

Programmable Controller

MELSEC iQ-R

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Machine Control)

-R16MTCPU

-R32MTCPU

-R64MTCPU

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Read these precautions before using this product.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

The precautions given in this manual are concerned with this product only. Refer to MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual for a description of the PLC system safety precautions.

In this manual, the safety precautions are classified into two levels: " ____ WARNING" and " ____ CAUTION".

MARNING

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in minor or moderate injury or property damage.

Under some circumstances, failure to observe the precautions given under "ACAUTION" may lead to serious consequences.

Observe the precautions of both levels because they are important for personal and system safety.

Make sure that the end users read this manual and then keep the manual in a safe place for future reference.

[Design Precautions]

! WARNING

- Configure safety circuits external to the programmable controller to ensure that the entire system
 operates safely even when a fault occurs in the external power supply or the programmable controller.
 Failure to do so may result in an accident due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
 - (1) Emergency stop circuits, protection circuits, and protective interlock circuits for conflicting operations (such as forward/reverse rotations or upper/lower limit positioning) must be configured external to the programmable controller.
 - (2) When the programmable controller detects an abnormal condition, it stops the operation and all outputs are:
 - Turned off if the overcurrent or overvoltage protection of the power supply module is activated.
 - Held or turned off according to the parameter setting if the self-diagnostic function of the CPU module detects an error such as a watchdog timer error.
 - (3) All outputs may be turned on if an error occurs in a part, such as an I/O control part, where the CPU module cannot detect any error. To ensure safety operation in such a case, provide a safety mechanism or a fail-safe circuit external to the programmable controller. For a fail-safe circuit example, refer to "General Safety Requirements" in the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
 - (4) Outputs may remain on or off due to a failure of a component such as a relay and transistor in an output circuit. Configure an external circuit for monitoring output signals that could cause a serious accident.
- In an output circuit, when a load current exceeding the rated current or an overcurrent caused by a load short-circuit flows for a long time, it may cause smoke and fire. To prevent this, configure an external safety circuit, such as a fuse.
- Configure a circuit so that the programmable controller is turned on first and then the external power supply. If the external power supply is turned on first, an accident may occur due to an incorrect output or malfunction.

[Design Precautions]

WARNING

- For the operating status of each station after a communication failure, refer to manuals relevant to the network. Incorrect output or malfunction due to a communication failure may result in an accident.
- When connecting an external device with a CPU module or intelligent function module to modify data of a running programmable controller, configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely. For other forms of control (such as program modification, parameter change, forced output, or operating status change) of a running programmable controller, read the relevant manuals carefully and ensure that the operation is safe before proceeding. Improper operation may damage machines or cause accidents.
- Especially, when a remote programmable controller is controlled by an external device, immediate action cannot be taken if a problem occurs in the programmable controller due to a communication failure. To prevent this, configure an interlock circuit in the program, and determine corrective actions to be taken between the external device and CPU module in case of a communication failure.
- Do not write any data to the "system area" and "write-protect area" of the buffer memory in the module. Also, do not use any "use prohibited" signals as an output signal from the CPU module to each module. Doing so may cause malfunction of the programmable controller system. For the "system area", "write-protect area", and the "use prohibited" signals, refer to the user's manual for the module used.
- If a communication cable is disconnected, the network may be unstable, resulting in a communication failure of multiple stations. Configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely even if communications fail. Failure to do so may result in an accident due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
- To maintain the safety of the programmable controller system against unauthorized access from external devices via the network, take appropriate measures. To maintain the safety against unauthorized access via the Internet, take measures such as installing a firewall.
- Configure safety circuits external to the programmable controller to ensure that the entire system
 operates safely even when a fault occurs in the external power supply or the programmable controller.
 Failure to do so may result in an accident due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
- If safety standards (ex., robot safety rules, etc.,) apply to the system using the module, servo amplifier and servo motor, make sure that the safety standards are satisfied.
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the module or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the module or servo amplifier differs from the safety directive operation in the system.
- Do not remove the SSCNETⅢ cable while turning on the control circuit power supply of modules and servo amplifier. Do not see directly the light generated from SSCNETⅢ connector of the module or servo amplifier and the end of SSCNETⅢ cable. When the light gets into eyes, you may feel something wrong with eyes. (The light source of SSCNETⅢ complies with class 1 defined in JISC6802 or IEC60825-1.)

[Design Precautions]

ACAUTION

- Do not install the control lines or communication cables together with the main circuit lines or power cables. Keep a distance of 100mm or more between them. Failure to do so may result in malfunction due to noise.
- During control of an inductive load such as a lamp, heater, or solenoid valve, a large current (approximately ten times greater than normal) may flow when the output is turned from off to on. Therefore, use a module that has a sufficient current rating.
- After the CPU module is powered on or is reset, the time taken to enter the RUN status varies
 depending on the system configuration, parameter settings, and/or program size. Design circuits so
 that the entire system will always operate safely, regardless of the time.
- Do not power off the programmable controller or reset the CPU module while the settings are being written. Doing so will make the data in the flash ROM and SD memory card undefined. The values need to be set in the buffer memory and written to the flash ROM and SD memory card again. Doing so also may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- When changing the operating status of the CPU module from external devices (such as the remote RUN/STOP functions), select "Do Not Open by Program" for "Opening Method" of "Module Parameter". If "Open by Program" is selected, an execution of the remote STOP function causes the communication line to close. Consequently, the CPU module cannot reopen the line, and external devices cannot execute the remote RUN function.

[Installation Precautions]

WARNING

 Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing the module. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or cause the module to fail or malfunction.

[Installation Precautions]

ACAUTION

- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the Safety Guidelines included with the base unit. Failure to do so may result in electric shock, fire, malfunction, or damage to or deterioration of the product.
- To mount a module, place the concave part(s) located at the bottom onto the guide(s) of the base unit, and push in the module until the hook(s) located at the top snaps into place. Incorrect interconnection may cause malfunction, failure, or drop of the module.
- To mount a module with no module fixing hook, place the concave part(s) located at the bottom onto the guide(s) of the base unit, push in the module, and fix it with screw(s). Incorrect interconnection may cause malfunction, failure, or drop of the module.
- When using the programmable controller in an environment of frequent vibrations, fix the module with a screw.
- Tighten the screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the screw, short circuit, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- When using an extension cable, connect it to the extension cable connector of the base unit securely.
 Check the connection for looseness. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- When using an SD memory card, fully insert it into the SD memory card slot. Check that it is inserted completely. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Securely insert an extended SRAM cassette or a battery-less option cassette into the cassette
 connector of the CPU module. After insertion, close the cassette cover and check that the cassette is
 inserted completely. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Do not directly touch any conductive parts and electronic components of the module, SD memory card, extended SRAM cassette, battery-less option cassette, or connector. Doing so can cause malfunction or failure of the module.

[Wiring Precautions]

WARNING

- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before installation and wiring. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- After installation and wiring, attach a blank cover module (RG60) to each empty slot and an included extension connector protective cover to the unused extension cable connector before powering on the system for operation. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

[Wiring Precautions]

CAUTION

- Individually ground the FG and LG terminals of the programmable controller with a ground resistance of 100 ohms or less. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or malfunction.
- Use applicable solderless terminals and tighten them within the specified torque range. If any spade solderless terminal is used, it may be disconnected when the terminal screw comes loose, resulting in failure.
- Check the rated voltage and signal layout before wiring to the module, and connect the cables correctly. Connecting a power supply with a different voltage rating or incorrect wiring may cause fire or failure.
- Connectors for external devices must be crimped or pressed with the tool specified by the manufacturer, or must be correctly soldered. Incomplete connections may cause short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- Securely connect the connector to the module. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Do not install the control lines or communication cables together with the main circuit lines or power cables. Keep a distance of 100mm or more between them. Failure to do so may result in malfunction due to noise.
- Place the cables in a duct or clamp them. If not, dangling cable may swing or inadvertently be pulled, resulting in damage to the module or cables or malfunction due to poor contact. Do not clamp the extension cables with the jacket stripped. Doing so may change the characteristics of the cables, resulting in malfunction.
- Check the interface type and correctly connect the cable. Incorrect wiring (connecting the cable to an
 incorrect interface) may cause failure of the module and external device.
- Tighten the terminal screws or connector screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the screw, short circuit, fire, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- When disconnecting the cable from the module, do not pull the cable by the cable part. For the cable with connector, hold the connector part of the cable. For the cable connected to the terminal block, loosen the terminal screw. Pulling the cable connected to the module may result in malfunction or damage to the module or cable.
- Prevent foreign matter such as dust or wire chips from entering the module. Such foreign matter can cause a fire, failure, or malfunction.
- A protective film is attached to the top of the module to prevent foreign matter, such as wire chips, from entering the module during wiring. Do not remove the film during wiring. Remove it for heat dissipation before system operation.
- Programmable controllers must be installed in control panels. Connect the main power supply to the power supply module in the control panel through a relay terminal block. Wiring and replacement of a power supply module must be performed by qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of protection against electric shock. For wiring, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
- For Ethernet cables to be used in the system, select the ones that meet the specifications in the user's manual for the module used. If not, normal data transmission is not guaranteed.

[Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

WARNING

- Do not touch any terminal while power is on. Doing so will cause electric shock or malfunction.
- Correctly connect the battery connector. Do not charge, disassemble, heat, short-circuit, solder, or throw the battery into the fire. Also, do not expose it to liquid or strong shock. Doing so will cause the battery to produce heat, explode, ignite, or leak, resulting in injury and fire.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before cleaning the module or retightening the terminal screws, connector screws, or module fixing screws. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

[Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

⚠ CAUTION

- When connecting an external device with a CPU module or intelligent function module to modify data of a running programmable controller, configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely. For other forms of control (such as program modification, parameter change, forced output, or operating status change) of a running programmable controller, read the relevant manuals carefully and ensure that the operation is safe before proceeding. Improper operation may damage machines or cause accidents.
- Especially, when a remote programmable controller is controlled by an external device, immediate action cannot be taken if a problem occurs in the programmable controller due to a communication failure. To prevent this, configure an interlock circuit in the program, and determine corrective actions to be taken between the external device and CPU module in case of a communication failure.
- Do not disassemble or modify the modules. Doing so may cause failure, malfunction, injury, or a fire.
- Use any radio communication device such as a cellular phone or PHS (Personal Handy-phone System) more than 25cm away in all directions from the programmable controller. Failure to do so may cause malfunction.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing the module. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Tighten the screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the component or wire, short circuit, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- After the first use of the product, do not perform each of the following operations more than 50 times (IEC 61131-2/JIS B 3502 compliant).

Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.

- Mounting/removing the module to/from the base unit
- Inserting/removing the extended SRAM cassette or battery-less option cassette to/from the CPU module
- Mounting/removing the terminal block to/from the module
- After the first use of the product, do not insert/remove the SD memory card to/from the CPU module more than 500 times. Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- Do not touch the metal terminals on the back side of the SD memory card. Doing so may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- Do not touch the integrated circuits on the circuit board of an extended SRAM cassette or a batteryless option cassette. Doing so may cause malfunction or failure of the module.

[Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not drop or apply shock to the battery to be installed in the module. Doing so may damage the battery, causing the battery fluid to leak inside the battery. If the battery is dropped or any shock is applied to it, dispose of it without using.
- Startup and maintenance of a control panel must be performed by qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of protection against electric shock. Lock the control panel so that only qualified maintenance personnel can operate it.
- Before handling the module, touch a conducting object such as a grounded metal to discharge the static electricity from the human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Before testing the operation, set a low speed value for the speed limit parameter so that the operation can be stopped immediately upon occurrence of a hazardous condition.
- Confirm and adjust the program and each parameter before operation. Unpredictable movements may occur depending on the machine.
- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the module or absolute position motor has been replaced, always perform a home position return.
- Before starting the operation, confirm the brake function.
- Do not perform a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) during inspection.
- After maintenance and inspections are completed, confirm that the position detection of the absolute position detection function is correct.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.

[Operating Precautions]

ACAUTION

- When changing data and operating status, and modifying program of the running programmable controller from an external device such as a personal computer connected to an intelligent function module, read relevant manuals carefully and ensure the safety before operation. Incorrect change or modification may cause system malfunction, damage to the machines, or accidents.
- Do not power off the programmable controller or reset the CPU module while the setting values in the buffer memory are being written to the flash ROM in the module. Doing so will make the data in the flash ROM and SD memory card undefined. The values need to be set in the buffer memory and written to the flash ROM and SD memory card again. Doing so also may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- Note that when the reference axis speed is specified for interpolation operation, the speed of the partner axis (2nd, 3rd, or 4th axis) may exceed the speed limit value.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching. Doing so may lead to injuries.

[Disposal Precautions]

ACAUTION

- When disposing of this product, treat it as industrial waste.
- When disposing of batteries, separate them from other wastes according to the local regulations. For details on battery regulations in EU member states, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.

[Transportation Precautions]

ACAUTION

- When transporting lithium batteries, follow the transportation regulations. For details on the regulated models, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
- The halogens (such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine), which are contained in a fumigant used for disinfection and pest control of wood packaging materials, may cause failure of the product. Prevent the entry of fumigant residues into the product or consider other methods (such as heat treatment) instead of fumigation. The disinfection and pest control measures must be applied to unprocessed raw wood.

CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT

- (1) Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
 - i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and
 - ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries.

 MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.

("Prohibited Application")

Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above restrictions, Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi Electric MELSEC iQ-R series programmable controllers.

This manual describes the dedicated signals, parameters, data, and functions required for performing machine control of the relevant products listed below.

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and develop familiarity with the functions and performance of the MELSEC iQ-R series programmable controller to handle the product correctly. When applying the program examples provided in this manual to an actual system, ensure the applicability and confirm that it

Please make sure that the end users read this manual.

Relevant products

R16MTCPU, R32MTCPU, R64MTCPU

will not cause system control problems.

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| REV | SIONS | |
| WAF | RANTY | |
| TRA | DEMARKS | |

RELEVANT MANUALS

| Manual Name [Manual Number] | Description | Available form |
|--|---|-----------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual | This manual explains the dedicated instructions to use machine | Print book |
| (Machine Control) [IB-0300309] (This manual) | control by machine control parameters, machine positioning data, device lists, etc. | e-Manual PDF |
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller User's Manual | This manual explains specifications of the Motion CPU modules, | Print book |
| IB-0300235] | SSCNETⅢ cables, synchronous encoder, troubleshooting, etc. | e-Manual PDF |
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual | This manual explains the Multiple CPU system configuration, | Print book |
| (Common) B-0300237] | performance specifications, common parameters, auxiliary/applied functions, error lists, etc. | e-Manual PDF |
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual | This manual explains the functions, programming, debugging for | Print book |
| Program Design) IB-0300239] | Motion SFC, etc. | e-Manual PDF |
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual | This manual explains the servo parameters, positioning | Print book |
| Positioning Control) IB-0300241] | instructions, device lists, etc. | e-Manual PDF |
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual | This manual explains the dedicated instructions to use | Print book |
| Advanced Synchronous Control) IB-0300243] | synchronous control by synchronous control parameters, device lists, etc. | e-Manual PDF |
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual | This manual explains the dedicated instructions to use G-code | Print book |
| G-Code Control) IB-0300371] | control by G-code control parameters and G-code programs. | e-Manual PDF |



e-Manual refers to the Mitsubishi FA electronic book manuals that can be browsed using a dedicated tool.

- e-Manual has the following features:
- Required information can be cross-searched in multiple manuals.
- Other manuals can be accessed from the links in the manual.
- The hardware specifications of each part can be found from the product figures.
- Pages that users often browse can be bookmarked.

TERMS

Unless otherwise specified, this manual uses the following terms.

| Term | Description | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| R64MTCPU/R32MTCPU/R16MTCPU or Motion CPU (module) | Abbreviation for MELSEC iQ-R series Motion controller | | | |
| MR-J4(W)-□B | Servo amplifier model MR-J4-□B/MR-J4W-□B | | | |
| MR-J3(W)-□B | Servo amplifier model MR-J3-□B/MR-J3W-□B | | | |
| AMP or Servo amplifier | General name for "Servo amplifier model MR-J4-□B/MR-J4W-□B/MR-J3-□B/MR-J3W-□B" | | | |
| RnCPU, PLC CPU or PLC CPU module | Abbreviation for MELSEC iQ-R series CPU module | | | |
| Multiple CPU system or Motion system | Abbreviation for "Multiple PLC system of the R series" | | | |
| CPUn | Abbreviation for "CPU No.n (n = 1 to 4) of the CPU module for the Multiple CPU system" | | | |
| Operating system software | General name for "SW10DNC-RMTFW" | | | |
| Engineering software package | General name for MT Developer2/GX Works3 | | | |
| MELSOFT MT Works2 | General product name for the Motion controller engineering software "SW1DND-MTW2" | | | |
| MT Developer2 | Abbreviation for the programming software included in the "MELSOFT MT Works2" Motion controller engineering software | | | |
| GX Works3 | General product name for the MELSEC PLC software package "SW1DND-GXW3" | | | |
| Serial absolute synchronous encoder or Q171ENC-W8 | Abbreviation for "Serial absolute synchronous encoder (Q171ENC-W8)" | | | |
| SSCNETⅢ/H ^{*1} | High speed synchronous network between Motion controller and servo amplifier | | | |
| SSCNETⅢ*1 | | | | |
| SSCNETII(/H) | General name for SSCNETⅢ/H, SSCNETⅢ | | | |
| Absolute position system | General name for "system using the servo motor and servo amplifier for absolute position" | | | |
| Intelligent function module | General name for module that has a function other than input or output such as A/D converter module and D/A converter module. | | | |
| SSCNETⅢ/H head module ^{*1} | Abbreviation for "MELSEC-L series SSCNETIII/H head module (LJ72MS15)" | | | |
| Optical hub unit or MR-MV200 | Abbreviation for SSCNETⅢ/H Compatible Optical Hub Unit (MR-MV200) | | | |
| Sensing module | General name for SSCNETⅢ/H compatible sensing module MR-MT2000 series | | | |
| Sensing SSCNETⅢ/H head module*1 or MR-MT2010 | Abbreviation for SSCNETⅢ/H head module (MR-MT2010) | | | |
| Sensing extension module | General name for I/O module (MR-MT2100), pulse I/O module (MR-MT2200), analog I/O module (MR-MT2300), encoder I/F module (MR-MT2400) | | | |
| Sensing I/O module or MR-MT2100 | Abbreviation for I/O module (MR-MT2100) | | | |
| Sensing pulse I/O module or MR-MT2200 | Abbreviation for pulse I/O module (MR-MT2200) | | | |
| Sensing analog I/O module or MR-MT2300 | Abbreviation for analog I/O module (MR-MT2300) | | | |
| Sensing encoder I/F module or MR-MT2400 | Abbreviation for encoder I/F module (MR-MT2400) | | | |

^{*1} SSCNET: \underline{S} ervo \underline{S} ystem \underline{C} ontroller \underline{NET} work

MANUAL PAGE ORGANIZATION

Representation of numerical values used in this manual

■ Axis No. representation

In the positioning dedicated signals, "n" in "M3200+20n", etc. indicates a value corresponding to axis No. as shown in the following table.

| Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n | Axis No. | n |
|----------|---|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|
| 1 | 0 | 9 | 8 | 17 | 16 | 25 | 24 | 33 | 32 | 41 | 40 | 49 | 48 | 57 | 56 |
| 2 | 1 | 10 | 9 | 18 | 17 | 26 | 25 | 34 | 33 | 42 | 41 | 50 | 49 | 58 | 57 |
| 3 | 2 | 11 | 10 | 19 | 18 | 27 | 26 | 35 | 34 | 43 | 42 | 51 | 50 | 59 | 58 |
| 4 | 3 | 12 | 11 | 20 | 19 | 28 | 27 | 36 | 35 | 44 | 43 | 52 | 51 | 60 | 59 |
| 5 | 4 | 13 | 12 | 21 | 20 | 29 | 28 | 37 | 36 | 45 | 44 | 53 | 52 | 61 | 60 |
| 6 | 5 | 14 | 13 | 22 | 21 | 30 | 29 | 38 | 37 | 46 | 45 | 54 | 53 | 62 | 61 |
| 7 | 6 | 15 | 14 | 23 | 22 | 31 | 30 | 39 | 38 | 47 | 46 | 55 | 54 | 63 | 62 |
| 8 | 7 | 16 | 15 | 24 | 23 | 32 | 31 | 40 | 39 | 48 | 47 | 56 | 55 | 64 | 63 |

- The range of axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15) is valid in the R16MTCPU. The range of axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31) is valid in the R32MTCPU.
- Calculate as follows for the device No. corresponding to each axis.



For axis No. 32 in Q series Motion compatible device assignment $\,$

 $M3200 + 20n \; ([Rq.1140] \; Stop \; command) = M3200 + 20 \times 31 = M3820$

M3215+20n ([Rq.1155] Servo OFF command)=M3215+20×31=M3835

In the positioning dedicated signals, "n" in "M10440+10n", etc. of the "Synchronous encoder axis status", "Synchronous encoder axis command signal", "Synchronous encoder axis monitor device" and "Synchronous encoder axis control device" indicates a value corresponding to synchronous encoder axis No. as shown in the following table.

| Synchronous encoder axis No. | n | Synchronous encoder axis No. | n | Synchronous encoder axis No. | n |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----|
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 9 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 11 | 10 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 11 |

• Calculate as follows for the device No. corresponding to each synchronous encoder.



For synchronous encoder axis No.12 in Q series Motion compatible device assignment M10440+10n ([St.320] Synchronous encoder axis setting valid flag)=M10440+10×11=M10550 D13240+20n ([Md.320] Synchronous encoder axis current value)=D13240+20×11=D13460

■ Machine No. representation

In the positioning dedicated signals, "m" in "M43904+32m", etc. indicates a value corresponding to machine No. as shown in the following table.

| Machine No. | m | Machine No. | m |
|-------------|---|-------------|---|
| 1 | 0 | 5 | 4 |
| 2 | 1 | 6 | 5 |
| 3 | 2 | 7 | 6 |
| 4 | 3 | 8 | 7 |

• Calculate as follows for the device No. corresponding to each machine.



For machine No.8 in MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment M43904+32m ([St.2120] Machine error detection) M43904+32×7=M44128 D53168+128m ([Md.2020] Machine type)=M53168+28×7=D54064

■ Line No. representation in G-code control

In the positioning dedicated signals, "s" in "D54496+128s", etc. indicates a value corresponding to line No. as shown in the following table.

| Line No. | s |
|----------|---|
| 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 |

Calculate as follows for the device No. corresponding to each line.



For line No.2 in MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment D54440.0+4s ([St.3208] During G-code control)=D54440.0+4×1=D54444.0 D54496+128s ([Md.3016] Number of axes on line)=D54496+128×1=D54624

■ Line No. and axis No. representation in G-code control

In the positioning dedicated signals, "sn" in "D54278+16sn", etc. indicates a value corresponding to line No. and axis No. as shown in the following table.

| Line No. | Axis No. | sn | Line No. | Axis No. | sn |
|----------|----------|----|----------|----------|----|
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 8 |
| | 2 | 1 | | 2 | 9 |
| | 3 | 2 | | 3 | 10 |
| | 4 | 3 | | 4 | 11 |
| | 5 | 4 | | 5 | 12 |
| | 6 | 5 | | 6 | 13 |
| | 7 | 6 | | 7 | 14 |
| | 8 | 7 | | 8 | 15 |

· Calculate as follows for the device No. corresponding to each line.



For line No.2, axis No. 8 in MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment D54448.0+2sn ([St.3076] Smoothing zero)=D54448.0+2×15=D54478.0 D54754+32sn ([Md.3146] Rotating axis setting status)=D54754+32×15=D55234

Representation of device No. used in this manual

The "R" and "Q" beside the device No. of positioning dedicated signals such as "[Rq.1140] Stop command (R: M34480+32n/Q: M3200+20n)" indicate the device No. for the device assignment methods shown below. When "R" and "Q" are not beside the device No., the device No. is the same for both device assignment methods.

| Symbol | Device assignment method |
|--------|--|
| R | MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment |
| Q | Q series Motion compatible device assignment |

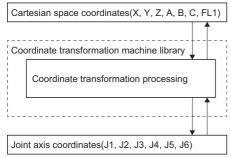
1 OVERVIEW

1.1 Machine Control Overview

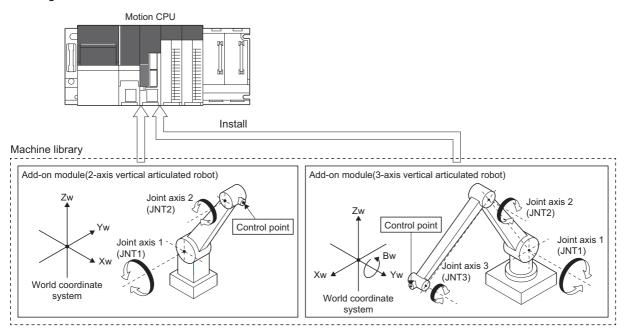
• Machine control is the controlling of a simplified robot (link configuration) with a Motion CPU.



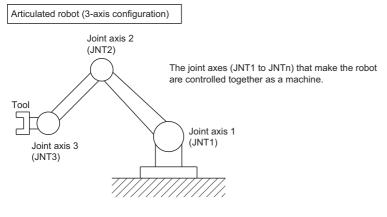
• The specified positioning coordinates (X, Y, Z, A, B, C, FL1) are converted by a coordinate transformation machine library specific to the machine type, which outputs the coordinates to each servo amplifier that makes up the robot.



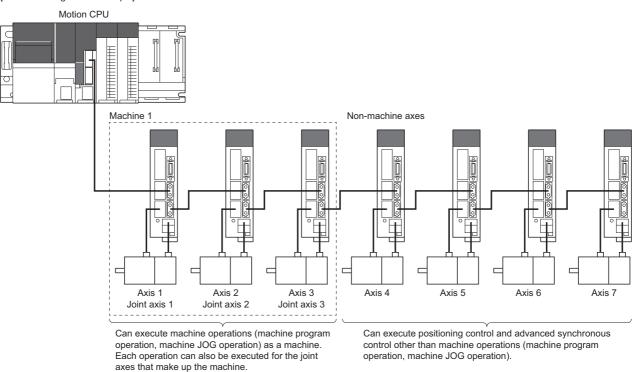
• Various types of articulated robots can be controlled by installing a machine library (add-on library) that matches the robot configuration.



• In machine control, parameters for machine control are set and the multiple axes that make up the robot are controlled together as a machine. A maximum of eight machines can be controlled.



[Machine configuration example]



• Machine control uses the machine positioning data set to the devices of the PLC CPU or Motion CPU to start the program operations of the machine control system. Refer to machine positioning data for the details of machine positioning data. (Fig. Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)

1.2 Performance Specifications

Machine control specifications

| Item | | | Specifications | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Control axes per | machine | | Up to 4 axes per machine | | | |
| Machine | Number of contr | ol machines | 8 machines | | | |
| configuration | Supported mach | ine types | Each machine type is supported by the machine library (add-on library) | | | |
| | Base/tool transfo | ormation | Base transformation (X, Y, Z, A, B, C), tool transformation (X, Y, Z) (The enabled coordinate components differ according to machine type) | | | |
| | Operation range | setting | Stroke limit for each joint axis, XYZ stroke limit | | | |
| Machine | Coordinate syste | em | World coordinate, base coordinate, tool coordinate, joint coordinate | | | |
| control | Interpolation fun | ctions | 3D linear interpolation (up to 4 axes), joint interpolation (up to 4 axes), 3D circular interpolation (up to 4 axes), sequential coordinate command control (up to 4 axes) | | | |
| | Control method | | 3D interpolation control | | | |
| | Acceleration/dec | celeration processing | Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration, S-curve acceleration/deceleration | | | |
| Machine | Program format | | Motion profile table format (point data, set control data to device and startup) | | | |
| program operation | Number of positioning points | Motion dedicated PLC instruction (M(P).MCNST/D(P).MCNST) | Up to 128 points/program | | | |
| | | Motion dedicated function (MCNST) | Up to 256 points/program*1 | | | |
| | Point data | | Up to 8192 points (depends on parameter settings) (Position type(POSE)/Joint type(JOINT) specification available) | | | |
| | Start method | | Motion dedicated PLC instruction (M(P).MCNST/D(P).MCNST), Motion dedicated function (MCNST) | | | |
| Machine JOG op | eration function | | World coordinate system | | | |
| Machine manual | pulse generator for | unction | None | | | |
| Teaching operati | on | | None (point data on the devices, program can be changed by converting control data) | | | |
| Auxiliary | M-code function | | M-code output function provided | | | |
| functions of machine | Servo motor ma | ximum speed check | Provided (Motors of joint axes are stopped when maximum motor speed is exceeded) | | | |
| operation | Speed adjustme | nt function | Joint interpolation speed limit | | | |
| | WAIT-ON/OFF | | WAIT-ON/OFF establishment function provided | | | |
| | Point arrival noti | fication | Set the arrival rate to the end of each point (can be set in each point) | | | |
| | Override function | n | Provided | | | |
| | Proximity function method) | n (proximity range specification | JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance) | | | |
| | Acceleration/dec | celeration time change | Not available (ignored in machine control) | | | |
| Control change during machine Current value change (CHGA) | | nange (CHGA) | Not available (Current value change of machine configuration axes is not available during machine operation) | | | |
| operation | Speed change (| CHGV) | Not available (ignored in machine operation) | | | |
| | Torque limit valu | e change (CHGT) | Provided | | | |
| | Target position of | hange (CHGP) | Not available (change of machine program operation positioning point is not available) | | | |
| Functions at star | t-up adjustment | | Machine JOG operation with XYZ stroke limit disabled | | | |
| Acceleration/dec | | rpolation (speed smoothing | Uses vibration suppression command filter | | | |
| Simultaneous sta | art (START) | | None | | | |

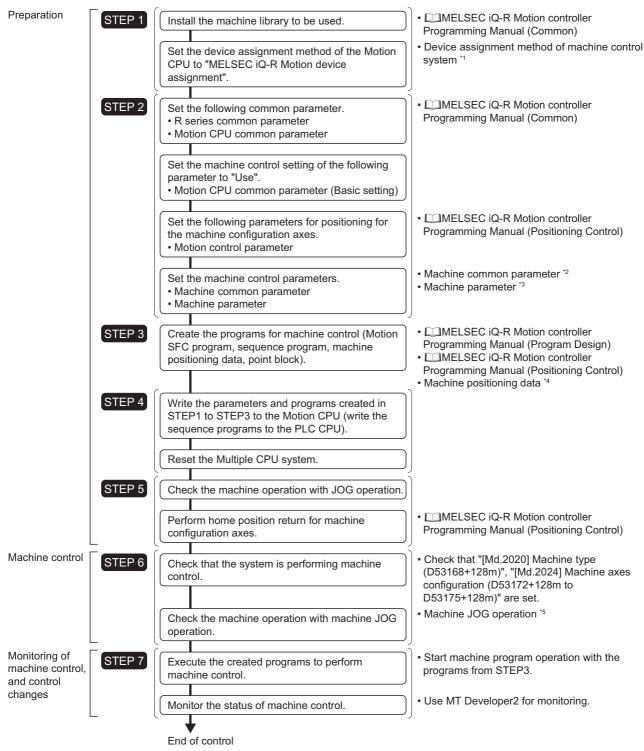
^{*1} For operating system software version "09" or earlier, up to 128 points/program.

2 STARTING UP THE SYSTEM

The procedure for machine control positioning control is shown below.

2.1 Starting Up the Machine Control System

The procedure to start up for machine control system is shown below.



- *1 Machine control system device assignment method(Page 22 Machine Control System Device Assignment Method)
- *2 Machine common parameter(Page 47 Machine Common Parameter)
- *3 Machine parameter(Page 48 Machine Parameter)
- *4 Machine positioning data(Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)
- *5 Machine JOG operation(Page 87 Machine JOG Operation)
 - 2 STARTING UP THE SYSTEM

2.2 Machine Control System Positioning Controls

The following positioning controls can be performed in a machine control system.

Machine program operation start

The following two methods are available for machine program start.

Machine program operation start by sequence program

By executing the Motion dedicated PLC instruction (machine program operation start request: M(P).MCNST/D(P).MCNST) with a PLC CPU sequence program, the machine program operation of the machine control system starts using the machine positioning data set to the devices of the PLC CPU.

Refer to the following for details of Motion dedicated PLC instructions.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Program Design)

Machine program operation start by Motion SFC program

By executing the Motion dedicated function (MCNST) with a Motion SFC program, the machine program operation of the machine control system starts using the machine positioning data set to the devices of the Motion CPU.

Refer to the following for details of Motion SFC programs.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Program Design)

Machine JOG operation

Machine JOG operation is performed by controlling the JOG dedicated device of the Motion CPU. Refer to machine JOG operation for details of machine JOG operation. (Page 87 Machine JOG Operation)

2.3 Machine Control System Stop Operation

When one of the following stop causes occurs in a machine configuration axis during machine control, after the stop processing of all machine configuration axes, "[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)" turns OFF, and machine control ends.

| Stop cause | Stop processing |
|---|-------------------|
| Multiple CPU system reset operation | Immediate stop |
| Multiple CPU system power supply OFF | |
| Motion CPU WDT error | |
| Forced stop (forced stop by Motion controller (device) | |
| Forced stop (servo amplifier forced stop input terminal) | |
| Servo error occurrence | |
| Servo amplifier control circuit power supply turns OFF | |
| Software stroke limit error occurrence for each axis | |
| XYZ stroke limit error occurrence | |
| Input from external input signals (STOP/FLS/RLS) (Deceleration processing on STOP input: Deceleration stop) | Deceleration stop |
| Motion CPU RUN→STOP | |
| Stop command input | |
| Machine stop command input | |
| Servo motor maximum speed check | |
| Input from external input signals (STOP/FLS/RLS) (Deceleration processing on STOP input: Rapid stop) | Rapid stop |
| Rapid stop command input | |
| Machine rapid stop command input | |



Refer to the following for details of stop processing.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

2.4 Machine Control System Device Assignment Method

"MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment" is the recommended device assignment method when using machine control. Refer to the following for details of device assignment methods.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

Refer to machine control dedicated signals for devices used by machine control.(Page 25 MACHINE CONTROL DEDICATED SIGNALS)

Cautions

When performing machine control with R32MTCPU/R16MTCPU in "Q series Motion compatible device assignment", set the points of the internal relay(M) and data register(D) to the points below or more in [R Series Common Parameter] \Rightarrow [Motion CPU Module] \Rightarrow [CPU Parameter] \Rightarrow "Device Related Setting" \Rightarrow "Device Points/Latch Setting". If machine control is performed with the default device points a moderate error (error code: 30FBH) occurs and machine control cannot be performed.

| Device | Minimum points setting when using machine control |
|--------------------|---|
| Internal relay (M) | 44160 points |
| Data register (D) | 54192 points |

Refer to the following for details on device points/latch setting.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

3 MACHINES

3.1 Overview of a Machine

A machine can be used by installing machine library (add-on library) for the machine type to be used to the Motion CPU module.

For details on each machine type, refer to the instruction manual of the machine library.

Refer to the following for details on installing the machine library.

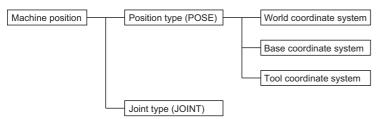
MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)



For details of the machine library, please contact with our sales representative.

Machine Position

Machine position is expressed by position type, or joint type. Data of position type uses the reference position data of the world coordinate system, as well as the position data of base coordinate system and tool coordinate system.



Position type

■ Basic format

Position type format is shown below.

(X coordinate, Y coordinate, Z coordinate, A coordinate, B coordinate, C coordinate) (Structure flag 1)

| Position component | Details | Command range/operation range*1 |
|--------------------|--|---|
| X | Position (distance) to move in the X direction | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Υ | Position (distance) to move in the Y direction | |
| Z | Position (distance) to move in the Z direction | |
| A | Angle to rotate the A coordinate | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | Angle to rotate the B coordinate | |
| С | Angle to rotate the C coordinate | |
| FL1 | Structure flag 1 | H0000 to HFFFF |

^{*1} Command range/operation range differs by machine type. For details, refer to the machine library instruction manual.

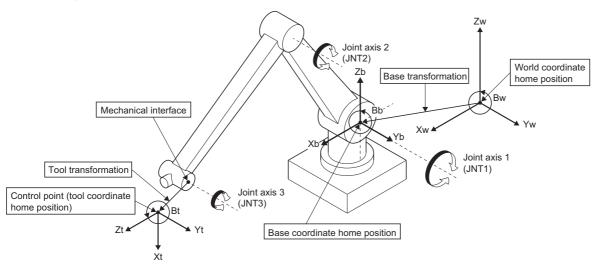
■ Coordinate system

Robot coordinate systems are shown below.

| Coordinate system | Details | Remarks |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| World coordinate system | The coordinate system set to the ground or the floor. | When specifying end point with an absolute value command, normally, command is by the world coordinate system. |
| Base coordinate system | The coordinate system set to the base of the robot. | The relationship between the positions of the world coordinate system and the base coordinate system are set by the base transformation. |
| Tool coordinate system | The coordinate system with the control point as the home position. | The relationship between the positions of the mechanical interface (tool mounting position) and the control point are set by the tool transformation. |



Coordinate system for a 3-axis vertical articulated robot



Joint type

■ Basic format

Joint type format is shown below.

| Position component | Details | Command range/operation range*1*2 |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| J1 | Position (distance) for moving JNT1 | • mm: -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| J2 | Position (distance) for moving JNT2 | • degree: -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| J3 | Position (distance) for moving JNT3 | |
| J4 | Position (distance) for moving JNT4 | |
| J5 | Position (distance) for moving JNT5 | |
| J6 | Position (distance) for moving JNT6 | |

^{*1} Command range/operation range differs by machine type. For details, refer to the machine library instruction manual.

^{*2} The unit is the unit setting for each joint axis.

4

MACHINE CONTROL DEDICATED SIGNALS

Machine control devices used for machine control are shown below.

| Device | Device range | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | | | |
| Internal relay (M) | M43584 to M44159 (576 points) | | | |
| Data register (D) | D52880 to D54191 (1312 points) | | | |



- When using R32MTCPU/R16MTCPU in Q series Motion compatible device assignment, the device range must be changed in device points/latch setting so that it is the minimum setting range or more for using machine control. If machine control is performed with the default device points a moderate error (error code: 30FBH) occurs. (Page 22 Machine Control System Device Assignment Method)
- This manual only explains the internal relays and data registers used for machine control. Refer to the following for the devices that are not explained in this manual.
 - MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

4.1 Internal Relays

Machine common command signals

| Device No. | | Symbol | Signal name | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|--|---|---------|--|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | |
| M43584 | | Rq.2200 | Real current value monitor enable flag | _ | Operation cycle | Command signal |
| M43585 | | _ | Unusable | _ | _ | _ |
| M43586 | | | | | | |
| M43587 | | | | | | |
| M43588 | | | | | | |
| M43589 | | | | | | |
| M43590 | | | | | | |
| M43591 | | | | | | |
| M43592 | | | | | | |
| M43593 | | | | | | |
| M43594 | | | | | | |
| M43595 | | | | | | |
| M43596 | | | | | | |
| M43597 | | | | | | |
| M43598 | | | | | | |
| M43599 | | | | | | |
| M43600 | | | | | | |
| M43601 | | | | | | |
| M43602 | | | | | | |
| M43603 | | | | | | |
| M43604 | | | | | | |
| M43605 | | | | | | |
| M43606 | | | | | | |
| M43607 | | | | | | |
| M43608 | | | | | | |
| M43609 | | 1 | | | | |
| M43610 | | | | | | |
| M43611 | | 1 | | | | |
| M43612 | | 1 | | | | |
| M43613 | | | | | | |
| M43614 | | | | | | |
| M43615 | | | | | | |

[Rq.2200] Real current value monitor enable flag (M43584)

- · This flag monitors the real coordinate values.
- When "[Rq.2200] Real current value monitor enable flag (M43584)" is ON, the real coordinate values are stored in the
 "[Md.2084] to [Md.2090] Real current value (world coordinate system) (X to FL1) (D53278+128m to D53290+128m)"
 monitor device.
- When "[Rg.2200] Real current value monitor enable flag (M43584)" is OFF, real coordinate values are not updated.



If the real coordinate values are monitored, the operation cycle increases. When operation cycle over is detected, change the operation cycle setting to a larger value.

Machine command signals

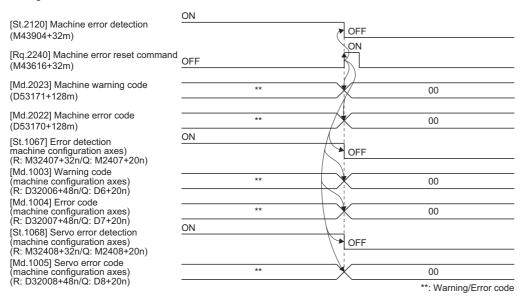
| Device No. | | Signal name | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|--|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion Q series Motion compatible device assignment device assignment | | | |
| M43616 to M43647 | | Machine 1 machine command signal | |
| M43648 to M43679 | | Machine 2 machine command signal | |
| M43680 to M43711 | | Machine 3 machine command signal | |
| M43712 to M43743 | | Machine 4 machine command signal | |
| M43744 to M43775 | | Machine 5 machine command signal | |
| M43776 to M43807 | | Machine 6 machine command signal | |
| M43808 to M43839 | | Machine 7 machine command signal | |
| M43840 to M43871 | | Machine 8 machine command signal | |

· Details for each machine

| Device No. | | Symbol | Symbol Signal name | | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|--|---|---------|----------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | | |
| M43616+32m | | Rq.2240 | Machine error reset | command | _ | Main cycle | Command signa |
| M43617+32m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |
| M43618+32m | |] | | | | | |
| M43619+32m | | Rq.2243 | Machine XYZ stroke command | limit disable | _ | At machine JOG start | Command signa |
| M43620+32m | | Rq.2244 | Base/tool translation | change command | | Operation cycle | |
| M43621+32m | | Rq.2245 | Machine stop comma | and | | | |
| M43622+32m | | Rq.2246 | Machine rapid stop of | ommand | | | |
| M43623+32m | | Rq.2247 | Execute point switch | ing command | | | |
| M43624+32m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |
| M43625+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43626+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43627+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43628+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43629+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43630+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43631+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43632+32m | | Rq.2250 | Machine forward | Х | _ | Main cycle | Command signa |
| M43633+32m | | Rq.2251 | rotation JOG start | Υ | | | |
| M43634+32m | | Rq.2252 | Command | Z | | | |
| M43635+32m | | Rq.2253 | | Α | | | |
| M43636+32m | | Rq.2254 | | В | | | |
| M43637+32m | | Rq.2255 | | С | | | |
| M43638+32m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |
| M43639+32m | | 1 | | | | | |
| M43640+32m | | Rq.2256 | Machine reverse | Х | _ | Main cycle | Command signa |
| M43641+32m | | Rq.2257 | rotation JOG start command | Υ |] | | |
| M43642+32m | | Rq.2258 | Command | Z |] | | |
| M43643+32m | | Rq.2259 | | Α |] | | |
| M43644+32m | | Rq.2260 | | В | | | |
| M43645+32m | | Rq.2261 | | С | | | |
| M43646+32m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |
| M43647+32m | | 1 | | | | | |

[Rq.2240] Machine error reset command (M43616+32m)

This command is used to clear the "[Md.2023] Machine warning code (D53171+128m)" and "[Md.2022] Machine error code (D53170+128m)" of an axis for "[St.2120] Machine error detection (M43904+32m)": ON, and reset the "[St.2120] Machine error detection (M43904+32m)". At the same time, it also resets all error statuses and monitor devices related to machine configuration axes.





Refer to the following for details on the warning code, error code, and servo error code storage registers.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable command (M43619+32m)

| Setting value | Description |
|---------------|---|
| ON | XYZ stroke limit disabled. XYZ stroke limit check is not performed. |
| OFF | XYZ stroke limit enabled. XYZ stroke limit check is performed. |

- The "[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable command (M43619+32m)" can only disable the XYZ stroke limit check during machine JOG operation.
- When using the XYZ stroke limit disable command, turn ON "[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable command (M43619+32m)" before starting machine JOG operation. (The setting value is loaded at the start.)
- During machine JOG operation, XYZ stroke limit enable/disable cannot be changed even if "[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable command (M43619+32m)" is changed.
- The software stroke limit (fixed parameter) of each axis cannot be disabled with "[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable command (M43619+32m)".



- When using an absolute position system, only use "[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable command (M43619+32m)" to disable XYZ stroke limit range check temporarily in cases such as a brand new startup, or after replacing a controller or absolute position compatible motor.
- When disabling the XYZ stroke limit range check, install stopping equipment to secure safety on the machinery.

[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)

- After setting "[Cd.2163] Base/tool translation change method (D52901+32m)", and "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C) (D52902+32m to D52913+32m)", the "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" changes the base/tool transformation values at the leading edge (OFF→ON).
- When the machine configuration axes are in operation, a minor error (error code: 1FE7H) occurs, and base/tool transformation change is not performed.
- Refer to base/tool transformation change for details the base/tool transformation change function. (Page 101 Base/ Tool Transformation Change Function)

[Rq.2245] Machine stop command (M43621+32m)

- This command is a signal which stops a running machine and is effective at leading edge (OFF→ON) of the signal.
- Machines with the machine stop command turned ON cannot be started for machine operation.
- The machine stop command is only enabled for machine operation. To stop machine configuration axes for anything other than machine operation, use "[Rq.1140] Stop command (R: M34480+32n/Q: M3200+20n).
- Machine stop command is invalid in dwell time of the end point. (After dwell time, "[St.1040] Start accept flag (R: M30080+n/Q: M2001+n)", and "[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)" turn OFF, and "[St.1061] Positioning complete (R: M32401+32n/Q: M2401+20n)" turns ON.)
- The details of stop processing for when machine stop command turns ON are shown in the table below.

| Machine operation | Processing when machine stop command turns ON | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| being executed | During control | During deceleration stop processing | | |
| Machine program operation | The machine decelerates to a stop in the deceleration time set in the parameter block or machine positioning data. | The deceleration stop processing is continued. | | |
| Machine JOG operation | The machine decelerates to a stop in the deceleration time set in the parameter block. | | | |

[Rq.2246] Machine rapid stop command (M43622+32m)

- This command performs a rapid stop from an external source and becomes effective at leading edge (OFF→ON) of the signal.
- · Machines with the machine rapid stop command turned ON cannot be started for machine operation.
- The machine rapid stop command is only enabled for machine operation. To stop machine configuration axes for anything other than machine operation, use "[Rq.1141] Rapid stop command (R: M34481+32n/Q: M3201+20n).
- Machine rapid stop command is invalid in dwell time of the end point. (After dwell time, "[St.1040] Start accept flag (R: M30080+n/Q: M2001+n)", and "[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)" turn OFF, and "[St.1061] Positioning complete (R: M32401+32n/Q: M2401+20n)" turns ON.)
- · The details of stop processing when machine rapid stop command turns ON are shown in the table below.

| Machine operation | Processing when machine rapid stop command turns ON During control During deceleration stop processing | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| being executed | | | | | |
| Machine program operation | The machine decelerates to a stop in the rapid stop deceleration time set in the parameter block or machine positioning data. | Deceleration processing is stopped and rapid stop processing is executed. | | | |
| Machine JOG operation | The machine decelerates to a stop in the rapid stop deceleration time set in the parameter block. | | | | |

[Rq.2247] Execute point switching command (M43623+32m)

This command switches execute point during sequential coordinate command control of machine program operation and becomes effective at leading edge (OFF→ON) of the signal.

[Rq.2250 to 2255] Machine forward rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43632+32m to M43637+32m)

- This command executes machine JOG operation (world coordinate machine JOG) in each coordinate of machine control.
- Machine JOG operation to the address increase direction is executed while "[Rq.2250] to [Rq.2255] Machine forward rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43632+32m to M43637+32m)" is ON.
- When "[Rq.2250] to [Rq.2255] Machine forward rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43632+32m to M43637+32m)" is turned OFF, a deceleration stop is executed in the deceleration time set in the parameter block.
- The coordinate system for executing machine JOG operation is specified by "[Cd.2162] Machine JOG coordinate system setting (D52900+32m)".
- The machine JOG operation speed is specified by "[Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting(mm) (D52896+32m, D52897+32m)", and "[Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting (degree)(D52898+32m, D52899+32m)".
- The machine JOG operation speed limit value is the speed limit value set in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Control Parameter] ⇒ "Machine JOG Speed Limit Value (mm)", or "Machine JOG Speed Limit Value (degree)".
- The machine JOG operation acceleration/deceleration time is the acceleration time and deceleration time of the parameter block set in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Control Parameter] ⇒ "Parameter Block Designation".
- Refer to machine JOG operation for details of machine JOG operation. (Page 87 Machine JOG Operation)
- The coordinates for which machine JOG operation are possible differ by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details of machine type.



Take an interlock so that the "[Rq.2250] to [Rq.2255] Machine forward rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43632+32m to M43637+32m)" and "[Rq.2256] to [Rq.2261] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43640+32m to M43645+32m)" may not turn ON simultaneously.

[Rq.2256 to 2261] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43640+32m to M43645+32m)

- This command executes machine JOG operation (world coordinate machine JOG) in each coordinate of machine control.
- Machine JOG operation to the address decrease direction is executed while "[Rq.2256] to [Rq.2261] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43640+32m to M43645+32m)" is ON.
- When "[Rq.2256] to [Rq.2261] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43640+32m to M43645+32m)" is turned OFF, a deceleration stop is executed in the deceleration time set in the parameter block.
- The coordinate system for executing machine JOG operation is specified by "[Cd.2162] Machine JOG coordinate system setting (D52900+32m)".
- The machine JOG operation speed is specified by "[Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting(mm) (D52896+32m, D52897+32m)", and "[Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting (degree)(D52898+32m, D52899+32m)".
- The machine JOG operation speed limit value is the speed limit value set in "Machine JOG speed limit value (mm)", or "Machine JOG speed limit value (degree)" of the machine parameters.
- The machine JOG operation acceleration/deceleration time is the acceleration time and deceleration time of the parameter block set in "Parameter block designation".
- Refer to machine JOG operation for details of machine JOG operation. (FF Page 87 Machine JOG Operation)
- The coordinates for which machine JOG operation are possible differ by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details of machine type.



Take an interlock so that the "[Rq.2250] to [Rq.2255] Machine forward rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43632+32m to M43637+32m)" and "[Rq.2256] to [Rq.2261] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command (X to C) (M43640+32m to M43645+32m)" may not turn ON simultaneously.

Machine status

| Device No. | | Signal name | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | |
| M43904 to M43935 | | Machine 1 machine status | |
| M43936 to M43967 | | Machine 2 machine status | |
| M43968 to M43999 | | Machine 3 machine status | |
| M44000 to M44031 | | Machine 4 machine status | |
| M44032 to M44063 | | Machine 5 machine status | |
| M44064 to M44095 | | Machine 6 machine status | |
| M44096 to M44127 | | Machine 7 machine status | |
| M44128 to M44159 | | Machine 8 machine status | |

· Details for each machine

| Device No. | | Symbol | Signal name | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|--|--|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | |
| M43904+32m | | St.2120 | Machine error detection | Immediate | _ | Status signal |
| M43905+32m | | _ | Unusable | _ | _ | _ |
| M43906+32m | | St.2122 | Machine WAIT | Operation cycle | _ | Status signal |
| M43907+32m | | St.2123 | Joint interpolation velocity limiting | | | |
| M43908+32m | | St.2124 | Base/tool translation change complete | | | |
| M43909+32m | | _ | Unusable | _ | _ | _ |
| M43910+32m | | | | | | |
| M43911+32m | | St.2127 | Machine start accept flag | Operation cycle | _ | Status signal |
| M43912+32m | | St.2128 | Machine servo ready | | | |
| M43913+32m | | _ | Unusable | _ | _ | _ |
| M43914+32m | | | | | | |
| M43915+32m | | | | | | |
| M43916+32m | | | | | | |
| M43917+32m | | | | | | |
| M43918+32m | | | | | | |
| M43919+32m | | | | | | |
| M43920+32m | | | | | | |
| M43921+32m | | | | | | |
| M43922+32m | | | | | | |
| M43923+32m | | | | | | |
| M43924+32m | | | | | | |
| M43925+32m | | | | | | |
| M43926+32m | | | | | | |
| M43927+32m | | | | | | |
| M43928+32m | | | | | | |
| M43929+32m | | | | | | |
| M43930+32m | | | | | | |
| M43931+32m | | | | | | |
| M43932+32m | | | | | | |
| M43933+32m | | | | | | |
| M43934+32m | | | | | | |
| M43935+32m | | | | | | |

[St.2120] Machine error detection (M43904+32m)

This signal turns on with detection of a machine related warning or error, and can be used to judge whether there is a
warning or error or not. The applicable warning code is stored in the "[Md.2023] Machine warning code (D53171+128m)"
with detection of a machine related warning. The applicable error code is stored in the "[Md.2022] Machine error code
(D53170+128m)" with detection of a machine related error. Refer to the following for details of warning codes and error
codes.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

• The signal turns OFF when the "[Rq.2240] Machine error reset command (M43616+32m)" turns ON.

ON [St.2120] Machine error detection OFF (M43904+32m) Error detection ON [St.1067] Error detection (machine configuration axes) (R: M32407+32n/Q: M2407+20n) OFF [St.1068] Servo error detection (machine configuration axes) (R: M32408+32n/Q: M2408+20n) OFF ON [Rq.2240] Machine error reset command OFF (M43616+32m)

[St.2122] Machine WAIT (M43906+32m)

- This signal turns ON when waiting for the conditions to turn ON/OFF the bit device specified by WAIT-ON/OFF.
- When the specified bit device is turned ON/OFF due to conditions being established, "[St.2122] Machine WAIT (M43906+32m)" turns OFF, and positioning is executed.
- When a stop factor such as an error occurs while waiting for the conditions to turn the specified bit device ON/OFF, "[St.2122] Machine WAIT (M43906+32m)" turns OFF, and the waiting for conditions status is cancelled.
- When vibration supression command filter (acceleration/deceleration process after interpolation) is set while waiting for the
 conditions to turn the specified bit device ON/OFF, "[St.2122] Machine WAIT (M43906+32m)" turns ON before the actual
 positioning operation is completed because of the delay caused by the filter.
- Refer to WAIT-ON/OFF for details of WAIT-ON/OFF. (Fig. Page 104 WAIT-ON/OFF)

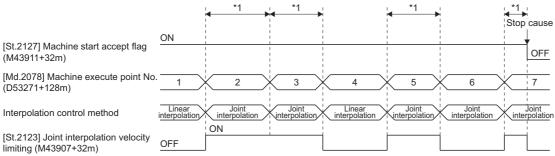
⚠ CAUTION

The machine WAIT signal should not be turned ON/OFF by the user.

• If the machine WAIT signal is turned OFF using the program or by a user operation, no error will occur but the condition of the devices and the machine are not reliable. Depending on the program settings, unpredictable operations can occur.

[St.2123] Joint interpolation velocity limiting (M43907+32m)

- This signal turns ON while speed is adjusted by the joint interpolation speed limit function during machine program operation.
- When speed is adjusted by the joint interpolation speed limit function, this signal turns ON at positioning start completion and at the start of each point. From then onwards, the signal turns OFF by either switching to a control method other than joint interpolation or a joint interpolation control that does not use the joint interpolation speed limit function to adjust speed, or by positioning completion or by stop completion due to a stop cause.



*1: Point where speed is adjusted by the joint interpolation speed limit function

• Refer to joint interpolation speed limit for details of the joint interpolation speed limit function. (Page 99 Joint interpolation speed limit)

[St.2124] Base/tool translation change complete (M43908+32m)

This signal turns ON with the completion of base/tool transformation change. The signal turns OFF at the trailing edge (ON→OFF) of "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)".

Refer to base/tool transformation change function for details on base/tool transformation change. (Page 101 Base/Tool Transformation Change Function)

[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)

- This flag turns ON when the machine is started. The machine start accept flag, and "[St.1040] Start accept flag (R: M30080+n/Q: M2001+n)" of the machine configuration axes turns ON. "[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)" also turns ON when any of the machine configuration axes is started.
- The machine start accept flag turns ON when the following controls are being executed.

| | Control | |
|---|---|--|
| Machine operation | Machine program operation Machine JOG operation | |
| Other than machine operation (Machine configuration axis) | Servo program Direct positioning control by the Motion dedicated PLC instruction (M(P).SVSTD/D(P).SVSTD) JOG operation Manual pulse generator operation Speed-torque control Synchronous control operation (output axis) Current value change Pressure control | |

- A current value change by servo program CHGA instruction to the machine configuration axes, or by the Motion dedicated PLC instruction (M(P).CHGA/D(P).CHGA), turns ON "[St.1040] Start accept flag (R: M30080+n/Q: M2001+n)", and "[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)" of the axes that execute the current value change.
- A base/tool transformation change by "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" does not turn ON
 "[St.1040] Start accept flag (R: M30080+n/Q: M2001+n)" of the machine configuration axes, and "[St.2127] Machine start
 accept flag (M43911+32m)".

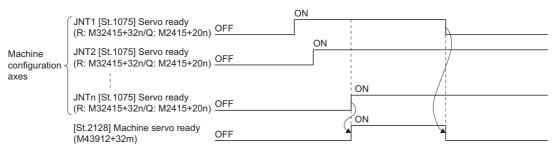
ACAUTION

Do not turn the machine start accept flags ON/OFF in the user side.

- If the machine start accept flag is turned OFF using the program or user operation while this flag is ON, no error will occur but the positioning operation will not be reliable. Depending on the type of machine, unpredictable operations can occur.
- If the machine start accept flag is turned ON using the program or user operation while this flag is OFF, no error will occur but the "start accept on error" will occur at the next starting and cannot be started.

[St.2128] Machine servo ready (M43912+32m)

- When "[St.1075] Servo ready (R: M32415+32n/Q: M2415+20n)" of all axes that make up the machine are turned ON, "[St.2128] Machine servo ready (M43912+32m)" turns ON.
- When "[St.1075] Servo ready (R: M32415+32n/Q: M2415+20n)" of one of the configuration axes turns OFF, "[St.2128]
 Machine servo ready (M43912+32m)" turns OFF.



4.2 Data Registers

Machine control device

| Device No. | | Signal name | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | |
| D52896 to D52927 | | Machine 1 machine control device | | |
| D52928 to D52959 | | Machine 2 machine control device | | |
| D52960 to D52991 | | Machine 3 machine control device | | |
| D52992 to D53023 | | Machine 4 machine control device | | |
| D53024 to D53055 | | Machine 5 machine control device | | |
| D53056 to D53087 | | Machine 6 machine control device | | |
| D53088 to D53119 | | Machine 7 machine control device | | |
| D53120 to D53151 | | Machine 8 machine control device | | |

· Details for each machine

| Device No. | | Symbol Signal name | | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | | |
| D52896+32m | | Cd.2160 Machine JOG speed setting(mm) | | _ | At machine JOG | Command | |
| D52897+32m | | | | | | start | device |
| D52898+32m | | Cd.2161 | Machine JOG speed | setting(degree) | | | |
| D52899+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52900+32m | | Cd.2162 | Machine JOG coording | ate system setting | | | |
| D52901+32m | | Cd.2163 | Base/tool translation | change method | | At base/tool | |
| D52902+32m | | Cd.2164 | Base/tool translation | Х | | translation change | |
| D52903+32m | | | setting | | | command ON | |
| D52904+32m | | Cd.2165 | | Υ | | | |
| D52905+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52906+32m | | Cd.2166 | | Z | | | |
| D52907+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52908+32m | | Cd.2167 | | А | | | |
| D52909+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52910+32m | | Cd.2168 | | В | | | |
| D52911+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52912+32m | | Cd.2169 | | С | | | |
| D52913+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52914+32m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | - |
| D52915+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52916+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52917+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52918+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52919+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52920+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52921+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52922+32m | |] | | | | | |
| D52923+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52924+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52925+32m | | | | | | | |
| D52926+32m | | | | | | | |

| Device No. | | Symbol | Signal name | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|--|--|--------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | |
| D52927+32m | | _ | Unusable | _ | _ | _ |

[Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting (mm)(D52896+32m, D52897+32m)

- This register stores the JOG speed at the JOG operation.
- Set the speed for machine JOG operation for a coordinate system in "mm". Setting range of the machine JOG operation speed is shown below.

| Item | Setting range |
|-------------------|---|
| Machine JOG speed | 1 to 60000000(×10 ⁻² [mm/min]) |

- The machine JOG speed is the value stored in the "[Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting (mm) (D52896+32m, D52897+32m)" at the leading edge (OFF→ON) of the machine JOG start command.
- · Even if data is changed during the machine JOG operation, machine JOG speed cannot be changed.
- When machine JOG speed setting is started as "0", a minor error (error code: 1FE0H(details code: 00E1H)) occurs and operation does not start.
- Refer to machine JOG operation for details of machine JOG operation. (FF Page 87 Machine JOG Operation)

[Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting (degree)(D52898+32m, D52899+32m)

- This register stores the JOG speed at the JOG operation.
- Set the speed for machine JOG operation for a coordinate system in "degree". Setting range of the machine JOG operation speed is shown below.

| Item | Setting range |
|-------------------|---|
| Machine JOG speed | 1 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]) |

- The machine JOG speed is the value stored in the "[Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting (degree) (D52898+32m, D52899+32m)" at the leading edge (OFF→ON) of the machine JOG start command.
- · Even if data is changed during the machine JOG operation, machine JOG speed cannot be changed.
- When machine JOG speed setting is started as "0", a minor error (error code: 1FE0H(details code: 00E1H)) occurs and operation does not start.
- Refer to machine JOG operation for details of machine JOG operation. (Fig. Page 87 Machine JOG Operation)

[Cd.2162] Machine JOG coordinate system setting (D52900+32m)

• This register stores the coordinate system executed during machine JOG operation.

| Setting value | Coordinate system |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | World coordinate system |

- When an invalid value is set, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H(details code: 00E0H)) occurs and operation does not start.
- The machine JOG coordinate system is the value stored in the "[Cd.2162] Machine JOG coordinate system setting (D52900+32m)" at the leading edge (OFF→ON) of the machine JOG start command.
- Even if data is changed during the machine JOG operation, machine JOG coordinate system cannot be changed.
- Refer to machine JOG operation for details of machine JOG operation. (Page 87 Machine JOG Operation)

[Cd.2163] Base/tool translation change method (D52901+32m)

• This register stores the change method when the value of base transformation/tool transformation changes.

| Setting value | Changing data | Details |
|---------------|---------------------|---|
| 0 | Base transformation | The base transformation value changes to the value of "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C) (D52902+32m to D52913+32m)". |
| 1 | | The base transformation value changes to the initial base transformation value.*1 |
| 2 | Tool transformation | The base transformation value changes to the value of "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C) (D52902+32m to D52913+32m)". |
| 3 | | The tool transformation value changes to the initial tool transformation value.*2 |

^{*1} The initial base transformation value is the base transformation value set in the machine parameter.

- The base/tool transformation change method is the value stored in "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C) (D52902+32m to D52913+32m)" at the leading edge (OFF→ON) of "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)".
- Refer to base/tool transformation change for details of base/tool transformation change. (Page 101 Base/Tool Transformation Change Function)

[Cd.2164 to 2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C) (D52902+32m to D52913+32m)

• This register stores the setting value of position type (POSE) when the value of base transformation/tool transformation changes.

| Coordinate | Setting range ^{*1} |
|------------|---|
| X | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Y | |
| Z | |
| A | -35999999 to 35999999(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | |
| С | |

^{*1} The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

- The base/tool transformation setting is the value stored in "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C) (D52902+32m to D52913+32m)"at the leading edge (OFF→ON) of "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)".
- Refer to base/tool transformation change for details of base/tool transformation change. (Page 101 Base/Tool Transformation Change Function)

^{*2} The initial tool transformation value is the tool transformation value set in the machine parameter.

Machine monitor device

| Device No. | | Signal name | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | |
| D53168 to D53295 | | Machine 1 machine monitor device | | |
| D53296 to D53423 | | Machine 2 machine monitor device | | |
| D53424 to D53551 | | Machine 3 machine monitor device | | |
| D53552 to D53679 | | Machine 4 machine monitor device | | |
| D53680 to D53807 | | Machine 5 machine monitor device | | |
| D53808 to D53935 | | Machine 6 machine monitor device | | |
| D53936 to D54063 | | Machine 7 machine monitor device | | |
| D54064 to D54191 | | Machine 8 machine monitor device | | |

· Details for each machine

| Device No. | | Symbol | Signal name | Signal name | | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|--|--|---------|------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|----------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | | |
| D53168+128m | | Md.2020 | Machine type | | At power ON | _ | Monitor device |
| D53169+128m | | Md.2021 | Machine operating range type | | | | |
| D53170+128m | | Md.2022 | Machine error code | Machine error code Machine warning code | | | |
| D53171+128m | | Md.2023 | Machine warning cod | | | | |
| D53172+128m | | Md.2024 | Machine axes configu | uration | At power ON | | |
| D53173+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53174+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53175+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53176+128m | | Md.2025 | Feed current value | Х | Operation cycle | | |
| D53177+128m | | | (world coordinate | | | | |
| D53178+128m | | Md.2026 | system) | Υ | | | |
| D53179+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53180+128m | | Md.2027 | | Z | | | |
| D53181+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53182+128m | | Md.2028 | | А | | | |
| D53183+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53184+128m | | Md.2029 | | В | | | |
| D53185+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53186+128m | | Md.2030 | | С | | | |
| D53187+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53188+128m | | Md.2031 | | FL1 | | | |
| D53189+128m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |
| D53190+128m | | Md.2033 | Feed current value | J1 | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53191+128m | | | (joint coordinate | | | | |
| D53192+128m | | Md.2034 | system) | J2 | | | |
| D53193+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53194+128m | | Md.2035 | | J3 | | | |
| D53195+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53196+128m | | Md.2036 | | J4 | | | |
| D53197+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53198+128m | | Md.2037 | | J5 | | | |
| D53199+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53200+128m | | Md.2038 | | J6 | | | |
| D53201+128m | | | | | | | |

⁴ MACHINE CONTROL DEDICATED SIGNALS

| Device No. | | Symbol | Signal name | | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|--|---|---------|---|-----|-----------------|-------------|----------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | | |
| D53202+128m | | Md.2039 | Command | Х | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53203+128m | | | coordinate value (world coordinate | | | | |
| D53204+128m | | Md.2040 | system) | Υ | | | |
| D53205+128m | | | , | | | | |
| D53206+128m | | Md.2041 | | Z | | | |
| D53207+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53208+128m | | Md.2042 | _ | Α | | | |
| D53209+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53210+128m | | Md.2043 | | В | | | |
| D53211+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53212+128m | | Md.2044 | | С | | | |
| D53213+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53214+128m | | Md.2045 | | FL1 | | | |
| D53215+128m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |
| D53216+128m | | Md.2047 | Command coordinate value (joint coordinate system) | J1 | Operating cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53217+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53218+128m | | Md.2048 | | J2 | | | |
| D53219+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53220+128m | | Md.2049 | | J3 | | | |
| D53221+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53222+128m | | Md.2050 | | J4 | | | |
| D53223+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53224+128m | | Md.2051 | | J5 | | | |
| D53225+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53226+128m | | Md.2052 | | J6 | | | |
| D53227+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53228+128m | | Md.2053 | Feed current value | Х | | | |
| D53229+128m | | | (base coordinate | | | | |
| D53230+128m | | Md.2054 | system) | Υ | | | |
| D53231+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53232+128m | | Md.2055 | | Z | | | |
| D53233+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53234+128m | | Md.2056 | | Α | | | |
| D53235+128m | | 1 | | | | | |
| D53236+128m | | Md.2057 | 1 | В | | | |
| D53237+128m | | 1 | | | | | |
| D53238+128m | | Md.2058 | 1 | С | | | |
| D53239+128m | | 1 | | | | | |
| D53240+128m | | Md.2059 | 1 | FL1 | | | |
| D53241+128m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |

| Device No. | | Symbol | Signal name | | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | | |
| D53242+128m | | Md.2061 | Base translation | Х | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53243+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53244+128m | | Md.2062 | | Υ | | | |
| D53245+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53246+128m | | Md.2063 | | Z |] | | |
| D53247+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53248+128m | | Md.2064 | | Α |] | | |
| D53249+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53250+128m | | Md.2065 | | В |] | | |
| D53251+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53252+128m | | Md.2066 | | С | 1 | | |
| D53253+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53254+128m | | _ | Unusable | | _ | _ | _ |
| D53255+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53256+128m | | Md.2069 | Tool translation | Х | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53257+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53258+128m | | Md.2070 | | Υ | 1 | | |
| D53259+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53260+128m | | Md.2071 | | Z | 1 | | |
| D53261+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53262+128m | | _ | Unusable | 1 | _ | _ | _ |
| D53263+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53264+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53265+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53266+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53267+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53268+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53269+128m | | | | | | | |
| D53270+128m | | Md.2077 | Machine execute pro | gram No. | At start | _ | Monitor device |
| D53271+128m | | Md.2078 | Machine execute poi | nt No. | Operation cycle | | |
| D53272+128m | | Md.2079 | Positioning point bloc | ck No. | 1 | | |
| D53273+128m | | Md.2080 | Machine M-code | | 1 | | |
| D53274+128m | | Md.2081 | Arrival rate | | 1 | | |
| D53275+128m | | _ | Unusable | | - | _ | _ |
| | | | | | | | Manitar davisa |
| D53276+128m | | Md.2083 | Machine program ope | eration target speed | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53276+128m D53277+128m | | Md.2083 | Machine program ope | eration target speed | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| | | Md.2083 Md.2084 | Machine program ope | eration target speed | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m | | | Real current value (world coordinate | | Operation cycle | _ | Mornior device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m | | | Real current value | | Operation cycle | _ | Mornitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m | | Md.2084 | Real current value (world coordinate | X | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m | | Md.2084 | Real current value (world coordinate | X | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m D53281+128m | | Md.2084 Md.2085 | Real current value (world coordinate | X | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m D53281+128m D53282+128m | | Md.2084 Md.2085 | Real current value (world coordinate | X | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m D53281+128m D53282+128m D53282+128m | | Md.2084 Md.2085 Md.2086 | Real current value (world coordinate | X Y Z | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m D53281+128m D53282+128m D53283+128m D53283+128m | | Md.2084 Md.2085 Md.2086 | Real current value (world coordinate | X Y Z | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m D53281+128m D53282+128m D53283+128m D53284+128m D53284+128m D53285+128m | | Md.2084 Md.2085 Md.2086 Md.2087 | Real current value (world coordinate | X Y Z | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m D53281+128m D53282+128m D53283+128m D53284+128m D53284+128m D53285+128m D53285+128m D53287+128m | | Md.2084 Md.2085 Md.2086 Md.2087 | Real current value (world coordinate | X Y Z | Operation cycle | _ | Monitor device |
| D53277+128m D53278+128m D53279+128m D53280+128m D53281+128m D53282+128m D53283+128m D53284+128m D53284+128m D53285+128m | | Md.2084 Md.2085 Md.2086 Md.2087 | Real current value (world coordinate | X Y Z A B | Operation cycle | | Mornitor device |

| Device No. | | Symbol | Signal name | Refresh cycle | Fetch cycle | Signal type |
|--|---|--------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment | Q series Motion compatible device assignment | | | | | |
| D53291+128m | D53291+128m | | Unusable | _ | _ | _ |
| D53292+128m | | | | | | |
| D53293+128m | | | | | | |
| D53294+128m | | | | | | |
| D53295+128m | | | | | | |

[Md.2020] Machine type (D53168+128m)

The machine type set in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Parameter] ⇒ "Machine Type" is stored.

When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

| Monitor value | Details |
|---------------|--------------------|
| 0 | No machine setting |
| 1 to 100 | Machine type |

[Md.2021] Machine operating range type (D53169+128m)

The operating range type set in [Motion Control Parameter]

□ [Machine Control Parameter]
□ [Machine Parameter]

[Md.2022] Machine error code (D53170+128m)

- This register stores the corresponding error code at the machine error occurrence. If another error occurs after error code storing, the previous error code is overwritten by the new error code.
- Machine error codes can be cleared by "[Rq.2240] Machine error reset command (R: M43616+32m)" or "Error reset (SM50)".



Refer to the following for details of the error codes.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

[Md.2023] Machine warning code (D53171+128m)

- This register stores the corresponding warning code at the machine warning occurrence. If another warning occurs after warning code storing, the previous warning code is overwritten by the new warning code.
- Machine warning codes can be cleared by "[Rq.2240] Machine error reset command (R: M43616+32m)" or "Error reset (SM50)".



Refer to the following for details of the warning codes.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

[Md.2024] Machine axes configuration (D53172+128m to D53175+128m)

The machine configuration axes sets in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Parameter] ⇒ "Joint Axis JNT1" to "Joint Axis JNT6" are stored.

When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 Axis 10 Axis 6 Axis 5 Axis 3 Axis D53172+128m Axis Axis 30 Axis Axis 27 Axis Axis 20 Axis 19 Axis 17 D53173+128m Axis 31 Axis 28 Axis 25 Axis 24 Axis Axis 21 [Md.2024] Machine axes 29 26 22 configuration D53174+128m Axis 47 Axis 46 Axis 45 Axis 44 Axis 43 Axis 42 Axis 41 Axis 40 Axis 39 Axis Axis 37 Axis 36 Axis 35 Axis 33 38 Axis | Axis | Axis | Axis | Axis | Axis | 64 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 | Axis 58 Axis 57 Axis Axis Axis 52 Axis Axis 51 50 D53175+128m

[Md.2025 to 2031] Feed current value (world coordinate system) (X to FL1) (D53176+128m to D53188+128m)

This register stores the target coordinate value output to the servo amplifier on the basis of the positioning end point/ movement amount specified by the machine positioning data of the world coordinate system. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

| Coordinate | Storage value*1 |
|------------|---|
| X | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Υ | |
| Z | |
| A | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | |
| С | |
| FL1 | H0000 to HFFFF |

^{*1} The storage value differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.



When the feed coordinate value of a joint type machine type is lower than the minimum unit that a joint axis can express an angle, an operation error in the coordinate value may occur. Consequently, the feed coordinate value and command coordinate value may not match even after positioning to the command position is complete.

^{*1:} Machine configuration axes store 0/1.

^{0:} Non-configuration axis

^{1:} Configuration axis

^{*2:} The following range is valid. R16MTCPU: Axis No.1 to 16, R32MTCPU: Axis No.1 to 32

[Md.2033 to 2038] Feed current value (joint coordinate system) (J1 to J6) (D53190+128m to D53201+128m)

This register stores the target coordinate value output to the servo amplifier on the basis of the positioning end point/ movement amount specified by the machine positioning data of the joint coordinate system. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

| Position component | Storage value*1*2 |
|--------------------|---|
| J1 | • mm: -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| J2 | • degree: -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| J3 | |
| J4 | |
| J5 | |
| J6 | |

- *1 The storage value differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.
- *2 The unit is the unit setting for each joint axis.



When the feed coordinate value of a joint type machine type is lower than the minimum unit that a joint axis can express an angle, an operation error in the coordinate value may occur. Consequently, the feed coordinate value and command coordinate value may not match even after positioning to the command position is complete.

[Md.2039 to 2045] Command coordinate value (world coordinate system) (X to FL1) (D53202+128m to D53214+128m)

This register stores the coordinate value of the positioning end point in the machine positioning data of the world coordinate system. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

| Coordinate | Storage value ^{*1} |
|------------|---|
| Х | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Υ | |
| Z | |
| A | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | |
| С | |
| FL1 | H0000 to HFFFF |

^{*1} The storage value differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

[Md.2047 to 2052] Command coordinate value (joint coordinate system) (J1 to J6) (D53216+128m to D53227+128m)

This register stores the coordinate value of the positioning end point in the machine positioning data of the joint coordinate system. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

| Position component | Storage value*1*2 |
|--------------------|---|
| J1 | • mm: -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| J2 | • degree: -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| J3 | |
| J4 | |
| J5 | |
| J6 | |

^{*1} The storage value differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

^{*2} The unit is the unit setting for each joint axis.

[Md.2053 to 2059] Feed current value (base coordinate system) (X to FL1) (D53228+128m to D53240+128m)

This register stores the target coordinate value output to the servo amplifier on the basis of the positioning end point/ movement amount specified by the machine positioning data of the base coordinate system. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

| Coordinate | Storage value*1 |
|------------|---|
| X | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Υ | |
| Z | |
| A | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | |
| С | |
| FL1 | H0000 to HFFFF |

^{*1} The storage value differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.



When the feed coordinate value of a joint type machine type is lower than the minimum unit that a joint axis can express an angle, an operation error in the coordinate value may occur. Consequently, the feed coordinate value and command coordinate value may not match even after positioning to the command position is complete.

[Md.2061 to 2066] Base translation (X to C) (D53242+128m to D53253+128m)

This register stores the value for the shift amount of the base coordinate system in relation to the world coordinate system. When the Multiple CPU system power supply is turned ON the value set in the machine parameter is stored. When "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" is used to set the value, the changed value is stored. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

[Md.2069 to 2071] Tool translation (X to Z) (D53256+128m to D53261+128m)

This register stores the value for the shift amount for the control point from the mechanical interface. When the Multiple CPU system power supply is turned ON the value set in the machine parameter is stored. When "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" is used to set the value, the changed value is stored. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

[Md.2077] Machine execute program No. (D53270+128m)

- This register stores the applicable program No. when machine program operation is executed.
- · In the following cases, the values below are stored.

| Item | Monitor value |
|---|---------------|
| Power supply turned ON | FF00H |
| Machine program start request from Motion dedicated PLC instruction (MCNST instruction) | FFE2H |
| Machine program start request from Motion SFC program (MCNST instruction) | FFE3H |
| Machine JOG operation | FFE4H |

- The execute program No. is also stored in "[Md.1008] Execute program No. (R: D32012+48n/Q: D12+20n)" of the machine configuration axis that is performing interpolation control.
- The value does not change when the machine configuration axis executes any operation other than machine operation.

[Md.2078] Machine execute point No. (D53271+128m)

- This register stores the point No. being executed during machine program operation.
- The value does not change when machine JOG operation is executed, or when the machine configuration axis executes any operation other than machine operation.

[Md.2079] Positioning point block No. (D53272+128m)

- This register stores the point block No. being executed during machine program operation.
- The value does not change when machine JOG operation is executed, or when the machine configuration axis executes any operation other than machine operation.

[Md.2080] Machine M-code (D53273+128m)

- During machine program operation, this register stores the M-code set in the positioning data at positioning start completion and at the start of each point.
- The M-code is also stored in "[Md.25] M-code (R: D32013+48n/Q: D13+20n)" of the machine configuration axis that is performing interpolation control.
- The value does not change when operation arrives at a point where M-code is not set.
- The value does not change when the machine configuration axis executes any operation other than machine operation.
- The value is "0" at the leading edge of "[Rq.1120] PLC ready flag (R: M30000/Q: M2000)".



Refer to the following for M-code.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)

- This register stores the arrival rate (0 to 100.00[%]) to the end of the movement instruction being executed during machine program operation.
- The arrival rate is calculated with a command value.
- Refer to point arrival notification for operation examples of arrival rate. (Page 106 Point Arrival Notification)



- When proximity pass is enabled, even if "[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)" is less than 100.00[%], when proximity pass is started, "[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)" becomes 100.00[%], and the next positioning operation is started.
- When vibration supression command filter (acceleration/deceleration process after interpolation) is set, "[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)" becomes 100.00[%] before arriving at the set coordinates because of the delay caused by the filter.
- "[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)" cannot be used in sequential coordinate command control. When positioning with sequential coordinate command control, "[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)" is 100.00[%] until proceeding to the next positioning operation.



• When a stop factor such as an error occurs during machine program operation, "[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)" is updated according to the command value until the machine configuration axes decelerate to a stop.

[Md.2083] Machine program operation target speed (D53276+128m, D53277+128m)

- During machine program operation, this register stores the command speed at positioning start completion and at the start of each point.
- The speed after change is stored when command speed does not change at a point midway through operation, or when the speed is changed by the override function.
- The value does not change when machine JOG operation is executed, or when the machine configuration axis executes any operation other than machine operation.

[Md.2084 to 2090] Real current value (world coordinate system) (X to FL1) (D53278+128m to D53290+128m)

This register stores the coordinate value transformed from the feedback position (pulse units) of the motor encoder of the world coordinate system. When the machine type setting is incorrect, or has not been set, "0" is stored.

| Coordinate | Storage value*1 |
|------------|---|
| Х | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Υ | |
| Z | |
| A | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | |
| С | |
| FL1 | H0000 to HFFFF |

^{*1} The storage value differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.



- Values are stored to the real coordinate value monitor device when "[Rq.2200] Real current value monitor enable flag (M43584)" is ON.
- When stopped, "feed coordinate value = real coordinate value".

5 MACHINE CONTROL PARAMETERS

This chapter describes the parameters used for machine control.

Refer to the following for R series common parameters, and Motion CPU common parameters.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

Refer to the following for Motion control parameters.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)



When using machine control, set "Use" in [Motion CPU Common Parameter] ⇒ [Basic Setting] ⇒ "Machine Control Setting". If "Use" is not set machine control cannot be performed.

5.1 Machine Common Parameter

The machine common parameters set the point block data used for the positioning control of the machine.

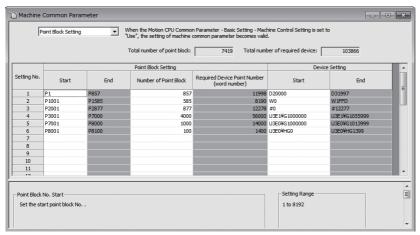
Point block setting

Assign devices to the point block No. of point block data to be used by the machine program operation.

The size of point block data is 14[word/point block].

[Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Common Parameter]

Window



| Classification | | | Description | Setting/display value | Restriction |
|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Display | | | Indicates the No. for the setting which assigns devices to the point block No. | Setting 1 to Setting 32 (Up to 32) | |
| User setting | Point block setting | Start | Set the start point block No. | Range: 1 to 8192 | |
| | | Number of point block | Set the number of point blocks. | Range: 1 to 8192 | Set all setting ranges so that the total is no more than 8192. |
| | Device setting | Start | Set the device to assign to the point block. | Usable devices: D, W, #, U3E□/G, U3E□/HG, U□/G | Set device No. to even numbers. |



- When changing the device settings of point block data, enable the changes by turning the Multiple CPU system power supply OFF and ON, or by reset.
- The data of each point block can be retained by a latch setting on the set device. Point block data is retained even if the Multiple CPU system power supply turns OFF→ON, or if a power failure longer than permissible momentary power failure time occurs.

5.2 Machine Parameter

The machine parameters set the machine configuration settings for performing machine control, and the parameters used in positioning control of the machine.

[Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Parameter]

| No. | Item | | Default value Setting range | | Direct setting*1 | Indirect se | tting ^{*2} | Reference section |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|---|--|---------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | Valid/ invalid | Valid/ invalid (Required size) | Fetch cycle | |
| 1 | Machine basic setting | Machine type | 0 | 0: No machine 1 to 100: Machine type | 0 | × | _ | Page 50 |
| 2 | | Operating range type | 0 | 0 to 65535 | 0 | × | _ | |
| 3 | Joint axis | Joint axis JNT1 | 0 | 0: Unused axis | 0 | × | _ | ₽ Page 50 |
| 4 | structure | Joint axis JNT2 | 0 | 1 to 64: Axis No. | | | | |
| 5 | 1 | Joint axis JNT3 | 0 | | | | | |
| 6 | - | Joint axis JNT4 | 0 | | | | | |
| 7 | - | Joint axis JNT5 | 0 | | | | | |
| 8 | 1 | Joint axis JNT6 | 0 | _ | | | | |
| 9 | Arm length | Arm length L1 | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | -1000000000 to | 0 | × | _ | ☐ Page 50 |
| 10 | setting | Arm length L2 | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 1000000000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | Ū |
| 11 | 1 | Arm length L3 | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 12 | - | Arm length L4 | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 13 | - | Arm length L5 | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 14 | 1 | Arm length L6 | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 15 | Machine speed setting | Parameter block designation | 1 | 1 to 64 | 0 | × | _ | ₽ Page 50 |
| 16 | | Machine JOG speed limit value (mm) | 1500000 (×10 ⁻² [mm/min]) | 1 to 600000000(×10 ⁻² [mm/ min]) | 0 | × | _ | |
| 17 | | Machine JOG speed limit value (degree) | 1500000 (×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]) | 1 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]) | 0 | × | _ | |
| 18 | XYZ stroke limit setting | XYZ stroke limit X coordinate upper limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 0 | × | _ | Page 51 |
| 19 | | XYZ stroke limit X coordinate lower limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 20 | | XYZ stroke limit Y coordinate upper limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 21 | | XYZ stroke limit Y coordinate lower limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 22 | | XYZ stroke limit Z coordinate upper limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |
| 23 | | XYZ stroke limit Z coordinate lower limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | |

| No. | Item | tem Default value Setting rang | | Setting range | Direct setting*1 | Indirect se | Indirect setting*2 F | | |
|------|---|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|----------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | Valid/ invalid | Valid/ invalid (Required size) | Fetch cycle | | |
| 24 | Base transformation (install | Base transformation X coordinate | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 0 | × | _ | ≅ Page 51 | |
| 25 | coordinate offset) | Base transformation Y coordinate | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | | |
| 26 | | Base transformation Z coordinate | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | | |
| 27 | | Base transformation A rotating axis angle | 0(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) | -35999999 to 35999999 (×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) | 0 | × | _ | | |
| 28 | | Base transformation B rotating axis angle | 0(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) | | | | | | |
| 29 | | Base transformation C rotating axis angle | 0(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) | | | | | | |
| 30 | Tool transformation | Tool transformation X coordinate | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 0 | × | _ | ₽ Page 53 | |
| 31 | | Tool transformation Y coordinate | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | | |
| 32 | | Tool transformation Z coordinate | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | | |
| 33 | Option setting | Option setting A1 | H00000000000000000 | H0000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 0 | (4 word)*3 | *3 | ☐ Page 53 | |
| 34 | Α | Option setting A2 | H00000000000000000 | HFFFFFFFFFFFFF* ³ | | | | | |
| 35 | | Option setting A3 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 36 | | Option setting A4 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 37 | | Option setting A5 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 38 | | Option setting A6 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 39 | | Option setting A7 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 40 | | Option setting A8 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 41 | | Option setting A9 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 42 | | Option setting A10 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 43 | Option setting | Option setting B1 | H00000000000000000 | H0000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 0 | 0 | *3 | Page 53 | |
| 44 | Option settin Option settin Option settin Option settin Option settin Option settin | Option setting B2 | H00000000000000000 | HFFFFFFFFFFFFF* ³ | | (4 word)*3 | | | |
| 45 | | Option setting B3 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 46 | | Option setting B4 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 47 | | Option setting B5 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 48 | | Option setting B6 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 49 | | Option setting B7 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 50 | | Option setting B8 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 51 | 1 | Option setting B9 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| 52 | 1 | Option setting B10 | H00000000000000000 | | | | | | |
| *4 [| | in n MT Davidan | | ormat instead of the exponen | tial farmat | | | | |

^{*1} For direct setting using MT Developer2, use the decimal format instead of the exponential format.

^{*2} Refer to the following for the range of devices used for indirect setting.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

^{*3} The fetch cycle differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Machine basic setting

Machine type

Set the machine type that suits the type of machine to be controlled. When not using a machine, set "0". Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details on supported machine types.

Operating range type

Set the operating range for joint axes.

The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Joint axis structure

Joint axis JNT1 to joint axis JNT6

Set the axis No. that is set in the amplifier setting to each joint axis (JNT1 to JNT6) to suit the machine type to be controlled. Set "0" to axes that are not used. When axis No. is outside of the setting range or duplicated, a moderate error (error code: 30FAH) occurs and the machine does not start. The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.



Allocating axis 3 to JNT1, axis 4 to JNT2, and axis 8 to JNT3

| Item | Setting value |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Joint axis JNT1 | 3 |
| Joint axis JNT2 | 4 |
| Joint axis JNT3 | 8 |
| Joint axis JNT4 | 0 |
| Joint axis JNT5 | 0 |
| Joint axis JNT6 | 0 |

Arm length setting

Arm length L1 to arm length L6

Set the arm length and arm shift amount for the robot set in the machine type. Set "0" to arm lengths that are not used. When arm lengths are outside of the setting range, a moderate error (error code: 30FAH) occurs and the machine does not start. The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Machine speed setting

Parameter block designation

Set the number of the parameter block to be used in the positioning control of the machine. This setting is used in machine JOG operation and machine program operation. When not setting a parameter block to machine positioning data with the Motion SFC program Motion dedicated function (MCNST) or the Motion dedicated PLC instruction (M(P).MCNST/D(P).MCNST), operation is controlled using the parameter block from this setting. When the interpolation unit of the designated parameter block and the interpolation control unit of the machine do not match, a moderate error (error code: 30FAH) occurs, and the machine does not start. The interpolation control unit differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Machine JOG speed limit value (mm)

Set the speed limit value for performing machine JOG operation in a "mm" unit coordinate system.

Machine JOG speed limit value (degree)

Set the speed limit value for performing machine JOG operation in a "degree" unit coordinate system.

XYZ stroke limit setting

XYZ stroke limit X to Z coordinate upper/lower limit value

Set the movable range of the control point in the base coordinate system. When not using upper and lower limit values, set "0".

The XYZ stroke limit check is only performed in machine program operation and machine JOG operation. When upper limit ≤ lower limit, or when "[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable command (M43619+32m)" is turned ON, the XYZ stroke limit check is not performed. When a XYZ stroke limit error is detected, a minor error (error code: 1FE5H) occurs, and operation stops immediately.



When the setting values of base transformation are the following

X coordinate=800000

Y coordinate=0

Z coordinate=700000

A rotating axis angle=0

B rotating axis angle=0

C rotating axis angle=0

| Item | Setting value | World coordinate position |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| XYZ stroke limit X coordinate upper limit value | 2000000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 2800000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| XYZ stroke limit X coordinate lower limit value | -3000000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | -2200000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| XYZ stroke limit Y coordinate upper limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| XYZ stroke limit Y coordinate lower limit value | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| XYZ stroke limit Z coordinate upper limit value | 2000000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 2700000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| XYZ stroke limit Z coordinate lower limit value | 500000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | 1200000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |

Base transformation (install coordinate offset)

If the base transformation parameters are set, the base coordinate system can be shifted against the world coordinate system. Base transformation can be set as the default values, but can also be set using "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)".

When the base transformation setting is outside of the setting range, a moderate error (error code: 30FAH) occurs and the machine does not start.

The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

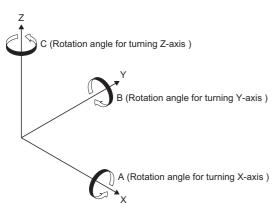
Base transformation X coordinate/Y coordinate/Z coordinate

Set the base position as viewed from the world coordinates at the Multiple CPU system power supply ON, or reset.

Base transformation A rotating axis angle/B rotating axis angle/C rotating axis angle

Set the rotating axis angle of the base coordinate as viewed from the world coordinates at the Multiple CPU system power supply ON, or reset.

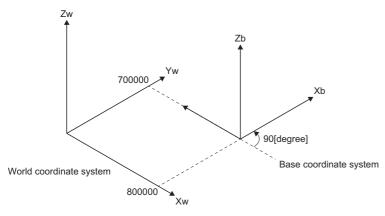
The definition of a coordinate rotating axis angle is shown below. The clockwise rotation of a coordinate axis is the forward direction.



Setting example

The following example is for when the setting values of base transformation are as follows.

| Item | Setting value |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Base transformation X coordinate | 800000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Base transformation Y coordinate | 700000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Base transformation Z coordinate | 0(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Base transformation A rotating axis angle | 0(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| Base transformation B rotating axis angle | 0(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| Base transformation C rotating axis angle | 9000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |





If base transformation is set, the base coordinate system can be shifted against the world coordinate system. Because the position of the robot (base coordinate system) does not change, the programs and positions are used as they are and all positioning coordinates (world coordinate system) are shifted together equally. If "X coordinate=10, Y coordinate=20, Z coordinate=30, A rotating axis angle=0, B rotating axis angle=0, C rotating axis angle=0" is set to base transformation, the world coordinates as viewed from the base coordinate system are shifted to "X coordinate=-10, Y coordinate=-20, Z coordinate=-30, A rotating axis angle=0, B rotating axis angle=0, C rotating axis angle=0".

Tool transformation

If the tool transformation parameters are set, the position of the control point as viewed from the mechanical interface can be shifted. Tool transformation can be set as the default values, but can also be set using "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)".

When the tool transformation setting is outside of the setting range, a moderate error (error code: 30FAH) occurs and the machine does not start. The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Tool transformation X coordinate/Y coordinate/Z coordinate

Set the position of the control point as viewed from the mechanical interface at the Multiple CPU system power supply ON, or reset.

Option setting A

This is for setting items for options that are used in each machine type.

The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Option setting B

This is for setting items for options that are used in each machine type.

The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

5.3 Motion Control Parameter of Machine Configuration Axes

Axis setting parameter

Set the axis setting parameters of axes defined as joint axes in accordance with the instruction manual of the machine library. Refer to the following for details on axis setting parameters.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)



When "speed control $10 \times \text{multiplier}$ setting for degree axis" is enabled, a warning (error code: 0EE1H) occurs at Multiple CPU system power supply ON, or reset. Disable "speed control $10 \times \text{multiplier}$ setting for degree axis" for joint axes.

Fixed parameter

When setting fixed parameters to axes that are set in the joint axis structure of the machine parameter, set the machine configuration axis unit setting to "mm" or "degree".

The moving range (upper/lower stroke limit) that can be set to each axis is -1500000000 to 1500000000[control units].

Expansion parameter

The servo motor maximum speed check parameter from expansion parameter can be set to axes set in the joint axis structure of machine parameter.

Refer to the following for details of the servo motor maximum speed check parameter.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

The servo motor maximum speed check parameter is used in the following functions.

- Joint interpolation speed limit (Page 99 Joint interpolation speed limit)
- Servo motor maximum speed check (Page 100 Servo motor maximum speed check)

6 MACHINE CONTROL DATA

6.1 Machine Positioning Data

The machine positioning data area used in machine program operation is shown below.

| Offset*1 | Name | | Description | Setting range | Data type |
|----------|------------------------------|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| +0 | Number of positioning points | | Set the number of positioning points. | ■When starting with Motion dedicated PLC instruction (M(P).MCNST/D(P).MCNST) 1 to 128 ■When starting with Motion dedicated function (MCNST) 1 to 256*2 | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +1 | Machine No | | Set the control target machine No. | 1 to 8 | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +2 +3 | Positioning data items | Positioning data item settings | Set positioning data. Set enable/ disable in bit units. | 0: Invalid 1: Valid (ご Page 57 Positioning data item settings) | 32-bit (bit string) |
| +4 | | Positioning data item 1 | Set the setting values of positioning | Range of the data items set to "1: | 32-bit integer |
| +5 | | | data in 2 words. | Valid" in positioning data item settings (SP Page 57 Positioning data item | (signed) |
| : | | : | | settings) | |
| +34 | | Positioning data item 16 | | | |
| +35 | | | | | |
| +36 | Positioning point 1 | Control method | Set the control method. | ☐ Page 57 Control method | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +37 | | Coordinate system setting | Set the coordinate system of the positioning point. | World coordinate system Base coordinate system Ji Joint coordinate system | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +38 | | Command speed | Set the positioning speed. | 0: Take speed from previous point | 32-bit integer |
| +39 | | | | 1 to 2147483647: Command speed | (signed) |
| +40 | | Point block No. | Set the point block No. of the positioning point. | 1 to 8192 | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +41 | | Auxiliary point/central point block No. | Set the point block No. of the auxiliary point/central point during circular interpolation. | 0: Not used 1 to 8192: Point block No. | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +42 | | Unusable | Set to 0. | 0 | _ |
| +43 | | | | | |
| +44 | | Expansion point item settings | Set the expansion point data to be used by each positioning point. Set enable/disable in bit units. | 0: Invalid 1: Valid (☞ Page 58 Expansion point item settings) | 16-bit (bit string) |
| +45 | | Unusable | Set to 0. | 0 | _ |
| +46 | | Expansion point data item | Set the setting values of expansion | Range of the data items set to "1: | 32-bit integer |
| +47 | | 1 | point data in 2 words. | Valid" in expansion point data items. | (signed) |
| i . | | : | | (Page 58 Expansion point item settings) | |
| +76 | | Expansion point data item | | | |
| +77 | | 16 | | | |
| : | : | ı | : | : | ÷ |

| Offset*1 | Name | | Description | Setting range | Data type |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| +(42R-6) | Positioning point (R) | Control method | The number of positioning points set in "Number of positioning points" is | Page 57 Control method | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +(42R-5) | | Coordinate system setting | valid. | World coordinate system Base coordinate system Joint coordinate system | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +(42R-4) | | Command speed | | 0: Take speed from previous point 1 to 2147483647: Command speed | 32-bit integer (signed) |
| +(42R-3) +(42R-2) | | Point block No. | | 1 to 8192 | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +(42R-1) | | Auxiliary point/central point block No. | | 0: Not used 1 to 8192: Point block No. | 16-bit integer (signed) |
| +(42R) | | Unusable | | 0 | _ |
| +(42R+1) | | | | | |
| +(42R+2) | | Expansion point item settings | | 0: Invalid 1: Valid (Page 58 Expansion point item settings) | 16-bit (bit string) |
| +(42R+3) | | Unusable | | 0 | _ |
| +(42R+4) | | Expansion point data item | | Range of the data items set to "1: | 32-bit integer |
| +(42R+5) | | 1 | | Valid" in expansion point data items. (SP Page 58 Expansion point item | (signed) |
| : | | : | | settings) | |
| +(42R+34) | | Expansion point data item | | | |
| +(42R+35) | | 16 | | | |

^{*1} The "R" of "+(42R+35)" in the machine positioning data area explanation indicate the following items for the offset values.

Calculate the offset value for each item as follows.

(Example) When positioning point is "10"

Number of positioning points

Set the number of positioning points for performing machine program operation.

Set the following ranges according to the program that starts the machine program.

| Machine program operation start | Number of positioning points | |
|---|------------------------------|--|
| Start by Motion dedicated PLC instruction (M(P).MCNST/D(P).MCNST) | 1 to 128 | |
| Start by the Motion SFC program Motion dedicated function (MCNST) | 1 to 256*1 | |

^{*1} For operating system software version "09" or earlier, 1 to 128.

Machine No.

Set the machine No. (1 to 8) for machine program operation.

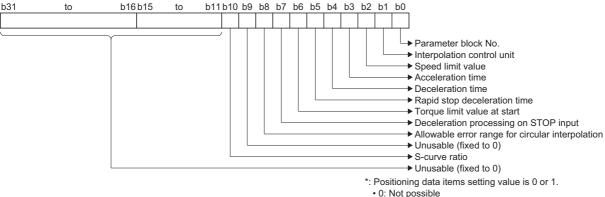
 $[\]cdot \ R : \ Positioning \ point$

⁺⁽⁴²R+35)=+(42×10+35)=+455

^{*2} For operating system software version "09" or earlier, 1 to 128.

Positioning data item settings

• Set the positioning data items used at the execution of the instruction. Turn the bit of the item to be set ON(1: Valid). Items that are turned OFF (0: Invalid) use the data of the parameter block No. set in the machine parameter to start positioning.



- 0: Not possible
- 1: Possible
- The data set to ON(1: Valid) is loaded in order from "Positioning data item 1" to "Positioning data item 16". For positioning data items in "Positioning data item 1" to "Positioning data item 16" that are not used, set "0". Positioning data items use 2 words per item.
- · Refer to the following for the contents of positioning data items. MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

Control method

Set the control method at the positioning point.

| Control method | | Instruction symbol | Control | Setting value |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|---------------|
| NOP instruction | | NOP | No operation | 0000H |
| 3D linear interpolation | control | ABS- | Absolute 3D linear interpolation control | 0100H |
| | | INC- | Incremental 3D linear interpolation control | 0200H |
| Joint interpolation cor | ntrol | ABS/ | Absolute joint interpolation control | 1000H |
| | | INC/ | Incremental joint interpolation control | 1100H |
| 3D circular | Auxiliary point- | ABS 🗠 | Absolute auxiliary point-specified 3D circular interpolation control | 2000H |
| interpolation control | specified | INC 🗠 | Incremental auxiliary point-specified 3D circular interpolation control | 2100H |
| | Central point- specified | ABS ₩ | Absolute central point-specified 3D circular interpolation control (θ<180°) | 3000H |
| | | INC 🖂 | Incremental central point-specified 3D circular interpolation control (θ<180°) | 3100H |
| | | ABS ♠ | Absolute central point-specified 3D circular interpolation control (θ>180°) | 3200H |
| | | INC 介 | Incremental central point-specified 3D circular interpolation control (θ>180°) | 3300H |
| Sequential coordinate command control | | _ | Positioning with the sequentially changed coordinate values as the target position. | 5000H |

Coordinate system setting

Set the coordinate system of the point blocks at each positioning point.

Command speed

Set the command speed at each positioning point. The unit of the set command speed is matched with the unit of interpolation control for the machine to be controlled. When command speed is set to "0" from positioning point 2 onwards, the command speed set in the previous positioning point is taken for the command speed. However, when the previous positioning points are NOP instructions or sequential coordinate command control only, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs.

Point block No.

Set the point block No. used in the positioning point. Refer to point block setting for details on point block No. setting. (Page 47 Point block setting)

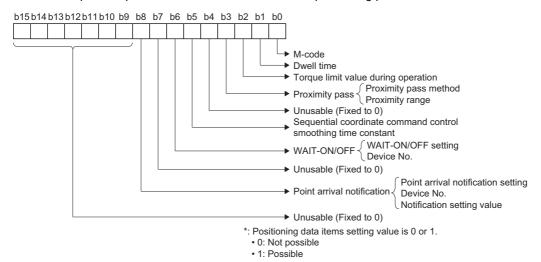
Refer to point block data for details on point block data. (Page 63 Point Block Data)

Auxiliary point/central point block No.

Set the point block No. to be used at the auxiliary point/central point of 3D circular interpolation control (auxiliary point-specified, central point-specified). For control other than 3D circular interpolation control (auxiliary point-specified, central point-specified), set "0".

Expansion point item settings

• Set the expansion point data items to be used in each positioning point. Turn the bit of the item to be set ON(1: Valid).



• The data set to ON(1: Valid) is loaded in order from "Expansion point data item 1" to "Expansion point data item 16". For expansion point data items in "Positioning data item 1" to "Positioning data item 16" that are not used, set "0". Expansion point data items use 2 words per item.

■ M-code

Refer to the following for the contents of data set in M-code.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

■ Dwell time

The operation for when dwell time is set is shown below. Refer to the following for the contents of data set in dwell time.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

| ESIMELOED IQ IT MOLION CONL | oller Programming Manual (Positioning Control) |
|--|---|
| Item | Operation |
| When dwell time is set the end point | Positioning is completed after waiting for the set time to elapse. (After dwell time has elapsed, "[St.1040] Start accept flag (R: M30080+n/Q: M2001+n)" and "[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)" turn OFF, and "[St.1061] Positioning complete (R: M32401+32n/Q: M2401+20n)" turns ON.) |
| When dwell time is set to a point midway through operation | Wait until the set time has elapsed. When the set dwell time has elapsed, the next positioning control starts. Positioning control Next positioning control Dwell time |
| When proximity pass is set | Proximity pass is disabled at the end point, and wait until set time has elapsed. (Example) In the case below, positioning point 4 and positioning point 5 contain NOP instructions therefore positioning point 3 is the end point, and from there proximity pass becomes invalid, and dwell time becomes valid. START Positioning point 1 Control method=Linear interpolation Proximity pass is set Dwell time=set Positioning point 3 Control method=Circular interpolation Proximity pass is set Dwell time=set Positioning point 3 Control method=Circular interpolation Proximity pass is set Dwell time=set Positioning point 4 Control method=Circular interpolation Proximity pass is set Dwell time=set Positioning point 4 Control method=NoP Positioning point 4 Control method=NoP Positioning point 5 Control method=NoP END Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start When all of the following instructions are NoP, proximity is disabled. Dwell time START Positioning point 2 Control method=Circular interpolation Proximity passing, dwell time is ignored. When all of the following instructions are NoP, proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start When all of the following instructions are NOP, proximity is disabled. Dwell time START Positioning point 2 Control method=NoP Positioning point 3 Control method=NoP Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity start Proximity is disabled. Dwell time |

■ Torque limit value during operation

Refer to the following for the contents of data set in torque limit value during operation.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

■ Proximity pass

Proximity pass uses two expansion point data items (proximity pass method and proximity range). Refer to proximity pass function for details of proximity pass. (Page 91 Proximity Pass Function)

| Proximity pass method | Proximity range | |
|---|--|--|
| 0: Invalid | 0 | |
| 1: JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance) | 0 to 2147483647[interpolation control units] | |

■ Sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant

The sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant sets the averaged time when changing position command during sequential coordinate command control. However, a delay equivalent to the set time constant in [ms] occurs. The time constant can only be used for sequential coordinate command control. The setting is ignored for controls other than sequential coordinate command control.

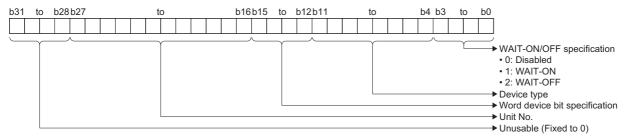
If the sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant is not set when performing sequential coordinate command control, the smoothing time constant is "0[ms]". When a value outside of the setting range is set, a warning (error code: 0EE0H) occurs, and the smoothing time constant is "0[ms]". Refer to sequential coordinate command control for details on sequential coordinate command control. (Page 81 Sequential coordinate command control)

| Item | Setting value |
|---|---------------|
| Sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant | 0 to 5000[ms] |

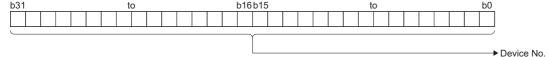
■ WAIT-ON/OFF

WAIT-ON/OFF uses two expansion point data items (WAIT-ON/OFF setting and device No.). Refer to WAIT-ON/OFF for details of WAIT-ON/OFF. (Page 104 WAIT-ON/OFF)

WAIT-ON/OFF setting (first expansion point data item)
 Select the condition to be used (WAIT-ON or WAIT-OFF), and set the type of device that is allocated, bit specification of the word device, and the unit No.



Device No. (second expansion point data item)
 Set the No. of the device allocated to WAIT-ON/OFF.



| Device type | | Word device bit | Unit No. | Device No. |
|-------------|---|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Value | Device name | specification | | |
| 01H | Input (X) | _ | _ | 0 to 12287 |
| 02H | Output (Y) | | | 0 to 12287 |
| 03H | Internal relay (M) | | | 0 to 49151*1 |
| 04H | Link relay (B) | | | 0 to 8191 ^{*1} |
| 05H | Annunciator (F) | | | 0 to 2047 ^{*1} |
| 06H | Data register (D) | 0H to FH | 1 | 0 to 57343 ^{*1} |
| 07H | Linlk register (W) | | | 0 to 8191 ^{*1} |
| 08H | Motion register (#) | | | 0 to 12287*1 |
| 09H | Special relay (SM) | _ | 1 | 0 to 4095 |
| 0AH | Special register (SD) | 0H to FH | 1 | 0 to 4095 |
| 0BH | CPU buffer memory access device | | 3E0H to 3E3H(U3E0\G to U3E3\G) | 0 to 2097151*2 |
| 0CH | CPU buffer memory access device (fixed scan communication area) | | 3E0H to 3E3H(U3E0\HG to U3E3\HG) | 0 to 12287 |
| 0DH | Module access device | | 000H to 0FFH(U0\G to UFF\G) | 0 to 268435455*3 |

^{*1} By changing the number of points used for each device with the device points/latch setting, the device Nos. can be expanded. Refer to the following for device points/latch setting.

[□] MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

*2 The maximum number of points that a CPU buffer memory access device can use varies with the CPU module.

^{*3} The accessible range varies with the module. Refer to the manual of the module being used.

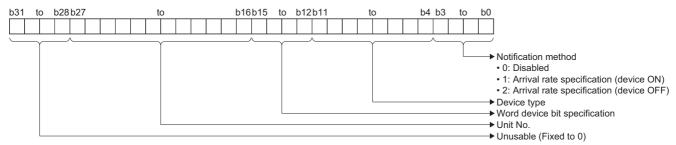


- When WAIT-ON/OFF is set to "0: Disabled", WAIT-ON/OFF is disabled.
- When the value of the WAIT-ON/OFF specification is outside of range, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H (details code: 003EH)) occurs, and operation does not start.
- When a device outside of the setting range is set, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H (details code: 003FH))
 occurs, and operation does not start.

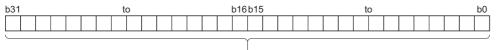
■ Point arrival notification

Point arrival notification uses three expansion point data items (point arrival notification setting, device No., and notification setting value). Refer to point arrival notification for details of point arrival notification. (Page 106 Point Arrival Notification)

Point arrival notification setting (first expansion point data item)
 Select the notification method (device ON/OFF), and set the type of notification device, bit specification of the word device, and the unit No.



Device No. (second expansion point data item)
 Set the No. of the device for notification.



→ Device No.

| Device type | | Word device bit | Unit No. | Device No. | |
|-------------|--|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Value | Device name | specification | | | |
| 01H | Input (X) | _ | _ | 0 to 12287 | |
| 02H | Output (Y) | | | 0 to 12287 | |
| 03H | Internal relay (M) | | | 0 to 49151*1 | |
| 04H | Link relay (B) | | | 0 to 8191*1 | |
| 05H | Annunciator (F) | | | 0 to 2047*1 | |
| 06H | Data register (D) | 0H to FH | | 0 to 57343*1 | |
| 07H | Link register (W) | | | 0 to 8191*1 | |
| 08H | Motion register (#) | | | 0 to 12287*1 | |
| 09H | Special relay (SM) | _ | | 0 to 4095 | |
| 0AH | Special register (SD) | 0H to FH | | 0 to 4095 | |
| 0BH | CPU buffer memory access device | | 3E0H to 3E3H(U3E0\G to U3E3\G)*2 | 0 to 2097151*3 | |
| 0CH | CPU buffer memory access device (fixed scan comunication area) | | 3E0H to 3E3H(U3E0\HG to U3E3\HG)*2 | 0 to 12287 | |
| 0DH | Module access device | | 000H to 0FFH(U0\G to UFF\G) | 0 to 268435455*4 | |

^{*1} By changing the number of points used for each device with the device points/latch setting, the device Nos. can be expanded. Refer to the following for device points/latch setting.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Common)

^{*2} Only the unit No. of the self-CPU can be set. When the unit No. of other CPUs are set, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H (details code: 0041H)) occurs.

^{*3} The maximum number of points that a CPU buffer memory access device can use varies with the CPU module.

^{*4} The accessible range varies with the module. Refer to the manual of the module being used.

Notification setting value (third expansion point data item)
 Set the value for turning ON/OFF the notification device.

| b31 | | | | to | | | | b16 | b15 | 5 | | | 1 | to | | | | b |) |
|-----|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|-----|---------------|---|--|--|---|----|--|--|--|---|----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | $\overline{}$ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Notification setting value |



- When notification method is set to "0: Disabled", point arrival notification is disabled.
- When the notification method or notification setting value are set outside of the setting range, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H (details code: 0040H)) occurs, and operation does not start.
- When the device type, bit specification of word device, unit No. or device No. are outside of the setting range, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H (details code: 0041H)) occurs, and operation does not start.

6.2 Point Block Data

Set the point block data to be used by machine program operation.

When setting point block data, set the devices to be allocated to the point block No. by selecting [Motion Control Parameter]

⇒ [Machine Control Parameter]

⇒ "Point Block Setting".

Refer to point block setting for details of point block setting. (Page 47 Point block setting)

Structure of point block data

The point block data structure is shown below.

The size of each point block data is 14[words/point blocks].

Point block

■ Position type (POSE)

| Offset | Point block No. | Item | Description | Data type | Setting range |
|---------------|--------------------|------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| +0 | P(k) | Х | Position (distance) to move in | 32-bit integer | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| +1 | | | the X direction | (signed) | |
| +2 | | Υ | Position (distance) to move in | | |
| +3 | | | the Y direction | | |
| +4 | | Z | Position (distance) to move in | | |
| +5 | | | the Z direction | | |
| +6 | | А | Angle to rotate the A coordinate | | -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| +7 | | | | | |
| +8 | | В | Angle to rotate the B coordinate | | |
| +9 | | | | | |
| +10 | _ | С | Angle to rotate the C coordinate | | |
| +11 | _ | | | | |
| +12 | | FL1 | Structure flag 1 | 16-bit integer (Unsigned) | H0000 to HFFFF |
| +13 | | _ | Unusable | _ | 0 |
| : | 1 | : | : | : | : |
| +(14(v-1)) | P(k+v-1) | X | The point blocks set in "Number | 32-bit integer | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| +(14(v-1)+1) | _ | | of point blocks" are valid. | (signed) | |
| +(14(v-1)+2) | _ | Y | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+3) | _ | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+4) | | Z | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+5) | | | | | _ |
| +(14(v-1)+6) | | A | | | -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| +(14(v-1)+7) | _ | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+8) | _ | В | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+9) | _ | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+10) | _ | С | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+11) | | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+12) | | FL1 | | 16-bit integer (Unsigned) | H0000 to HFFFF |
| +(14(v-1)+13) | | _ | | _ | 0 |

^{*1} The "k" and "v" of "P(k+v-1)" and "+(14(v-1)+13)" in the point block explanation indicate the following items for the offset values.

Calculate the offset value for each item as follows.

(Example) When start point block No. is "100", and number of point blocks is "200"

P(k+v-1)=P(100+200-1)=P299 (Point block No.)

[·] k: Start point block No.

 $[\]cdot$ v: Number of point blocks

⁺⁽¹⁴⁽v-1)+13)=+(14(200-1)+13)=+2799 (Offset)

■ Joint type (JOINT)

| Offset | Point block No. | Item | Description | Data type | Setting range |
|---------------|--------------------|------|---|-------------------------|---|
| +0 | Pk | J1 | Position (distance) for moving | 32-bit integer | mm: -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| +1 |] | | JNT1 | (signed) | degree: -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| +2 | | J2 | Position (distance) for moving | | |
| +3 | | | JNT2 | | |
| +4 |] | J3 | Position (distance) for moving | | |
| +5 |] | | JNT3 | | |
| +6 | | J4 | Position (distance) for moving | | |
| +7 | | | JNT4 | | |
| +8 | | J5 | Position (distance) for moving | | |
| +9 | | | JNT5 | | |
| +10 | | J6 | Position (distance) for moving | | |
| +11 | | | JNT6 | | |
| +12 | | _ | Unusable | - | 0 |
| +13 | | | | | |
| : | : | : | : | E | : |
| +(14(v-1)) | P(k+v-1) | J1 | The point blocks set in "Number of point blocks" are valid. | 32-bit integer (signed) | mm: -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) degree: -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| +(14(v-1)+1) | | | of point blocks are valid. | (signed) | degree: -/2000000 to /2000000(×10 *[degree]) |
| +(14(v-1)+2) | | J2 | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+3) | | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+4) | | J3 | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+5) | 1 | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+6) | 1 | J4 | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+7) | 1 | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+8) | 1 | J5 | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+9) | 1 | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+10) | _ | J6 | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+11) | _ | | | | |
| +(14(v-1)+12) | _ | _ | | _ | 0 |
| +(14(v-1)+13) | | | | | |

^{*1} The "k" and "v" of "P(k+v-1)" and "+(14(v-1)+13)" in the point block explanation indicate the following items for the offset values.

Calculate the offset value for each item as follows.

(Example) When start point block No. is "100", and number of point blocks is "200"

P(k+v-1)=P(100+200-1)=P299 (Point block No.)

+(14(v-1)+13)=+(14(200-1)+13)=+2799 (Offset)

 $[\]cdot$ k: Start point block No.

[·] v: Number of point blocks

Point block data setting

A setting example for point block data is shown below.

■ Setting data to X and Y of P201

· Point block setting

| Item | Point block No. | | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | P201 | | | | | | | |
| | Device | Setting value | | | | | | |
| Х | D22800, D22801 | 1000000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | | |
| Υ | D22802, D22803 | 1500000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | | | | | | |
| Z | D22804, D22805 | 0 | | | | | | |
| Α | D22806, D22807 | 0 | | | | | | |
| В | D22808, D22809 | 0 | | | | | | |
| С | D22810, D22811 | 0 | | | | | | |
| FL1 | D22812 | 0 | | | | | | |
| _ | D22813 | 0 | | | | | | |

· Motion SFC program

[F11] //Set point block P201 FMOV D22800,K0,K14 //Point block P201 (14 words) 0 clear D22800L=K1000000 //Point block data (X) D22802L=K1500000 //Point block data (Y)

■ Setting data to P1 to P3

· Point block setting

| Item | Point block No. | | | | | | |
|------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | P1 | | P2 | | P3 | | |
| | Device | Setting value | Device | Setting value | Device | Setting value | |
| Х | D20000, D20001 | 0 | D20014, D20015 | 1000000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | D20028, D20029 | 1000000(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) | |
| Y | D20002, D20003 | 0 | D20016, D20017 | 0 | D20030, D20031 | 0 | |
| Z | D20004, D20005 | 0 | D20018, D20019 | 0 | D20032, D20033 | 0 | |
| Α | D20006, D20007 | 0 | D20020, D20021 | 0 | D20034, D20035 | 0 | |
| В | D20008, D20009 | 0 | D20022, D20023 | 0 | D20036, D20037 | 0 | |
| С | D20010, D20011 | 0 | D20024, D20025 | 0 | D20038, D20039 | 3000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) | |
| FL1 | D20012 | 0 | D20026 | 0 | D20040 | 0 | |
| _ | D20013 | 0 | D20027 | 0 | D20041 | 0 | |

Motion SFC program

[F12]

//Set point block P1 to P3

FMOV D20000,K0,K14 //0 clear P1 (14 words)

FMOV D20014,K0,K14 //0 clear P2 (14 words)

D20014L=K1000000 //Set (X)

FMOV D20028,K0,K14 //0 clear P3 (14 words)

D20028L=K1000000 //Set (X)

D20038L=K3000000 //Set (C)

7 POSITIONING CONTROL

This chapter explains the positioning methods.

7.1 Basics of Positioning Control

This section describes the common items for positioning control (machine control), which is described in detail after Section 7.2.(Page 76 Machine Program Operation)

Positioning speed

The positioning speed is set using machine positioning data.

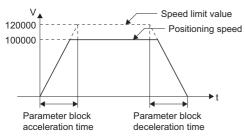
Refer to machine positioning data for details of the machine positioning data. (Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)

The real positioning speed is set in the positioning speed and speed limit value using the machine positioning data shown below:

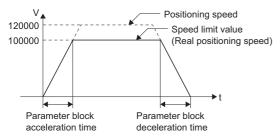
- · If the positioning speed setting is less than speed limit value, the positioning is executed with the set positioning speed.
- If the positioning speed setting is greater than speed limit value, the positioning is executed with the speed limit value.

Ex.

(Example 1) If the speed limit value is 120000 [mm/min] and the positioning speed setting is 100000 [mm/min]



(Example 2) If the speed limit value is 100000 [mm/min] and the positioning speed setting is 120000 [mm/min]



Positioning speed at the interpolation control

The positioning speed of the Motion CPU sets the movement speed of the control system.

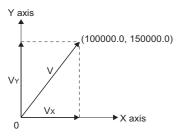
In machine control, the unit for the positioning speed is determined by the interpolation control unit of the parameter block specified in the machine parameter.

When there is movement amount in the XYZ space

The specified positioning speed is the composite speed on the XYZ space. The speed of A, B, and C coordinates is determined so that they operate in the movement time for that speed.

Positioning speed $\vec{V} = \vec{V} \vec{x} + \vec{V} \vec{y} + \vec{V} \vec{z}$

Linear interpolation control of the X and Y axes is as follows.



| Setting item | Setting value |
|---|------------------|
| Movement amount of the X axis (D ₁) | 100000.0[μm] |
| Movement amount of the Y axis (D ₂) | 150000.0[μm] |
| Composite speed (V) | 42000.00[mm/min] |

For the above conditions, the Motion CPU calculates the positioning speed of each axis with the following formulas.

| Setting axis | Formula |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Positioning speed of the X axis | $Vx=V\times D1/\sqrt{D1^2+D2^2}$ |
| Positioning speed of the Y axis | $V_Y = V \times D_2 / \sqrt{D_1^2 + D_2^2}$ |



In the case of using the machine library when there is no movement amount of the XYZABC coordinate axes and only changing the attitude flag (FL1), use the servo instruction for linear interpolation control (ABS-2 to ABS-4(Absolute method)).

! CAUTION

• Because the composite speed is calculated in the XYZ space, when the movement amount is minute on the XYZ space and large on the rotating coordinate axes, the rotating coordinate axes movement speed can be excessive. To avoid excessive speeds, set a maximum speed on the joint axes with the servo motor maximum speed check parameter.

When there is no movement amount in the XYZ space

The specified positioning speed[mm/min] unit is converted from the units of the A, B, and C coordinates. The positioning speed is converted to [degree/min] by the formula below.

Positioning speed[degree/min]=(specified positioning speed)×0.1



When the machine type interpolation control unit is [mm]

When 30.00[mm/min] is set to positioning speed and the A coordinate is operated, it operates at 3.000[degree/min].

Speed at joint interpolation

The movement time of each joint axis is determined by the specified positioning speed. (The same movement time as linear interpolation)

The speed of each moving joint axis is determined so that they operate in that movement time.

For articulated robots, the speed of the control point is not fixed.

Program example

■ Program for machine 1 linear interpolation to positioning point P201 at command speed 42000.00[mm/min]

· Point block

| Setting item | P201 |
|--------------|--------------|
| Х | 100000.0[μm] |
| Y | 150000.0[μm] |
| Z | 0 |
| A | 0 |
| В | 0 |
| С | 0 |
| FL1 | 0 |

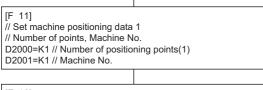
· Machine positioning data

| Setting item | Device | Number of words |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Number of positioning points | D2000 | 1 |
| Machine No. | D2001 | 1 |
| Positioning data item settings | D2002 to D2035 | 34 |
| Positioning point 1 | D2036 to D2077 | 42 |

· Workpiece for positioning point settings

| Setting item | Device | Number of words |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Workpiece for positioning point | #0 to #41 | 42 |
| settings | | |

· Motion SFC program



[F 12]
// Set machine positioning data 2
// Positioning data items
D2002L=K0 // Positioning data items setting (all disabled)
FMOV D2004,K0,K32 // Positioning data items (32 words)
(Not use(0))

[F 13]

// Set data of positioning point 1

#0=H0100 // Control method (linear interpolation (ABS))

#1=K0 // Positioning point setting (World coordinate system setting)

#2L=K4200000 // Command speed=42000.00[mm/min]

#4=K201 // Point block No.(P201)

#5=K0 // auxiliary/central point block data (Not use (0))

#6L=K0 // Radius (Not use(0))

#8=K0 // Expansion point item setting (all disabled)

#9=K0 // Empty area (0)

FMOV #10,K0,K32 // Expansion point item setting value

(32 words)(Not use(0))

BMOV D2036,#0,K42 // Batch-transfer 42 words from #0 to positioning point 1.

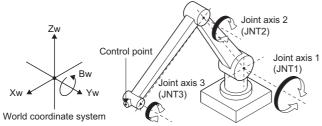
■ Moving machine 1 to positioning points P1 to P3 at command speed 1800.00[mm/min]

When only moving degree unit coordinate axes when the interpolation control unit of positioning point 3 is mm.

| Positioning point | Point block No. | Operation | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | P1 | Move to P1(start point) | | | | |
| 2 | P2 | Move to P2 (move X coordinate only) | | | | |
| 3 | P3 | Move to P3 (move B coordinate only) | | | | |

Machine

Machine type=R5(3 rotating axes, world coordinate system(XZB+FL1))



· Point block

| Setting item | P1 | P2 | P3 |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| X | 1000000.0[μm] | 1500000.0[μm] | 15000000.0[μm] |
| Υ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Z | 500000.0[μm] | 500000.0[μm] | 500000.0[μm] |
| A | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| В | 90.00000[degree] | 90.00000[degree] | 140.00000[degree] |
| С | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FL1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| FL2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

· Machine positioning data

| Setting item | Device | Number of words |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Number of positioning points | D2000 | 1 |
| Machine No. | D2001 | 1 |
| Positioning data item settings | D2002 to D2035 | 34 |
| Positioning point 1 | D2036 to D2077 | 42 |
| Positioning point 2 | D2078 to D2119 | 42 |
| Positioning point 3 | D2120 to D2161 | 42 |

· Workpiece for positioning point settings

| Setting items | Device | Number of words |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Workpiece for positioning point | #0 to #41 | 42 |
| settings | | |

· Motion SFC program

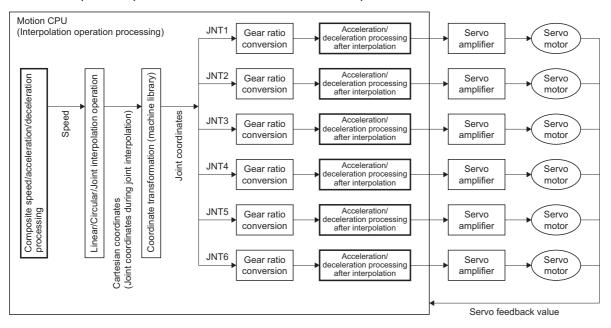
```
[F 21]
// Set machine positioning data 1
// Number of points, Machine No.
D2000=K3 // Number of positioning points (3)
D2001=K1 // Machine No.
[F 22]
// Set machine positioning data 2
// Positioning data items
D2002L=K0 // Positioning data items setting (all disabled)
FMOV D2004,K0,K32 // Positioning data items (32 words)
                          (Not use(0))
[F 23]
// Set data of positioning point 1
// Move to start point
FMOV #0,K0,K42 // Point data area (42 words) 0 clear
#0=H0100 // Control method (linear interpolation(ABS))
#1=K0 // Positioning point setting (World coordinate system
          setting)
#2L=K180000 // Command speed=1800.00[mm/min]
#4=K1 // Point block No. (P1)
BMOV D2036,#0,K42 // Batch-transfer 42 words from #0 to
                          positioning point 1.
[F 24]
// Set data of positioning point 2
// Move X axis only
// X axis positioning speed=1800.00[mm/min]
FMOV #0,K0,K42 // Point data area (42 words) 0 clear
#0=H0100 // Control method (linear interpolation(ABS))
#1=K0 // Positioning point setting (World coordinate system
          setting)
// \#2L=K0 // Command speed=0 (Take previous command
             speed)
#4=K2 // Point block No. (P2)
BMOV D2078,#0,K42 // Batch-transfer 42 words from #0 to
                          positioning point 2.
[F 25]
// Set data of positioning point 2
// Move C axis only
// C axis positioning speed=180.000[degree/min]
FMOV #0,K0,K42 // Point data area (42 words) 0 clear
#0=H0100 // Control method (linear interpolation(ABS))
#1=K0 // Positioning point setting (World coordinate system
setting)
#2L=K180000 // Command speed=180.000[degree/min]
#4=K3 // Point block No. (P3)
BMOV D2120,#0,K42 // Batch-transfer 42 words from #0 to
                          positioning point 2.
```

Interpolation operation and acceleration/deceleration processing

This section explains interpolation operation processing.

Flowchart of interpolation operation and acceleration/deceleration processing

Machine interpolation operation and acceleration/deceleration are processed as follows.



Composite speed and acceleration/deceleration processing

Acceleration/deceleration is performed according to the composite speed.

The following two methods are available for acceleration/deceleration processing.

■ Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing

A conventional processing method performing linear rapid acceleration and rapid stops.

■ S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing

By setting the S-curve ratio as a parameter, acceleration/deceleration is processed in a smoother manner compared to trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing.

Acceleration/deceleration time and S-curve ratio settings can be made in the parameter block or in machine positioning data.



- Refer to the following for details on trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration processing and S-curve acceleration/deceleration processing.
- MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)
- In machine control, advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration cannot be used. When advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration is processed.

Acceleration/deceleration after interpolation (speed smoothing filter of each axis)

When smoothing the movement amount to each joint axis after coordinate transformation, set a smoothing filter by vibration suppression command filter. With the vibration suppression command filter, extreme changes in the speed of the joint axes can be managed. When the operation cycle is set to 7.111[ms], the vibration suppression command filter is disabled. Refer to the following for vibration suppression command filter.

□ MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

■ Setting example

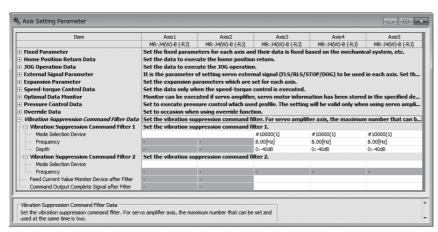
An example for setting a smoothing filter of time constant 125[ms] to joint axes JNT1 to JNT3(axis 3 to 5) is shown below.

· Set the following to "Vibration suppression command filter 1" of vibration suppression command filter data.

| Setting item | | Setting value | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| | | Axis 3 | Axis 4 | Axis 5 |
| Vibration suppression filter 1 | Mode selection device | #10000 | #10000 | #10000 |
| | Frequency | 8.00[Hz] | 8.00[Hz] | 8.00[Hz] |
| | Depth | 0: -40dB | 0: -40dB | 0: -40dB |

"∑" [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Axis Setting Parameter] ⇒ "Vibration Suppression Command Filter Data"

Window



• Before starting machine positioning control, set "1: Smoothing filter" to the value of the device set to "Mode Selection Device".

Cautions

- · For joint robots, because trajectory accuracy deteriorates, use a time constant that is as small as possible.
- If the values set in the smoothing filter of each joint axis are different, the positioning timing of each joint axis becomes inconsistent. Thus, set the same time constant (frequency) to each joint axis of the robot.
- When acceleration/deceleration processing after interpolation is disabled, the time to positioning completion becomes longer due to the delay caused by the filter.
- When errors that cause stops, rapid stops, and immediate stops occur, the time to stop completion becomes longer due to the delay caused by the filter.
- In the maximum speed check, the command speed of joint axes before the acceleration/deceleration processing after interpolation is checked. For this reason, when using acceleration/deceleration processing after interpolation, a minor error (error code: 1FE2H (details code: 0007H)) may occur for command speeds less than the set speed.

Control units during machine control

The interpolation control unit specified in the parameter block is checked with the interpolation control unit of the machine at the Multiple CPU system power supply ON/reset, and at the start of machine program operation. The interpolation control unit of the parameter block is set according to the specifications of the machine library.

At the Multiple CPU system power supply ON/Reset

When the interpolation control unit of the parameter block set in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Control Parameter] ⇒ [Machine Parameter] ⇒ "Machine Speed Setting" ⇒ "Parameter Block Designation" and the interpolation control unit of the machine are different, a moderate error (error code: 30FAH) occurs and the machine does not start.

At the machine program operation start

When the interpolation control unit of the parameter block and interpolation control unit of the machine set in the machine positioning data are different, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs and machine program operation does not start.

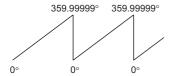
| | Interpolation control unit of parameter block | | | ock | Starting method |
|---|--|------|--------|---------------|---|
| | mm | inch | degree | pulse | |
| Normal start | Interpolation control units of the machine are [mm]. | _ | _ | _ | Starts when interpolation control units of the machine and parameter block are the same Units are not converted when the interpolation control units are different. |
| Units not matched (Minor error (error code: 1FE0H)) | When interpolation control unit of the machine do not match the interpolation control unit of the parameter block. | | | not match the | Does not start when interpolation control units of the machine and parameter block are different. |

Control when control unit is "degree"

This section explains machine control when the control unit (coordinate axis unit) is "degree".

Machine configuration axes with "degree" control unit

- Refer to the following for details of axes with "degree" control unit.
 WELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)
- Unlimited rotation axes cannot be used for machine configuration axes. Set the upper limit value/lower limit value of the stroke limit and enable the stroke limit.
- The setting range of the upper limit value/lower limit value of the stroke limit differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details of the settings.
- The "[Md.20] Feed current value (R: D32000+48n, D32001+48n/Q: D0+20n, D1+20n)" of each axis monitor device is a ring address of 0 to 360°.



Joint type (JOINT)

- The value of joint axes can be monitored with "[Md.2033] to [Md.2038] Feed current value (joint coordinate system)(J1 to J6)(D53190+128m to D53201+128m)". When the unit is "degree", the monitor value is a ring address of 0 to 360°.
- When the unit is "degree", the joint type(JOINT) command range is as follows.

| Coordinate | Absolute method | Incremental method |
|------------|---|---|
| J1 | 0 to 35999999(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) | -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| J2 | | |
| J3 | | |
| J4 | | |
| J5 | | |
| J6 | | |

• The setting range, and end point compensation processing in the absolute method (shortcut processing, movement direction compensation for commands outside the stroke limit range etc.) differ by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Position type (POSE)

- The value of joint axes can be monitored with "[Md.2025] to [Md.2031] Feed current value (world coordinate system)(X to FL1)(D53176+128m to D53188+128m)", and "[Md.2053] to [Md.2059] Feed current value (base coordinate system)(X to FL1)(D53228+128m to D53240+128m)". When the unit is "degree", the monitor value is a ring address of 0 to 360°.
- When the unit is "degree", the position type(POSE) command range is as follows.

| Coordinate | Absolute method | Incremental method |
|------------|---|---|
| A | 0 to 35999999(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) | -72000000 to 72000000(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | | |
| С | | |

 The setting range, and end point compensation processing in the absolute method (shortcut processing, movement direction compensation for commands outside the stroke limit range etc.) differ by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

Stop processing and restarting after stop

During machine control, if a stop command (stop cause) occurs in the machine or machine configuration axis, stop processing is performed for the machine.

Refer to the following for details of stop processing when a stop cause occurs during positioning and restarting after a stop.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

Operation at home position return incomplete

When "[St.1069] Home position return request (R: M32409+32n/Q: M2409+20n)" is turned ON, machine program operation or machine JOG operation cannot be started. If machine program operation or machine JOG operation are started with "[St.1069] Home position return request (R: M32409+32n/Q: M2409+20n)" turned ON, a minor error (error code: 1FE2H (details code: 0004H)) occurs. Additionally, the error occurs regardless of the setting in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Axis Setting Parameter] ⇒ "Home Position Return Data" ⇒ "Operation for HPR Incompletion".

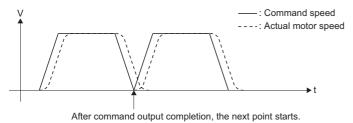
7.2 Machine Program Operation

Positioning is performed to a predetermined passing point by the specified positioning method and positioning speed, with one start only. The positioning method and positioning speed can be changed for each pass point.

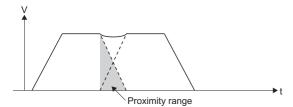
The positioning method and positioning speed are set with machine positioning data.

Refer to machine positioning data for details of machine positioning data.(Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)

• Machine program operation repeats acceleration and deceleration for each point. After the completion of command output to the servo amplifier, the next point starts.



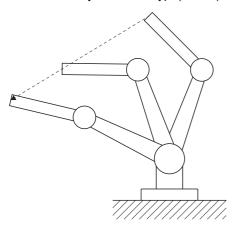
• The connection between points can be controlled smoothly by using the proximity pass function. Refer to proximity pass function for details of proximity pass function. (Page 91 Proximity Pass Function)



Linear interpolation/joint interpolation

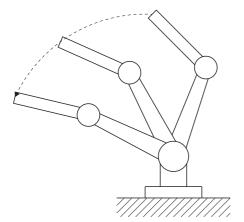
Linear interpolation

- Linear interpolation operation performs interpolation control that makes the trajectory from the start point (point of the start of movement) to the end point a straight line.
- The point block data of the positioning point is specified by position type(POSE) of the world coordinate system or base coordinate system. Joint type(JOINT) cannot be specified.



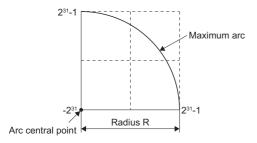
Joint interpolation

- Joint interpolation operation performs interpolation control with joints starting movement, and completing movement at the same time from the start point (point of the start of movement) to the end point.
- When moving at high-speeds without considering trajectory, use joint interpolation.
- Point block data of positioning points are specified by position type(POSE), or joint type(JOINT).



Circular interpolation

- Circular interpolation operation controls with 3D circular interpolation by auxiliary point specification, and 3D circular interpolation by central point specification.
- Positioning points and auxiliary point/central point of point block data are specified by position type(POSE) of the world coordinate system or base coordinate system. Joint type(JOINT) cannot be specified.
- For auxiliary point/central point of point block data, only the coordinate values (X, Y, Z) are valid. Other coordinate values are ignored.
- The maximum arc radius is 2^{32} -1. When an end point, and auxiliary point/central point that requires a radius larger than 2^{32} -1 is set, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs, and circular interpolation is not started. When a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs at a point midway through a machine program operation that is already running, the system comes to a deceleration stop.



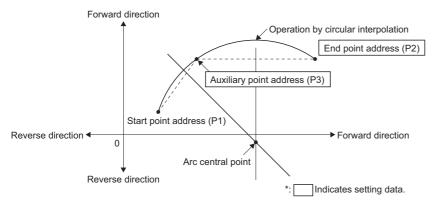
Circular interpolation (auxiliary point-specified)

3D circular interpolation control by specification of the end point and auxiliary point for circular interpolation is executed. Auxiliary point-specified 3D circular interpolation control uses ABS (absolute data method) and INC (incremental data method).

- · An arc is drawn on the plane that the start point, auxiliary point, and end point passes.
- The movement direction is start point→auxiliary point→end point.
- When the start point, auxiliary point, and end point are on a straight line, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs.
- When end point=auxiliary point, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs.
- · A true circle cannot be drawn.

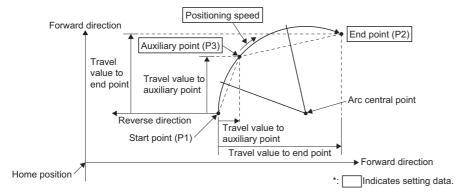
■ Control using ABS → (Absolute method)

3D circular interpolation control from the current stop position (point before positioning) based on the home position through the specified auxiliary point, and to the end point is executed. The center of the arc is the point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the start point (current stop position) to the auxiliary point, and the auxiliary point to the end point.



■ Control using INC → (Incremental method)

3D circular interpolation control from the current stop position through the specified auxiliary point, and to the end point is executed. The center of the arc is the point of intersection of the perpendicular bisectors of the start point (current stop point) and the auxiliary point, and the auxiliary point to the end point.



Circular interpolation (central point-specified)

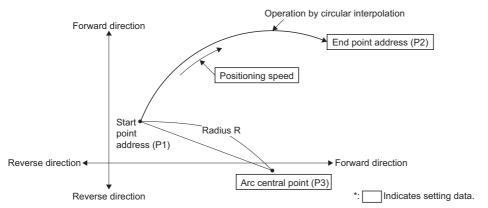
3D circular interpolation control by specification of the end point for circular interpolation and an arc central point is executed. Central point-specified circular interpolation control uses the following control methods.

| Instruction | Maximum controllable angle of arc | Positioning path |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ABS ™ | 0°<θ<180° | Start point Central point |
| ABS ♠ INC ♠ | 180°<6<360° | Start point Central point |

- An arc is drawn on the plane that the start point, central point, and end point passes.
- · When the start point, central point, and end point are on a straight line, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs.
- When end point=central point, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs.
- A true circle, and an arc with an arc angle of 180° cannot be drawn.
- The trajectory of the arc calculated from the start point and central point, and the position of the set end point can differ. The
 allowable range for errors is set in the allowable error range for circular interpolation of the parameter block. When the error
 is within the allowable range, circular interpolation to the set end point address is executed while also executing error
 compensation by means of spiral interpolation. When it exceeds the setting range, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H)
 occurs.

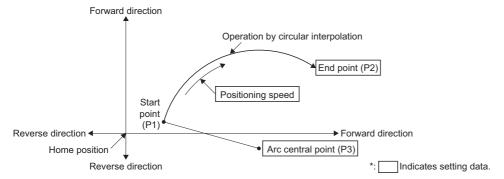
■ Control using ABS →, ABS → (Absolute method)

3D circular interpolation of an arc with a radius equivalent to the distance between the start point and central point, betweenthe current stop position (point before positioning) based on the home position and the specified end point.



■ Control using INC →, INC → (Incremental method)

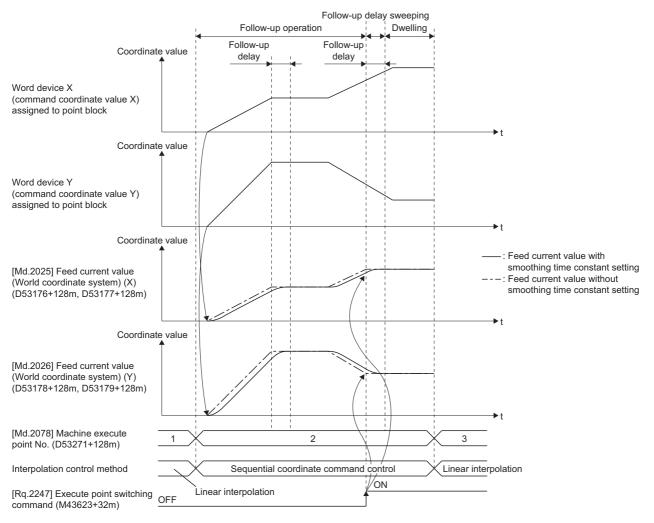
3D circular interpolation from the current stop point with a radius equivalent to the distance between the start point and central point.



Sequential coordinate command control

Sequential coordinate command control performs positioning by making the coordinate values specified in the point block No. as the target position, and outputting the command for the movement amount from the current position in one operation cycle. From the start of the sequential coordinate command control positioning point until the leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON) of "[Rq.2247] Execute point switching command (M43623+32m)" the operation is in a follow-up state, and if any values of the word devices assigned to a point block No. are changed during this time, the successively changed coordinate values are made the target position for positioning. The command speed is ignored even if set to a positioning point. From the leading edge (OFF \rightarrow ON) of "[Rq.2247] Execute point switching command (M43623+32m)", the execute point is switched after moving from the current position to the target position.

By setting the sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant, a moving average filter for the command to the target position can smoothen the command. However, a delay equivalent to the set time constant in [ms] occurs.



Cautions

- When starting, preset the position data for the start of sequential coordinate command control by SFC program in the sequential coordinate command control point block data. If a position away from the position before start is set, the motor may operate suddenly when starting the execute point.
- In sequential coordinate command control, the following parameters are not used. However, if the setting values of the positioning data items are abnormal, a warning (error code: 0EE0H) occurs.
- · Speed limit value
- Acceleration time
- · Deceleration time
- · Rapid stop deceleration time
- S-curve ratio
- Deceleration processing on STOP input
- Positioning points are specified by position type (POSE) data of the world coordinate system or base coordinate system. They cannot be specified by joint type (JOINT) data.
- In sequential coordinate command control, the attitude flag (FL1) cannot perform a switching operation. If a switching setting is made, a minor error (error code: 1FE1H) occurs. Perform the switching operation of attitude flag with joint interpolation.
- In the execute points before sequential coordinate command control, and the execute points for sequential coordinate command control, the proximity pass function is disabled regardless of the settings.
- The control methods available to use following the execute points for sequential coordinate command control are absolute method linear interpolation, and sequential coordinate command control only. When a control method other than the usable control methods is set, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs.
- · During sequential coordinate command control, when a stop factor occurs, the command is stopped.
- During sequential coordinate command control, if the movement amount for each coordinate exceeds the range of 32-bit integer (signed) data type, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H) occurs.

Setting data

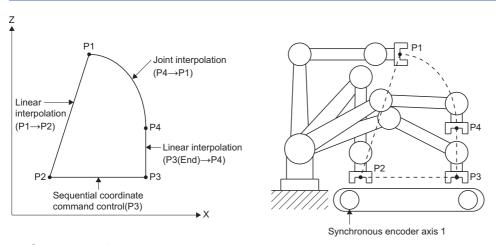
When executing sequential coordinate command control, the data set to positioning points are as follows. Refer to machine positioning data for details of positioning points. (Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)

| Offset | Name | Setting value | Remarks |
|--------|---|---|---|
| +(0) | Control method | 5000H | |
| +(1) | Coordinate system specification | 0: World coordinate system 1: Base coordinate system | "3: Joint coordinate system" cannot be used. |
| +(2) | Command speed | _ | Not used. |
| +(3) | | | When set, the setting value is ignored. |
| +(4) | Point block No. | 1 to 8192 | |
| +(5) | Auxiliary point/central point block No. | _ | Not used. When set, the setting value is ignored. |
| +(6) | Unusable | 0 | Set 0. |
| +(7) | | | |
| +(8) | Expansion point setting items | b0: M-code b1: Dwell time b2: Torque limit value during operation b5: Sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant | "b3: Proximity pass" cannot be used. When set, it is ignored. |
| +(9) | Unusable | 0 | Set 0. |
| +(10) | Expansion point setting item 1 | The range of data items which are set to "1: | |
| +(11) | | Valid" in expansion point data items. | |
| : | : | 1 | |
| +(40) | Expansion point setting item 16 | 1 | |
| +(41) | | | |

Program example

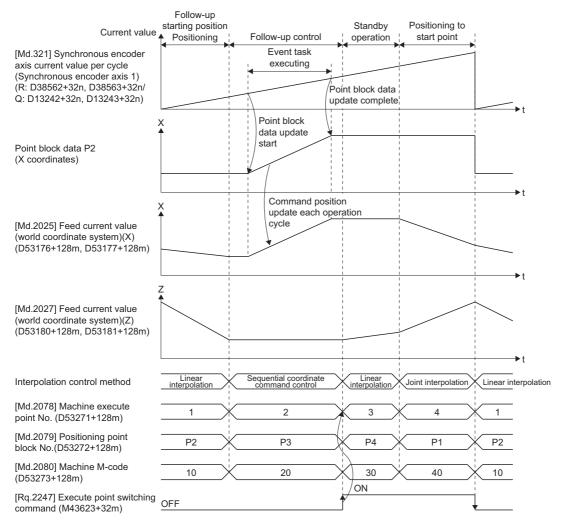
The program for following the synchronous encoder axis current value per cycle of synchronous encoder axis 1 is explained as an example.

| Point | | Positioning operation | M-code |
|-------|--------------|--|--------|
| 1 | P1→P2 | Positioning (linear interpolation (ABS)) from start point (P1) to follow-up starting position (P2) | 10 |
| 2 | P2→P3(End) | Follow-up processing (sequential coordinate command) with synchronous encoder axis 1 position (P3) | 20 |
| 3 | P3(End)→(P4) | Positioning (linear interpolation (ABS)) from follow-up end position (P3) to the standby position (P4) | 30 |
| 4 | P4→P1 | Positioning (joint interpolation (ABS)) from the standby position (P4) to start point (P1) | 40 |



Operation timing

The operation timing of sequential coordinate command control is shown in the figure below.



■ Program example

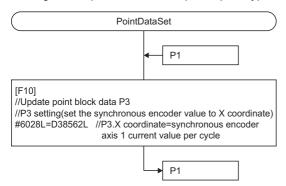
Program for machine program operation start (task type: Normal task)

```
ProgStart
[F1]
//Set point block data
FMOV #6000,K0,K64 //Clear point block P1 to P4
//P1(start point) setting
#6000L=1000000L //P1.X coordinate=100000.0[µm]
#6004L=2000000L //P1.Z coordinate=200000.0[µm]
//P2(follow-up starting position) setting
#6014L=800000L //P2.X coordinate=80000.0[µm]
#6018L=500000L //P2.Z coordinate=50000.0[µm]
//P3(position during follow-up control) setting
 (preset starting position)
#6028L=800000L //P3.X coordinate=80000.0[µm]
#6032L=500000L //P3.Z coordinate=50000.0[µm]
//P4(standby position) setting
#6042L=2000000L //P4.X coordinate=200000.0[µm]
#6046L=700000L //P4.Z coordinate=70000.0[µm]
```

//Set positioning data FMOV #0,K0,K36 //Clear positioning data (work area) #0=K4 //Set positioning points number of points #1=K1 //Set target machine No. #2=H0000 //Disable all positioning data item settings BMOV D20000,#0,K36 //Transfer positioning data //Set positioning point 1 FMOV #0,K0,K42 //Clear positioning point data (work area) #0=H0100 //Control method: 3D linear interpolation control(ABS) #1=K0 //Coordinate system specification: World coordinate system #2L=K200000L //Command speed: 2000.00mm/min #4=K2 //Positioning point block P2 #8=H0001 //Expansion point setting items b0: M-code enabled #10I = K10I//Expansion point data item 1(M-code)10 BMOV D20036,#0,K42 //Transfer positioning point 1 //Set positioning point 2 FMOV #0,K0,K42 //Clear positioning point data (work area) #0=H5000 //Control method: Sequential coordinate command control #1=K0 //Coordinate system specification: World coordinate system #4=K3 //Positioning point block P3 #8=H0001 //Expansion point setting items b0: M-code enabled #10L=K20L //Expansion point data item 1(M-code)20 BMOV D20078,#0,K42 //Transfer positioning point 2 //Set positioning point 3 FMOV #0,K0,K42 //Clear positioning point data (work area) #0=H0100 //Control method: Linear interpolation control(ABS) #1=K0 //Coordinate system specification: World coordinate system //Command speed: 2000.00mm/min #2L=K200000L #4=K4 //Positioning point block P4 #8=H0001 //Expansion point setting items b0: M-code enabled #10I = K30I//Expansion point data item 1(M-code)30 BMOV D20120,#0,K42 //Transfer positioning point 3 //Set positioning point 4 FMOV #0,K0,K42 //Clear positioning point data (work area) #0=H1000 //Control method: Joint interpolation control(ABS) #1=K0 //Coordinate system specification: World coordinate system //Command speed: 2000.00mm/min #2L=K200000L #4=K1 //Positioning point block P1 #8=H0001 //Expansion point setting items b0: M-code enabled #10I =K40I //Expansion point data item 1(M-code)40 BMOV D20162,#0,K42 //Transfer positioning point 4

[G0] M43912*!M43911 //Machine Servo ready ON and machine start accept OFF? [F3] D19999=K36+K42*D20000 //Calculate machine positioning data size MCNST(D20000,D19999) //Machine 1 machine program start (D53273==20)*(D38562L>800000L) //Wait for follow-up start conditions //Execute point 2(M-code20) //Follow-up end position(synchronous encoder axis 1 current value per cycle 200000.0µm) EI //Start updating X coordinate values of point block data P3 of execute point 2 (D38562L>2000000L) //Wait for follow-up end conditions //Follow-up end position(synchronous encoder axis 1 current value per cycle 200000.0µm) SET M43623 //[Rq.2247] Execute point switching command OFF→ON DI //End updating X coordinate values of point block data P3 of execute point 2 [G3] !M43911 //Machine start accept OFF? END

• Program for point block data update (task type: Event task (fixed-cycle: 0.444ms), number of consecutive transitions: 1)



Speed switching during instruction

During machine program operation, switching the speed of machine positioning data is possible. Speed commands are set to each point.

8 MANUAL CONTROL

This chapter describes the manual control methods for a machine control system.

8.1 JOG Operation

For machine configuration axes, JOG operation of a specified axis can be performed. Refer to the following for details of JOG operation.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

8.2 Manual Pulse Generator Operation

For machine configuration axes, manual pulse generator operation of a specified axis can be performed. Refer to the following for details of manual pulse generator operation.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

8.3 Machine JOG Operation

Machine JOG operation for each machine is started by specifying the coordinate system (world coordinate system, base coordinate system, tool coordinate system) and coordinates axes (X, Y, Z, A, B, C) of the machine. Machine JOG operation cannot be started simultaneously with the specified machine or the specified axes.

Start the machine JOG operation of the specified machine. Machine JOG operation is performed with the machine JOG start commands shown below.

- [Rq.2250] Machine forward rotation JOG start command X (M43632+32m)
- [Rq.2251] Machine forward rotation JOG start command Y (M43633+32m)
- [Rq.2252] Machine forward rotation JOG start command Z (M43634+32m)
- [Rq.2253] Machine forward rotation JOG start command A (M43635+32m)
- [Rq.2254] Machine forward rotation JOG start command B (M43636+32m)
- [Rq.2255] Machine forward rotation JOG start command C (M43637+32m)
- [Rq.2256] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command X (M43640+32m)
- [Rq.2257] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command Y (M43641+32m)
- [Rq.2258] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command Z (M43642+32m)
- [Rq.2259] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command A (M43643+32m)
- [Rq.2260] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command B (M43644+32m)
- [Rq.2261] Machine reverse rotation JOG start command C (M43645+32m)

The coordinate system to perform machine JOG operation is set by the Machine JOG coordinate system setting shown below. The coordinates for which machine JOG operation are possible differ by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for details.

• [Cd.2162] Machine JOG coordinate system setting (D52900+32m)

Setting data

■ Machine parameter (Machine speed setting)

Parameter block, machine JOG speed limit value (mm), and machine JOG speed limit value (degree) are set in the machine speed setting of machine parameter. Acceleration and deceleration are controlled based on the acceleration time/deceleration time of the specified parameter block, and the data of the machine JOG speed limit value (mm)/machine JOG speed limit value (degree).

Refer to machine parameter for details of machine parameter. (F Page 48 Machine Parameter)

■ Machine JOG speed

Set the speed used by machine JOG with "[Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting(mm) (D52896+32m, D52897+32m)", "[Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting(degree) (D52898+32m, D52899+32m)". The machine JOG operation speed setting value that matches the unit of the coordinates for performing machine JOG operation is used.

The setting range for "[Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting(mm) (D52896+32m, D52897+32m)", and "[Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting(degree) (D52898+32m, D52899+32m)" is shown below.

| Device name | Setting range |
|--|---|
| [Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting(mm) (D52896+32m, D52897+32m) | 1 to 600000000(×10 ⁻² [mm/min]) |
| [Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting(degree) (D52898+32m, D52899+32m) | 1 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]) |

■ Machine JOG operation speed limit value

When machine JOG speed setting exceeds the speed limit value during machine JOG operation, an error (error code: 0EE0H (details code: 00E1H)) occurs, and the speed limit value is used as the machine JOG speed. Use the following parameters for the speed limit value.

| Coordinate unit Setting item | |
|---|--|
| mm Machine JOG speed limit value (mm) | |
| degree Machine JOG speed limit value (degree) | |

■ Machine JOG coordinate system setting

Set the coordinate system to execute machine JOG operation with "[Cd.2162] Machine JOG coordinate system setting (D52900+32m)". When a value outside the setting range is input, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H (details code: 00E0H)) occurs, and operation does not start.

The setting range for "[Cd.2162] Machine JOG coordinate system setting (D52900+32m)" is shown below.

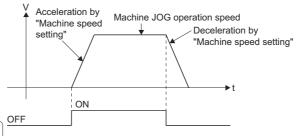
| Setting value | Coordinate system | |
|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| 0 | World coordinate system | |



- Machine JOG operation cannot be started outside of the fixed parameter stroke limit range. Move inside the stroke limit range by JOG operation.
- Machine JOG operation cannot be started outside of the machine parameter XYZ stroke limit range. When
 outside of the XYZ stroke limit range, temporarily disable the XYZ stroke limit check and move inside the
 XYZ stroke limit range. To disable the XYZ stroke limit, turn ON "[Rq.2243] Machine XYZ stroke limit disable
 command (M43619+32m)".

Processing details

 When the machine JOG start command is turned ON, machine JOG operation is performed with the value of the machine JOG speed set in "[Cd.2160] Machine JOG speed setting(mm) (D52896+32m, D52897+32m)", or "[Cd.2161] Machine JOG speed setting(degree) (D52898+32m, D52899+32m)". When the machine JOG start command is turned OFF, a deceleration stop is performed. Acceleration/deceleration are controlled based on the data set in "Machine Speed Setting" of machine parameter.



Machine JOG start command

[Rq.2250] to [Rq.2255] Machine forward rotation
JOG start command (X to C)
(M43632+32m to M43637+32m)
[Rq.2256] to [Rq.2261] Machine reverse rotation
JOG start command (X to C)
(M43640+32m to M43645+32m)

Precautions

- Starting multiple coordinate axes of the same machine simultaneously is not possible. When multiple machine JOG start
 commands are turned ON, a minor error (error code: 1FE3H (details code: 0003H)) occurs, and machine JOG operation
 does not start.
- When "machine forward rotation JOG start command" and "machine reverse rotation JOG start command" are both turned ON in the same machine, a minor error (error code: 1FE3H (details code: 0003H)) occurs and machine JOG operation does not start.
- When the machine JOG start command is turned ON while machine configuration axes are started, a minor error (error code: 1FE2H (details code: 0003H)) occurs, and machine JOG operation does not start.
- Machine JOG operation does not start by STOP

 RUN of the Motion CPU with the machine JOG start command turned ON.
- When starting with a coordinate axis that cannot be set with the machine type, a minor error (error code: 1FE0H (details code: 00E2H)) occurs, and machine JOG operation cannot start.
- When "[St.1069] Home position return request (R: M32409+32n/Q: M2409+20n)" is turned ON, machine JOG operation cannot be started. When machine JOG operation is started with "[St.1069] Home position return request (R: M32409+32n/Q: M2409+20n)" turned ON, a minor error (error code: 1FE2H (details code: 0004H)) occurs. Additionally, the error occurs regardless of the setting of "Operation for HPR Incompletion" in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Axis Setting Parameter] ⇒ "Home Position Return Data".

• If machine JOG operation is started from a singularity, a warning (error code: 0EE2H) will occur. Although execution of machine JOG operation will continue even when a warning occurs, adjust the machine JOG operation starting coordinate value so that it is not a singularity in the event that the machine configuration axis does not operate.

Program example

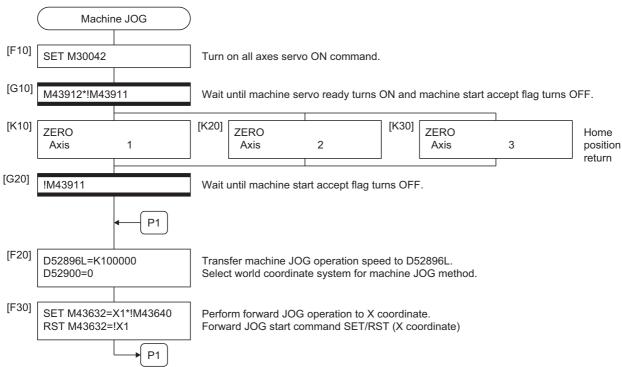
The program for performing machine JOG operation moving in the X coordinate direction is explained as an example. This program example is explained in the "MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment" device assignment method.

■ Machine JOG operation conditions

| Item | | | Machine JOG operation conditions | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--|--------|
| Joint axis structure | Joint axis 1 | | Axis 1 | | |
| | Joint axis 2 | | Joint axis 2 Axis 2 | | Axis 2 |
| | Joint axis 3 | | Axis 3 | | |
| Machine No. | | | 1 | | |
| Machine JOG operation speed | | | 100000(1000.00[mm/min]) | | |
| Machine JOG start command | Forward rotation JOG start | X coordinate | X1 is ON | | |

■ Motion SFC program

The Motion SFC program for executing JOG operation is shown below.



*1 Example of the above Motion SFC program is started using the automatic start or sequence program.

9 AUXILIARY AND APPLIED FUNCTIONS

9.1 Relationship between Machine Control and Each Function

The relationship between machine control and each function is shown below.

O: Valid, —: Invalid

| Function | | Machine control | Details | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Torque limit fund | Torque limit function | | Torque limit value can be changed by torque limit value change instruction(M(P).CHGT/D(P).CHGT, CHGT). | |
| Hardware stroke | limit | 0 | The same as positioning control. | |
| Forced stop | | 0 | The same as other positioning methods. | |
| Control change | Current value change | 0 | The same as other positioning methods. | |
| | Speed change | _ | Ignored. | |
| | Torque limit value | 0 | The same as positioning control. | |
| | Target position change | _ | Ignored. | |
| Absolute position | n system | 0 | The same as other positioning methods. | |
| M-code output fu | ınction | 0 | M-code is stored in "[Md.2080] Machine M-code (D53273+128m)" and "[Md.25] M-code (R: D32013+48n/Q: D13+20n)" of the machine configuration axis. | |
| Backlash compe | nsation function | 0 | The same as other positioning methods. | |
| Speed control (I | [) | 0 | When machine configuration axes are in positioning control mode machine coordinates are | |
| Speed-torque co | ontrol | 0 | refreshed. *: For modes other than positioning control mode, the position of joint axes becomes an | |
| Pressure control | Pressure control | | abnormal value, coordinates for the machine cannot be created correctly, and the updating of machine coordinates stops. | |
| Advanced synchronous control | | 0 | Advanced synchronous control can be used. During advanced synchronous control, machine coordinates are updated according to the values of the joint axis. | |
| File transmission at boot function | | 0 | Machine common parameter, and machine parameter can be transmitted at boot. | |
| Parameter change | ge function | 0 | Machine common parameter, and machine parameter can be changed. | |
| Override function | 1 | 0 | Speed change by override is available. | |
| Vibration suppre | ssion command filter | 0 | The same as other positioning methods. | |
| Servo motor ma | kimum speed check | 0 | The servo motor maximum speed is checked for each axis during machine JOG operation, and machine program operation. | |
| Each axis device | | | At the start completion of machine program operation "[St.1060] Positioning start complete (R: M32400+32n/Q: M2400+20n)" turns ON. It does not turn ON at start of machine JOG operation. At the command output completion to the positioning address of machine program operation "[St.1061] Positioning complete (R: M32401+32n/Q: M2401+20n)" turns ON. It does not turn ON when stopped midway. At the start of machine JOG operation or when stopped, "[St.1061] Positioning complete (R: M32401+32n/Q: M2401+20n)" does not turn ON. During machine program operation, "[St.1062] In-position (R: M32402+32n/Q: M2402+20n)" is always updated. From start of machine JOG operation until start of deceleration, "[St.1062] In-position (R: M32402+32n/Q: M2402+20n)" is turned OFF. During machine program operation "[St.1063] Command in-position (R: M32403+32n/Q: M2403+20n)" is not output. When executing the end positioning point in machine program operation, "[St.1048] Automatic decelerating flag (R: M30208+n/Q: M2128+n)" is ON while automatic deceleration is processing. | |

9.2 Proximity Pass Function

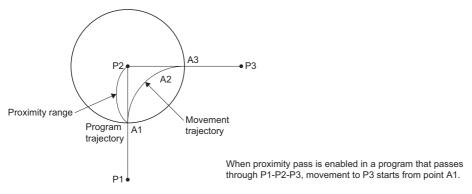
The proximity pass function is for smooth continuous operation between interpolation operations when performing consecutive interpolation operations. For the operation of the proximity pass function, set proximity pass(b3) of the expansion point item setting ON, and set the proximity pass method, and proximity range in the machine positioning data of each point. Proximity pass method and setting range are shown below. Refer to machine positioning data for proximity pass. (Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)

| Proximity pass method | Proximity range |
|--|--|
| 0: Invalid | 0 |
| JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance) | 0 to 2147483647[interpolation control units] |

JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance)

Control

• When performing JOINT remaining distance method proximity pass, set "1: JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance)" to proximity pass method, and "radius(proximity range) of the arc that determines movement trajectory" to the proximity range.



• When the proximity range is set to "0", the proximity range set at the previous point is used. However, when there is no setting for proximity range from the start of the program, "proximity range=0" and proximity pass is not performed.

| Proximity pass method | Proximity range | Operation |
|--|--|--|
| 0: Invalid | 0 | Proximity operation is not performed. |
| JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance) | 0 | The proximity range set at the previous point is used. |
| | 1 to 2147483647[interpolation control units] | The proximity range set at the passing point is used. |

- When the proximity range setting is outside of range, a warning (error code: 0EE0H(details code: 003CH)) occurs, and machine program operation continues using the proximity range setting from the previous point.
- When not using proximity pass, set the proximity pass method to "0: Invalid".



Set the proximity range (radius of the arc) so that it does not overlap with the proximity range of other points. If the proximity range settings overlap, the movement amounts are composited and the control may pass through an unintended trajectory.

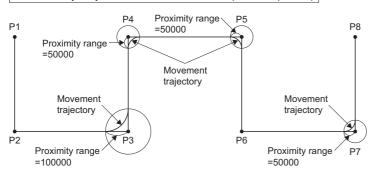
Points with no proximity pass setting (expansion point item setting proximity pass(b3): OFF) take the setting from the previous point. However, when there is no setting for proximity pass from the start of the program, proximity pass method is "0: Invalid" and proximity pass method is not performed. Also, for points after sequential coordinate command control, proximity pass method is "0: Invalid". When using the proximity pass function at points after sequential coordinate command control, the proximity pass method must be set. However, the proximity range setting value is taken from the previous point.

Ex.

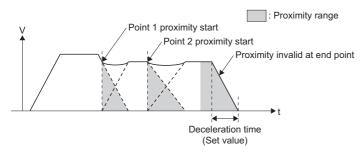
When the following machine positioning data is set in the program that passes (linear interpolation) between P1-P2-P3-P4-P5-P6-P7-P8

| Point | Machine position | ning data | Operation | | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------------|---|
| No. | Positioning point block No. | Expansion point item Expansion point data item setting | | | |
| | | Proximity pass | Proximity pass method | Proximity range | |
| 1 | P2 | OFF | _ | _ | No proximity pass |
| 2 | P3 | ON | JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance) | 100000 | Proximity pass (Proximity range=100000) |
| 3 | P4 | ON | JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance) | 50000 | Proximity pass (Proximity range=50000) |
| 4 | P5 | OFF | _ | _ | Proximity pass (Proximity range=50000) |
| 5 | P6 | ON | 0: Invalid | 0 | No proximity pass |
| 6 | P7 | ON | JOINT remaining distance method (end point distance) | 0 | Proximity pass (Proximity range=50000) |
| 7 | P8 | OFF | _ | _ | End point, thus no proximity pass |

Movement trajectory of P1-P2-P3-P4-P5-P6-P7-P8 (linear interpolation)



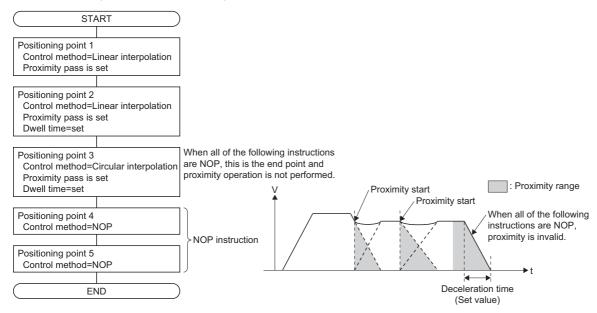
- · When proximity pass is invalid, dwell time settings are invalid.
- · Proximity pass is invalid at the end point.



 Also, when the control method is set to NOP for all points after the point where proximity pass is set, proximity pass becomes invalid.

Ex.

When positioning point 4 and positioning point 5 are NOP instructions



• The proximity start position is determined by the composite movement amount of all coordinate components (X, Y, Z, A, B, C).

Composite movement amount= $\sqrt{Dx^2+Dy^2+Dz^2+DA^2+DB^2+DC^2}$

D: Distance to target position of each coordinate

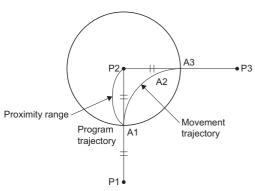
Ex.

When proximity pass setting value is "30000.0[μm]"

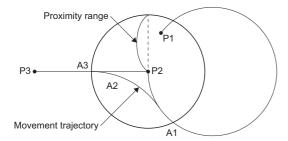
When there is no movement amount for attitude coordinates (A, B, C) (only movement for XYZ), proximity starts when entering the spherical range of $30000.0[\mu m]$ from the end point.

When there is movement for attitude coordinates (A, B, C), the proximity start position is less than $30000.0[\mu m]$ from the end point.

• When the composite movement amount is less than two times proximity range, proximity pass is performed at half the movement amount.

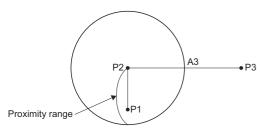


• The proximity start point for circular interpolation is within the proximity range after half of the arc distance has been passed.



When proximity pass is valid for a program that passes through P1-P2-P3, movement to P3 starts from the point A1. Even if P1 is inside the proximity range, proximity operation will not start until half of the arc distance has been travelled.

• When the initial composite movement amount of the program is less than the proximity range, proximity pass is not performed.



Even if proximity pass is valid for a program that passes through P1-P2-P3, when the composite movement amount for P1-P2 is less than the proximity range, a linear operation is made between P1-P2-P3.

Time of deceleration stop by proximity

When proximity is started, the point being executed starts deceleration processing. The time of deceleration stop by proximity is calculated by the following methods.

- Calculate the deceleration time from the remaining movement amount at the time of proximity start and the current speed.

 Deceleration time at the current proximity=(remaining movement amount×2÷current speed)
- When decelerating by the previous proximity, add the deceleration time.
 Time of deceleration stop by proximity=the longer of the deceleration time at the current proximity and the remaining deceleration time from the previous proximity.
- · The coordinate system (components) used for remaining movement amount and current speed differs by control method.

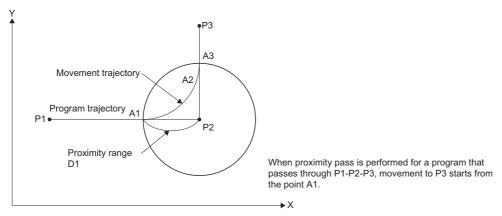
| Control method | Remaining movement amount*1/current speed of the coordinate system(components) | Remarks |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Linear interpolation | World coordinate (Valid XYZABC components) | |
| Circular interpolation | World coordinate (arc length, and valid ABC components) | The movement amount of the XYZ components of circular interpolation is the arc length. |
| Joint interpolation | Joint axis coordinate (Valid J1 to J6 components) | |

^{*1} The remaining movement amount is the square root of the sum of the squares of each valid component.

■ Operation example

The machine in the table below is shown as an operation example.

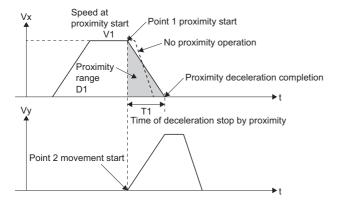
| Point | Details |
|---------|--|
| Machine | Cartesian type (J1=X, J2=Y) |
| Point 1 | Only X coordinate moves (Linear interpolation) |
| Point 2 | Only Y coordinate moves (Linear interpolation) |



• An example for when remaining movement amount at proximity start (proximity range(D1)) is

Time of deceleration stop by proximity(T1)=(10.0000[mm]×2÷80.00[mm/s])=0.25[s]

When starting proximity before deceleration start, the "time of deceleration stop by proximity(T1)" becomes longer than the deceleration time set in the program.



[&]quot;10000.0[µm](=10.0000[mm])", and speed at proximity start (V1) is "4800.00[mm/min] (=80.00[mm/s])" is shown below.

Adjustment of acceleration time by proximity

Acceleration time can be adjusted with the time of deceleration stop by proximity and acceleration time of the next point as follows.

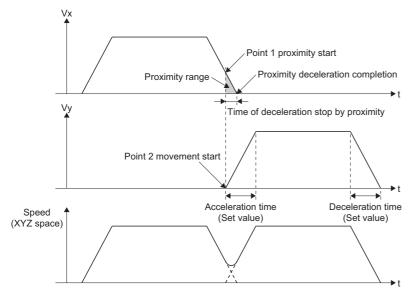
| Condition | Time of deceleration stop by proximity <acceleration "time="" (when="" by="" deceleration="" is="" next="" of="" point="" proximity"="" short)<="" stop="" th="" time=""><th>Time of deceleration stop by proximity≥acceleration time of next point (When "time of deceleration stop by proximity" is long)</th></acceleration> | Time of deceleration stop by proximity≥acceleration time of next point (When "time of deceleration stop by proximity" is long) | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Deceleration operation of point 1 (Point of proximity pass) | When starting proximity during deceleration, operation transfers to deceleration operation by proximity. When starting proximity before deceleration start, deceleration by proximity starts. The "time of deceleration stop by proximity" becomes longer than the deceleration time set in the program. | | |
| Acceleration operation of point 2 (Next point) • Acceleration by the set acceleration time. • Refer to operation example 1(Page 96 Operation example 1) • Refer to operation example 2(Page 97 Operation example 2) | | Acceleration by "time of deceleration stop by proximity" Refer to operation example 3(Page 97 Operation example 3) | |

The machine in the table below is shown as an operation example.

| Point | Details |
|---------|--|
| Machine | Cartesian type (J1=X, J2=Y) |
| Point 1 | Only X coordinate moves (Linear interpolation) |
| Point 2 | Only Y coordinate moves (Linear interpolation) |

■ Operation example 1

Time of deceleration stop by proximity<acceleration time of next point (when proximity range is small)



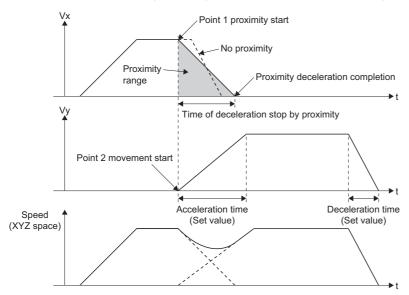


Operation example 1 is an example for a Cartesian robot.

In articulated robots, the deceleration stop operation after proximity start is different for each joint axis. (When the remaining distance of the joint axis coordinate is large at start of deceleration stop by proximity in linear interpolation and circular interpolation of an articulated robot, joint speed may increase.)

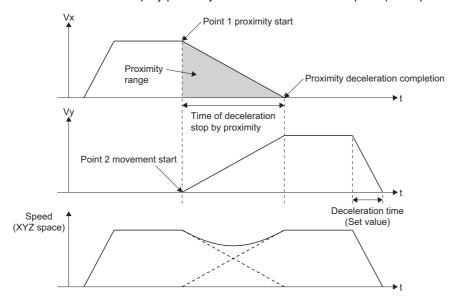
■ Operation example 2

Time of deceleration stop by proximity<acceleration time of next point (setting value of acceleration time of next point is long)



■ Operation example 3

Time of deceleration stop by proximity≥acceleration time of next point (when proximity range is large)



Stop causes

When a stop/rapid stop event occurs in the proximity section, a deceleration stops is performed as shown below. Upon proximity processing, and the stopping of the point being executed, "[St.2127] Machine start accept flag (M43911+32m)" turns OFF.

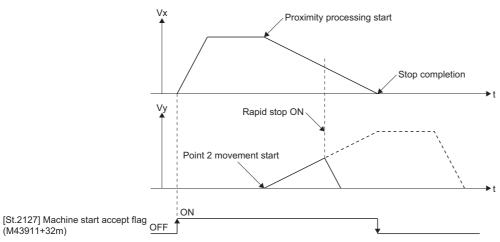
| Point | Operation | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Point during proximity | Deceleration operation by proximity processing is continued. (After the stop of point being executed, deceleration by proximity processing continues.) | |
| Point being executed | Deceleration stop is performed by the set deceleration time (rapid stop deceleration time). | |

■ Operation example

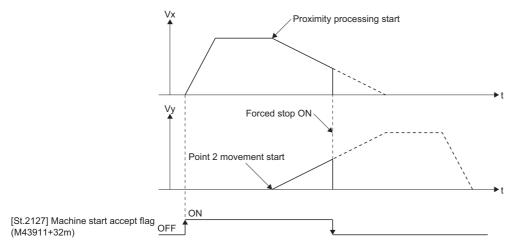
The machine in the table below is shown as an operation example.

| Point | Details |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| Machine | XYZ Cartesian type (J1=X, J2=Y) |
| Point 1 | Only X coordinate moves |
| Point 2 | Only Y coordinate moves |

· When stop command is turned ON during proximity processing of the machine program operation



• When forced stop is performed in the proximity section (immediate stop).



9.3 Speed Restriction Function

Depending on the control classification, the function of the speed restriction is different. The valid speed restriction functions in positioning control are shown below.

O: Valid, ×: Invalid

| Control | Basic | Control details | Control class | ification | | | Reference |
|--|---|--|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| details | operation | | Joint interpolation | Linear interpolation | Circular interpolation | Sequential coordinate command | |
| Command speed limit value | Limits command speed during operation. | Controls with the speed limit value of the parameter block set in the machine positioning data or machine parameters. | 0 | 0 | 0 | × | Page 66 Positioning speed |
| Joint interpolation speed limit | Automatically adjusts movement speed during operation. | Automatically adjusts the servo motor speeds of each joint axis during joint interpolation so that they do not become excessive. Valid when movement amount on the XYZ space is small. | 0 | × | × | × | Joint interpolation speed limit |
| Servo motor maximum speed check | Monitors the servo motor speed, and stops operation. | Monitors the servo motor speed of joint axes, and stops joint axes. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Page 100 Servo motor maximum speed check |

Joint interpolation speed limit

During joint interpolation, speed is automatically adjusted so that the servo motor speeds of each joint axis do not become excessive.

The servo motor speed of each joint axis is set in the servo motor maximum speed of each axis in [Motion Control Parameter]

⇒ [Axis Setting Parameter]

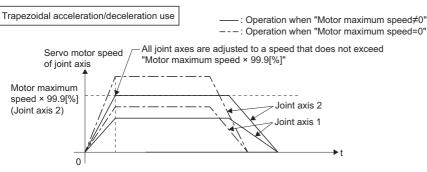
⇒ "Expansion Parameter"

⇒ "Servo Motor Max. Speed Check Parameter". Refer to the following for details of servo motor maximum speed check parameter.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

 When the setting value of the servo motor maximum speed check parameter (servo motor maximum speed) is not "0", during joint interpolation (ABS/, INC/), the servo motor speed of joint axes is automatically adjusted so that is does not exceed the following.

| Acceleration/deceleration processing | Formula |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration | (Servo motor speed)=(Servo motor maximum speed) × 99.9[%] |
| S-curve acceleration/deceleration | (Servo motor speed)=(Servo motor maximum speed) × 90.0[%] |



- When joint interpolation speed is automatically adjusted by the speed restriction function, the acceleration/deceleration is "time-fixed acceleration/deceleration".
- When the setting value of servo motor maximum speed check parameter (servo motor maximum speed) is "0", this function is invalid.

• Because the joint interpolation speed restriction function adjusts the command speed set at program analysis, when override function is used, the joint interpolation speed restriction function operation is as follows.

| Command speed | Operation |
|--|---|
| Automatically adjusted by joint interpolation speed restriction function | Automatically adjusted speed operates at a speed for override ratio 100.0[%]. If a value exceeding 100.0[%] is set to the override ratio, a warning (error code: 0EE0H) occurs, and operation is at override ratio of 100.0[%]. |
| Not automatically adjusted by joint interpolation speed restriction function | The command speed operates at a speed for override ratio 100.0[%]. The joint interpolation speed restriction is not performed for speeds changed by the override function therefore if a value exceeding 100.0[%] is set to the override ratio, the operation is stopped by error with the servo motor maximum speed check. |

 When speed is adjusted by the joint interpolation speed limit function, "[St.2123] Joint interpolation velocity limiting (M43907+32m)" turns ON during positioning point execution.

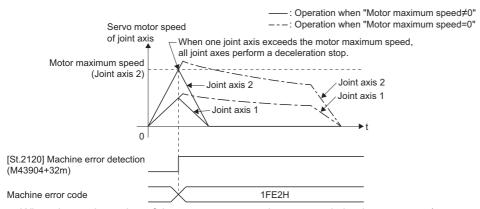
Servo motor maximum speed check

During machine program operation or machine JOG operation, the servo motor speeds of joint axes are monitored, and when the setting value for servo motor maximum speed is exceeded, all joint axes come to a deceleration stop.

The servo motor speed of each joint axis is set in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Axis Setting Parameter] ⇒ "Expansion Parameter" ⇒ "Servo Motor Max. Speed Check Parameter" ⇒ "Servo Motor Maximum Speed" of each axis. Refer to the following for details on servo motor maximum speed check parameter.

MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)

- When the command value to the servo amplifier exceeds the setting value of servo motor maximum speed, a minor error (error code: 1FE2H(details code: 0007H)) occurs and operation stops. The time from the servo motor maximum speed until stopping is set in [Motion Control Parameter] ⇒ [Axis Setting Parameter] ⇒ "Expansion Parameter" ⇒ "Servo Motor Max. Speed Check Parameter" ⇒ "Deceleration Time Constant" (0 to 20000[ms]). When deceleration time constant value is set to "0", the deceleration stop is performed according to the deceleration time constant set in the parameter block.
- When using a linear servo motor, the speed limit is converted from [mm/min] to [rpm] units.
- When used together with coordinate transformation, operation stops temporarily, therefore use the smoothing filter of the vibration suppression command filter function. When the smoothing filter is not set during machine program operation, a warning (error code: 0EE0H(details code: 00F0H)) occurs. Refer to the following for details on the vibration suppression command filter function.
 - MELSEC iQ-R Motion Controller Programming Manual (Positioning Control)
- The operation for when joint axis 1 and 2 are in interpolation operation, and a servo motor maximum speed over is detected for joint axis 1 is shown below. When one joint axis exceeds the "servo motor maximum speed", all joint axes are stopped.



When the setting value of the servo motor maximum speed check parameter (servo motor maximum speed) is "0", this
function is invalid.

9.4 Base/Tool Transformation Change Function

This function changes the base transformation value and tool transformation value of the machine. When the base transformation value and tool transformation value are changed, the machine coordinate values (world coordinates, base coordinates) are changed.

○: Change value, —: Do not change value

| Base/tool | Machine monitor device | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| transformation change method | [Md.2061] to [Md.2066] Base translation (X to C) (D53242+128m to D53253+128m) | [Md.2069] to [Md.2071] Tool translation (X to Z) (D53256+128m to D53261+128m) | [Md.2025] to [Md.2031] Feed current value (world coordinate system)(X to FL1)(D53176+128m to D53188+128m) | [Md.2053] to [Md.2059] Feed current value (base coordinate system)(X to FL1)(D53228+128m to D53240+128m) | | |
| Set base transformation value | 0 | _ | 0 | _ | | |
| Set tool transformation value | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |

Base/tool transformation data setting

■ Base/tool transformation

Set the transformation value for base/tool transformation in [Motion Control Parameter]

□ [Machine Parameter]. The base transformation and tool transformation set in machine parameter are the initial base transformation value and initial tool transformation value.

Refer to machine parameter for details of machine parameter. (Fig. Page 48 Machine Parameter)

■ Base/tool transformation change method

Set the change method for changing base/tool transformation in "[Cd.2163] Base/tool translation change method (D52901+32m)".

| Setting value | Changing data | Details |
|---------------|---------------------|---|
| 0 | Base transformation | Change the base transformation value to the value of "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C)(D52902+32m to D52913+32m)". |
| 1 | | Change the base transformation value to the initial base transformation value.*1 |
| 2 | Tool transformation | Change the tool transformation value to the value of "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C)(D52902+32m to D52913+32m)". |
| 3 | | Change the tool transformation value to the initial tool transformation value.*2 |

^{*1} The initial base transformation value is the base transformation value set in the machine parameter.

■ Base/tool transformation setting

Set the position type(POSE) value that changes the value of base transformation/tool transformation to the base/tool transformation change setting register.

| Coordinate | Base/tool transformation setting register | Setting range ^{*1} |
|------------|--|---|
| Х | [Cd.2164] Base/tool translation setting (D52902+32m, D52903+32m) | -2147483648 to 2147483647(×10 ⁻¹ [μm]) |
| Υ | [Cd.2165] Base/tool translation setting (D52904+32m, D52905+32m) | |
| Z | [Cd.2166] Base/tool translation setting (D52906+32m, D52907+32m) | |
| A | [Cd.2167] Base/tool translation setting (D52908+32m, D52909+32m) | -35999999 to 35999999(×10 ⁻⁵ [degree]) |
| В | [Cd.2168] Base/tool translation setting (D52910+32m, D52911+32m) | |
| С | [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (D52912+32m, D52913+32m) | |

^{*1} The setting range differs by machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library.

^{*2} The initial tool transformation value is the tool transformation value set in the machine parameter.

Base/tool transformation change procedure

The change procedure for base/tool transformation is shown below.

- **1.** Set the change method to "[Cd.2163] Base/tool translation change method (D52901+32m)", and the change values to "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C)(D52902+32m to D52913+32m)".
- **2.** After checking that "[St.2124] Base/tool translation change complete (M43908+32m)" is turned OFF, turn "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" OFF→ON.
- **3.** At the change completion of base/tool transformation, "[St.2124] Base/tool translation change complete (M43908+32m)" turns ON.
- **4.** After checking that "[St.2124] Base/tool translation change complete (M43908+32m)" is turned ON, turn "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" ON→OFF.
- 5. "[St.2124] Base/tool translation change complete (M43908+32m)" turns OFF.
- **6.** After checking that "[St.2124] Base/tool translation change complete (M43908+32m)" is turned OFF, execute base/tool transformation change again.

Operation timing

■ Changing tool transformation

[St.1040] Start accept flag (R: M30080+n/Q: M2001+n)

[Cd.2163] Base/tool translation change method (D52901+32m)

[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C) (D52902+32m to D52913+32m)

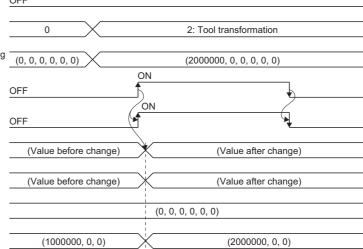
[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)

[St.2124] Base/tool translation complete (M43908+32m)

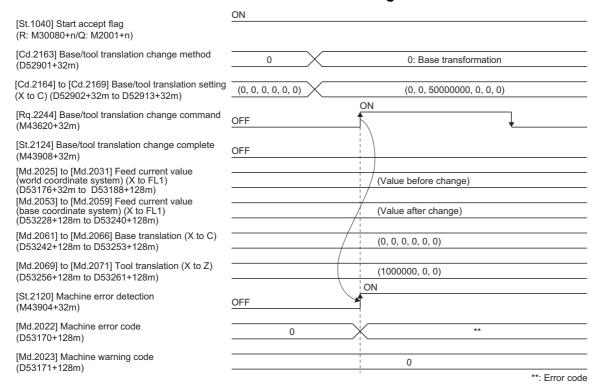
[Md.2025] to [Md.2031] Feed current value (world coordinate system) (X to FL1) (D53176+32m to D53188+128m) [Md.2053] to [Md.2059] Feed current value (base coordinate system) (X to FL1) (D53228+128m to D53240+128m)

[Md.2061] to [Md.2066] Base translation (X to C) (D53242+128m to D53253+128m)

[Md.2069] to [Md.2071] Tool translation (X to Z) (D53256+128m to D53261+128m)



■ When an error occurs at base transformation change



Cautions

- Base/tool transformation change cannot be executed during machine operation, or during machine configuration axis start. When "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" turns ON during machine configuration axis start, a minor error (error code: 1FE7H) occurs and base/tool transformation change is not performed.
- When "[Rq.2244] Base/tool translation change command (M43620+32m)" turns ON while machine configuration axes are in a servo OFF state, base/tool transformation change is executed.
- When "[Cd.2163] Base/tool translation change method (D52901+32m)", and "[Cd.2164] to [Cd.2169] Base/tool translation setting (X to C)(D52902+32m to D52913+32m)" are outside of setting range, a minor error (error code: 1FE1H) occurs, and base/tool transformation change is not performed.
- The base/tool transformation change command is only valid at the leading edge(OFF→ON) of the device. Base/tool transformation change is not executed by STOP→RUN of the Motion CPU with the base/tool transformation change command turned ON.

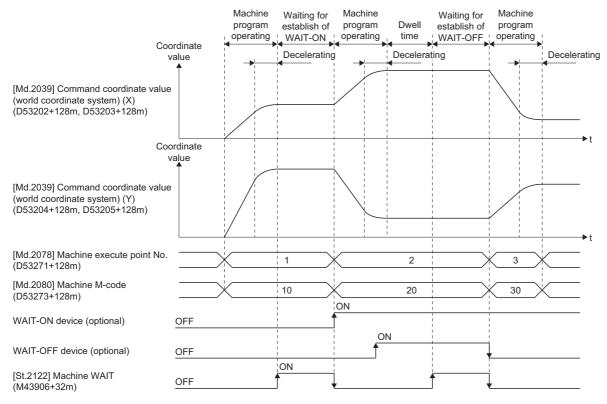
9.5 WAIT-ON/OFF

The WAIT-ON/OFF function starts/pauses the positioning for points that are set, depending on the bit device status. For WAIT-ON/OFF operation, set the expansion point item setting (b6) to ON, and set the WAIT-ON/OFF setting and device No. for each point of machine positioning. WAIT-ON/OFF is set in the machine positioning data. (Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)

Operation example

When WAIT-ON and dwell time are set to the second positioning point, WAIT-OFF is set to the third positioning point, and M-codes "10 to 30" are set to each positioning point.

"[St.2122] Machine WAIT (M43906+32m)" turns ON when each point is waiting for the conditions to be established.





- WAIT-ON/OFF controls the start and pause of positioning for the positioning points that have WAIT-ON/OFF set to them. In the example above, WAIT-ON is set to positioning point 2, and the operation stops at the position of the point block set in positioning point 1 when waiting for the conditions to be established.
- The WAIT-ON/OFF set to the first positioning point where machine program operation started is disabled. When executing WAIT-ON/OFF at the first positioning point, set a transition program describing the wait conditions with an Motion SFC program directly before the machine program operation.
- When the value for the establishment of WAIT-ON/OFF conditions is updated during the decelerating of the
 positioning point directly before, the updated values are used for WAIT-ON/OFF conditions, or positioning to
 the next positioning point starts.
- When dwell time is set to the positioning point directly before the positioning point with WAIT-ON/OFF set, the establishment of conditions/waiting for the conditions to be established for WAIT-ON/OFF is enabled after the dwell time of the positioning point directly before has elapsed.
- When M-code is set to the positioning point with WAIT-ON/OFF set, and waiting for the WAIT-ON/OFF conditions to be established, the M-code does not change until the conditions are established.

Using with the proximity pass function

When proximity pass is set to the positioning point with WAIT-ON/OFF set, the operation pattern of proximity pass changes with the timing of when the WAIT-ON/OFF condition value is updated. The operations for when proximity pass is set to a positioning point with WAIT-ON/OFF set are shown below. Set the programs so that the appropriate operation pattern for the operation is used.

| operation is used. | |
|--|---|
| Item | Operation |
| When WAIT-ON is set to positioning point (P3), and proximity pass is set to positioning point (P2), and waiting for the WAIT-ON conditions to be established before reaching the proximity range | Without performing proximity pass, WAIT-ON is waiting for the conditions to be established after performing positioning to positioning point (P2). After waiting for conditions establishment, positioning to positioning point (P3) starts when the WAIT-ON conditions are established. |
| | Waiting for WAIT-ON conditions establishment |
| | Proximity range P2 Movement |
| | trajectory |
| | P1 Trajectory when proximity P3 ON pass is enabled |
| Miles MAIT ON is set to a siting in a site (D2) | WAIT-ON device (optional) OFF |
| When WAIT-ON is set to positioning point (P3), and proximity pass is set to positioning point (P2), and the WAIT-ON conditions are established in the proximity range | Proximity pass starts at the timing of when conditions are established. However, when proximity pass is started immediately after arriving in the proximity range, because the actual proximity range is smaller, the time it takes to arrive at positioning point (P3) becomes longer. |
| | WAIT-ON conditions established |
| | Proximity range P2 Movement trajectory P3 |
| | WAIT-ON device (optional) |
| | OFF |
| When WAIT-ON is set to positioning point (P3), and proximity pass is set to positioning point (P2), and waiting for the WAIT-ON conditions to be established after proximity pass has started | Without performing WAIT-ON, proximity pass continues with positioning to positioning point (P3). Waiting for WAIT-ON conditions establishment |
| | Proximity range P2 |
| | P1 Movement trajectory |
| | WAIT-ON device (optional) |

9.6 Point Arrival Notification

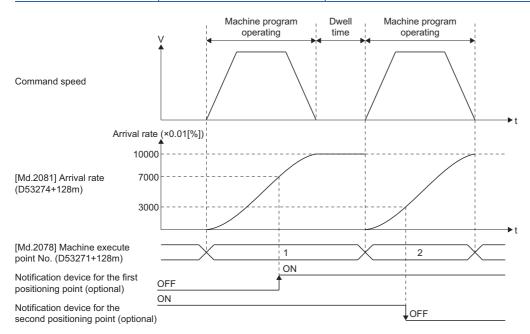
The point arrival notification turns bit devices ON/OFF at coordinate positions during positioning to indicate the arrival at points.

For point arrival notification operation, set the expansion point item setting (b8) to ON, and set the notification method, device No., and notification setting value for each point of machine positioning. Point arrival notification is set in the machine positioning data. (Page 55 Machine Positioning Data)

Operation example

When the following settings are made to each positioning point, and "[Md.2081] Arrival rate (D53274+128m)" arrives at the value set to notification setting value, the notification device turns ON/OFF.

| Positioning point | Expansion point item setting | Setting value | |
|---|------------------------------|---|--|
| First positioning point | Dwell time | 1: Enabled | |
| | Point arrival notification | Notification method: 1: Arrival rate specification (device ON) Notification setting value: 7000 (×0.01[%]) | |
| Second positioning point Point arrival notification | | Notification method: 2: Arrival rate specification (device OFF) Notification setting value: 3000 (×0.01[%]) | |





- Set the initial status of the notification device with the user program.
 (Example)
- When "1: Arrival rate specification (device ON)" is set, set the device status to OFF with a user program before changing points.
- When positioning with sequential coordinate command control, point arrival notification is disabled regardless of the setting.

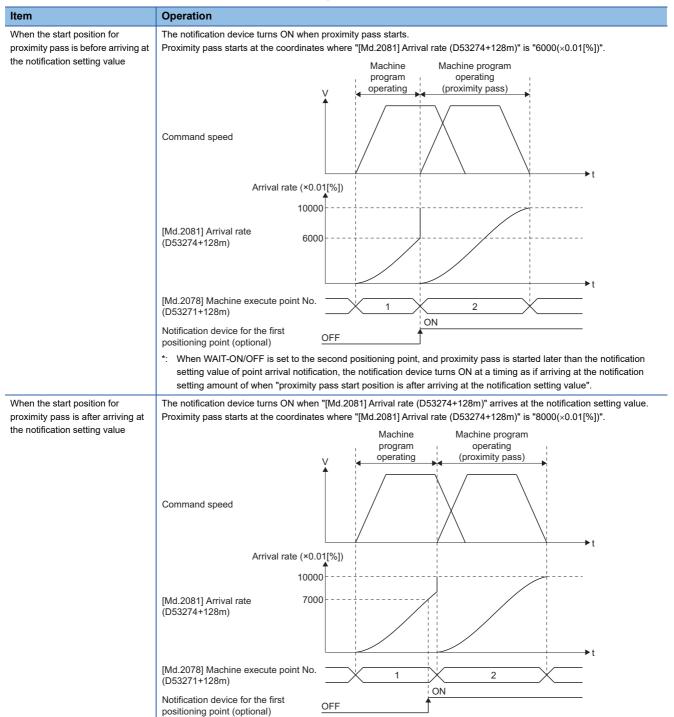
A CAUTION

• The devices for notification are turned ON/OFF when the notification setting value is exceeded while decelerating to a stop due to a stop factor such as an error

Using with the proximity pass function

When proximity pass is set to positioning points that have point arrival notification set, the timing of when the notification device turns ON changes depending on the proximity pass start position and the notification setting value.

The operation for when proximity pass is set to a positioning point that has point arrival notification (notification method: Arrival rate specification (device ON), notification setting value: 7000×0.01 [%])) set is shown below. Set the programs so that the notification device turns ON/OFF at the appropriate timing.

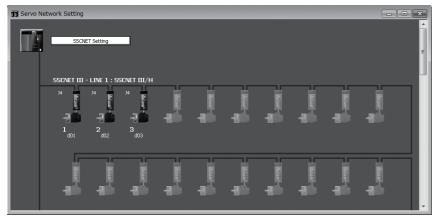


APPENDICES

Appendix 1 Sample Program of Machine Control

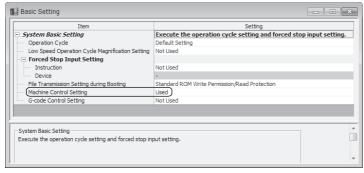
The following shows a sample program for machine control with axis 1 to 3 of R64MTCPU as machine No.1. This program example is explained in the "MELSEC iQ-R Motion device assignment" device assignment method.

1. Set MR-J4(W)-B on the axis 1 to 3 in the servo network setting.



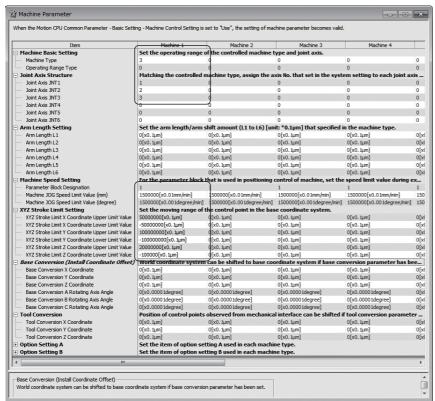
| Item | | Setting value | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|--|
| | | Axis 1 | Axis 2 | Axis 3 | |
| Amplifier information | Amplifier information Amplifier model | | MR-J4(W)-B(-RJ) | | |
| | Amplifier operation mode | Standard | | | |
| Axis information | Axis No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| | Station No.d | 1 | 2 | 3 | |

2. In basic setting, set machine control setting to "Used".



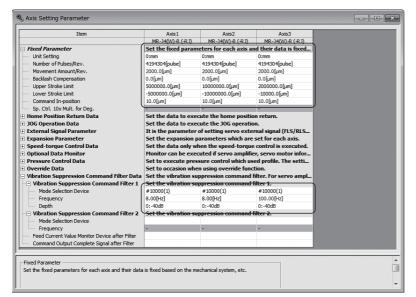
| Item | Setting value |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Machine control setting | Used |

3. Set machine No.1 in machine parameter.



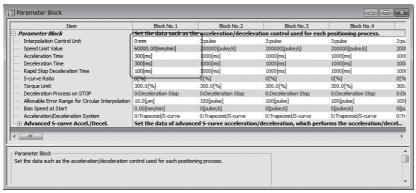
| Item | | Machine 1 |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Machine basic setting | Machine type | 3 |
| | Operation range type | 0 |
| Joint axis structure | Joint axis JNT1 | 1 |
| | Joint axis JNT2 | 2 |
| | Joint axis JNT3 | 3 |
| Machine speed setting | Parameter block designation | 1 |
| | Machine JOG speed limit value (mm) | 1500000[×0.01mm/min] |
| | Machine JOG speed limit value (degree) | 1500000[×0.001degree/min] |
| XYZ stroke limit setting | XYZ stroke limit X coordinate upper limit value | 50000000[×0.1μm] |
| | XYZ stroke limit X coordinate lower limit value | -5000000[×0.1μm] |
| | XYZ stroke limit Y coordinate upper limit value | 100000000[×0.1μm] |
| | XYZ stroke limit Y coordinate lower limit value | -100000000[x0.1μm] |
| | XYZ stroke limit Z coordinate upper limit value | 20000000[×0.1μm] |
| | XYZ stroke limit Z coordinate lower limit value | -100000[×0.1μm] |

4. Set the axis setting parameter of axis 1 to 3 to match the machine configuration.



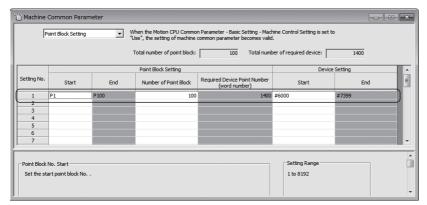
| Item | | | Setting value | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | | Axis 1 | Axis 2 | Axis 3 |
| Fixed parameter | Unit setting | | 0: mm | | |
| | Number of pulses/rev. | | 4194304[pulse] | | |
| | Movement amount/rev. | | 2000.0[µm] | | |
| | Backlash compensation | | 0.0[μm] | | |
| | Upper stroke limit | | 5000000.0[μm] | 10000000.0[μm] | 2000000.0[μm] |
| | Lower stroke limit | | -5000000.0[μm] | -10000000.0[μm] | -10000.0[μm] |
| Vibration suppression command filter data | Vibration | Mode selection device | #10000 | | • |
| | suppression command filter 1 | Frequency | 8.00[Hz] | 8.00[Hz] | |
| | command filter i | Depth | 0: -40dB | | |

5. Set the parameter block No.1 that is set in machine parameter.



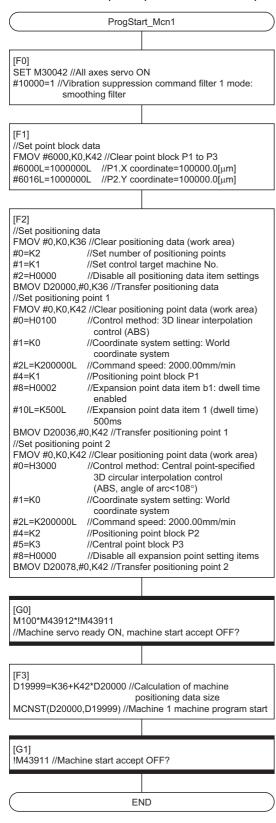
| Item | | Block No.1 |
|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| Parameter block | Interpolation control unit | 0: mm |
| | Speed limit value | 60000.00[mm/min] |
| | Acceleration time | 300[ms] |
| | Deceleration time | 300[ms] |
| | Rapid stop deceleration time | 100[ms] |

6. Set the point block setting in machine common parameter.



| Setting | Point block setting | | | Device setting | | |
|---------|---------------------|------|-----------------------|--|-------|-------|
| No. | Start | End | Number of point block | Required device point number (word number) | Start | End |
| 1 | P1 | P100 | 100 | 1400 | #6000 | #7399 |

- 7. Create the Motion SFC program to start machine control. (Executed after home position return completion)
- · Machine program operation when M100 turns ON
- · Point 1: Linear interpolation(ABS), dwell time=500ms
- Point 2: Central point-specified circular interpolation(ABS, angle of arc<180°)



Appendix 2 Machine Control Error Details Codes

Machine error details codes

The details codes when a machine error is detected are shown below.

Detailed information 1

■ Machine control setting data warning (warning (error code: 0EE0H)), machine control setting data incorrect (minor error (error code: 1FE0H))

The details codes for when machine control setting data warning (warning (error code: 0EE0H)), and machine control setting data incorrect(minor error (error code: 1FE0H)) are detected are shown below.

| Details code | Description | Error details and cause | Corrective action |
|--------------|--|---|--|
| 0003H | Parameter block No. outside range | The parameter block No. specification is outside the range of 1 to 64. | Set within the range of 1 to 64. |
| 0004H | Interpolation control unit incorrect | The control unit specified in parameter block does not match the control unit of the machine. The control unit of positioning data does not match the control unit of the machine. | Match the control unit specified in parameter block with the control unit of the machine. Match the control unit of positioning data with the control unit of the machine. |
| 0005H | Speed limit value setting outside range | The speed limit value is set outside of range. | Set the speed limit value within the range. |
| 0006H | Acceleration time setting outside range | The acceleration time is outside the range of 1 to 8388608[ms]. | Set the acceleration time within the range of 1 to 8388608[ms]. |
| 0007H | Deceleration time setting outside range | The deceleration time is outside the range of 1 to 8388608[ms]. | Set the deceleration time within the range of 1 to 8388608[ms]. |
| 0008H | Rapid stop deceleration time setting outside range | The rapid stop deceleration time is outside the range of 1 to 8388608[ms]. | Set the rapid stop deceleration time within the range of 1 to 8388608[ms]. |
| 0009H | Torque limit value at start setting outside range | The setting for torque limit value at start is outside the range of 1 to 10000[×0.1%]. | Set the torque limit value within the range of 1 to 10000[x0.1%]. |
| 000BH | Circular interpolation allowable range setting outside range | The circular interpolation allowable range is outside the setting range. | Set the circular interpolation allowable range within the range. |
| 000DH | S-curve ratio setting outside range | At S-curve acceleration/deceleration specification, the S-curve ratio is outside the range of 0 to 100[%]. | Set the S-curve ratio within the range of 0 to 100[%] |
| 0031H | Control method incorrect | A control method that cannot be used is set. | Set the correct control method. |
| 0032H | Coordinate system specification incorrect | A coordinate system specification that cannot be used is set. | Set the correct coordinate system specification. |
| 0033H | Command speed outside range | The command speed that is outside the range of 1 to speed limit value is set. | Set the command speed within the range of 1 to speed limit value. |
| 0034H | Point block No. error | A point block No. that has not been assigned has been set to the point block No. of the positioning point. | Set a point block No. assigned by the point block setting of the point block No. of the positioning point. |
| 0035H | Auxiliary point/central point block No. error | A point block No. that has not been assigned has been set to the auxiliary point/central point at circular interpolation. | Set a point block No. assigned by the point block setting of the point block No. of the auxiliary point/central point of circular interpolation. |
| 0038H | M-code setting outside range | The M-code setting is outside the range of 0 to 32767. | Set the M-code within the range of 0 to 32767. |
| 0039H | Dwell time setting outside range | The dwell time setting is outside the range of 0 to 5000[ms]. | Set the dwell time setting within the range of 0 to 5000[ms]. |
| 003AH | Torque limit value during operation setting outside range | The torque limit value during operation setting is outside the range of 1 to 10000[×0.1%]. | Set the torque limit value setting within the range of 1 to 10000[×0.1%]. |
| 003BH | Proximity pass method incorrect | A proximity pass method that cannot be used is set. | Set the correct proximity pass method. |
| 003CH | Proximity range setting outside range | The proximity range setting is outside the range of 0 to 2147483647[interpolation control units]. | Set the proximity range within the range of 0 to 2147483647[interpolation control units]. |
| 003DH | Sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant setting outside range | The sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant setting is outside the range of 0 to 5000[ms]. | Set the sequential coordinate command control smoothing time constant within the range of 0 to 5000[ms]. |

| Details code | Description | Error details and cause | Corrective action |
|--------------|--|---|--|
| 003EH | WAIT-ON/OFF setting incorrect | A WAIT-ON/OFF specification that cannot be used is set. | Set the correct WAIT-ON/OFF specification. |
| 003FH | WAIT-ON/OFF setting device outside of range | The device No. of the device set to WAIT-ON/OFF is outside the range. | Correct the program so that the device No. is within the range. |
| 0040H | Point arrival notification setting value outside of range | Either the notification method or notification setting value set to point arrival notification is outside the range. | Correct the program so that the notification method and notification setting value are within the range. |
| 0041H | Point arrival notification setting device outside of range | Either the device type or device No. set to point arrival notification is outside the range. | Correct the program so that the device type and device No. are within the range. |
| 0062H | Control method/coordinate system specification combination incorrect | A coordinate system specification that cannot be used with the control method set by the positioning data is set. | Set a coordinate system specification that can be used with the control method. |
| 0063H | Rapid stop deceleration time setting exceeds deceleration time | The rapid stop deceleration time setting is larger than the setting value of deceleration time. | Set the rapid stop deceleration time within the range of 1 to deceleration time setting value. |
| 0064H | Auxiliary point/end point setting error (auxiliary point circular) | The address specification does not make an arc at 3D circular interpolation control with auxiliary point specification. • Start point = auxiliary point • End point = auxiliary point • Start point = end point • Three points lie on a straight line | Correct the point block address specified to the end point/auxiliary point. |
| 0065Н | Central point/end point setting error (central point circular) | The address specification does not make an arc at 3D circular interpolation control with central point specification. • Start point = auxiliary point • End point = auxiliary point • Start point = end point | Correct the point block address specified to the end point/central point. |
| 0066Н | Auxiliary point/central point overflow | The auxiliary point/central point of circular interpolation control is world coordinate system or base coordinate system, and the specified address is outside the range for 32-bit integer (signed). | Correct the point block address specified to the auxiliary point/central point, or the setting of the base transformation value. |
| 0068H | Movement amount overflow | During sequential coordinate command control, the movement amount of each coordinate in one operation cycle exceeded the range for 32-bit integer (signed). | Set the data so that the movement amount of each coordinate in one operation cycle is within the range for 32-bit integer (signed). |
| 0069H | Control method incorrect (sequential coordinate command control) | A control method that cannot be used in the next point of sequential coordinate command control is set. | Set a control method that can be used in the next point of sequential coordinate command control. |
| 00E0H | Machine JOG operation method incorrect | A machine JOG operation method that cannot be used is set. | Set the correct machine JOG operation method. |
| 00E1H | Machine JOG speed outside range | The set machine JOG speed is outside the range of 1 to machine JOG speed limit value. | Set the machine JOG speed within the range of 1 to machine JOG speed limit value. |
| 00E2H | Machine JOG start command incorrect | A machine JOG operation of a coordinate axis that cannot be operated by the machine type was started. | Start a machine JOG operation of a coordinate axis that can be operated. |
| 00F0H | Servo motor maximum speed setting outside range | The servo motor maximum speed setting is outside the range of 0 to 10000000[x0.01r/min]. | Set the servo motor maximum speed setting within the range of 0 to 10000000[x0.01r/min]. |
| 00F1H | Vibration suppression command smoothing filter not set | During machine control, the vibration suppression command filter has not been set. | Set the vibration suppression command filter during machine control. |
| 00F2H | Override ratio setting outside range | At the start, the value set to the override ratio setting device is outside the range of 0 to 3000[×0.1%]. While starting, the value after change of the override ratio setting device is outside the range of 0 to 3000[×0.1%]. | Set the override ratio within the range of 0 to 3000[x0.1%]. |
| 00F3H | Speed restriction value over | The speed of "command speed × override ratio" is outside the range of 0 to speed limit value. When speed is restricted by the joint interpolation speed restriction function, the value set to the override ratio setting device is outside the range of 0 to 1000[x0.1%]. | Correct the command speed or override ratio so the speed of "command speed × override ratio" is within the range of the speed limit value. When speed is restricted by the joint interpolation speed restriction function, set the override ratio within the range of 0 to 1000[x0.1%]. |

■ Machine control machine library error (minor error (error code: 1FE1H)), machine configuration error (moderate error (error code: 30FAH))

The details codes for when machine control machine library error (minor error(error code: 1FE1H)), and machine configuration error (moderate error(error code: 30FAH)) are detected are shown below.

| Details code | Description | Error details and cause | Corrective action |
|-------------------|---|--|---|
| 0102H | Machine type setting incorrect | Machine type setting in machine basic setting is incorrect. | Install the applicable machine library. Set the machine type for the installed machine library. |
| 0103H | Parameter block specification incorrect | The specification of the parameter block No. of the machine speed setting is outside the range of 1 to 64. | Set the parameter block specification within the range of 1 to 64. |
| 0104H | Machine JOG speed limit value incorrect | The machine JOG speed limit value of the machine speed setting is outside of the range. | Set the speed limit value within the range. |
| 0105H | Operating range type incorrect | The operating range type setting in machine basic setting is incorrect. | Set the operating range type that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0106H | Joint axis structure incorrect | The joint axis structure setting is incorrect. | Set the axis No. of machine configuration axis that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0107H | Arm length setting incorrect | The arm length setting is incorrect. | Set the arm length that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0108H | XYZ stroke limit setting incorrect | The XYZ stroke limit setting is incorrect. | Set the XYZ stroke limit that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0109H | Option setting A incorrect | The option setting A setting is incorrect. | Set option setting A that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 010AH | Option setting B incorrect | The option setting B setting is incorrect. | Set option setting B that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 010BH | Unit setting incorrect | The unit setting of machine configuration axis is incorrect. | Set the unit of machine configuration axis that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 010CH | Stroke limit upper value/lower value incorrect | The stroke limit upper value/lower value of machine configuration axis is incorrect. | Set the stroke limit upper value/lower value of machine configuration axis that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0201H | Base transformation value setting outside range | The base transformation value setting is incorrect. | Set the base transformation value that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0301H | Tool transformation value setting outside range | The tool transformation value setting is incorrect. | Set the tool transformation value that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0501H | End point incorrect (singularity) | At the end point, singularity of the machine is set. | Correct the address of the point block being specified to the end point. |
| 0502H | Operating outside range | At the end point, a machine operating outside of range is set. During control, the movement trajectory of the machine is outside the operating range. | Perform positioning within the operating range. |
| 0601H | Attitude flag incorrect | In linear interpolation, circular interpolation, or sequential coordinate command, the current attitude differs to the attitude of the positioning point block. | When positioning to an attitude that differs from the current attitude, use joint interpolation. |
| 0603H | End point overflow | The point block specified in the positioning point is world coordinate system or base coordinate system, and the specified address is outside the range for 32-bit integer (signed). | Correct the address of the point block specified in the positioning point, or correct the base translation value setting. |
| 0604H | Address outside range | The address or movement amount of the point block specified in the positioning point is outside the setting range. | Set the address or movement amount of the point block that matches the machine type. Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library for the setting range. |
| 0A01H to 0D00H | Error inherent to machine type | Settings inherent to machine are incorrect. | Refer to the instruction manual of the machine library. |

| Details code | Description | Error details and cause | Corrective action |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| 0D01H | iQ Monozukuri license not authenticated | An iQ Monozukuri dedicated machine library was used without license authentication of the iQ Monozukuri application package. | Authenticate the iQ Monozukuri license. (Refer to the instruction manual of iQ Monozukuri for license authentication.) |

Appendix 3 Machine Control Event Details Codes

Machine event details codes

The details codes when a machine event is detected are shown below.

Detailed information 1

■ Machine control system information (information (event code: 07FB))

The details codes for when machine control system information (information (event code: 07FB)) are detected are shown below.

| Details code | Description | Details | |
|--------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 0001H | Override ratio "0" | At the start, the override ratio was set to "0". | |
| | | During control, the override ratio was updated to "0". | |

REVISIONS

* The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover

| Revision date | *Manual number | Description | |
|----------------|------------------|--|--|
| February 2016 | IB(NA)-0300309-A | First edition | |
| June 2016 | IB(NA)-0300309-B | ■Added functions Sequential coordinate command control ■Added or modified parts SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, INTRODUCTION, Section 1.2, 4.1, 4.2, 6.1, 7.2, 9.1, 9.3, Appendix 2 | |
| September 2016 | IB(NA)-0300309-C | ■Added or modified parts TERMS, Section 1.2, 2.2, 4.1, 4.2, 5.2, 9.2, 9.3 | |
| December 2016 | IB(NA)-0300309-D | ■Added or modified parts SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, Section 1.2, 6.1, Appendix 1 | |
| December 2017 | IB(NA)-0300309-E | ■Added or modified parts SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, RELEVANT MANUALS, MANUAL PAGE ORGANIZATION, Section 3.1, Chapter 4, Section 4.1, 4.2, 7.2, Appendix 1, Appendix 2, Appendix 3 | |
| June 2018 | IB(NA)-0300309-F | ■Added functions Point arrival notification, WAIT-ON/OFF ■Added or modified parts SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, Section 1.2, 4.1, 4.2, 6.1, 9.5, 9.6, Appendix 2 | |
| December 2018 | IB(NA)-0300309-G | ■Added or modified parts SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, Section 7.2, 9.2 | |
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Japanese manual number: IB-0300308-H

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 - 2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
 - When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
 - 4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
 - 5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
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- (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products.
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MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE : TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3 MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN NAGOYA WORKS : 1-14 , YADA-MINAMI 5-CHOME , HIGASHI-KU, NAGOYA , JAPAN

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