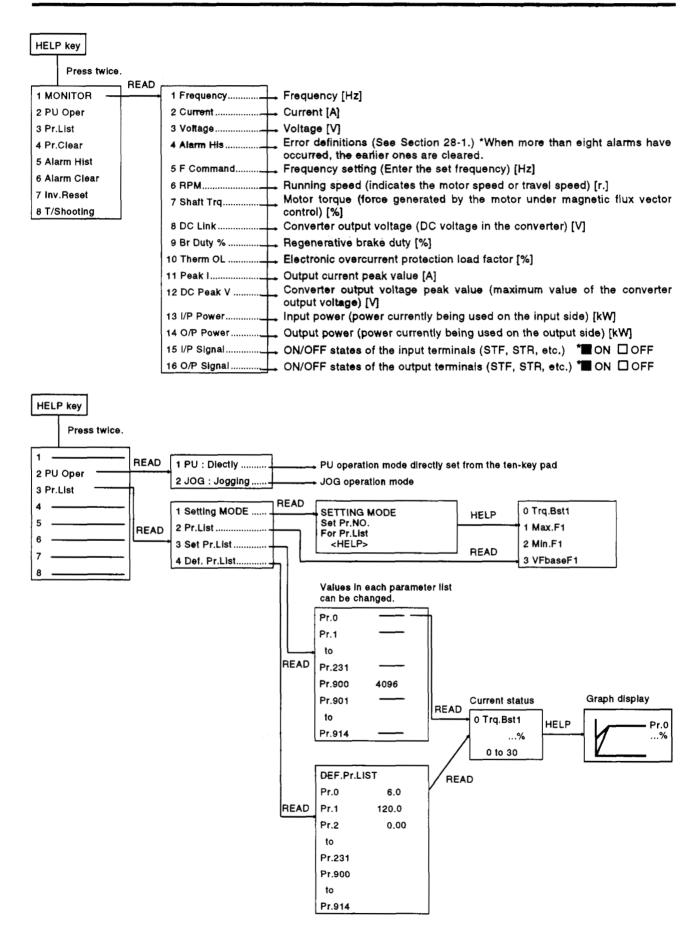
Set the functions according to the load specifications and operating conditions. The following list indicates purposes of use and applied functions. The parameter numbers indicated are those of the FR-A200E series inverters. For the parameter numbers of the other series, see the corresponding catalog or instruction manual.

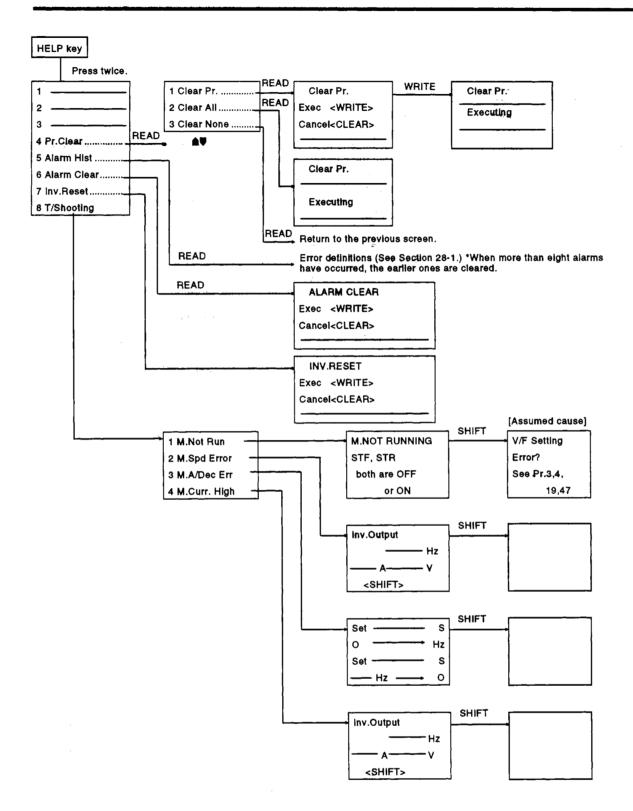


		Г	A	в	c	D	E	F	G	н	1	ı I	ΚL	м	N	0	P	Q	R	s	т	υ	٧	w :	×١	Y
): Indi	cates tha	it the parameter must be set. It the parameter may be set									T												ation			
as r	equired.	Purpose of Use	Adjustment of acceleration/ deceleration time and pattern	Motor overheat protection	Selection of optimum output characteristic for load characteristic	Limit of output frequency	DVer 60Hz	Adjustment of frequency setting signal and output	Calibration of frequency meter	Adjustment of digital frequency meter	Adjustment of motor output torque	Multi-speed operation	Jog operation Frequency turns operation	Reversible operation according to analog signal polarity	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure	Adjustment of brake aperation	Operation timing of magnetic brake	Inverter stop at activation of external thermal relay	Display of speed, etc.	Function rewrite prevention	Reverse rotation prevention	Acceleration/deceleration in the shortest time	Optimum acceleration/deceleration within continuous rating range	Energy-saving operation	beration	Automatic restart at alarm stop
		aodun Gund	Adjustment seceleration	Motor over	Selection o	imit of out	Operation over 60Hz	Adjustment setting sign	Calibration	Adjustment	Adjustment	Multi-speed	Jog operation Frequency ivn	Reversible analog sign	Automatic r nstantaneo	Adjustment	<b>Operation</b> t	nverter sto external the	Display of 1	Function re	Reverse ro	Acceleration In the short	Optimum a within conti	Energy-sav	Elevator operation	Automatic I
Function	Parameter Number	Name					Ŭ	~ *	Ŭ							$\Box$	Ŭ		Ľ			~-			1	
	0	Torque boost (manual)					Ц				•	_			L	Ц			┢	$\vdash$	-	_	0	-	이	$\neg$
	1	Maximum frequency		+			0		$\square$	Н	-	익	+	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\square$			╞	$\vdash$	+			┝╍╋		
ş	2	Minimum frequency	<u> </u>	╞		•	₊					익	+		<u> </u>	+	$\square$		┡	⊢∔	+				+	$\dashv$
stion	3	Base frequency		₊	•	$\mathbf{H}$	$\vdash$		Н	$\square$		+	+		<u> </u>	H			╞	++	┥			$\vdash$	+	_
Įnuč	4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)		╀		+	H		Н	H	-+	•	-+-	+			-		┝	╉╍╋	-+	-		$\vdash$	-+	
Basic functions	5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)		+		+	$\vdash$		H	$\vdash$	-						-		+	┼┼	-+			$\vdash$	-+	
Ba	6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	•	+	-	$\vdash$	$\vdash$		Н	$\mathbb{H}$		•	+-	<u>+</u>		$\vdash$	$\vdash$		⊢	╋╋	+	0	0	┝─┼	+	_
	7	Acceleration time	•	+		+	┝╌┥		┝┈┥		-+	╉							┢	+	+	0	0	$\vdash$	╉	-
	8	Deceleration time	•	•		$\vdash$	H		H	H	+	╉	+-	+		+	-		┢	┼╌┼	-+	~	<u> </u>	┝╍╋	-+	
	9 10	Electronic thermal O/L relay		┢		$\vdash$	H		Н	$\vdash$	+	+	-+-	<u> </u>		•			┼┈	╉╌╉	-+	_		$\vdash$	+	
	10	DC injection brake operation frequency DC injection brake operation time	+	+	<u> </u>	+	H		H	Η	+	+	+	<u> </u>		•			┢	┼┼	+			$\vdash$	+	-
	12	DC injection brake voltage		+		+	H		+		-	+	+-	<u>†</u>	<u> </u>	Í	H		$^{+}$	H	+			H	╈	-
	13	Starting frequency		╀		+-	H		H	Н	0	+	+	1		F	Η		+	$\square$	+				0	-
	14	Applied load selection	<u> </u>	+	0		H		H	H	-	+	+-	1	<u> </u>		H		†-		-				0	-
	15	Jog frequency		+	1	t	H		H	Η		0	•			$\square$	Η		t	1-1	1				┓	-
	16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0	1		T	Π			Π		_	•	1	1	T			Γ							_
	17	External thermal O/L relay input		Τ		Γ	Π											٠								
	18	High-speed maximum frequency				٠	$\Box$					T			1	Γ			Γ						0	
	19	Base frequency voltage		T	0																				0	
	20	Acceteration/deceleration reference frequency	•																			0	0			
188	21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	•	+		╞	$\square$	<u> </u>		H		+	+	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	$\vdash$	$\square$		╞	+ +	-	0	0	┝╌┝	-+	_
ctio	22	Stall prevention operation level		+	<b>-</b>	╞	$\square$				0	+	+		<u> </u>	1	Н		╀╴	+	_	0		┞╌╄	-+	_
Standard operation functionss	23	Stall prevention operation level at double speed	ļ		L		$\square$				0								1	$\square$		0			_	_
atio	24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)		+	-	╞	$\square$		┢			•	+	-	<u> </u>	1	Ц		+	+	_			$\vdash$	+	_
ed	25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)		-	_	1	Ц		⊢			•	_			-	$\square$		+	$\left  \cdot \right $				$\left  \right $	+	_
ê	26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)		+		╞	$\square$	<u> </u>		$\vdash$		•	+	-		┢			+-	+				$\vdash$	+	_
abc	27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)		+-		┢	⊢		⊢	$\vdash$		•	+	-		╀	Н		┿	+	Η			$\vdash$	+	_
Star	28	Multi-speed input compensation		+-	+	┝	⊢	-	┝	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	이	+	•	+	+	H		╋	┿┥				┝┤	+	-
.,	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern	<u> </u>	+	+	┢	╆┯┥		┢	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	+	+	+	+	0	Η	-	╋	╉	$\square$			⊢┤	+	_
	30	ternal brake resistor selection Frequency jump 1A	+	+	+	+	⊢	-	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	+	•	<u>,                                    </u>	+	۲	Η		╋	+	Η			H	+	
	31 32	Frequency jump 1B	+	╈	+	+	┢┤		┢	$\vdash$	H	╉			1	+	Η		+	+ +				┝─┦	+	_
	32	Frequency jump 18	+	+	1	+	$\vdash$	<del> </del>	+		$\left  \right $	+		_	1	+	┥┥		+	+				H	+	_
	33	Frequency jump 28	1	+	1	+	⊢		+	Ħ	H	+		-	1	+	1	<u> </u>	+	+	$\square$			┢┤	+	-
	35	Frequency jump 3A	1			$^{+}$	⊢		$\top$	$\uparrow$	Ħ	+		_			Π		1	+	H			tt	┥	-
	36	Frequency jump 3B	1	$^{+}$	1	+	$\vdash$	1	$\uparrow$	$\vdash$	H	+		_	1	1			1	$\top$					1	
	37	Speed display	1	+		+	Ħ	1	$\uparrow$	1	H	+	+	1	1	$\uparrow$			•		Η			11		Γ
	38	Automatic torque boost	1	$^{+}$	1	1	Ħ		1	$\mathbf{t}$	0	+	+		1	$\uparrow$			Ť		Π			П	1	
	39	Automatic torque boost operation starting current Multi-function output terminal functions		T	1						0				1	T			T							

		Г		в	с	DI	E	F	G⊦	i i	IJ	κL	м	N	То	P	Q	R	S	Ŧ	ΰT	v	ŵx	Ū٧	Īz
						T			_		Π	~			T		14			T			T	T	Г
•		Purpode of Use	Adjustment of acceleration deceleration time and pattern	Motor overheat protection	Selection of optimum output characteristic for load characteristic	Limit of output frequency	Operation over 60Hz	Adjustment of frequency setting signal and output	Calibration of frequency meter	Adjustment of alguar frequency meter Adjustment of motor output terrore	Multi-speed operation	Jog pperation	Reversible operation according to	Automatic restart after	Adinational of brake consistion	Operation timing of magnetic brake	Inverter stop at aptivation of external thermal felay	Display of speed, etc.	Function rewrite pregention	Reverse rotation prevention	Acceleration/deceleration	Optimum acceleration/debelaration within continuous rating minge	Energy-saving operation	Automatic restart at alarm stop	Sub-motor operation
Function	Parameter Number	Name	Adju	Mot	Sele	Lim	ð	A di Tipe	Cali	Adit Adit	Muh	Jog		A I		Op	hve	Dia	n Fu	P.	8≑ ₹.⊊	S.		ă Ť	8ub
io a	40	Output terminal assignment		Ħ		I	1	_		1					T	•				#				T	F
Multi-function output terminal functions	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity		$\vdash$		4	+		+	╀	$\square$	+	+	+	╀			$\vdash$	+	+			+	┢	┢
ti ti un	42	Output frequency detection Output frequency detection at reverse		┝╋		rt	╉		+	t	H	+	+	+	╈	•		+	┥	+	-+	-+	+-	┿	┢
N T	43	rotation		Ц												0				4	$ \rightarrow $		⊢	1	L
	44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	.0	-∔		i-l-	+		-+-	╀		-	_	+	+	$\vdash$		$\square$	+	+				╋	1.
Second tunctionss	45 46	Second deceleration time Second torgue boost	0	┢╋		+	+		+	Ь	┥┥		+	+	╉	+			H	╉	$\dashv$		+	+	•
pot	46 47	Second forque posst Second V/F (base frequency)			0	+	╉			f	H		†	+	╈	$\square$		$\square$		+			+	+	•
- d t	48	Second stall prevention operation current			_		1			0				1	T			Γ		T				T	Ĺ
co	49	Second stall prevention operation		Π		T	T		T	0		T		1	T	Π			T	T			T	Γ	Γ
ő		frequency		┢┼┥		+	+		+	Ť	+	+	+	+	╉	0			$\vdash$	+			-+-	+	┢
	50 51	Second output frequency detection Inverter LED display data selection		┢┿	-+	*	-+		-+-	┿	+	-	+	+	+	۲		•	-á	+		+	+	┾	┢
	52	PU main display data selection		H		i t	-†			╈	+	+	+	+	+			Ō		+				+	t
ona	53	PU level display data selection						,									· · · ·	•							Г
Display functiones	54	FM terminal function selection				I			• •				1		_								⊢	+	╞
- 2	55	Frequency monitoring reference		H	<u> </u>	$\vdash$	+		•		+		+	+	+	+		+	H	-+		<u> </u>		┿	╄
A	56	Current monitoring reference	<u> </u>	┢┼┥		⊢+	+		•	4	+	+	+	•	╋	+		+	H	+	-1		_ <del> </del> -	+-	┢
Automatic restert	57	Restart coasting time		++		H	-+			╋	H	+	+	<u> </u>	+-	+-			H	+				+	t
functions	58	Restart cushion time	-	$\mathbb{H}$		$\vdash$	+			+	+	+		•	+	+		+		+			+-	┿	╞
Additional function	59	Remote setting function selection		$\left  \right $		$\vdash$				+				+	+	+		╞		-		•	• 0	╀	╞
	60 61	Intelligent mode selection Reference I for intelligent mode		+		H	+		-	╉		+	+	+	┿	+				+		0	Ť	+	┢
	62	Ref. 1 for intelligent mode accel.		$\square$																-		0	0	1	Γ
	63	Ref. I for intelligent mode decel.		$\Box$		$\Box$				T			-					L				0	0	$\bot$	Γ
	64	Starting f for elevator mode	<u> </u>	⊢∔		$\vdash$	-			╇	+	$\vdash$		+	+	<u>↓</u> ·	ļ	╀		+				_	+
	65	Retry selection	<u> </u>	⊢∔	<u></u>	┢╌╄	+		$\vdash$	+	+	$\square$	-	÷	-+-	+		┝	$\left[ + \right]$	+			$\vdash$	•	+
=	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency		11						0	1					1				1	0				
tion	67	Number of retries at alarm occurrence		$\square$				_		1		T			T	Γ							$\Box$	•	
nnd	68	Retry waiting time	<b></b>	$\square$		H	_			_	+-				╇	+-	ļ	1		4			$\vdash$	•	
onf	69	Retry count display erasure	<b> </b>	⊢∔		H	+		$\vdash$	+	+	$\vdash$	+	+	╞	+		+-		÷			$\vdash$	•	4
ecti	70	Special regenerative brake duty	┝──	6		$\mathbb{H}$	+			+	+		+	+	-+-	4-		+	$\mathbf{H}$				H	+	+
sel	71 72	Applied motor PWM frequency selection	+	۲H		┝╋	+		$\vdash$	╉	+	$\vdash$	+	+	+	+		+	$\left  \cdot \right $	+				+	t
Operation selection functionss	73	0 to 5V, 0 to 10V selection				□		٠		1	0		•		Τ	Γ							ГĹ	T	T
era	74	Response time for analog signal		$\Box$		П	T			T		μŢ	0	1						-			$\square$	+	+
e d	75	Reset selection/PU disconnection detection																	Ŀ				Ш		
	76	Alarm code output selection		$\Box$		П					F	μŢ		1	T	L							$\square$	4	+
	77	Parameter write disable selection		╄╋		⊢∔	$\rightarrow$		┝╍┼	+	╋	$\vdash$	-	+	+	+-	<u> </u>	+	•	4			╟╋	+	╋
	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	╂───	╀┤		┝┥	+		$\vdash$	+	╉╼	┝╌┠╸	+-	+	+	╀	<u> </u>	+"	÷,	•			┝╊	+-	ϯ
	79	Operation mode selection Motor capacity	<u>+</u>	++	0	H	+	÷	+	+	1	++	+	+	+			t	t l				L I e	•	t
	81	Number of motor poles	<u>t</u>	$\Box$	0						-							T	1				-	•	T
	145	Parameter unit language switching	<u> </u>	$\Box$		Д	T		H	Ţ	F	μŢ	+	$\square$	Ţ	F	ļ	F	Ц	Ц			НГ	+	+
<u>7</u> 88	155	RT activated condition	<u>↓</u>	$\downarrow \downarrow$		++	H		+	+	+-	┝┼	+	+-		+	<b> </b>	+-	+	$\vdash$		<u> </u>		+	+
tior	156	Stall prevent, select, at regeneration	+	+		┟╌┤	Ĥ		$\vdash$	+	+	┝┼┥	+-	+	╉	+	<b>+</b>	╉	t				┢╋┝	╋	╋
Auxiliary functionss	157	OL signal waiting time AM terminal function selection	+	+		H	$\mathbb{H}$		†-Ť	+	+	++	+-		┽	+	-	+	H	H			$\mathbf{H}$	+	$\dagger$
-	158	PWM 1 decrease at low speed		$\pm \pm$													<u> </u>	T					$\Box$	1	T
	900	FM terminal calibration		$\Box$			0			•	T	Π			Ţ	Ţ.		Ļ		Ц		<b> </b>	$\downarrow\downarrow$	+	+
uo st	901	AM terminal calibration	+	$\square$	<u> </u>		0	ь I	0		1	+		+	+	+-		+-		Н		<u> </u>	┢┼┥	+	+
	902	Frequency setting voltage bias	+	+	<u> </u>	0	$\vdash$	•	$\square$	+	+	+	+	+	+	+-	1	1.	1.	Н		<u> </u>	┢╌┼╴	+	+
tio		E				101	ا ھ ا	· .																	
Calibration functions	903 904	Frequency setting voltage gain Frequency setting current bias	+	+	<u></u>	0		•	$\left  \right $	+	+	$\left  \right $	+	+	+	╀		┿	┝	Н			┼┼	+	$^+$

# 33. DEFINITIONS OF THE HELP FUNCTION DISPLAYS





## REVISIONS

Print Date	*Manual Number	Revision
Mar, 1995	IB (NA) 66496-A	First edition
1		

## • The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

