

Motion Controller



Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion Controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC)

-Q172DCPU -Q173DCPU -Q172DCPU-S1 -Q173DCPU-S1 -Q172DSCPU -Q173DSCPU



● SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ●

(Please read these instructions before using this equipment.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

These precautions apply only to this product. Refer to the Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Users manual for a description of the Motion controller safety precautions.

In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".



Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage.

Depending on circumstances, procedures indicated by A CAUTION may also be linked to serious results.

In any case, it is important to follow the directions for usage.

Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

For Safe Operations

1. Prevention of electric shocks

▲DANGER

- Never open the front case or terminal covers while the power is ON or the unit is running, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Never run the unit with the front case or terminal cover removed. The high voltage terminal and charged sections will be exposed and may lead to electric shocks.
- Never open the front case or terminal cover at times other than wiring work or periodic inspections even if the power is OFF. The insides of the Motion controller and servo amplifier are charged and may lead to electric shocks.
- Completely turn off the externally supplied power used in the system before mounting or removing the module, performing wiring work, or inspections. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- When performing wiring work or inspections, turn the power OFF, wait at least ten minutes, and then check the voltage with a tester, etc. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks.
- Be sure to ground the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor. (Ground resistance : 100 Ω or less) Do not ground commonly with other devices.
- The wiring work and inspections must be done by a qualified technician.
- Wire the units after installing the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor. Failing to do so may lead to electric shocks or damage.
- Never operate the switches with wet hands, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servo motor terminal blocks while the power is ON, as this may lead to electric shocks.
- Do not touch the built-in power supply, built-in grounding or signal wires of the Motion controller and servo amplifier, as this may lead to electric shocks.

2. For fire prevention

- Install the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servo motor and regenerative resistor on incombustible. Installing them directly or close to combustibles will lead to fire.
- If a fault occurs in the Motion controller or servo amplifier, shut the power OFF at the servo amplifier's power source. If a large current continues to flow, fire may occur.
- When using a regenerative resistor, shut the power OFF with an error signal. The regenerative resistor may abnormally overheat due to a fault in the regenerative transistor, etc., and may lead to fire.
- Always take heat measures such as flame proofing for the inside of the control panel where the servo amplifier or regenerative resistor is installed and for the wires used. Failing to do so may lead to fire.
- Do not damage, apply excessive stress, place heavy things on or sandwich the cables, as this may lead to fire.

3. For injury prevention

- Do not apply a voltage other than that specified in the instruction manual on any terminal.
 Doing so may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the terminal connections, as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not mistake the polarity (+/-), as this may lead to destruction or damage.
- Do not touch the heat radiating fins of controller or servo amplifier, regenerative resistor and servo motor, etc., while the power is ON and for a short time after the power is turned OFF. In this timing, these parts become very hot and may lead to burns.
- Always turn the power OFF before touching the servo motor shaft or coupled machines, as these parts may lead to injuries.
- Do not go near the machine during test operations or during operations such as teaching.
 Doing so may lead to injuries.

4. Various precautions

Strictly observe the following precautions.

Mistaken handling of the unit may lead to faults, injuries or electric shocks.

(1) System structure

≜CAUTION

- Always install a leakage breaker on the Motion controller and servo amplifier power source.
- If installation of an electromagnetic contactor for power shut off during an error, etc., is specified in the instruction manual for the servo amplifier, etc., always install the electromagnetic contactor.
- Install the emergency stop circuit externally so that the operation can be stopped immediately and the power shut off.
- Use the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servo motor and regenerative resistor with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to fire or faults.
- Use the Motion controller, base unit and motion module with the correct combinations listed in the instruction manual. Other combinations may lead to faults.
- If safety standards (ex., robot safety rules, etc.,) apply to the system using the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor, make sure that the safety standards are satisfied.
- Construct a safety circuit externally of the Motion controller or servo amplifier if the abnormal operation of the Motion controller or servo amplifier differ from the safety directive operation in the system.
- In systems where coasting of the servo motor will be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use dynamic brakes.
- Make sure that the system considers the coasting amount even when using dynamic brakes.
- In systems where perpendicular shaft dropping may be a problem during the forced stop, emergency stop, servo OFF or power supply OFF, use both dynamic brakes and electromagnetic brakes.

- The dynamic brakes must be used only on errors that cause the forced stop, emergency stop, or servo OFF. These brakes must not be used for normal braking.
- The brakes (electromagnetic brakes) assembled into the servo motor are for holding applications, and must not be used for normal braking.
- The system must have a mechanical allowance so that the machine itself can stop even if the stroke limits switch is passed through at the max. speed.
- Use wires and cables that have a wire diameter, heat resistance and bending resistance compatible with the system.
- Use wires and cables within the length of the range described in the instruction manual.
- The ratings and characteristics of the parts (other than Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor) used in a system must be compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor.
- Install a cover on the shaft so that the rotary parts of the servo motor are not touched during operation.
- There may be some cases where holding by the electromagnetic brakes is not possible due to the life or mechanical structure (when the ball screw and servo motor are connected with a timing belt, etc.). Install a stopping device to ensure safety on the machine side.

(2) Security

▲CAUTION

To maintain the security (confidentiality, integrity, and availability) of the programmable controller and the system against unauthorized access, denial-of-service (DoS) attacks, computer viruses, and other cyberattacks from external devices via the network, take appropriate measures such as firewalls, virtual private networks (VPNs), and antivirus solutions.

(3) Parameter settings and programming

≜CAUTION

- Set the parameter values to those that are compatible with the Motion controller, servo amplifier, servo motor and regenerative resistor model and the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- The regenerative resistor model and capacity parameters must be set to values that conform to the operation mode, servo amplifier and servo power supply module. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the mechanical brake output and dynamic brake output validity parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the stroke limit input validity parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.

- Set the servo motor encoder type (increment, absolute position type, etc.) parameter to a value that is compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the setting is incorrect.
- Set the servo motor capacity and type (standard, low-inertia, flat, etc.) parameter to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Set the servo amplifier capacity and type parameters to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Use the program commands for the program with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- Set the sequence function program capacity setting, device capacity, latch validity range, I/O assignment setting, and validity of continuous operation during error detection to values that are compatible with the system application. The protective functions may not function if the settings are incorrect.
- Some devices used in the program have fixed applications, so use these with the conditions specified in the instruction manual.
- The input devices and data registers assigned to the link will hold the data previous to when communication is terminated by an error, etc. Thus, an error correspondence interlock program specified in the instruction manual must be used.
- Use the interlock program specified in the intelligent function module's instruction manual for the program corresponding to the intelligent function module.

(4) Transportation and installation

≜CAUTION

- Transport the product with the correct method according to the mass.
- Use the servo motor suspension bolts only for the transportation of the servo motor. Do not transport the servo motor with machine installed on it.
- Do not stack products past the limit.
- When transporting the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the connected wires or cables.
- When transporting the servo motor, never hold the cables, shaft or detector.
- When transporting the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the front case as it may fall off.
- When transporting, installing or removing the Motion controller or servo amplifier, never hold the edges.
- Install the unit according to the instruction manual in a place where the mass can be withstood.
- Do not get on or place heavy objects on the product.
- Always observe the installation direction.
- Keep the designated clearance between the Motion controller or servo amplifier and control panel inner surface or the Motion controller and servo amplifier, Motion controller or servo amplifier and other devices.

- Do not install or operate Motion controller, servo amplifiers or servo motors that are damaged or that have missing parts.
- Do not block the intake/outtake ports of the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor with cooling fan.
- Do not allow conductive matter such as screw or cutting chips or combustible matter such as oil enter the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servo motor.
- The Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor are precision machines, so do not drop or apply strong impacts on them.
- Securely fix the Motion controller, servo amplifier and servo motor to the machine according to the instruction manual. If the fixing is insufficient, these may come off during operation.
- Always install the servo motor with reduction gears in the designated direction. Failing to do so may lead to oil leaks.

F as in a set	Conditions	
Environment	Motion controller/Servo amplifier	Servo motor
Ambient temperature	According to each instruction manual.	0°C to +40°C (With no freezing) (32°F to +104°F)
Ambient humidity	According to each instruction manual.	80% RH or less (With no dew condensation)
Storage temperature	According to each instruction manual.	-20°C to +65°C (-4°F to +149°F)
Atmosphere	Indoors (where not subject to direct sunlight). No corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist or dust must exist	
Altitude	According to each instruction manual	
Vibration	According to each instruction manual	

• Store and use the unit in the following environmental conditions.

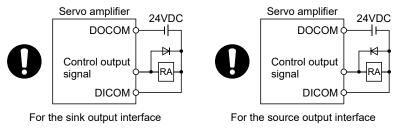
When coupling with the synchronous encoder or servo motor shaft end, do not apply impact such as by hitting with a hammer. Doing so may lead to detector damage.

- Do not apply a load larger than the tolerable load onto the synchronous encoder and servo motor shaft. Doing so may lead to shaft breakage.
- When not using the module for a long time, disconnect the power line from the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- Place the Motion controller and servo amplifier in static electricity preventing vinyl bags and store.
- When storing for a long time, please contact with our sales representative. Also, execute a trial operation.
- When fumigants that contain halogen materials such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine are used for disinfecting and protecting wooden packaging from insects, they cause malfunction when entering our products.

Please take necessary precautions to ensure that remaining materials from fumigant do not enter our products, or treat packaging with methods other than fumigation (heat method). Additionally, disinfect and protect wood from insects before packing products.

(5) Wiring

- Correctly and securely wire the wires. Reconfirm the connections for mistakes and the terminal screws for tightness after wiring. Failing to do so may lead to run away of the servo motor.
- After wiring, install the protective covers such as the terminal covers to the original positions.
- Do not install a phase advancing capacitor, surge absorber or radio noise filter (option FR-BIF) on the output side of the servo amplifier.
- Correctly connect the output side (terminal U, V, W) and ground. Incorrect connections will lead the servo motor to operate abnormally.
- Do not connect a commercial power supply to the servo motor, as this may lead to trouble.
- Do not mistake the direction of the surge absorbing diode installed on the DC relay for the control signal output of brake signals, etc. Incorrect installation may lead to signals not being output when trouble occurs or the protective functions not functioning.



- Do not connect or disconnect the connection cables between each unit, the encoder cable or PLC expansion cable while the power is ON.
- Securely tighten the cable connector fixing screws and fixing mechanisms. Insufficient fixing may lead to the cables coming off during operation.
- Do not bundle the power line or cables.

(6) Trial operation and adjustment

▲CAUTION

- Confirm and adjust the program and each parameter before operation. Unpredictable movements may occur depending on the machine.
- Extreme adjustments and changes may lead to unstable operation, so never make them.
- When using the absolute position system function, on starting up, and when the Motion controller or absolute position motor has been replaced, always perform a home position return.
- Before starting test operation, set the parameter speed limit value to the slowest value, and make sure that operation can be stopped immediately by the forced stop, etc. if a hazardous state occurs.

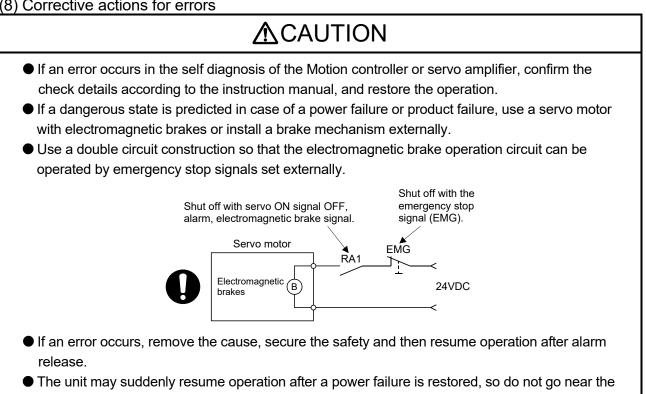
(7) Usage methods

≜CAUTION

- Immediately turn OFF the power if smoke, abnormal sounds or odors are emitted from the Motion controller, servo amplifier or servo motor.
- Always execute a test operation before starting actual operations after the program or parameters have been changed or after maintenance and inspection.
- Do not attempt to disassemble and repair the units excluding a qualified technician whom our company recognized.
- Do not make any modifications to the unit.
- Keep the effect or electromagnetic obstacles to a minimum by installing a noise filter or by using wire shields, etc. Electromagnetic obstacles may affect the electronic devices used near the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- When using the CE Mark-compliant equipment, refer to the User's manual for the Motion controllers and refer to the corresponding EMC guideline information for the servo amplifiers, inverters and other equipment.
- Use the units with the following conditions.

Item	Conditions
Input power	According to each instruction manual.
Input frequency	According to each instruction manual.
Tolerable momentary power failure	According to each instruction manual.

(8) Corrective actions for errors



machine. (Design the machine so that personal safety can be ensured even if the machine restarts suddenly.)

(9) Maintenance, inspection and part replacement

▲CAUTION

- Perform the daily and periodic inspections according to the instruction manual.
- Perform maintenance and inspection after backing up the program and parameters for the Motion controller and servo amplifier.
- Do not place fingers or hands in the clearance when opening or closing any opening.
- Periodically replace consumable parts such as batteries according to the instruction manual.
- Do not touch the lead sections such as ICs or the connector contacts.
- Before touching the module, always touch grounded metal, etc. to discharge static electricity from human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch the module's conductive parts and electronic components. Touching them could cause an operation failure or give damage to the module.
- Do not place the Motion controller or servo amplifier on metal that may cause a power leakage or wood, plastic or vinyl that may cause static electricity buildup.
- Do not perform a megger test (insulation resistance measurement) during inspection.
- When replacing the Motion controller or servo amplifier, always set the new module settings correctly.
- When the Motion controller or absolute value motor has been replaced, carry out a home position return operation using one of the following methods, otherwise position displacement could occur.
 - 1) After writing the servo data to the Motion controller using programming software, switch on the power again, then perform a home position return operation.
 - 2) Using the backup function of the programming software, load the data backed up before replacement.
- After maintenance and inspections are completed, confirm that the position detection of the absolute position detector function is correct.
- Do not drop or impact the battery installed to the module. Doing so may damage the battery, causing battery liquid to leak in the battery. Do not use the dropped or impacted battery, but dispose of it.
- Do not short circuit, charge, overheat, incinerate or disassemble the batteries.
- The electrolytic capacitor will generate gas during a fault, so do not place your face near the Motion controller or servo amplifier.
- The electrolytic capacitor and fan will deteriorate. Periodically replace these to prevent secondary damage from faults. Replacements can be made by our sales representative.
- Lock the control panel and prevent access to those who are not certified to handle or install electric equipment.
- Do not burn or break a module and servo amplifier. Doing so may cause a toxic gas.

(10) About processing of waste

When you discard Motion controller, servo amplifier, a battery (primary battery) and other option articles, please follow the law of each country (area).

▲CAUTION

• This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.

When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi Electric sales representative.

Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to install safety devices to forestall serious accidents when it is used in facilities where a breakdown in the product is likely to cause a serious accident.

(11) General cautions

• All drawings provided in the instruction manual show the state with the covers and safety partitions removed to explain detailed sections. When operating the product, always return the covers and partitions to the designated positions, and operate according to the instruction manual.

REVISIONS

 \ast The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

al Number	Revision
-	MR-J3W-□B, MR-J3-□B-RJ080W, MR-J3-□BS
	Additional correction/partial correction]
	Safety precautions, About Manuals, Restrictions by the software's
	version or serial number, Advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration,
	Error code list, Warranty
	Additional model]
	Q173DCPU-S1, Q172DCPU-S1, GX Works2, MR Configurator2
L.	Additional function]
Ľ	Operation control program (Type conversion (DFLT, SFLT)), Vision
	system dedicated function (MVOPEN, MVLOAD, MVTRG, MVPST,
	MVIN, MVFIN, MVCLOSE, MVCOM), Vision system connection
	function
	Additional correction/partial correction]
-	Safety precautions, About Manuals, Restrictions by the software's
	version, Error code list
0300135-D [/	Additional model]
_	Q173DSCPU, Q172DSCPU, MR-J4-□B, MR-J4W-□B
[4	Additional function]
	Motion dedicated PLC instruction (Torque limit value individual change
	request instruction (D(P).CHGT2)), Operation control program
	(Motion-dedicated function (CHGT2, CHGP), Vision system dedicated
	function (MVOUT), Data control (SCL, DSCL), Program control (IF -
	ELSE - IEND, SELECT - CASE - SEND, FOR - NEXT, BREAK))
L.	Additional correction/partial correction]
	About Manuals, Manual Page Organization, Restrictions by the
	software's version, Programming software version, PI-PID switching
	command (M3217+20n), Parameter error No. (#8009+20n), Servo
	status1 (#8010+20n), Servo status2 (#8011+20n), Servo status3
	(#8012+20n), Product information list device (#8736 to #8751), Motion
	error history device (#8640 to #8735), Limited count for repeat control
	of task parameters, Error code list, Processing times Additional function]
0300135-E	Advanced synchronous control, Motion dedicated PLC instruction
	(Current value change request instruction of command generation axis
	(D(P).CHGAS), Speed change instruction of command generation
	axis (D(P).CHGVS)), Operation control program (Synchronous control
	dedicated function (CAMRD, CAMWR, CAMWR2, CAMMK,
	CAMPSCL))
L L	Additional correction/partial correction]
	About Manuals, Restrictions by the software's version, Programming
	software version, Positioning dedicated devices (Internal relays
	(M8192 to M12063), Data registers (D8192 to D19823)), Error code
	list, Processing times
	[/ 0300135-C [. 0300135-D [. 0300135-E [.

Print Date	* Manual Number	Revision
Apr., 2013 Nov., 2013	IB(NA)-0300135-F IB(NA)-0300135-G	[Additional function] Operation control program (Others (RTO, RFROM)) [Additional correction/partial correction] About Manuals, Restrictions by the software's version, [Rq.324] Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU (M11602+4n), [Md.412] Execute cam axis length per cycle (D13622+30n, D13623+30n), [Pr.422] Cam axis length per cycle change setting (D115059+150n), Operation control program (Synchronous control dedicated function (CAMMK)), Error code list, Processing times [Additional correction/partial correction]
Dec., 2015	IB(NA)-0300135-H	Safety precautions, Restrictions by the software's version, Motion error history device error information [Additional correction/partial correction] Restrictions by the software's version, Structure of the Motion CPU program, Operation control programs (Synchronous control dedicated function(CAMRD, CAMWR)), Servo status7 (#8018+20n), Motion error history device error information, Motion SFC error code list, Warranty
Mar., 2017	IB(NA)-0300135-J	[Additional correction/partial correction] Safety precautions, Restrictions by the software's version, Internal operation data types of operation control programs, Task and interrupt processing, Motion SFC error code list, Warranty
Dec., 2019	IB(NA)-0300135-K	
Apr., 2022	IB(NA)-0300135-L	[Additional model] MR-J5-□B, MR-J5W-□B [Additional correction/partial correction] Safety precautions, About Manuals, Restrictions by the software's version, Gain changing 2 command (M3206+20n), Servo status 5 (#8014+20n), Motion error history device error information, Warranty
Dec., 2023	IB(NA)-0300135-M	
Sep., 2024	IB(NA)-0300135-N	[Additional correction/partial correction] Restrictions by the software's version

Japanese Manual Number IB(NA)-0300127

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi Electric Motion controller Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU. Before using the equipment, please read this manual carefully to develop full familiarity with the functions and performance of the Motion controller you have purchased, so as to ensure correct use.

CONTENTS

Safety PrecautionsA- 1	l
Revisions	
Contents	3
About Manuals)
Manual Page OrganizationA-22)

1. OVERVIEW

1- 1 to 1-84

2- 1 to 2- 4

3- 1 to 3-82

1.1 Overview	1-	1
1.2 Features	1-	3
1.2.1 Features of Motion SFC programs	1-	3
1.2.2 Performance specifications	1-	4
1.2.3 Operation control/transition control specifications	1-	8
1.2.4 Positioning dedicated devices	1-1	3
1.3 Restrictions by the Software's Version	1-7	'8
1.4 Programming Software Version	1-8	34

2. STRUCTURE OF THE MOTION CPU PROGRAM

2.1 Motion Control in SV13/SV22 Real Mode	. 2-	2
2.2 Motion Control in SV22 Virtual Mode	. 2-	3
2.3 Motion Control in SV22 Advanced Synchronous Control	. 2-	4

3. MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

3.1 Outline of Motion Dedicated PLC Instruction	3-1
3.2 Motion Dedicated PLC Instruction	3-2
3.2.1 Motion SFC start request from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU:	
D(P).SFCS (PLC instruction: D(P).SFCS))	3-3
3.2.2 Servo program start request from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU:	
D(P).SVST (PLC instruction: D(P).SVST)	3-7
3.2.3 Current value change instruction from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU:	
D(P).CHGA (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGA))	3-13
3.2.4 Current value change instruction of command generation axis from the	
PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).CHGAS (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGAS))	
(SV22 advanced synchronous control only)3	3-27
3.2.5 Speed change instruction from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU:	
D(P).CHGV (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGV))	3-33
3.2.6 Speed change instruction of command generation axis from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU:	
D(P).CHGVS (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGVS)) (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)3	-39

3.2.7 Torque limit value change request instruction from the PLC CPU to th D(P).CHGT (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGT)	
3.2.8 Torque limit value individual change request instruction from the PLC D(P).CHGT2 (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGT2)	
3.2.9 Write device data of the self CPU to the device of other CPU: D(P).DDWR (PLC instruction: D(P).DDWR))	
3.2.10 Read device data of other CPU to the device of self CPU: D(P).DDRD (PLC instruction: <u>D(P).DDRD</u>)	
3.2.11 Interrupt instruction to the other CPU: D(P).GINT (PLC instruction:	D(P).GINT)
3.3 Precautions	

4.1 Motion SFC Program Configuration	
4.2 Motion SFC Chart Symbol List	
4.3 Branch and Coupling Chart List	
4.4 Motion SFC Program Name	
4.5 Steps	
4.5.1 Motion control step	
4.5.2 Operation control step	
4.5.3 Subroutine call/start step	
4.5.4 Clear step	
4.6 Transitions	
4.7 Jump, Pointer	
4.8 END	
4.9 Branches, Couplings	
4.9.1 Series transition	
4.9.2 Selective branch, selective coupling	
4.9.3 Parallel branch, parallel coupling	
4.10 Y/N Transitions	
4.11 Motion SFC Comments	

5. OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

4. MOTION SFC PROGRAMS

5- 1 to 5-184

4- 1 to 4-30

5.1 Operation Control Programs	5- 1
5.2 Device Descriptions	
5.3 Constant Descriptions	5-12
5.4 Binary Operations	5-13
5.4.1 Substitution : =	5-13
5.4.2 Addition : +	5-15
5.4.3 Subtraction :	5-16
5.4.4 Multiplication : *	5-17
5.4.5 Division : /	
5.4.6 Remainder : %	5-19
5.5 Bit Operations	
5.5.1 Bit inversion (Complement) : ~	
5.5.2 Bit logical AND : &	5-21

5.5.3 Bit logical OR :	
5.5.4 Bit exclusive logical OR : ^	
5.5.5 Bit right shift : >>	
5.5.6 Bit left shift : <<	
5.5.7 Sign inversion (Complement of 2) : $-$	
5.6 Standard Functions	
5.6.1 Sine : SIN	
5.6.2 Cosine : COS	
5.6.3 Tangent : TAN	
5.6.4 Arcsine : ASIN	
5.6.5 Arccosine : ACOS	5-31
5.6.6 Arctangent : ATAN	
5.6.7 Square root : SQRT	
5.6.8 Natural logarithm : LN	
5.6.9 Exponential operation : EXP	
5.6.10 Absolute value : ABS	
5.6.11 Round-off : RND	
5.6.12 Round-down : FIX	
5.6.13 Round-up : FUP	
5.6.14 BCD \rightarrow BIN conversion : BIN	
5.6.15 BIN \rightarrow BCD conversion : BCD	5-41
5.7 Type Conversions	
5.7.1 Signed 16-bit integer value conversion : SHORT	
5.7.2 Unsigned 16-bit integer value conversion : USHORT	
5.7.3 Signed 32-bit integer value conversion : LONG	5-45
5.7.4 Unsigned 32-bit integer value conversion : ULONG	
5.7.5 Signed 64-bit floating-point value conversion : FLOAT	
5.7.6 Unsigned 64-bit floating-point value conversion : UFLOAT	
5.7.7 Floating-point value conversion 32-bit into 64-bit : DFLT	
5.7.8 Floating-point value conversion 64-bit into 32-bit : SFLT	5-51
5.8 Bit Device Statuses	
5.8.1 ON (Normally open contact) : (None)	
5.8.2 OFF (Normally closed contact) : !	
5.9 Bit Device Controls	
5.9.1 Device set : SET	
5.9.2 Device reset : RST	
5.9.3 Device output : DOUT	
5.9.4 Device input : DIN	
5.9.5 Bit device output : OUT	5-61
5.10 Logical Operations	
5.10.1 Logical acknowledgement : (None)	
5.10.2 Logical negation : !	
5.10.3 Logical AND : *	
5.10.4 Logical OR : +	
5.11 Comparison Operations	
5.11.1 Equal to : ==	
5.11.2 Not equal to : !=	5-67
5.11.3 Less than : <	
5.11.4 Less than or equal to : <=	

5.11.5 More than : >	5-70
5.11.6 More than or equal to : >=	5-71
5.12 Motion-Dedicated Functions	5-72
5.12.1 Speed change request : CHGV	5-72
5.12.2 Command generation axis speed change request : CHGVS	
(SV22 advanced synchronous control only)	5-78
5.12.3 Torque limit value change request : CHGT	5-84
5.12.4 Torque limit value individual change request : CHGT2	
5.12.5 Target position change request : CHGP	5-89
5.13 Other Instructions	5-98
5.13.1 Event task enable : El	5-98
5.13.2 Event task disable : DI	5-99
5.13.3 No operation : NOP	5-100
5.13.4 Block transfer : BMOV	5-101
5.13.5 Same data block transfer : FMOV	5-104
5.13.6 Write device data to CPU shared memory of the self CPU : MULTW	5-106
5.13.7 Read device data from CPU shared memory : MULTR	
5.13.8 Write device data to intelligent function module : TO	5-112
5.13.9 Read device data from intelligent function module : FROM	
5.13.10 Write buffer memory data to head module : RTO	
5.13.11 Read buffer memory data from head module: RFROM	5-120
5.13.12 Time to wait : TIME	5-124
5.14 Comment Statement : //	
5.15 Vision System Dedicated Function	
5.15.1 Open line : MVOPEN	
5.15.2 Load a program : MVLOAD	
5.15.3 Send an image acquisition trigger : MVTRG	
5.15.4 Start a program : MVPST	
5.15.5 Input data : MVIN	
5.15.6 Output data : MVOUT	
5.15.7 Reset a status storage device : MVFIN	
5.15.8 Close line : MVCLOSE	
5.15.9 Send a command for native mode : MVCOM	
5.16 Data Control	
5.16.1 16-bit integer type scaling: SCL	
5.16.2 32-bit integer type scaling: DSCL	
5.17 Program Control	
5.17.1 Conditional branch control: IF - ELSE - IEND	
5.17.2 Selective branch control: SELECT - CASE - SEND	
5.17.3 Repeat control with specified count: FOR - NEXT	
5.17.4 Forced termination of repeat control: BREAK	
5.18 Synchronous Control Dedicated Function (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)	
5.18.1 Cam data read: CAMRD	
5.18.2 Cam data write: CAMWR	
5.18.3 Cam data write (Cam open area): CAMWR2	
5.18.4 Cam auto-generation: CAMMK 5.18.5 Cam position calculation: CAMPSCL	
	0-101

6. TRANSITION PROGRAMS	6-1 to 6-2
6.1 Transition Programs	6- 1
7. MOTION CONTROL PROGRAMS	7- 1 to 7-22
7.4 Sonia Instruction List	7 1
7.1 Servo Instruction List 7.2 Servo Motor/Virtual Servo Motor Shaft/Command Generation Axis Current Value Change	
7.3 Synchronous Encoder Shaft Current Value Change Control (SV22 virtual mode only)	
7.4 Cam Shaft Within-One-Revolution Current Value Change Control (SV22 virtual mode only)	
7.5 Programming Instructions	
7.5.1 Cancel • start	
7.5.2 Indirect designation using motion devices	7-22
8. MOTION DEVICES	8-1 to 8-4
8.1 Motion Registers (#0 to #12287)	8- 1
8.2 Coasting Timer (FT)	
9. OPERATION FOR MOTION SFC AND PARAMETER	9- 1 to 9-20
9.1 Task Definitions	
9.2 Number of Consecutive Transitions and Task Operation	9- 1
9.2.1 Number of consecutive transitions	9- 1
9.2.2 Task operation	9- 2
9.3 Execution Status of the Multiple Task	
9.4 How to Start the Motion SFC Program	
9.4.1 Automatic start	
9.4.2 Start from the Motion SFC program	
9.4.3 Start by Motion dedicated PLC instruction from PLC (PLC instruction: D(P).SFCS)	
9.5 How to End the Motion SFC Program 9.6 How to Change from One Motion SFC Program to Another	
9.7 Operation Performed at Multiple CPU system Power-Off or Reset	
9.8 Operation Performed when CPU is Switched from RUN/STOP	
9.9 Operation Performed when PLC Ready Flag (M2000) Turns OFF/ON	
9.10 Operation at the Error Occurrence	
9.11 Task Parameters	
9.12 Program Parameters	
9.13 Task and Interrupt Processing	9-17
10.ONLINE CHANGE IN THE MOTION SFC PROGRM	10- 1 to 10- 8
10.1 Online Change in the Motion SFC Program	10- 1
10.1.1 Operating method for the online change	
10.1.2 Writing of program	
11. USER FILES	11- 1 to 11- 4
11.1 Project 11.2 User File List	
	11- 2

12. ERROR CODE LISTS	12- 1 to 12-24	
12.1 Confirming Error Code		
12.2 Motion Error Related Devices		
12.3 Motion SFC Error Code List		
12.4 Motion SFC Parameter Errors		
12.5 Vision System Errors		

APPENDICES

APP-1 to APP-61

APPENDIX 1 Processing Times	APP- 1
APPENDIX 1.1 Processing time of operation control/Transition instruction	APP- 1
APPENDIX 1.2 Processing time of Motion dedicated PLC instruction	APP-23
APPENDIX 2 Sample Program	APP-24
APPENDIX 2.1 Motion control example by Motion SFC program	APP-24
APPENDIX 2.2 Continuation execution example at the subroutine re-start by the	
Motion SFC program	APP-34
APPENDIX 2.3 Continuation execution example after the stop by the Motion SFC program	APP-38
APPENDIX 3 Vision System Connection Function	APP-42
APPENDIX 3.1 Overview	APP-42
APPENDIX 3.2 Vision system parameter setting	APP-47
APPENDIX 3.3 Flow of vision system control	APP-57
APPENDIX 3.4 Sample program	APP-59

About Manuals

The following manuals are also related to this product.

When necessary, order them by quoting the details in the tables below.

Related Manuals

(1) Motion controller

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller User's Manual This manual explains specifications of the Motion CPU modules, Q172DLX Servo external signal interface module, Q172DEX Synchronous encoder interface module, Q173DPX Manual pulse generator interface module, Power supply modules, Servo amplifiers, SSCNETIL cables and Synchronous encoder, and the maintenance/inspection for the system, trouble shooting and others.	IB-0300133 (1XB927)
Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON) This manual explains the Multiple CPU system configuration, performance specifications, common parameters, auxiliary/applied functions, error lists and others.	IB-0300134 (1XB928)
Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (Motion SFC) This manual explains the functions, programming, debugging, error lists for Motion SFC and others.	IB-0300135 (1XB929)
Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE) This manual explains the servo parameters, positioning instructions, device lists, error lists and others.	IB-0300136 (1XB930)
Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE) This manual explains the dedicated instructions to use the synchronous control by virtual main shaft, mechanical system program create mechanical module, servo parameters, positioning instructions, device lists, error lists and others.	IB-0300137 (1XB931)
Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control) This manual explains the dedicated instructions to use the synchronous control by synchronous control parameters, device lists, error lists and others.	IB-0300198 (1XB953)
Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (Safety Observation) This manual explains the details, safety parameters, safety sequence program instructions, device lists and error lists and others for safety observation function by Motion controller.	IB-0300183 (1XB945)
Motion controller Setup Guidance (MT Developer2 Version1) This manual explains the items related to the setup of the Motion controller programming software MT Developer2.	IB-0300142 (—)

(2) PLC

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
QCPU User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) This manual explains the specifications of the QCPU modules, power supply modules, base units, extension cables, memory card battery, and the maintenance/inspection for the system, trouble shooting, error codes and others.	SH-080483ENG (13JR73)
QnUCPU User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) This manual explains the functions, programming methods and devices and others to create programs with the QCPU.	SH-080807ENG (13JZ27)
QCPU User's Manual (Multiple CPU System) This manual explains the Multiple CPU system overview, system configuration, I/O modules, communication between CPU modules and communication with the I/O modules or intelligent function modules.	SH-080485ENG (13JR75)
QnUCPU User's Manual (Communication via Built-in Ethernet Port) This manual explains functions for the communication via built-in Ethernet port of the CPU module.	SH-080811ENG (13JZ29)
MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual (Common Instruction) This manual explains how to use the sequence instructions, basic instructions, application instructions and micro computer program.	SH-080809ENG (13JW10)
MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (PID Control Instructions) This manual explains the dedicated instructions used to exercise PID control.	SH-080040 (13JF59)
MELSEC-Q/L/QnA Programming Manual (SFC) This manual explains the system configuration, performance specifications, functions, programming, debugging, error codes and others of MELSAP3.	SH-080041 (13JF60)
I/O Module Type Building Block User's Manual This manual explains the specifications of the I/O modules, connector, connector/terminal block conversion modules and others.	SH-080042 (13JL99)
MELSEC-L SSCNETII/H Head Module User's Manual This manual explains specifications of the head module, procedures before operation, system configuration, installation, wiring, settings, and troubleshooting.	SH-081152ENG (13JZ78)

(3) Servo amplifier

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
MR-J5-B/MR-J5W-B User's Manual (Introduction) This manual explains the specifications, functions, start-up procedure and others for AC Servo MR-J5-B/ MR-J5W-B Servo amplifier.	IB-0300578ENG (—)
MR-J5 User's Manual (Hardware) This manual explains the installation, wiring, use option and others for AC Servo MR-J5-B/MR-J5W-B Servo amplifier.	SH-030298ENG (—)
MR-J5 User's Manual (Function) This manual explains how to use each function required to operate the AC Servo MR-J5-B/MR-J5W-B Servo amplifier.	SH-030300ENG (—)
MR-J5 User's Manual (Adjustment) This manual explains the operation status adjustment procedure, adjustment method and others for AC Servo MR-J5-B/MR-J5W-B Servo amplifier.	SH-030306ENG (—)
MR-J5 User's Manual (Troubleshooting) This manual explains the causes of alarms, and warnings, etc. for AC Servo MR-J5-B/MR-J5W-B Servo amplifier.	SH-030312ENG (—)
MR-J5-B/MR-J5W-B User's Manual (Parameters) This manual explains the parameters for AC Servo MR-J5-B/MR-J5W-B Servo amplifier.	IB-0300581ENG (—)
SSCNETI/H Interface AC Servo MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for AC Servo MR-J4B_(-RJ) Servo amplifier.	SH-030106 (1CW805)
SSCNETII/H Interface Multi-axis AC Servo MR-J4W2B/MR-J4W3B/MR-J4W2-0303B6 Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for Multi- axis AC Servo MR-J4W2B/MR-J4W3B/MR-J4W2-0303B6 Servo amplifier.	SH-030105 (1CW806)
SSCNETII interface MR-J3-DB Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-J3-DB Servo amplifier.	SH-030051 (1CW202)
SSCNETIL interface 2-axis AC Servo Amplifier MR-J3W-0303BN6/MR-J3W-DB Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for 2-axis AC Servo Amplifier MR-J3W-0303BN6/MR-J3W-DB Servo amplifier.	SH-030073 (1CW604)
SSCNETII Compatible Linear Servo MR-J3-DB-RJ004UD Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for Linear Servo MR-J3-DB-RJ004UD Servo amplifier.	SH-030054 (1CW943)
SSCNETIL Compatible Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3-□B-RJ006 Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for Fully Closed Loop Control MR-J3-□B-RJ006 Servo amplifier.	SH-030056 (1CW304)
SSCNETI Interface Direct Drive Servo MR-J3-DB-RJ080W Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for Direct Drive Servo MR-J3-DB-RJ080W Servo amplifier.	SH-030079 (1CW601)

Manual Name	Manual Number (Model Code)
SSCNETII interface Drive Safety integrated MR-J3-□B Safety Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for safety integrated MR-J3-□B Safety Servo amplifier.	SH-030084 (1CW205)
SSCNETII/H interface AC Servo MR-JEB Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-JE-□B Servo amplifier.	SH-030152ENG ()
SSCNETIL/H interface AC Servo With functional safety MR-JEBF Servo amplifier Instruction Manual This manual explains the I/O signals, parts names, parameters, start-up procedure and others for MR-JE-DBF Servo amplifier.	SH-030258ENG (—)

Manual Page Organization

The symbols used in this manual are shown below.

Symbol	Description	
QDS	Symbol that indicates correspondence to only Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU.	
QD	Symbol that indicates correspondence to only Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1).	

1. OVERVIEW

1.1 Overview

This programming manual describes the Motion SFC program of the operating system software "SW8DNC-SV13Q□", "SW8DNC-SV22Q□" for Motion CPU module (Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU).

Generic term/Abbreviation	Description	
Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU or	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU/Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU/Q173DCPU-S1/	
Motion CPU (module)	Q172DCPU-S1 Motion CPU module	
	Q172DLX Servo external signals interface module/	
Q172DLX/Q172DEX/Q173DPX/	Q172DEX Synchronous encoder interface module ^(Note-1) /	
Q173DSXY or Motion module	Q173DPX Manual pulse generator interface module/	
	Q173DSXY Safety signal module	
MR-J5(W)-□B	Servo amplifier model MR-J5-⊡B/MR-J5W-⊡B	
MR-J4(W)-□B	Servo amplifier model MR-J4-⊡B/MR-J4W-⊡B	
MR-J3(W)-□B	Servo amplifier model MR-J3-□B/MR-J3W-□B	
MR-JE-□B	Servo amplifier model MR-JE-□B/MR-JE-□BF	
	General name for "Servo amplifier model MR-J5-□B/MR-J5W-□B/MR-J4-□B/	
AMP or Servo amplifier	MR-J4W-□B/MR-J3-□B/MR-J3W-□B/MR-JE-□B/MR-JE-□BF"	
QCPU, PLC CPU or PLC CPU module	QnUD(E)(H)CPU/QnUDVCPU	
Multiple CPU system or Motion system	Abbreviation for "Multiple PLC system of the Q series"	
· · · · ·	Abbreviation for "CPU No.n (n= 1 to 4) of the CPU module for the Multiple CPU	
CPUn	system"	
Operating system software	General name for "SW7DNC-SV□Q□/SW8DNC-SV□Q□"	
	Operating system software for conveyor assembly use (Motion SFC) :	
SV13	SW8DNC-SV13Q	
	Operating system software for automatic machinery use (Motion SFC) :	
SV22	SW8DNC-SV22Q	
Programming software package	General name for MT Developer2/GX Works2/GX Developer/MR Configurator□	
	Abbreviation for "Motion controller engineering environment MELSOFT	
MT Works2	MT Works2"	
(Noto 2)	Abbreviation for "Motion controller programming software MT Developer2	
MT Developer2 ^(Note-2)	(Version 1.00A or later)"	
	Abbreviation for "Programmable controller engineering software	
GX Works2	MELSOFT GX Works2 (Version 1.15R or later)"	
	Abbreviation for "MELSEC PLC programming software package	
GX Developer	GX Developer (Version 8.48A or later)"	
MR Configurator□ ^(Note-2)	General name for "MR Configurator/MR Configurator2"	
	Abbreviation for "Servo setup software package	
MR Configurator	MR Configurator (Version C0 or later)"	
MD Configurator?	Abbreviation for "Servo setup software package	
MR Configurator2	MR Configurator2 (Version 1.01B or later)"	
Manual pulse generator or MR-HDP01	Abbreviation for "Manual pulse generator (MR-HDP01)"	
Serial absolute synchronous encoder	Abbreviation for "Serial absolute synchronous encoder (Q171ENC-W8/	
or Q171ENC-W8/Q170ENC	Q170ENC)"	

In this manual, the following abbreviations are used.

1

Generic term/Abbreviation	Description	
SSCNETI/H ^(Note-3)	Lish aread synchronous naturally between Matian controller and converse infinite	
SSCNETⅢ ^(Note-3)	High speed synchronous network between Motion controller and servo amplifier	
SSCNETII(/H) ^(Note-3)	General name for SSCNETⅢ/H, SSCNETⅢ	
Absolute position system	General name for "system using the servo motor and servo amplifier for absolute	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	position"	
Battery holder unit	Battery holder unit (Q170DBATC)	
Intelligent function module	General name for module that has a function other than input or output such as	
Intelligent function module	A/D converter module and D/A converter module.	
SSCNETII/H head module	Abbreviation for "MELSEC-L series SSCNETII/H head module (LJ72MS15)"	
Optical hub unit or MR-MV200	Abbreviation for "SSCNETII/H compatible optical hub unit (MR-MV200)"	

(Note-1): Q172DEX can be used in SV22.

(Note-2): This software is included in Motion controller engineering environment "MELSOFT MT Works2". (Note-3): SSCNET: <u>Servo System Controller NET</u>work

REMARK

For information about each module, design method for program and parameter, refer to the following manuals relevant to each module.

Item		Reference Manual
Motion CPU module/Motion unit		Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller User's Manual
PLC CPU, peripheral devices for sequence program design, I/O modules and intelligent function module		Manual relevant to each module
Operation meth	od for MT Developer2	Help of each software
SV13/SV22	 Multiple CPU system configuration Performance specification Design method for common parameter Auxiliary and applied functions (common) Design method for positioning control program in the real mode Design method for positioning control parameter Design method for safety observation 	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON) Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)
	 parameter Design method for user made safety sequence program 	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (Safety Observation)
SV22	Design method for mechanical system	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22)
(Virtual mode)	program	Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)
SV22		
(Advanced	Design method for synchronous control	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22)
synchronous control)	parameter	Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)

1.2 Features

The Motion CPU and Motion SFC program have the following features.

1.2.1 Features of Motion SFC programs

- (1) Since a program intelligible for anyone can be created in flow chart form by making a sequence of machine operation correspond to each operation step, maintenance nature improves.
- (2) Since transition conditions are judged with Motion CPU side and positioning starts, there is not dispersion in the response time influenced by PLC scan time.
- (3) High speed and high response processing is realizable with the step processing method (only active steps) of Motion SFC.
- (4) Not only positioning control but also numerical operations, device SET/RST, etc. can be processed with Motion CPU side, making via PLC CPU is unnecessary and a tact time can be shortened.
- (5) By transition condition description peculiar to Motion SFC, the instructions to servo amplifier is possible at completion of starting condition.
- (6) By transition condition description peculiar to Motion SFC, after starting, transition to next step is possible without waiting for positioning completion.
- (7) Motion SFC program that responds it at high speed for interrupt input from external source can be executed.
- (8) Motion SFC program can be executed in the fixed cycle (Min. 0.22ms: Q17□DSCPU use) by synchronizing to the Motion operation cycle.

1.2.2 Performance specifications

(1) Basic specifications of Q173DCPU/Q172DCPU (a) Motion control specifications

		0.4705.0.051	0.1705.0.0511	0.4700.001/1.01/	0.1700.001/1.01			
Item		Q173DSCPU	Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)	Q172DCPU(-S1)			
Number of control ax	es	Up to 32 axes	Up to 16 axes	Up to 32 axes	Up to 8 axes			
Operation cycle	SV13	0.22ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.44ms/ 5 to 10 axes 0.88ms/ 11 to 24 axes 1.77ms/25 to 32 axes	0.22ms/ 1 to 4 axes 0.44ms/ 5 to 10 axes 0.88ms/ 11 to 16 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 18 axes 1.77ms/19 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 8 axes			
(default)	SV22	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 16 axes 1.77ms/17 to 32 axes	0.44ms/ 1 to 6 axes 0.88ms/ 7 to 16 axes	7 to 16 axes 1.77ms/13 to 28 axes 0.88m 3.55ms/29 to 32 axes				
Interpolation function	s	Linear interpolation (Up to 4 axes), Circular interpolation (2 axes), Helical interpolation (3 axes)						
Control modes		Constant speed control, I Speed control with Speed switc High-speed ose Speed-torc Synchronous control	ontrol, Speed control, control, Fixed-pitch feed, Position follow-up control, fixed position stop, hing control, cillation control, que control, (SV22 (Virtual mode ced synchronous control	 PTP(Point to Point) control, Speed control, Speed-position switching control, Fixed-pitch feed, Constant speed control, Position follow-up control, Speed control with fixed position stop, Speed switching control, High-speed oscillation control, Synchronous control (SV22) 				
Acceleration/deceleration/	ation control	Trapezoid		n, S-curve acceleration/de celeration/de	celeration,			
Compensation		Backlash	o compensation, Electronic	gear, Phase compensatio	n (SV22)			
Programming langua	ige		icated instruction, nguage (SV22) ^(Note-1)		icated instruction, rt language (SV22)			
Servo program capao	city			steps				
Number of positioning	g points	3200 points (Positioning data can be designated indirectly)						
Peripheral I/F		USB/RS-232/Ether	net (Via PLC CPU) /F (Motion CPU)	USB/RS-232/Ether				
Home position return	function	Proximity dog m Count metho Data set method (2 type Stopper meth Limit switch cor Scale home position si Dogless home position s	nethod (2 types), od (3 types), es), Dog cradle method, nod (2 types), mbined method, gnal detection method, signal reference method, ion return method	Proximity dog method (2 types), Count method (3 types), Data set method (2 types), Dog cradle method, Stopper method (2 types), Limit switch combined method, Scale home position signal detection method				
JOG operation functi	on		Home position return re-try function provided, home position shift function provided Provided					
Manual pulse general operation function		Possible to cor	nodules (Q173DPX use) nnect 1 module otion CPU use) ^(Note-3)		nodules (Q173DPX use)			
Synchronous encode function ^(Note-4)	er operation	Possible to connect 1: (Q172DEX + Q173DP Motion CPU + V	2 modules (SV22 use) X + Built-in interface in 'ia device ^(Note-5) ^{lote-5), (Note-6)} + Multiple	Possible to connect 12 modules (SV22 use) (Q172DEX + Q173DPX)	Possible to connect 8 modules (SV22 use) (Q172DEX + Q173DPX)			

	em	Q173DSCPU	Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1) Q172DCPU(-S1			
			Number of output points 32 points				
	SV13		Watch data: Motion co				
		Virtual mode switching m	ethod:				
Limit switch outp	out	Number of output poi	nts 32 points				
function	0) (00	Advanced synchronous c	ontrol method:	Number of output	t points 32 points		
	SV22	Number of output poi	nts 64 points \times 2 settings	Watch data: Motion co	ntrol data/Word device		
		Output timing compe	nsation				
		Watch data: Motion control	ol data/Word device				
ROM operation f	function		Prov	ded			
Multiple CPU syn control (Note-5)	nchronous	Prov	rided	No	ne		
		Q172DLX, External input	t signals (FLS/RLS/DOG)	Q172DLX or Exte	rnal input aignala		
External input sig	gnal	of servo	amplifier,				
		Built-in interface in Moti	ion CPU (DI), Bit device	(FLS/RLS/DOG)	or servo ampliner		
		Prov	vided	Prov	idad		
High-speed read	ling function	(Via built-in interfa	ce in Motion CPU,	(Via input module			
(Note-7)		Via input	t module,	Q172DEX/	-		
		Via tracking of Q1	72DEX/Q173DPX)	QTIZDEN			
Forced stop		Moti	on controller forced stop (E	-	ing),		
			Forced stop termina	al of servo amplifier			
Number of I/O points			i6 points	Total 256 points			
			on CPU (Input 4 points) +	(I/O module)			
		I/O module + Intellig					
	Mark detection	Continuous de	*				
	mode setting		of detection mode,				
Mark detection			fer mode	None			
function	Mark detection		lotion CPU (4 points),	No	ne		
	signal	Bit device, DOG/CHAN	IGE signal of Q172DLX				
	Mark detection setting	32 se	ettings				
Clock function			Prov	ided			
Security function	ı	Prov		Prov			
	-	(Protection by software s	security key or password)	(Protection b	y password)		
All clear function	l		Prov				
Remote operation	on I		Remote RUN/STOP	, Remote latch clear			
Optional data	SSCNETI/H		data/axis	No	ne		
monitor		(Communication data	a: Up to 6 points/axis)				
function	SSCNET	Up to 3 data/axis					
		Madian I		a: Up to 3 points/axis) Motion buffering method			
	no function		ering method		0		
Digital oscilloscope function			m can be displayed) ord 16CH, Bit 16CH	(Real-time waveforr Sampling data: W			
			Made compatible by setting				
Absolute position system			when a servo motor with a				
	- cyotorn		elect the absolute data meth	•	· · ·		
SSCNET	Communication type		I, SSCNETⅢ	SSCN			
communication (Note-8)	Number of	2 lines ^(Note-9)	1 line ^(Note-9)	2 lines 1 line			
Driver communication function (Note-10)			<i>r</i> ided	None			

Motion control specifications (continued)

_			· · ·	,		
lte	em	Q173DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)			
	Q172DLX	4 modules usable	2 modules usable	4 modules usable 1 module usable		
Number of Motion related	Q172DEX		6 modules usable	4 modules usable		
modules	Q173DPX		4 modules usable (Note-11) 3 modules usable (Note-11)			
Number of SSC module connect		Up to 8 stations usable (Up to 4 stations/line)	Up to 4 stations usable	Unusable		
Number of optic connections	al hub unit	Up to 32 units usable (Up to 16 units/line)	Up to 16 units usable	Unusable		

Motion control specifications (continued)

(Note-1): SV22 virtual mode only

(Note-2): Q173DCPU-S1/Q172DCPU-S1 only

(Note-3): When the manual pulse generator is used via the built-in interface in Motion CPU, the Q173DPX cannot be used.

(Note-4): Any incremental synchronous encoder connected to the built-in interface in Motion CPU will automatically be assigned an Axis No. one integer greater than the number of encoders connected to any Q172DEX modules and Q173DPX modules.

(Note-5): SV22 advanced synchronous control only

(Note-6): Servo amplifier (MR-J5(W)-□B/MR-J4(W)-□B) only. Refer to "Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)" for details on devices that can be used as a synchronous encoder axis.

- (Note-7): This cannot be used in SV22 advanced synchronous control.
- (Note-8): The servo amplifiers for SSCNET cannot be used.
- (Note-9): SSCNETI and SSCNETI/H cannot be combined in the same line. For Q173DSCPU, SSCNETI or SSCNETI/H can be set every line.
- (Note-10): Servo amplifier (MR-J5-□B/MR-J4-□B/MR-J3-□B) only.
- (Note-11): When using the incremental synchronous encoder (SV22 use), you can use above number of modules.

When connecting the manual pulse generator, you can use only 1 module.

	Iten	า		Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)		
Motion SFC program	Code total (Motion SF Transition)	C chart + O	peration control +	652k bytes	543k bytes		
capacity	Text total (Operation	control + Tr	ansition)	668k bytes	484k bytes		
	Number of	umber of Motion SFC programs 256 (No.0 to 255)					
	Motion SF	C chart size/	program	Up to 64k bytes (Included M	lotion SFC chart comments)		
Mation SEC program	Number of	f Motion SFC	C steps/program	Up to 40	94 steps		
Motion SFC program	Number of selective branches/branch			255			
	Number of	parallel brar	nches/branch	2:	55		
	Parallel bra	anch nesting		Up to 4	1 levels		
	Number of	operation co	ontrol programs		e) and FS(Scan execution type) S0 to F/FS4095)		
	Number of	transition pr	ograms	4096(G0 to G4095)			
On emotion a control	Code size/	/program		Up to approx. 64k bytes (32766 steps)			
Operation control	Number of	blocks(line)	program	Up to 8192 blocks (in the c	ase of 4 steps(min)/blocks)		
program (F/FS)	Number of	characters/l	block	Up to 128 (com	nment included)		
/	Number of	operand/blo	ck	Up to 64 (operand: constan	ts, word device, bit devices)		
, Transition program	() nesting/	block		Up to 3	2 levels		
(G)				Calculation expression, bit conditional expression, branch/repetition processing			
	expression		on program	Calculation expression/bit conditional expression/			
	Number of				litional expression		
		multi execu			o 256		
	Number of	multi active	•		os/all programs		
		Normal tasl	(cycle of Motion CPU		
Execute specification		Event task (Execution	Fixed cycle	Execute in fixed cycle (0.22ms, 0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms, 7.11ms, 14.2ms)	Execute in fixed cycle (0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms, 7.11ms, 14.2ms)		
	Executed task	can be masked.)	External interrupt	Executes when the input set to the	event task factor in the input module CPU (16 points) turns ON.		
			PLC interrupt	Execute with interrupt instruction	on (D(P).GINT) from PLC CPU.		
NMI task				Executes when the input set to the NMI task factor in the input module controlled by the Motion CPU (16 points) turns ON.			
Number of I/O points (X/Y)					points		
Number of real I/O po)		256 points (Built-in interface in Motion CPU (Input 4 points) + I/O module + Intelligent function module)	256 points (I/O module)		

(b) Motion SFC Performance Specifications

1.2.3 Operation control/transition control specifications

Item					Spee	cification	s				Remark
	Calculation expression				a numer sions for o vices.			ly specif	ied dat	a using constants and	D100+1,SIN(D100), etc.
Expression			conditiona		a true or		sult. N or OFF	of hit de	vice		M0, !M0, M1*M0, (M1+M2)*(!M3+M4), etc.
	Conditional expression conditional expression conditional expression		omparison nditional	Express	sions for a	comparir		ly specif	ied dat	a and calculation	D100==100 D10 <d102+d10, etc.<="" td=""></d102+d10,>
		Device	e	Symbol	Acces Read	sibility Write	Usa Normal	able task Event	s NMI	Description example	The input X/output Y are written with the actual input PX/actual output PY.
	Input		module baded	х	0	0		Evon		X100	It does the layout of the I/O numbers of PX, PY by a set up of as system.
	mpar	Input	module d range	PX	0	×				PX180	(In the operation control program/transition program,
	Output	Outpu	ut module baded	Y	0	0				Y100	automatically represented as PX/PY according to the system setting information.)
			ut module d range	PY	0	0	0	0	0	PY1E0	
	Internal	relay		М	0	0				M20	
Bit devices	Multiple	CPU	Self CPU		0	0					
	area dev	/ice	Other CPU	U□\G□.□	0	×				U3E0\G10200.A	
	Link rela	v		В	0	0				B3FF	
	Annunci			F	Õ	0				F0	
	Special			SM	0	0				SM0	
	1) Write 2) Spec	tions o to dev tal rela	vice X is al ny has prec	abled bit devi lowed only wi letermined ap o other than t	ithin the i	s in the	system.	nstalled	range.	×: Unusable	
		_		-	Acces	sibility	Usa	able task	s	Description	
		Device	S	Symbol	Read	Write	Normal			example	
	Data reg	lister		D	0	0				DOL	
	Link reg			w	0	0	1			W1F:F	
	Multiple		Self CPU		0	0					
	area dev		Other CPU	U□\G□	0	×	0	0	0	U3E0\G10100	
Word devices	Special	registe	r	SD	0	0	1			SD0	
	Motion r			#	Õ	0	1			#0F	
	Coastine			FT	Ō	×	1			FT	
	CAUTIC								•	⊖: Usable X : Unusable	
	1) Spec	ial reg	ister has p	abled word de redetermined	applicati		-				
	Do r	not per	torm write	to other than	the user-	set devi	ce.				

(1) Table of the operation control/transition control specifications

Item			Specification	าร	Remark
	()	16-bit integer ty	pe (signed)	-32768 to 32767	K40 D400
	(None)	16-bit integer ty	pe (unsigned)	0 to 65535	K10, D100, etc.
Data time		32-bit integer ty	pe (signed)	-2147483648 to 2147483647	000000000 10/4001
Data type	L	32-bit integer ty	pe (unsigned)	0 to 4294967295	200000000, W100L, etc.
	F 64-bit floating-point type IEEE format				1.23, #10F, etc.
			on real number type)		0, # .0. , 0.0.
	к	Decimal constant		ol 'L' or '. (decimal point)' provided at the end e constant without the data type is regarded	K-100, H0FFL, etc.
Constant	н	Hexadecimal constant	as the applicable minimum		'K' may be omitted.
	Binary oper	ation	6		
	Bit operatio	n 6			
	Sign		1		
	Standard function		15		
	Type conversion		8		
	Bit device status		2		
	Bit device of	ontrol	5		
Number of	Logical ope	eration	4		
instructions	Compariso	n operation	6	90 in total	
	Motion dedicated function		5		
	Others		12		
	Vision syste function	em dedicated	9		
	Data contro	bl	2		
	Program co	ontrol	4		
	Synchronou dedicated f		5		
Read/write response	Input respo	nse	Direct read	control at instruction execution.	
of input PX, output PY	Output resp	oonse	Direct write	control at instruction execution.	

Table of the operation control/transition control specification (continued)

Classification	Symbol	Function	Format	Basic steps	Usab F/FS	le step G	Y/N transition's conditional	Section of reference
							expression	
	=	Substitution	(D)=(S)	4	0	0	_	5.4.1
	+	Addition	(S1)+(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.4.2
Binary operation	-	Subtraction	(S1)-(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.4.3
	*	Multiplication	(S1)*(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.4.4
	/	Division	(S1)/(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.4.5
	%	Remainder	(S1)%(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.4.6
	~	Bit inversion (complement)	~(S)	2	0	0	_	5.5.1
	&	Bit logical AND	(S1)&(S2)	4	0	0	—	5.5.2
Bit operation		Bit logical OR	(S1) (S2)	4	0	0	—	5.5.3
	۸	Bit exclusive logical OR	(S1)^(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.5.4
	>>	Bit right shift	(S1)>>(S2)	4	0	0	—	5.5.5
	<<	Bit left shift	(S1)<<(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.5.6
Sign	-	Sign inversion (complement of 2)	-(S)	2	0	0	_	5.5.7
	SIN	Sine	SIN(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.1
	COS	Cosine	COS(S)	2	0	0	_	5.6.2
	TAN	Tangent	TAN(S)	2	0	0	_	5.6.3
	ASIN	Arcsine	ASIN(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.4
	ACOS	Arccosine	ACOS(S)	2	0	0	_	5.6.5
	ATAN	Arctangent	ATAN(S)	2	0	0	_	5.6.6
	SQRT	Square root	SQRT(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.7
Standard function	LN	Natural logarithm	LN(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.8
	EXP	Exponential operation	EXP(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.9
	ABS	Absolute value	ABS(S)	2	0	0	_	5.6.10
	RND	Round-off	RND(S)	2	0	0	-	5.6.11
	FIX	Round-down	FIX(S)	2	0	0	_	5.6.12
	FUP	Round-up	FUP(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.13
	BIN	$BCD \rightarrow BIN$ conversion	BIN(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.14
	BCD	$BIN \rightarrow BCD$ conversion	BCD(S)	2	0	0	—	5.6.15
	SHORT	Convert into 16-bit integer type (signed)	SHORT(S)	2	0	0	_	5.7.1
	USHORT	Convert into 16-bit integer type (unsigned)	USHORT(S)	2	0	0	—	5.7.2
	LONG	Convert into 32-bit integer type (signed)	LONG(S)	2	0	0	—	5.7.3
	ULONG	Convert into 32-bit integer type (unsigned)	ULONG(S)	2	0	0	_	5.7.4
Type conversion	FLOAT	Regard as signed data and convert into 64-bit floating point type	FLOAT(S)	2	0	0	—	5.7.5
Type conversion	UFLOAT	Regard as unsigned data and convert into 64-bit floating point type	UFLOAT(S)	2	0	0	_	5.7.6
	DFLT	Floating-point value conversion 32-bit into 64-bit	DFLT(S)	2	0	0	_	5.7.7
	SFLT	Floating-point value conversion 64-bit into 32-bit	SFLT(S)	2	0	0	_	5.7.8
	(None)	ON (normally open contact)	(S)	2	0	0	0	5.8.1
Bit device status	!	OFF (normally closed contact)	!(S)	2	0	0	0	5.8.2
			SET(D)	3	Õ	0	_	
	SET	Device set	SET(D)= (conditional expression)	4	0	0	_	5.9.1
			RST(D)	3	0	0		
	RST	Device reset	RST(D)=(conditional	5				5.9.2
Bit device control			expression)	4	0	0	_	
	DOUT	Device output	DOUT(D),(S)	4	0	0	_	5.9.3
	DIN	Device input	DIN(D),(S)	4	0	0	_	5.9.4
	OUT	Bit device output	OUT(D)=(conditional expression)	4	0	0	—	5.9.5

(2) Table of the operation control/transition instruction

					Usabl	e step	Y/N	
Classification	Symbol	Function	Format	Basic steps	F/FS	G	transition's conditional expression	Section of reference
	(None)	Logical acknowledgment	(Conditional expression)	0	0	0	0	5.10.1
	!	Logical negation	!(Conditional expression)	2	0	0	0	5.10.2
Logical operation	*	Logical AND	(Conditional expression) * (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.10.3
	+	Logical OR	(Conditional expression) + (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.10.4
	==	Equal to	(Conditional expression) == (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.11.1
	!=	Not equal to	(Conditional expression) != (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.11.2
Comparison	<	Less than	(Conditional expression) < (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.11.3
operation	<=	Less than or equal to	(Conditional expression) <= (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.11.4
	>	More than	(Conditional expression) > (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.11.5
	>=	More than or equal to	(Conditional expression) >= (conditional expression)	4	0	0	0	5.11.6
	CHGV	Speed change request	CHGV((S1),(S2))	4	0	0	_	5.12.1
	CHGVS	Command generation axis speed change request	CHGVS((S1),(S2))	4	0	0	_	5.12.2
Motion dedicated	CHGT	Torque limit value change request	CHGT((S1),(S2))	4	0	0	_	5.12.3
function	CHGT2	Torque limit value individual change request	CHGT2((S1),(S2),(S3))	5	0	0	_	5.12.4
	CHGP	Target position change request	CHGP((S1),(S2),(S3))	6	0	0	_	5.12.5
	EI	Event task enable	El	1	0	0	_	5.13.1
	DI	Event task disable	DI	1	0	0	_	5.13.2
	NOP	No operation	NOP	1	0	0	_	5.13.3
	BMOV	Block transfer	BMOV(D),(S),(n)	6	0	0	_	5.13.4
	FMOV	Same data block transfer	FMOV(D),(S),(n)	6	0	0	—	5.13.5
	MULTW	Write device data to CPU shared memory of the self CPU	MULTW(D),(S),(n),(D1)	8	0	0	—	5.13.6
Others	MULTR	Read device data from CPU shared memory	MULTR(D),(S1),(S2),(n)	7	0	0	_	5.13.7
Others	то	Write device data to intelligent function module	TO(D1),(D2),(S),(n)	7	0	0	—	5.13.8
	FROM	Read device data from intelligent function module	FROM(D),(S1),(S2),(n)	7	0	0	—	5.13.9
	RTO	Write buffer memory data to head module	RTO(D1),(D2),(D3),(S),(n), (D4)	11	0	0	—	5.13.10
	RFROM	Read buffer memory data from head module	RFROM(D),(S1),(S2),(S3), (n),(D1)	11	0	0	—	5.13.11
	TIME	Time to wait	TIME(S)	7	—	0	_	5.13.12
	MVOPEN	Open line	MVOPEN(S1),(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.15.1
	MVLOAD	Load a program	MVLOAD(S1),(S2)	4	0	0	_	5.15.2
	MVTRG	Send an image acquisition trigger	MVTRG(S1),(S2)	4	0	0		5.15.3
Vision system	MVPST	Start a program	MVPST(S1),(S2)	4	0	0		5.15.4
dedicated	MVIN	Input data	MVIN(S1),(S2),(D),(S3)	8 or more	0	0		5.15.5
function	MVOUT	Output data	MVOUT(S1),(S2),(S3),(S4)	8 or more	0	0		5.15.6
	MVFIN	Reset a status storage device	MVFIN(S)	2	0	0		5.15.7
	MVCLOSE	Close line	MVCLOSE(S)	2	0	0		5.15.8
	MVCOM	Send a command for native mode	MVCOM(S1),(S2),(D),(S3), (S4)	9 or more	0	0	_	5.15.9
Data control	SCL	16-bit integer type scaling	SLC(S1),(S2),(S3),(D)	8	0	0	_	5.16.1
	DSCL	32-bit integer type scaling	DSCL(S1),(S2),(S3),(D)	8	0	0	—	5.16.2

Table of the operation control/transition instruction (continued)

 $\bigcirc:$ Usable, —: Unusable

Classification	Symbol	Function	Format	Basic steps	Usabl	e step G	Y/N transition's conditional expression	Section of reference
	IF - ELSE - IEND	Conditional branch control	IF(S) : ELSE : IEND	IF : 4 ELSE : 3 IEND : 1	0	0	_	5.17.1
Program control	SELECT - CASE - SEND	Selective branch control	SELECT CASE(S1) : CEND CASE(Sn) : CEND CLELSE : CEND SEND	SELECT : 1 CASE : 4 CEND : 3 CLELSE : 1 SEND : 1	0	0	Ι	5.17.2
	FOR -NEXT	Repeat control with specified count	FOR(D) = (S1) TO (S2) STEP (S3) : NEXT	FOR: 9 NEXT:8	0	0		5.17.3
	BREAK	Force termination of repeat control	BREAK	3	0	0	_	5.17.4
	CAMRD	Cam data read	CAMRD(S1),(S2),(n),(D)	7	0	0		5.18.1
Synchronous	CAMWR	Cam data write	CAMWR(S1),(S2),(n),(S3)	7	0	0	—	5.18.2
control dedicated	CAMWR2	Cam data write (Cam open area)	CAMWR2(S1),(S2),(n),(S3)	7	0	0	_	5.18.3
function	CAMMK	Cam auto-generation	CAMMK(S1),(S2),(S3)	6	0	0		5.18.4
	CAMPSCL	Cam position calculation	CAMPSCL(S1),(S2),(D)	6	0	0	—	5.18.5

Table of the operation control/transition instruction (continued)

⊖: Usable, —: Unusable

(3) Rough calculation expression of single program for operation control/transition program

- + Number of 32-bit constants/1 block imes 1
- + Number of 64-bit constants/1 block \times 3) $\times\,$ Number of blocks (steps)

(1 step = 2 bytes)

1.2.4 Positioning dedicated devices

(1) Positioning dedicated devices

The following section describes the positioning dedicated devices. The following device range is valid in the Motion.

Item	Q173DSCPU	Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)	Q172DCPU(-S1)
Number of control axes	32 axes	16 axes	32 axes	8 axes

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)", "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)",

"Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)" for details of the positioning dedicated devices.

(a) Table of the internal relays

SV13 SV22 Virtual mode switching method Advanced synchronous control method Device Purpose Device Device No. Purpose Purpose No No M0 M0 M0 User device User device User device to (2000 points) to (2000 points) to (2000 points) M2000 Common device M2000 Common device M2000 Common device to (320 points) to (320 points) to (320 points) M2320 M2320 Unusable M2320 Unusable Unusable (80 points) (80 points) (80 points) to to to M2400 M2400 M2400 Axis status (20 points \times 32 axes) Axis status Axis status (20 points \times 32 axes) Real mode : Each axis (20 points \times 32 axes) to to to Virtual mode : Output module M3040 Unusable M3040 Unusable M3040 Unusable (32 points) (32 points) (32 points) to to to M3072 Common device M3072 Common device M3072 Common device (Command signal) (Command signal) (Command signal) to to to (64 points) (64 points) (64 points) M3136 Unusable M3136 Unusable M3136 Unusable (64 points) to (64 points) (64 points) to to M3200 M3200 Axis command signal M3200 Axis command signal (20 points \times 32 axes) Axis command signal to (20 points \times 32 axes) to Real mode : Each axis to (20 points \times 32 axes) Virtual mode : Output module M3840 M3840 M3840 Unusable (160 points) to M4000 Virtual servo motor axis status (Note-1,2) (20 points \times 32 axes) User device User device to to to (848 points) (Mechanical system setting axis (848 points) only) M4640 Synchronous encoder axis status (Note-2) to M4687 M4687 (4 points \times 12 axes) M4687

Overall configuration

	SV13		SV	/22	
Device		Vi	Virtual mode switching method Advanced synchronous control method		
No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose
M4688		M4688	Unusable ^(Note-1)	M4688	
		to	(112 points)		
		M4800	Virtual servo motor axis command signal ^(Note-1,2)		
		to	(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)		
to	User device	10	(Mechanical system setting axis	to	User device
.0	(3504 points)		only)	10	(3504 points)
		M5440	Synchronous encoder axis		
		to	command signal ^(Note-2)		
		115 400	(4 points × 12 axes) User device ^(Note-3)		
		M5488			
M8192		to	(2704 points)	M8192	Custom and
við 192		M8192			System area (1608 points) @DSK @@D
				to M9800	
					Command generation axis status (20 points \times 32 axes)
				to M10440	Synchronous encoder axis status
				to	(10 points \times 12 axes) $QDS(Ver)$
				M10560	Output axis status
				to	(10 points \times 32 axes) QDS(Ver)
				M10880	Synchronous control signal
					[St.380]
				to	(32 points) QDS (Ver
				M10912	Synchronous analysis complete
				to	signal [St.381] (32 points)
				M10944	Unusable
	System area		System area	to	(16 points)
0	(3872 points)	to	(3872 points)	M10960	Command generation axis
				to	command signal
				to	(20 points × 32 axes)
				M11600	*
				to	command signal (4 points × 12 axes)
				M11648	Unusable
				to	(32 points)
				M11680	Output axis command signal
				to	(10 points × 32 axes)
				M12000	Synchronous control start signal
				to	[Rq.380] (32 points)
				M12032	Synchronous analysis request
				to	signal [Rq.381]
M12063		M12063		M12063	(32 points) QDS Ver

Overall configuration (Continued)

SV13		SV22				
Davias		Virtual mode switching method		Advan	Advanced synchronous control method	
Device No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose	
M12064 to M12287	System area (224 points)	M12064 to M12287	System area (224 points)	M12064 to M12287	Unusable (224 points)	

Overall configuration (Continued)

(Note-1): It can be used as a user device in the SV22 real mode only.

(Note-2): Do not set the M4000 to M5487 as a latch range in the virtual mode.

(Note-3): The cam axis command signal and smoothing clutch complete signal can be set as the optional device at the parameter.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M2400		M2720	
to	Axis 1 status	to	Axis 17 status
M2419		M2739	
M2420		M2740	
to	Axis 2 status	to	Axis 18 status
M2439		M2759	
M2430 M2440		M2760	
	Axis 3 status		Axis 19 status
to M2459	AXIS 5 SIGIUS	to M2779	AXIS 19 Status
		1	
M2460	Avia 4 status	M2780	Avia 20 status
to	Axis 4 status	to	Axis 20 status
M2479		M2799	
M2480		M2800	
to	Axis 5 status	to	Axis 21 status
M2499		M2819	
M2500		M2820	
to	Axis 6 status	to	Axis 22 status
M2519		M2839	
M2520		M2840	
to	Axis 7 status	to	Axis 23 status
M2539		M2859	
M2540		M2860	
to	Axis 8 status	to	Axis 24 status
M2559		M2879	
M2560		M2880	
to	Axis 9 status	to	Axis 25 status
M2579		M2899	
M2580		M2900	
to	Axis 10 status	to	Axis 26 status
M2599		M2919	
M2600		M2920	
to	Axis 11 status	to	Axis 27 status
M2619		M2939	
		M2940	
M2620	Avia 12 status		Avia 28 statua
to Magazo	Axis 12 status	to M2050	Axis 28 status
M2639		M2959	
M2640	Auto 40 status	M2960	Auto 00 status
to	Axis 13 status	to	Axis 29 status
M2659		M2979	
M2660		M2980	
to	Axis 14 status	to	Axis 30 status
M2679		M2999	
M2680		M3000	
to	Axis 15 status	to	Axis 31 status
M2699		M3019	
M2700		M3020	
to	Axis 16 status	to	Axis 32 status
M2719		M3039	

1) Table of the axis statuses (SV13/SV22)

Device No.	Signal name		
M2400+20n	Positioning start complete		
M2401+20n	Positioning compl	ete	
M2402+20n	In-position		
M2403+20n	Command in-posi	tion	
M2404+20n	Speed controlling		
M2405+20n	Speed/position sw	vitching latch	
M2406+20n	Zero pass		
M2407+20n	Error detection		
M2408+20n	Servo error detection		
M2409+20n	Home position return request		
M2410+20n	Home position return complete		
M2411+20n		FLS	
M2412+20n	Extornal signals	RLS	
M2413+20n	External signals	STOP	
M2414+20n	DOG/CHANGE		
M2415+20n	Servo ready		
M2416+20n	Torque limiting		
M2417+20n	Unusable		
M2418+20n	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning (SV22) ^(Note-1)		
M2419+20n	M-code outputting		

• Details of each axis

(Note-1): It is unusable in the SV13/SV22 real mode and SV22 advanced synchronous control.

POINT (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No. • Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31) • Q172DSCPU : Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15) • Q172DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7) (2) The following device area can be used as a user device. • Q172DSCPU : 17 axes or more • Q172DCPU(-S1) : 9 axes or more However, when the project of Q172DSCPU/Q172DCPU(-S1) is replaced with Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1), this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M3200		M3520	
to	Axis 1 command signal	to	Axis 17 command signal
M3219		M3539	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
M3220		M3540	
to	Axis 2 command signal	to	Axis 18 command signal
M3239		M3559	Axis to command signal
M3240		M3560	
to	Axis 3 command signal	to	Axis 19 command signal
	Axis 5 command signal		Axis 19 command signal
M3259 M3260		M3579	
	Avia 4 command signal	M3580	Avia 20 command signal
to	Axis 4 command signal	to	Axis 20 command signal
M3279		M3599	-
M3280		M3600	
to	Axis 5 command signal	to	Axis 21 command signal
M3299		M3619	
M3300		M3620	
to	Axis 6 command signal	to	Axis 22 command signal
M3319		M3639	
M3320		M3640	
to	Axis 7 command signal	to	Axis 23 command signal
M3339		M3659	
M3340		M3660	
to	Axis 8 command signal	to	Axis 24 command signal
M3359		M3679	
M3360		M3680	
to	Axis 9 command signal	to	Axis 25 command signal
M3379		M3699	
M3380		M3700	
to	Axis 10 command signal	to	Axis 26 command signal
M3399		M3719	
M3400		M3720	
to	Axis 11 command signal	to	Axis 27 command signal
M3419		M3739	
M3420		M3740	
to	Axis 12 command signal	to	Axis 28 command signal
M3439		M3759	Ŭ
M3440		M3760	
to	Axis 13 command signal	to	Axis 29 command signal
M3459		M3779	
M3460		M3780	
to	Axis 14 command signal	to	Axis 30 command signal
M3479		M3799	
M3480		M3800	
to	Axis 15 command signal	to	Axis 31 command signal
M3499	1 Signal	M3819	A VIS OF COmmand Signal
M3500			
	Axis 16 command signal	M3820	Axis 32 command signal
to M2510	Axis 16 command signal	to	Axis 32 command signal
M3519		M3839	

Device No.	SV13	SV22	
M3200+20n	Stop command	Stop command	
M3201+20n	Rapid stop command	Rapid stop command	
M3202+20n	Forward rotation JOG start command	Forward rotation JOG start command	
M3203+20n	Reverse rotation JOG start command	Reverse rotation JOG start command	
M3204+20n	Complete signal OFF command	Complete signal OFF command	
M3205+20n	Speed/position switching enable command	Speed/position switching enable command	
10000.00	Gain changing 2 command ^(Note-1)	Gain changing 2 command (Note-1)	
M3206+20n		QDS(Ver.)	
M3207+20n	Error reset command	Error reset command	
M3208+20n	Servo error reset command	Servo error reset command	
M2200 J 20m	External stop input disable at start	External stop input disable at start	
M3209+20n	command	command	
M3210+20n		Linux shis	
M3211+20n	Unusable	Unusable	
M3212+20n	Feed current value update command	Feed current value update command	
M3213+20n	11	Address clutch reference setting command ^(Note-2)	
M3214+20n		Cam reference position setting command ^(Note-2)	
M3215+20n	Servo OFF command	Servo OFF command	
M3216+20n	Gain changing command	Gain changing command	
M3217+20n	PI-PID switching command	PI-PID switching command	
M3218+20n	Control loop changing command	Control loop changing command	
M3219+20n	FIN signal	FIN signal	

• Details of each axis

(Note-1): Servo amplifier (MR-J5(W)-□B) only.

(Note-2): It is unusable in the SV22 real mode and SV22 advanced synchronous control.

POINT						
(1) "n" in the	(1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to					
axis No.						
• Q173DS	SCPU/Q173DCPU	(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)				
• Q172DS	SCPU	: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)				
• Q172D0	CPU(-S1)	: Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7)				
(2) The follow	2) The following device area can be used as a user device.					
• Q172DS	SCPU	: 17 axes or more				
• Q172D0	CPU(-S1)	: 9 axes or more				
However	However, when the project of Q172DSCPU/Q172DCPU(-S1) is replaced with					
Q173DS0	CPU/Q173DCPU(-	-S1), this area cannot be used as a user device.				

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M4000		M4320	
to	Axis 1 status	to	Axis 17 status
M4019		M4339	
M4020		M4340	
to	Axis 2 status	to	Axis 18 status
M4039		M4359	
M4040		M4360	
to	Axis 3 status	to	Axis 19 status
M4059		M4379	
M4060		M4380	
to	Axis 4 status	to	Axis 20 status
M4079		M4399	ANIS 20 Status
M4079		M4400	
to	Axis 5 status	to	Axis 21 status
M4099	This J status	10 M4419	-113 Z I SIGIUS
		M4419 M4420	
M4100	Avia 6 statua		Avia 22 status
to	Axis 6 status	to	Axis 22 status
M4119		M4439	
M4120	Ander 7 status	M4440	Asia 00 status
to	Axis 7 status	to	Axis 23 status
M4139		M4459	
M4140		M4460	
to	Axis 8 status	to	Axis 24 status
M4159		M4479	
M4160		M4480	
to	Axis 9 status	to	Axis 25 status
M4179		M4499	
M4180		M4500	
to	Axis 10 status	to	Axis 26 status
M4199		M4519	
M4200		M4520	
to	Axis 11 status	to	Axis 27 status
M4219		M4539	
M4220		M4540	
to	Axis 12 status	to	Axis 28 status
M4239		M4559	
M4240		M4560	
to	Axis 13 status	to	Axis 29 status
M4259		M4579	
M4260		M4580	
to	Axis 14 status	to	Axis 30 status
M4279		M4599	
M4280		M4600	
to	Axis 15 status	to	Axis 31 status
M4299		M4619	
M4300		M4620	
to	Axis 16 status	to	Axis 32 status
M4319		M4639	

3) Table of the virtual servo motor axis statuses (SV22 virtual mode only)

Device No.	Signal name	
M4000+20n	Positioning start complete	
M4001+20n	Positioning complete	
M4002+20n	Unusable	
M4003+20n	Command in-position	
M4004+20n	Speed controlling	
M4005+20n	Unusable	
M4006+20n	Unusable	
M4007+20n	Error detection	
M4008+20n		
M4009+20n		
M4010+20n		
M4011+20n		
M4012+20n		
M4013+20n	Unusable	
M4014+20n		
M4015+20n		
M4016+20n		
M4017+20n		
M4018+20n		
M4019+20n	M-code outputting	

Details of each axis

POINT (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No. • Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31) • Q172DSCPU : Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15) • Q172DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7) (2) The unused axis areas in the mechanical system program can be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M4800		M5120	
to	Axis 1 command signal	to	Axis 17 command signal
M4819		M5139	_
M4820		M5140	
to	Axis 2 command signal	to	Axis 18 command signal
M4839		M5159	°,
M4840		M5160	
to	Axis 3 command signal	to	Axis 19 command signal
M4859		M5179	5
M4860		M5180	
to	Axis 4 command signal	to	Axis 20 command signal
M4879	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	M5199	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
M4880		M5200	
to	Axis 5 command signal	to	Axis 21 command signal
M4899	, the e command eight	M5219	
M4900		M5220	
to	Axis 6 command signal	to	Axis 22 command signal
M4919		M5239	Axis 22 command signal
M4920		M5240	
to	Axis 7 command signal	to	Axis 23 command signal
M4939	Axis 7 command signal	M5259	Axis 23 command signal
M4940		M5260	
to	Axis 8 command signal	to	Axis 24 command signal
M4959	Axis o command signal	M5279	Axis 24 command signal
M4960		M5280	
	Avia 0 command signal		Avia 25 command signal
to M4979	Axis 9 command signal	to	Axis 25 command signal
		M5299	
M4980		M5300	Avia 20 commond simpl
to	Axis 10 command signal	to	Axis 26 command signal
M4999		M5319	
M5000	Avia 11 commendations!	M5320	Avia 07 commercial sizes
to	Axis 11 command signal	to M5220	Axis 27 command signal
M5019		M5339	
M5020		M5340	Auto OD commence di starre et
to	Axis 12 command signal	to	Axis 28 command signal
M5039		M5359	
M5040		M5360	Avia 20 acrossed in the
to	Axis 13 command signal	to	Axis 29 command signal
M5059		M5379	
M5060		M5380	
to	Axis 14 command signal	to	Axis 30 command signal
M5079		M5399	
M5080		M5400	
to	Axis 15 command signal	to	Axis 31 command signal
M5099		M5419	
M5100		M5420	
to	Axis 16 command signal	to	Axis 32 command signal
M5119		M5439	

4) Table of the virtual servo motor axis command signals (SV22 virtual mode only)

Device No.	Signal name	
M4800+20n	Stop command	
M4801+20n	Rapid stop command	
M4802+20n	Forward rotation JOG start command	
M4803+20n	Reverse rotation JOG start command	
M4804+20n	Complete signal OFF command	
M4805+20n	Unusable	
M4806+20n	Onusable	
M4807+20n	Error reset command	
M4808+20n	Unusable	
M4809+20n	External stop input disable at start command	
M4810+20n		
M4811+20n		
M4812+20n		
M4813+20n	Unusable	
M4814+20n		
M4815+20n		
M4816+20n		
M4817+20n		
M4818+20n		
M4819+20n	FIN signal	

• Details of each axis

Р	POINT		
(1)	"n" in the	e above device No. shows the numerical value whic	h correspond to
	axis No.		
	• Q173DS	SCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 3	1)
	• Q172DS	SCPU : Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 1	5)
	• Q172D0	CPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7))
(2)	The unus	sed axis areas in the mechanical system program c	an be used as a
	user devi	/ice.	

Device No.		Signal name	Device No.		Signal name	
M4640		Error detection	M4664		Error detection	
M4641		External signal TREN	M4665		External signal TREN	
M4642	Axis 1	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	M4666	Axis 7	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	
M4643		Unusable	M4667		Unusable	
M4644		Error detection	M4668		Error detection	
M4645		External signal TREN	M4669		External signal TREN	
M4646	Axis 2	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	M4670	Axis 8	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	
M4647		Unusable	M4671		Unusable	
M4648		Error detection	M4672		Error detection	
M4649		External signal TREN	M4673		External signal TREN	
M4650	Axis 3	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	M4674	Axis 9	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	
M4651		Unusable	M4675		Unusable	
M4652		Error detection	M4676		Error detection	
M4653		External signal TREN	M4677		External signal TREN	
M4654	Axis 4	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	M4678	Axis 10	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	
M4655		Unusable	M4679		Unusable	
M4656		Error detection	M4680		Error detection	
M4657		External signal TREN	M4681		External signal TREN	
M4658	Axis 5	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	M4682	Axis 11	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	
M4659		Unusable	M4683		Unusable	
M4660		Error detection	M4684		Error detection	
M4661	Axis 6	External signal TREN	M4685	1	External signal TREN	
M4662		Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	M4686	Axis 12	Virtual mode continuation operation disable warning	
M4663]	Unusable	M4687]	Unusable	

5) Table of the synchronous encoder axis statuses (SV22 virtual mode only)

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU(-S1).
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes in the Q172DCPU(-S1) can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DCPU(-S1) is replaced with Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1), this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.		Signal name	Device No.		Signal name
M5440		Error reset	M5464		Error reset
M5441			M5465	Axis 7	
M5442	Axis 1	Unusable	M5466		Unusable
M5443			M5467		
M5444		Error reset	M5468		Error reset
M5445	Axis 2		M5469	Avia O	
M5446	AXIS Z	Unusable	M5470	Axis 8	Unusable
M5447			M5471		
M5448		Error reset	M5472		Error reset
M5449	Axis 3		M5473	Axis 9	Unusable
M5450	AXIS 3	Unusable	M5474		
M5451			M5475		
M5452		Error reset	M5476		Error reset
M5453	Axis 4		M5477	Axis 10	
M5454	AXIS 4	Unusable	M5478		Unusable
M5455			M5479		
M5456		Error reset	M5480		Error reset
M5457	Axis 5		M5481	Axis 11	
M5458	AXIS 5	Unusable	M5482	AXIS I I	Unusable
M5459		Μ	M5483		
M5460		Error reset	M5484		Error reset
M5461	Axis 6	Axis 6 Unusable	M5485	Axis 12	Unusable
M5462			M5486	AXIS 12	
M5463			M5487		

6) Table of the synchronous encoder axis command signals (SV22 virtual mode only)

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU(-S1).
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes in the Q172DCPU(-S1) can be used as a user device.
 However, when the project of Q172DCPU(-S1) is replaced with Q173DSCPU/

Q172DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1), this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M9800		M10120	
to	Axis 1 status	to	Axis 17 status
M9819		M10139	
M9820		M10140	
to	Axis 2 status	to	Axis 18 status
M9839		M10159	
M9840		M10160	
to	Axis 3 status	to	Axis 19 status
M9859		M10179	
M9860		M10180	
to	Axis 4 status	to	Axis 20 status
	Axis 4 status		ANIS 20 Status
M9879		M10199	
M9880	Asia Estatus	M10200	Asia Od status
to	Axis 5 status	to	Axis 21 status
M9899		M10219	
M9900		M10220	
to	Axis 6 status	to	Axis 22 status
M9919		M10239	
M9920		M10240	
to	Axis 7 status	to	Axis 23 status
M9939		M10259	
M9940		M10260	
to	Axis 8 status	to	Axis 24 status
M9959		M10279	
M9960		M10280	
to	Axis 9 status	to	Axis 25 status
M9979		M10299	
M9980		M10300	
to	Axis 10 status	to	Axis 26 status
M9999		M10319	
M10000		M10320	
to	Axis 11 status	to	Axis 27 status
M10019		M10339	
M10020		M10340	
to	Axis 12 status	to	Axis 28 status
M10039		M10359	
M10040		M10360	
to	Axis 13 status	to	Axis 29 status
M10059		M10379	
M10060		M10380	
to	Axis 14 status	to	Axis 30 status
M10079		M10399	
M10080		M10400	
to	Axis 15 status	to	Axis 31 status
M10099		M10419	
M10100	Axis 16 status	M10420	Avie 32 status
to M10110	ANIS TO SIGIUS	to M10430	Axis 32 status
M10119	1	M10439	1

Table of the command generation axis statuses
 (SV22 advanced synchronous control only) (ODS) (IP)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name	
M9800+20n	St.340	Command generation axis positioning start complete	
M9801+20n	St.341	Command generation axis positioning complete	
M9802+20n		Unusable	
M9803+20n	St.342	Command generation axis command in-position	
M9804+20n	St.343	Command generation axis speed controlling	
M9805+20n		Unusable	
M9806+20n		Unusable	
M9807+20n	St.344	Command generation axis error detection	
M9808+20n		Unusable	
M9809+20n		Unusable	
M9810+20n	St.345	Command generation axis start accept flag	
M9811+20n	St.346	Command generation axis speed change accepting flag	
M9812+20n	St.347	Command generation axis speed change "0" accepting flag	
M9813+20n	St.348	Command generation axis automatic decelerating flag	
M9814+20n			
M9815+20n			
M9816+20n	—	Unusable	
M9817+20n			
M9818+20n			
M9819+20n	St.349	Command generation axis M-code outputting	

• Details of each axis

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M10960	. <u>v</u>	M11280	Ĭ
to	Axis 1 command signal	to	Axis 17 command signal
M10979	, sue : command eignai	M11299	
M10980		M11200	
to	Axis 2 command signal	to	Axis 18 command signal
M10999		M11319	Axis to command signal
M110999		M11319 M11320	
	Avia 2 command signal		Avia 10 command signal
to	Axis 3 command signal	to	Axis 19 command signal
M11019		M11339	
M11020		M11340	Asia OO assesses and size at
to	Axis 4 command signal	to	Axis 20 command signal
M11039		M11359	
M11040		M11360	
to	Axis 5 command signal	to	Axis 21 command signal
M11059		M11379	
M11060		M11380	
to	Axis 6 command signal	to	Axis 22 command signal
M11079		M11399	
M11080		M11400	
to	Axis 7 command signal	to	Axis 23 command signal
M11099		M11419	
M11100		M11420	
to	Axis 8 command signal	to	Axis 24 command signal
M11119		M11439	
M11120		M11440	
to	Axis 9 command signal	to	Axis 25 command signal
M11139		M11459	
M11140		M11460	
to	Axis 10 command signal	to	Axis 26 command signal
M11159	Ŭ	M11479	Ũ
M11160		M11480	
to	Axis 11 command signal	to	Axis 27 command signal
M11179	5	M11499	5
M11180		M11500	
to	Axis 12 command signal	to	Axis 28 command signal
M11199		M11519	
M11200		M11520	
to	Axis 13 command signal	to	Axis 29 command signal
M11219	, sao to command signal	M11539	
M11219		M11540	
to	Axis 14 command signal	to	Axis 30 command signal
M11239	This 14 command signal		AND DU CUITIMATIU SIGNAL
		M11559 M11560	
M11240	Avia 15 command signal		Avia 21 command signal
to M11250	Axis 15 command signal	to M11570	Axis 31 command signal
M11259		M11579	
M11260		M11580	
to	Axis 16 command signal	to	Axis 32 command signal
M11279		M11599	

8) Table of the command generation axis command signals (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name	
M10960+20n	Rq.341	Command generation axis stop command	
M10961+20n	Rq.342	Command generation axis rapid stop command	
M10962+20n	Rq.343	Command generation axis forward rotation JOG start command	
M10963+20n	Rq.344	Command generation axis reverse rotation JOG start command	
M10964+20n	Rq.345	Command generation axis complete signal OFF command	
M10965+20n			
M10966+20n	—	Unusable	
M10967+20n	Rq.346	Command generation axis error reset command	
M10968+20n			
M10969+20n		Linear shite	
M10970+20n	—	Unusable	
M10971+20n			
M10972+20n	Rq.347	Feed current value update request command	
M10973+20n			
M10974+20n			
M10975+20n		Linear data	
M10976+20n	—	Unusable	
M10977+20n			
M10978+20n			
M10979+20n	Rq.348	Command generation axis FIN signal	

Details of each axis

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name
M10440	
to	Axis 1 status
M10449	
M10450	
to	Axis 2 status
M10459	
M10460	
to	Axis 3 status
M10469	
M10470	
to	Axis 4 status
M10479	
M10480	
to	Axis 5 status
M10489	
M10490	
to	Axis 6 status
M10499	
M10500	
to	Axis 7 status
M10509	
M10510	
to	Axis 8 status
M10519	
M10520	
to	Axis 9 status
M10529	
M10530	
to	Axis 10 status
M10539	
M10540	
to	Axis 11 status
M10549	
M10550	
to	Axis 12 status
M10559	

9) Table of the synchronous encoder axis statuses (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

• Details of each axis

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
M10440+10n	St.320	Synchronous encoder axis setting valid flag
M10441+10n	St.321	Synchronous encoder axis connecting valid flag
M10442+10n	St.322	Synchronous encoder axis counter enable flag
M10443+10n	St.323	Synchronous encoder axis current value setting request flag
M10444+10n	St.324	Synchronous encoder axis error detection flag
M10445+10n	_	Unusable
M10446+10n	St.325	Synchronous encoder axis control complete flag
M10447+10n		
M10448+10n	—	Unusable
M10449+10n		

POINT

(1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.

• Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 12 (n=0 to 11)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name		Device No.	Symbol		Signal name
M11600	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset	M11624	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset
M11601	Rq.320		Synchronous encoder axis control request	M11625	Rq.320	Axis 7	Synchronous encoder axis control request
M11602	Rq.324	Axis 1	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU	M11626	Rq.324	Axis 7	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU
M11603	_		Unusable	M11627			Unusable
M11604	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset	M11628	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset
M11605	Rq.320	Axis 2	Synchronous encoder axis control request	M11629	Rq.320	Axis 8	Synchronous encoder axis control request
M11606	Rq.324	Axis 2	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU	M11630	Rq.324	AXIS 8	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU
M11607	_		Unusable	M11631	_		Unusable
M11608	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset	M11632	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset
M11609	Rq.320	Axis 3	Synchronous encoder axis control request	M11633	Rq.320	Axis 9	Synchronous encoder axis control request
M11610	Rq.324	AXIS 3	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU	M11634	Rq.324	Axis 9	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU
M11611	_		Unusable	M11635	_		Unusable
M11612	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset	M11636	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset
M11613	Rq.320		Synchronous encoder axis control request	M11637	Rq.320	Auto 40	Synchronous encoder axis control request
M11614	Rq.324	Axis 4	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU	M11638	Rq.324	Axis 10	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU
M11615	_		Unusable	M11639	—		Unusable
M11616	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset	M11640	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset
M11617	Rq.320	Avia E	Synchronous encoder axis control request	M11641	Rq.320	Axis 11	Synchronous encoder axis control request
M11618	Rq.324	Axis 5	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU	M11642	Rq.324	AXIS TT	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU
M11619	_		Unusable	M11643			Unusable
M11620	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset	M11644	Rq.323		Synchronous encoder axis error reset
M11621	Rq.320	Axis 6	Synchronous encoder axis control request	M11645	Rq.320	Axis 12	Synchronous encoder axis control request
M11622	Rq.324	7719 0	Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU	M11646	Rq.324		Connection command of synchronous encoder via device/master CPU
M11623	_		Unusable	M11647			Unusable

10) Table of the synchronous encoder axis command signal (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

MEMO

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M10560		M10720	
to	Axis 1 status	to	Axis 17 status
M10569		M10729	
M10570		M10730	
to	Axis 2 status	to	Axis 18 status
M10579		M10739	
M10580		M10740	
to	Axis 3 status	to	Axis 19 status
M10589		M10749	
M10590		M10750	
to	Axis 4 status	to	Axis 20 status
M10599		M10759	
M10600		M10760	
to	Axis 5 status	to	Axis 21 status
M10609		M10769	
M10610		M10709	
to	Axis 6 status	to	Axis 22 status
M10619	Axis 0 status	M10779	ANIS 22 Status
M10620			
	Avia 7 status	M10780	Avia 22 status
to	Axis 7 status	to M10789	Axis 23 status
M10629			
M10630	Avia O status	M10790	Avia 24 status
to	Axis 8 status	to	Axis 24 status
M10639		M10799	
M10640	Asia O status	M10800	Auto OF status
to	Axis 9 status	to	Axis 25 status
M10649		M10809	
M10650		M10810	
to	Axis 10 status	to	Axis 26 status
M10659		M10819	
M10660		M10820	
to	Axis 11 status	to	Axis 27 status
M10669		M10829	
M10670		M10830	
to	Axis 12 status	to	Axis 28 status
M10679		M10839	
M10680		M10840	
to	Axis 13 status	to	Axis 29 status
M10689		M10849	
M10690		M10850	
to	Axis 14 status	to	Axis 30 status
M10699		M10859	
M10700		M10860	
to	Axis 15 status	to	Axis 31 status
M10709		M10869	
M10710		M10870	
to	Axis 16 status	to	Axis 32 status
M10719		M10879	

11) Table of the output axis statuses(SV22 advanced synchronous control only) QDS(Ver.)

• Details of each axis

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
M10560+10n	St.420	Main shaft clutch ON/OFF status
M10561+10n	St.421	Main shaft clutch smoothing status
M10562+10n	St.423	Auxiliary shaft clutch ON/OFF status
M10563+10n	St.424	Auxiliary shaft clutch smoothing status
M10564+10n		Linear and a
M10565+10n		Unusable
M10566+10n	St.426	Control change complete
M10567+10n		
M10568+10n	—	Unusable
M10569+10n		

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
M11680		M11840	
to	Axis 1 command signal	to	Axis 17 command signal
M11689		M11849	
M11690	1	M11850	
to	Axis 2 command signal	to	Axis 18 command signal
M11699		M11859	
M11700		M11860	
to	Axis 3 command signal	to	Axis 19 command signal
M11709	Axis 5 command signal	M11869	
		M11870	1
M11710 to	Avia 4 command signal		Avia 20 command signal
	Axis 4 command signal	to	Axis 20 command signal
M11719		M11879	
M11720		M11880	
to	Axis 5 command signal	to	Axis 21 command signal
M11729		M11889	
M11730		M11890	
to	Axis 6 command signal	to	Axis 22 command signal
M11739		M11899	
M11740		M11900	
to	Axis 7 command signal	to	Axis 23 command signal
M11749		M11909	
M11750		M11910	
to	Axis 8 command signal	to	Axis 24 command signal
M11759		M11919	
M11760		M11920	
to	Axis 9 command signal	to	Axis 25 command signal
M11769		M11929	
M11770		M11930	
to	Axis 10 command signal	to	Axis 26 command signal
M11779		M11939	-
M11780		M11940	
to	Axis 11 command signal	to	Axis 27 command signal
M11789		M11949	Ĭ
M11790		M11950	
to	Axis 12 command signal	to	Axis 28 command signal
M11799		M11959	
M11800		M11960	
to	Axis 13 command signal	to	Axis 29 command signal
M11809		M11969	
M11810		M11970	
to	Axis 14 command signal	to	Axis 30 command signal
M11819	This is continuent signal	M11979	AND DO COMMAND SIGNAL
M11820	Avia 15 command signal	M11980	Avia 21 command signal
to M11820	Axis 15 command signal	to	Axis 31 command signal
M11829		M11989	
M11830		M11990	
to	Axis 16 command signal	to	Axis 32 command signal
M11839		M11999	

12) Table of the output axis command signals (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

•	Details	of	each	axis

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
M11680+10n	Rq.400	Main shaft clutch command
M11681+10n	Rq.401	Main shaft clutch control invalid command
M11682+10n	Rq.402	Main shaft clutch forced OFF command
M11683+10n	_	Unusable
M11684+10n	Rq.403	Auxiliary shaft clutch command
M11685+10n	Rq.404	Auxiliary shaft clutch control invalid command
M11686+10n	Rq.405	Auxiliary shaft clutch forced OFF command
M11687+10n	_	Unusable
M11688+10n	Rq.406	Control change request command
M11689+10n	_	Unusable

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Symbol		Signal name
M10880		Axis 1	
M10881		Axis 2	
M10882		Axis 3	
M10883		Axis 4	
M10884		Axis 5	
M10885		Axis 6	
M10886		Axis 7	
M10887		Axis 8	
M10888		Axis 9	
M10889		Axis 10	
M10890		Axis 11	
M10891		Axis 12	
M10892		Axis 13	
M10893		Axis 14	
M10894		Axis 15	
M10895	St.380	Axis 16	Synchronous control
M10896	31.300	Axis 17	Synchronous control
M10897		Axis 18	
M10898		Axis 19	
M10899		Axis 20	
M10900		Axis 21	
M10901		Axis 22	
M10902		Axis 23	
M10903		Axis 24	
M10904		Axis 25	
M10905		Axis 26	
M10906		Axis 27	
M10907		Axis 28	
M10908		Axis 29	
M10909		Axis 30	
M10910		Axis 31	
M10911		Axis 32	

13) Table of the synchronous control signals
 (SV22 advanced synchronous control only) (ODS) (ODS)

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 16 is valid in the Q172DSCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Symbol		Signal name
M10912		Axis 1	
M10913		Axis 2	
M10914		Axis 3	
M10915		Axis 4	
M10916		Axis 5	
M10917		Axis 6	
M10918		Axis 7	
M10919		Axis 8	
M10920		Axis 9	
M10921		Axis 10	
M10922		Axis 11	
M10923		Axis 12	
M10924		Axis 13	
M10925		Axis 14	
M10926		Axis 15	
M10927	St.381	Axis 16	Synchronous analysis complete
M10928	51.501	Axis 17	
M10929		Axis 18	
M10930		Axis 19	
M10931		Axis 20	
M10932		Axis 21	
M10933		Axis 22	
M10934		Axis 23	
M10935		Axis 24	
M10936		Axis 25	
M10937		Axis 26	
M10938		Axis 27	
M10939		Axis 28	
M10940		Axis 29	
M10941		Axis 30	
M10942		Axis 31	
M10943		Axis 32	

14) Table of the synchronous analysis complete signals (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 16 is valid in the Q172DSCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Symbol		Signal name
M12000		Axis 1	
M12001		Axis 2	
M12002		Axis 3	
M12003		Axis 4	
M12004		Axis 5	
M12005		Axis 6	
M12006		Axis 7	
M12007		Axis 8	
M12008		Axis 9	
M12009		Axis 10	
M12010		Axis 11	
M12011		Axis 12	
M12012		Axis 13	
M12013		Axis 14	
M12014		Axis 15	
M12015	Rq.380	Axis 16	Synchronous control start
M12016	1.4.500	Axis 17	Synchronous control start
M12017		Axis 18	
M12018		Axis 19	
M12019		Axis 20	
M12020		Axis 21	
M12021		Axis 22	
M12022		Axis 23	
M12023		Axis 24	
M12024		Axis 25	
M12025		Axis 26	
M12026		Axis 27	
M12027		Axis 28	
M12028		Axis 29	
M12029		Axis 30	
M12030		Axis 31	
M12031		Axis 32	

15) Table of the synchronous control start signals (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 16 is valid in the Q172DSCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Symbol		Signal name
M12032		Axis 1	
M12033		Axis 2	
M12034		Axis 3	
M12035		Axis 4	
M12036		Axis 5	
M12037		Axis 6	
M12038		Axis 7	
M12039		Axis 8	
M12040		Axis 9	
M12041		Axis 10	
M12042		Axis 11	
M12043		Axis 12	
M12044		Axis 13	
M12045		Axis 14	
M12046		Axis 15	
M12047	Rq.381	Axis 16	Synchronous analysis request
M12048	Ry.301	Axis 17	Synchronous analysis request
M12049		Axis 18	
M12050		Axis 19	
M12051		Axis 20	
M12052		Axis 21	
M12053		Axis 22	
M12054		Axis 23	
M12055		Axis 24	
M12056		Axis 25	
M12057		Axis 26	
M12058		Axis 27	
M12059		Axis 28	
M12060		Axis 29	
M12061		Axis 30	
M12062		Axis 31	
M12063		Axis 32	

16) Table of the synchronous analysis request signals (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 16 is valid in the Q172DSCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

	SV	13	,	SV	22	Refresh	Fetch	Signal	Remark
Device No.		Signal name	Device No.	Signal name		cycle	cycle	direction	(Note-7)
M2000	PLC read	dy flag	M2000	PLC read	ly flag		Main cycle	Command signal	M3072
M2001 to M2032	Axis1 to Axis32	Start accept flag (32 points)	M2001 to M2032	Axis1 to Axis32	Start accept flag (32 points)	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1, 2, 3, 4)	
M2032	Unusable	2	M2032 M2033	Unusable					
M2034	(2 points		M2034	(2 points		—	—		
M2035		rror history clear	M2035	· ·	rror history clear		Main cycle	Command signal	M3080
M2036	Unusable	e	M2036	Unusable	e				
M2037	(2 points)	M2037	(2 points)	—	—	—	
M2038	Motion S	FC debugging flag	M2038	Motion S	FC debugging flag	At debug mode transition		Status signal	
M2039	Motion e	rror detection flag	M2039	Motion e	rror detection flag	Immediate			
M2040	Speed sv specified	witching point flag	M2040	Speed sv specified	vitching point flag		At start	Command signal	M3073
M2041	System s	setting error flag	M2041	System s	etting error flag	Operation cycle		Status signal	
M2042	All axes	servo ON command	M2042	All axes	servo ON command		Operation cycle		M3074
M2043			M2043		de /virtual mode l request ^(Note-5)		At virtual mode transition	Command signal	M3075
M2044	Unusable		M2044		de/virtual mode status ^(Note-5)				
M2045	(4 points))	M2045		de/virtual mode error detection flag	At virtual mode transition		Status signal	
M2046			M2046	Out-of-sy	nc warning ^(Note-5)				
M2047	Motion sl	ot fault detection flag	M2047	Motion sl	ot fault detection flag	Operation cycle	\mathbf{V}		
M2048	JOG ope start corr	ration simultaneous mand	M2048	JOG ope start corr	ration simultaneous mand		Main cycle	Command signal	M3076
M2049	All axes	servo ON accept flag	M2049	All axes	servo ON accept flag	Operation cycle		Status signal	
M2050	Unusable	e	M2050	Unusable	e	_			
M2051	Manual p enable fla	oulse generator 1 ag	M2051	Manual p enable fla	oulse generator 1 ag				M3077
M2052	Manual p enable fla	oulse generator 2 ag	M2052	Manual p enable fla	oulse generator 2 ag		Main cycle	Command signal	M3078
M2053	Manual p enable fla	oulse generator 3 ag	M2053	Manual pulse generator 3 enable flag					M3079
M2054	Operatio	n cycle over flag	M2054	Operatio	n cycle over flag	Operation cycle		Status signal	
M2055			M2055						
to	Unusable		to	Unusable		_	_	_	
M2060	(6 points))	M2060	(6 points))				
M2061	Axis 1	Speed change	M2061	Axis 1	Speed change	0		Status airmal	
to	to	accepting flag	to	to	accepting flag	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1, 2, 3, 4)	
M2092	Axis 32	(32 axes)	M2092	Axis 32	(32 axes)		\checkmark		

17) Table of the common devices (SV13/SV22)

	SV	13		SV	22	Refresh	Fetch	Signal	Remark
Device No.		Signal name	Device No.		Signal name	cycle	cycle	direction	(Note-7)
M2093	Unusable (35 points)		M2093 to M2100	Unusable (8 points)		_	_	_	
to			M2101Axis 1Synchronous encoder current value changing flag (Note-5, 6)M2112Axis 12(Note-5, 6) (12 axes)		Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-2, 4)		
			M2113 to	Unusable	9		_	_	
M2127			M2127	(15 point	s)				
M2128 to	Axis 1 to	Automatic decelerating flag	M2128 to	Axis 1 to	Automatic decelerating flag	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1, 2, 3, 4)	
M2159	Axis 32	(32 axes)	M2159	Axis 32	(32 axes)	cycle		(
M2160			M2160		· · · · ·				
to	Unusable (80 points)		to <u>M2223</u> M2224	Unusable ^(Note-8) (64 points)		_	_	_	
			to	Unusable (16 point					
M2239		-	M2239		-,		,		
M2240	Axis 1	Speed change "0"	M2240	Axis 1	Speed change "0"		/		
to	to	accepting flag	to	to	accepting flag				
M2271	Axis 32	(32 axes)	M2271	Axis 32	(32 axes)	Operation cycle		Status signal (Note-1, 2, 3, 4)	
M2272	Axis 1	Control loop monitor	M2272	Axis 1	Control loop monitor	Cycle		,, <u>_</u> , <u>_</u> , , , , ,	
to	to	status	to	to	status		/		
M2303	Axis 32	(32 axes)	M2303	Axis 32	(32 axes)		/		
M2304 to M2319	Unusable (16 point		M2304 to M2319	Unusable (16 point		—	_	—	

Table of the common devices (SV13/SV22) (continued)

(Note-1): The range of axis No.1 to 16 is valid in the Q172DSCPU.

(Note-2): The range of axis No.1 to 8 is valid in the Q172DCPU(-S1).

(Note-3): Device area of 17 axes or more is unusable in the Q172DSCPU.

(Note-4): Device area of 9 axes or more is unusable in the Q172DCPU(-S1).

(Note-5): It is unusable in the SV22 advanced synchronous control.

(Note-6): It is unusable in the real mode. (It can be used in the real mode for the version (Refer to Section 1.3) that supports "synchronous encoder current value in real mode".)

(Note-7): It can also be ordered the device of a remark column.

(Note-8): These devices can be used as the clutch statuses.

The clutch status can also be set as the optional device at the clutch parameter.

Refer to Section 7.2.2 of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)" for details.

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction	Remark (Note-1), (Note-2)
M3072	PLC ready flag	/	Main cycle		M2000
M3073	Speed switching point specified flag		At start		M2040
M3074	All axes servo ON command		Operation cycle		M2042
M3075	Real mode/virtual mode change request (SV22) ^(Note-3)		At virtual mode transition	Command signal	M2043
M3076	JOG operation simultaneous start command			Command signal	M2048
M3077	Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag				M2051
M3078	Manual pulse generator 2 enable flag		Main cycle		M2052
M3079	Manual pulse generator 3 enable flag				M2053
M3080	Motion error history clear request flag	/			M2035
M3081					
to	Unusable ^(Note-4)	_	—	—	—
M3135	(55 points)				

18) Table of the common devices (Command signal) (SV13/SV22)

(Note-1): The state of a device is not in agreement when the device of a remark column is turned ON/OFF directly. In addition, when the request from a data register and the request from the above device are performed simultaneously, the request from the above device becomes effective.

(Note-2): It can also be ordered the device of a remark column.

(Note-3): It is unusable in the SV22 advanced synchronous control.

(Note-4): Do not use it as a user device. It can be used as a device that performs automatic refresh because of area for the reserve of command signal.

POINT

The device of a remark column turns ON by OFF to ON of the above device, and turns OFF by ON to OFF of the above device.

The command signal cannot be turned ON/OFF by the PLC CPU in the automatic refresh because the statuses and commands are mixed together in M2000 to M2053. Use the above devices in the case.

And, it can also be turned ON/OFF by the data register.

Refer to Section 3.2.3 of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" or Section 4.2.8 of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)" for details.

MEMO

	SV13		S\	/22		
		Virtual mode switching method		Advanced synchronous control method		
Device No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose	
D0	Axis monitor device	D0	Axis monitor device $(20 \text{ points} \times 32 \text{ axes})$	D0	Axis monitor device	
to	(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)	to	Real mode : Each axis Virtual mode : Output module	to	(20 points $ imes$ 32 axes)	
D640 to	Control change register (2 points \times 32 axes)	D640 to	Control change register (2 points \times 32 axes)	D640 to	Control change register (2 points $ imes$ 32 axes)	
D704	Common device	D704	Common device	D704	Common device	
to	(Command signal) (54 points)	to	(Command signal) (54 points)	to	(Command signal) (54 points)	
D758	Unusable	D758	Unusable	D758	Unusable	
to	(42 points)	to	(42 points)	to	(42 points)	
D800		D800	Virtual servo motor axis monitor device ^(Note-1)	D800		
		to	(10 points × 32 axes) (Mechanical system setting axis only)			
		D1120	Synchronous encoder axis			
to	User device (7392 points)	to	monitor device	to	User device (7392 points)	
		to	(10 points $ imes$ 12 axes)			
		D1240	Cam axis monitor device (Note-1)			
		to	(10 points × 32 axes)			
		D1560	User device			
D8191		to D8191	(6632 points)	D8191		
	/		/	D8192	User device	
				to	(2048 points) @DS(Ver.)	
				D10240 to	System area (2040 points) @DSK Ven	
				D12280 to	Servo input axis monitor device (10 points × 32 axes)	
				D12600	Command generation axis	
				to	monitor device (20 points × 32 axes) @DSK Ven	
				D13240	Synchronous encoder axis monitor device	
				to	(20 points × 12 axes)	
				D13480 to	Unusable (120 points) @DS(@@	
		/	/	D13600 to	Output axis monitor device (30 points × 32 axes)	
				D14560 to	Unusable	
/				D14599	(40 points) QDS Ver.	

(b) Table of the data registers• Overall configuration

SV13		SV22				
Dovice	Device		Virtual mode switching method		Advanced synchronous control method	
No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose	Device No.	Purpose	
			/	D14600	Servo input axis control device	
					(2 points × 32 axes)	
					Unusable	
					(16 points) QDS (Ver.)	
				D14680	Command generation axis control	
				to	device	
				D (1000	(4 points × 32 axes)	
				D14808		
				to	(12 points) QDS(Ver	
				D14820	Synchronous encoder axis control	
				to	device (10 points × 12 axes) @DSK Ver	
				D14940	Unusable	
				to	(60 points) @DSK Ver	
/	/		/	D15000	Output axis control device	
				to	(150 points \times 32 axes) \bigcirc	
				D19800	Unusable	
				to	(24 points) QDS(Ver	
/		/		D19823		

Overall configuration (Continued)

(Note-1): It can be used as a user device in the SV22 real mode only.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D0		D320	
to	Axis 1 monitor device	to	Axis 17 monitor device
D19		D339	
D20		D340	
to	Axis 2 monitor device	to	Axis 18 monitor device
D39		D359	
D40		D360	
to	Axis 3 monitor device	to	Axis 19 monitor device
D59		D379	
D60		D380	
to	Axis 4 monitor device	to	Axis 20 monitor device
D79		D399	
D80		D400	
to	Axis 5 monitor device	to	Axis 21 monitor device
D99		D419	
D100		D420	
to	Axis 6 monitor device	to	Axis 22 monitor device
D119		D439	
D120		D440	
to	Axis 7 monitor device	to	Axis 23 monitor device
D139		D459	
D140		D460	
to	Axis 8 monitor device	to	Axis 24 monitor device
D159		D479	
D160		D480	
to	Axis 9 monitor device	to	Axis 25 monitor device
D179		D499	
D180		D500	
to	Axis 10 monitor device	to	Axis 26 monitor device
D199		D519	
D200		D520	
to	Axis 11 monitor device	to	Axis 27 monitor device
D219		D539	
D220		D540	
to	Axis 12 monitor device	to	Axis 28 monitor device
D239		D559	
D240		D560	
to	Axis 13 monitor device	to	Axis 29 monitor device
D259		D579	
D260		D580	
to	Axis 14 monitor device	to	Axis 30 monitor device
D279		D599	
D280		D600	
to	Axis 15 monitor device	to	Axis 31 monitor device
D299		D619	
D300		D620	
to	Axis 16 monitor device	to	Axis 32 monitor device
D319		D639	

1)	Table of each	axis monitor	devices	(SV13/SV22)
----	---------------	--------------	---------	-------------

	Signal			
Device No.	SV13/SV22 real mode/ SV22 advanced synchronous control	SV22 virtual mode	Signal direction	
D0+20n D1+20n	Feed current value	Feed current value/roller cycle speed		
D2+20n D3+20n	Real current value	Real current value		
D4+20n D5+20n	Deviation counter value	Deviation counter value		
D6+20n	Minor error code	Minor error code		
D7+20n	Major error code	Major error code		
D8+20n	Servo error code	Servo error code	Manitan daviaa	
D9+20n	Home position return re-travel value	_	Monitor device	
D10+20n D11+20n	Travel value after proximity dog ON	_		
D12+20n	Execute program No.	_		
D13+20n	M-code			
D14+20n	Torque limit value	Torque limit value		
D15+20n	Data set pointer for constant- speed control	—		
D16+20n D17+20n	Unusable ^(Note-1)	Unusable ^(Note-1)		
D18+20n D19+20n	Real current value at stop input	_	Monitor device	

Details of each axis

(Note-1): It can be used as the travel value change register.

The travel value change register can be set to the device optionally in the servo program. Refer to Section 6.15 of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for details.

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU : Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
 - Q172DCPU(-S1)
 - : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7)
- (2) The following device area can be used as a user device.
 - Q172DSCPU : 17 axes or more
 - : 9 axes or more • Q172DCPU(-S1)

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU/Q172DCPU(-S1) is replaced with Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1), this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D640	Axis 1 JOG speed setting	D672	Axis 17 JOG speed setting
D641	register	D673	register
D642	Axis 2 JOG speed setting	D674	Axis 18 JOG speed setting
D643	register	D675	register
D644	Axis 3 JOG speed setting	D676	Axis 19 JOG speed setting
D645	register	D677	register
D646	Axis 4 JOG speed setting	D678	Axis 20 JOG speed setting
D647	register	D679	register
D648	Axis 5 JOG speed setting	D680	Axis 21 JOG speed setting
D649	register	D681	register
D650	Axis 6 JOG speed setting	D682	Axis 22 JOG speed setting
D651	register	D683	register
D652	Axis 7 JOG speed setting	D684	Axis 23 JOG speed setting
D653	register	D685	register
D654	Axis 8 JOG speed setting	D686	Axis 24 JOG speed setting
D655	register	D687	register
D656	Axis 9 JOG speed setting	D688	Axis 25 JOG speed setting
D657	register	D689	register
D658	Axis 10 JOG speed setting	D690	Axis 26 JOG speed setting
D659	register	D691	register
D660	Axis 11 JOG speed setting	D692	Axis 27 JOG speed setting
D661	register	D693	register
D662	Axis 12 JOG speed setting	D694	Axis 28 JOG speed setting
D663	register	D695	register
D664	Axis 13 JOG speed setting	D696	Axis 29 JOG speed setting
D665	register	D697	register
D666	Axis 14 JOG speed setting	D698	Axis 30 JOG speed setting
D667	register	D699	register
D668	Axis 15 JOG speed setting	D700	Axis 31 JOG speed setting
D669	register	D701	register
D670	Axis 16 JOG speed setting	D702	Axis 32 JOG speed setting
D671	register	D703	register

2)	Table of the control	change registers	(SV13/SV22)

POINT

- (1) The following range is valid.
 - Q172DSCPU
 - Q172DCPU(-S1)
- : Axis No.1 to 16 : Axis No.1 to 8
- (2) The following device area can be used as a user device.
 - Q172DSCPU
- : 17 axes or more
- Q172DCPU(-S1)
- : 9 axes or more
- However, when the project of Q172DSCPU/Q172DCPU(-S1) is replaced with Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1), this area cannot be used as a user device.

MEMO

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D800		D960	
to	Axis 1 monitor device	to	Axis 17 monitor device
D809		D969	
D810		D970	
to	Axis 2 monitor device	to	Axis 18 monitor device
D819		D979	
D820		D980	
to	Axis 3 monitor device	to	Axis 19 monitor device
D829		D989	
D830		D990	
to	Axis 4 monitor device	to	Axis 20 monitor device
D839		D999	
D840		D1000	
to	Axis 5 monitor device	to	Axis 21 monitor device
D849		D1009	Axis 21 monitor device
D850		D1009	
to	Axis 6 monitor device		Axis 22 monitor device
D859	Axis o monitor device	to D1019	Axis 22 monitor device
D860		D1019	
	Avia 7 manitan davias		Avia 22 manitan davias
to	Axis 7 monitor device	to	Axis 23 monitor device
D869		D1029	
D870		D1030	
to	Axis 8 monitor device	to	Axis 24 monitor device
D879		D1039	
D880		D1040	
to	Axis 9 monitor device	to	Axis 25 monitor device
D889		D1049	
D890		D1050	
to	Axis 10 monitor device	to	Axis 26 monitor device
D899		D1059	
D900		D1060	
to	Axis 11 monitor device	to	Axis 27 monitor device
D909		D1069	
D910		D1070	
to	Axis 12 monitor device	to	Axis 28 monitor device
D919		D1079	
D920		D1080	
to	Axis 13 monitor device	to	Axis 29 monitor device
D929		D1089	
D930		D1090	
to	Axis 14 monitor device	to	Axis 30 monitor device
D939		D1099	
D940		D1100	
to	Axis 15 monitor device	to	Axis 31 monitor device
D949		D1109	
D950		D1110	
to	Axis 16 monitor device	to	Axis 32 monitor device
D959		D1119	

 Table of the virtual servo motor axis monitor devices (SV22 virtual mode only)

 Details of each 	axis
-------------------------------------	------

Device No.	Signal name
D800+10n	Feed current value
D801+10n	
D802+10n	Minor error code
D803+10n	Major error code
D804+10n	Execute program No.
D805+10n	M-code
D806+10n	Current value after virtual servo motor axis main shaft's
D807+10n	differential gear
D808+10n	Error search output axis No.
D809+10n	Data set pointer for constant-speed control

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU
- : Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15) : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7)
- Q172DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7)
 (2) The unused axis areas in the mechanical system program can be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name
D1120	
to	Axis 1 monitor device
D1129	
D1130	
to	Axis 2 monitor device
D1139	
D1140	
to	Axis 3 monitor device
D1149	
D1150	
to	Axis 4 monitor device
D1159	
D1160	
to	Axis 5 monitor device
D1169	
D1170	
to	Axis 6 monitor device
D1179	
D1180	
to	Axis 7 monitor device
D1189	
D1190	
to	Axis 8 monitor device
D1199	
D1200	
to	Axis 9 monitor device
D1209	
D1210	
to	Axis 10 monitor device
D1219	
D1220	
to	Axis 11 monitor device
D1229	
D1230	
to	Axis 12 monitor device
D1239	

4) Table of the synchronous encoder axis monitor devices (SV22 virtual mode only)

Device No.	Signal name	
D1120+10n	Current value	
D1121+10n		
D1122+10n	Minor error code	
D1123+10n	Major error code	
D1124+10n	Unusable	
D1125+10n		
D1126+10n	Current value after synchronous encoder axis main	
D1127+10n	shaft's differential gear	
D1128+10n	Error search output axis No.	
D1129+10n	Unusable	

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 12 (n=0 to 11)
 - Q172DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7)
- (2) The device area more than 9 axes in the Q172DCPU(-S1) can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DCPU(-S1) is replaced with Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1), this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D1240		D1400	
to	Axis 1 monitor device	to	Axis 17 monitor device
D1249		D1409	
D1250		D1410	
to	Axis 2 monitor device	to	Axis 18 monitor device
D1259		D1419	
D1260		D1420	
to	Axis 3 monitor device	to	Axis 19 monitor device
D1269		D1429	
D1270		D1430	
to	Axis 4 monitor device	to	Axis 20 monitor device
D1279		D1439	
D1280		D1440	
to	Axis 5 monitor device	to	Axis 21 monitor device
D1289		D1449	
D1289		D1449	
	Axis 6 monitor device		Axis 22 monitor device
to D1299	AXIS 0 MONITOR DEVICE	to	Axis 22 monitor device
		D1459 D1460	
D1300	Avia 7 monitor device		Avia 22 manitar davias
to	Axis 7 monitor device	to	Axis 23 monitor device
D1309		D1469	
D1310	Asia Ossanitan davias	D1470	
to	Axis 8 monitor device	to	Axis 24 monitor device
D1319		D1479	
D1320	Avia O monitor device	D1480	Avia OE monitor device
to	Axis 9 monitor device	to	Axis 25 monitor device
D1329		D1489	
D1330		D1490	Avia 00 months de l
to	Axis 10 monitor device	to	Axis 26 monitor device
D1339		D1499	
D1340		D1500	
to	Axis 11 monitor device	to	Axis 27 monitor device
D1349		D1509	+
D1350		D1510	
to	Axis 12 monitor device	to	Axis 28 monitor device
D1359		D1519	
D1360		D1520	
to	Axis 13 monitor device	to	Axis 29 monitor device
D1369		D1529	
D1370		D1530	
to	Axis 14 monitor device	to	Axis 30 monitor device
D1379		D1539	
D1380		D1540	
to	Axis 15 monitor device	to	Axis 31 monitor device
D1389		D1549	
D1390		D1550	
to	Axis 16 monitor device	to	Axis 32 monitor device
D1399		D1559	

5) Table of the cam axis monitor devices (SV22 virtual mode only)

Details of each axis

Device No.	Signal name	
D1240+10n	Unusable	
D1241+10n	Execute cam No.	
D1242+10n	Everyte starke everyte	
D1243+10n	Execute stroke amount	
D1244+10n	Current value within 1 cam shaft revolution	
D1245+10n		
D1246+10n		
D1247+10n	Unusable	
D1248+10n		
D1249+10n		

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU
- : Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- Q172DCPU(-S1)
- : Axis No.1 to 8 (n=0 to 7)
- (2) The unused axis areas in the mechanical system program can be used as a user device.

i		-	
Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D12280		D12440	
to	Axis 1 monitor device	to	Axis 17 monitor device
D12289		D12449	
D12290		D12450	
to	Axis 2 monitor device	to	Axis 18 monitor device
D12299		D12459	
D12300		D12460	
to	Axis 3 monitor device	to	Axis 19 monitor device
D12309		D12469	
D12309		D12409	1
to	Axis 4 monitor device	to	Axis 20 monitor device
D12319		D12479	
D12320	Asia E manifest davida	D12480	Auto Od monitor desider
to	Axis 5 monitor device	to	Axis 21 monitor device
D12329		D12489	
D12330		D12490	
to	Axis 6 monitor device	to	Axis 22 monitor device
D12339		D12499	
D12340		D12500	
to	Axis 7 monitor device	to	Axis 23 monitor device
D12349		D12509	
D12350		D12510	
to	Axis 8 monitor device	to	Axis 24 monitor device
D12359		D12519	
D12360		D12520	
to	Axis 9 monitor device	to	Axis 25 monitor device
D12369		D12529	
D12370		D12530	
to	Axis 10 monitor device	to	Axis 26 monitor device
D12379		D12539	
D12380		D12540	
to	Axis 11 monitor device	to	Axis 27 monitor device
D12389		D12549	
D12390		D12550	
to	Axis 12 monitor device	to	Axis 28 monitor device
D12399		D12559	
D12333		D12560	
to	Axis 13 monitor device	to	Axis 29 monitor device
D12409		D12569	
D12410	Avia 14 monitor dovias	D12570	Avia 20 manitar davias
to	Axis 14 monitor device	to	Axis 30 monitor device
D12419		D12579	
D12420		D12580	Asia Od manifestation
to	Axis 15 monitor device	to	Axis 31 monitor device
D12429		D12589	
D12430		D12590	
to	Axis 16 monitor device	to	Axis 32 monitor device
D12439		D12599	

 6) Table of the servo input axis monitor devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only) (ODS) (IP)

· Details of each axis

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name	
D12280+10n	Md.300	Servo input axis current value	
D12281+10n	1010.300		
D12282+10n		Come innut avia and d	
D12283+10n	Md.301	Servo input axis speed	
D12284+10n		Converting the standard company strengthere	
D12285+10n	Md.302	Servo input axis phase compensation amount	
D12286+10n	M4 202	Convolution and the enterior dispetion reactification amount	
D12287+10n	Md.303	Servo input axis rotation direction restriction amount	
D12288+10n		Linuada	
D12289+10n	_	Unusable	

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- (2) The device area can be used more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name	Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D14600		Axis 1 servo input axis phase	D14632		Axis 17 servo input axis phase
D14601		compensation advance time	D14633		compensation advance time
D14602		Axis 2 servo input axis phase	D14634		Axis 18 servo input axis phase
D14603		compensation advance time	D14635		compensation advance time
D14604		Axis 3 servo input axis phase	D14636		Axis 19 servo input axis phase
D14605		compensation advance time	D14637		compensation advance time
D14606		Axis 4 servo input axis phase	D14638		Axis 20 servo input axis phase
D14607		compensation advance time	D14639		compensation advance time
D14608		Axis 5 servo input axis phase	D14640		Axis 21 servo input axis phase
D14609		compensation advance time	D14641		compensation advance time
D14610		Axis 6 servo input axis phase	D14642		Axis 22 servo input axis phase
D14611		compensation advance time	D14643		compensation advance time
D14612		Axis 7 servo input axis phase	D14644		Axis 23 servo input axis phase
D14613		compensation advance time	D14645		compensation advance time
D14614		Axis 8 servo input axis phase	D14646		Axis 24 servo input axis phase
D14615	Pr.302	compensation advance time	D14647	Pr.302	compensation advance time
D14616	F1.302	Axis 9 servo input axis phase	D14648	F1.302	Axis 25 servo input axis phase
D14617		compensation advance time	D14649		compensation advance time
D14618		Axis 10 servo input axis phase	D14650		Axis 26 servo input axis phase
D14619		compensation advance time	D14651		compensation advance time
D14620		Axis 11 servo input axis phase	D14652		Axis 27 servo input axis phase
D14621		compensation advance time	D14653		compensation advance time
D14622		Axis 12 servo input axis phase	D14654		Axis 28 servo input axis phase
D14623		compensation advance time	D14655		compensation advance time
D14624		Axis 13 servo input axis phase	D14656		Axis 29 servo input axis phase
D14625		compensation advance time	D14657		compensation advance time
D14626		Axis 14 servo input axis phase	D14658		Axis 30 servo input axis phase
D14627		compensation advance time	D14659		compensation advance time
D14628		Axis 15 servo input axis phase	D14660		Axis 31 servo input axis phase
D14629		compensation advance time	D14661		compensation advance time
D14630		Axis 16 servo input axis phase	D14662		Axis 32 servo input axis phase
D14631		compensation advance time	D14663		compensation advance time

Table of the servo input axis control devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only) (ODS)

POINT

- (1) The range of axis No.1 to 16 is valid in the Q172DSCPU.
- (2) The device area more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

MEMO

. <u> </u>

	-		
Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D12600		D12920	
to	Axis 1 monitor device	to	Axis 17 monitor device
D12619		D12939	
D12620		D12940	
to	Axis 2 monitor device	to	Axis 18 monitor device
D12639		D12959	
D12639		D12959	
	Axis 3 monitor device		Axis 19 monitor device
to D12659		to 12979	
		D12979	
D12660	Avia 1 monitor doutes	D12980	Avia 20 manitar device
to	Axis 4 monitor device	to	Axis 20 monitor device
D12679		D12999	
D12680		D13000	
to	Axis 5 monitor device	to	Axis 21 monitor device
D12699		D13019	
D12700		D13020	
to	Axis 6 monitor device	to	Axis 22 monitor device
D12719		D13039	
D12720		D13040	
to	Axis 7 monitor device	to	Axis 23 monitor device
D12739		D13059	
D12740		D13060	
to	Axis 8 monitor device	to	Axis 24 monitor device
D12759		D13079	
D12760		D13080	
to	Axis 9 monitor device	to	Axis 25 monitor device
D12779		D13099	
D12780		D13100	
to	Axis 10 monitor device	to	Axis 26 monitor device
D12799		D13119	
D12700		D13120	
to	Axis 11 monitor device	to	Axis 27 monitor device
D12819		D13139	
D12819		D13139	
	Avia 12 monitor dovice		Axis 28 monitor dovice
to 12830	Axis 12 monitor device	to	Axis 28 monitor device
D12839		D13159	
D12840		D13160	
to	Axis 13 monitor device	to	Axis 29 monitor device
D12859		D13179	
D12860		D13180	
to	Axis 14 monitor device	to	Axis 30 monitor device
D12879		D13199	
D12880		D13200	
to	Axis 15 monitor device	to	Axis 31 monitor device
D12899		D13219	
D12900		D13220	
to	Axis 16 monitor device	to	Axis 32 monitor device
D12919		D13239	
D12919		D13239	

8) Table of the command generation axis monitor devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D12600+20n D12601+20n	Md.340	Command generation axis feed current value
D12602+20n	Md.341	Command generation axis minor error code
D12603+20n	Md.342	Command generation axis major error code
D12604+20n	Md.343	Command generation axis execute program No.
D12605+20n	Md.344	Command generation axis M-code
D12606+20n D12607+20n	Md.345	Command generation axis accumulative current value
D12608+20n		Unusable
D12609+20n	Md.346	Command generation axis data set pointer for constant- speed control
D12610+20n D12611+20n	Md.347	Command generation axis current value per cycle
D12612+20n D12613+20n	Md.348	Command generation axis command speed
D12614+20n		
D12615+20n		
D12616+20n		
D12617+20n	—	Unusable
D12618+20n		
D12619+20n		

• Details of each axis

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- (2) The device area can be used more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

	-		• /
Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D14680		D14744	
to	Axis 1 control device	to	Axis 17 control device
D14683		D14747	
D14684		D14748	
to	Axis 2 control device	to	Axis 18 control device
D14687		D14751	
D14688		D14752	
	Axis 3 control device		Axis 19 control device
to	Axis 5 control device	to	Axis 19 control device
D14691		D14755	
D14692	Assis A souther below in a	D14756	Auria OO a sustant dan isa
to	Axis 4 control device	to	Axis 20 control device
D14695		D14759	
D14696		D14760	
to	Axis 5 control device	to	Axis 21 control device
D14699		D14763	
D14700		D14764	
to	Axis 6 control device	to	Axis 22 control device
D14703		D14767	
D14704		D14768	
to	Axis 7 control device	to	Axis 23 control device
D14707		D14771	
D14708		D14772	
to	Axis 8 control device	to	Axis 24 control device
D14711		D14775	
D14712		D14776	
to	Axis 9 control device	to	Axis 25 control device
D14715		D14779	
D14716		D14780	
to	Axis 10 control device	to	Axis 26 control device
D14719	Axis to control device	D14783	Axis 20 control device
D14720	Avia 11 control device	D14784	Avia 07 control device
to	Axis 11 control device	to	Axis 27 control device
D14723		D14787	
D14724		D14788	
to	Axis 12 control device	to	Axis 28 control device
D14727		D14791	
D14728		D14792	
to	Axis 13 control device	to	Axis 29 control device
D14731		D14795	
D14732		D14796	
to	Axis 14 control device	to	Axis 30 control device
D14735		D14799	
D14736		D14800	
to	Axis 15 control device	to	Axis 31 control device
D14739		D14803	
D14740		D14804	
to	Axis 16 control device	to	Axis 32 control device
D14743		D14807	
	l	2.1007	

9) Table of the command generation axis control devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

· Details of each axis

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D14680+4n D14681+4n	Cd.340	Command generation axis JOG speed setting
D14682+4n	Pr.348	Command generation axis JOG operation parameter block setting
D14683+4n	_	Unusable

POINT

(1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.

• Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)

• Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)

(2) The device area can be used more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.	Signal name
D13240	
to	Axis 1 monitor device
D13259	
D13260	
to	Axis 2 monitor device
D13279	
D13280	
to	Axis 3 monitor device
D13299	
D13300	
to	Axis 4 monitor device
D13319	
D13320	
to	Axis 5 monitor device
D13339	
D13340	
to	Axis 6 monitor device
D13359	
D13360	
to	Axis 7 monitor device
D13379	
D13380	
to	Axis 8 monitor device
D13399	
D13400	
to	Axis 9 monitor device
D13419	
D13420	
to	Axis 10 monitor device
D13439	
D13440	
to	Axis 11 monitor device
D13459	
D13460	
to	Axis 12 monitor device
D13479	

10) Table of the synchronous encoder axis monitor devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name	
D13240+20n D13241+20n	Md.320	Synchronous encoder axis current value	
D13242+20n D13243+20n	Md.321	Synchronous encoder axis current value per cycle	
D13244+20n D13245+20n	Md.322	Synchronous encoder axis speed	
D13246+20n D13247+20n	Md.323	Synchronous encoder axis phase compensation amount	
D13248+20n D13249+20n	Md.324	Synchronous encoder axis rotation direction restriction amount	
D13250+20n	Md.327	Synchronous encoder axis minor error code	
D13251+20n	Md.326	Synchronous encoder axis major error code	
D13252+20n			
D13253+20n			
D13254+20n			
D13255+20n		Unusable	
D13256+20n	_	Unusable	
D13257+20n			
D13258+20n			
D13259+20n			

• Details of each axis

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 12 (n=0 to 11)

Device No.	Signal name
D14820	
to	Axis 1 control device
D14829	
D14830	
to	Axis 2 control device
D14839	
D14840	
to	Axis 3 control device
D14849	
D14850	
to	Axis 4 control device
D14859	
D14860	
to	Axis 5 control device
D14869	
D14870	
to	Axis 6 control device
D14879	
D14880	
to	Axis 7 control device
D14889	
D14890	
to	Axis 8 control device
D14899	
D14900	
to	Axis 9 control device
D14909	
D14910	
to	Axis 10 control device
D14919	
D14920	
to	Axis 11 control device
D14929	
D14930	
to	Axis 12 control device
D14939	

11) Table of the synchronous encoder axis control devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

• Details of each axis

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D14820+10n D14821+10n	Pr.326	Synchronous encoder axis phase compensation advance time
D14822+10n	Cd.320	Synchronous encoder axis control start condition
D14823+10n	Cd.321	Synchronous encoder axis control method
D14824+10n D14825+10n	Cd.322	Synchronous encoder axis current value setting address
D14826+10n D14827+10n	Cd.325	Input value for synchronous encoder via device
D14828+10n D14829+10n	_	Unusable

POINT

(1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.

• Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 12 (n=0 to 11)

	-	-	
Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D13600		D14080	
to	Axis 1 monitor device	to	Axis 17 monitor device
D13629		D14109	
D13630		D14110	
to	Axis 2 monitor device	to	Axis 18 monitor device
D13659		D14139	
D13660		D14140	
to	Axis 3 monitor device	to	Axis 19 monitor device
	Axis 5 monitor device		Axis 19 monitor device
D13689		D14169	
D13690	Assis Amerikan davise	D14170	Asia OO waarita a daalaa
to	Axis 4 monitor device	to	Axis 20 monitor device
D13719		D14199	
D13720		D14200	
to	Axis 5 monitor device	to	Axis 21 monitor device
D13749		D14229	
D13750		D14230	
to	Axis 6 monitor device	to	Axis 22 monitor device
D13779		D14259	
D13780		D14260	
to	Axis 7 monitor device	to	Axis 23 monitor device
D13809		D14289	
D13810		D14290	
to	Axis 8 monitor device	to	Axis 24 monitor device
D13839		D14319	
D13840		D14320	
to	Axis 9 monitor device	to	Axis 25 monitor device
D13869		D14349	
D13870		D14350	
to	Axis 10 monitor device	to	Axis 26 monitor device
D13899		D14379	
D13900		D14380	
to	Axis 11 monitor device	to	Axis 27 monitor device
D13929		D14409	
D13930		D14410	
to	Axis 12 monitor device	to	Axis 28 monitor device
D13959		D14439	
D13960		D14440	
to	Axis 13 monitor device	to	Axis 29 monitor device
D13989		D14469	
D13990	Avia 11 manitar device	D14470	Avia 20 manitar davias
to	Axis 14 monitor device	to	Axis 30 monitor device
D14019		D14499	
D14020		D14500	
to	Axis 15 monitor device	to	Axis 31 monitor device
D14049		D14529	
D14050		D14530	
to	Axis 16 monitor device	to	Axis 32 monitor device
D14079		D14559	

12) Table of the output axis monitor devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D13600+30n D13601+30n	Md.400	Current value after composite main shaft gear
D13602+30n D13603+30n	Md.401	Current value per cycle after main shaft gear
D13604+30n D13605+30n	Md.402	Current value per cycle after auxiliary shaft gear
D13606+30n D13607+30n	Md.422	Main shaft clutch slippage (accumulative)
D13608+30n D13609+30n	Md.425	Auxiliary shaft clutch slippage (accumulative)
D13610+30n D13611+30n	Md.406	Cam axis phase compensation amount
D13612+30n D13613+30n	Md.407	Cam axis current value per cycle
D13614+30n D13615+30n	Md.408	Cam reference position
D13616+30n D13617+30n	Md.409	Cam axis current feed value
D13618+30n	Md.410	Execute cam No.
D13619+30n	_	Unusable
D13620+30n D13621+30n	Md.411	Execute cam stroke amount
D13622+30n	Md.412	Execute cam axis length per cycle
D13623+30n	1010.412	
D13624+30n		
D13625+30n		
D13626+30n		Unusable
D13627+30n		Citadabio
D13628+30n		
D13629+30n		

• Details of each axis

POINT

- (1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.
 - Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)
 - Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)
- (2) The device area can be used more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

	Signal name		Signal name
Device No.	Signal name	Device No.	Signal name
D15000		D17400	
to	Axis 1 control device	to	Axis 17 control device
D15149		D17549	
D15150		D17550	
to	Axis 2 control device	to	Axis 18 control device
D15299		D17699	
D15300		D17700	
to	Axis 3 control device	to	Axis 19 control device
D15449		D17849	
D15450		D17850	
to	Axis 4 control device	to	Axis 20 control device
D15599		D17999	
D15600		D18000	
to	Axis 5 control device	to	Axis 21 control device
D15749		D18149	
D15750		D18150	
to	Axis 6 control device	to	Axis 22 control device
D15899		D18299	
D15900		D18300	
to	Axis 7 control device	to	Axis 23 control device
D16049		D18449	
D16050		D18450	
to	Axis 8 control device	to	Axis 24 control device
D16199		D18599	
D16200		D18600	
to	Axis 9 control device	to	Axis 25 control device
D16349		D18749	
D16350		D18750	
to	Axis 10 control device	to	Axis 26 control device
D16499		D18899	
D16500		D18900	
to	Axis 11 control device	to	Axis 27 control device
D16649		D19049	
D16650		D19050	
to	Axis 12 control device	to	Axis 28 control device
D16799		D19199	
D16800		D19200	
to	Axis 13 control device	to	Axis 29 control device
D16949		D19349	
D16950		D19350	
to	Axis 14 control device	to	Axis 30 control device
D17099		D19499	
D17100		D19500	
to	Axis 15 control device	to	Axis 31 control device
D17249		D19649	
D17250		D19650	
to	Axis 16 control device	to	Axis 32 control device
D17399		D19799	
	1		1

13) Table of the command generation axis control devices (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

• Details of each axis

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D15000+150n	Pr.400	Main input axis No.
D15001+150n	Pr.401	Sub input axis No.
D15002+150n	Pr.402	Composite main shaft gear
D15003+150n	11.402	Unusable
D15004+150n		
D15005+150n	Pr.403	Main shaft gear: Numerator
D15006+150n		
D15007+150n	Pr.404	Main shaft gear: Denominator
D15008+150n	Pr.405	Main shaft clutch control setting
D15009+150n	Pr.405	Main shaft clutch reference address setting
D15010+150n	F1.400	
D15010+1501 D15011+150n	Pr.407	Main shaft clutch ON address
D15012+150n D15013+150n	Pr.408	Travel value before main shaft clutch ON
D15014+150n D15015+150n	Pr.409	Main shaft clutch OFF address
D15015+150n		
D15010+1501 D15017+150n	Pr.410	Travel value before main shaft clutch OFF
D15017+1501 D15018+150n	Pr.411	Main shaft clutch smoothing method
D15018+150n	Pr.411	Main shaft clutch smoothing time constant
	PI.412	
D15020+150n	Pr.413	Slippage amount at main shaft clutch ON
D15021+150n		
D15022+150n	Pr.414	Slippage amount at main shaft clutch OFF
D15023+150n	Dr 119	Auxiliany shaft axis No
D15024+150n	Pr.418	Auxiliary shaft axis No.
D15025+150n D15026+150n	Pr.419	Composite auxiliary shaft gear
D15020+1501 D15027+150n	Pr.420	Auxiliary shaft gear: Numerator
D15028+150n		
D15029+150n	Pr.421	Auxiliary shaft gear: Denominator
D15030+150n	Pr.422	Auxiliary shaft clutch control setting
	Pr.422	
D15031+150n D15032+150n	F1.423	Auxiliary shaft clutch reference address setting
D15032+150n D15033+150n	Pr.424	Auxiliary shaft clutch ON address
D15033+150n D15034+150n		
D15034+150n D15035+150n	Pr.425	Travel value before auxiliary shaft clutch ON
D15036+150n		
D15036+150n D15037+150n	Pr.426	Auxiliary shaft clutch OFF address
D15037+1501		
D15038+1501 D15039+150n	Pr.427	Travel value before auxiliary shaft clutch OFF
D15040+150n	Pr.428	Auxiliary shaft clutch smoothing method
D15040+150n	Pr.429	Auxiliary shaft clutch smoothing time constant
D15042+150n	11.423	
D15042+1501 D15043+150n	Pr.430	Slippage amount at auxiliary shaft clutch ON
D15043+150n		
D15044+150n D15045+150n	Pr.431	Slippage amount at auxiliary shaft clutch OFF
	Pr.434	Sneed change gear 1
D15046+150n		Speed change gear 1
D15047+150n	Pr.435	Speed change gear 1 smoothing time constant
D15048+150n	Pr.436	Speed change ratio 1: Numerator
D15049+150n		

	,	,
Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D15050+150n	Pr.437	Speed change ratio 1: Denominator
D15051+150n	11.407	
D15052+150n	Pr.490	Speed change gear 2
D15053+150n	Pr.491	Speed change gear 2 smoothing time constant
D15054+150n	Pr.492	Speed change ratio 2: Numerator
D15055+150n		
D15056+150n	Pr.493	Speed change ratio 2: Denominator
D15057+150n	5 (00	
D15058+150n	Pr.438	Cam axis cycle unit setting
D15059+150n	Pr.442	Cam axis length per cycle change setting
D15060+150n	Pr.439	Cam axis length per cycle
D15061+150n	Pr.440	Cam No.
D15062+150n	F1.440	
D15063+150n D15064+150n	_	Unusable
D15064+150n D15065+150n	Pr.441	Cam stroke amount
D15066+150n		
D15067+150n	Pr.444	Cam axis phase compensation advance time
D15068+150n	Pr.445	Cam axis phase compensation time constant
D15069+150n	Pr.448	Synchronous control parameter block No.
D15070+150n	Pr.447	Output axis smoothing time constant
D15071+150n		J
D15072+150n		
D15073+150n		
D15074+150n		
D15075+150n		
D15076+150n		
D15077+150n		
D15078+150n		
D15079+150n		
D15080+150n		
D15081+150n		
D15082+150n		
D15083+150n		
D15084+150n		
D15085+150n	_	Unusable
D15086+150n		
D15087+150n		
D15088+150n		
D15089+150n		
D15090+150n		
D15091+150n		
D15092+150n		
D15093+150n		
D15094+150n		
D15095+150n		
D15096+150n		
D15097+150n		
D15098+150n		
Breecorreen		

• Details of each axis (Continued)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
	5 400	Setting method of current value per cycle after main
D15100+150n	Pr.460	shaft gear
		Setting method of current value per cycle after auxiliary
D15101+150n	Pr.461	shaft gear
D15102+150n	Pr.462	Cam axis position restoration object
D15103+150n	Pr.463	Setting method of cam reference position
D15104+150n	Pr.464	Setting method of cam axis current value per cycle
D15105+150n		Unusable
D15106+150n	Pr.465	Current value per cycle after main shaft gear (Initial
D15107+150n	F1.403	setting)
D15108+150n	Pr.466	Current value per cycle after auxiliary shaft gear (Initial
D15109+150n	11.400	setting)
D15110+150n	Pr.467	Cam reference position (Initial setting)
D15111+150n		
D15112+150n	Pr.468	Cam axis current value per cycle (Initial setting)
D15113+150n		
D15114+150n		
D15115+150n		
D15116+150n		
D15117+150n		
D15118+150n		
D15119+150n		
D15120+150n		
D15121+150n	_	Unusable
D15122+150n		
D15123+150n		
D15124+150n		
D15125+150n		
D15126+150n		
D15127+150n		
D15128+150n		
D15129+150n		
D15130+150n	Cd.407	Synchronous control change command
D15131+150n	Cd.409	Synchronous control reflection time
D15132+150n	Cd.408	Synchronous control change value
D15133+150n	04.100	
D15134+150n		
D15135+150n		
D15136+150n		
D15137+150n		
D15138+150n		
D15139+150n		
D15140+150n	—	Unusable
D15141+150n		
D15142+150n		
D15143+150n		
D15144+150n		
D15145+150n		
D15146+150n		

• Details of each axis (Continued)

• Details of each axis (Continued)

Device No.	Symbol	Signal name
D15147+150n		
D15148+150n	—	Unusable
D15149+150n		

POINT

(1) "n" in the above device No. shows the numerical value which correspond to axis No.

• Q173DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 32 (n=0 to 31)

• Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16 (n=0 to 15)

(2) The device area can be used more than 17 axes in the Q172DSCPU can be used as a user device.

However, when the project of Q172DSCPU is replaced with Q173DSCPU, this area cannot be used as a user device.

Device No.		Signal name	Signal direction	Device No.		Signal name	Signal direction
D704	PLC read	dy flag request		D740	Axis 21		
D705	Speed sv request	vitching point specified flag		D741	Axis 22		
D706	All axes	servo ON command request	Command	D742	Axis 23		
D707		de/virtual mode switching SV22) ^(Note-1)	device	D743	Axis 24		
D708	•	ration simultaneous start d request		D744	Axis 25	Manual pulse generators 1 pulse input magnification setting register	
D709	Unusable	e		D745	Axis 26	(Note-2, 3)	
D710	100			D746	Axis 27		
to	-	ration simultaneous start		D747	Axis 28		
D713	axis setti	ng register		D748	Axis 29		Command
D714	Monual r	vulco gonorator avia 1 No		D749	Axis 30		device
D714 D715	setting re	oulse generator axis 1 No.		D750	Axis 31		
0/13	setting re	gister		D751	Axis 32		
D716	Manualin	ulse generator axis 2 No		D752	Manual p	oulse generator 1 smoothing	
D717	Manual pulse generator axis 2 No. setting register			DTOL	magnific	agnification setting register	
				D753	Manual pulse generator 2 smoothing		
D718	Manual pulse generator axis 3 No. setting register				magnification setting register		
D719				D754	Manual pulse generator 3 smoothing		
D700				D755		ation setting register	
D720	Axis 1			D755		Manual pulse generator 1 enable flag request	
D721	Axis 2			D756		bulse generator 2 enable flag request	
D722 D723	Axis 3 Axis 4			D757 D758	Manual p	oulse generator 3 enable flag request	
D723 D724	Axis 4		Command	D736			
D725	Axis 5		device				
D725	Axis 0						
D720 D727	Axis 7						
D728	Axis 9	Manual pulse generators					
D729	Axis 10	1 pulse input magnification					
D730	Axis 11	setting register (Note-2, 3)		ta	Unusable	e	
D731	Axis 12			10	(42 point	s)	_
D732	Axis 13						
D733	Axis 14						
D734	Axis 15						
D735	Axis 16						
D736	Axis 17						
D737	Axis 18						
D738	Axis 19						
D739	Axis 20			D799			

14) Table of the common devices (SV13/SV22)

(Note-1): It is unusable in the SV22 advanced synchronous control.

(Note-2): The following range is valid.

Q172DSCPU: Axis No.1 to 16, Q172DCPU(-S1): Axis No.1 to 8 (Note-3): The following device area is unusable.

Q172DSCPU: 17 axes or more, Q172DCPU(-S1): 9 axes or more

1.3 Restrictions by the Software's Version

There are restrictions in the function that can be used by the version of the operating system software and programming software. The combination of each version and a function is shown in Table1.1.

	Operating system softwa		
Function	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)	
Checking Motion controller's serial number and operating	_	00D	
system software version in GX Developer		000	
Advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration			
(Except constant-speed control (CPSTART) of servo	—	00H	
program.)			
Direct drive servo	_	00H	
MR-J3-□B-RJ080W		0011	
Servo amplifier display servo error code (#8008+20n)		00H	
0.44ms fixed-cycle event task	—	00H	
444µs coasting timer (SD720, SD721)	—	00H	
Synchronous encoder current value monitor in real mode	—	00H	
Display of the past ten times history in current value history		00H	
monitor	—	UUH	
Amplifier-less operation		00H	
Servo instruction (Home position return (ZERO), high speed			
oscillation (OSC)) and manual pulse generator operation in	_	00H	
mixed function of virtual mode/real mode			
Advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration in constant-		00K	
speed control (CPSTART) of servo program.	—	UUK	
External input signal (DOG) of servo amplifier in home position		00G	
return of count method and speed-position switching control	—	0003	
Communication via PERIPHERAL I/F	—	00H	
Motion SFC operation control instruction		00L	
Type conversion (DFLT, SFLT)	—	UOL	
Vision system dedicated function (MVOPEN, MVLOAD,		00L	
MVTRG, MVPST, MVIN, MVFIN, MVCLOSE, MVCOM)	—	UUL	
Home position return of scale home position signal detection		00L	
method		UUL	
Real time display function in digital oscilloscope function	—	00N	
Rapid stop deceleration time setting error invalid function	_	00S	

	Dragramming a offusion				
	Programming software version			Section of reference	
MELSOFT MT Work		MR Configurator2	MR Configurator	Section of reference	
Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)				
_	_	_	_	(Note-2)	
1.39R	1.06G	_	_	(Note-3)	
1.39R	1.06G	1.01B	C2		
_	_	_	_	(Note-3), (Note-4)	
1.39R	1.06G	—	—	Chapter 9	
_	_	_	_	(Note-5)	
_	_	_	_	(Note-4)	
1.39R	1.06G	_	_	(Note-5)	
_	_	_	_	(Note-5)	
1.39R	1.09K	_	_	(Note-4)	
1.39R	1.09K	_	_	(Note-3)	
1.39R	1.15R	_	_		
1.39R	1.15R	_		(Note-5)	
1.39R	1.15R	_	_	Section 5.7.7 Section 5.7.8	
 1.39R	1.15R			Section 5.15 APPENDIX 3	
1.39R	1.15R		_	(Note-3)	
1.39R	1.17T	_	_		
				(Note-3)	

—: There is no restriction by the version.

(Note-1): SV13/SV22 is the completely same version.

(Note-2): The operating system software version can be confirmed in the operating system software (CD-ROM), MT Developer2 or

GX Works2/GX Developer. (Refer to "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON) Section 1.3, 1.4".)

(Note-3): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)

(Note-4): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)

(Note-5): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)

(Note-6): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (Safety Observation)

(Note-7): Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)

Table 1.1 Restrictions b	ov the	Software's	Version	(continued))
	<i>y</i> uio	00111100	0101011		/

	_	Operating system software version (Note-1), (Note-2)		
Function		Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)	
Vision system dedicated function (MVOU	T)	_	00S	
Motion SFC operation control instruction Program control (IF - ELSE - IEND, SELI FOR -NEXT, BREAK)	ECT -CASE - SEND,	_	00R	
Display format depending on the error se information of motion error history device	-	_	00S	
Product information list device (#8736 to	#8751)	_	00S	
Safety observation function		_	00S	
Feed current value update command (M3 speed control (I)	3212+20n) valid in	00B	Not support	
External forced stop input ON latch (SM5	06)	00B	00S	
Operation method (SD560)	,	00B	Not support	
Advanced synchronous control		00B	Not support	
Limit switch output function expansion		00B	Not support	
Driver communication function (SSCNET	Ш)	00C	Not support	
Intelligent function module support		00C	Not support	
SSCNETI/H head module connection		00C	Not support	
Cam auto-generation (CAMMK) easy stre	oke ratio cam	00C	Not support	
Acceleration/deceleration time change fu	nction	00C	Not support	
Home position return of dogless home po reference method	osition signal	00C	Not support	
Setting range expansion of backlash comp	ensation amount	00C	Not support	
Multiple CPU synchronous control		00C	Not support	
Cam axis length per cycle change during	synchronous control	00C	Not support	
Servo driver VCI series manufactured	SSCNET	_	00L	
by CKD Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.	SSCNETI/H	00D	Not support	
Inverter FR-A700 series		_	_	
Synchronous encoder via servo amplifier		00D	Not support	
Driver communication function (SSCNET	Ш/H)	00D	Not support	
Optical hub unit connection		00F	Not support	
Home position return of driver home position return method		00H	Not support	
Stepping motor module AlphaStep/5-phase manufactured by ORIENTAL MOTOR Co., Ltd.		00H	Not support	
Servo driver VPH series manufactured by CKD Nikki Denso Co., Ltd.		00H	Not support	
IAI electric actuator controller manufacture	d by IAI Corporation	00H	Not support	
Inverter FR-A800 series		00J	Not support	

1 OVERVIEW

Programming software version				
MELSOFT MT Work	MELSOFT MT Works2 (MT Developer2) MR Configurator2 MR Configurator2		Section of reference	
Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)		MR Configurator	
1.39R	1.39R	_	_	Section 5.15.6 APPENDIX 3
1.39R	1.39R	_	_	Section 5.17
_	_	_	_	Section 12.2
_	_	_	_	(Note-3), (Note-4)
1.39R	1.39R	_	_	(Note-6)
_	Not support	_	_	(Note-3)
_	_	—		(Note-5)
	Not support			(Note-5)
1.47Z	Not support	_	_	(Note-7)
1.47Z	Not support	_	_	(Note-5)
	Not support	_	_	(Note-5)
1.56J	Not support	_	_	(Note-5)
1.56J	Not support	_	_	(Note-5)
1.56J	Not support	_	_	Section 5.18.4
1.56J	Not support	_	_	(Note-3)
1.56J	Not support	_	_	(Note-3)
1.56J	Not support	_	_	(Note-3)
1.56J	Not support	_	_	(Note-7)
1.56J	Not support	_	_	(Note-7)
1.34L	1.15R			(Note-3)
1.56J	Not support	_	—	(Note-3)
1.34L	1.15R	_	_	(Note-3)
1.68W	Not support	1.23Z	Not support	(Note-7)
1.68W	Not support	1.23Z	Not support	(Note-5)
_	Not support	_		(Note-3)
1.118Y	Not support	—	_	(Note-3)
1.118Y	Not support	_	_	(Note-3)
1.118Y	Not support		_	(Note-3)
1.118Y	Not support	_	_	(Note-3)
 1.120A	Not support		_	(Note-3)

—: There is no restriction by the version.

(Note-1): SV13/SV22 is the completely same version.

(Note-2): The operating system software version can be confirmed in the operating system software (CD-ROM), MT Developer2 or

GX Works2/GX Developer. (Refer to "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON) Section 1.3, 1.4".)

(Note-3): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)

(Note-4): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)

(Note-5): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)

(Note-6): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (Safety Observation)

(Note-7): Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)

Table 1.1 Restrictions by the obligate's version (continued)					
	Operating system softw				
Function	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)			
Improvement of absolute positioning operation for servo driver VCII/VPH series manufactured by CKD Nikki Denso Co., Ltd., and stepping motor module AlphaStep/5-phase manufactured by ORIENTAL MOTOR Co., Ltd.	OOL	Not support			
Servo amplifier MR-J5(W)-⊟B support	00Y	Not support			
DOG/CHANGE signal input method support	00Y	Not support			
Servo amplifier MR-JE-⊡B support	0AA	Not support			
Mark detection signal input method support	0AB	Not support			
Fixed cycle system processing time monitor	0AB	Not support			

Table 1.1 Restrictions by the Software's Version (continued)

	Programming software version				
	MELSOFT MT Works2 (MT Developer2)		MD O		Section of reference
-	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)	MR Configurator2	MR Configurator	
	_	Not support	_	_	(Note-3)
	1.170C	Not support	1.130L	Not support	
	1.170C	Not support	_	_	(Note-5)
	1.187V	Not support	1.145B	Not support	
	1.190Y	Not support	_	_	(Note-5)
		Not support	_	_	(Note-5)

—: There is no restriction by the version.

(Note-1): SV13/SV22 is the completely same version.

(Note-2): The operating system software version can be confirmed in the operating system software (CD-ROM), MT Developer2 or

GX Works2/GX Developer. (Refer to "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON) Section 1.3, 1.4".)

(Note-3): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)

(Note-4): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)

(Note-5): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)

(Note-6): Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (Safety Observation)

(Note-7): Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)

1.4 Programming Software Version

The programming software versions that support Motion CPU are shown below.

······ F 3 ······· - · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Motion CPU	MELSOFT MT Works2 (MT Developer2)			
	SV13/SV22	SV43	MR Configurator2	MR Configurator
Q173DSCPU	1.39R (Note-1)		1.10L	Not support
Q172DSCPU	1.39R (Note-1)		1.10L	Not support
Q173DCPU-S1	1.00A (Note-2)	1.03D (Note-3)	1.00A	C0 (Note-4)
Q172DCPU-S1	1.00A (Note-2)	1.03D (Note-3)	1.00A	C0 (Note-4)
Q173DCPU	1.00A	1.03D	1.00A	C0 (Note-4)
Q172DCPU	1.00A	1.03D	1.00A	C0 (Note-4)

(Note-1): Use version 1.47Z or later to use advanced synchronous control method.

(Note-2): Use version 1.12N or later to communicate via PERIPHERAL I/F.

(Note-3): Use version 1.23Z or later to communicate via PERIPHERAL I/F.

(Note-4): Use version C1 or later to use MR Configurator combination with MT Developer2.

2. STRUCTURE OF THE MOTION CPU PROGRAM

- (1) Motion CPU programs are created in the Motion SFC of flowchart format. The motion control of servo motors is performed using the real-mode servo programs specified by motion-control steps in a Motion SFC program in SV13/SV22 real mode.
- (2) Virtual servo motors in a mechanical system program are controlled using the virtual mode servo programs specified by motion-control steps so as to enable synchronous control in SV22 virtual mode.
- (3) By setting the synchronous control parameter and starting the synchronous control for each output axis, the SV22 advanced synchronous control is performed in synchronization with the input axis (servo input axis, command generation axis, synchronous encoder axis).
- (4) By using the sequence program in the PLC CPU, Motion dedicated PLC instructions in the Motion CPU perform the following controls.
 - Start of Motion SFC program
 - Start of servo program
 - Change of current value/speed/torque limit value
 - Start of event task
- (5) Refer to the following for the details of Motion SFC programs, motion control in real mode, motion control in virtual mode, and motion control in advanced synchronous control, and Motion dedicated PLC instructions in the PLC CPU.

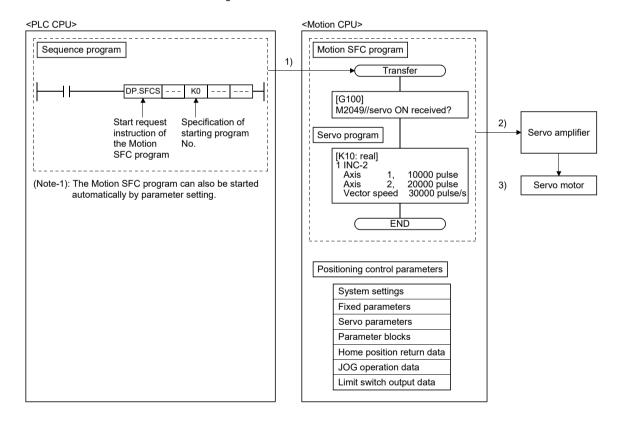
Item	Reference
Motion dedicated PLC instructions in the PLC CPU	Chapter 3
Motion SFC program	Chapter 4
Motion control in SV13/SV22 real mode (Servo program)	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)
Motion control in SV22 virtual mode (Mechanical system program)	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)
Motion control in SV22 advanced synchronous control	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual
(Synchronous control parameter)	(Advanced Synchronous Control)

2.1 Motion Control in SV13/SV22 Real Mode

- System with servo motor is controlled directly using the servo program in (SV13/SV22) real mode.
- (2) Setting of the positioning parameter and creation of the servo program/ Motion SFC program are required.
- (3) The procedure of positioning control is shown below:
 - 1) Motion SFC program is requested to start using the D(P).SFCS instruction of the sequence program.

(Motion SFC program can also be started automatically by parameter setting.)

- \downarrow
- Execute the positioning control using the specified the Motion SFC program. (Output to the servo amplifier)
- Ţ
- 3) The servo motor is controlled.

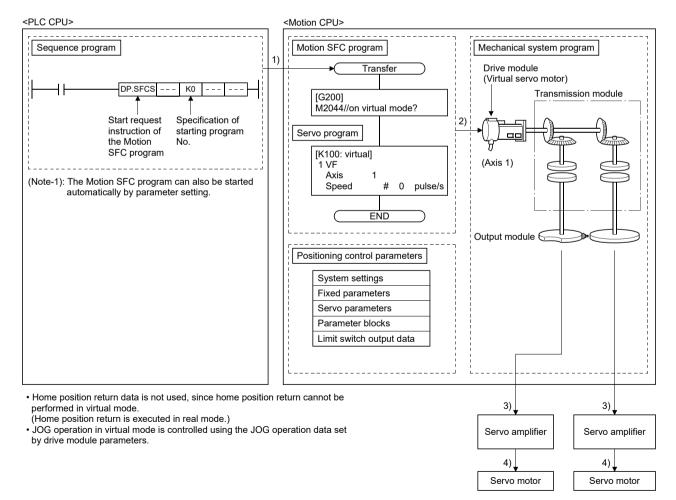


Program structure in SV13/SV22 real mode

2.2 Motion Control in SV22 Virtual Mode

- Software-based synchronous control is performed using the mechanical system program constructed by virtual main shaft and mechanical module in (SV22) virtual mode.
- (2) Mechanical system programs is required in addition to the positioning parameter, servo program/Motion SFC program used in real mode.
- (3) The procedure of positioning control in virtual mode is shown below:
 - Motion SFC program for virtual mode is requested to start using the D(P).SFCS instruction of the sequence program. (Motion SFC program can also be started automatically by parameter setting.)
 - 2) The virtual servo motor in the mechanical system program is started.
 - Ţ

- 3) Output the operation result obtained through the transmission module to the servo amplifier set as the output module.
- 4) The servo motor is controlled.



Program structure in SV22 virtual mode

2.3 Motion Control in SV22 Advanced Synchronous Control

- (1) Advanced synchronous control can be achieved using software instead of controlling mechanically with gear, shaft, speed change gear or cam etc.
- (2) The synchronous control parameter is required in addition to the positioning parameter, servo program/Motion SFC program used in real mode.
- (3) The procedure of positioning control in advanced synchronous control is shown below:
 - 1) Motion SFC program for advanced synchronous control is requested to start using the D(P).SFCS instruction of the sequence program.
 - (Motion SFC program can also be started automatically by parameter setting.)
 - 2) The command generation axis in the advanced synchronous control is started.
 - Ţ

.....

- 3) Output the synchronous control parameter to the servo amplifier of each axis.
 - 4) The servo motor is controlled.

<PLC CPU> <Motion CPU> Motion SFC program Sequence program Axis 1 synchronous control parameter 1) (each axis) Transfe Command generation axis DP.SFCS K300 - - -[G300] M10880//on synchronous control? Start request Specification of 2) instruction of starting program Servo program the Motion No SFC program [K100: Command generation axis] (Axis 1) 1 VF Axis (Note-1): The Motion SFC program can also be started # 0 pulse/s Speed automatically by parameter setting END Positioning control parameters System settings Fixed parameters Servo parameters Parameter blocks Limit switch output data

Program structure in SV22 advanced synchronous control

 Home position return data is not used, since home position return cannot be performed in advanced synchronous control.

 JOG operation in advanced synchronous control is controlled using the JOG operation data set by command generation parameters.





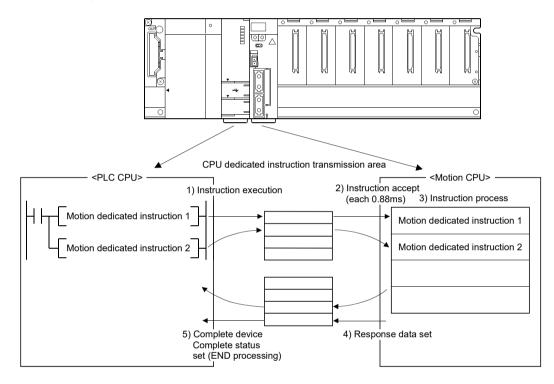
3. MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

3.1 Outline of Motion Dedicated PLC Instruction

Motion dedicated PLC instruction is used to access the device data and start-up program of Motion CPU from PLC CPU.

Motion dedicated PLC instruction is transmitted through the CPU dedicated instruction transmission area set up in system area on the shared memory at the Multiple CPU high speed transmission.

Outline operation for Motion dedicated PLC instruction is shown below.



3.2 Motion Dedicated PLC Instruction

The Motion dedicated PLC instruction that can be executed toward the Motion CPU
which installed the operating system software (SV13/SV22) for Q173D(S)CPU/
Q172D(S)CPU is shown below.

					SV22	
				Real		
Instructior	I	Description	SV13		Advanced synchronous control	Virtual mode
D(P).SFCS Start request of the specified Motion SFC program		0	0	0	0	
D(P).SVST		Start request of the specified servo program	0	0	0	0
	J		0	0	O (Note-1)	0
D(P).CHGA	Е	Current value change request of the specified axis	×	×	imes (Note-2)	0
	С		×	×	imes (Note-2)	0
D(P).CHGAS		Current value change request of the specified command generation axis	×	×	0	imes (Note-4)
D(P).CHGV		Speed change request of the specified axis	0	0	(Note-3)	0
D(P).CHGVS		Speed change request of the specified command generation axis	×	×	0	imes (Note-4)
D(P).CHGT		Torque control value change request of the specified axis	0	0	0	0
D(P).CHGT2		Torque control value individual change request of the specified axis	0	0	0	0
D(P).DDWR		Write device data of the self CPU to the device of another Motion CPU	0	0	0	0
D(P).DDRD		Read device data of another Motion CPU to the device of self CPU	0	0	0	0
D(P).GINT		Execute request of an event task of Motion SFC program	0	0	0	0

 \bigcirc : Possible, \times : Not possible

(Note-1): If the instruction is executed for the axis during the synchronous control, a minor error (error code: 300) occurs and the instruction is not executed.

(Note-2): The error code (2203(H)) is stored in the complete status storage device specified in the D(P).CHGA instruction, and the instruction is not executed.

Execute the current value change of the synchronous encoder by using [Rq.320] Synchronous encoder axis control request (M11601+4n). Execute the current value change of the cam axis by using the synchronous control change function.

(Refer to the "Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)" for details.)

(Note-3): If the instruction is executed toward the axis during the synchronous control, the instruction is ignored.

(Note-4): The error code (2002(H)) is stored in the complete status storage device specified in the D(P).CHGAS instruction or the D(P).CHGVS instruction, and the instruction is not executed.

Ver.! : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

3.2.1 Motion SFC start request from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).SFCS (PLC instruction: D(P).SFCS)

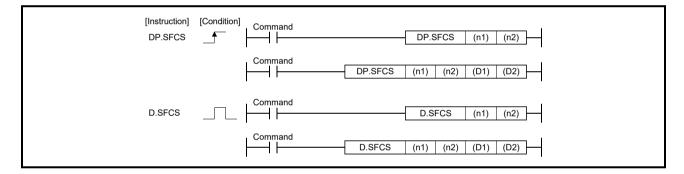
						Usab	le devices					
Setting		devices 1, User)	File re	egister	Link dire J⊑	ct device]\G	Unit acce U⊟	ss device ∖G□	Index	Consta	ant	
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(n2)		0		0						0		
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)									
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)								

 $\bigcirc: \textbf{Usable} \qquad \bigtriangleup: \textbf{Usable partly}$

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2): Index qualification possible (except constant)



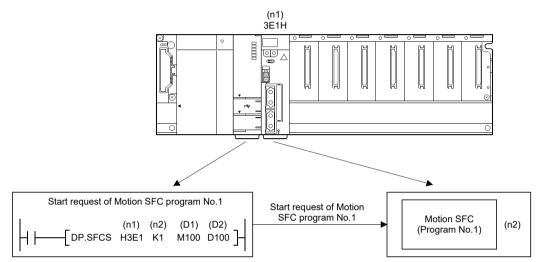
[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(n2)	Motion SFC program No. to start.	User	16-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.)	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

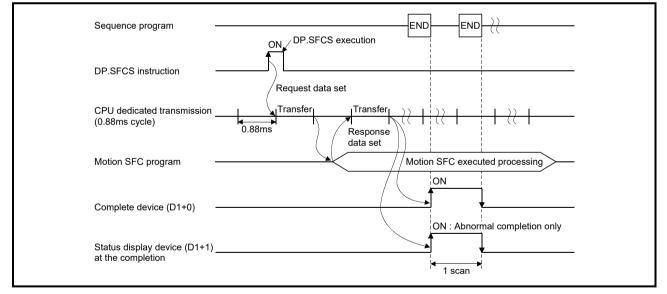
[Controls]

- (1) Request to start the Motion SFC program of program No. specified with (n2). The Motion SFC program can start any task setting of the normal task, event task and NMI task.
- (2) This instruction is always valid regardless of the state of real mode/virtual mode/ mode switching when the operating system software of Motion CPU is SV22.



[Operation]





3 MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

[Setting range]

(1) Setting of Motion SFC program

(n2) usable range
0 to 255

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note) (Error code) (H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	
2100	There are 65 or more simultaneous D(P).SFCS instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them.	Confirm a program, and correct a sequence program.
2200	The Motion SFC program No. to start is outside the range of 0 to 255.	

(Note): 0000H (Normal)

The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

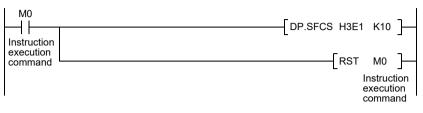
Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H. 	Confirm a program,
4351	 It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module. (1) The instruction name is wrong. (2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified. 	and correct a sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device which cannot be used for the instruction specified is specified.	

(Note): 0 (Normal)

[Program example]

(1) Program which starts the Motion SFC program No.10 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

M0		[DP.SFCS H3E1 K10 M100 D100]
execution command		RST M0] Instruction execution command
M100 Complete device	M101 	[Normal complete program [Abnormal complete program]

3.2.2 Servo program start request from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).SVST (PLC instruction: D(P).SVST)

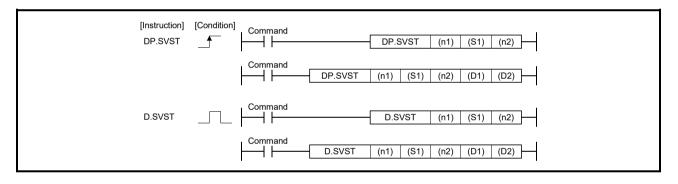
						Usab	le devices					
Setting		devices n, User)	File re	egister		ct device \\G	Unit acce U⊟'	ess device ∖G⊟	Index	Consta	Constant	
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(S1)		0		0							0	
(n2)		0		0						0		
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)									
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)								

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2): Index qualification possible (except constant)



3 MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

[Setting data]

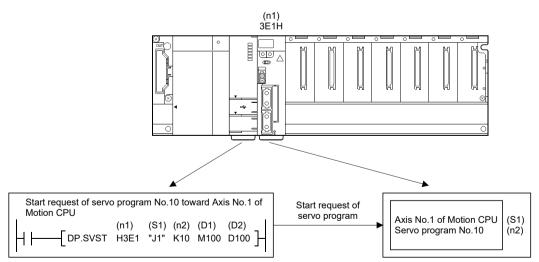
Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Axis No.("Jn") (Note-2) to start. Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : J1 to J32 Q172DSCPU : J1 to J16 Q172DCPU(-S1) : J1 to J8	User	Character sequence
(n2)	Servo program No. to execute	User	16-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.)	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to axis No. (n=1 to 32)

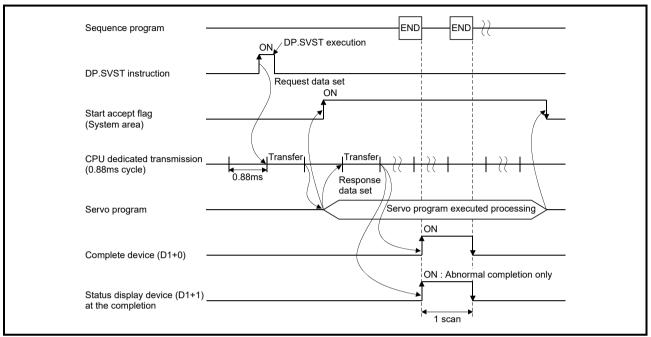
[Controls]

- (1) Request to start the servo program specified with (n2).
- (2) It is necessary to take an inter-lock by the start accept flag of CPU shared memory and user device so that multiple instructions may not be executed toward the same axis of the same Motion CPU No.



POINT Refer to Section "3.3 Precautions" for details of the start accept flag.

[Operation]



Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.SVST instruction execution is shown below.

[Setting range]

(1) Setting of the starting axis

The starting axis set as (S1) is set J + Axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range
Q173DSCPU	4 4- 00
Q173DCPU(-S1)	1 to 32
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16
Q172DCPU(-S1)	1 to 8

Up to 8 axes can be set. Set them without dividing in a space etc. for multiple axes setting.

Set "J" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the system setting as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for system settings.

And, the axis No. to start does not need to be a order.

Example) When multiple axes (Axis1, Axis2, Axis10, Axis11) are set. "J1J2J10J11"

(2) Setting of the servo program No.

(n2) usable range	
0 to 4095	

[Start accept flag (System area)]

The complete status of start accept flag is stored in the address of start accept flag in the CPU shared memory for target CPU.

CPU shared memory address () is decimal address		Description			
204H(516) 205H(517)	The start accept flag for 32 Bits are actually set as the • Q173DSCPU/Q173DCI • Q172DSCPU • Q172DCPU(-S1) OFF : Start accept enable ON : Start accept disable	following: PU(-S1) : J1 to J32 : J1 to J16 : J1 to J8	sponding to	ead	ch bit.
	204H(516) address 205H(517) address	b15 b14 J16 ••••• J32 •••••	b2	^{b1} J2 J18	b0 J1 J17
20EH(526) 20FH(527)	The command generation corresponding to each bit. Bits are actually set as the • Q173DSCPU: J1 to J32 • Q172DSCPU: J1 to J16 OFF : Start accept enable ON : Start accept disable 20EH(526) address 20FH(527) address	following:		b1 J2 J18	b0 J1

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note-1) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	
2100	There are the following number or more simultaneous D(P).SVST/ D(P).CHGA/D(P).CHGAS (instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. • Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU : 129 or more ^(Note-2) • Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1): 65 or more	Confirm a program, and correct it to a correct sequence program.
2201	The servo program No. to execute is outside the range of 0 to 4095.	
2202	Axis No. set by D(P).SVST instruction is wrong.	

(Note-1): 0000H (Normal)

(Note-2): 65 or more for operating system software version "00A".

Error code (Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H. 	Confirm a program,
4351	It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module.(1) The instruction name is wrong.(2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified.	and correct it to a correct sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

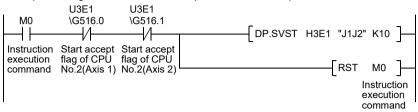
The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

(Note): 0 (Normal)

[Program example]

(1) Program which requests to start of the servo program No.10 toward Axis 1, Axis 2 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

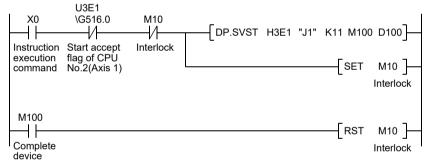
<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



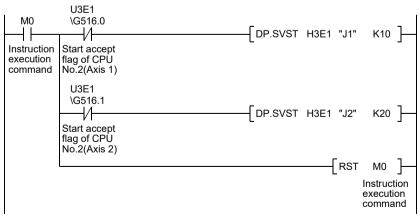
<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

M0 Instruction execution	flag of CPU	U3E1 \G516.1 Start accept flag of CPU No.2(Axis 2)	[DP.SVST	H3E1	"J1J2" K10 M [.]	-	
command	NO.2(AXIS I)	NO.2(AXIS Z)			LIG	Instructio executio comman	n
M100 Complete device	M101 M101			-	ormal complete p onormal complete		

(2) Program which executes continuous start of the servo program No.11 toward Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), while X0 is ON.



(3) Program which continuously executes the servo program No.10 toward Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2) and the servo program No.20 toward Axis 2, when M0 turned ON.



3.2.3 Current value change instruction from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).CHGA (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGA))

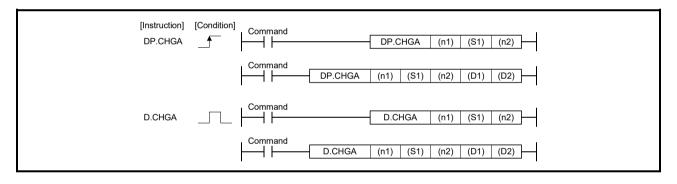
		Usable devices										
Setting		devices n, User)	File re	egister	Link dire J⊑	ct device]\G		ss device ∖G□	Index	Constant		
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(S1)		0		0							0	
(n2)		0		0						0		
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)									
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)								

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2): Index qualification possible (except constant)



3 MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Axis No. ("Jn") (Note-2) to execute the current value change.Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : J1 to J32Q172DSCPUQ172DCPU(-S1): J1 to J8Synchronous encoder axis No. ("En") (Note-3) to execute the current value change.Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DSCPU : E1 to J12Q172DCPU(-S1): E1 to E8Cam axis No. ("Cn") (Note-2) to execute the current value change within 1 revolution.Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : C1 to C32Q172DCPU: C1 to C16Q172DCPU(-S1): C1 to C8	User	Character sequence
(n2)	Current value to change	User	32-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.)	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to axis No. (n=1 to 32)

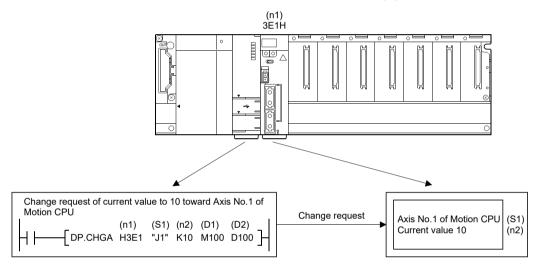
(Note-3): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to synchronous encoder axis No. (n=1 to 12)

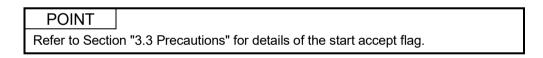
3 MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

• When axis No. "Jn" is specified with (S1)

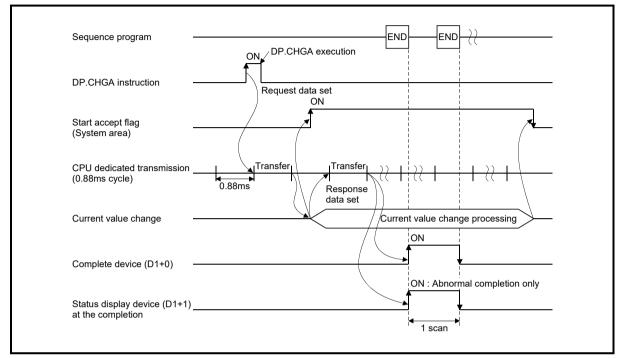
[Controls]

- (1) The current value change of axis (stopped axis) specified with (S1) is changed to the current value specified with (n2).
- (2) It is necessary to take an inter-lock by the start accept flag and user device of CPU shared memory so that multiple instructions may not be executed toward the same axis of same Motion CPU.
- (3) The current change value is also possible when the servo program which makes the CHGA instruction toward an axis is executed in the D(P).SVST instruction.





[Operation]



Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGA instruction execution by specifying "Jn" as Axis No. is shown below.

[Setting range]

 Setting of axis to execute the current value change The axis to execute the current value change set as (S1) sets J + Axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range
Q173DSCPU	4 4- 00
Q173DCPU(-S1)	1 to 32
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16
Q172DCPU(-S1)	1 to 8

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "J" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the system setting as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for system settings.

(2) Setting of the current value to change

(n2) usable range
-2147483648 to 2147483647

[Start accept flag (System area)]

When the instruction is executed by specifying "Jn" as Axis No., the complete status of start accept flag is stored in the address of the start accept flag in the CPU shared memory for target CPU.

CPU shared memory address () is decimal address		Description		
204H(516) 205H(517)	The start accept flag for 32 Bits are actually set as the • Q173DSCPU/Q173DCI • Q172DSCPU • Q172DCPU(-S1) OFF: Start accept enable ON : Start accept disable 204H(516) address 205H(517) address	0	b2 b1 J2	

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note-1) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	
2100	There are the following number or more simultaneous D(P).SVST/ D(P).CHGA/D(P).CHGAS instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. • Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU : 129 or more ^(Note-2) • Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1): 65 or more	Confirm a program, and correct it to a correct sequence program.
2203	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGA instruction is wrong.	

(Note-1): 0000H (Normal)

(Note-2): 65 or more for operating system software version "00A".

Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H. 	Confirm a program,
4351	It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module.(1) The instruction name is wrong.(2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified.	and correct it to a correct sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

(Note): 0 (Normal)

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the current value to 10 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.

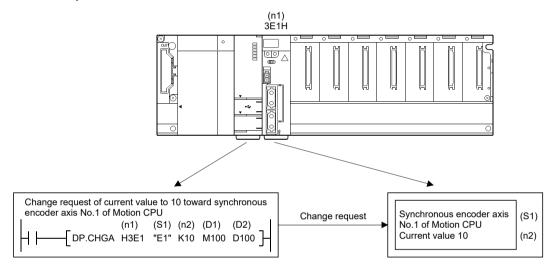
U3E1	[DP.CHGA H3E1 "J1" K10]
M0 \G516.0	[RST M0]
Instruction Start accept	Instruction
execution flag of CPU	execution
command No.2(Axis 1)	command
<example 2=""> Program wh</example>	CP.CHGA H3E1 "J1" K10 M100 D100
U3E1	[DP.CHGA H3E1 "J1" K10 M100 D100]
M0 \G516.0	[RST M0]
Instruction Start accept	Instruction
execution flag of CPU	execution
command No.2(Axis 1)	command
M100 M101	[Normal complete program] [Abnormal complete program]

• When axis No. "En" is specified with (S1)

[Controls]

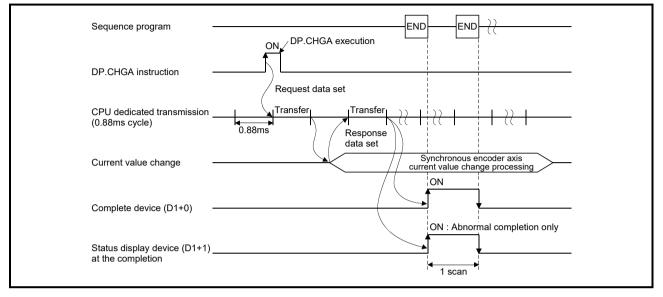
- (1) The synchronous encoder axis current value specified with (S1) is changed to the current value specified with (n2) in the virtual mode.
 (The current value change can be executed in real mode for the version (Refer to Section 1.3) that supports "incremental synchronous encoder current value in real mode".)
- (2) There is not an interlock signal for status of synchronous encoder current value change.

When the multiple instructions are executed toward the same synchronous encoder axis of same Motion CPU, the current value is changed to specified value by last instruction.



[Operation]

Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGA instruction execution by specifying "En" as Axis No. is shown below.



[Setting range]

 Setting of synchronous encoder axis to execute the current value change The synchronous encoder axis to execute the current value change set as (S1) sets E + synchronous encoder axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range
Q173DSCPU	
Q173DCPU(-S1)	1 to 12
Q172DSCPU	
Q172DCPU(-S1)	1 to 8

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "E" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the system setting as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for system settings.

(2) Setting of the current value to change

(n2) usable range	
-2147483648 to 2147483647	,

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note-1) (Error code)(H)	Error factor					
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.					
2002	A Motion dedicated PLC instruction that does not correspond with the operating system of the Motion CPU was executed. (Axis No. "En" was specified by operating system software except SV22.)	Confirm a program,				
2100	There are the following number or more simultaneous D(P).SVST/ D(P).CHGA/D(P).CHGAS Instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. • Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU : 129 or more ^(Note-2) • Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1): 65 or more	and correct it to a correct sequence program.				
2203	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGA instruction is wrong.					

(Note-1): 0000H (Normal)

(Note-2): 65 or more for operating system software version "00A".

The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

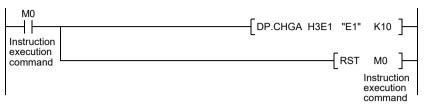
Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
	The target CPU module specified is wrong.	
	(1) The reserved CPU is specified.	
4350	(2) The uninstalled CPU is specified.	
	(3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of	
	3E0H to 3E3H.	Confirm a program,
	It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module.	and correct it to a
4351	(1) The instruction name is wrong.	correct sequence
	(2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified.	program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

(Note): 0 (Normal)

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the current value to 10 for synchronous encoder axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

	[[DP.CHGA H3E1 "E1" K10 M100 D100]
Instruction execution command		
M100 Complete	M101	[Normal complete program]
device	└ <u></u> ┤├───	Abnormal complete program

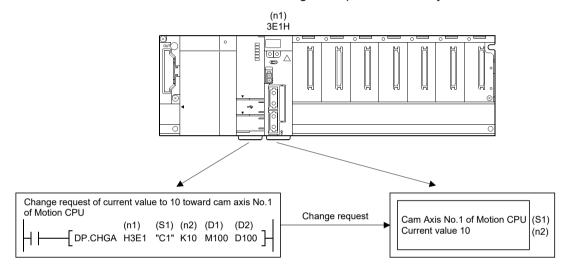
3 MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

• When axis No. "Cn" is specified with (S1)

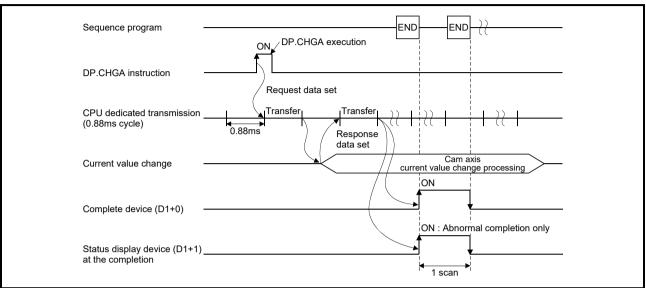
[Controls]

- (1) The current value within 1 cam shaft revolution specified with (S1) is changed to the current value specified with (n2) in the virtual mode.
- (2) There is not an interlock signal for status of current value within 1 cam shaft revolution change.

When the multiple instructions are executed toward the same cam axis of same Motion CPU, the current value is changed to specified value by last instruction.



[Operation]



Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGA instruction execution by specifying "Cn" as Axis No. is shown below.

[Setting range]

(1) Setting of cam axis to execute the current value change within 1 cam shaft revolution

The cam axis to execute the current value change within 1 cam shaft revolution set as (S1) sets C + cam axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range			
Q173DSCPU	44.00			
Q173DCPU(-S1)	1 to 32			
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16			
Q172DCPU(-S1)	1 to 8			

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "C" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the system setting as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for system settings.

(2) Setting of the current value to change

(n2) usable range	
-2147483648 to 2147483647	

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note-1) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	
2002	A Motion dedicated PLC instruction that does not correspond with the operating system of the Motion CPU was executed. (Axis No. "En" was specified by operating system software except SV22.)	Confirm a program,
2100	There are the following number or more simultaneous D(P).SVST/ D(P).CHGA/D(P).CHGAS Instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. • Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU : 129 or more ^(Note-2) • Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1): 65 or more	and correct it to a correct sequence program.
2203	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGA instruction is wrong.	

(Note-1): 0000H (Normal)

(Note-2): 65 or more for operating system software version "00A".

The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

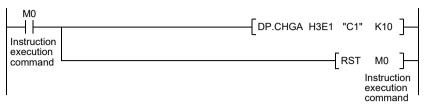
Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
	The target CPU module specified is wrong.	
	(1) The reserved CPU is specified.	
4350	(2) The uninstalled CPU is specified.	
	(3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of	
	3E0H to 3E3H.	Confirm a program,
	It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module.	and correct it to a
4351	(1) The instruction name is wrong.	correct sequence
	(2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified.	program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

(Note): 0 (Normal)

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the current value to 10 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

M0		[DP.CHGA H3E1 "C1" K10 M100 D100]
execution command		RST M0] Instruction execution command
M100 Complete	M101 M101	[Normal complete program]
device		Abnormal complete program

3.2.4 Current value change instruction of command generation axis from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).CHGAS (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGAS)

(SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

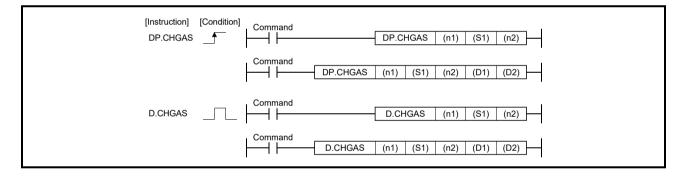
	Usable devices											
Setting		nal devices stem, User)		File register		Link direct device J⊟\G		Unit access device U⊡\G⊡		Constant		
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(S1)		0		0							0	
(n2)		0		0						0		
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)									
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)								

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)



Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

3 MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION

[Setting data]

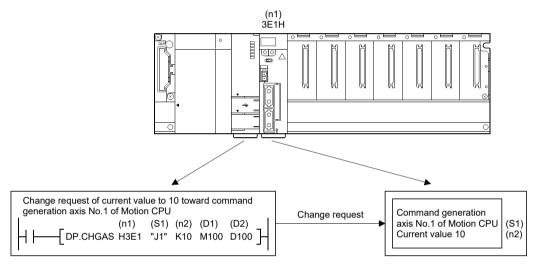
Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Axis No. ("Jn") ^(Note-2) to execute the current value change of command generation axis. Q173DSCPU: J1 to J32 Q172DSCPU: J1 to J16	User	Character sequence
(n2)	Current value to change	User	32-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.)	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

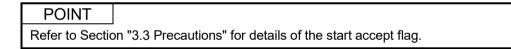
(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to axis No. (n=1 to 32)

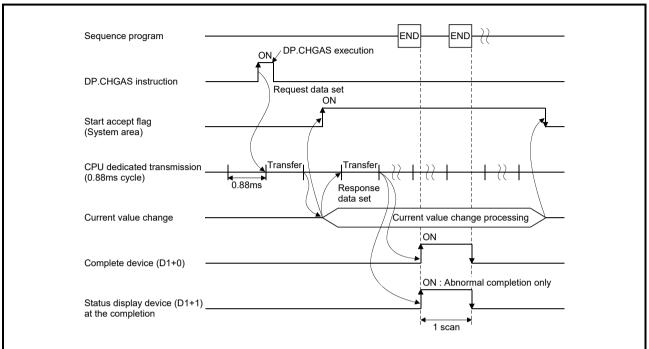
[Controls]

- (1) The current value change of command generation axis (stopped axis) specified with (S1) is changed to the current value specified with (n2).
- (2) It is necessary to take an inter-lock by the start accept flag and user device of CPU shared memory so that multiple instructions may not be executed toward the same axis of same Motion CPU.
- (3) The current change value is also possible when the servo program which makes the CHGA instruction toward an command generation axis is executed in the D(P).SVST instruction.





[Operation]



Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGAS instruction execution by specifying "Jn" as Axis No. is shown below.

[Setting range]

(1) Setting of axis to execute the current value change The axis to execute the current value change set as (S1) sets J + Axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range				
Q173DSCPU	1 to 32				
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16				

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "J" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the command generation axis parameter as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)" for command generation axis parameter.

(2) Setting of the current value to change

(n2) usable range
-2147483648 to 2147483647

[Start accept flag (System area)]

When the instruction is executed by specifying "Jn" as Axis No., the complete status of start accept flag is stored in the address of the start accept flag in the CPU shared memory for target CPU.

The command generation axis start accept flag for 32 axes are stored correspond each bit. Bits are actually set as the following: • Q173DSCPU: J1 to J32	Description							
20EH(526) • Q172DSCPU: J1 to J16 20FH(527) OFF : Start accept enable ON : Start accept disable • D15 b14 20EH(526) address J16 20EH(527) address J32	onding to							

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note-1) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action	
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.		
2100	D(P).CHGA/D(P).CHGAS construction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a correct sequence program.	
2207	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGAS instruction is wrong.		

(Note-1): 0000H (Normal)

Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H. 	Confirm a program,
4351	 It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module. (1) The instruction name is wrong. (2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified. 	and correct it to a correct sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	-
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

(Note): 0 (Normal)

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the current value to 10 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.

U3E1 M0 \G526.0 Instruction Start accept execution flag of CPU command No.2(Axis 1)	DP.CHGAS H3E1 "J1" K10] [RST M0] Instruction execution command
<example 2=""> Program white U3E1 M0 \G526.0 Instruction Start accept execution flag of CPU command No.2(Axis 1)</example>	h uses the complete device and complete status.
M100 M101 Complete M101 device H101	[Normal complete program] [Abnormal complete program]

3.2.5 Speed change instruction from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).CHGV (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGV)

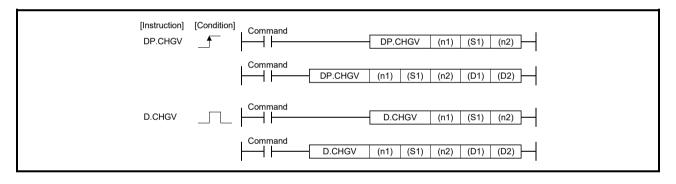
	Usable devices											
Setting data (Note-3)	Internal devices (System, User)		File re	File register		Link direct device J⊟\G		Unit access device U⊡\G⊡		Constant		
	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊟	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(S1)		0		0							0	
(n2)		0		0						0		
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)									
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)								

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)



[Setting data]

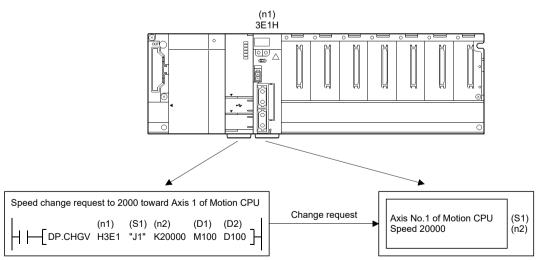
Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Axis No. ("Jn") ^(Note-2) to execute the speed change. Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : J1 to J32 Q172DSCPU : J1 to J16 Q172DCPU(-S1) : J1 to J8	User	Character sequence
(n2)	Speed to change	User	32-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.)	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to axis No. (n=1 to 32)

[Controls]

- The speed of axis specified with (S1) is changed to the speed specified with (n2) during positioning or JOG operating.
- (2) There is not an interlock signal on the shared memory during speed change. When the multiple instructions are executed toward the same axis of same Motion CPU, the speed is changed to specified value by last instruction.

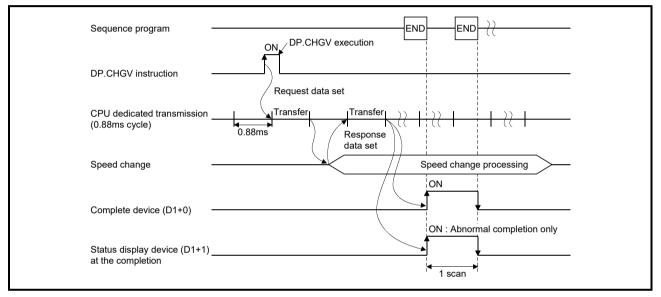


(3) Acceleration/deceleration time at speed change can be changed by setting the acceleration/deceleration time change parameter of the axis specified with (S1).

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for acceleration/deceleration time change parameter and acceleration/deceleration time change function.

[Operation]

Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGV instruction execution is shown below.



[Setting range]

(1) Setting of axis to execute the speed change

The axis to execute the speed change set as (S1) sets J + axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range
Q173DSCPU	44.00
Q173DCPU(-S1)	1 to 32
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16
Q172DCPU(-S1)	1 to 8

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "J" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the system setting as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for system settings.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(2) Setting of the speed to change

	(n2) usable range
mm	-600000000 to 600000000×10 ⁻² [mm/min]
inch	-600000000 to 60000000×10 ⁻³ [inch/min]
degree	-2147483647 to 2147483647×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]
pulse	-2147483647 to 2147483647[pulse/s]

(Note): When the "speed control 10×multiplier speed setting for degree axis" is set to "valid", the setting range is -2147483647 to 2147483647 $\times 10^{-2}$ [degree/min].

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a
2204	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGV instruction is wrong.	correct sequence program.

(Note): 0000H (Normal)

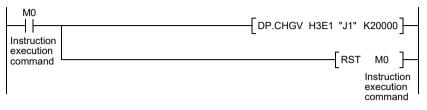
The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

Error code (Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4350	The target CPU module specified is wrong.(1) The reserved CPU is specified.(2) The uninstalled CPU is specified.	
	(3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H.	Confirm a program,
4351	 It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module. (1) The instruction name is wrong. (2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified. 	and correct it to a correct sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the positioning speed to 20000 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

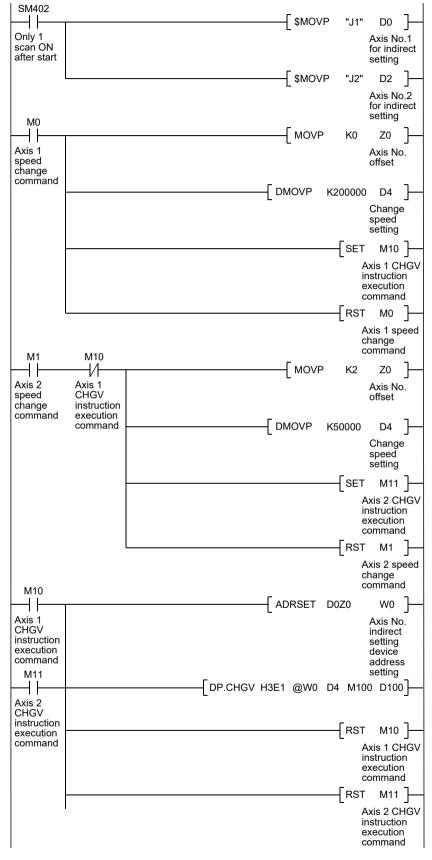
<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

M0		[DP.CHGV H3E1 "J1" K20000 M100 D100]
execution command		RST M0 Instruction execution command
M100	M101	[Normal complete program]
device	└──┤┟────	Abnormal complete program

(2) Program which changes the positioning speed to 200000 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 that sets Axis No. as indirect setting method turned ON, and then changes the positioning speed to 50000 for Axis 2, when M1 turned ON.



3.2.6 Speed change instruction of command generation axis from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).CHGVS (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGVS))

(SV22 ad	dvanced	synch	ronous	control	only)	QDS	Ver.!	

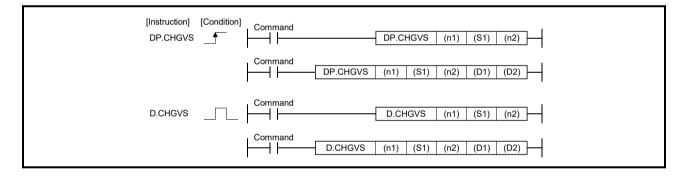
						Usab	le devices					
Setting		devices n, User)	File re	egister	Link dire J⊏	ct device]\G		ess device ∖G⊟	Index	Consta	ant	
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(S1)		0		0							0	
(n2)		0		0						0		
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)									
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)								

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)



Ver.! : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

[Setting data]

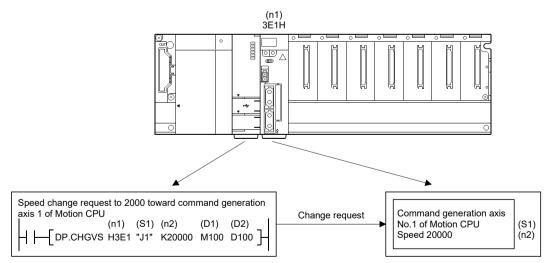
Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2 : 3E1H, CPU No.3 : 3E2H, CPU No.4 : 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Axis No. ("Jn") ^(Note-2) to execute the speed change. Q173DSCPU: J1 to J32 Q172DSCPU: J1 to J16	User	Character sequence
(n2)	Speed to change	User	32-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	 Complete devices (D1+0) : Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1) : Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.) 	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to axis No. (n=1 to 32)

[Controls]

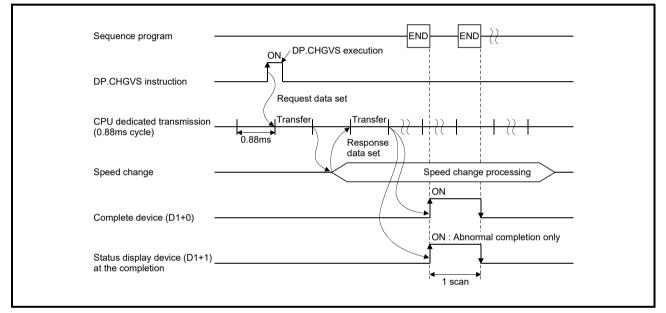
- (1) The speed of command generation axis specified with (S1) is changed to the speed specified with (n2) during positioning or JOG operating.
- (2) There is not an interlock signal on the shared memory during speed change. When the multiple instructions are executed toward the same axis of same Motion CPU, the speed is changed to specified value by last instruction.



(3) Acceleration/deceleration time at speed change can be changed by setting the acceleration/deceleration time change parameter of the axis specified with (S1). Refer to the "Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)" for acceleration/deceleration time change parameter. Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for acceleration/deceleration time change function.

[Operation]

Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGVS instruction execution is shown below.



[Setting range]

(1) Setting of axis to execute the speed change

The axis to execute the speed change set as (S1) sets J + axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range
Q173DSCPU	1 to 32
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "J" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the command generation axis parameter as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)" for command generation axis parameter.

(2) Setting of the speed to change

	(n2) usable range
mm	-600000000 to 600000000×10 ⁻² [mm/min]
inch	-600000000 to 60000000×10 ⁻³ [inch/min]
degree	-2147483647 to 2147483647×10 ⁻³ [degree/min]
pulse	-2147483647 to 2147483647[pulse/s]

(Note): When the "speed control 10×multiplier speed setting for degree axis" is set to "valid", the setting range is -2147483647 to 2147483647 $\times 10^{-2}$ [degree/min].

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status (Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
(Error code)(H)		Conective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a
2208	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGVS instruction is wrong.	correct sequence program.

(Note): 0000H (Normal)

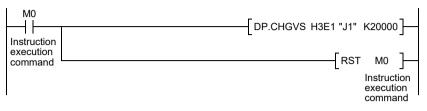
The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
	The target CPU module specified is wrong.	
	(1) The reserved CPU is specified.	
4350	(2) The uninstalled CPU is specified.	
	(3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of	
	3E0H to 3E3H.	Confirm a program,
	It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module.	and correct it to a
4351	(1) The instruction name is wrong.	correct sequence
	(2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified.	program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	-
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the positioning speed to 20000 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

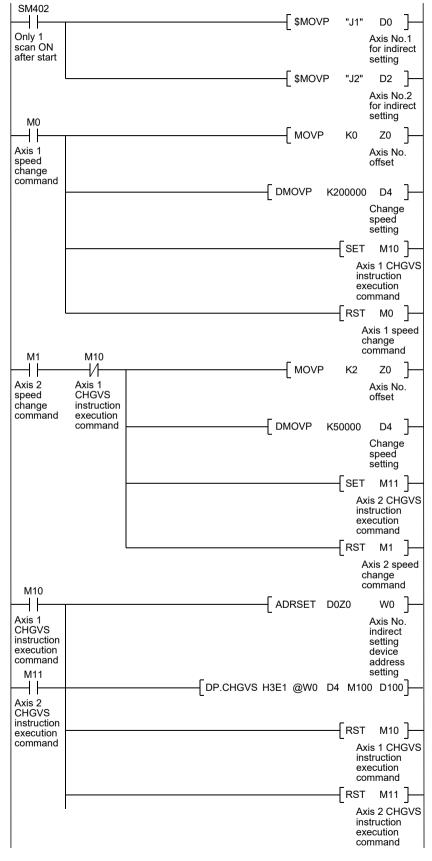
<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

MO		DP.CHGVS H3E1 "J1" K20000 M100 D100
I I Instruction execution		
command		
M100	M101 M101	[Normal complete program]
device		Abnormal complete program

(2) Program which changes the positioning speed to 200000 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 that sets Axis No. as indirect setting method turned ON, and then changes the positioning speed to 50000 for Axis 2, when M1 turned ON.



3.2.7 Torque limit value change request instruction from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).CHGT (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGT)

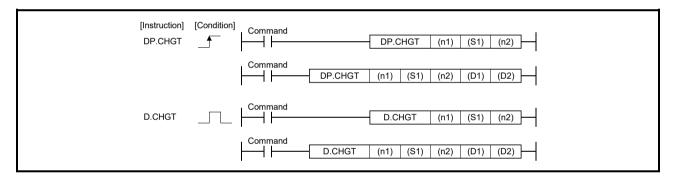
						Usat	le devices							
Setting	Internal devices (System, User)		File re	File register		rect device Unit access devi J□\G U□\G□		Unit access device				Consta	Constant	
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others		
(n1)		0		0						0				
(S1)		0		0							0			
(n2)		0		0						0				
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)											
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)										

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)



[Setting data]

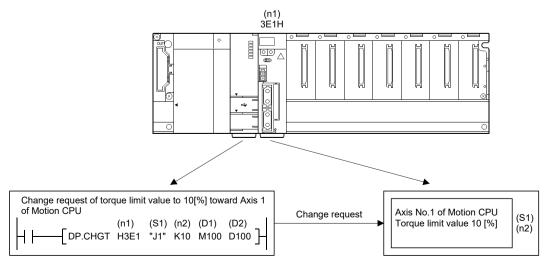
Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Axis No. ("Jn") ^(Note-2) to execute the torque limit value change. Q173DSCPU/Q173DCPU(-S1) : J1 to J32 Q172DSCPU : J1 to J16 Q172DCPU(-S1) : J1 to J8	User	Character sequence
(n2)	Torque limit value to change [%]	User	16-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.)	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

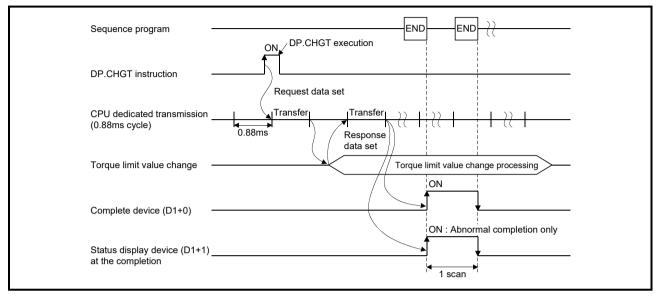
(Note-2): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to axis No. (n=1 to 32)

[Controls]

- (1) The torque limit value of axis specified with (S1) is changed to the value specified with (n2) for the positive direction and negative direction regardless of while being operating or stopping in the real mode.
- (2) There is not an interlock signal for status of axis torque change.When the multiple instructions are executed toward the same axis of same Motion CPU, the torque is changed to specified value by last instruction.
- (3) Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for relation between torque limit value specified with servo program and torque limit value change instruction.



[Operation]



Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGT instruction execution is shown below.

[Setting range]

(1) Setting of axis to execute the torque limit value change The axis to execute the torque limit change set as (S1) sets J + axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range	
Q173DSCPU	4 4 . 00	
Q173DCPU(-S1)	1 to 32	
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16	
Q172DCPU(-S1)	1 to 8	

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "J" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the system setting as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for system settings.

(2) Setting of the torque limit value to change

(n2) usable range	Unit
1 to 1000	[%]

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status (Note)	Error factor	Corrective action	
(Error code)(H)		Corrective action	
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a	
2205	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGT instruction is wrong.	correct sequence program.	

(Note): 0000H (Normal)

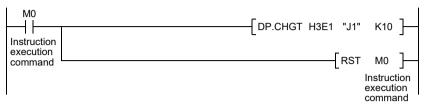
The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
	The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified.	
4350	(2) The uninstalled CPU is specified.	
	(3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of	
	3E0H to 3E3H.	Confirm a program,
	It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module.	and correct it to a
4351	(1) The instruction name is wrong.	correct sequence
	(2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified.	program.
4352	4352 The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the torque limit value to 10[%] for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

M0			00]
execution command		RST M0	,]
		Instru exect comn	
M100 Complete	M101 M101 M101	Normal complete program	·]—
device		Abnormal complete progra	am]—

3.2.8 Torque limit value individual change request instruction from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU: D(P).CHGT2 (PLC instruction: D(P).CHGT2)

						Usab	le devices						
Setting		devices n, User)	File re	egister	Link dire J⊏	ct device \\G		nit access device Constant U□\G□ Index		Constant			
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others	
(n1)		0		0						0			
(S1)		0		0							0		
(n2)		0		0						0			
(n3)		0		0						0			
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)										
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)									

 $\bigcirc: \textbf{Usable} \qquad \bigtriangleup: \textbf{Usable partly}$

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)

[Instruction] DP.CHGT2	 Command DP.CHGT2 (n1) (S1) (n2) (n3)
	Command DP.CHGT2 (n1) (S1) (n2) (n3) (D1) (D2)
D.CHGT2	Command D.CHGT2 (n1) (S1) (n2) (n3)
	Command D.CHGT2 (n1) (S1) (n2) (n3) (D1) (D2)

[Setting data]

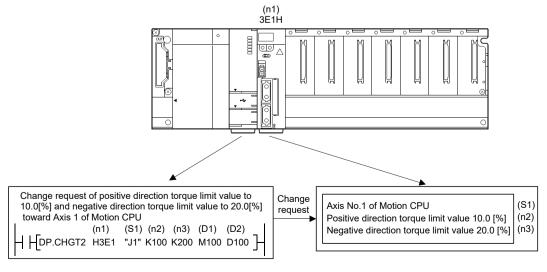
Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Axis No. ("Jn") ^(Note-2) to execute the torque limit value change. Q173DSCPU: J1 to J32 Q172DSCPU: J1 to J16	User	Character sequence
(n2)	Positive direction torque limit value to change individually (×0.1[%])	User	16-bit binary
(n3)	Negative direction torque limit value to change individually (\times 0.1[%])	User	16-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	 Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.) 	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

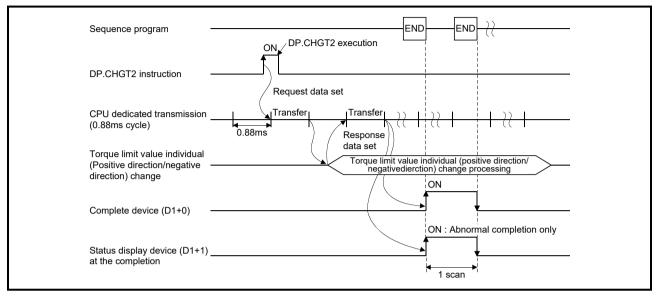
(Note-2): "n" shows the numerical value correspond to axis No. (n=1 to 32)

[Controls]

- (1) The torque limit value of axis specified with (S1) is changed to the positive direction torque limit value specified with (n2) and negative direction torque limit value specified with (n3) regardless of while being operating or stopping.
- (2) There is not an interlock signal for status of axis torque change.When the multiple instructions are executed toward the same axis of same Motion CPU, the torque is changed to specified value by last instruction.
- (3) Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for relation between torque limit value specified with servo program and torque limit value change instruction.



[Operation]



Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.CHGT2 instruction execution is shown below.

[Setting range]

(1) Setting of axis to execute the torque limit value change The axis to execute the torque limit change set as (S1) sets J + axis No. in a character sequence " ".

	(S1) usable range
Q173DSCPU	1 to 32
Q172DSCPU	1 to 16

The number of axes which can set are only 1 axis.

Set "J" in a capital letter and use the axis No. set in the system setting as the axis No. to start.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for system settings.

(2) Setting of the torque limit value to change

(n2), (n3) usable range	Unit
1 to 10000	0.1[%]

When the positive or negative direction torque limit is not changed, the torque limit value before change is continued for the set direction by setting "-1" in (n2) or (n3).

[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a
2206	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGT2 instruction is wrong.	correct sequence program.

(Note): 0000H (Normal)

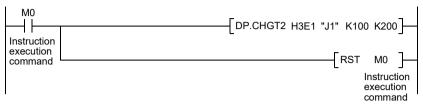
The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

Error code (Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 	
4351	3E0H to 3E3H. It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module. (1) The instruction name is wrong. (2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a correct sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	program.
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	

[Program example]

(1) Program which changes the positive torque limit value to 10.0[%] and negative torque limit value to 20.0[%] for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

M0		[DP.CHGT2 H3E1 "J1" K100 K200 M100 D100]-	
execution command		[RST M0]- Instruction execution command	1
M100 Complete	M101	[Normal complete program]	
device		Abnormal complete program	

3.2.9 Write device data of the self CPU to the device of other CPU: D(P).DDWR (PLC instruction: D(P).DDWR))

		Usable devices										
Setting		devices n, User)	File re	egister Link direct device		Unit access device U⊟\G□		Index	Constant			
data (Note-2)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Hexadecimal character		Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(S1)		 (Note-1)		 (Note-1)								
(S2)		0		0								
(D1)		0									0	
(D2)	 (Note-1)		 (Note-1)									

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-2): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)

[Instruction] DP.DDWR	[Condition]	Command DP.DDWR (n1) (S1) (S2) (D1) (D2)
D.DDWR		Command D.DDWR (n1) (S1) (S2) (D1) (D2)

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Start device of the self CPU where control data are stored.	User	Word
(S2)	Start device of the self CPU where writing data are stored.	User	Word
(D1)	Start device of the target Motion CPU that stores writing data. POINT Data can be written in device like a motion register (#) etc. of Motion CPU outside the range in the PLC CPU that executes this instruction, by setting it by a character sequence " ".	User	Word/ Character sequence
(D2)	Complete devices (D2+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D2+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D2+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.)	System	Bit

[Control data]

Device	Item	Setting data	Setting range	Set by
S1+0	Complete status	The status at the instruction completion is stored. 0 : No error (Normal completion) Except 0: Error code	_	System
S1+1	Number of writing data	Set the number of writing data with each word	1 to 20	User

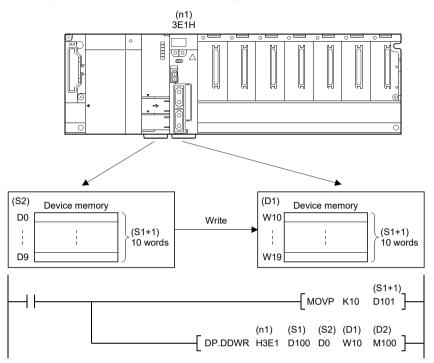
[Controls]

- (1) A part for the number of writing data of the control data specified with (S1+1) of data since the device specified with (S2) of the self CPU are stored to since the word device specified with (D1) of the target CPU (n1) in the Multiple CPU system.
- (2) Figure specification of the bit device is possible for (S2) and (D1). However, figure specification is 4 figures and a start bit device number is only the multiple of 16. It becomes MULTI-COM.ERROR (Error code: 4353) when other values are specified.
- (3) Data can be written in device like a motion register (#) etc. of Motion CPU outside the range in the PLC CPU that executes this instruction, by setting (D1) by a character sequence " ".
- (4) D(P).DDWR instruction accepting and normal/abnormal completion can be confirmed with the complete device (D2) or status display device (D2+1) at the completion.
 - (a) Complete device
 It is turned on by the END processing of scan which the instruction completed, and turned off by the next END processing.
 - (b) Status display device at the completion
 It is turned on/off according to the status of the instruction completion.
 - Normal completion : OFF
 - Abnormal completion : It is turned on by the END processing of scan which the instruction completed, and turned off by the next END processing.

(Error code is stored in control data (S1+0: Complete status).)

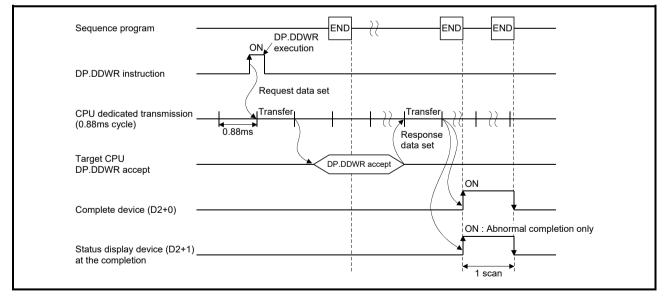
 (5) There is a limitation for number of simultaneous instruction execution/ simultaneous acceptance in the Motion dedicated PLC instruction. (Refer to Section 3.3 (2).)

Exchange a large amount of data through the CPU shared memory.



[Operation]

Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.DDWR instruction execution is shown below.



[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (S0+0).

Complete status ^(Note) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	
2001	The specified device cannot be used in the Motion CPU, or it is outside the device range.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a
2080	Number of writing data points set by D(P).DDWR instruction is wrong.	correct sequence
2100	There are 65 or more simultaneous D(P).DDRD/D(P).DDWR instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them.	program.

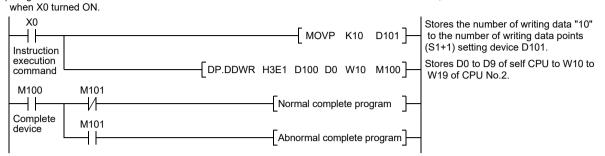
(Note): 0000H (Normal)

The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4101	Number of writing data exceeded the range of storage device.	
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H. 	Confirm a program,
4351	 It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module. (1) The instruction name is wrong. (2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified. 	and correct it to a correct sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	
4355	Number of writing data is outside the range of 1 to 20.	

[Program example]

(1) Program which stores data for 10 words from D0 of the self CPU to W10 or later of the CPU No.2,



(2) Program which stores simultaneously data for 10 words from D0 of the self CPU to W10 or later of the CPU No.2, while X0 is ON.

X0	мо —-//	Stores the number of writing data "10" to the number of writing data points (S1+1) setting device D101.
execution command		DP.DDWR H3E1 D100 D0 W10 M100 Stores D0 to D9 of self CPU to W10 to W19 of CPU No.2.
		[SET M0]
мо —	M100	[RST M0]
M100	M101	[Normal complete program]
Complete device	M101	Abnormal complete program]

(3) Program which stores data for 10 words from D0 of the self CPU to #10 or later of the CPU No.2, when X0 turned ON.

X0		MOVP K10 D101 Stores the number of writing data "10" to the number of writing data points (S1+1) setting device D101.
execution command		DP.DDWR H3E1 D100 D0 "#10" M100 Stores D0 to D9 of self CPU to #10 to #19 of the CPU No.2.
M100	M101	Normal complete program
device	M101	Abnormal complete program

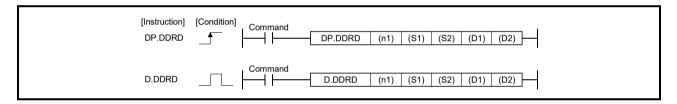
3.2.10 Read device data of other CPU to the device of self CPU: D(P).DDRD (PLC instruction: D(P).DDRD))

		Usable devices										
Setting		devices n, User)	File re	egister	Link dire J⊏	ct device]\G	Unit acce U⊟	ess device ∖G⊟	Index	Consta	Constant	
data (Note-2)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others
(n1)		0		0						0		
(S1)		 (Note-1)		 (Note-1)								
(S2)		0									0	
(D1)		 (Note-1)		 (Note-1)								
(D2)	 (Note-1)		 (Note-1)									

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-2): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)



[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H (Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(S1)	Start device of the self CPU where control data is stored.	User	Word
(S2)	 Start device of the target CPU where reading data is stored. POINT Data can be read from device like a motion register (#) etc. of Motion CPU outside the range in the PLC CPU that executes this instruction, by setting it by a character sequence " ". 	User	Word/ Character sequence
(D1)	Start device of the self CPU which stores the reading data.	User	Word
(D2)	 Complete devices (D2+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D2+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.) 	System	Bit

[Control data]

Device	Description	Setting data	Setting range	Set by
S1+0	Complete status	The status at the instruction completion is stored. 0 : No error (Normal completion) Except 0: Error code	_	System
S1+1	Number of reading data	Set the number of reading data.	1 to 20	User

[Controls]

- (1) A part for the number of reading data of the control data specified with (S1+1) of data since the device specified with (S2) in the target CPU (n1) is stored to since the word device specified with (D1) of the self CPU in the Multiple CPU system.
- (2) Figure specification of the bit device is possible for (S2) and (D1). However, figure specification is 4 figures and a start bit device number is only the multiple of 16. It becomes MULTI-COM.ERROR (Error code: 4353) when other values are specified.
- (3) Data can be read from device of the Motion CPU outside the range in the PLC CPU that executes this instruction like a motion register (#) etc., by setting (S2) by a character sequence " ".
- (4) D(P).DDRD instruction accepting and normal/abnormal completion can be confirmed with the complete device (D2) or status display device (D2+1) at the completion.
 - (a) Complete device

It is turned on by the END processing of scan which the instruction completed, and turned off by the next END processing.

(b) Status display device at the completion

It is turned on/off according to the status of the instruction completion.

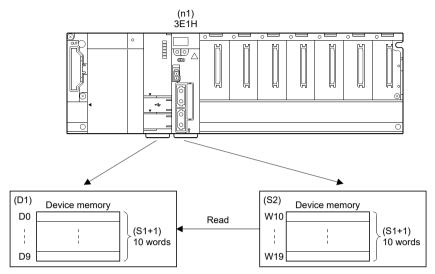
- Normal completion : OFF
- Abnormal completion : It is turned on by the END processing of scan

which the instruction completed, and turned off by the next END processing.

(Error code is stored in control data (S1+0: Complete status).)

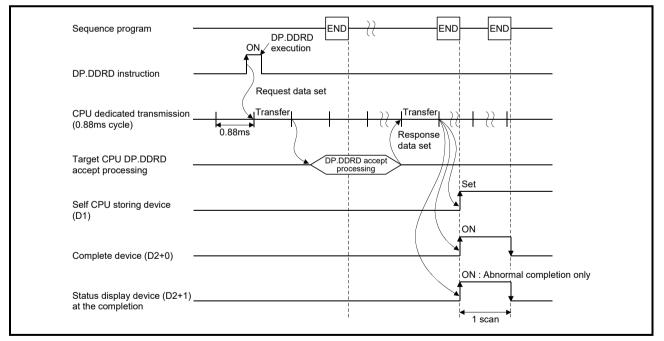
 (5) There is a limitation for number of simultaneous instruction execution/ simultaneous acceptance in the Motion dedicated PLC instruction. (Refer to Section 3.3 (2).)

Exchange a large amount of data through the CPU shared memory.



[Operation]

Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.DDRD instruction execution is shown below.



[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (S0+0).

Complete status ^(Note) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	
2001	The specified device cannot be used in the Motion CPU, or it is outside the device range.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a
2081	Number of reading data points set by D(P).DDRD instruction is wrong.	correct sequence
2100	There are 65 or more simultaneous D(P).DDRD/D(P).DDWR instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them.	program.

(Note): 0000H (Normal)

The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

Error code ^(Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4101	Number of writing data exceeded the range of storage device.	
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H. 	
4351	 It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module. (1) The instruction name is wrong. (2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified. 	Confirm a program, and correct it to a correct sequence
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	program.
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	
4354	The character string that cannot be handled by the instruction specified is specified.	
4355	Number of writing data is outside the range of 1 to20.	

[Program example]

(1) Program which stores data for 10 words from D0 of the CPU No.2 to W10 or later of the self CPU, when X0 turned ON.

X0	MOVP K10 D101 Stores the number of reading data "10" to the number of reading data points (S1+1) setting device D101.
command	-[DP.DDRD H3E1 D100 D0 W10 M100]- Stores D0 to D9 of CPU No.2 to W10 to W19 of self CPU.
M100 M101	[Normal complete program]
device M101	[Abnormal complete program]

(2) Program which stores simultaneously data for 10 words from D0 of the CPU No.2 to W10 or later of the self CPU, while X0 turned ON.

ļ	X0 	мо —И—	[MOVP K10 D101]	Stores the number of reading data "10" to the number of reading data points (S1+1) setting device D101.
	execution command		[DP.DDRD H3E1 D100 D0 W10 M100]	Stores D0 to D9 of CPU No.2 to W10 to W19 of self CPU.
			[SET M0]	
_	M0	M100	[RST M0]	
_	M100	м101 —И—	[Normal complete program]	
	device	M101	Abnormal complete program	

(3) Program which stores data for 10 words from D0 of the CPU No.2 to #10 or later of the self CPU, when X0 turned ON.

X0	[MOVP K10 D101]	Stores the number of reading data "10" to the number of reading data points (S1+1) setting device D101.
command	_[DP.DDRD H3E1 D100 "#0" W10 M100]	Stores D0 to D9 of CPU No. to #10 to #19 of self CPU.
M100 M101	Normal complete program	
	Abnormal complete program	

3.2.11 Interrupt instruction to the other CPU: D(P).GINT (PLC instruction: D(P).GINT)

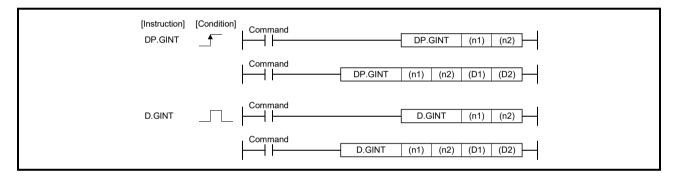
		Usable devices												
Setting		devices n, User)	File re	egister		ct device]\G	Unit acce ′⊡∪	ess device ∖G⊟	Index	Consta	ant			
data (Note-3)	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	Bit	Word	register Z ⊡	Decimal K, Hexadecimal H	Real character string	Others		
(n1)		0		0						0				
(n2)		0		0						0				
(D1) (Note-1)	 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)											
(D2) (Note-1)		 (Note-2)		 (Note-2)										

 \bigcirc : Usable \triangle : Usable partly

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) $% \left(D^{2}\right) =0$ omission.

(Note-2): Local devices cannot be used.

(Note-3): Setting data (n1) to (D2) : Index qualification possible (except constant)



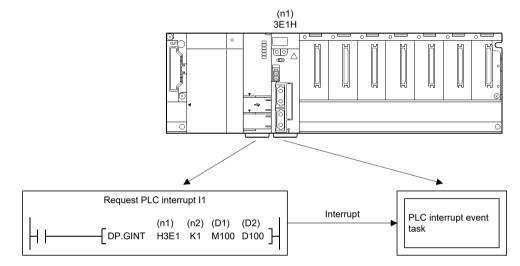
[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Set by	Data type
(n1)	(First I/O No. of the target CPU)/16 Value to specify actually is the following. ^(Note-1) CPU No.2: 3E1H, CPU No.3: 3E2H, CPU No.4: 3E3H Note): Motion CPU cannot be set as CPU No.1 in the Multiple CPU configuration.	User	16-bit binary
(n2)	Interrupt instruction No.	User	16-bit binary
(D1) ^(Note-1)	 Complete devices (D1+0): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept completion of instruction. (D1+1): Device which make turn on for one scan at accept abnormal completion of instruction. ("D1+0" also turns on at the abnormal completion.) 	System	Bit
(D2) ^(Note-1)	Complete status storage device	System	Word

(Note-1): Omission possible with both of (D1) and (D2) omission.

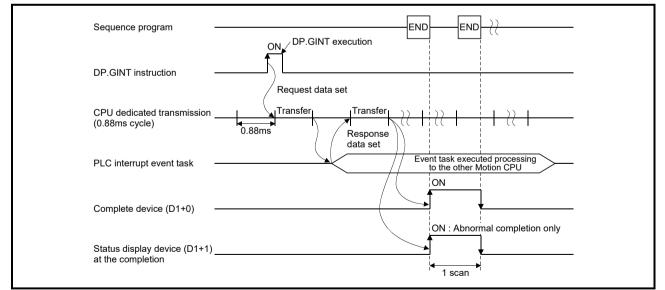
[Controls]

- (1) Processing for the active program (operation program status) of Motion SFC program set in the "PLC interruption of event task" is executed by the execution instruction of D(P).GINT instruction.
- (2) This instruction is always valid regardless of the state of real mode/virtual mode/ mode switching when the operating system software of Motion CPU is SV22.
- (3) Event processing is not executed when the Motion CPU side is DI (interrupt disable). Execute the EI (interrupt enable) instruction before event processing.



[Operation]

Outline operation between CPUs at the DP.GINT instruction execution is shown below.



[Errors]

The abnormal completion in the case shown below, and the error code is stored in the device specified with the complete status storage device (D2).

If the complete status storage device (D2) is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status ^(Note) (Error code)(H)	Error factor	Corrective action
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value.	
2082	The interrupt pointer No. set in the D(P).GINT instruction is outside the range of 0 to 15.	Confirm a program, and correct it to a
2100	There are 33 or more simultaneous D(P).GINT instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them.	correct sequence program.

(Note): 0000H (Normal)

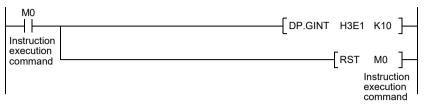
The diagnostic error flag (SM0) is turned on an operation error in the case shown below, and an error code is stored in the diagnostic error register (SD0).

Error code (Note)	Error factor	Corrective action
4350	 The target CPU module specified is wrong. (1) The reserved CPU is specified. (2) The uninstalled CPU is specified. (3) The first I/O number of the target CPU/16 (n1) is outside the range of 3E0H to 3E3H. 	Confirm a program, and correct it to a
4351	 It cannot be executed to the specified target CPU module. (1) The instruction name is wrong. (2) The instruction unsupported by the target CPU module is specified. 	correct sequence program.
4352	The number of devices for instruction specified is wrong.	
4353	The device that cannot be used by the instruction specified is specified.	

[Program example]

(1) Program which generates interrupt of interrupt pointer number 10 toward the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), when M0 turned ON.

<Example 1> Program which omits the complete device and complete status.



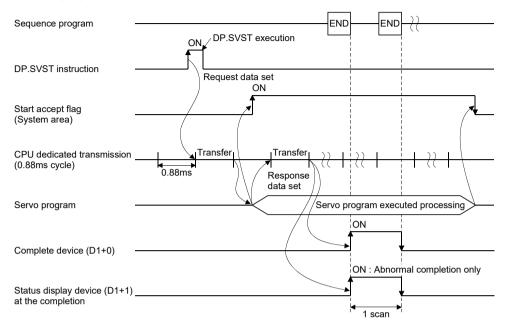
<Example 2> Program which uses the complete device and complete status.

M0		[DP.GINT H3E1 K10 M100 D100]
execution command		[RST M0] Instruction execution command
M100	M101 M101 M101	[Normal complete program]
device	L]	Abnormal complete program

3.3 Precautions

- (1) CPU shared memory address used in Motion dedicated instruction
 - (a) Start accept flag (System area)
 - The status of each flag is stored in the following address.

CPU shared memory address () is decimal address	Description			
204H(516) 205H(517)	The start accept flag for 32 Bits are actually set as the • Q173DSCPU/Q173DC • Q172DSCPU • Q172DCPU(-S1) OFF: Start accept enable ON : Start accept disable	PU(-S1) : J1 to J32 : J1 to J16 : J1 to J8	g to each bit.	
	204H(516) address 205H(517) address	J16 •••••• J32 ••••••	J2 J1 J18 J17	
The command generation axis start accept flag for 32 axes are stored corresponding to each bit. Bits are actually set as the following: • Q173DSCPU: J1 to J32 • Q172DSCPU: J1 to J16 20FH(527) OFF: Start accept enable ON : Start accept disable 20EH(526) address 20EH(527) address				



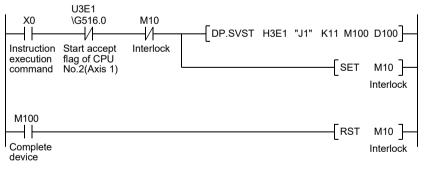
The start accept flag is set after instruction acceptance of by the Motion CPU as follows.

The start accept flag does not turn ON until the instruction accepting of instruction is completed by the Motion CPU after instruction execution by the PLC CPU.

Therefore, use a user device created interlock as required to prevent the execution of the next Motion dedicated PLC instruction and avoid a same axis double start error.

[Program example]

Program which executes continuous start of servo program No.11 for Axis 1 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2), while X0 is ON.



(b) "Fixed at 0" area

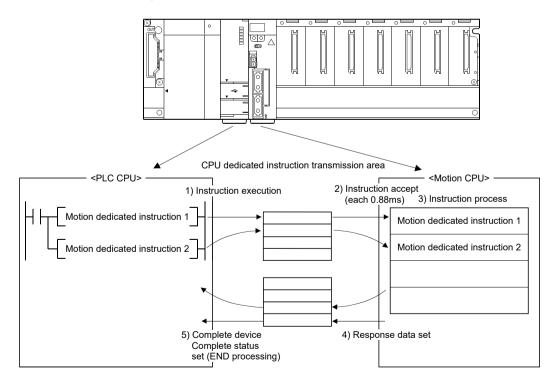
The following area, which is used in Q173HCPU/Q172HCPU/ Q173CPU(N)/Q172CPU(N) is not used in Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU and is therefore "Fixed at 0" for these processor. The following interlocks are not used in new Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU sequence program.

CPU shared memory address (Decimal address)	Description (Q173HCPU/Q172HCPU/Q173CPU(N)/Q172CPU(N))
30H(48)	Fixed at 0 (To self CPU high speed interrupt accept flag from CPU1)
31H(49)	Fixed at 0 (To self CPU high speed interrupt accept flag from CPU2)
32H(50)	Fixed at 0 (To self CPU high speed interrupt accept flag from CPU3)
33H(51)	Fixed at 0 (To self CPU high speed interrupt accept flag from CPU4)
206H(518)	Fixed at 0 (Speed changing flag (Axis1 to 16))
207H(519)	Fixed at 0 (Speed changing flag (Axis17 to 32))
208H(520)	Fixed at 0 (Synchronous encoder current value changing flag (Axis1 to 12))
20CH(524)	Fixed at 0 (Current value within 1cam shaft revolution changing flag (Axis1 to 16))
20DH(525)	Fixed at 0 (Current value within 1cam shaft revolution changing flag (Axis17 to 32))

(2) CPU dedicated instruction transmission

(a) Outline operation of Motion Dedicated PLC Instruction Motion dedicated PLC instruction is transmitted through the CPU dedicated instruction transmission area set up in the system area on shared memory at the Multiple CPU high speed transmission.

Outline operation for Motion dedicated PLC instruction is shown below.



CPU dedicated instruction transmission area shown in table below is allocated as initial setting.

Number of Multiple CPU modules	Number of CPU dedicated instruction transmission area for each target CPU
2	47 blocks
3	23 blocks
4	15 blocks

Table 3.1 Number of CPU dedicated instruction transmission area

As shown in Table 3.2, each Motion dedicated PLC instruction uses a certain number of blocks in the CPU dedicated instruction transmission area until the "complete device" turns on by the PLC CPU after instruction execution.

Table 3.2 Number of blocks	used for Motion of	dedicated PLC instruction
----------------------------	--------------------	---------------------------

Instructions	Number of blocks used
D(P).SFCS	1
D(P).SVST	1
D(P).CHGA	1
D(P).CHGAS QDS(Ver.)	1
D(P).CHGV	1
D(P).CHGVS QDS Ver.)	1
D(P).CHGT	1
D(P).CHGT2	1
D(P).DDWR	2 ^(Note)
D(P).DDRD	2 ^(Note)
D(P).GINT	1

(Note): When the number of transmitted data is 4 words or less, number of blocks used is 1.

[Operation example]

Below is an example when 12 D(P).SVST instructions and 12 D(P).DDWR instructions (5 word or more each) are executed simultaneously.

The number of blocks used is as follows;

- 12 D(P).SVST instructions imes 1 block each +
- 12 D(P).DDWR instructions \times 2 blocks each
- = 36 (Total blocks used)

Ver.! : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(b) Permissible number of executions for dedicated instructions on Multiple CPU high-speed transmission

When the number of blocks being used to communicate with each CPU in the Multiple CPU dedicated instruction transmission area exceeds the set value for maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (special registers SD796 to SD799 of PLC CPU), the system enters a state where the Motion dedicated PLC instruction is not accepted (permissible number of executions exceeded state). At the time of Motion dedicated instruction execution towards the target CPU, an abnormal complete status "0010H" is set in the complete status device. If the complete device is omitted, no operation occurs at all.

An interlock can be created using block information using Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction (SM796 to SM799 of the PLC CPU) so that the permissible number of executions is not exceeded.

Device No.	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by
SM796	Block information using Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction (For CPU No.1)	OFF: Block is secured ON : Block set by SD796 cannot be secured	Turns ON when the number of the	
SM797	Block information using Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction (For CPU No.2)	OFF: Block is secured ON : Block set by SD797 cannot be secured	remaining blocks of the dedicated instruction transmission area used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction is less than the	System (When
SM798	Block information using Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction (For CPU No.3)	OFF: Block is secured ON : Block set by SD798 cannot be secured	number of blocks specified by "SD796 to SD799". Turns ON at instruction execution. Turns OFF when empty area exists at END	instruction/ END processing executed)
SM799	Block information using Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction (For CPU No.4)	OFF: Block is secured ON : Block set by SD799 cannot be secured	processing.	

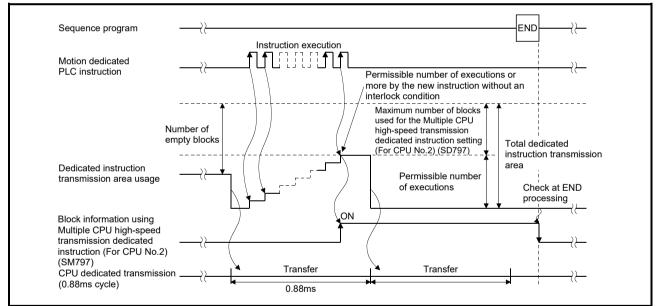
• Special relay of PLC CPU

Device No.	Name	Meaning	Explanation	Set by
SD796	Maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (For CPU No.1)		Specifies the maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction.	
SD797	Maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (For CPU No.2)	Maximum number of blocks used le CPU high-speed dedicated instruction CPU No.2)Maximum number of blocks range for dedicated instructions Range: 1 to 7 (Default: 2)When the dedicated CPU transmission is target CPU, and the blocks of the dedicated transmission area is value of this register is turned ON, which interlock signal for of of the dedicated ins CPU transmission area is value of this register is turned ON, which interlock signal for of of the dedicated ins CPU transmission area is value of this register is turned ON, which interlock signal for of of the dedicated ins	When the dedicated instruction of Multiple CPU transmission is executed to the target CPU, and the number of empty	User
SD798	Maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (For CPU No.3)		blocks of the dedicated instruction transmission area is less than the setting value of this register, "SM796 to SM799" is turned ON, which is used as the	(At 1 scan after RUN)
SD799	Maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (For CPU No.4)		interlock signal for consecutive execution of the dedicated instruction of Multiple CPU transmission.	

Special register of PLC CPU

[Operation timing]

Operation which executes each Motion dedicated instruction and turns on the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission block information.



[Operation example]

When multiple D(P).DDWR instructions (5 word or more each) are executed simultaneously before turning on each complete device in the 2 Multiple CPUs. If the number of blocks used for each item is set as follows,

- Number of CPU dedicated instruction transmission area: 47 blocks (Initial value)
- Maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (For CPU No.2) (SD797): 2 (Initial value)
- D(P).DDWR number of blocks used: 2

And, when 23 D(P).DDWR instructions are issued within the Multiple CPU high speed transmission cycle (0.88 ms), the number of blocks used is as follows.

2 (D(P).DDWR number of blocks) \times 23 (D(P).DDWR instructions)

= 46 (Total blocks used)

Therefore, the number of empty blocks is as follows;

47 (Number of CPU dedicated instruction transmission area) - 46 (Total blocks used) = 1 (Number of empty blocks)

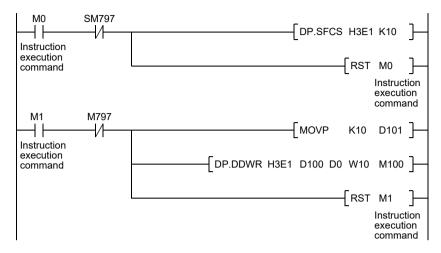
1 (Number of empty blocks) < 2 (Maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (For CPU No.2) (SD797))

In the above case, the number of empty blocks is less than the maximum number of blocks used for the Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction setting (For CPU No.2) (SD797), therefore block information using Multiple CPU high-speed transmission dedicated instruction (For CPU No.2) (SM797) turns on.

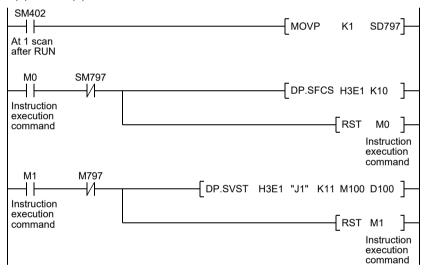
If a new instruction is executed while in this status, it will be more than the permissible number of executions. However, this can be avoided by using SM797 as an interlock.

[Program example]

(1) Program which sets 2 (Initial value) to SD797 and uses SM797 as an interlock when DP.DDWR (Number of blocks used : 2) is executed.



(2) Program which sets 1 to SD797 and uses SM797 as an interlock condition when D(P).DDWR/D(P).DDRD is not executed.



(c) CPU dedicated instruction transmission area

If the size of the CPU dedicated instruction transmission area is insufficient, it can be increased changing the system area size. The size of the CPU dedicated instruction transmission area is decided depending on the number of CPU modules used and selected system area size as follows. Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for details of the system area size change.

• Number of Multiple CPU modules: 2

Selected system	Number of CPU dedicated instruction transmission area	
area size	for each target CPU	
1k word	47 blocks	
2k word	111 blocks	

• Number of Multiple CPU modules: 3

Selected system	Number of CPU dedicated instruction transmission area	
area size	for each target CPU	
1k word	23 blocks	
2k word	55 blocks	

• Number of Multiple CPU modules: 4

Selected system	Number of CPU dedicated instruction transmission area	
area size	for each target CPU	
1k word	15 blocks	
2k word	36 blocks	

- (d) Number of simultaneous instruction acceptance for Motion CPU The following number of instructions can be accepted simultaneously in the Motion CPU.
 - D(P).SFCS
 - Total of D(P).SVST, D(P).CHGA and D(P).CHGAS
 - Q173DSCPU/Q173DSCPU : 128 (Note-1)
 - Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q173DCPU(-S1): 64
 - (Note-1): 64 for operating system software version "00A".

:64

: 32

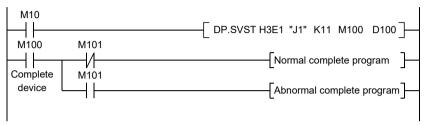
- D(P).GINT
- Total of D(P).DDRD and D(P).DDWR: 64
- D(P).CHGV/D(P).CHGVS @x/D(P).CHGT/D(P).CHGT2 @x
 : Last instruction for each axis executed is valid. There is not a limitation for number of simultaneous instruction acceptance.

When more than the above number of instructions are executed by the PLC CPU, even if there is enough area in the CPU dedicated instruction transmission area, the Motion CPU cannot accept it.

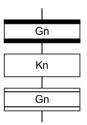
In this case, 2100 is set to the complete status information and it abnormal completion occurs.

(3) Execution of Motion dedicated PLC instruction

(a) Motion dedicated PLC instruction can be executed with a fixed cycle execute type program and interrupt program. However, the complete device is a pulse-type. If the complete device (M100 in below example) is set, it may not be recognized during the PLC scan. Therefore, the sequence program should scan for completion of the device and use a set bit to execute the Motion instruction string.



- (b) The below devices cannot be used as program file registers or local devices.
 - Each instruction's complete device and complete status
 - D1 of D(P).DDRD instruction (First device of the self CPU where the reading data is stored.)
- (c) When using the Motion dedicated function of the operation control step (Fn/FSn) and servo program (Kn) in Motion CPU, it is necessary to create a user-defined interlock using WAIT transition (Gn) as shown below.



(4) Complete status information

The codes stored in complete status at the completion of Motion dedicated PLC instruction are shown below.

If the complete status storage device is omitted, an error is not detected and operation becomes "No operation".

Complete status (Error code) (H)	Error factor
	Normal completion
0010	Instruction request to Motion CPU from PLC CPU exceeds the permissible value. (Permissible value is different depending on the number of CPU modules.).
2000 ^(Note-1)	Command that cannot be decoded in the Motion CPU was specified.
2001 (Note-1)	The specified device cannot be used in the Motion CPU, or it is outside the device range.
2002 ^(Note-1)	A Motion dedicated PLC instruction that does not correspond with the operating system of the Motion CPU was executed.
2080 ^(Note-1)	Number of writing data points set by D(P).DDWR instruction is wrong.
2081 (Note-1)	Number of reading data points set by D(P).DDRD instruction is wrong.
2082 (Note-1)	The interrupt pointer No. set in the D(P).GINT instruction is outside the range of 0 to 15.
2100 ^(Note-1)	 D(P).SFCS instruction use There are 65 or more simultaneous D(P).SFCS instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. D(P).SVST/D(P).CHGA/D(P).CHGAS cost instruction use There are the following number or more simultaneous D(P).SVST/D(P).CHGA/ D(P).CHGAS cost instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU :129 or more ^(Note-2) Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q173DCPU(-S1) : 65 or more D(P).GINT instruction use There are 33 or more simultaneous D(P).GINT instruction requests to the Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. D(P).DDRD/D(P).DDWR instruction use There are 65 or more simultaneous D(P).DDRD/D(P).DDWR instruction requests to the
2200 (Note-1)	Motion CPU from the PLC CPU, therefore the Motion CPU cannot process them. The starting Motion SFC program No. is outside the range of 0 to 255.
2200 (Note-1)	The servo program No. to execute is outside the range of 0 to 4095.
2202 ^(Note-1)	Axis No. set by D(P).SVST instruction is wrong.
2203 ^(Note-1)	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGA instruction is wrong.
2204 ^(Note-1)	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGV instruction is wrong.
2205 ^(Note-1)	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGT instruction is wrong.
2206 (Note-1)	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGT2 instruction is wrong.
2207 ^(Note-1)	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGAS instruction is wrong.
2208 ^(Note-1)	Axis No. set by D(P).CHGVS instruction is wrong.

(Note-1): The error code is dedicated with the Motion CPU.

(Note-2): 65 or more for operating system software version "00A".

(5) Order of instruction execution

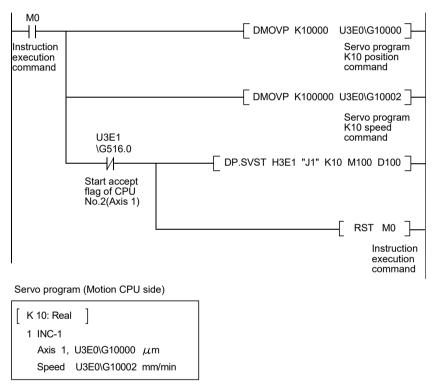
Methods to control using execution data after it is transmitted from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU are shown below.

(a) Method to execute after data is written to the shared memory area (Multiple CPU high speed transmission area).

Write the data from PLC CPU to the shared memory area (Multiple CPU high speed transmission area) of the self CPU, and then it can be utilized for Motion dedicated PLC instruction execution.

[Program example]

Program which starts the servo program (positioning) by DP.SVST instruction after the data has been writing to shared memory area (Multiple CPU high speed transmission area (U3E0\G10000 to U3E0\G10003) from PLC CPU (CPU No.1).



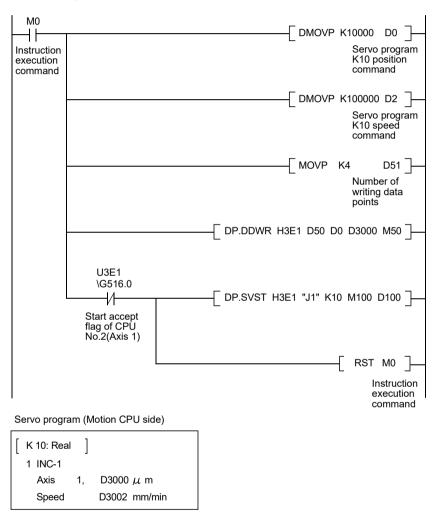
Sequence program (PLC CPU side)

(b) Method to execute after data is written by D(P).DDWR instruction Write the data from the PLC CPU to the Motion CPU by D(P).DDWR instruction, and then it can be utilized for Motion dedicated PLC instruction execution.

[Program example]

Program which starts the servo program (positioning) by DP.SVST instruction after data is written to D3000 to D3002 of the Motion CPU (CPU No.2) from the PLC CPU (CPU No.1) by DP.DDWR.

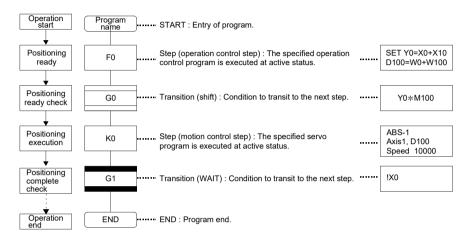
Sequence program (PLC CPU side)



MEMO

4.1 Motion SFC Program Configuration

The Motion SFC Program is constituted by the combination of start, steps, transitions, end and others are shows below.



The above Motion SFC program to be started performs the following operations.

- The step (F0) is activated and the operation specified with the step (F0) is executed (positioning ready). A step in such an active state is called an active step.
- (2) Whether the condition specified with the transition (G0) has enabled or not (whether the positioning program can be started or not) is checked. The active step (F0) is deactivated at the completion of condition and the next step (K0) is activated (servo program (K0) is started).
- (3) The operating completion of the step (K0) (positioning completion of the servo program K0) is checked, and control transits to the next step at operating completion (completion of condition).
- (4) With the transition of the active step as described in above (1) to (3), control is executed and ends at END.

Refer to Section "9.2.2 Task operation" for details of the execution timing of the Motion SFC program such as above.

POINT

The number of steps which can be active steps simultaneously is up to 256, with those of all Motion SFC programs combined. Excess of 256 will result in the Motion SFC error (error code: 16120).

Each symbol of the Motion SFC program is as follows.

F/FS : Operation control, K : Positioning control, G : Judgment

4.2 Motion SFC Chart Symbol List

Parts as Motion SFC program components are shown below. The operation sequence or transition control is expressed with connecting these parts by directed lines in the Motion SFC program.

Classification	Name	Symbol (Code size (byte))	List representation	Function
Program start/end	START	Program name	Program name	 Indicates an entry of program as a program name. Specify this program name at a subroutine call. Only one program name for one program.
	END	END (8)	END	 Indicates an end (exit) of program. When a subroutine call was carried out, returns to the call source program. Multiple program names or no symbols for one program.
	Motion control step	Kn (8)	CALL Kn	• Starts a servo program Kn (K0 to K4095).
Step	Once execution type operation control step	Fn (8)	CALL Fn	• Execute once the operation control program Fn (F0 to F4095).
	Scan execution type operation control step	FSn (8)	CALL FSn	 Repeats an operation control program FSn (FS0 to FS4095) until the next transition condition enables.
	Subroutine call/start step	Program name	GSUB program name	 When the next of GSUB is WAIT, performs "subroutine call" and transits control to the specified program. Control returns to the call source program at END execution. When the next of GSUB is except WAIT, performs "subroutine start", and starts the specified program and transits to the next (lower part). The start source and destination programs are executed simultaneously, and the call destination program ends at END execution.
	Clear step	I ^{CLR} Program name	CLR program name	 Stops and ends the specified program running. After an end, it is started from the initial (start step) by restarting the program. When the specified program is during "subroutine call", the subroutine program is also stopped to execute. When the specified program is after "subroutine start", the subroutine program is not stopped to execute. When clearing to the subroutine by which the "subroutine call" was executed, the specified subroutine is stopped to execute, returns to the call source program, and transits to the next.

Classification	Name	Symbol (Code size (byte))	List representation	Function
	Shift (Pre-read transition)	Gn (8)	SFT Gn	 When just before is the motion control step, transits to the next step by formation of transition condition Gn (G0 to G4095) without waiting for the motion operating completion. When just before is the operation control step, transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition after operating execution. When just before is subroutine call or starting step, transits to the next step by formation of transition condition without waiting for the operating completion of subroutine.
	WAIT	Gn (8)	WAIT Gn	 When just before is the motion control step, waits for the motion operating completion and then transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition Gn (G0 to G4095). When just before is the operation control step, transits to the next step by formation of transition condition after operating execution. (Same operation as Shift.) When just before is subroutine call or starting step, waits for the operating completion of subroutine and then transits to the next step by the completion of subroutine and then transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition.
Transition	WAITON	ON bit device	WAITON bit device	 Prepares for starting of the next motion control step, and issues an instruction immediately when the specified bit device turns ON. Always pair this transition with the motion control step one-for- one.
	WAITOFF	OFF bit device	WAITOFF bit device	 Prepares for starting of the next motion control step, and issues an instruction immediately when the specified bit device turns OFF. Always pair this transition with the motion control step one-for- one.
	Shift Y/N	(Not completion of condition) Gn N (Completion Y of condition)	IFBm IFT1 SFT Gn : JMP IFEm IFT2 SFT Gn+? : JMP IFEm IFEm	 When just before is the motion control step, transits to the next step by formation of transition condition Gn (G0 to G4095) without waiting for the motion operating completion. If not formation of transition condition, transits to the right-connected step. When just before is the operation control step, transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition after operating execution. If not the completion of transition condition, transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition after operating execution. If not the completion of transition condition, transits to the right-connected step. When just before is "subroutine call" or "starting step", transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition without waiting for the operating of subroutine completion. If not formation of transition condition, transits to the right-connected step.

Classification	Name	Symbol (Code size (byte))	List representation	Function
Transition	WAIT Y/N	(Not completion of condition) Gn N (Completion Y of condition)	IFBm IFT1 WAIT Gn : JMP IFEm IFT2 WAIT Gn+? : JMP IFEm IFEm	 When just before is the motion control step, waits for the motion operating completion and then transits to the next step by formation of transition condition Gn (G0 to G4095). If not completion of transition condition, transits to the right-connected step. When just before is the operation control step, transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition after operating execution. If not the completion of transition condition, transits to the right-condition, transits to the right-connected step. (Same operation as Shift.) When just before is subroutine call or starting step, waits for the operating completion of subroutine, and then transits to the next step by the completion of transition condition. If not formation of transition condition, transits to the right-connected step.
Jump	Jump	Pn (14)	JMP Pn	 Jumps to the specified pointer Pn (P0 to P16383) of the self program.
Pointer	Pointer	Pn (8)	Pn	 Indicates a jump destination pointer (label). This pointer can be set at a step, transition, branch point or coupling point. P0 to P16383 can be set in one program. The same No. may also be used in other programs.

4.3 Branch and Coupling Chart List

	1	Motion SFC charts are show		
	Name (Code size (byte))	Motion SFC chart symbol	List representation	Function
	Series transition (Corresponding symbol size)		List representation corresponding to the Motion SFC chart symbols shown in Section 4.2.	 Steps and transitions connected in series are processed in order from top to bottom. Steps and transitions need not be lined up alternately. When a transition is omitted, unconditional shift processing is performed.
	Selective branch ((Number of branches + 2) × 10)	IFBm	CALL Kn IFBm IFT1 SFT Gn CALL Fn :	 The route which transition condition enables first is executed after executing the step or transition preceding a branch. Selective branch destinations should always be started by transitions, all of which must be Shift or WAIT. (Using Shift and WAIT together will cause a parallel branch.)
	Selective coupling (8)	-	JMP IFEm IFT2 SFT Gn' CALL Fn' : (JMP IFEm) IFEm CALL Fn''	 After the route branched by a selective branch has been processed, execution shifts to a coupling point. A coupling may be preceded and followed by either a step or a transition.
Basic type	Parallel branch (Number of branches \times 22 + number of coupling points \times 2 + 12)	PABm PAT1 PAT2	CALL Kn PABm PAT1 CALL Fn SFT Gn' : JMP PAEm	 Multiple routes (steps) connected in parallel are executed simultaneously. Each parallel branch destination may be started by either a step or transition.
	Parallel coupling (8)		PAT2 CALL Fn' SFT Gn'' (JMP PAEm) PAEm CALL Fn''	 Execution waits at the coupling point for executions of the routes branched by a parallel branch to be completed, and shifts to the next when executions of all routes are completed. A coupling may be preceded and followed by either a step or a transition. When this coupling is preceded by an FS step, scans are executed during waiting. After waiting is complete, scans are not executed.
	Jump transition (Corresponding symbol size)	<normal jump=""> <coupling jump=""></coupling></normal>	 After the step or transition pred transition is executed, executed pointer Pn specified within its of The jump destination may either transition. When a jump takes place from 	 After the step or transition preceding this jump transition is executed, execution shifts to the pointer Pn specified within its own program. The jump destination may either be a step or
			CALL Fn' Pn CALL Kn	 the completion of transition condition of the jump destination. 2) Coupling jump When a jump to the other route within a parallel branch takes place after the parallel branch, a "coupling jump" takes place and execution waits at the jump destination.

Branch and coupling patterns which specify step and transition sequences in the Motion SFC charts are shown below.

			List	
	Name	Motion SFC chart symbol	representation	Function
	Selective branch Parallel branch			 After a selective branch, a parallel branch can be performed.
Appli-	Parallel coupling Selective coupling	PAEm	CALL Fn' ; (JMP PAEm) PAEm JMP IFEm IFT2 SFT Gn' CALL Fn'' ; (JMP IFEm) IFEm SFT Gn''	 The selective coupling point can be the same as the coupling point of a parallel coupling for selective branch → parallel branch. Note that in the Motion SFC chart, this type is displayed in order of a parallel coupling → a selective coupling, as shown on the left. In this case, a pointer (Pn) cannot be set between the parallel coupling point (PAEm) and the selective coupling point (IFEm).
cation type	Parallel branch Selective branch	PABm PAT1 PAT2 IFBm IFT1 IFT2	SFT Gn PABm PAT1 CALL Fn IFBm IFT1 SFT Gn' CALL Fn' : JMP IFEm	 After a parallel branch, a selective branch can be performed.
	Selective coupling Parallel coupling	IFEm PAEm	IFT2 SFT Gn" CALL Fn" : (JMP IFEm) IFEM JMP PAEm PAT2 CALL Fn" : CALL Kn (JMP PAEm) PAEm SFT Gn"	 The parallel coupling point can be the same as the coupling point of a selective coupling for parallel branch → selective branch. Note that in the Motion SFC chart, this type is displayed in order of a selective coupling → a parallel coupling, as shown on the left. In this case, a pointer (Pn) cannot be set between the selective coupling point (IFEm) and the parallel coupling point (PAEm).

Combining the basic type branches/couplings provides the following application types, which are defined as in the basic types.

	Name	Motion SFC chart symbol	List representation	Function
	Selective branch Selective branch	IFBm IFBm+1 IFT1 IFT2 IFT1 IFT2	CALL Kn IFBm IFT1 SFT Gn IFBm+1 IFT1 SFT Gn' : JMP IFEm+1 IFT2 SFT Gn''	 After a selective branch, a selective branch can be performed.
Appli-	Selective coupling Selective coupling	IFEm+1	(JMP IFEm+1) IFEm+1 JMP IFEm IFT2 SFT Gn''' CALL Fn' : (JMP IFEm) IFEm SFT Gn''''	 The two selective coupling points for selective branch → selective branch can be the same. Note that in the Motion SFC chart, this type is displayed in order of a selective coupling → a selective coupling, as shown on the left. In this case, a pointer (Pn) cannot be set between the selective coupling point (IFEm+1) and the selective coupling point (IFEm).
cation type	Parallel branch Parallel branch	PABm PAT1 PAT2 PABm+1 PAT1 PAT2	CALL Kn PABm PAT1 SFT Gn PABm+1 PAT1 CALL Fn' : JMP PAEm+1 PAT2 CALL Fn''	 After a parallel branch, a parallel branch can be performed. A parallel branch can be nested up to four levels.
	Parallel coupling Parallel coupling	PAEm+1	: (JMP PAEm+1) PAEm+1 JMP PAEm PAT2 CALL Fn''' : CALL Kn JMP PAEm PAEm SFT Gn'''	 The two parallel coupling points for parallel branch parallel branch can be the same. Note that in the Motion SFC chart, this type is displayed in order of a parallel coupling → a parallel coupling, as shown on the left. In this case, a pointer (Pn) cannot be set between the parallel coupling point (PAEm+1) and the parallel coupling point (PAEm).

	Name	Motion SFC chart symbol	List representation	Function
	Selective coupling Parallel branch	IFEm PABm PAT1 PAT2	(JMP IFEm) IFEm PABm PAT1 CALL Fn JMP PAEm PAT2 CALL Fn' : (JMP PAEm) PAEm	 The selective coupling point and parallel branch point can be the same. Note that in the Motion SFC chart, this type is displayed in order of a selective coupling → a parallel branch, as shown on the left. In this case, a pointer (Pn) cannot be set between the selective coupling point (IFEm) and the parallel branch point (PABm).
Appli- cation	Parallel coupling Selective branch	PAEm IFBm IFBm IFT1 IFT2	JMP PAEm PAEm IFBm IFT1 SFT Gn JMP IFEm IFT2 SFT Gn' : (JMP IFEm) IFEm	 The parallel coupling point and selective branch point can be the same. Note that in the Motion SFC chart, this type is displayed in order of a parallel coupling → a selective branch, as shown on the left. Execution waits at the parallel coupling point and shifts to the selective branch. In this case, a pointer (Pn) cannot be set between the parallel coupling point (IFBm).
type	Selective coupling Selective branch	IFEm IFBm+1 IFT1 IFT2	: (JMP IFEm) IFEm IFBm+1 IFT1 SFT Gn : JMP IFEm+1 IFT2 SFT Gn' : (JMP IFEm+1) IFEm+1	 The selective coupling point and selective branch point can be the same. Note that in the Motion SFC chart, this type is displayed in order of a selective coupling → a selective branch, as shown on the left. In this case, a pointer (Pn) cannot be set between the selective coupling point (IFEm) and the selective branch point (IFBm+1).
	Parallel coupling Parallel branch	PAEm PABm+1 PAT1 PAT2	: (JMP PAEm) PAEm PABm+1 PAT1 CALL Fn : JMP PAEm+1 PAT2 CALL Fn' : (JMP PAEm+1) PAEm+1 :	the parallel coupling point (PAEm) and the parallel branch point (PABm+1).

4.4 Motion SFC Program Name

Set the "Motion SFC program name" to the Motion SFC program No.0 to No.255 individually.

Set the Motion SFC program name within 16 characters. Specify this Motion SFC program name for a "subroutine call/start step (GSUB)" and "clear step (CLR)". Refer to "Chapter 11 USER FILES" for the user file of the Motion SFC program.

POINT

- (1) It is can be set the Motion SFC program to any of No.0 to No.255. There are no specific programs which have special roles.
- (2) "\$" cannot be used in the first character of the Motion SFC program name.
- (3) "\/:;,.*?" <> |" cannot be used in Motion SFC program name.

4.5 Steps

4.5.1 Motion control step

Name	Symbol	Function
Motion control step	Kn	Starts the servo program Kn. Specified range: K0 to K4095

[Operations]

- (1) Turns on the start accept flag of the axis specified with the specified servo program Kn running.
- (2) Starts the specified servo program Kn.

Execution timing
Completion of transition condition
Start accept flag (M2001+n) v
+ t

[Errors]

(1) When the specified servo program Kn does not exist, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16200) will occur and stops to execute the Motion SFC program at the error detection.

[Instructions]

- (1) When the current value change is executed in the Motion SFC program running, specify the CHGA instruction in the servo program and call it at the motion control step.
- (2) If the servo program has stopped due to a major/minor error which occurred at or during a start of the servo program specified with the motion control step, the Motion SFC program continues executing. When the Motion SFC program is stopped at error detection, provide an error detection condition at the transition (transition condition).
- (3) Refer to Chapter 7 for servo programs that can be described in Motion control steps.

4.5.2 Operation control step

	Name	Symbol	Function
	Operation control step	Fn/FSn	Executes the operation control program Fn/FSn. Specified range: F0 to F4095/FS0 to FS4095
[Operations]			
	. ,	on type operation f Fn, executes the	control step Fn specified operation control program Fn once.
	In the case of	on type operation f FSn, repeats the n condition enable	specified operation control program FSn until the
[Errors]			
	SFC error (er	•	control program Fn/FSn does not exist, the Motion will occur and stops to execute the Motion SFC
[Instructions]			
	(1) Refer to Cha control progra	•	n expressions that may be described in operation
		n or similar error o program continues	occurs the operation control program running, the s executing.

4.5.3 Subroutine call/start step

Name	Symbol	Function
Subroutine call/start step	Program name	Calls/starts the Motion SFC program of the specified program name.

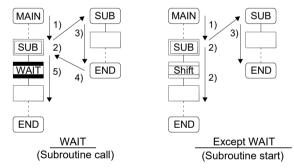
[Operations]

- (1) Calls/starts the Motion SFC program of the specified program name.
- (2) Control varies with the type of the transition coupled next to the subroutine call/start step.
 - (a) WAIT (Subroutine Call)

When the subroutine call step is executed, control transits to the specified program as shown below, and when END of the called program is executed, control returns to the call source program.

(b) Except WAIT (Subroutine Start)

When the subroutine start step is executed, control starts the specified program and then shifts to the next as shown below. Since, the start source and destination Motion SFC programs are executed in parallel. The started program ends at END execution.



[Errors]

- (1) When the specified Motion SFC program does not exist at a subroutine call/start, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16005) will occur and stops to execute the Motion SFC program at the error detection.
- (2) When the called/started Motion SFC program is already starting at a subroutine call/start, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16006) will occur and stops to execute the Motion SFC program at the error detection.
- (3) When the self program is started at a subroutine call/start, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16110) will occur and stops to execute the Motion SFC program at the error detection.
- (4) When the subroutine to be called/started at a subroutine call/start in the Motion SFC program 2 running which was called/started from the Motion SFC program 1 is the Motion SFC program 1 (call source/start program), the Motion SFC error (error code: 16111) will occur and the call/start source Motion SFC program 2 running is stopped at the point of error detection.

[Instructions]

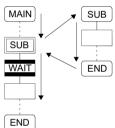
- (1) There are no restrictions on the depth of subroutine call/start nesting.
- (2) For a subroutine start, the start source Motion SFC program continues processing if the start destination Motion SFC program stops due to an error.
- (3) For a subroutine call, the call source Motion SFC program stops running as soon as the call destination Motion SFC program stops due to an error.

4.5.4 Clear step

Name	Symbol	Function
Clear step	Program name	Stops the Motion SFC program of the specified program name.

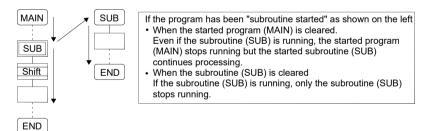
[Operations]

- (1) Stops the specified Motion SFC program running. (Stops in the same cycle as clear step execution.)
- (2) The clear-specified Motion SFC program will not start automatically after stopped if it has been set to start automatically.
- (3) The specified program may be its self program.
- (4) If the specified program is being subroutine called, the subroutine program called is also stopped. (Shown below)



If the program has been "subroutine called" as shown on the left • When the call source program (MAIN) is cleared. Even if the subroutine (SUB) is running, both the call source program (MAIN) and subroutine (SUB) stop running. • When the subroutine (SUB) is running, the subroutine (SUB) stops running and execution to the call source program (MAIN).

(5) When the specified program has been subroutine started, the subroutine program started continues processing. (Shown below)



- (6) When the servo program started from the specified program is starting, the servo program continues processing.
- (7) The servo program is executed after waiting completion of condition in "WAITON/WAITOFF + motion control step". Input the stop command of target axis in addition not to execute the servo program.

[Errors]

(1) When the Motion SFC specified with the clear step does not exist, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16203) will occur.

[Instructions]

- (1) When the Motion SFC program specified with the clear step is not starting, an error does not occur specifically and this step is ignored.
- (2) If the Motion SFC program running is stopped by the clear step, the output is held.
- (3) Input the stop command of target axis in addition to stop an operating axis with the clear step execution.

4.6 Transitions

You can describe conditional and operation expressions at transitions. The operation expression described here is repeated until the transition condition enables, as at the scan execution type operation step.

Refer to Chapter 6 for the conditional/operation expressions that can be described in transition conditions.

- (1) Combinations with motion control steps
 - (a) Motion control step + Shift

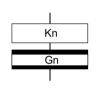


[Operations]

• Transits to the next step by formation of transition condition Gn without waiting for the operating completion of the servo program Kn started at the motion control step.

(b) Motion control step + WAIT

[Operations]

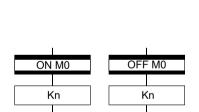


• Waits for the operating completion of the servo program Kn started at the motion control step, and then transits to the next step by formation of transition condition Gn.

- The operation completion condition of the servo program Kn is not needed in the transition condition Gn.
- An error stop of the started servo program Kn at/during a start is also regarded as an operation completion.

[Operations]

(c) WAITON/WAITOFF + Motion control step



• Prepares for the start of the motion control step next to WAITON/WAITOFF, and makes a start immediately when the specified bit device turns ON/OFF. When the motion control step is executed without being used with WAITON/WAITOFF, preparations for a start are made after the transition condition preceding the motion control step enables. This will cause a variation of delay/starting time between when the transition condition is completed and when a start is made, but a combination with WAITON/WAITOFF can eliminate the variation of the above delay/starting time.

4 - 16

Specifiable bit devices

Device	Range
Х	X0 to X1FFF (Note-1)
Y	Y0 to Y1FFF
М	M0 to M12287
U□\G	U□\G10000.0 to U□\G (10000+p-1).F ^(Note-2) □: CPU No. (No.1: 3E0, No.2: 3E1, No.3: 3E2, No.4: 3E3) CPU No. that is larger than the number of Multiple CPU cannot be set.
В	B0 to B1FFF
F	F0 to F2047
SM	SM0 to SM2255

(Note-1): The range of "PXn+4 to PXn+F" cannot be used (fixed at 0) for the input device (PXn+0 to PXn+F) allocated to the built-in interface in Motion CPU (DI). (n: First input No.)

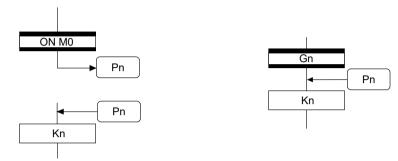
(Note-2): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

POINT

Refer to Chapter 2 of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area.

[Instructions]

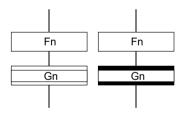
- Always pair a transition with a motion control step one-for-one. If the step following WAITON/WAITOFF is not a motion control step, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16102) will occur and the Motion SFC program running will stop at the error detection.
- An error will not occur if the jump destination immediately after WAITON/WAITOFF is a motion control step. (Left below)
- A pointer may exist immediately after WAITON/WAITOFF. (Right below)



- If the servo program specified with a motion control step could not be started due to a major/minor error, the Motion SFC program continues running and execution shifts to the next, independently of the WAITON/WAITOFF bit device status. To stop the Motion SFC program at error detection, provide an error detection condition at the next transition (transition condition).
- The following instructions can be used in the motion control step used combining the WAITON/WAITOFF.

(Linear interpolation control, circular interpolation control, helical interpolation, speed switching control, position follow-up control, constant-speed control, high speed oscillation and speed control with fixed position stop.)

(2) Combination with operation control step

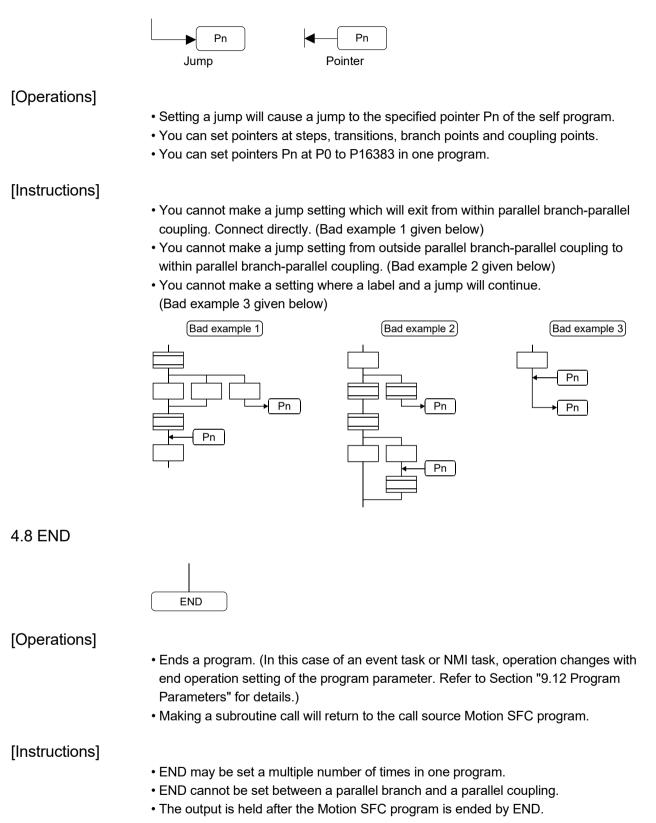


[Operations]

• At an operation control step, both Shift and WAIT perform the same operation, and after executing of the operation control program Fn, transits to the next step by formation of transition condition Gn.

(3) Combination with subroutine call/start step Refer to Section "4.5.3 Subroutine call/start step".

4.7 Jump, Pointer



4 - 19

4.9 Branches, Couplings

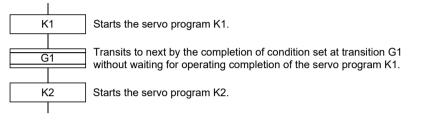
4.9.1 Series transition

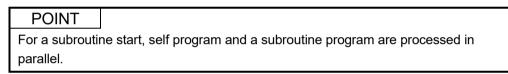
Transits execution to the subsequent step or transition connected in series.

 (1) To start a servo program or subroutine and shift execution to the next without waiting for operation completion

Set Shift at a transition.

In this case, the transition (shift) may be omitted. When you omitted the transition, an unconditional shift transition is performed.





(2) To start a servo program or subroutine and proceed to the next step on operation completion

Set WAIT at a transition.



Starts the servo program K1.

Transits to next when the start axis stops in the servo program K1 (start accept flag turns OFF) and condition is completed set at transition G1.

Starts the servo program K2.

POINT

(1) The above start accept flag of the axis started in the next servo program K2 is not included in interlocks.

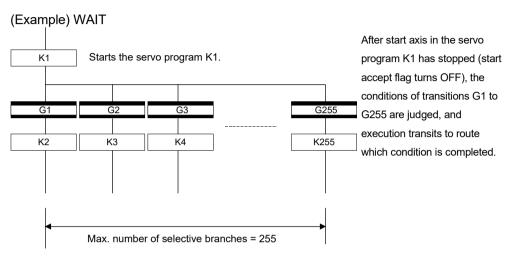
To use it as an interlock, the user should set it in the transition condition G1.

WAIT must be set to proceed to the next step on operation completion.
 However, when there are specifically no conditions to be set as interlocks, set
 "NOP (No Operation)" in the transition program (Gn).

4.9.2 Selective branch, selective coupling

(1) Selective branch

Executes only the route which condition was judged to have enabled first among the conditions of multiple transitions connected in parallel. Transitions must be all Shifts or WAITs.

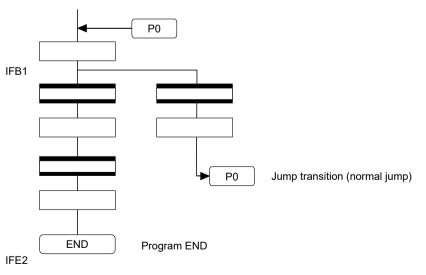


POINT

- (1) Transition condition judgment is not always executed from left to right.
- (2) Using Shift and WAIT together will cause a parallel branch.

(2) Selective coupling

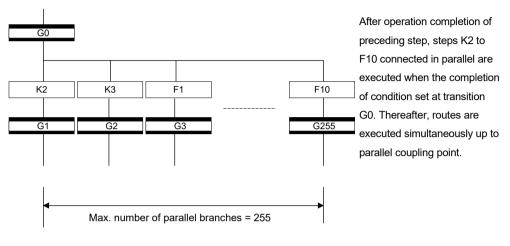
Recoupling of routes into a single route after their processing completions following a selective branch will be a selective coupling. However, you can also make a setting where no coupling will be made as shown below.



4.9.3 Parallel branch, parallel coupling

(1) Parallel branch

Multiple routes connected in parallel are executed simultaneously. Each parallel branch destination may be started by either a step or a transition.

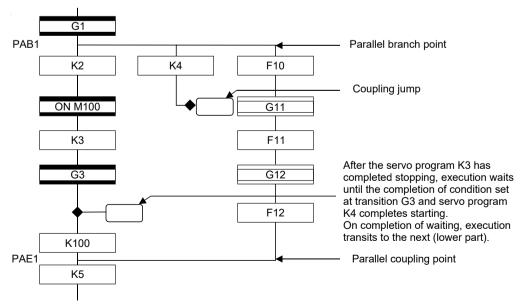


POINT	
"Shift" or "WAIT	" can be set to a transition preceding a parallel branch.
"WAITON" and "WAITOFF" cannot be set.	

(2) Parallel coupling

A parallel branch must be coupled by a parallel coupling. A jump setting to another branch route can be made within parallel branch-parallel coupling. In this case, a jump destination is a midway parallel coupling point (coupling jump).

You cannot set a jump to exit from within parallel branch-parallel coupling.

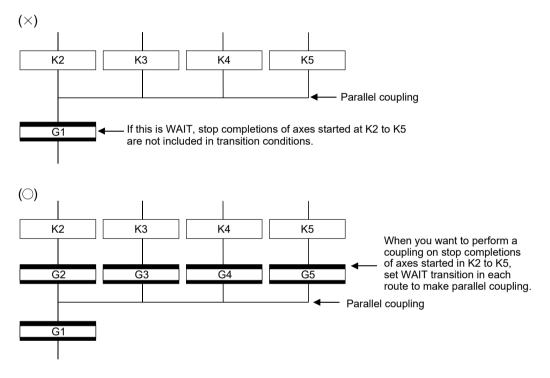


POINT

The number of parallel branches need not match that of couplings at a parallel coupling point.

(In the example of the diagram in Section 4.9.3 (2), the number of parallel branches is 3 and that of couplings is 2.)

When a WAIT transition is set right after a parallel coupling, the stop completions of the axes are not included in the waiting conditions if the parallel coupling is preceded by motion control steps. To perform a parallel coupling on stop completions, set WAIT transitions before a parallel coupling.

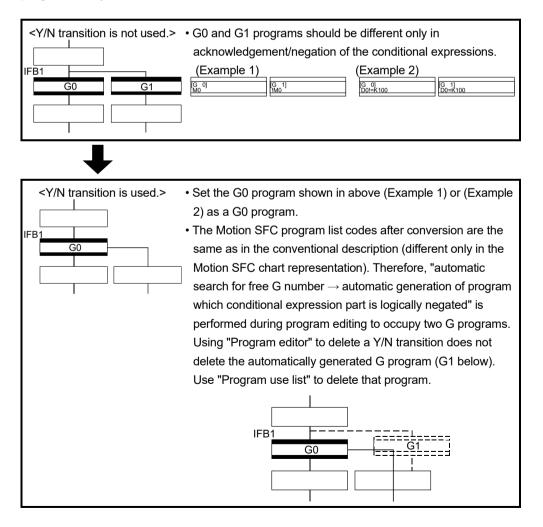


4.10 Y/N Transitions

When routes are branch at a transition condition enables and disable, "Shift Y/N transition" or "WAIT Y/N transition" will be useful.

Name	Symbol	Function
Shift Y/N transition	(Not completion of condition) Gn (Completion Y of condition)	 When a transition condition set at Gn enables, execution shifts to the lower step. When that condition disables, execution shifts to the right-connected step.
WAIT Y/N transition	(Not completion of condition) Gn (Completion Y of condition)	 Differences between "Shift Y/N" and "WAIT Y/N" are the same as those between "Shift" and "WAIT".

A Y/N transition is designed to describe the following two-route selective branch program easily.



(1) Automatic free G number search feature

- (a) When not set to automatic numbering Searches for a free number forward, starting with the "set G number + 1" at the "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" symbol.
 When no free numbers are found after a search up to 4095, a search is made from 0 to the "set G number - 1".
- (b) When set to automatic numbering Searches for a free number forward (or backward) in the automatic numbering range, starting with the "automatically numbered G number + 1 (or -1)" at the "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" symbol. (The searching method is as in the automatic numbering setting.)

(2) Automatic logical NOT program generation feature

Automatically generates a program which logically negates the conditional expression block (last block) of the transition program set at "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N".

The basic is shown below.

<Setting program (conditional expression block)>

Conditional expression//(bit conditional expression or comparison conditional expression)



<Logically negated, automatically generated program (conditional expression block)> !Conditional expression//(bit conditional expression or comparison conditional expression)

Examples are shown below.

<Setting program (conditional expression block)>

(Example 1)

M0 //Bit device ON

(Example 2)

D0!=K100 //Data register D0 is not K100

<Logically negated, automatically generated program (conditional expression block)>

```
(Example 1)
```

!(M0) //Bit device OFF

(Example 2)

!(D0!=K100) //Data register D0 is K100

POINT

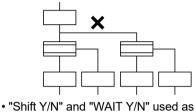
- Refer to Section "1.2.3 (2) Table of the operation control/transition instruction" for the instructions usable in the conditional expressions of "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" transition programs.
- (2) Set conditional expression block only to the setting program.

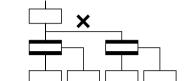
(3) Instructions for the Motion SFC charts

Any Motion SFC chart that will be meaningless to or conflict with the definition of Y/N transitions will result in an error at the time of editing (or Motion SFC chart conversion). Their patterns and instructions will be given below.

- (a) When "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" is connected as a selective branch or parallel branch: Error
- "Shift Y/N" used as selective branch

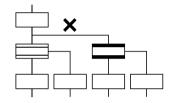
parallel branch

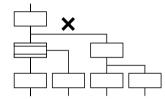




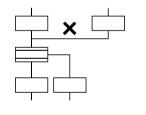
• "WAIT Y/N" used as selective branch

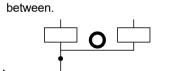
 "Shift (or WAIT) Y/N" used with other step/transition as parallel branch or selective branch

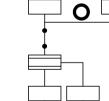




- (b) When a coupling precedes "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N": Provide "couplingbranch continuation" in between.
- Direct coupling with "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" is not allowed.
- Provide "coupling-branch continuation" in between.

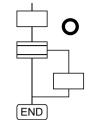


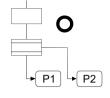




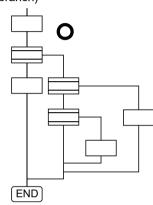
(c) The following patterns may be set.

• End (END) from "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" • Jump from "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N"

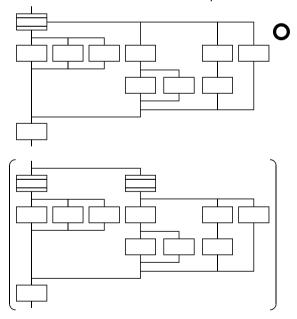




• Continuation from "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" to "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N" (selective branch-selective branch)



• When there are two or more connection lines from Y/N side of "Shift Y/N" or "WAIT Y/N", selective branch continues to selective branch or parallel branch.



4.11 Motion SFC Comments

A comment can be set to each symbol of the step/transition in the motion SFC chart. Comments are shown in the Motion SFC chart by changing the display mode to "Comment display" on the Motion SFC program edit screen.

Classification	Name	Symbol	Comment Setting				
	START	Program name					
Program start/end	END	END	Comment setting cannot be made.				
	Motion control step	Kn					
	Once execution type operation control step	Fn I					
Step	Scan execution type operation control step	FSn					
	Subroutine call/start step	Program name					
	Clear step	CLR Program name					
	Shift (preread transition)	Gn	Up to 80 characters Displayed in 20 characters×4 lines				
	WAIT	Gn					
Transition	WAITON	ON bit device					
Transition	WAITOFF	OFF bit device					
	Shift Y/N	Gn					
	WAIT Y/N	Gn					
Jump	Jump	Pn	Up to 64 characters				
Pointer	Pointer	Pn	Displayed in 16 characters ×4 lines				

POINT

(1) Motion SFC comments are stored into the code area of Motion CPU. The code
area stores the Motion SFC chart codes, operation control (F/FS) program
codes, transition (G) program codes and Motion SFC comments.
Be careful not to set too many comments to avoid code area overflow. (Refer
to Section "1.2.2 (1) (b) Motion SFC Performance Specifications" for the code
area sizes.)

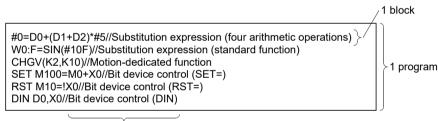
(2) You cannot use "," in comment statements.

MEMO

5.1 Operation Control Programs

- (1) Operation control programs
 - (a) Substitution operation expressions, motion-dedicated functions and bit device control commands can be set in operation control program.
 - (b) Multiple blocks in one operation control program can be set.
 - (c) There are no restrictions on the number of blocks that may be set in one operation control program. However, one program is within 64k bytes.
 - (d) The maximum number of characters in one block is 128.
 - (e) Transition conditions cannot be set. Transition conditions can be set only in transition programs.
 - (f) The bit conditional expression that logical data value (true or false) is returned in an operation control program, a comparison conditional expression can be set up only as a source (S) of device set (SET=) or device reset (RST=).

An operation control program example is shown below.



Comment

(2) Priorities of operators and functions

Operators and functions have the following priorities. Using parentheses allows an operation sequence to be specified freely.

Priority	Item (Operator, Function)						
High	Calculation within parentheses (())						
	Standard function (SIN, COS, etc.), Type conversion (USHORT, LONG, etc.)						
	Bit inversion (~), logical negation (!), sign inversion ($-$)						
	Multiplication (*), division (/), remainder (%)						
	Addition (+), subtraction (-)						
	Bit left shift (<<), bit right shift (>>)						
	Comparison operators: Less than (<), less than or equal to (<=),						
	more than (>), more than or equal to (>=)						
	Comparison operators: Equal to (==), not equal to (!=)						
	Bit logical AND (&)						
	Bit exclusive OR (^)						
	Bit logical OR ()						
	Logical AND (*)						
	Logical OR (+)						
Low	Substitution (=)						

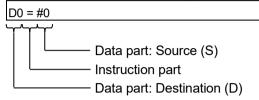
(3) Structure of instruction

Many of the instructions usable in operation control programs can be divided into instruction and data parts.

The instruction and data parts are used for the following purposes.

- Instruction part Indicates the function of that instruction.
- Data part Indicates the data used in the instruction.

"Substitution: =" structure example



- (a) Source (S)
 - 1) The source is the data used in an operation.
 - 2) It varies with the device specified in each instruction is shown below.
 - Bit or word device

Specify the device which stores the data used in operation. The data must have been stored in the specified device until the operation is executed.

Changing the data stored in the specified device during program execution allows changing the data used in that instruction.

Constant

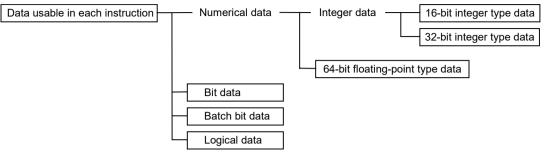
Specify the numerical value used in an operation.

As the constant is set during program creation, it cannot be changed during program running.

- (b) Destination (D)
 - 1) As the destination data, after-operation data is stored.
 - 2) Destination data is always set the device for storing the data.

(4) How to specify data

There are the following six different data usable in each instruction.



(a) 16-bit integer type data

The 16-bit integer type data is 16-bit integer value data. Word devices are used in increments of 1 point.

Data ranges are shown below.

	Decimal representation	Hexadecimal representation
Data range	K-32768 to K32767	H0000 to HFFFF

(b) 32-bit integer type data

The 32-bit integer type data is 32-bit integer value data. Word devices are used in increments of 2 points: (specified device No.), (specified device No.+1). Data ranges are shown below.

	Decimal representation	Hexadecimal representation
Data range	K-2147483648L to K2147483647L	H00000000L to HFFFFFFFL

(c) 64-bit floating-point type data

The 64-bit floating-point type data is IEEE-formatted, 64-bit floating-point value data.

Word devices are used in increments of 4 points: (specified device No.), (specified device No.+1), (specified device No.+2), (specified device No.+3). 1) The internal bit locations are shown below.

	(+3)			_		(+2)			(+	1)	(Spe	cifie	ed o	jveb	ce n	umb	per+0)
63b62-		b5	2b51	v 1	 			 	v 	 									b0
							-	 -											
\sim			~																
												Γ		b51	to b	0 (52	2 bits)	
														D	ecir	nal fi	ield		
												Γ	t	62 t	o bŝ	52 (1	1 bits	;)	
														Bias	exp	one	nt fiel	d	
												Г			b63	(1 b	it)		
L																òit fi			

2) The represented value is shown below. (The bias value is H3FF.)
 (-1) ^[Sign bit field] * (1.0+[decimal field]) *2 ^([Bias exponent field]-[bias value])

	Decimal representation	Hexadecimal representation					
	K-1.79E+308 to K-2.23E-308	H000000000000000, H00100000000000000 to H7FE1CCF385EBC89F,					
Data range	IK0.0.	H8000000000000000,					
	N2.23E-500 10 N1.73E+500	H801000000000000000 to HFFE1CCF385EBC89F					

3) Data ranges are shown below.

4) A round-off error may be produced in a 64-bit floating-point type data operation. Especially when using 64-bit floating-point type data in a comparison operation, note that a round-off error may cause an intended operation.

Example) In the following transition program, the result of the comparison operation may not become true depending on the value of #200F due to a round-off error.

#100F=SQRT(#200F)
#300F=#100F * #100F
#200F==#300F

(d) Bit data

The bit data is the data where a contact/coil or similar device is handled in increments of 1 bit. It is used in device set (SET=) and device reset (RST=). Example 1



— Bit data

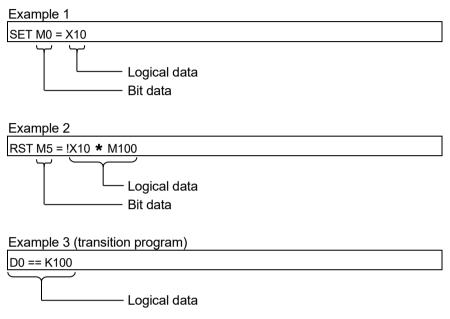
(e) Batch bit data

The batch bit data is the data where bit data is handled in increments of 16/32 points. It is used in device input (DIN) and device output (DOUT). As indicated below, whether the bit data is handled in increments of 16 or 32 points is governed by the data type of the word device used as an input destination/output source.

	Increments of 16 points	Increments of 32 points			
Program example	DIN #0, M0 DOUT M0, D0	DIN #0L, M0 DOUT M0, D0L			
	(Specified device No.) to	(Specified device No.) to			
Used devices	(specified device No.+15)	(specified device No.+31)			
	M0 to M15 in the above program	M0 to M31 in the above program			
	example	example			

(f) Logical data

The logical data is a value returned by a bit or comparison conditional expression and indicates whether the result is true or false. Normally, it is used in the conditional expression of a transition program. In an operation control program, the logical data is used in a bit conditional expression set to device set (SET=) or device reset (RST=).



(5) Internal operation data types

For internal operations, when (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed. If the operation result is over the range of processed number in each type, an overflow will occur. However, an operation error will not occur. By converting the set data with the type converting instruction, an overflow may be able to be prevented.

(S1) Operator (S2)

— The operators are "+, -, *, /, %"

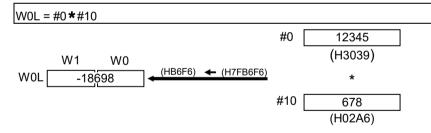
The data type combinations, and internal operation data types for binary operations are shown below.

(S1) data type	(S2) data type	Internal operation data type			
	16-bit integer type	16-bit integer type			
16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type	32-bit integer type			
	64-bit floating-point type (Note-1)	64-bit floating-point type (Note-1)			
	16-bit integer type				
32-bit integer type	32-bit integer type	-32-bit integer type			
	64-bit floating-point type (Note-1)	64-bit floating-point type (Note-1)			
	16-bit integer type				
64-bit floating-point	32-bit integer type	64-bit floating-point type (Note-1)			
type	64-bit floating-point type (Note-1)				

(Note-1): Except the operator "%"

(a) Program example

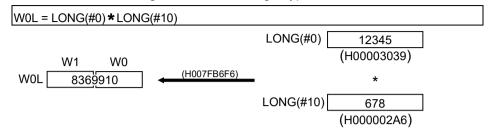
1) Program which substitutes the result of multiplying #0 by #10 to W0L



Since both of set data are the 16-bit integer type, the multiplier result is processed by the 16-bit integer type.

An overflow occurs, and the least 16-bit of the multiplier result is the operation result.

2) Program which substitutes the result of multiplying #0 and #10 to W0L after converting into the 32-bit integer type



Since the multiplier result is processed with the 32-bit integer type by the type converting instruction, even if the device value is the same as the program example 1), an overflow will not occur.

5.2 Device Descriptions

Word and bit device descriptions are shown below.

	Device descriptions				Device No. (n) specified ranges				
\backslash		32-bit integer type ("n" is even No.)	64-bit floating-point type ("n" is even No.)	C	0173DSCPU/Q17				
\backslash	16-bit integer type				SV22				
				SV13	Virtual mode switching method	Advanced synchronous control method	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1)		
Data register	Dn	DnL	DnF	0 to 8191 0 to 19823 0			0 to 8191		
Link register	Wn	WnL	Wn:F	0 to 1FFF					
Special register	SDn	SDnL	SDnF	0 to 2255 ^(Note-1)					
Motion register	#n	#nL	#nF	0 to 12287					
Multiple CPU area device	U⊡∖Gn ^(Note-2)	U⊡\GnL ^(Note-2)	U⊡\GnF ^(Note-2)	10000 to (10000+p-1) ^(Note-3)			⇒-3)		
Coasting timer		FT		_					

(Note-1): The range of "2000 to 2255" cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2): □ = CPU No. (CPU No.1: 3E0, CPU No.2: 3E1, CPU No.3: 3E2, CPU No.4: 3E3). A CPU No. that exceeds the number of CPUs in the Multiple CPU system cannot be set.

(Note-3): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

- (a) For differentiation, the 32-bit floating-point type is ended by L and the 64-bit floating-point type by F (":F" for the link register).
- (b) For the 32-bit integer type and 64-bit floating-point type, specify the device number with an even number. (It cannot be set as an odd number.)
- (c) The coasting timer FT is incremented per 888[µs]. (The coasting timer is a 32-bit integer type.)

Ver.!: Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(2) Bit device descriptions

	Device description	Device No. (n) specified ranges
Input relay	Xn/PXn	0 to 1FFF (Note-1)
Output relay	Yn/PYn	0 to 1FFF
Internal relay	Mn	0 to 12287
Multiple CPU area device	U⊟∖Gn ^(Note-2)	10000 to (10000+p-1) ^(Note-3)
Link relay	Bn	0 to 1FFF
Annunciator	Fn	0 to 2047
Special relay	SMn	0 to 2255 ^(Note-4)

(Note-1): The range of "PXn+4 to PXn+F" cannot be used (fixed at 0) for the input device (PXn+0 to PXn+F) allocated to the built-in interface in Motion CPU (DI). (n: First input No.)

(Note-2): □ = CPU No. (CPU No.1: 3E0, CPU No.2: 3E1, CPU No.3: 3E2, CPU No.4: 3E3). A CPU No. that exceeds the number of CPUs in the Multiple CPU system cannot be set.

(Note-3): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for each CPU.

(Note-4): The range of "2000 to 2255" cannot be specified indirectly.

- (a) When using the device in DIN or DOUT as batch bit data, specify "n" as a multiple of 16.
- (b) When using the device in Multiple CPU area device as batch bit data, specify it as word device without making bit specification.

(3) Indirect specification of device No.

In the above word/bit device descriptions, device No. (n) can be specified indirectly.

- (a) Indirect specification of device No. (n) using word device
 - The word device which the device No. was specified indirectly cannot be used.
 - You can use the 16-bit and 32-bit integer type word devices for indirect specification.

The 64-bit floating-point type cannot be used.

- The word devices that can indirectly specify device No.(n) are shown below.
 - Data register (D)
 - Link register (W)
 - Motion register (#)
 - Special register (SD)

(Description examples)

Good example	Bad example		
#(D10)	#(D(D5))		
D(#10L)F	D(#4F)		

- (b) Indirect specification of device No. (n) using word device using operation expression
 - Device No. can be specified indirectly by calculation expressions which use the following data and operators.

	16-bit integer type word device		
	32-bit integer type word device		
Usable data	16-bit integer type constant		
	32-bit integer type constant		
	Addition: +		
	Subtraction: —		
	Multiplication: *		
Usable operators	Division: /		
	Remainder: %		
	Sign inversion: —		

- The word device which the device No. is specified indirectly cannot be used.
- Only one operator may be used.

(Description examples)

Good example	Bad example
#(D10-K5)	#(D(D5)F+K20)
D(#10L%H6L)F	D(#4L< <k2)< td=""></k2)<>

(Note) : When you want to use the result of calculation other than the above to specify the device No. indirectly, describe it in two blocks as shown below.

D0=SHORT(ASIN(#0F))	
W0=#(D0)	

POINT

Refer to Chapter 2 of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area.

5.3 Constant Descriptions

The constant descriptions of the 16-bit integer type, 32-bit integer type and 64-bit floating-point type are shown below.

	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type	64-bit floating-point type		
Decimal representation	K-32768 to K32767	K-2147483648L to K2147483647L	K-1.79E+308 to K-2.23E-308, K0.0, K2.23E-308 to K1.79E+308		
Hexadecimal representation	H0000 to HFFFF	H0000000L to HFFFFFFFL	_		

- (1) The 32-bit integer type is ended by L and the 64-bit floating-point type is provided with a decimal point and exponent part (E) to denote their data types explicitly.
- (2) The constant without the data type is regarded as the applicable minimum type.
- (3) The constant in decimal representation is headed by K and the one in hexadecimal representation by H. K can be omitted.
- (4) The 64-bit floating-point type cannot be represented in hexadecimal.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.4 Binary Operations

5.4.1 Substitution : =

Format (D)=(S) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_
(D)		0	0	0		_	_	_	_		_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Word device/constant/calculation expression to be substituted	Data type of (D)
(D)	Word device which will store the operation result	

[Functions]

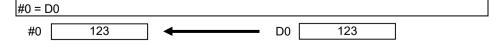
- (1) The data value specified with (S) is substituted to the specified word device at (D).
- (2) When (S) and (D) differ in data type, the data at (S) is converted into the data type of (D) and the resultant data is substituted.
 (When (D) is a 16- or 32-bit integer type and (S) is a 64-bit floating-point type, the fraction part of (S) is discarded.)

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The data at (S) is outside the data type range of (D); or
 - (D) or (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which substitutes the D0 value to #0



(2) Program which substitutes K123456.789 to DOL

D0L = K123456.789			
D1 D0			
123456	←	123456.789	

The 64-bit floating-point type is converted into the 32-bit integer type and the result is substituted.

(3) Program which substitutes the result of adding K123 and #0 to W0

123
+
#0 456

F/FS	G
0	0

5.4.2 Addition : +

Format (S1)+(S2) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
											⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Augend data	Data type of (S1) or (S2)
(S2)	Addend data	which is greater

[Functions]

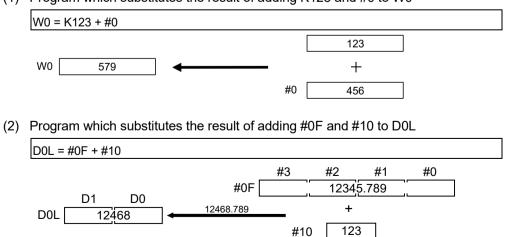
- (1) The data specified with (S2) is added to the data specified with (S1).
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which substitutes the result of adding K123 and #0 to W0



The 64-bit floating-point type data are used for addition, and the result is converted into the 32-bit integer type and then substituted.

	5.4.3	Subtraction	:	_
--	-------	-------------	---	---

	Format	(S1) ⁻ (S2)		Number of basic steps	4
--	--------	------------------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
											⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Minuend data	Data type of (S1) or (S2)
(S2)	Subtracted data	which is greater

F/FS

 \bigcirc

G

0

[Functions]

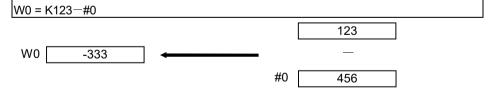
- (1) The data specified with (S2) is subtracted from the data specified with (S1).
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

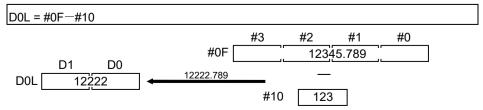
- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which substitutes the result of subtracting #0 from K123 to W0



(2) Program which substitutes the result of subtracting #10 from #0F to D0L



The 64-bit floating-point type data are used for subtraction, and the result is converted into the 32-bit integer type and then substituted.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.4.4 Multiplication : *

Format (S1)*(S2)		Number of basic steps	4
------------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
		Word device			Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
											⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Multiplicand data	Data type of (S1) or (S2)
(S2)	Multiplier data	which is greater

[Functions]

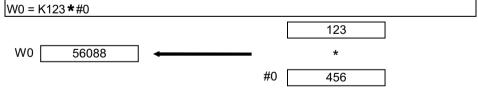
- (1) The data specified with (S1) is multiplied by the data specified with (S2).
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

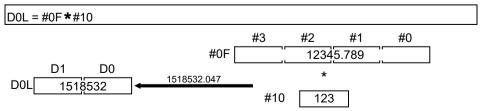
- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which substitutes the result of multiplying K123 by #0 to W0



(2) Program which substitutes the result of multiplying #0F by #10 to D0L



The 64-bit floating-point type data are used for multiplication, and the result is converted into the 32-bit integer type and then substituted.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.4.5 Division : /

Format (S1)/(S2) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
		Word device			Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
											⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Dividend data	Data type of (S1) or (S2)
(S2)	Divisor data	which is greater

[Functions]

- The data specified with (S1) is divided by the data specified with (S2) to find a quotient.
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

• (S2) is 0; or

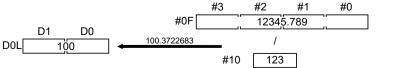
(2)

• (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which divides K456 by #0 and substitutes a quotient to W0

W0 = K456 / #0	
	456
W0 3	/
#0	0 123
Program which divides #0F by #10 and s	ubstitutes a quotient to D0L
D0L = #0F / #10	
#3	#2 #1 #0



The 64-bit floating-point type data are used for division, and the quotient is converted into the 32-bit integer type and then substituted.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.4.6 Remainder : %

Format (S1)%(S2) Number of basic steps	4
--	---

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
		Word device				Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0		0	0	0	_	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Dividend data	Data type (integer type) of
(S2)	Divisor data	(S1) or (S2) which is greater (Integer type)

[Functions]

- (1) The data specified with (S1) is divided by the data specified with (S2) to find a remainder.
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S2) is 0; or
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which divides K456 by #0 and substitutes a remainder to W0

W0 = K456 % #0	
	456
W0 87	%
	#0 123

F/FS G
0 0

5.5 Bit Operations

5.5.1 Bit inversion (Complement) : ~

Number of basic steps 2	Format	~ (S)		Number of basic steps	2
-------------------------	--------	-------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0		0	0	0	_	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
	Dete where hits will be invested	Data type of (S)
(S)	Data whose bits will be inverted	(Integer type)

[Functions]

(1) The bit inverted value of the data specified with (S) is found.

[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

• (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which finds the bit inverted value of #0 and substitutes the value to D0 D0 = #0

F/FS	G
0	0

5.5.2 Bit logical AND : &

Format (S1)&(S2) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		Data type of (S1) or (S2)
. ,	Data which will be ANDed bit-by-bit	which is greater
(S2)		(Integer type)

[Functions]

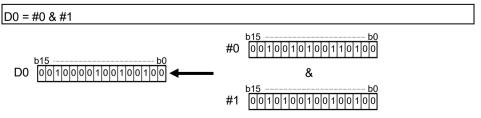
- (1) The bit-by-bit logical product of the data specified with (S1) and the data specified with (S2) is found.
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed. At this time, note that signed data is converted.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which ANDs #0 and #1 and substitutes the result to D0



F/FS	G
0	0

5.5.3 Bit logical OR : |

Format (S1) I (S2) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		Data type of (S1) or (S2)
(S2)	Data which will be ORed bit-by-bit	which is greater (Integer type)

[Functions]

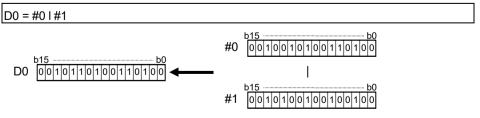
- The bit-by-bit logical add of the data specified with (S1) and the data specified with (S2) is found.
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed. At this time, note that signed data is converted.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which ORs #0 and #1 and substitutes the result to D0



F/FS	G
0	0

5.5.4 Bit exclusive logical OR : ^

	Format	(S1)^(S2)		Number of basic steps	4
--	--------	-----------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0		0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	-	0	0	0	—	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		Data type of (S1) or (S2)
(S2)	Data which will be EXCLUSIVE ORed bit-by-bit	which is greater (Integer type)

[Functions]

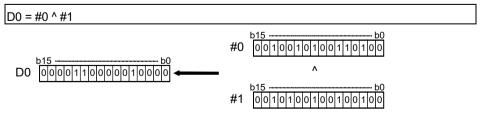
- (1) The bit-by-bit exclusive logical add of the data specified with (S1) and the data specified with (S2) is found.
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before operation is performed. At this time, note that signed data is converted.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which EXCLUSIVE ORs #0 and #1 and substitutes the result to D0



F/FS	G
0	0

5.5.5 Bit right shift : >>

Format (S1) >> (S2) Number of basic steps	4	Number of basic steps		
---	---	-----------------------	--	--

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	—	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Data to be right-shifted	Data type of (S1)
(S2)	Number of right shifts	(Integer type)

[Functions]

- (1) The data specified with (S1) is shifted to the right by the number of times specified with (S2).
- (2) If the most significant bit of (S1) is 1, 1 enters the most significant bit of the right shift result.If the most significant bit of (S1) is 0, 0 enters the most significant bit of the right shift result.
- (3) When (S1) is a 16-bit integer type and (S2) is a negative number or not less than 16, the result is 0.
- (4) When (S1) is a 32-bit integer type and (S2) is a negative number or not less than 32, the result is 0.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which shifts #0 two bit positions to the right and substitutes the result to D0

 $\begin{array}{c} D0 = \#0 >> K2 \\ \hline D0 & \boxed{b15 - - - b0} \\ \hline D0 & \boxed{00001001001001001} \checkmark \#0 & \boxed{b15 - - - b0} \\ \hline 001001010100110001 \\ \hline \end{array}$

F/FS	G
0	0

5.5.6 Bit left shift : <<

Format (S1) << (S2) Number of basic steps 4

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Data to be left-shifted	Data type of (S1)
(S2)	Number of left shifts	(Integer type)

[Functions]

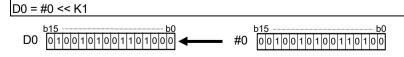
- The data specified with (S1) is shifted to the left by the number of times specified with (S2).
- (2) 0 enters the least significant bit of the left shift result.
- (3) When (S1) is a 16-bit integer type and (S2) is a negative number or not less than 16, the result is 0.
- (4) When (S1) is a 32-bit integer type and (S2) is a negative number or not less than 32, the result is 0.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which shifts #0 one bit position to the left and substitutes the result to D0



F/FS	G
0	0

5.5.7 Sign inversion (Complement of 2) : -

	Format	—(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data whose sign will be inverted	Data type of (S)

[Functions]

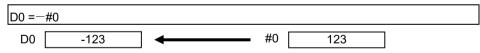
(1) The sign-inverted value of the data specified with (S) is found.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which substitutes the sign-inverted value of #0 to D0



F/FS	G
0	0

5.6 Standard Functions

5.6.1 Sine : SIN

	Format	SIN(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	--------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	—

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Angle data on which SIN (sine) operation will be performed	Floating-point type

[Functions]

- (1) SIN (sine) operation is performed on the data specified with (S).
- (2) The data specified with (S) is in an angle (degree) unit.
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which performs the SIN operation of D0 and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F =	SIN(D0)					
	#3	#2	#1	#0		
#0F [(.707106	78118655	5	D0	45

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.2 Cosine : COS

	Format	COS(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	--------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result	
(S)	Angle data on which COS (cosine) operation will	Floating-point type	
	be performed		

[Functions]

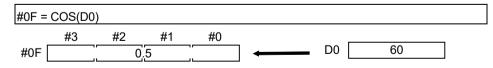
- (1) COS (cosine) operation is performed on the data specified with (S).
- (2) The data specified with (S) is in an angle (degree) unit.
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which performs the COS operation of D0 and substitutes the result to #0F



F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.3 Tangent : TAN

Format TAN(S)		Number of basic steps	2
---------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
		Word device			Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result	
(S)	Angle data on which TAN (tangent) operation will	Floating-point type	
	be performed	r loating-point type	

[Functions]

- (1) TAN (tangent) operation is performed on the data specified with (S).
- (2) The data specified with (S) is in an angle (degree) unit.
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

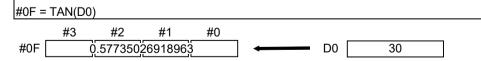
[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

- (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range; or
- (S) is 90+(180*n). ("n" is an integer)

[Program examples]

(1) Program which performs the TAN operation of D0 and substitutes the result to #0F



F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.4 Arcsine : ASIN

Format ASIN(S) Number of	basic steps 2
--------------------------	---------------

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
		Word device					Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result	
(S)	SIN value data on which SIN ⁻¹ (arcsine) operation		
	will be performed	Floating-point type	

[Functions]

- (1) SIN ⁻¹ (arcsine) operation is performed on the SIN value data specified with (S) to find an angle.
- (2) The SIN value specified with (S) must be within the range -1.0 to 1.0.
- (3) The operation result is in an angle (degree) unit.
- (4) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is outside the range -1.0 to 1.0; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device number is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which performs the SIN ⁻¹ (arcsine) operation of D0 and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F =	ASIN(D0)					
	#3	#2	#1	#0		
#0F		90	0.0		← D0 1	

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.5 Arccosine : ACOS

	Format	ACOS(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	---------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
		Word device					Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
(S)	COS value data on which COS ⁻¹ (arccosine)			
	operation will be performed	Floating-point type		

[Functions]

- COS ⁻¹ (arccosine) operation is performed on the COS value data specified with (S) to find an angle.
- (2) The COS value specified with (S) must be within the range -1.0 to 1.0.
- (3) The operation result is in an angle (degree) unit.
- (4) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is outside the range -1.0 to 1.0; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which performs the COS ⁻¹ (arccosine) operation of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F	= = ACOS	6(D0F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D3	D2	D1	D0
#0F		60	0.0] ← D0F [0	5	

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.6 Arctangent : ATAN

Format ATAN(S) Number of basic steps	2
--------------------------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
		Word device				Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
	TAN value data on which TAN ⁻¹ (arctangent)			
(S)	operation will be performed	Floating-point type		

[Functions]

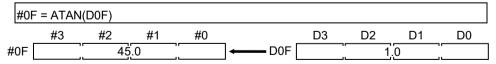
- TAN ⁻¹ (arctangent) operation is performed on the TAN value data specified with (S) to find an angle.
- (2) The operation result is in an angle (degree) unit.
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which performs the TAN ⁻¹ (arctangent) operation of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F



F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.7 Square root : SQRT

Format SQRT(S) Number of basic steps 2
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
		Word device				Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data on which square root operation will be	Floating-point type
	performed	Ploating-point type

[Functions]

- (1) The square root of the data specified with (S) is found.
- (2) Only a positive number may be specified with (S). (Operation cannot be performed with a negative number.)
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is a negative number; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which finds the square root of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F	= = SQRT	(D0F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D3	D2	D1	D0
#0F		3	0] ← D0F [9.	0	

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.8 Natural logarithm : LN

Format LN(S) Number of basic steps 2

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
		Word device				Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
(S)	Data on which natural logarithm operation will be	Electing point type		
(3)	performed	Floating-point type		

[Functions]

- (1) The base e natural logarithm of the data specified with (S) is found.
- (2) Only a positive number may be specified with (S). (Operation cannot be performed with a negative number.)
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is 0 or a negative number; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which finds the natural logarithm of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F	= = LN(D	0F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D3	D2	D1	D0
#0F		2.302585	0929940] ← D0F [10	0.0	

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.9 Exponential operation : EXP

Format EXP(S) Number of basic steps 2

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
	Data on which exponential operation will be	Electing point type		
(S)	performed	Floating-point type		

[Functions]

- (1) Exponential operation is performed on the base e data specified with (S).
- (2) If (S) is an integer type, it is converted into a floating-point type before operation is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which performs exponential operation of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F



F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.10 Absolute value : ABS

Format ABS(S) Number of basic steps 2

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
	Data on which absolute value conversion will be	Data turna $af(0)$		
(S)	performed	Data type of (S)		

[Functions]

(1) The absolute value of the data specified with (S) is found.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is 16-bit integer type and other than -32767 to 32767.
 - (S) is 32-bit integer type and other than -2147483647 to 2147483647.
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which finds the absolute value of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F		00F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D3	D2	D1	D0
#0F		33.0] ← D0F [-33	į.0	

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.11 Round-off : RND

	Format	RND(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	--------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
		Word device				Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data whose fractional portion will be rounded off	Data type of (S)

[Functions]

- (1) The rounded-off fractional portion value of the data specified with (S) is found.
- (2) If (S) is a negative number, the absolute value of (S) is found and its fractional portion is rounded off and signed.
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which finds the rounded-off fractional portion value of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F

#	0F = RND(D0F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D3	D2	D1	D0
#0	=		.0] ← D0F [33	.54	
(2) P	rogram w	hich finds	s the rou	unded-of	f fractional po	rtion val	lue of D4	F and	
SI	ubstitutes	the resu	It to #0F	(when [04F is a nega	tive nun	nber)		
#	0F = RND(D4F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D7	D6	D5	D4
#0I	=	-33	3.0	1] ← D0F [-33	.44	

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.12 Round-down : FIX

	Format	FIX(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	--------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data whose fractional portion will be rounded down	Data type of (S)

[Functions]

- (1) The largest integer not greater than the data specified with (S) is found.
- (2) If the (S) value is positive, the absolute value will be smaller, and if it is negative, the absolute value will be greater.
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which finds the rounded-down fractional portion value of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F	= FIX(D	0F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D3	D2	D1	D0
#0F	·	33	3.0	,, ,,] ← D0F [33.	54	

(2) Program which finds the rounded-down fractional portion value of D4F and substitutes the result to #0F (when D4F is a negative number)

#0F	= FIX(D	4F)							
_	#3	#2	#1	#0	_	D7	D6	D5	D4
#0F [-34	1.0] ←−−− D4F [-33	.54	

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.13 Round-up : FUP

Format FUP(S) Number of basic steps 2

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data whose fractional portion will be rounded up	Data type of (S)

[Functions]

- (1) The smallest integer not less than the data specified with (S) is found.
- (2) If the (S) value is positive, the absolute value will be greater, and if it is negative, the absolute value will be smaller.
- (3) If (S) is an integer type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

• (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which finds the rounded-up fractional portion value of D0F and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F	= FUP(I	D0F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D3	D2	D1	D0
#0F		34	1.0] ← D0F [33.	54	

(2) Program which finds the rounded-up fractional portion value of D4F and substitutes the result to #0F (when D4F is a negative number)

#0F	⁼ = FUP([D4F)							
	#3	#2	#1	#0		D7	D6	D5	D4
#0F [-33	3.0] ← D4F [-33	.54	Ir

F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.14 BCD \rightarrow BIN conversion : BIN

	Format	BIN(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	--------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(5)	PCD date which will be converted into DIN date	Data type of (S)
(S)	BCD data which will be converted into BIN data	(Integer type)

[Functions]

- (1) The BCD data specified with (S) is converted into BIN data.
- (2) If (S) is a 16-bit integer type, the data range is 0 to 9999.
- (3) If (S) is a 32-bit integer type, the data range is 0 to 99999999.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - A value other than 0 to 9 is in any digit of (S); or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which converts the BCD data of D0 into BIN data and substitutes the result to #0



F/FS	G
0	0

5.6.15 BIN \rightarrow BCD conversion : BCD

Format BCD(S) Number of basic steps 2

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	_	0	0	0		0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	PIN date which will be converted into PCD date	Data type of (S)
(5)	BIN data which will be converted into BCD data	(Integer type)

[Functions]

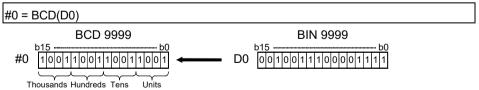
- (1) The BIN data specified with (S) is converted into BCD data.
- (2) If (S) is a 16-bit integer type, the data range is 0 to 9999.
- (3) If (S) is a 32-bit integer type, the data range is 0 to 99999999.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The data is other than 0 to 9999 when (S) is a 16-bit integer type;
 - The data is other than 0 to 99999999 when (S) is a 32-bit integer type; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which converts the BIN data of D0 into BCD data and substitutes the result to #0



F/FS	G
0	0

5.7 Type Conversions

5.7.1 Signed 16-bit integer value conversion : SHORT

	Format	SHORT(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	----------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result	
(5)	Data which will be converted into signed 16-bit	16-bit integer type	
(3)	integer value		

[Functions]

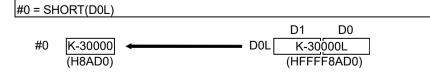
- (1) The data specified with (S) is converted into a signed 16-bit integer value.
- (2) The data range of (S) is -32768 to 32767.
- (3) When (S) is a 64-bit floating-point type, its fractional portion is rounded down before conversion is made.
- (4) If (S) is a 16-bit integer type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is outside the range -32768 to 32767; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which converts the data of D0L into a signed 16-bit integer value and substitutes the result to #0



Word device

5.7.2 Unsigned 16-bit integer value conversion : USHORT

			Word	device	Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	_
											⊖ : Usable

Usable Data

USHORT(S)

[Setting data]

Format

[Usable data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data which will be converted into unsigned 16-bit integer value	16-bit integer type

[Functions]

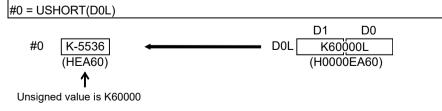
- (1) The data specified with (S) is converted into an unsigned 16-bit integer value.
- (2) The data range of (S) is 0 to 65535.
- (3) When (S) is a 64-bit floating-point type, its fractional portion is rounded down before conversion is made.
- (4) If (S) is a 16-bit integer type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is outside the range 0 to 65535; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which converts the data of DOL into an unsigned 16-bit integer value and substitutes the result to #0



OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS 5

F/FS	G
0	0

Number of basic steps 2

POINT					
It is converted	into a large data type to operate the binary operations with a different				
data type. The	refore, USHORT does not become valid.				
The target bina	ary operations are shown below.				
• Addition (+	 • Remainder (%) 				
 Subtractio 	n (-) • Bit logical AND (&)				
 Multiplicat 	ion (*) • Bit logical OR ()				
 Division (/) 	• Bit exclusive logical OR (^)				
[Example] W0:F= <u>#0F</u> + <u>USHORT(D0L)</u>					
(64-bit floating point type				

32-bit

integer

type (L)

16-bit

integer

type

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result	
(5)	Data which will be converted into signed 32-bit	32-bit integer type	
(0)	integer value		

[Functions]

- (1) The data specified with (S) is converted into a signed 32-bit integer value.
- (2) The data range of (S) is -2147483648 to 2147483647.
- (3) When (S) is a 64-bit floating-point type, its fractional portion is rounded down before conversion is made.
- (4) If (S) is a 32-bit integer type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is outside the range -2147483648 to 2147483647; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

 Program which converts the data of D0 into a signed 32-bit integer value and substitutes the result to #0L



OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

5.7.3 Signed 32-bit integer value conversion : LONG

Word device

64-bit

floating

point

type (F)

Format	LONG(S)	Number of basic steps	2

Coasting

timer

Usable Data

16-bit

integer

type (K/H)

Constant

32-bit

integer type

(K/H, L)

64-bit

floating

point

type (K)

Calculation

expression

[Usable data]

Bit device

Setting

data

(S)

5

F/FS	G
0	0

Bit

conditional

expression

\cup	-	Usable

Comparison

conditional

expression

32-bit floating integer integer point type type (L) type (F)

16-bit

Word device

64-bit

5.7.4 Unsigned 32-bit integer value conversion : ULONG

[Setting data]

Format

Bit device

[Usable data]

Setting

data

(S)

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data which will be converted into unsigned 32-bit	32-bit integer type
(0)	integer value	62 bit moger type

Usable Data

16-bit

integer

type (K/H)

Constant

32-bit

integer type

(K/H, L)

64-bit

floating

point

type (K)

[Functions]

- (1) The data specified with (S) is converted into an unsigned 32-bit integer value.
- (2) The data range of (S) is 0 to 4294967295.

ULONG(S)

Coasting

timer

- (3) When (S) is a 64-bit floating-point type, its fractional portion is rounded down before conversion is made.
- (4) If (S) is a 32-bit integer type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is outside the range 0 to 4294967295; or
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which converts the data of D0 into an unsigned 32-bit integer value and substitutes the result to #0L



OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS 5

F/FS	G
0	0

Bit

conditional

expression

Comparison

conditional

expression

O : Usable

Number of basic steps 2

Calculation

expression

POINT	
It is converted	into a large data type to operate the binary operations with a different
data type. The	refore, ULONG does not become valid.
The target bina	ary operations are shown below.
 Addition (+ 	• Remainder (%)
 Subtractio 	n (-) • Bit logical AND (&)
 Multiplicat 	ion (*) • Bit logical OR ()
 Division (/) 	• Bit exclusive logical OR (^)
[Example] \	N0:F= <u>#0F</u> + <u>ULONG(D0L)</u>
	$\uparrow \qquad \uparrow$
	ULONG does not become valid.
	64-bit floating point type

F/FS	G
0	0

5.7.5 Signed 64-bit floating-point value conversion : FLOAT

	Format	FLOAT(S)		Number of basic steps	2
--	--------	----------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
	Data which will be converted into signed 64-bit	64 bit floating point type
(S)	floating-point value	64-bit floating-point type

[Functions]

- (1) The data specified with (S) is converted into a signed 64-bit floating-point value.
- (2) If (S) is a 64-bit floating-point type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

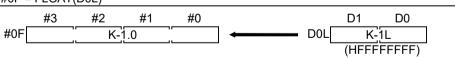
[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which converts the data of D0L into a signed 64-bit floating-point value and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F = FLOAT(D0L)



F/FS	G
0	0

5.7.6 Unsigned 64-bit floating-point value conversion : UFLOAT

Format UFLOAT(S) Number of basic steps 2
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data which will be converted into unsigned 64-bit	64 bit floating point type
(3)	floating-point value	64-bit floating-point type

[Functions]

- (1) The data specified with (S) is converted into an unsigned 64-bit floating-point value.
- (2) If (S) is a 64-bit floating-point type, its value is returned unchanged, with no conversion processing performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which converts the data of D0L into an unsigned 64-bit floating-point value and substitutes the result to #0F



F/FS	G
0	0

5.7.7 Floating-point value conversion 32-bit into 64-bit : DFLT Ver

Format DFLI (S) Number of basic steps 2	Format	DFLT (S)		Number of basic steps	2
---	--------	----------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	-	(Note-1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1): The data is handled as the 32-bit integer type on the program, but store the 32-bit floating-point data in the device.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
(S)	Data which will be converted into 64-bit			
	floating-point value	64-bit floating-point type		

[Functions]

(1) The 32-bit floating-point (single precision real number) value stored in the device specified with (S) is converted into the 64-bit floating-point (double precision real number) value.

Convertible data ranges are shown below.

-3.40 \times 10 38 to -1.18 \times 10 $^{-38}$, 0.0, 1.18 \times 10 $^{-38}$ to 3.40 \times 10 38 (single precision real number)

(2) The 64-bit floating-point type is used as the data of floating-point type in the Motion SFC program. Use this instruction to input the data of 32-bit floating-point type from the external devices.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is not a valid 32-bit floating-point type.

[Program examples]

 Program which converts the 32-bit floating-point value data of D2000L into 64-bit floating-point value data and substitutes the result to #0F

#0F	#0F = DFLT(D2000L)									
	#3	#2	#1	#0	D2001 D2000					
#0FK- <u>1</u> .0				יר אר	← D2000L К-1.0					

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.7.8 Floating-point value conversion 64-bit into 32-bit : SFLT Ver

Format SFLT(S) Number of basic steps	2
--------------------------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_			0	_	_	_		0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result	
(S)	Data which will be converted into 32-bit	32-bit floating-point type	
	floating-point value		

[Functions]

(1) The 64-bit floating-point (double precision real number) value stored in the device specified with (S) is converted into the 32-bit floating-point (single precision real number) value. Convertible data ranges are shown below.

-3.40 \times 10 38 to -1.18 \times 10 38 , 0.0, 1.18 \times 10 38 to 3.40 \times 10 38 (single precision real number)

(2) The 64-bit floating-point type is used as the data of floating-point type in the Motion SFC program. Use this instruction to output the data into the external devices that cannot use the 64-bit floating-point type.

POINT

The number of effective digits of 32-bit floating-point value data is approx. 7 digits. Data in the seven digits or later of conversion result by SFLT instruction may not match the (S) data.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is not a valid 64-bit floating-point type.
 - The (S) data after convert is outside the range of 32 bit floating-point type.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which converts the 64-bit floating-point value data of #0F into 32-bit floating-point value data and substitutes the result to D2000L



F/FS	G
0	0

5.8 Bit Device Statuses

5.8.1 ON (Normally open contact) : (None)

	Format	(S)		Number of basic steps	2	
--	--------	-----	--	-----------------------	---	--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Bit device used in bit conditional expression	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

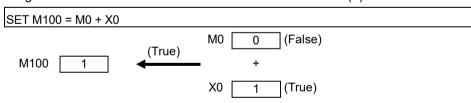
(1) True is returned when the bit device specified with (S) in a bit conditional expression is ON (1), or false is returned when that bit device is OFF (0).

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets M100 when either of M0 and X0 is ON (1)



F/FS	G
0	0

5.8.2 OFF (Normally closed contact) : !

Format !(S) Number of basic steps 2

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	0	-		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Bit device used in bit conditional expression	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

(1) True is returned when the bit device specified with (S) in a bit conditional expression is OFF (0), or false is returned when that bit device is ON (1).

[Errors]

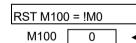
- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

0

(True)

[Program examples]

(1) Program which resets M100 when M0 is OFF (0)



F/FS	G
0	0

5.9 Bit Device Controls

5.9.1 Device set : SET

Format SET(D)=(S) Number of basic steps 4

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	0		_	_		_	_	_		_	_
(S)	0		_	_		_	_	_	_	0	0

 \bigcirc : Usable

 $\label{eq:Note-1} (Note-1): PX is write-disabled and cannot be used at (D). \\ (Note-2): M2001 to M2032 cannot be used at (D). \\$

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Bit data for device set	
(8)	Condition data which determines whether device	Bit logical type (true/false)
(S)	set will be performed or not	(uue/laise)

[Functions]

(1) If the data specified with (S) is true, the bit data specified with (D) is set.

(2) (S) can be omitted.At this time, the format is "SET(D)" and device set is made unconditionally.

(3) When this instruction is set as a transition condition in the last block of a transition program, whether the data specified with (S) is true or false is returned as logical type data. In this case, (S) cannot be omitted.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (D) or (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets M100 when either of M0 and X0 is 1

	SET M100 = M0 + X0
	M0 0
	M100 1 + (True)
	X0 1
(2)	Program which sets M100 when #0 is equal to D0
(-)	
	SET M100 = #0 = = D0
	#0 100
	M100 1 == (True)
	D0 100
(3)	Program which sets Y0 unconditionally
	SET Y0
	Y0 1

F/FS	G
0	0

5.9.2 Device reset : RST

	Format	RST(D)=(S)		Number of basic steps	4
--	--------	------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	0	_					—	_	_	_	_
(S)	0	_				_	_	_	_	0	0

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1) : PX is write-disabled and cannot be used at (D). (Note-2) : M2001 to M2032 cannot be used at (D).

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Bit data for device reset	
(S)	Condition data which determines whether device	Bit logical type (true/false)
(3)	reset will be performed or not	(iiue/iaise)

[Functions]

- (1) If the data specified with (S) is true, the bit data specified with (D) is reset.
- (2) (S) can be omitted.At this time, the format is "RST(D)" and device reset is made unconditionally.
- (3) When this instruction is set as a transition condition in the last block of a transition program, whether the data specified with (S) is true or false is returned as logical type data. In this case, (S) cannot be omitted.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (D) or (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which resets M100 when either of M0 and X0 is 1

	RST M100 = M0 + X0
	M0 0
	M100 0 + (True)
	X0 1
(2)	Program which resets M100 when #0 is equal to D0
	RST M100 = #0 != D0
	#0 100
	M100 0 + != (True)
	D0 200
(3)	Program which resets Y0 unconditionally
	RST Y0
	Y0 0

F/FS	G
0	0

5.9.3 Device output : DOUT

Format DOUT(D), (S) Number of basic steps 4

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	0		_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
(S)		0	0		0	0	0	_	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

(Note-1): PX and special relay cannot be used at (D). (Note-2): Range including M2000 to M2127 cannot be used at (D).

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Output destination bit data	
(S)	Output source data	Batch bit

[Functions]

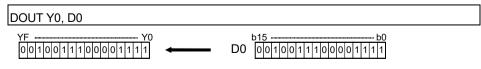
- (1) The data specified with (S) is output to the bit data specified with (D).
- (2) Specify a multiple of 16 as the device No. of the bit data specified with (D).
- (3) If the type of (S) is a 16-bit integer type, 16 points of the (S) data, starting at the least significant bit, are output in order to the bit devices headed by the one specified with (D).
- (4) If the type of (S) is a 32-bit integer type, 32 points of the (S) data, starting at the least significant bit, are output in order to the bit devices headed by the one specified with (D).

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (D) or (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.
 - (D) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is not a multiple of 16.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which outputs the data of D0 to Y0-YF



F/FS	G
0	0

5.9.4 Device input : DIN

Format DIN(D), (S) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	_	0	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
(S)	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Input destination data	Data type of (D)
(S)	Input source bit data	(Integer type)

[Functions]

- (1) The bit data specified with (S) is input to the data specified with (D).
- (2) Specify a multiple of 16 as the device No. of the bit data specified with (S).
- (3) If the type of (D) is a 16-bit integer type, 16 points of the (D) data, starting at the least significant bit, are input in order to the bit devices headed by the one specified with (S).
- (4) If the type of (D) is a 32-bit integer type, 32 points of the (D) data, starting at the least significant bit, are input in order to the bit devices headed by the one specified with (S).

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (D) or (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is not a multiple of 16.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which inputs the data of X0-XF to D0

DIN D0, X0

F/FS	G
0	0

5.9.5 Bit device output : OUT

Format OUT(D)=(S) Number of basic steps 4

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	0			_			—	_	_	_	
(S)	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0
											⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Bit device for device output	Bit logical type
(S)	Condition data which determines device output	(true/false)

[Functions]

- (1) If the data specified with (S) is true, the bit data specified with (D) is set, and if the data specified with (S) is false, the bit data specified with (D) is reset.
- (2) When this instruction is set as a transition condition in the last block of a transient program, whether the data specified with (S) is true or false is returned as logical type data.
- (3) In this case, (S) cannot be omitted.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (D) or (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets M100 when M0 is ON (1) and program which resets M100 when M0 is OFF (0)

OUT M100 = M0

(2) Program which sets M100 when M0 and M1 are both on and resets M100 except it

OUT M100 = M0 * M1

(3) Program which sets M100 when D0 is equal to D2000 and resets M100 when D is not equal to D2000

OUT M100 = (D0 == D2000)

F/FS	G
0	0

5.10 Logical Operations

5.10.1 Logical acknowledgement : (None)

Format (S) Number of basic steps —

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	0	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	0	0

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data which will be logically acknowledged	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

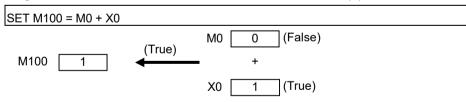
(1) Whether the logical type data specified with (S) is true or false is returned unchanged. (Logical acknowledgement)

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets M100 when either of M0 and X0 is ON (1)



F/FS	G
0	0

5.10.2 Logical negation : !

Format	! (S)	Number of basic steps	2

[Usable data]

						Usable Data			-	-	-
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Data which will be logically negated	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

(1) The data specified with (S) is logically negated.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets M100 when "either of M0 and X0 is not ON (1)" (when M0 and X0 are both OFF (0))

SET M100 = ! (M0 + X0)	
(True) ! (False)	M0 0 (False)
M100 1	• + X0 0 (False)

F/FS	G
0	0

5.10.3 Logical AND : *

Format (S1)*(S2) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

	Usable Data											
	Bit device	Word device				Constant						
Setting data		16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression	
(S1)	0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	
(S2)	0				_	_	_	_	_	0	0	

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
(S1)				
(S2)	Data which will be ANDed	Logical type (true/false)		

[Functions]

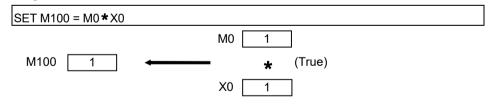
(1) The data specified with (S1) and the data specified with (S2) are ANDed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets M100 when M0 and X0 are both 1



F/FS	G
0	0

5.10.4 Logical OR : +

Format (S1)+(S2)	Number of basic steps	4
------------------	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

	Usable Data											
	Bit device	Word device				Constant						
Setting data		16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression	
(S1)	0				_		—	_	_	0	0	
(S2)	0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
(S1)				
(S2)	Data which will be ORed	Logical type (true/false)		

[Functions]

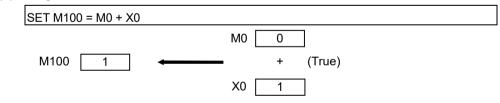
(1) The data specified with (S1) and the data specified with (S2) are ORed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets M100 when either of M0 and X0 is 1



F/FS	G
0	0

5.11 Comparison Operations

5.11.1 Equal to : ==

	Format	(S1)==(S2)		Number of basic steps	4
--	--------	------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		
(S2)	Data which will be compared	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

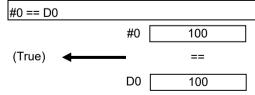
- (1) The data specified with (S1) and the data specified with (S2) are compared, and the result is true if they are equal.
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before comparison is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which compares whether #0 and D0 are equal or not



F/FS	G
0	0

5.11.2 Not equal to : !=

Format (S1)!=(S2) Number of basic steps	4
---	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word device Constant			Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		
(S2)	Data which will be compared	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

- (1) The data specified with (S1) and the data specified with (S2) are compared, and the result is true if they are not equal.
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before comparison is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which compares whether #0 and D0 are unequal or not



F/FS	G
0	0

5.11.3 Less than : <

Format (S1)<(S2) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
	Word device Constant										
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		
(S2)	Data which will be compared	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

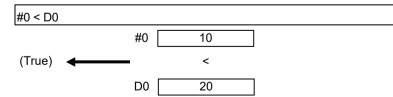
- The result is true if the data specified with (S1) is less than the data specified with (S2).
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before comparison is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which compares whether #0 is less than D0 or not



F/FS	G
0	0

5.11.4 Less than or equal to : <=

Format (S1)<=(S2) Number of basic steps 4	Format	(S1)<=(S2)		Number of basic steps	4
---	--------	------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		
(S2)	Data which will be compared	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

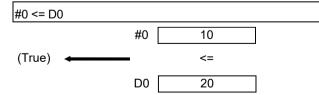
- (1) The result is true if the data specified with (S1) is less than or equal to the data specified with (S2).
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before comparison is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which compares whether #0 is less than or equal to D0 or not



5.11.5 More than : >	5.	11	.5	More	than	•	>
----------------------	----	----	----	------	------	---	---

Format (S1)>(S2) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					-
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

G

F/FS

 \bigcirc

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		
(S2)	Data which will be compared	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

- (1) The result is true if the data specified with (S1) is greater than the data specified with (S2).
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before comparison is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which compares whether #0 is greater than D0 or not



F/FS	G
0	0

5.11.6 More than or equal to : >=

Format (S1)>=(S2) Number of basic steps 4

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)		
(S2)	Data which will be compared	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

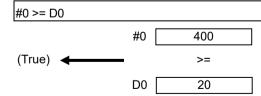
- (1) The result is true if the data specified with (S1) is greater than or equal to the data specified with (S2).
- (2) When (S1) and (S2) differ in data type, the data of the smaller data type is converted into that of the greater type before comparison is performed.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S1) or (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which compares whether #0 is greater than or equal to D0 or not



F/FS	G
0	0

5.12 Motion-Dedicated Functions

5.12.1 Speed change request : CHGV

	Format	CHGV((S1), (S2))		Number of basic steps	4	
--	--------	------------------	--	-----------------------	---	--

[Usable data]

		1					Usable Data					
				Word o	device			Constant				
Setti dat	•	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S	1)	_					0	_	_	_		_
(S:	2)	_	0	0	_	_	0	0	_	0	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Axis No. to which speed change request will be given	_
(S2)	Specified speed	

[Functions]

- (1) A speed change is made shown below.
 - (a) The speed change accepting flag (M2061 to M2092) corresponding to the axis specified with (S1) is turned ON.
 - (b) The speed of the axis specified with (S1) is changed to the speed specified with (S2).
 - (c) The speed change accepting flag is turned OFF.
- (2) The axis No. that may be set at (S1) is within the following range.

Q173DSCPU Q173DCPU(-S1)		Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
1 to	32	1 to 16	1 to 8

(3) For interpolation control, set any one of the interpolation axes to (S1). When linear interpolation control is exercised, a speed change varies as described below with the positioning speed designation method set in the servo program.

Positioning speed designation method	Operation
	Speed change is made so that the vector speed
Vector speed designation	becomes the speed specified with (S2).
	Speed change is made so that the longest axis speed
Longest axis designation	becomes the speed specified with (S2).
	Speed change is made so that the reference axis
Reference axis speed designation	speed becomes the speed specified with (S2).

((4)	Operation varies	s with the sian o	of the specified s	peed set at (S2).
	. • /	oporation varios	s mar alo olgir i	or and opcomod o	pood oor ar (oz).

Sign of specified speed	Operation
Positive	Speed change
0	Temporary stop
Negative	Return

(5) The specified speed that may be set at (S2) is within the following range.(a) Real mode

	m	m	ine	ch	deg	ree	pu	lse
	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit
Speed change request	0 to 600000000	× 10 ⁻² mm/min	0 to 600000000	imes 10 ⁻³ inch/min	0 to 2147483647	× 10 ⁻³ degree/min _(Note-1)	0 to 2147483647	pulse/s
Return request	-1 to -600000000	× 10 ⁻² mm/min	-1 to -600000000	imes 10 ⁻³ inch/min	-1 to -2147483647	× 10 ⁻³ degree/min	-1 to -2147483647	pulse/s

(Note-1): When the "speed control 10 \times multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the fixed parameter, the unit is " \times 10⁻² [degree/min]".

(b)	Virtual	mode
-----	---------	------

	pu	lse
	Setting range	Unit
Speed change request	0 to 2147483647	pulse/s
Return request	-1 to -2147483647	pulse/s

- (6) The speed changed by CHGV instruction is effective only on the servo program during starting.
- (7) The speed change does not executed for the axis specified with (S1) during deceleration stop.
- (8) The speed change does not executed for the axis specified with (S1) during speed-torque control.
- (9) Acceleration/deceleration time at speed change can be changed by setting the acceleration/deceleration time change parameter of the axis specified with (S1).
 (DSK) Verill
 Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22)

Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for acceleration/deceleration time change parameter and acceleration/deceleration time change function.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(10) By specifying a negative speed and making a speed change request during the start, allows the axis to start deceleration at that point and return in the opposite direction upon completion of deceleration. The following operations by the servo instruction are shown below.

Control mode	Servo instruction	Operation
Linear control	ABS - 1 INC - 1 ABS - 2 INC - 2 ABS - 3 INC - 3 ABS - 4 INC - 4	On completion of deceleration, the axis reverses its moving direction, returns to the positioning starting point at the absolute value of the specified speed, and stops (waits) there. For circular interpolation, the axis returns in the circular path.
Circular interpolation control		
Fixed-pitch feed	FEED-1 FEED-2 FEED-3	
Constant-speed control	CPSTART1 CPSTART2 CPSTART3 CPSTART4	On completion of deceleration, the axis reverses its moving direction, returns to the preceding point at the absolute value of the specified speed, and stops (waits) there.
Speed control (I)	VF VR	On completion of deceleration, the axis reverses its moving direction at the absolute value of the
Speed control (II)	VVF VVR	specified speed. The axis does not stop until a stop instruction is input.
Speed-position switching control	VPF VPR VPSTART	
Position follow-up control	PFSTART	The axis cannot return. The speed change request is regarded as a normal
Speed control with fixed position stop	PVF PVR	speed change request. Minor error [305] ^(Note) will occur and the axis will be
Speed switching control	VSTART	controlled at the speed limit value.
JOG operation		1
High-speed oscillation	OSC	A speed change cannot be made. Minor error [310] ^(Note) will occur.
Home position return	ZERO	A speed change cannot be made. Minor error [301] ^(Note) will occur.

(Note) : Minor error [301] : A speed change was made during home position return.

Minor error [305] : The setting speed is outside the range of 0 to speed limit value. Minor error [310] : A speed change was made during high-speed oscillation.

[Controls]

- (a) If a speed change is made to a negative speed, control is executed with the control mode during the start as indicated in the above table.
- (b) The returning command speed is the absolute value of a new speed.

1	~	When the	ha avia	10 14/0	iting of	thor	oturn	naaitian
()		vvnen u	ne axis	IS Wa	iilind al	line n	elum	DOSILION
•	-,							

1) Signal states

-		
Start accept flag (M2001+n)) ON ((unchanged from

		0 (,			`	0	
						befo	re exe	cution	of
						CHO	SV inst	truction)
 Positionir 	ng sta	rt comp	lete ((M2400+20)n)	ON	(uncha	anged f	rom

- before execution of
- CHGV instruction)
- Positioning complete (M2401+20n).....OFF
- In-position (M2402+20n)......ON
- Command in-position (M2403+20n).....OFF
- Speed change "0" accepting flag (M2240+n) ON
 2) Make a speed change to a positive speed for a restart.
- Turn on the stop command to end the positioning.
- 4) A negative speed change made again will be ignored.
- (d) While the axis is reversion in the speed control mode
 - 1) Make a speed change to a positive speed to change the travel direction again.
 - 2) Turn ON the stop command to make a stop.
 - 3) A speed change is made in the opposite direction if a negative speed change is made again.
- (e) A speed change to a negative speed will not be made for the axis which set the stroke limit as invalid.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur and a speed change will not be made if:
 - The specified axis No. of (S1) is outside the range.
 - (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.
- (2) A minor error will occur and a speed change will not be made if:
 - The axis specified with (S1) is home position return. (Minor error: 301)
 - A speed change to a negative speed was made for the axis which set the stroke limit as invalid. (Minor error: 310)

POINT

If the speed change is executed for the axis specified with (S1) during deceleration, the speed change is ignored. An error will not occur in this case.

(3) A minor error will occur and the axis to be controlled at the speed limit value if:
The absolute value of the speed specified with (S2) is greater than the speed limit value. (Minor error: 305)

POINT

If the absolute value of a negative new speed is higher than the speed specified with the servo program during constant-speed control, return control is exercised at the speed specified in the program (speed clamp control for a speed change during constant-speed control). At this time, an error will not occur.

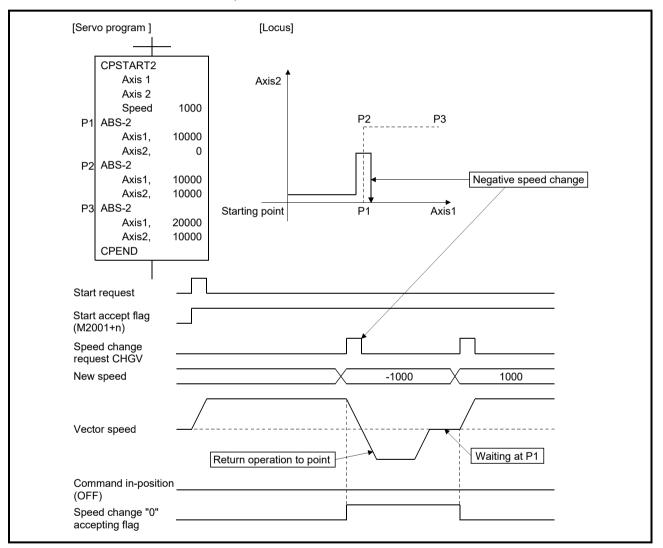
[Program examples]

(1) Program which changes the positioning speed of axis 2

CHGV(K2,K10)

(2) Return program which changes the positioning speed of axis 1 to a negative value CHGV(K1,K-1000)

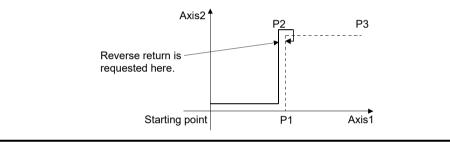
The following operation will be performed when a return request is made in constant-speed control.



If a speed change to a negative speed is made during execution of positioning to P2 as shown above, the axis returns to P1 along the program specified locus and waits at P1.

POINT

- Precautions at speed change
 - (1) A speed change may be invalid if the speed change is executed until the "positioning start complete signal" status changes to ON at servo program start request. When making a speed change at almost the same timing as a start, create a program to execute speed change after the "positioning start complete signal" has turned on.
 - (2) When the reverse return is requested during stop in the state of FIN waiting using the M-code FIN signal wait function in constant-speed control, it will be ignored.
 - (3) In the example of previous page, if reverse return is requested before P2 and the axis passes through P2 during deceleration, it return to P2.
 - (4) There will be a delay of time equivalent to an operation cycle at the maximum in the response time from when the CHGV instruction is executed until the speed begins to change actually.



5.12.2 Command generation axis speed change request : CHGVS (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

Format CHGVS((S1), (S2))		Number of basic steps	4
--------------------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

		Usable Data										
			Word o	device			Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression	
(S1)	_		-	_	-	0	_	_	_	_	_	
(S2)	_	0	0	-		0	0	—	0	_	_	

 \bigcirc : Usable

G

0

F/FS

 \bigcirc

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Axis No. to which speed change request will be given	_
(S2)	Specified speed	

[Functions]

- (1) A speed change is made shown below.
 - (a) The [St.346] Command generation axis speed change accepting flag (M9811+20n) corresponding to the axis specified with (S1) is turned ON.
 - (b) The speed of the axis specified with (S1) is changed to the speed specified with (S2).
 - (c) The speed change accepting flag is turned OFF.
- (2) The axis No. that may be set at (S1) is within the following range.

Q173DSCPU	Q172DSCPU
1 to 32	1 to 16

Ver.!: Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(3) For interpolation control, set any one of the interpolation axes to (S1). When linear interpolation control is exercised, a speed change varies as described below with the positioning speed designation method set in the servo program.

Positioning speed designation method	Operation
	Speed change is made so that the vector speed
Vector speed designation	becomes the speed specified with (S2).
	Speed change is made so that the longest axis speed
Longest axis designation	becomes the speed specified with (S2).
	Speed change is made so that the reference axis
Reference axis speed designation	speed becomes the speed specified with (S2).

(4) Operation varies with the sign of the specified speed set at (S2).

Sign of specified speed	Operation
Positive	Speed change
0	Temporary stop
Negative	Return

(5) The specified speed that may be set at (S2) is within the following range.

/	mm		inch		degree		pulse	
	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit	Setting range	Unit
Speed change request	0 to 60000000	× 10 ⁻² mm/min	0 to 600000000	imes 10 ⁻³ inch/min	0 to 2147483647	× 10 ⁻³ degree/min _(Note-1)	0 to 2147483647	pulse/s
Return request	-1 to -600000000	× 10 ⁻² mm/min	-1 to -600000000	imes 10 ⁻³ inch/min	-1 to -2147483647	× 10 ⁻³ degree/min _(Note-1)	-1 to -2147483647	pulse/s

(Note-1): When the "speed control 10 × multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid" in the command generation axis parameter, the unit is "× 10⁻² [degree/min]".

- (6) The speed changed by CHGVS instruction is effective only on the servo program during starting.
- (7) The speed change does not executed for the axis specified with (S1) during deceleration stop.
- (8) Acceleration/deceleration time at speed change can be changed by setting the acceleration/deceleration time change parameter of the axis specified by (S1). Refer to the "Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)" for acceleration/deceleration time change parameter.

Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for acceleration/deceleration time change function. (9) By specifying a negative speed and making a speed change request during the start, allows the axis to start deceleration at that point and return in the opposite direction upon completion of deceleration. The following operations by the servo instruction are shown below.

Control mode	Servo instruction	Operation		
Linear control	ABS-1 INC-1 ABS-2 INC-2 ABS-3 INC-3 ABS-4 INC-4	On completion of deceleration, the axis reverses its moving direction, returns to the positioning starting point at the absolute value of the specified speed, and stops (waits) there. For circular interpolation, the axis returns in the circular path.		
Circular interpolation control	ABS circular INC circular			
Fixed-pitch feed	FEED-1 FEED-2 FEED-3			
Constant-speed control	CPSTART1 CPSTART2 CPSTART3 CPSTART4	On completion of deceleration, the axis reverses its moving direction, returns to the preceding point at the absolute value of the specified speed, and stops (waits) there.		
Speed control (I)	VF VR	On completion of deceleration, the axis reverses its moving direction at the absolute value of the specified speed. The axis does not stop until a stop instruction is input.		
Position follow-up control	PFSTART	The axis cannot return. The speed change request is regarded as a normal		
Speed control with fixed position stop	PVF PVR	speed change request. Minor error [305] (^{Note)} will occur and the axis will be		
JOG operation		controlled at the speed limit value.		

(Note): Minor error [305] : The setting speed is outside the range of 0 to speed limit value.

[Controls]

- (a) If a speed change is made to a negative speed, control is executed with the control mode during the start as indicated in the above table.
- (b) The returning command speed is the absolute value of a new speed.
- (c) When the axis is waiting at the return position

1) Signal states
 [St.345] Command generation axis
start accept flag (M9810+20n)ON (unchanged from before execution of
CHGVS instruction)
 [St.340] Command generation axis
positioning start complete (M9800+20n)ON (unchanged from before execution of CHGVS instruction)
 [St.341] Command generation axis
positioning complete (M9801+20n)OFF
• [St.342] Command generation axis
command in-position (M9803+20n) OFF
• [St.347] Command generation axis
speed change "0" accepting flag (M9812+20n) ON
2) Make a speed change to a positive speed for a restart.
3) Turn on the stop command to end the positioning.
4) A negative speed change made again will be ignored.

- (d) While the axis is reversion in the speed control mode
 - 1) Make a speed change to a positive speed to change the travel direction again.
 - 2) Turn ON the stop command to make a stop.
 - 3) A speed change is made in the opposite direction if a negative speed change is made again.
- (e) A speed change to a negative speed will not be made for the axis which set the stroke limit as invalid.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur and a speed change will not be made if:
 - The specified axis No. of (S1) is outside the range.
 - (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.
- (2) A minor error will occur and a speed change will not be made if:
 - A speed change to a negative speed was made for the axis which set the stroke limit as invalid. (Minor error: 310)

POINT

If the speed change is executed for the axis specified with (S1) during deceleration, the speed change is ignored. An error will not occur in this case.

- (3) A minor error will occur and the axis to be controlled at the speed limit value if:
 - The absolute value of the speed specified with (S2) is greater than the speed limit value. (Minor error: 305)

POINT

If the absolute value of a negative new speed is higher than the speed specified with the servo program during constant-speed control, return control is exercised at the speed specified in the program (speed clamp control for a speed change during constant-speed control).

At this time, an error will not occur.

[Program examples]

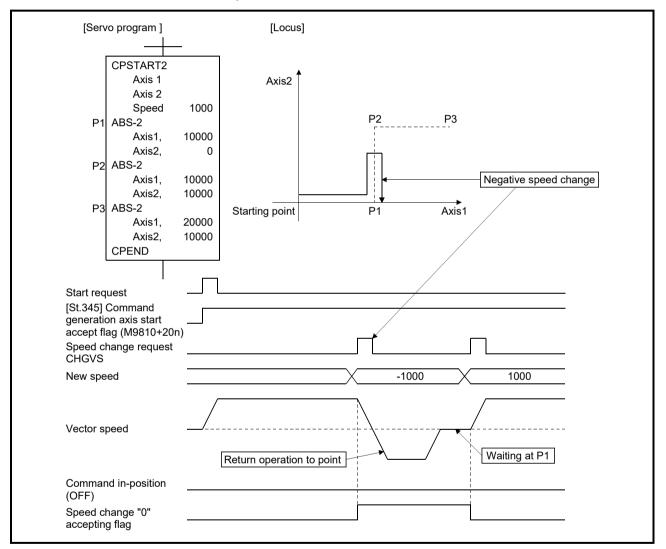
(1) Program which changes the positioning speed of axis 2

CHGVS(K2,K10)

(2) Return program which changes the positioning speed of axis 1 to a negative value

CHGVS(K1,K-1000)

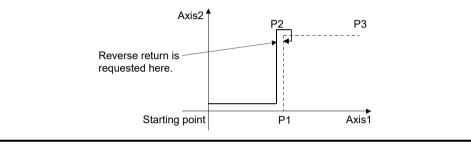
The following operation will be performed when a return request is made in constant-speed control.



If a speed change to a negative speed is made during execution of positioning to P2 as shown above, the axis returns to P1 along the program specified locus and waits at P1.

POINT

- Precautions at speed change
 - (1) A speed change may be invalid if the speed change is executed until the "positioning start complete signal" status changes to ON at servo program start request. When making a speed change at almost the same timing as a start, create a program to execute speed change after the "positioning start complete signal" has turned on.
 - (2) When the reverse return is requested during stop in the state of FIN waiting using the M-code FIN signal wait function in constant-speed control, it will be ignored.
 - (3) In the example of previous page, if reverse return is requested before P2 and the axis passes through P2 during deceleration, it return to P2.
 - (4) There will be a delay of time equivalent to an operation cycle at the maximum in the response time from when the CHGVS instruction is executed until the speed begins to change actually.



F/FS	G
0	0

5.12.3 Torque limit value change request : CHGT

Format CHGT ((S1), (S2)) Number of basic steps 4
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
Setting data	Bit device	Word device				Constant					
		16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	_		-	_	0	_	_	_	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	-	_	0	0	_	0	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Axis No. to which torque limit value change request will be given	_
(S2)	Specified torque limit value	

[Functions]

- (1) The torque limit value of the axis specified with (S1) is changed to the torque limit value specified with (S2) for the positive direction and negative direction.
- (2) In the real mode, any axis that has completed a servo startup can be changed in torque limit value any time, independently of the status, starting, stopping, servo ON or servo OFF.
- (3) The axis No. that may be set at (S1) is within the following range.

Q173DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
1 to	0 32	1 to 16	1 to 8

- (4) The torque limit value that may be set at (S2) is within the range 1 to 1000[%].
- (5) Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for relation between torque limit value specified with servo program and torque limit value change instruction.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur and a torque limit value change will not be made if:
 The specified axis No. at (S1) is outside the range; or
 - (S2) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.
- (2) A minor error will occur and a torque limit value change will not be made if:
 - The torque limit value specified with (S2) is outside the range 1 to 1000[%] (Minor error: 311); or
 - The CHGT instruction is executed for any axis that has not yet been started (Minor error: 312).

[Program examples]

(1) Program which changes the torque limit value of axis 2 to 10[%]

CHGT(K2,K10)

POINT

- (1) CHGT instruction is invalid (ignored) during the virtual mode. When changing the torque limit value during operation in the virtual mode, set the "torque limit value setting device" in the output module parameter of the mechanical system program.
- (2) There will be a delay of time equivalent to an operation cycle at the maximum in the time from when the CHGT instruction is executed until the torque limit value is transferred to servo amplifier actually.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.12.4 Torque limit value individual change request : CHGT2 @DSK

Format CHGT2((S1), (S2), (S3))		Number of basic steps	5
--------------------------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word of	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_		_			0	_	_	_	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	_	-	0	0	_	0	_	_
(S3)	_	0	0	_	_	0	0	_	0	_	_

\bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Axis No. to which torque limit value change request will be given	
(S2)	Positive direction torque limit value (×0.1[%])	_
(S3)	Negative direction torque limit value (×0.1[%])	

[Functions]

(1) The torque limit value of the axis specified with (S1) is changed to the positive direction torque limit value specified with (S2) and negative direction torque limit value specified with (S3).

The positive direction torque limit value restricts the forward rotation (CCW) driving torque and reverse rotation (CW) regenerative torque of the servo motor, and negative direction torque limit value restricts the reverse rotation (CW) driving torque and forward rotation (CCW) regenerative torque of the servo motor.

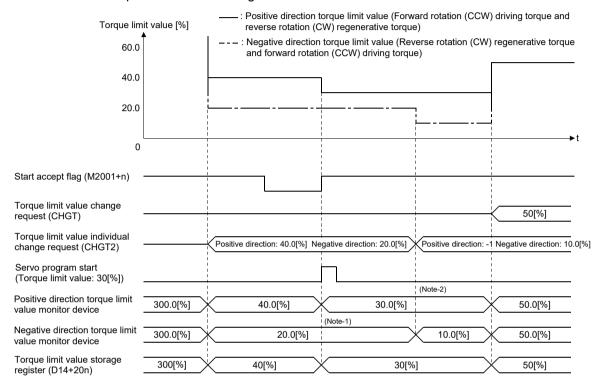
- (2) Any axis that has completed a servo startup can be changed in torque limit value any time, independently of the status, starting, stopping, servo ON or servo OFF.
- (3) When the CHGT2 instruction is executed to the mechanical system output module in the virtual mode, set 300[%] as the torque limit value of output module. When the torque limit value of output module is indirectly specified with a device, a minor error (error code: 6260) will occur, and the individual change of torque limit value is not executed.
- (4) The axis No. that may be set at (S1) is within the following range.

Q173DSCPU	Q172DSCPU
1 to 32	1 to 16

(5) (S2) and (S3) cannot be omitted. When only either torque limit value is changed, set "-1" as the setting data not to change.

- (6) The torque limit value that may be set at (S2) and (S3) is within the range 1 to 10000 (×0.1[%]).
- (7) Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for relation between torque limit value specified with servo program and torque limit value change request instruction.

Operation for combining of CHGT2 and CHGT instruction is shown below.



(Note-1): The torque limit value specified with servo program is cramped with the negative direction torque limit value changed by CHGT2. (Note-2): The torque limit value is not changed so that "-1" is set as the positive direction torque limit value of CHGT2.

- (8) During speed-torque control, do not change the torque limit value to higher value than torque limit value in speed-torque control set in the speed-torque control data of servo data setting. If the either value of (S2) or (S3) specified with CHGT2 instruction is higher than torque limit value in speed-torque control, a minor error (error code: 319) will occur, and the individual change of torque limit value is not executed.
- (9) The positive direction torque limit value and negative direction torque limit value can be monitored by setting the positive direction torque limit value monitor device and negative direction torque limit value monitor device in the expansion parameter of servo data setting.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur and a torque limit value change will not be made if:
 - The specified axis No. at (S1) is outside the range; or
 - (S2) or (S3) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range.
- (2) A minor error will occur and a torque limit value change will not be made if:
 - The torque limit value specified with (S2) or (S3) is outside the range of 0.1 to 1000.0[%] (Minor error: 311); or
 - The CHGT2 instruction is executed for any axis that has not yet been started (Minor error: 312); or
 - When the CHGT2 instruction is executed for any axis during speed-torque control, the value of (S2) or (S3) is greater than the torque limit value in speed-torque control (Minor error: 319); or
 - In the virtual mode, the CHGT2 instruction is executed for any axis that the torque limit value of output module is indirectly specified with a device (Minor error: 6260).

[Program examples]

 Program which changes the torque limit value of axis 2 to positive direction 20.0[%] and to negative direction 10.0[%]

CHGT2(K2, K200, K100)

POINT

There will be a delay of time equivalent to an operation cycle at the maximum in the time from when the CHGT instruction is executed until the torque limit value is transferred to servo amplifier actually.

5.12.5 Target position change request : CHGP

[Usable data]	

Format

						Usable Data					
Setting data Bit		Word device			Constant						
	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_		_		_	0	—	_	_	_	
(S2)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_
(S3)	_	0	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	

CHGP((S1), (S2), (S3))

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Axis No. to which target position change request will be given	
(S2)	Specified method of changed address 0: Address method 1: Movement method	—
(S3)	Starting No. of device to store target position change value	

POINT

The CHGP instruction cannot be used for the command generation axis under advanced synchronous control.

F/FS G

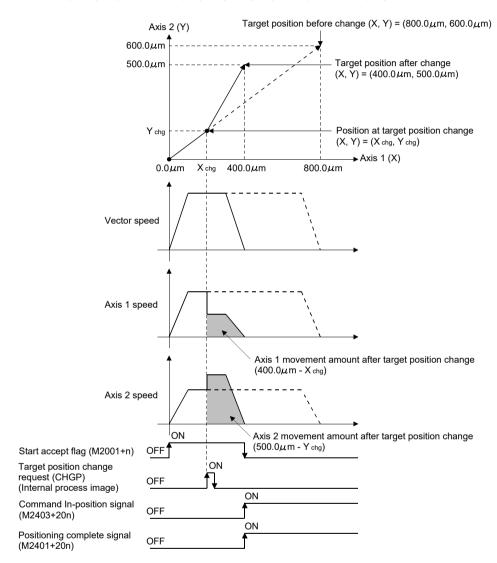
Number of basic steps

⊖ : Usable

6

[Overview]

The target position is changed during positioning instruction execution by target position change request. New target position can be set by the absolute address or relative movement amount from feed current value at target position change request. Operation for executing target position change request to $(X, Y) = (400.0\mu m, 500.0\mu m)$ by absolute address setting during linear interpolation control from positioning start position $(X, Y) = (0.0\mu m, 0.0\mu m)$ to $(X, Y) = (800.0\mu m, 600.0\mu m)$ is shown below.



[Functions]

(1) The target position of the axis specified with (S1) is changed. The new target position is calculated by a value stored in the device specified with (S3) using the method specified with (S2).

POINT

- (1) CHGP instruction is enabled to only starting axis.
- (2) The target position is not changed when the specified axis is during deceleration stop.
- (3) There will be a delay of time equivalent to an operation cycle at the maximum from when the CHGP instruction is executed until the target position is changed actually.
- (4) When the CHGP instruction is executed at servo program start request (positioning start complete signal (M2400+20n) is OFF), the target position change becomes disabled. Create the program to execute the target position change after positioning start complete signal ON to change the target position at same timing with servo program start.
- (2) The axis No. that may be set at (S1) is within the following range. For interpolation control, set any one of the interpolation axes to (S1).

Q173DSCPU	Q172DSCPU
1 to 32	1 to 16

- (3) The target position by setting of (S2) is shown below.
 - (a) When "0" (address method) is set to (S2), the target position is the target position change value stored in the device specified with (S3).
 - (b) When "1" (movement method) is set to (S2), the target position is the position that the movement for target position change value stored in the device specified with (S3) is executed from the feed current value at CHGP instruction execution.

POINT

When "1" (movement method) is set to (S2) and the CHGP instruction is executed with a normal task, a dispersion may occur for new target position depending on a dispersion of instruction accept timing. Execute the CHGP instruction in the fixed cycle task same as operation cycle to inhibit a dispersion.

(4) Set the starting device No. to store a target position change value at (S3). Set an even number as first device, and set a target position change value as follows.

		Setting range								
Offset	Name				degree					
Oliset		mm	inch	pulse	Address	Movement				
					method	method				
+0	Target position change									
+1	value 1									
+2	Target position change	-2147483648	04474000404	04474000404		04.474000.40.4				
+3	value 2 Target position change	to	-2147483648 to 2147483647	-2147483648 to 2147483647 ([pulse])	0 to 35999999 (×10 ⁻⁵ [degree])	-2147483648 to 2147483647 (×10 ⁻⁵ [degree])				
+4		2147483647	(×10 ⁻⁵ [inch])							
+5	value 3	(×10 ⁻¹ [µm])								
+6	Target position change									
+7	value 4									

- (a) Set the positioning address and movement amount according to the setting of (S2) for target position change value.
- (b) Set the axis No. among interpolation axes in ascending order for target position change value.

(Example) When the target position change request is executed during INC-3 instruction execution.

[K100]	INC-3		
	Axis	З,	3000pulse
	Axis	4,	4000pulse
	Axis	1,	4000pulse
	Speed		10000pulse/s

The axis No. for target position change value 1 to 4 are as follows.

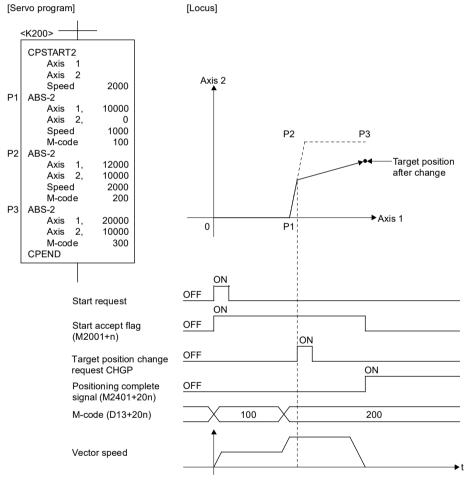
Target position change value 1	Setting of axis No.1
Target position change value 2	Setting of axis No.3
Target position change value 3	Setting of axis No.4
Target position change value 4	Not necessary to set

(5) The following operations by the servo instruction at CHGP instruction execution are shown below.

Control mode	Servo instruction	Operation		
Linear control	ABS-1 INC-1 ABS-2 INC-2 ABS-3 INC-3 ABS-4 INC-4	The positioning is executed from current feed value during execution to new target position with linear interpolation control.		
Fixed-pitch feed	FEED-1 FEED-2 FEED-3			
Circular interpolation control	ABS circular INC circular	The target position change is ignored, and a minor		
Helical interpolation control	ABS helical INC helical	error [330] will occur.		
Constant-speed control	CPSTART1 CPSTART2 CPSTART3 CPSTART4	The positioning is executed from current feed value during execution to new target position with linear interpolation control. The positioning to a remaining point is not executed. (Refer to this section (9).)		
Speed control (I)	VF VR			
Speed control (II)	VVF VVR			
Speed-position switching control	VPF VPR VPSTART			
Position follow-up control	PFSTART			
Speed control with fixed position stop	PVF PVR	The target position change is ignored, and a minor error [330] will occur.		
Speed switching control	VSTART			
JOG operation				
Speed-torque control				
High-speed oscillation	OSC			
Home position return	ZERO			

- (6) Operation after execution of CHGP instruction are as follows.
 - Automatic decelerating flag (M2128+n) turns ON with automatic deceleration processing to new target position.
 - Command in-position signal (M2403+20n) turns ON when the absolute value of difference between new target position and current feed value becomes "command in-position range" or less.
 - Positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) turns ON with command output completion to new target position.
- (7) After execution of CHGP instruction, the vector speed does not change, but each axis speed changes according to new target position. Therefore, each axis speed may change rapidly depending on new target position.

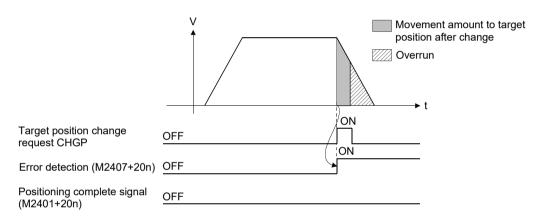
- (8) When the reference axis speed designation or longest axis reference designation is set in the linear interpolation control, an operation is as follows.
 - The longest axis is not selected again at target position change. The longest axis before change is used continuously.
 - The positioning speed is calculated depending on the movement amount for each axis new target position.
 - When the movement amount of reference axis or longest axis depending on the target position change becomes 0, a minor error (error code: 264) will occur and deceleration stop is executed.
- (9) The positioning is executed to new target position with CHGP instruction during constant speed control. The positioning to a point since executing point at target position change request is not executed.



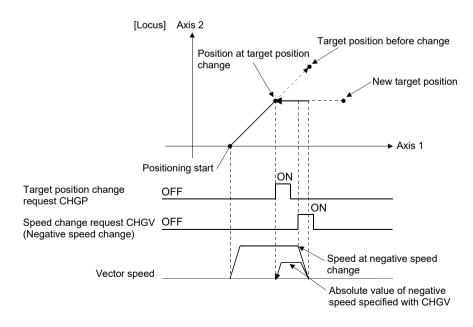
POINT

- (1) The positioning is executed with the setting items of executing point for CHGP instruction.
- (2) The linear interpolation control is executed in all axes specified with CPSTART for CHGP instruction. Set target position for all axes specified with CPSTART.
- (3) When the CHGP instruction is executed during positioning to a point of circular interpolation or helical interpolation in the constant speed control, the target position change is executed at the same time of positioning to a point of linear interpolation.

- (10) When the target position change of address method to the axis of control unit [degree] is executed, operation is as follows.
 - The positioning to new address is executed in the current direction.
 - Set "0 to 35999999×10⁻⁵ [degree] as new address at the address method. If the outside of range is set, a minor error (error code: 260) will occur and deceleration stop is executed.
- (11) Operation for the movement amount to new target position is less than deceleration distance required to deceleration stop from speed during control by execution of CHGP instruction is as follows.
 - A minor error (error code: 261) will occur and deceleration stop is executed at execution of CHGP instruction.
 - The difference between movement amount to the deceleration stop and movement amount to new target position is overrun.
 - The positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) does not turn ON.



(12) When the negative speed change is executed after execution of CHGP instruction, a deceleration is executed to speed 0. Then, it returns to position at target position change (CHGP instruction accept), and stops (waits) there.

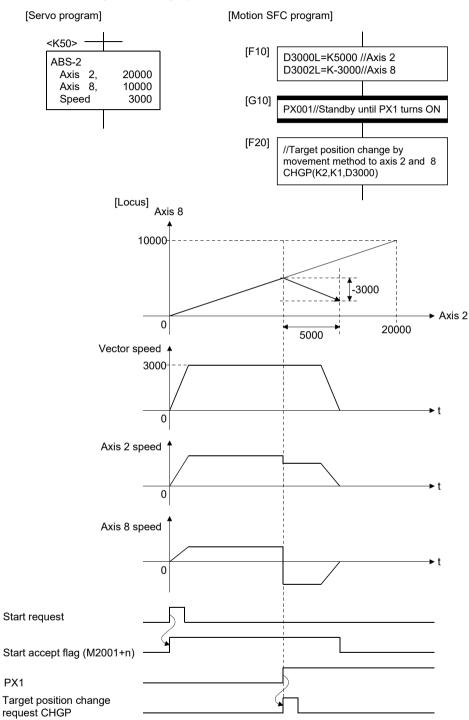


[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur and a target position change will not be made if:
 - The specified axis No. at (S1) is outside the range; or
 - Except 0 to 1 is set at (S2); or
 - Except even-numbered device is set at (S3); or
 - The device No. (S3) to (S3) +7 is outside the range.
- (2) A minor error will occur and a target position change will not be made if:
 - During home position return for target axis (Minor error: 330); or
 - During execution of servo program that does not correspond with the target position change for target axis (Minor error: 330); or
 - · New target position exceeded the stroke limit range (Minor error: 262); or
 - FIN acceleration/deceleration or advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration as acceleration/deceleration method is set (Minor error: 263); or
 - When the reference axis speed designation or longest axis designation is set in the linear interpolation control, the movement amount for reference axis or longest axis after target position change becomes 0 (Minor error: 264); or
 - When the target position change of address method to the axis of control unit [degree] is executed, new address is outside the range of 0 to 35999999×10^{-5} [degree] (Minor error: 260); or
 - The movement amount to new target position is less than deceleration distance required to deceleration stop from speed during control (Minor error: 261).

[Program examples]

(1) Program which executes the target position change by movement method to axis 2 and axis 8 during positioning by ABS-2.



F/FS G
0 0

5.13 Other Instructions

5.13.1 Event task enable : EI

	Format	EI		Number of basic steps	1
--	--------	----	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
_	_	-	_	-		_	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

There are no setting data.

ΕI

[Functions]

- (1) The execution of an event task is enabled.
- (2) This instruction is usable with a normal task only.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - This instruction is used with other than a normal task.

[Program examples]

(1) Enables the execution of an event task.

5 - 98

F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.2 Event task disable : DI

Format DI Number of basic steps 1

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

There are no setting data.

[Functions]

- (1) The execution of an event task is disabled.
- (2) If an external interrupt or PLC interrupt occurs after execution of the DI instruction, the corresponding event task is executed once at the execution of the EI instruction. (If two or more external interrupts or PLC interrupts occur during DI, the corresponding event task is executed only once at the execution of the EI instruction.)
- (3) During DI, a fixed-cycle event task is not executed.
- (4) The execution of an NMI task cannot be disabled.
- (5) The DI status is established at power-on or reset of the Multiple CPU system. EI/DI status does not change by the ON/OFF of PLC ready flag (M2000).

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - This instruction is used with other than a normal task.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which disables the execution of an event task.

DI

F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.3 No operation : NOP

Format NOP Num	per of basic steps 1
----------------	----------------------

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

There are no setting data.

[Functions]

(1) This is a no-operation instruction and does not affect the preceding operations.

[Errors]

(1) There are no operation errors.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.4 Block transfer : BMOV

	Format	BMOV(D), (S), (n)		Number of basic steps	6
--	--------	-------------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
			Word o	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	0	0	I			_	0	_	_	_	_
(S)	0	0	_	-	-	_	0	_	_	_	_
(n)	_	0	—	_	_	0	—	_	—	—	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result		
(D)	Transfer destination device starting No.			
(S)	Transfer source device starting No.	_		
(n)	Number of words to be transferred			

[Functions]

- The contents for n words from device specified with (S) are batch-transferred to the n words from device specified with (D).
- (2) Data can be transferred if the devices of the transfer source and destination overlap.

Data are transferred from devices, starting with the one at (S), for transfer of data from devices of larger numbers to those of smaller numbers, or starting with the one at (S)+(n-1) for transfer of data from devices of smaller numbers to those of larger numbers.

(3) When in SV22 virtual mode, specifying Nn (cam No.) at (D) or (S) enables batchtransfer of cam data.

In the Motion controller, the cam data of same cam No. must already have been registered.

The number of transferred words specified with (n) should match the resolution of the specified cam No.

At cam data write

- The cam data storage area is rewritten.
- Transfer of data to the cam data area is also executed during cam operation.
- Be careful not to perform write while operation is being performed with the same cam No.

At cam data read

- The cam data storage area is rewritten.
- The cam data in the currently set status are read.

POINT

The BMOV instruction cannot be used for the cam data write/read under the SV22 advanced synchronous control.

Use the CAMWR/CAMWR2 instruction (Cam data write) or the CAMRD instruction (Cam data read). (Refer to Section 5.18.)

(4) The word devices that may be set at (D), (S) and (n) are shown below.

Setting		Word	l device	s ^(Note-2)			Bi	it device	es ^{(Note-2),}	(Note-3)			Cam No. specification
data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟∖Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn	Nn (Note-1)
(D)	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	(Note-4)	O (Note-4)	0
(S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	(Note-4)	O (Note-4)	0
(n)	0	0	_	0	0	_	_			_	_		_

(Note-1) : "Nn" indicates the cam No.

(Note-2) : The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-3) : Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data.

(Note-4) : PX/PY cannot be set.

(5) The cam No. that may be set as "Nn" is within the following range.

Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU
1 to 64
101 to 164
201 to 264
301 to 364

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The cam data of cam No. specified with (D) or (S) are not yet registered to the Motion controller
 - The resolution of cam No. specified with (D) or (S) differs from the number of transferred words specified with (n)
 - (S) to (S)+(n-1) is outside the device range
 - (D) to (D)+(n-1) is outside the device range
 - (n) is 0 or a negative number
 - PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1)
 - PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1)
- (2) When conversion of Motion SFC program is made in MT Developer2, an error will occur if:
 - (S) to (S)+(n-1) is outside the device range
 - (D) to (D)+(n-1) is outside the device range
 - (n) is 0 or a negative number
 - PX/PY is set in (S) to (S) + (n-1)
 - PX/PY is set in (D) to (D) + (n-1)
 - (S) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16
 - (D) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16

word device

when (n) specified is a

constant

when (n) specified is a

[Program examples]

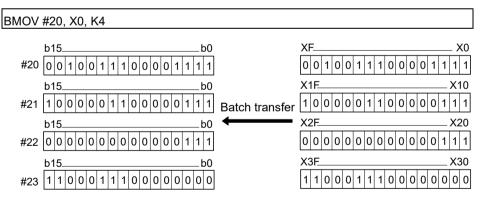
 Program which batch-transfers a contents for 5 words from D0 to all data for 5 words from #10

BMOV #10,D0,K5 #10 12 D0 12 Batch transfer #11 D1 34 34 #12 56 D2 56 #13 D3 78 78 #14 90 D4 90

(2) Program which batch-transfers a contents for 2048 words from #0 to the data area of cam No.2 (resolution 2048)

BMOV N2,#0,K2048							
Cam	data of cam No	o.2					
0th stroke ratio	H0000		#0	H0000			
First stroke ratio	H0005	Batch transfer	#1	H0005			
Second stroke ratio	H000A		#2	H000A			
:	•		:	:			
2047th stroke ratio	H0000		#2047	H0000			
POINT							
Cam stroke ratio is set within 0 to 7FFFH.							

(3) Program which batch-transfers a contents for 4 words from X0 to all data for 4 words from #20



F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.5 Same data block transfer : FMOV

Format FMOV(D), (S), (n) Number of basic steps 6
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word o	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	0	0	-	_		_	0	_	_	_	_
(S)	0	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_
(n)	—	0	—	—	—	0	—	_	—	—	—

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Transfer destination device starting No.	
	Device No. which transfer data or data to be	
(S)	transferred are stored.	—
(n)	Number of words to be transferred	

[Functions]

 The data specified with (S) or contents of device are transferred a part for (n)words of data to the device specified with (D).

Setting		Word	l device	S ^(Note-1)			В	it device	s ^{(Note-1),}	(Note-2)		
data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟\Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn
(D)	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	0		(Note-3)	O (Note-3)
(S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	O (Note-3)	O (Note-3)
(n)	0	0	_	0	0	_		_	_	_	_	_

(2) The devices that may be set at (D), (S) and (n) are shown below.

(Note-1): The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2) : Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data. (Note-3) : PX/PY cannot be set.

[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

- (D) to (D)+(n-1) is outside the device range
- (n) is 0 or a negative number
- PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1)

When (n) specified is a word device

- (2) When conversion of Motion SFC program is made in program editing of MT Developer2, an error will occur if:
 - (D) to (D)+(n-1) is outside the device range
 - (S) is outside the device range
 - (n) is 0 or a negative number
 - PX/PY is set in (S)
 - PX/PY is set in (D) to (D) + (n-1)

When (n) specified is a constant

- (S) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16
- (D) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16

[Program examples]

(1) Program which sets 3456H to all data for 100 words from #10

FMOV #1	0,H3456,K100		
#10 #11 #12 : #109	H3456 H3456 H3456 : H3456	Transfer	H3456

(2) Program which sets a content of D4000 to all data for 50 words from W0

FMOV W),D4000,K50				
W0 W1 W2 : W31	1234 1234 1234 : : 1234	Transfer	D4000	1234	

(3) Program which sets 8000H to all data for 4 words from M0

FMOV N	И0, H8000, K4		
	M15 N 1 0 <td< td=""><td>6 0 Transfer 12 4 0</td><td>b15b0 1000000000000000000000</td></td<>	6 0 Transfer 12 4 0	b15b0 1000000000000000000000

F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.6 Write device data to CPU shared memory of the self CPU: MULTW

	Format	MULTW(D), (S), (n), (D1)		Number of basic steps	8
--	--------	--------------------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

		Usable Data										
			Word device			Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression	
(D)	_	0		_		0	_	_	_	_	_	
(S)	0	0						_	_	_	_	
(n)	_	0		_		0	_	_	_	_	_	
(D1)	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

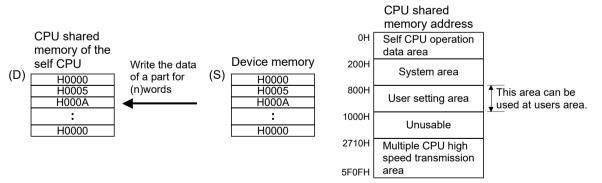
⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
	The CPU shared memory address of self CPU of	
(D)	the writing destination device. (800H to FFFH)	
(S)	Start device No. which writing data are stored.	
(n)	Number of words to be written (1 to 256)	—
(D1)	Self CPU device is made to turn on by the writing	
(D1)	completion.	

[Functions]

(1) A part for (n)words of data since the device specified with (S) of the self CPU module are written to since the CPU shared memory address specified with (D) of the self CPU module. After writing completion of the device data, the complete bit device specified with (D1) turns on.



- (2) Do resetting of the complete bit device by the user program.
- (3) Another MULTW instruction cannot be processed until MULTW instruction is executed and a complete bit device is turned on. When MULTW instruction is executed again, before MULTW instruction is executed and complete bit device is turned on, the MULTW instruction executed later becomes an error.

Setting		Word	l device	s ^(Note-1)			Bit devices (Note-1), (Note-2)					
data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟\Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn
(D)	0	0	_	0	0		_			_	_	_
(S)	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	(Note-3)	(Note-3)
(n)	0	0	_	0	0		_			_	_	_
(D1)	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	_	(Note-4)	(Note-4)

(4) The word devices that may be set at (D), (S), (n) and (D1) are shown below.

(Note-1): The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2) : Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data.

(Note-3) : PX and PY cannot be set.

(Note-4) : PX can be set. PY cannot be set.

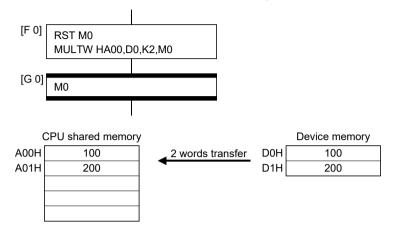
(5) Adjust an executive task, the number of transfer word referring to the operation processing time so that this instruction may not obstruct the execution of the motion operation because processing time becomes long in argument to the number of words (n) to be written.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - Number of words (n) to be written is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - The CPU shared memory address (D) of self CPU of the writing destination device is outside the range (800H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address.
 - The CPU shared memory address (D) of self CPU of the writing destination device + number of words (n) to be written is outside the range (800H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address.
 - Start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is outside the device range.
 - MULTW instruction was executed again before MULTW instruction is executed and complete bit device is turned on.
 - (D1) is a write-disabled device.
 - (S) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16.
 - PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1).

[Program examples]

(1) 2 words from D0 is written in the CPU shared memory to since A00H, and transits to next step after confirmation of writing completion.



F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.7 Read device data from CPU shared memory: MULTR

Format	MULTR(D), (S1), (S2), (n)	Number of basic steps	7

[Usable data]

		Usable Data										
		Word device Constant				Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression	
(D)	0	0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(S1)	_	0				0	_	_	_	_		
(S2)	_	0	_	_	-	0	_	_	_	_	_	
(n)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	

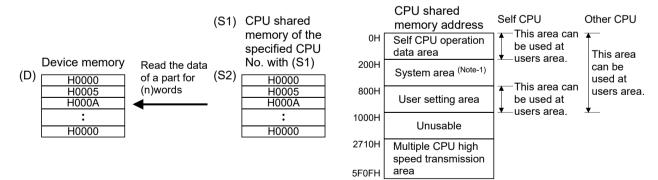
 \bigcirc : Usable

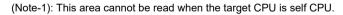
[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Start device No. which stores the reading data.	
	First I/O No. of the PLC CPU/Motion CPU which it	
(61)	will be read.	
(S1)	(CPU No.1 : 3E0H, CPU No.2 : 3E1H,	
	CPU No.3 : 3E2H, CPU No.4 : 3E3H)	—
(S2)	The CPU shared memory first address of the data	
(32)	which it will be read. (000H to FFFH)	
(n)	Number of words to be read (1 to 256)	

[Functions]

 A part for (n)words of data of the target CPU specified with (S1) are read from the address specified with (S2) of the CPU shared memory, and are stored since the device specified with (S2).





Setting		Word	l device	s ^(Note-1)			Bit devices (Note-1), (Note-2)					
data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟\Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn
(D)	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	(Note-3)	(Note-3)
(S)	0	0	_	0	0		—			_	_	_
(n)	0	0		0	0							_
(D1)	0	0		0	0							_

(2) The word devices that may be set at (D), (S), (n) and (D1) are shown below.

(Note-1): The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2) : Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data. (Note-3) : PX and PY cannot be set.

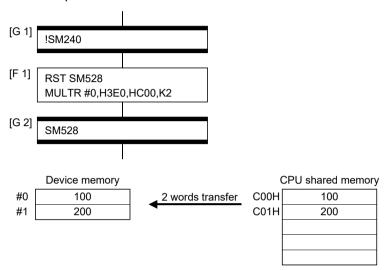
- (3) When data are read normally from the target CPU specified with (S1), the reading complete flag SM528 to SM531 (CPU No.1 : SM528, CPU No.2 : SM529, CPU No.3 : SM530, CPU No.4 : SM531) corresponding to the target CPU turns on. If data cannot be read normally, the reading complete flag of the target CPU does not turn on.
- (4) Adjust an executive task, the number of transfer word referring to the operation processing time so that this instruction may not obstruct the execution of the motion operation because processing time becomes long in argument to the Number of words (n) to be read.
- (5) When multiple MULTR instructions are executed to the same CPU simultaneously, the reading complete flag SM528 to SM531 turns on/as a result of MULTR that it is executed at the end.
- (6) Reset the reading complete flag (SM528 to SM531) using the user program.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - Number of words (n) to be read is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - The CPU shared memory first address (S2) of the data which it will be read is outside the range (000H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address.
 - The CPU shared memory first address (S2) of the data which it will be read + number of words (n) to be read is outside the range (000H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address.
 - Start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is outside the device range.
 - Except 3E0H/3E1H/3E2H/3E3H is set at (S1).
 - The CPU which reads is resetting.
 - The errors are detected in the CPU which read.
 - (D) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16.
 - PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1).

[Program examples]

(1) It checks that a CPU No.1 is not resetting, 2 words is read to since #0 from the CPU shared memory C00H of CPU No.1, and transits to next step after reading completion.



5.13.8 Write device data to intelligent function module : TO

TO(D1), (D2), (S), (n)

Format

data Bit device 16-bit 32-bit floating Coasting integer integer integer type Calculation conditional conditional			Usable Data										
dataBit device16-bit integer type32-bit integer type (L)floating point type (F)Coasting timer16-bit integer type (K/H)32-bit integer typefloating point (K/H, L)Calculation point type (K)Calculation expressionconditional expressionconditional expression(D1)<				Word of	device		Constant						
(D2) <u> </u>	•	Bit device	integer	integer	floating point	0	integer	integer type	floating point		conditional	Comparison conditional expression	
	(D1)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	
(S) O O	(D2)	—	0	_	_	—	0	—	_	_	_	_	
	(S)	0	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(n)	(n)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D1)	First I/O No. of the intelligent function module (000H to FF0H)	
(D2)	First address of the buffer memory which writes data.	_
(S)	Start device No. which writing data are stored.	
(n)	Number of words to be written (1 to 256)	

[Functions]

(1) (n) words of data from the device specified with (S) are written to the address specified with (D2) and after of the buffer memory in the intelligent function module controlled by the self CPU specified with (D1).

(D1) Intelligent function module buffer memory Device memory Write the data (D2) (S) H0000 of a part for H0000 H0005 (n)words H000 H000A H000A : : H0000 H0000

(2) First I/O No. of the module set by system setting is specified by (D1).

supply	Q03UD CPU	Q173D CPU	QX40 First	Q64AD First	Q64DAN First	
Power s module			I/O No.	I/O No. No. : 10H	I/O No.	

(D1) sets 20H by the system setting when a TO instruction is executed in the D/A conversion module (Q64DAN).

F/FS	G
0	0

Number of basic steps



7

Setting	Word devices (Note-1)					Bit devices ^{(Note-1), (Note-2)}						
data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟\Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn
(D1)	0	0	_	0	0		_			_		_
(D2)	0	0		0	0							
(S)	0	0	_	0	0	0	—	0	0	_	(Note-3)	(Note-3)
(n)	0	0	_	0	0		_			_		_

(3) The word devices that may be set at (D1), (D2), (S) and (n) are shown below.

(Note-1): The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2) : Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data. (Note-3) : PX and PY cannot be set.

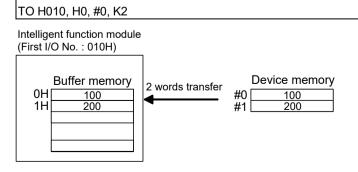
- (4) Adjust an executive task, the number of transfer word referring to the operation processing time so that this instruction may not obstruct the execution of the motion operation because processing time becomes long in argument to the number of words (n) to be written.
- (5) Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for intelligent function modules that can be used as the Motion CPU control module.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - Number of words (n) to be written is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - Motion CPU cannot communicate with intelligent function module at the instruction execution.
 - Abnormalities of the intelligent function module were detected at the instruction execution.
 - I/O No.s specified with (D1) differ from the intelligent function module controlled by the self CPU.
 - The address specified with (D2) is outside the buffer memory range.
 - Start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is outside the device range.
 - (S) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16.
 - PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1).

[Program examples]

 2 words from #0 are written to buffer memory address 0H of the intelligent function module (First I/O No. : 010H).



F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.9 Read device data from intelligent function module : FROM

Format FROM(D), (S1), (S2), (n) Number of basic steps 7
-------------------------------	----------------------------

[Usable data]

		Usable Data											
	Word device						Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression		
(D)	0	0				_	—		_	_	_		
(S1)	_	0				0	_		_	_	_		
(S2)	_	0	_	_	-	0	_		_	_	_		
(n)	—	0	_	—	—	0	_	_	—	_	_		

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Start device No. which stores the reading data.	
(S1)	First I/O No. of the intelligent function module (000H to FF0H)	
(S2)	First address of the buffer memory which it will be read.	_
(n)	Number of words to be read (1 to 256)	

[Functions]

(1) (n) words of data are read from the address specified with (S2) of the buffer memory in the intelligent function module specified with (S1), which is controlled by the self CPU. The data is written to the device specified with (D) and after.

	Device memory	·		Intelligent funct module buffer r	
(D)	H0000 H0005 H000A	Read the data of a part for (n)word	(S2)	H0000 H0005 H000A	
	:	-		:	
	H0000			H0000	

(2) First I/O No. of the module set by system setting is specified by (S1).

s	Q03UD CPU	Q173D CPU	QX40	Q64AD	Q64DAN	
Power sup module			First I/O No. No. : 00H	First I/O No. No. : 10H	First I/O No. No. : 20H	

(S1) sets 10H by the system setting when a FROM instruction is executed in the A/D conversion module (Q64AD).

Setting		Word devices (Note-1)					Bi	t device	s ^{(Note-1),}	(Note-2)		
data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟\Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn
(D)	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	(Note-3)	(Note-3)
(S1)	0	0	_	0	0		_	_		_	_	_
(S2)	\bigcirc	0		0	0							_
(n)	0	0		0	0		_	_	_			—

(3) The word devices that may be set at (D), (S1), (S2) and (n) are shown below.

(Note-1): The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2) : Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data. (Note-3) : PX and PY cannot be set.

- (4) Adjust an executive task, the number of transfer word referring to the operation processing time so that this instruction may not obstruct the execution of the motion operation because processing time becomes long in argument to the Number of words (n) to be read.
- (5) Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for intelligent function modules that can be used as the Motion CPU control module.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - Number of words (n) to be read is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - Motion CPU cannot communicate with intelligent function module at the instruction execution.
 - Abnormalities of the intelligent function module were detected at the instruction execution.
 - I/O No.s specified with (S1) differ from the intelligent function module controlled by the self CPU.
 - The address specified with (S2) is outside the buffer memory range.
 - Start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is outside the device range.
 - (D) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16.
 - PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1).

[Program examples]

(1) 1 word is read from the buffer memory address 10H of the intelligent function module (First I/O No. : 020H), and is stored in W0.

 FROM W0, H020, H10, K1

 Intelligent function module (First I/O No. : 020H)

 W0
 100

 100
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 101
 100

 102
 300

5.13.10 Write buffer memory	data to head module	: RTO QDS
-----------------------------	---------------------	-----------

RTO(D1), (D2), (D3), (S), (n), (D4)

[Usable of	jataj

Format

						Usable Data					
			Word o	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D1)	_	0		_		0	_		_	_	_
(D2)	-	0				0	_		_		_
(D3)	_	0		_	_	0	—		_	_	_
(S)	0	0		_		_	_		_	_	_
(n)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_
(D4)	0	_		_			_		_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D1)	Axis No. of the target SSCNETII/H head module (1 to 8)	
(D2)	First I/O No. of the intelligent function module which writes data. (00 to FEH: First 2 digits when I/O No. is 3 digits)	
(D3)	First address of the buffer memory of the intelligent function module which writes data.	
(S)	Start device No. which writing data are stored.	
(n)	Number of words to be written (1 to 240)	—
(D4)	Complete devices (D4+0): Self CPU device is made to turn ON by the writing completion. (D4+1): Self CPU device is made to turn ON by the writing abnormal completion. ("D4+0" also turns ON at the abnormal completion)	

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

F/FS G

Number of basic steps 11

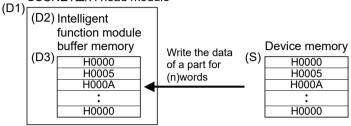
[Functions]

 (n) words of data from the device specified with (S) are written to the address specified with (D3) and after of the buffer memory in the intelligent function module specified with (D2).

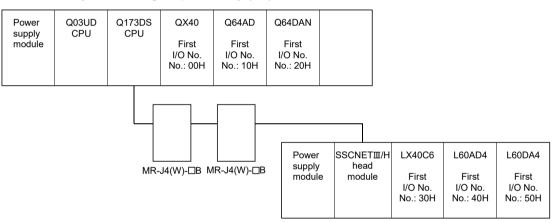
The intelligent function module is mounted to the target SSCNET**I**/H head module specified with (D1).

After writing completion of the device data, the complete bit device specified with (D4) turns ON.

SSCNETII/H head module



(2) First I/O No. of the module mounted to the SSCNET**I**/H head module set by system setting is specified by (D2).



(D2) sets 05H by the system setting when a RTO instruction is executed in the D/A conversion module (L60DA4).

(3) The word devices that may be set at (D1), (D2), (D3), (S), (n), and (D4) are shown below.

Catting data		Word	d devices	(Note-1)				Bit device	es ^{(Note-1),}	(Note-2)		
Setting data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟\Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn
(D1)	0	0	_	0	0	—	—			_		_
(D2)	0	0		0	0	—	—					_
(D3)	0	0		0	0	—	—					_
(S)	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	(Note-3)	(Note-3)
(n)	0	0		0	0	—	—	_				_
(D4)	_		_			0	0	0	0	_	0	0

(Note-1): The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2): Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data. (Note-3): PX and PY cannot be set.

- (4) The following modules can be used.
 - Analogue input (L60AD4, L60AD4-2GH)
 - Analogue output (L60DA4)
 - High-speed counter (LD62, LD62D)
- (5) Do resetting of the complete bit device by the user program.
- (6) Another RTO instruction cannot be processed until RTO instruction is executed and a complete bit device is turned ON. When RTO instruction is executed again, before RTO instruction is executed and complete bit device is turned ON, the RTO instruction executed later becomes an error.
- (7) To write 3 words or more of data to the SSCNETI/H head module, 2 words of writing data are written each time and then repeated. This means that data specified with 3 words or more is not written at the same timing. For data that needs to be written at the same timing use the refresh of the cyclic transmission of the SSCNETI/H head module word device (Buffer memory of SSCNETI/H head module and intelligent function module).

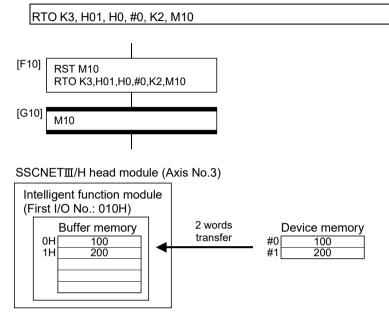
Refer to the manual of SSCNET I/H head module for details.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - Number of words (n) to be written is outside the range of 1 to 240.
 - The target SSCNETI/H head module axis number specified with (D1) is outside the range of 1 to 8.
 - The target SSCNETI/H head module is not connected at instruction execution.
 - Start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is outside the device range.
 - (S) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16.
 - PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1).
 - RTO instruction was executed again before the RTO instruction is executed and complete bit device is turned ON.
- (2) Abnormal completion (D4+1) of complete device turns ON if:
 - Abnormalities of the target SSCNET **I**/H head module were detected at the instruction execution.
 - First I/O No. of the intelligent function module specified with (D2) differ from the intelligent function module.
 - The first address of the buffer memory of the intelligent function module specified with (D3) is outside the buffer memory range.

[Program examples]

 2 words from #0 are written to buffer memory address 0H of the intelligent function module (First I/O No.: 010H) on the 3rd axis of the SSCNETI/H head module.



F/FS	G
0	0

5.13.11 Read buffer memory data from head module: RFROM @DSK Ver

Format RFROM(D), (S1), (S2), (S3), (n), (D1) Number of basic steps
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word of	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	0	0	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
(S1)	_	0				0	_		_	_	_
(S2)	_	0				0	_		_	_	_
(S3)	_	0				0	_		_	_	_
(n)	_	0				0	_		_	_	_
(D1)	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

11

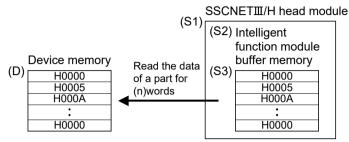
[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Start device No. which stores the reading data.	
(S1)	Axis No. of the target SSCNETII/H head module (1 to 8)	
(S2)	First I/O No. of the intelligent function module which data to be read are stored.	
(/	(00 to FEH: First 2 digits when I/O No. is 3 digits)	
(S3)	First address of the buffer memory of the intelligent	
(00)	function module which stores the data to be read.	
(n)	Number of words to be read (1 to 240)	_
	Complete devices	
	(D1+0): Self CPU device is made to turn ON by the	
	reading completion.	
(D1)	(D1+1): Self CPU device is made to turn ON by the	
	reading abnormal completion.	
	("D1+0" also turns ON at the abnormal	
	completion)	

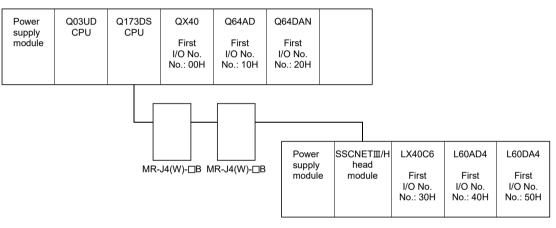
Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

[Functions]

(1) (n) words of data are read from the address specified with (S3) of the buffer memory in the intelligent function module specified with (S2), which is mounted to the target SSCNETI/H head module specified with (S1). The data is written to the device specified with (D) and after.



(2) First I/O No. of the module mounted to the SSCNETI/H head module set by system setting is specified by (S2).



(S2) sets 04H by the system setting when a RFROM instruction is executed in the A/D conversion module (L60AD4).

(3) The word devices that may be set at (D), (S1), (S2), (S3), (n), and (D1) are shown below.

Cotting data		Word	d devices	(Note-1)				Bit device	es (Note-1),	(Note-2)		
Setting data	Dn	Wn	SDn	U⊟\Gn	#n	Mn	U⊟\Gn.m	Bn	Fn	SMn	Xn	Yn
(D)	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	(Note-3)	(Note-3)
(S1)	0	0		0	0		—		_			_
(S2)	0	0		0	0		_		_			
(S3)	0	0		0	0	_	_		_	_		
(n)	0	0		0	0	_	_		_	_		
(D1)	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	_	(Note-3)	(Note-3)

(Note-1): The device No. cannot be specified indirectly.

(Note-2): Specify a multiple of 16 as the device number of bit data. (Note-3): PX and PY cannot be set.

- (4) The following modules can be used.
 - Analogue input (L60AD4, L60AD4-2GH)
 - Analogue output (L60DA4)
 - High-speed counter (LD62, LD62D)
- (5) Do resetting of the complete bit device by the user program.
- (6) Another RFROM instruction cannot be processed until RFROM instruction is executed and a complete bit device is turned ON. When RFROM instruction is executed again, before RFROM instruction is executed and complete bit device is turned ON, the RFROM instruction executed later becomes an error.
- (7) To read 5 words or more of data from the SSCNETIL/H head module, 4 words of read data are read each time and then repeated. This means that data specified with 5 words or more is not read at the same timing. For data that needs to be read at the same timing use the refresh of the cyclic transmission of the SSCNETIL/H head module word device (Buffer memory of SSCNETIL/H head module and intelligent function module).

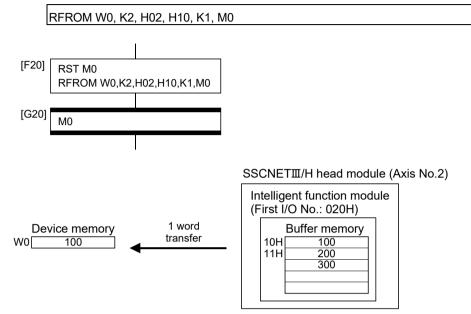
Refer to the manual of SSCNET I/H head module for details.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - Number of words (n) to be read is outside the range of 1 to 240.
 - The target SSCNETI/H head module axis number specified with (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 8.
 - The target SSCNET I/H head module is not connected at instruction execution.
 - Start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is outside the device range.
 - (D) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16.
 - PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1).
 - RFROM instruction was executed again before the RFROM instruction is executed and complete bit device is turned ON.
- (2) Abnormal completion (D1+1) of complete device turns ON if:
 - Abnormalities of the target SSCNET **I**/H head module were detected at the instruction execution.
 - First I/O No. of the intelligent function module specified with (S2) differ from the intelligent function module.
 - The first address of the buffer memory of the intelligent function module specified with (S3) is outside the buffer memory range.

[Program examples]

 1 word is read from the buffer memory address 10H of the intelligent function module (First I/O No. : 020H) on the 2nd axis of the SSCNETI/H head module, and is stored in W0.



F/FS	G
_	0

5.13.12 Time to wait : TIME

Format TIME(S) Number of basic steps 7
--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word o	levice			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	0		_	0	0	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Waiting time (0 to 2147483647)[ms]	Logical type (true/false)

[Functions]

- (1) A wait state continues for the time specified with (S). The result is false when the elapsed time is less than the preset time, or the result is true and execution transits when the preset time has elapsed.
- When a 16-bit integer type word device is used to specify any of 32768 to 65535[ms] at (S), convert it into an unsigned 32-bit integer value with ULONG. (Refer to the program example.)

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - (S) is an indirectly specified device and its device No. is outside the range. ; or
 - The data (device data at indirect specification) specified with (S) is outside the range of 0 to 2147483647.

[Program examples]

- Program which sets a wait of 60 seconds (when constant is specified)
 TIME K60000
- (2) Program for a case where there may be a wait of 32768 to 65535[ms] for 16-bit integer type indirect designation (#0)

TIME ULONG(#0)

Program which SETS (RSTs) a bit device when the specified time has elapsed
 SET M100 = TIME K60000

POINT

- (1) When the waiting time setting is indirectly specified with a word device, the value imported first is used as the device value for exercising control. The set time cannot be changed if the device value is changed during a wait state.
- (2) The TIME instruction is equivalent to a conditional expression, and therefore may be set on only the last line of a transition (G) program.
- (3) When the transition program (Gn) of the same number having the TIME instruction setting is used in multiple Motion SFC programs, avoid running them at the same time. (If they are run simultaneously, the waiting time in the program run first will be illegal.)
- (4) Another transition program (Gn) can executed a time of instruction by multiple Motion SFC program simultaneously. (Multi active step less than 256.)
- (5) While time by TIME instruction waits, the wait time can not be stopped.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.14 Comment Statement : //

Format // Number of basic steps —				
	Format	//	Number of basic steps	—

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word of	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

There are no setting data.

[Functions]

(1) A character string from after // to a block end is a comment.

[Errors]

(1) There are no operation errors.

[Program examples]

(1) Example which has commented a substitution program.

D0=D1//Substitutes the D0 value (16-bit integer data) to D1.

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15 Vision System Dedicated Function

5.15.1 Open line : MVOPEN

	Format	MVOPEN (S1), (S2)		Number of basic steps	4
--	--------	-------------------	--	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

Usable Data											
			Word devi	ice ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (К/Н)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	_	_		0	_	_	_		_
(S2)	_	0	_	_	-	0	_	_	_	-	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Vision system (camera) No. to log on (1 to 8)	
(S2)	Timeout until vision system logon is completed $(1 ext{ to } 32767) [imes 10 ext{ms}]$	_

[Functions]

- (1) The vision system specified with (S1) is logged on.
- (2) The Motion SFC program execution transits to the next block without waiting for the completion on the vision system logon. After process completion, the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 20 (reception enable). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)
- (3) (S2) is set in increments of 10ms.When the setting is omitted, the timeout time is 10 seconds (same as setting 1000).

Ver.!: Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

- The (S1) data is outside the range of 1 to 8.
- The (S2) data is outside the range of 1 to 32767.
- MVOPEN is executed again for the vision system that has been logged on.
- The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system.
- The logon is not completed when the specified timeout time has elapsed.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which logs on the vision system of the vision system (camera) 3

MVOPEN K3

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15.2 Load a program : MVLOAD

Format MVLOAD(S1), (S2) Number of basic steps 4	Format	MVLOAD(S1), (S2)		Number of basic steps	4	
---	--------	------------------	--	-----------------------	---	--

[Usable data]

		Usable Data										
			Word devi	ce ^(Note-1)			Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression	
(S1)	_	0	_		_	0	_		_	_	—	
(S2)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_		_	_	_	
											⊖ : Usable	

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Vision program No. to load (1 to 32)	
(S2)	Timeout time until the job loading completed $(1 ext{ to } 32767) [imes 10 ext{ms}]$	_

[Functions]

- (1) The job of the vision program No. specified with (S1) is loaded to the vision system (The process of developing a job file stored in the vision system into the memory in the vision system, and making it an active job). And the status is changed to on-line.
- (2) The Motion SFC program execution transits to the next block without waiting for the process completion. After process completion, the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 20 (reception enabled). When the job loading is executed successfully and the vision system becomes online, the status storage device value set in the vision program operation setting parameter specified with (S1) is 1 (Online after the job loading completed). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)
- (3) When the job of the vision program No. specified with (S1) has been loaded to the vision system, the job is forced to reload. When job contents have been changed by In-Sight[®] Explorer, etc., save the job in advance to prevent from losing.
- (4) (S2) is set in increments of 10ms.
 When the setting is omitted, the timeout time is 10 seconds (same as setting 1000).
 The process time is changed according to job contents in the vision system. Set

The process time is changed according to job contents in the vision system. Set the timeout time according to the vision system and the job contents. [Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

- The (S1) data is outside the range of 1 to 32.
- The (S2) data is outside the range of 1 to 32767.
- The vision system which is used in the vision program specified with (S1) has not been logged on.
- The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system and the job.
- The job loading is not completed when the specified timeout time has elapsed.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which loads the job of the vision program No.2

MVLOAD K2

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

Data type of result

[Setting data]

[Functions]

Format

[Usable data]

(S2)	Timeout time until execution result is received from vision system (1 to 32767) [×10ms]	—
(1) The job	is executed if a trigger is issued to the vision s	vstem specified with (S1)

- (1) The job is executed if a trigger is issued to the vision system specified with (S1) and the result is stored in the image data storage device set in the vision program operation setting parameter.
- (2) The Motion SFC program execution transits to the next block without waiting for the process completion. After the job is ended in the vision system and the sending of image data (created by vision processing) by TCP/IP protocol is completed, the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 40 (Image data reception completed). When the read value is set in the vision system parameters, the data is stored in the read value storage device, and the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 50 (value cell reception completed). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)
- (3) (S2) is set in increments of 10ms. When the setting is omitted, the timeout time is 10 seconds (same as setting 1000).

5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

Locasi											
		Usable Data									
			Word devi	ice ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_		_	_	—
(92)		0				0					

Description

Vision system (camera) No. issues a trigger

(1 to 8)

MVTRG(S1), (S2)

5.15.3 Send an image acquisition trigger : MVTRG

Setting data

(S1)

Number of basic steps

F/FS

 \bigcirc

G

0

4

⊖ : Usable

[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

- The (S1) data is outside the range of 1 to 8.
- The (S2) data is outside the range of 1 to 32767.
- The vision system specified with (S1) has not been logged on.
- The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system.
- The tag specified with reading value cell or the spreadsheet data is not an integer value.
- The current process is not completed when the specified timeout time has elapsed.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which issues a trigger to the vision system (camera) 1

MVTRG K1

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15.4 Start a program : MVPST

	Format	MVPST(S1), (S2)		Number of basic steps	4	
--	--------	-----------------	--	-----------------------	---	--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data	a				
			Word devi	ce ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0			_	0	_		_	_	_
(S2)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	-	_	_	_

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Vision program No. to start (1 to 32)	
(S2)	Timeout time until execution result is received from vision system (1 to 32767) [×10ms]	_

[Functions]

(1) The following process is executed.

The job of the vision program No. specified with (S1) is loaded to the vision system (The process of developing a job file stored in the vision system into the memory in the vision system, and making it an active job). And the status is changed to on-line. Then, the job is executed if a trigger is issued, and the result is stored in the image data storage device set in the vision program operation setting parameter.

- (2) The Motion SFC program execution transits to the next block without waiting for the process completion. After the job is ended in the vision system and the sending of vision data (created by vision processing) by TCP/IP protocol is completed, the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 40 (Image data reception completed). When the read value is set in the vision system parameters, the data is stored in the read value storage device, and the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 50 (value cell reception completed). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)
- (3) When the job of the vision program No. specified with (S1) has been loaded to the vision system, the following process is executed without reloading. The job is executed if a trigger is issued to the vision system, and the result is stored in the image data storage device set in the vision program operation setting parameter.

(4) (S2) is set in increments of 10ms.
 When the setting is omitted, the timeout time is 10 seconds (same as setting 1000).
 The present time is changed according to ich contents in the vision system S

The process time is changed according to job contents in the vision system. Set the timeout time according to the vision system and the job contents.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S1) data is outside the range of 1 to 32.
 - The (S2) data is outside the range of 1 to 32767.
 - The vision system which is used in the vision program specified with (S1) has not been logged on.
 - The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system and the job.
 - The tag specified with reading value cell or the spreadsheet data is not an integer value.
 - The current process is not completed when the specified timeout time has elapsed.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which executes the job of the vision program No.20

MVPST K20

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15.5 Input data : MVIN

	Format	MVIN(S1), (S2), (D), (S3)		Number of basic steps	8 or more
--	--------	---------------------------	--	-----------------------	-----------

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
			Word device	ce (Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0		_		0		_	_	_	_
(S2)	-	⊖(Note-2)					_	_	-	_	_
(D)	_		⊖ ^(Note-3)	⊖ ^(Note-3)			_	_	_	_	—
(S3)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

(Note-2): Specify the start device which stores the character string data. The character string can be specified directly.

(Note-3): Data is the same format as the job set in the vision system. (If the format is different, the data is converted to the type specified with (D).)

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Vision system (camera) No. to which data will be read (1 to 8)	
(S2)	Spreadsheet cell or tag to which data will be read	
(D)	Device which will store the reading data	—
(S3)	Timeout time until data is read from vision system $(1 ext{ to } 32767) [imes 10 ext{ms}]$	

[Functions]

(1) The numerical value of spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) is stored in the device specified with (D) from the vision system specified with (S1).

POINT

The operation error (error code: 18023) will occur if data of spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) is not a numerical value (character string, etc.). Use MVCOM instruction (Refer to Section 5.15.9.).

(2) The Motion SFC program execution transits to the next block without waiting for the process completion. After process completion, the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 20 (reception enabled). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) (3) In (S2), write directly the spreadsheet cell or tag as a 32 one-byte character or less character string enclosed with double quotation, or set the head of a device in which a 32 one-byte character or less character string is stored. Designation methods of the character string are shown below.

Setting with cell	The spreadsheet row (A to Z) and line (0 to 399) are arranged and written. (Example) When cell is A5, "A5" is set.	
Setting with tag	The Symbolic tag name is written in the original state. (Example) When tag is Job.Pass count, "Job.Pass count" is set.	

(4) The numerical value read from the vision system is stored with the following format.

Numerical data format of spreadsheet cell or tag	Data format stored in (D)	Number of points
Integer value	32-bit integer value type	Consecutive 2 points
Floating-point value	64-bit floating-point type	Consecutive 4 points

(5) (S3) is set in increments of 10ms.

When the setting is omitted, the timeout time is 10 seconds (same as setting 1000).

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S1) data is outside the range of 1 to 8.
 - The number of character string of spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) outside the range of 1 to 32 bytes.
 - The spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) does not exist.
 - The data of spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) is not a numerical value.
 - The (S3) data is outside the range of 1 to 32767.
 - The vision system specified with (S1) has not been logged on.
 - The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system.
 - The reading data is not completed when the specified timeout time has elapsed.

[Program examples]

 Program which stores the numerical value stored in the tag "pattern_1.fixture.score" of the vision system (camera) 1 to D3000 or later

MVIN K1, "pattern_1.fixture.score", D3000F

(2) Program which stores the numerical value from the tag indicated by a character string stored in D100 or later, to D2000 or later for the vision system (camera) 3 MVIN K3, D100, D2000L

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15.6 Output data : MVOUT Ver.

Format	MVOUT(S1), (S2), (S3), (S4)	Number of basic steps	8 or more

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
		Word device (Note-1)			Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	-	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_
(S2)	_	⊖(Note-2)					_				
(S3)	_	⊖ ^(Note-3)	⊖ ^(Note-3)	⊖ ^(Note-3)		⊖(Note-3)	⊖ ^(Note-3)	⊖ ^(Note-3)			_
(S4)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

(Note-2): Specify the start device which stores the character string data. The character string can be specified directly. (Note-3): Data is the same format as data to be transferred. The character string can be specified directly.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Vision system (camera) No. to transfer data (1 to 8)	
(S2)	Spreadsheet cell or tag to transfer data	
(S3)	Data to be transferred	—
(S4)	Timeout time until data is transferred to vision system	
	(1 to 32767) [×10ms]	

[Functions]

- Data specified with (S3) is transferred to spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) of vision system specified with (S1).
- (2) The Motion SFC program execution transits to the next block without waiting for the process completion. After process completion, the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 20 (reception enabled). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)

Ver.! : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(3) In (S2), write directly the spreadsheet cell or tag as a 32 one-byte character or less character string enclosed with double quotation, or set the head of a device in which a 32 one-byte character or less character string is stored. Designation methods of the character string are shown below.

Setting with cell	The spreadsheet row (A to Z) and line (0 to 399) are arranged and written. (Example) When cell is A5, "A5" is set.
Setting with tag	The Symbolic tag name is written in the original state. (Example) When tag is Job.Pass_count, "Job.Pass_count" is set.

(4) In (S3), set the head of a device that store data to be transferred to spreadsheet cell or tag.

Data type specified with (S3)	Number of points	Setting example	
16-bit integer value type	1 point	D1000	
32-bit integer value type	Consecutive 2 points	D2000L	
64-bit floating-point type	Consecutive 4 points	D3000F	

Also, the character string of constants or 99 one-byte character or less character string can be specified directly.

Data type specified with (S3)	Setting example
16-bit integer value type	K12345
32-bit integer value type	K12345678L
64-bit floating-point type	K1234.5
Character string	"MITSUBISHI"

POINT

If the floating-point data is transferred to the vision system, it is handled as 32-bit floating-point data. The number of effective digits is approx. 7 digits. Data in the seven digits or later may not match the (S3) data.

(5) (S4) is set in increments of 10ms.

When the setting is omitted, the timeout time is 10 seconds (same as setting 1000).

[Errors]

(1) An operation error will occur if:

- The (S1) data is outside the range of 1 to 8.
- The number of character string of spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) outside the range of 1 to 32 bytes.
- The spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) does not exist.
- The data type of spreadsheet cell or tag specified with (S2) is different from data format specified with (S3).
- The (S3) data is outside the range.
- The (S4) data is outside the range of 1 to 32767.
- The vision system specified with (S1) has not been logged on.
- The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system.
- The reading data is not completed when the specified timeout time has elapsed.

[Program examples]

 Program which transfers the floating-point value stored in D3000F to the tag "Calib_1.World_Point0.X" of the vision system (camera) 1

MVOUT K1, "Calib_1.World_Point0.X", D3000F

5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15.7 Reset a status storage device : MVFIN

Format MVFIN(S) Number of basic steps 2

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
			Word devi	ce ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0		_	-	0	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Vision system (camera) No. to reset the status	
	storage device (1 to 8)	—

[Functions]

- (1) The status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter specified with (S) is 20 (reception enabled). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)
- (2) When a trigger is issued to the vision system, the status storage device is reset by MVFIN instruction in advance, and the process completion for trigger needs to be detected.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is outside the range of 1 to 8.
 - The vision system specified with (S) has not been logged on.
 - The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system.
 - The status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is not 20 (reception enabled), 40 (Image data reception completed), or 50 (value cell reception completed).

[Program examples]

Program which resets the status storage device for the vision system (camera) 1
 MVFIN K1

5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15.8 Close line : MVCLOSE

|--|

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word devi	ce ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	0	_	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Vision system (camera) No. to log off (1 to 8)	_

[Functions]

- The vision system specified with (S) is logged off (disconnected). The status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 0 (not connected). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)
- (2) MVCLOSE instruction is not operated for the vision system which is not logged on (not connected).

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S) data is outside the range of 1 to 8.
 - The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.) is different from the setting on the vision system.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which logs off the vision system of the vision system (camera) 1

MVCLOSE K1

F/FS	G
0	0

5.15.9 Send a command for native mode : MVCOM

Format	MVCOM(S1), (S2), (D), (S3), (S4)	Number of basic steps	9 or more

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
			Word devi	ice ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)		0		_		0	_	_			_
(S2)	_	⊖(Note-2)		_		_		_	_	_	_
(D)	_	0		_		_		_	_	_	_
(S3)	_	0		_		0	_	_	_	_	_
(S4)	_	0	_	_	-	0	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

(Note-1): Special register (SD) cannot be used.

(Note-2): Specify the start device which stores the character string data. The character string can be specified directly.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Vision system (camera) No. to which Native Mode command will be sent (1 to 8)	
(S2)	Native Mode command character string	
(D)	Start device which stores return value	_
(S3)	Mode setting for return value conversion	
(S4)	Timeout time until data is read from vision system (1 to 32767) [×10ms]	

[Functions]

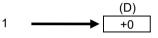
- (1) Native Mode command specified with (S2) is sent to the vision system specified with (S1), and the return value is stored in the device specified with (D) with the format specified with (S3).
- (2) The Motion SFC program execution transits to the next block without waiting for the Native Mode command completion. After process completion, the status storage device value set in the Ethernet communication line setting parameter is 20 (reception enabled). (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2.)
- (3) Refer to the Cognex Corporation vision system manual and help sections, etc. for details of Native Mode command specified with (S2). In (S2), write directly the Native Mode command as a 99 one-byte character or less character string enclosed with double quotation, or set the head of a device in which a 191 one-byte character or less character string is stored.

(4) The return value of Native Mode command is stored as below by specifying (S3) in the device specified with (D).

When the return value data is the following ([CR] indicates a return code, and [LF] indicates a line feed code.)



- (a) When 0 (ASCII Mode) is specified with (S3), the data is stored from the device specified with (D) by the following procedure.
 - 1) Status code (16-bit integer format)

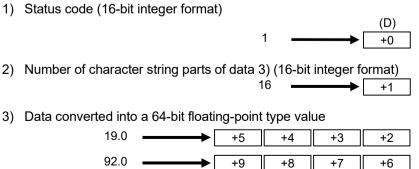


+1

- 2) Number of character string parts of data 3) (16-bit integer format)
- The character string parts of data (ASCII code) (The end code [NULL] is stored at the end of data.)

"9"	→	+2
[LF]	→	+3
"F"	→	+4
"o"		+5
"t"	→	+6
"9"	→	+7
"<"	→	+8
"F"	→	+9
"o"	→	+10
"t"	→	+11
[CR]		+12
[NULL][+13
	[LF] "F" "o" "t" "9" "F" "6" "t" [CR]	[LF] "F" "o" "t" "9" "9" "F" "6" "6" "6" "6" "6" "6" "6" "6" (1)

(b) When 1 (Binary Mode) is specified with (S3), the data is stored from the device specified with (D) by the following procedure.



(5) (S4) is set in increments of 10ms.When the setting is omitted, the timeout time is 10 seconds (same as setting 1000).

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur if:
 - The (S1) data is outside the range of 1 to 8.
 - The Native Mode command specified with (S2) is wrong.
 - The (S3) data is outside the range of 0 to 1.
 - The (S4) data is outside the range of 1 to 32767.
 - The vision system specified with (S1) has not been logged on.
 - The character string for Native Mode specified with (S2) exceeds the range of the number of characters.
 - The return value data is not a numerical value when 1 (Binary Mode) is specified with (S3).
 - The vision system parameter setting (Refer to APPENDIX 3.2) is different from the setting on the vision system.
 - The device storage of the Native Mode command return value is not completed when the specified timeout time has elapsed.
 - The return value of Native Mode command exceeds the range of (D) to the end of the device. (An operation error occurs at the storing of data up until the end of the device).

[Program examples]

 Program which sends the Native Mode command "EV GetCellValue ("distance_1.max")" to the vision system (camera) 1, and stores the return value in #0 or later in Binary Mode

MVCOM K1,"EV GetCellValue ("distance_1.max")",#0,K1

F/FS	G
0	0

5.16 Data Control

5.16.1 16-bit integer type scaling: SCL QDSK

Format SCL(S1), (S2), (S3), (D) Number of basic steps 8

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
			Word of	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0				0	_		_	_	_
(S2)	_	0		_	-	0			0	_	—
(S3))	_	0	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
(D)	_	0	—	_	_	_	—	_	_	_	—

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
	Data which specifies the search/conversion method 0: Positive conversion by sequential search	
(S1)	1: Inverse conversion by sequential search	
	2: Positive conversion by binary search	
	3: Inverse conversion by binary search	—
(S2)	Input value for positive/inverse conversion	
(S3)	Start device No. which stores the scaling	
(33)	conversion data	
(D)	Device No. which stores the conversion result	

[Overview]

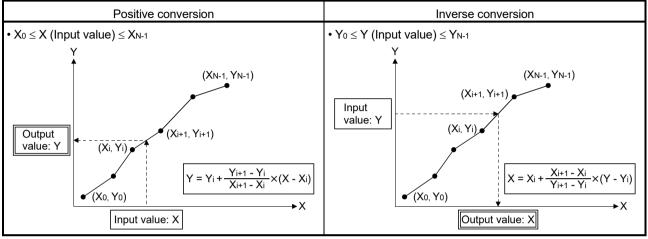
16-bit integer type scaling calculates the output value from the set input value based on the scaling conversion data where a maximum of 4000 points data ((X₀, Y₀) to (X_{N-1}, Y_{N-1}), N: the number of points) are defined.
 Set the point data corresponding to the input value in according order. (Positive

Set the point data corresponding to the input value in ascending order. (Positive conversion: $X_0 < X_1 < < X_{N-1}$, Inverse conversion: $Y_0 < Y_1 < < Y_{N-1}$)

(2) The method for output value calculation is either positive conversion (Input value: point X, Output value: point Y) or inverse conversion (Input value: point Y, Output value: point X) and is specified with (S1).

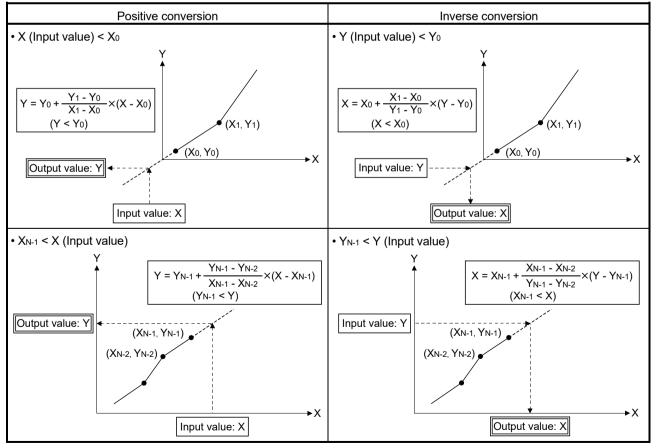
Each of the calculation methods is as follows.

(a) When the input value is between two points of scaling conversion data, the output value is calculated from the nearest two points of the input value.



N: Number of points

(b) When the input value is other than (a), the output value is calculated from the first or last two points of scaling conversion data.



N: Number of points

POINT

When the input value is outside the range of scaling conversion data or calculation result of output value is outside the range of -32768 to 32767, an operation error will occur.

[Functions]

- Conversion of the input value specified with (S2) is executed according to the search/conversion method specified with (S1), using the scaling conversion data of device (S3) or later. The conversion result is stored in the device specified with (D).
- (2) In the scaling, point data used for output value calculation must be searched from the input value, and the search method is specified with (S1). The search method is either sequential search or binary search, and the features are shown below. Specify the search method according to the intended use.

	Search times when the number of points is 4000	Processing time	Precaution
Sequential search	1 to 4000 times	0.03 to 10.7 [ms] Since the data is searched in order from the head in sequential search, the maximum processing time increases in proportion to the number of points.	During search processing, whether the point data corresponding to the input value is in ascending order can be checked. If the input value is not in ascending order, an operation error will occur.
Binary search	12 times	0.05 [ms] Binary search requires relatively short search time since the processing time does not increase in proportion to the number of points.	During search processing, point data required for the binary search are only referred to. If the data is not in ascending order, the calculation result of output value could be unexpected one since all of the point data corresponding to the input value cannot be confirmed.

(3) The device No. specified with (S3) should be an even number. Set the point data in the specified device as follows.

Off set	Name		Name Description		
+0	The number of points (N)		Set the number of points for the scaling conversion data.	2 to 4000	
+1	Unusabl	е	Set 0.	0	
+2	Deint 0	X 0			
+3	Point 0	Y0			
+4	Point 1 X_1 Point 2 Y_2 : Point 2 X_2 : X_{N-1}				
+5				007001	
+6			Set the point data of (X0, Y0) to (XN-1, YN-1) so that the device No. is in consecutive order.	-32768 to	
+7				32767	
:					
+ (2N)					
+ (2N+1)	Point (N-1)	YN-1			

POINT

Set the point data corresponding to the input value in ascending order. (Positive conversion: $X_0 < X_1 < \dots < X_{N-1}$, Inverse conversion: $Y_0 < Y_1 < \dots < Y_{N-1}$)

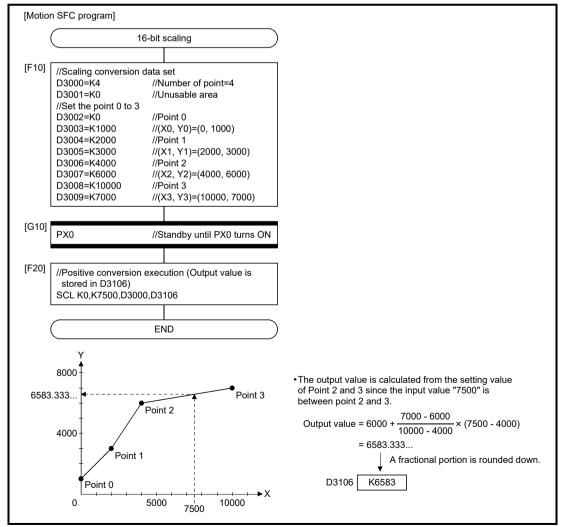
(4) When the conversion result to be stored in the device specified with (D) is not an integer value, its fractional portion is rounded down.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur, and the conversion of input value will not be executed if:
 - (S1) is set to other than 0 to 3.
 - (S3) is not an even-numbered device.
 - The number of points at the point table specified with (S3) is outside the range of 2 to 4000.
 - Point table specified with (S3) is outside the device range.
 - In sequential search ((S1) is 0 or 1.), the point corresponding to the input value (Positive conversion: X₀ to X_{N-1}, Inverse conversion: Y₀ to Y_{N-1}) is not in ascending order.
 - The conversion result is outside the range of -32768 to 32767.

[Program examples]

 Program which sets 4 points of scaling conversion data to D3000 to D3009 and substitutes the output value, which is positively converted based on the input value "7500", to D3106.



F/FS	G
0	0

5.16.2 32-bit integer type scaling: DSCL

		Format	DSCL(S1), (S2), (S3), (D)		Number of basic steps	8	
--	--	--------	---------------------------	--	-----------------------	---	--

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
			Word of	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0	_	_	-	0	_	_	_	_	_
(S2)	_		0				0	_	0	_	_
(S3)	_	0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
(D)	_	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
	Data which specifies the search/conversion method	
	0 Positive conversion by sequential search	
(S1)	1: Inverse conversion by sequential search	
	2: Positive conversion by binary search	
	3: Inverse conversion by binary search	—
(S2)	Input value for positive/inverse conversion	
(62)	Start device No. which stores the scaling	
(S3)	conversion data	
(D)	Device No. which stores the conversion result	

[Overview]

- (1) 32-bit integer type scaling calculates the output value from the set input value based on the scaling conversion data where a maximum of 2000 points data ((X₀, Y₀) to (X_{N-1}, Y_{N-1}), N: the number of points) are defined. The point data corresponding to the input value should be set in ascending order. (Positive conversion: X₀ < X₁ <....< X_{N-1}, Inverse conversion: Y₀ < Y₁ <....< Y_{N-1})
- (2) The calculation method for output value is the same as 16-bit integer type scaling. (Refer to Section 5.16.1.)

POINT

When the input value is outside the scaling conversion data or calculation result of output value is outside the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647, an operation error will occur.

[Functions]

- Conversion of the input value specified with (S2) is executed according to the search/conversion method specified with (S1), using the scaling conversion data of device (S3) or later. The conversion result is stored in the device specified with (D).
- (2) The setting method of (S1) is the same as 16-bit integer type scaling. (Refer to Section 5.16.1.)
- (3) The device No. specified with (S3) should be an even number. Set the point data in the specified device as follows.

Off set	Name		Description	Range	
+0	Number of points (N)		Set the number of points for the scaling conversion data.	2 to 2000	
+1	Unusab	le	Set 0.	0	
+2		Va			
+3	Daint 0	X0			
+4	Point 0	Ma			
+5		Y0			
+6		X 1			
+7	Point 1	X 1			
+8		Y 1			
+9		¥1		-2147483648	
+10		Va	Set the point data of (X0, Y0) to (XN-1, YN-1) so that the device No. is in consecutive order.	to	
+11	Point 2	X2		2147483647	
+12		N ₂			
+13		Y2			
:	:				
+ (4N-2)	XN-1				
+ (4N-1)	Point (N-1)	∧ N-1			
+ (4N) + (4N+1)		YN-1			

POINT

Set the point data corresponding to the input value in ascending order. (Positive conversion: $X_0 < X_1 < < X_{N-1}$, Inverse conversion: $Y_0 < Y_1 < < Y_{N-1}$)

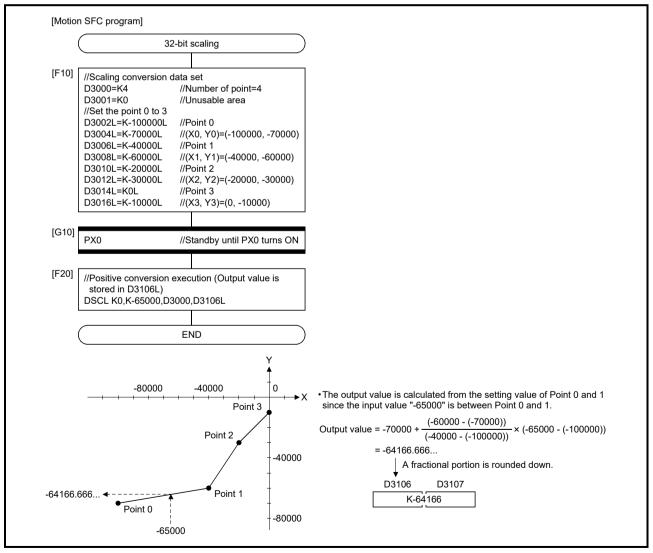
(4) When the conversion result to be stored in the device specified with (D) is not an integer value, its fractional portion is rounded down.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur, and the conversion of input value will not be executed if:
 - (S1) is set to other than 0 to 3.
 - (S2), (S3), and (D) are not even-numbered devices.
 - The number of points at the point table specified with (S3) is outside the range of 2 to 2000.
 - Point table specified with (S3) is outside the device range.
 - In sequential search ((S1) is 0 or 1.), the point corresponding to the input value (Positive conversion: X_0 to X_{N-1} , Inverse conversion: Y_0 to Y_{N-1}) is not in ascending order.
 - The conversion result is outside the range of -2147483648 to 2147483647.

[Program examples]

 Program which sets 4 points of scaling conversion data to D3000 to D3017 and substitutes the output value, which is positively converted based on the input value "-65000", to D3106L.



5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

F/FS	G
0	0

5.17 Program Control Ver

5.17.1 Conditional branch control: IF - ELSE - IEND

Format	IF(S) - ELSE - IEND	Number of basic steps	IF : 4 ELSE : 3
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	IEND : 1

[Usable data]

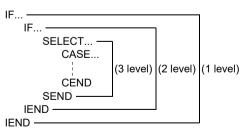
						Usable Data					
		Word device			Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	0				_		_	_	_	0	0
											⊖ : Usable

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S)	Conditional data which controls the flow of program	_

[Functions]

- (1) If the data specified with (S) is true, the block between IF and ELSE is executed.
- (2) If the data specified with (S) is false, the block between ELSE and IEND is executed.
- (3) ELSE can be omitted. In that case, the block between IF and IEND is executed only when the data specified with (S) is true.
- (4) Maximum multiplicities of conditional branch control are eight including selective branch control. (SELECT CASE SEND)



Ver.!: Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

[Errors]

- (1) In the following case, an operation error will occur, and the corresponding Motion SFC program No. execution will be stopped. For the subroutine called program, the call source program also stops to execute.
 - (S) is indirectly specified device, and the device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which adds K10 to #100 when #0 is K100 or adds K20 to #100 when #0 is other than K100.

```
IF #0 == K100
#100 = #100 + K10
ELSE
#100 = #100 + K20
IEND
```

(2) Program which executes the speed change of axis 2 with CHGV instruction when M0 or M1 is ON.

```
IF M0 + M1
CHGV(K2, K10)
IEND
```

F/FS	G
0	0

5.17.2 Selective branch control: SELECT - CASE - SEND

	SELECT					
	CASE(S1) - CEND	CASE(S1) - CEND				
Format	CASE(S2) - CEND			CASE :4		
	:		Number of basic steps	CEND : 3		
	CASE(Sn) - CEND			CELSE :1		
	CELSE - CEND			SEND : 1		
	SEND					

[Usable data]

						Usable Data					
		Word device				Constant					
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S) to (Sn)	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0	0

 \bigcirc : Usable

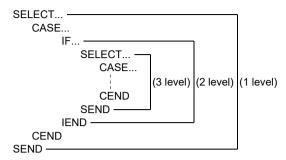
[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S) to (Sn)	Conditional data which controls the flow of program	_

[Functions]

- (1) The block described between CASE and CEND is executed selectively according to the true/false of the data specified with (S1) to (Sn).
- (2) The true/false evaluation is carried out in order from the top, and the block described between CASE which is first evaluated to be true and CEND is executed. After that, no true/false evaluation is carried out until SEND, and the next block of SEND is executed.
- (3) When the data specified with (S1) to (Sn) are all false, the block described from CELSE to CEND is executed.
- (4) CELSE can be omitted. In that case, if the data specified with (S1) to (Sn) are all false, the block between SELECT and SEND is not executed, and the next block of SEND is executed.
- (5) The numbers of CASE(Sn) CEND that be described between SELECT and SEND are as follows.
 - When CELSE is not used : 64
 - When CELSE is used : 63

(6) Maximum multiplicities of selective branch control are eight including conditional branch control. (IF - ELSE - IEND)



[Errors]

- (1) In the following case, an operation error will occur, and the corresponding Motion SFC program No. execution will be stopped. For the subroutine called program, the call source program also stops to execute.
 - (S) is indirectly specified device, and the device No. is outside the range.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which adds K10 to #100 when #0 is K100, adds K20 to #100 when #0 is K200 or more, or adds K100 to #100 in other cases.

```
SELECT

CASE #0 == K100

#100 = #100 + K10

CEND

CASE #0 >= K200

#100 = #100 + K20

CEND

CELSE

#100 = #100 + K100

CEND

SEND
```

F/FS	G
0	0

5.17.3 Repeat control with specified count: FOR - NEXT

Format FOR(D) = (S1)TO(S2)STEP(S3) - NEXT	Number of basic steps FOR : 9 NEXT : 8
---	---

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
			Word o	device			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(D)	—	0	0	0	_		_	_	_	_	_
(S1)	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	_	_	_
(S3)	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

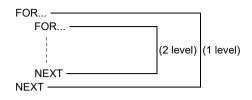
[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(D)	Device used for loop control counter	
(S1)	Initial value of loop control counter	
(S2)	Final value of loop control counter	—
(S3)	Incremental value of loop control counter	

[Functions]

- (1) (S1) is substituted to the device specified with (D) as initial value, and the block between FOR and NEXT is repeatedly executed.
- (2) The incremental value specified with (S3) is added to the device specified with (D) at every execution of NEXT. If the device value specified with (D) is larger than the final value specified with (S2), the repeat control of the block between FOR and NEXT is ended, and the next block of NEXT is executed.
- (3) When the incremental value specified with (S3) is negative number, if the device value specified with (D) is smaller than the final value specified with (S2), the repeat control of the block between FOR and NEXT is ended.
- (4) STEP can be omitted. If STEP is omitted, the repeat control is executed as "STEP 1".

(5) Maximum multiplicities of repeat control are eight.



(6) When data types of (D), (S1), (S2) and (S3) are different, type conversion processing is executed but an unintended operation may occur. Set the same data type.

[Errors]

- In the following case, an operation error will occur, and the corresponding Motion SFC program No. execution will be stopped. For the subroutine called program, the call source program also stops to execute.
 - (S1) data is outside the range of (D) data type.
 - (D), (S1), and (S2) are indirectly specified devices, and the device No. is outside the range.
 - FOR to NEXT instruction is executed over the limited count for repeat control set in parameter in an operation control program or a transition program.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which repeats to substitute #0 data to Motion register (#) that is indirectly specified with the device No. "#0+100" when #0 is between 1 and 10 (Incremental value is 1.).

(When the program is ended, 1 to 10 is substituted to #101 to #110.)

FOR #0 = K1 TO K10 #(#0 + K100) = #0 NEXT

When the incremental value is positive number, the device value specified with (D) is larger than the final value specified with (S2) after FOR to NEXT repeat is completed. In the above example, #0 set in (D) is 11.

(2) Program which repeats to subtract #0 from #100 when #0 is between 100 to 10 (Incremental value is -10.).

```
FOR #0 = K100 TO K10 STEP K-10
#100 = #100 - #0
NEXT
```

When the incremental value is negative number, the device value specified with (D) is smaller than the final value specified with (S2) after FOR to NEXT repeat is completed. In the above example, #0 set in (D) is 0.

```
POINT
```

Since the incremental value continues to be added to the loop control counter specified with (D) until it reaches the final value, set the data type which the value can handle.

When the data range exceeds the loop control counter range, an unintended repeat operation may occur as the value is considered to be wrong.

In the following program, the data type of loop control counter #0 is 16-bit integer type, and the data range is from -32768 to 32767.

FOR #0 = K0 TO K30000 STEP K10000 #1 = #1 + K1 NEXT

When this program is executed, #0 changes as follows and exceeds the 16-bit integer type data range in the middle. Therefore, the program is not ended with four executions of the loop.

• First execution of the loop	: #0 is 0.
-------------------------------	------------

· Second execution of the loop	o: #0 is 10000.
	// 0 : 00000

 Fifth execution of the loop 	: #0 is -25536.
 Forth execution of the loop 	: #0 is 30000.
 I hird execution of the loop 	:#0 IS 20000.

(Note): #0 is 40000, but overflow will occur as it is outside the data range.

• Sixth execution of the loop : #0 is -15536.

2

5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

Format	BREAK	Number of basic steps

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
			Word device		Constant						
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S)	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_

⊖ : Usable

3

[Setting data]

There are no setting data.

[Functions]

- (1) Repeat control with specified count (FOR NEXT instruction) is forced to terminate, and the program from the next block of NEXT is executed.
- (2) BREAK is only described within the repeat control processing block between FOR and NEXT.

٦

[Errors]

(1) There are no operation errors.

[Program examples]

(1) Program which forces to terminate the repeat control processing by FOR to NEXT when M0 or M1 turns ON.

FOR #0 = K1 TO K10	
#100 = #100 + K10	
IF M0 + M1	
BREAK	
IEND	
NEXT	

F/FS	G
0	0

	F/FS	G
	0	0
-		

5.18 Synchronous Control Dedicated Function (SV22 advanced synchronous control only)

5.18.1 Cam data read: CAMRD

Format CAMRD(S1), (S2), (n), (D)	Number of basic steps	7
----------------------------------	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
			Word devi	ce (Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0				0	_		_	_	_
(S2)	_	0	0			0	0		0		_
(n)	_	0	_	-	-	0	_	_	0	_	_
(D)	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

⊖ : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Cam No. (1 to 256)	
	Cam data first position	
(S2)	Stroke ratio data format : 1 to cam resolution	
	Coordinate data format : 0 to (Coordinate number-1)	
	Number of cam data points	—
(n)	Stroke ratio data format: 1 to 4096	
	Coordinate data format : 1 to 2048	
(D)	Start device No. which stores the reading cam data	

[Functions]

- (1) Of the cam No. data specified with (S1) in the cam open area, the data of the (n) number of points, starting from the position specified with (S2), is read. The read cam data is stored in the device specified with (D) or later.
- (2) Set the cam data first position specified with (S2) within the following range.
 - Stroke ratio data format : 1 to cam resolution (Note-1)
 - Coordinate data format : 0 to (Coordinate number-1)
 - (Note-1): Since the stroke ratio of the zeroth point cam data is fixed at 0%, the cam data cannot be read.

Ver.!: Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

- (3) Specify the number of read points for (n). Specify the number of read points so that the device No. storing the end point data is within the range. The following shows the operation when the number of read points, starting from the first position, is outside the cam data range.
 - Stroke ratio data format : If the value calculated from "(S2) + (n) 1" is larger than the cam resolution, the cam data, ranging from the cam data first position to the cam resolution, is read.
 - Coordinate data format : If the value calculated from "(S2) + (n)" is larger than the number of coordinates, the cam data, ranging from the cam data first position to the last coordinate, is read.
- (4) The device No. specified with (D) should be an even number. The read cam data is stored in the specified device according to the cam data format as follows. (a) Stroke ratio data format

Off set	Item	Range		
+0	Can data format (Stroke ratio data format)	1		
+1	Cam data starting point	0 to (Coordinate resolution-1)		
+2	Cam resolution	256/512/1024/2048/4096/		
+3	Cam resolution	8192/16384/32768		
+4	Charles antic at first a sint same data value			
+5	Stroke ratio at first point cam data value			
+6		0447400040 to 04474000471 40-70/1		
+7	Stroke ratio at second point cam data value	-2147483648 to 2147483647[×10 ⁻⁷ %]		
:	:	(-214.7483648 to 214.7483647[%])		
+ (2N+2) + (2N+3)	Stroke ratio at Nth point cam data value			

Off set	Item	Range	
+0	Can data format (Coordinate data	2	
+1	Unusable		0
+2	Coordinate number		2 to 16384
+3			2 10 18384
+4		Input volue V	0 to 2147483647
+5	At first point com data value	Input value X ₁	[Cam axis cycle unit]
+6	At first point cam data value	Output value Va	-2147483648 to 2147483647
+7		Output value Y ₁	[Output axis position unit]
+8		lanut value. Va	0 to 2147483647
+9		Input value X ₂	[Cam axis cycle unit]
+10	At second point cam data value	Output value Ve	-2147483648 to 2147483647
+11		Output value Y ₂	[Output axis position unit]
:	:		:
+ (4N)			0 to 2147483647
+ (4N+1)		Input value X _N	[Cam axis cycle unit]
+ (4N+2)	At Nth point cam data value		-2147483648 to 2147483647
+ (4N+3)		Output value YN	[Output axis position unit]

POINT

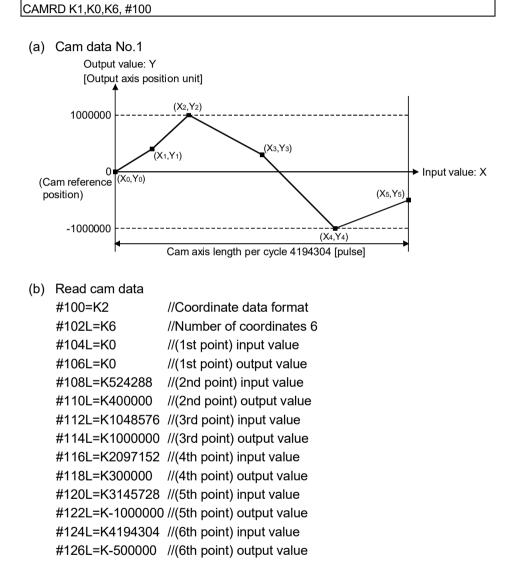
For coordinate data format, when reading is not completed in one attempt, divide the reading over several attempts.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur, and the cam data read will not be executed if:
 - Cam No. specified with (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - The cam No. data specified with (S1) does not exist in the cam open area.
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the cam data first position specified with (S2) is outside the range of 1 to the cam resolution.
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the cam data first position specified with (S2) is outside the range of 0 to (coordinate number 1).
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the number of cam data points is outside the range of 1 to 4096.
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the number of cam data points is outside the range of 1 to 2048.
 - The device numbers storing the number of cam data points specified with (n) are outside the range.
 - (D) are not even-numbered devices.
 - The cam data was read with "Read/write protection" password set.

[Program examples]

- Program which reads 2048-points of data, starting from the first point cam data of cam No. 2 (stroke ratio data format), and stores the read data to #0 to #4099.
 CAMRD K2.K1.K2048, #0
- (2) Program which reads 6-points of data, starting from the zeroth point cam data of cam No.1 (coordinate data format), and stores the read data to #100 to #127.



5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

F/FS	G
0	0

5.18.2 Cam data write: CAMWR

Format CAMWR(S1), (S2), (n), (S3) Number of basic steps 7

[Usable data]

		Usable Data									
			Word dev	ice ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0		_	_	0	_	_		_	_
(S2)	_	0	0	_	_	0	0	_	0	_	_
(n)	_	0		_	_	0	_	_	0	_	_
(S3)	_	0		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Cam No. (1 to 256)	
	Cam data first position	
(S2)	Stroke ratio data format : 1 to cam resolution	
	Coordinate data format : 0 to (Coordinate number-1)	
	Number of cam data points	—
(n)	Stroke ratio data format: 1 to 4096	
	Coordinate data format : 1 to 2048	
(S3)	Start device No. which stores the writing cam data	

[Functions]

- (1) Of the cam data stored in the device specified with (S3) or later, the data of the (n) number of points, starting from the cam data position specified with (S2), is written to the cam storage area and the cam open area.
- (2) Set the cam data first position specified with (S2) within the following range.
 - Stroke ratio data format : 1 to cam resolution (Note-1)
 - Coordinate data format : 0 to (Coordinate number-1)
 - (Note-1): Since the stroke ratio of the zeroth point cam data is fixed at 0%, the cam data cannot be written.
- (3) For (n), specify the number of write points, starting from the cam data first position specified with (S2). Specify the number of write points so that the device No. storing the end point data is within the range. If the number of write points, starting from the first position, is outside the cam data range, an operation error occurs and the data is not written.

(4) The device No. specified with (S3) should be an even number. The write cam data is stored in the specified device according to the cam data format as follows.(a) Stroke ratio data format

Off set	Item	Range	
+0	Can data format (Stroke ratio data format)	1	
+1	Cam data starting point	0 to (Coordinate resolution-1)	
+2		256/512/1024/2048/4096/	
+3	Cam resolution	8192/16384/32768	
+4	Charles notice at first a sint some data visition		
+5	Stroke ratio at first point cam data value		
+6		0147400040 to 01474000471 40-70/1	
+7	Stroke ratio at second point cam data value	-2147483648 to 2147483647[×10 ⁻⁷ %]	
:	:	(-214.7483648 to 214.7483647[%])	
+ (2N+2)			
+ (2N+3)	Stroke ratio at Nth point cam data value		

(b) Coordinate data format

Off set	ltem	Range				
+0	Can data format (Coordinate data	2				
+1	Unusable		0			
+2		0.1. 10001				
+3	Coordinate number		2 to 16384			
+4		have the last Ma	0 to 2147483647			
+5		Input value X1	[Cam axis cycle unit]			
+6	At first point cam data value	Outerturker	-2147483648 to 2147483647			
+7		Output value Y1	[Output axis position unit]			
+8		lanut value Ve	0 to 2147483647			
+9		Input value X ₂	[Cam axis cycle unit]			
+10	At second point cam data value		-2147483648 to 2147483647			
+11		Output value Y ₂	[Output axis position unit]			
:	<u> </u>	:				
+ (4N)		Innut value Xv	0 to 2147483647			
+ (4N+1)		Input value XN	[Cam axis cycle unit]			
+ (4N+2)	At Nth point cam data value		-2147483648 to 2147483647			
+ (4N+3)		Output value Y _N	[Output axis position unit]			

POINT

For coordinate data format, when writing is not completed in one attempt, divide the writing over several attempts.

(5) During the execution of the CAMWR instruction, another CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction, or CAMMK instruction cannot be processed. During the execution of the CAMWR instruction, the cam data writing flag (SM505) turns on. Therefore, create an interlock. When the CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction, or CAMMK instruction is executed while the cam data writing flag (SM505) is on, an error occurs.

POINT

The CAMWR instruction can be executed during the synchronous control. Note that the contents of the cam data in operation are changed depending on the instruction execution timing.

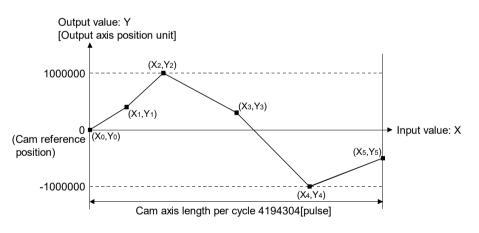
[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur, and the cam data write will not be executed if:
 - Cam No. specified with (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the cam data first position specified with (S2) is outside the range of 1 to the cam resolution.
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the cam data first position specified with (S2) is outside the range of 0 to (coordinate number 1).
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the number of cam data points is outside the range of 1 to 4096.
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the number of cam data points is outside the range of 1 to 2048.
 - The start position and the number of cam data points, which are outside the range of the cam resolution or the number of coordinates, are set.
 - The device numbers storing the number of cam data points specified with (n) are outside the range.
 - (S3) are not even-numbered devices.
 - Cam data format specified with (S3) is set to other than 1 or 2.
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the cam resolution is set a value other than "256/512/1024/2048/4096/8192/16384/32768".
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the coordinate number is set a value other than "2 to 16384".
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the cam data first position is outside the range of 0 to (cam resolution 1).
 - The writable area is insufficient when the cam data is being written.
 - The input value of the coordinate data is a negative value.
 - The input value of the coordinate data satisfies "Xn > Xn+1".
 - The cam data was read with "Write protection" or "Read/write protection" password set.
 - The CAMWR instruction is executed during the cam data writing (CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction, CAMMK instruction).

[Program examples]

- Program which writes the data stored in #0 to #4099 to the 2048-point area, starting from the first point cam data, of cam No. 256 (stroke ratio data format)
 CAMWR K256,K1,K2048,#0
- (2) Program (Cam axis length per cycle = 4194304) which writes the data stored in #0 to #27 to the 6-point area, starting from the zeroth point cam data, of cam No. 255 (coordinate data format)

(,	
#0=K2	//Coordinate data format
#2L=K6	//Number of coordinates 6
#4L=K0	//(1st point) input value
#6L=K0	//(1st point) output value
#8L=K524288	//(2nd point) input value
#10L=K400000	//(2nd point) output value
#12L=K1048576	//(3rd point) input value
#14L=K1000000	//(3rd point) output value
#16L=K2097152	//(4th point) input value
#18L=K300000	//(4th point) output value
#20L=K3145728	//(5th point) input value
#22L=K-1000000	//(5th point) output value
#24L=K4194304	//(6th point) input value
#26L=K-500000	//(6th point) output value
CAMWR K255,K0,K6,#0	//Cam data write



Word device (Note-1)

64-bit

floating

point

type (F)

_

Coasting

timer

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Cam No. (1 to 256)	
	Cam data first position	
(S2)	Stroke ratio data format : 1 to cam resolution	
	Coordinate data format : 0 to (Coordinate number-1)	
	Number of cam data points	—
(n)	Stroke ratio data format: 1 to 4096	
	Coordinate data format : 1 to 2048	
(S3)	Start device No. which stores the writing cam data	

Usable Data

16-bit

integer

type (K/H)

0

Constant

32-bit

integer type

(K/H, L)

_

[Functions]

- (1) Of the cam data stored in the device specified with (S3) or later, the data of the (n) number of points, starting from the cam data position specified with (S2), is written to the cam open area.
- (2) Set the cam data first position specified with (S2) within the following range.
 - Stroke ratio data format: 1 to cam resolution (Note-1)
 - Coordinate data format : 0 to (Coordinate number-1)
 - (Note-1): Since the stroke ratio of the zeroth point cam data is fixed at 0%, the cam data cannot be written.
- (3) For (n), specify the number of write points, starting from the cam data first position specified with (S2). Specify the number of write points so that the device No. storing the end point data is within the range. If the number of write points, starting from the first position, is outside the cam data range, an operation error occurs and the data is not written.

5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

5.18.3 Cam data w	rite (Cam open area): CAMWR2		
Format	CAMWR2(S1), (S2), (n), (S3)	Number of basic steps	7

64-bit

floating

point

type (K)

_

F/FS

 \bigcirc

Calculation

expression

0

32-bit

integer

type (L)

_

16-bit

integer

type

0

[Usable data]

Bit device

Setting

data

(S1) (S2) (n)

(S3)

⊖ : Usable

Comparison

conditional

expression

G

 \bigcirc

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

Bit

conditional

expression

_

(4) The device No. specified with (S3) should be an even number. The write cam data is stored in the specified device according to the cam data format as follows.(a) Stroke ratio data format

Off set	Item	Range		
+0	Can data format (Stroke ratio data format)	1		
+1	Cam data starting point	0 to (Coordinate resolution-1)		
+2		256/512/1024/2048/4096/		
+3	Cam resolution	8192/16384/32768		
+4	Charles notice at first a sint some data visition			
+5	Stroke ratio at first point cam data value			
+6		0147400040 to 01474000471 40-70/1		
+7	Stroke ratio at second point cam data value	-2147483648 to 2147483647[×10 ⁻⁷ %]		
:	:	(-214.7483648 to 214.7483647[%])		
+ (2N+2)	Strake ratio at Nth point care data value			
+ (2N+3)	Stroke ratio at Nth point cam data value			

(b) Coordinate data format

Off set	Item	Range	
+0	Can data format (Stroke ratio data	a format)	2
+1	Cam data starting point		0
+2	Com recolution		2 to 16294
+3	Cam resolution		2 to 16384
+4		Input volue V	0 to 2147483647
+5	at first point com data value	Input value X1	[Cam axis cycle unit]
+6	at first point cam data value	Output value Y ₁	-2147483648 to 2147483647
+7			[Output axis position unit]
+8		Input value X ₂	0 to 2147483647
+9			[Cam axis cycle unit]
+10	at second point cam data value	Output value Va	-2147483648 to 2147483647
+11		Output value Y ₂	[Output axis position unit]
:	:	:	
+ (4N)		Input volue Vo	0 to 2147483647
+ (4N+1)	At Nth point com data value	Input value XN	[Cam axis cycle unit]
+ (4N+2)	At Nth point cam data value	Output volue Vu	-2147483648 to 2147483647
+ (4N+3)		Output value Y _N	[Output axis position unit]

(5) During the execution of the CAMWR2 instruction, another CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction, or CAMMK instruction cannot be processed. During the execution of the CAMWR2 instruction, the cam data writing flag (SM505) turns on. Therefore, create an interlock. When the CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction, or CAMMK instruction is executed while the cam data writing flag (SM505) is on, an error occurs.

POINT

The CAMWR2 instruction can be executed during the synchronous control. Note that the contents of the cam data in operation are changed depending on the instruction execution timing.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur, and the cam data write will not be executed if:
 Cam No. specified with (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the cam data first position specified with (S2) is outside the range of 1 to the cam resolution.
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the cam data first position specified with (S2) is outside the range of 0 to (coordinate number 1).
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the number of cam data points is outside the range of 1 to 4096.
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the number of cam data points is outside the range of 1 to 2048.
 - The start position and the number of cam data points, which are outside the range of the cam resolution or the number of coordinates, are set.
 - The device numbers storing the number of cam data points specified with (n) are outside the range.
 - (S3) are not even-numbered devices.
 - Cam data format specified with (S3) is set to other than 1 or 2.
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the cam resolution is set a value other than "256/512/1024/2048/4096/8192/16384/32768".
 - For the cam data in the coordinate data format, the coordinate number is set a value other than "2 to 16384".
 - For the cam data in the stroke ratio data format, the cam data first position is outside the range of 0 to (cam resolution 1).
 - The writable area is insufficient when the cam data is being written.
 - The input value of the coordinate data is a negative value.
 - The input value of the coordinate data satisfies "Xn > Xn+1".
 - The cam data was read with "Write protection" or "Read/write protection" password set.
 - The CAMWR2 instruction is executed during the cam data writing (CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction, CAMMK instruction).

[Program examples]

(1) Program which writes the data stored in #2048 to #6147 to the 2048-point area, starting from the 2049-point cam data, of cam No. 10 (stroke ratio data format)

CAMWR2 K10,K2049,K2048, #2048

5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

F/FS	G
0	0

5.18.4 Cam auto-generation: CAMMK

Format C	CAMMK(S1), (S2), (S3)	Number of basic steps	6
----------	-----------------------	-----------------------	---

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
			Word dev	ice ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0		_		0	_	_	_	_	_
(S2)	_	0	_	_	-	0	_	_	_	_	—
(S3)	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Cam No. (1 to 256)	
	Cam auto-generation type	
(S2)	Cam for rotary cutter :1	—
	Easy stroke ratio cam: 2	
(S3)	Start device No. which stores the auto-generation data	

[Functions]

- (1) The auto-generation cam No. data specified with (S1) is created in the cam open area based on the cam auto-generation type specified with (S2), and the autogeneration data to be stored in the device specified with (S3). The cam autogeneration data is stored in the cam storage area. The cam auto-generation will be automatically executed at next power supply ON of the Multiple CPU system or at next OFF to ON of the PLC ready flag (M2000).
- (2) Specify the following cam auto-generation type with (S2).
 - Cam for rotary cutter : 1
 - Easy stroke ratio cam: 2
- (3) For (S3), set the auto-generation data for the cam auto-generation type specified with (S2). The specified device No. should be an even number. Assign the autogeneration data to the specified device or later. The device No. storing the end point data must be within the range.

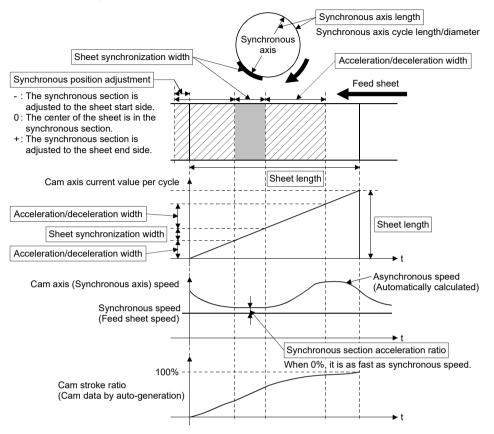
(4) During the execution of the CAMMK instruction, another CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction or CAMMK instruction cannot be processed. During the execution of the CAMMK instruction, the cam data writing flag (SM505) turns on. Therefore, create an interlock. When the CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction or CAMMK instruction is executed while the cam data writing flag (SM505) is ON, an error occurs.

[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur, and the cam auto-generation will not be executed if:
 Cam No. specified with (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.
 - Auto-generation type specified with (S2) is set to a value that does not correspond to an auto-generation type.
 - The device numbers storing the auto-generation data specified with (S3) are outside the range.
 - (S3) are not even-numbered devices.
 - The writable area is insufficient when the cam data is being written.
 - A value outside the range is set for the auto-generation data.
 - For the cam for rotary cutter, a value has been set as "sheet synchronization width ≥ sheet length" in the auto-generation parameter.
 - For the cam for rotary cutter, the asynchronous speed will be reduced when the auto-generation data is set as "synchronous axis length (synchronous axis diameter × π ") < sheet length".
 - For the cam for rotary cutter, the asynchronous speed is 655.35 times of larger than synchronous speed by auto-generation data.
 - The cam auto-generation was performed with the "Write protection" or "Read/write protection" password set in the cam data.
 - The CAMMK instruction is executed during the cam data writing (CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction, CAMMK instruction).
 - For the easy stroke ratio cam, the end point set for each section are not in ascending order.
 - For the easy stroke ratio cam, the end point of the final section is less than the cam axis length per cycle.

[Cam for rotary cutter]

(1) Set the auto-generation data of the rotary cam cutter. (sheet length, synchronization width, etc.)



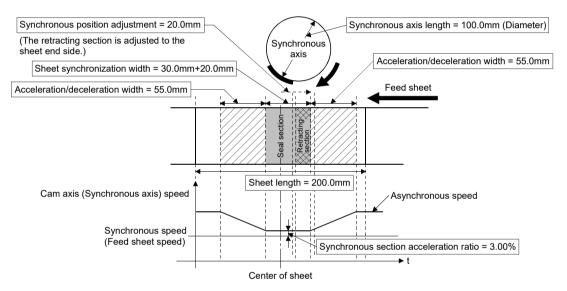
(2) Device assignment of the cam auto-generation data for the rotary cutter cam When the synchronous position adjustment is set to 0, the cam pattern of which the sheet center is in the synchronous section is created.

Off set	Name	Description	Range
+0 +1	Resolution	Set the cam resolution for generating the cam.	256/512/1024/2048/4096/ 8192/16384/32768
+2	Auto-generation option	 Select the trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration system or the S-curve acceleration/deceleration system with bit 0. Select the diameter or the cycle length for the synchronous axis length with bit 1. Set 0 for bits 2 to 15. 	 Bit 0 Acceleration/deceleration system 0: Trapezoidal acceleration/ deceleration 1: S-curve acceleration/ deceleration Bit 1 Synchronous axis length setting 0: Diameter 1: Cycle length
+3	Synchronous section acceleration ratio	Set when the synchronous speed in the synchronous section needs to be adjusted. The speed is "Synchronous speed × (100% + Acceleration ratio)" in the synchronous section.	-5000 to 5000[0.01%]
+4 +5	Sheet length	Set the sheet length.	1 to 2147483647 [(Optional) Same units]
+6	Sheet synchronization	Set the sheet synchronization width (seal width).When the synchronous speed section for retracting is	1 to 2147483647
+7	width	required in front of and behind the sheet synchronization width, add the retracting width.	[(Optional) Same units]
+8	Synchronous axis	 Set the rotary cutter axis length. When the synchronous axis length of the autogeneration option is set to the diameter, "Cycle length = 	For diameter setting 1 to 680000000
+9	length	 setting value × π". When the synchronous axis length of the autogeneration option is set to the cycle length, "Cycle length = setting value". 	For cycle length setting 1 to 2147483647 [(Optional) Same units]
+10	Synchronous	 Set the position adjustment of the synchronous section. The synchronous section is adjusted to the sheet start side. 	-1073741823 to 1073741823
+11	position adjustment	 0 : The center of the sheet is in the synchronous section. + : The synchronous section is adjusted to the sheet end side. • Set the value within one-half of the sheet length. 	[(Optional) Same units]
+12	Acceleration/	Set the sheet width (one side) of the acceleration/deceleration area.	0 to 2147483647 [(Optional) Same units]
+13	deceleration width	 When a negative value is set, the acceleration/deceleration width is determined to be the maximum. 	(Note): For a value other than the above, the acceleration/deceleration width is determined to be the maximum.
+14	Number of cutter	Set the number of cutter.	1 to 256
+15	Asynchronous speed result	When the cam auto-generation is successfully performed, the asynchronous speed is stored as the ratio to the synchronous speed.	0 to 65535[0.01 times]

(3) Program examples

(a) Program which creates cam data (resolution: 512) for the rotary cutter operation pattern in Cam No.5.

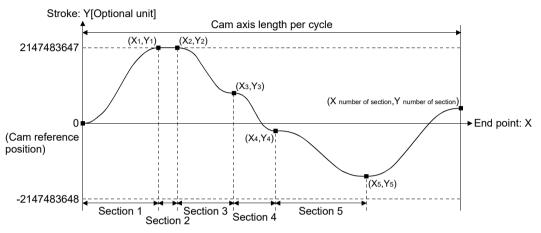
D5000L=K512	// Resolution = 512
D5002=K0	// Acceleration/deceleration system = Trapezoidal,
	Synchronous axis length setting = Diameter
D5003=K300	// Synchronous section acceleration ratio = 3.00%
D5004L=K2000	// Sheet length = 200.0mm
D5006L=K500	// Sheet synchronization width = 30.0mm (Seal section) +
	20.0mm (Retracting operation)
D5008L=K1000	// Synchronous axis length = 100.0mm(Diameter)
D5010L=K200	// Synchronous position adjustment = 20.0mm
D5012L=K550	// Acceleration/deceleration width = 55.0mm
D5014=K1	// Number of cutter = 1
CAMMK K5,K1,D5000	// Cam auto-generation (Asynchronous speed result is stored
	in D5015.)



[Easy stroke ratio cam]

 Cam data can be automatically generated without using the cam data setting of MT Developer2 by setting the stroke amount and sections.

With the current value per cycle "0" as starting point, automatically generates cam data from the stroke and cam curve type of each section until the specified end point (cam axis current value per cycle).



Off set	N	lamo	Description	Banga			
	N 1	lame	Description	Range			
+0	Resolutio	on	Set the cam resolution for generating the cam.	256/512/1024/2048/4096/			
+1				8192/16384/32768			
+2	Cam axis	s length per	Set the cycle length of one cam operation cycle.	1 to 2147483647			
+3	cycle			[Cam axis length per cycle units]			
+4	Cam dat	a starting	Set the starting point as the point corresponding to "cycle	0 to (Posselution 1)			
+5	point		length=0" of cam data.	0 to (Resolution - 1)			
.0	Number		Set the number of sections of cam data.	4.15.00			
+6	number	of sections	Set data for the number of sections specified.	1 to 32			
+7	Unusable	е	Set 0.	0			
+8		Cam curve type (Note-2)	Set the cam curve.	0: Constant speed5: Cycloid1: Constant acceleration6: 5th curve2: Distorted trapezoid3: Distorted sine4: Distorted constant speed			
+9		Unusable	Set 0.	0			
+10	1		Set the point for cam axis length per cycle (cam axis				
+11	Section	End point (X1)	current value per cycle). It is necessary to set a value larger than the end point immediately before (Xn <xn+1). also,="" end<br="" final="" for="" the="">point, set as the cam axis length per cycle.</xn+1).>	1 to Cam axis length per cycle [Cam axis length per cycle units] ^(Note-1)			
+12			Set the stroke position from the cam reference position of				
+13		Stroke (Y1)	when at the end point specified by cam axis current value per cycle. When set at 1000000000, it becomes the position set in [Pr.441] Cam stroke amount (D15064+150n, D15065+150n).	-2147483648 to 2147483647 [Optional units]			
+14	Section	Cam curve type _(Note-2)		0: Constant speed5: Cycloid1: Constant acceleration6: 5th curve2: Distorted trapezoid3: Distorted sine4: Distorted constant speed			
+15	2	Unusable		0			
+16		End point		1 to Cam axis length per cycle			
+17		(X2)		[Cam axis length per cycle units] (Note-1)			
+18]	Stroke		-2147483648 to 2147483647			
+19]	(Y ₂) The data specified by "number of sections	The data specified by "number of sections" becomes	[Optional units]			
:		:	valid.	:			
+194		Cam curve type (Note-2)	It is not necessary to set the data after the specified number of sections.	0: Constant speed 5: Cycloid 1: Constant acceleration 6: 5th curve 2: Distorted trapezoid 3: Distorted sine 4: Distorted constant speed			
	Section			-			
+195	Section 32	Unusable		0			
				0			
+196		End point		0 1 to Cam axis length per cycle			
				0			

(2) Device assignment of the cam auto-generation data for the easy stroke ratio cam

(Note-1): If setting is outside range, the cam axis length per cycle will be set as the final end point of the section settings.	
(Note-2): The types of cam curve shapes are shown below.	

Create the cam curves using the values below.

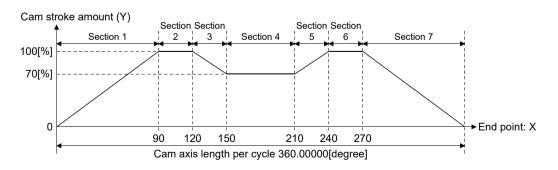
Cam	curve type	Acceleration curve shape	Curve applicable range		/deceleration
Setting value	Cam curve name		(P1 to P2)	Range L1	Range L2
0	Constant speed	P1 P2	0.00 to 1.00		
1	Constant acceleration	P1 P2	0.00 to 1.00	_	_
2	Distorted trapezoid	P1 P2	0.00 to 1.00	0.1250	_
3	Distorted sine	P1 P2	0.00 to 1.00	0.1250	_
4	Distorted constant speed	P1 P2	0.00 to 1.00	0.0625	0.2500
5	Cycloid	P1 P2	0.00 to 1.00	_	_
6	5th curve	P1 P2	0.00 to 1.00	_	_

POINT

- (1) Set data for the number of sections specified. It is not necessary to set the data after the number of sections specified.
- (2) Set the end point data in ascending order.
- (3) Various cam patterns are created by the setting of the stroke and cam data of each section. If the amount of change in stroke is large, it may cause a servo error in the servo amplifier including overspeed, data error etc. When creating cam, confirm the cam operation in amplifier-less operation.
- (4) Cannot set detailed settings of cam curve including curve applicable range, etc. like cam data setting of MT Developer2.
- (5) Cam data will end at the section where the end point is exceeds the cam axis length per cycle set by the auto-generation data.

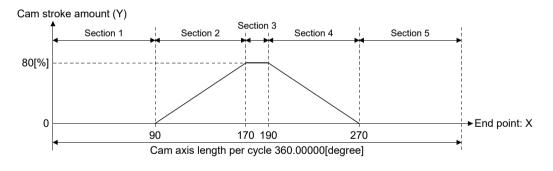
(a) Program which cr	eates cam data (resolution. 512) in cam No. 5.
D5000L=K512	//Resolution=512
D5002L=K36000000	//Cam axis length per cycle=360.0[degree]
D5004L=K0	//Cam data starting point=0th point
D5006=K7	//Number of sections=7 sections
D5007=K0	//Unusable
D5008=K0	//(Section 1) Cam curve type=Constant speed
D5009=K0	//Unusable
D5010L=K9000000	//(Section 1) End point (X1)=90.0[degree]
D5012L=K100000000	//(Section 1) Stroke (Y1)=100.0[%]
D5014=K0	//(Section 2) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D5015=K0	//Unusable
D5016L=K12000000	//(Section 2) End point (X2)=120.0[degree]
D5018L=K1000000000	//(Section 2) Stroke (Y2)=100.0[%]
D5020=K0	//(Section 3) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D5021=K0	//Unusable
D5022L=K15000000	//(Section 3) End point (X3)=150.0[degree]
D5024L=K700000000	//(Section 3) Stroke (Y3)=70.0[%]
D5026=K0	//(Section 4) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D5027=K0	//Unusable
D5028L=K21000000	//(Section 4) End point (X4)=210.0[degree]
D5030L=K700000000	//(Section 4) Stroke (Y4)=70.0[%]
D5032=K0	//(Section 5) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D5033=K0	//Unusable
D5034L=K24000000	//(Section 5) End point (X5)=240.0[degree]
D5036L=K1000000000	//(Section 5) Stroke (Y5)=100.0[%]
D5038=K0	//(Section 6) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D5039=K0	//Unusable
D5040L=K27000000	//(Section 6) End point (X6)=270.0[degree]
D5042L=K100000000	//(Section 6) Stroke (Y6)=100.0[%]
D5044=K0	//(Section 7) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D5045=K0	//Unusable
D5046L=K36000000	//(Section 7) End point (X7)=360.0[degree]
D5048L=K0	//(Section 7) Stroke (Y7)=0[%]
CAMMK K5,K2,D5000	//Cam auto-generation

(3)	Program that creates easy stroke ratio cam data
	(a) Program which creates cam data (resolution: 512) in cam No. 5.



D6000L=K512	//Resolution=512
D6002L=K36000000	//Cam axis length per cycle=360.0[degree]
D6004L=K0	// Cam data starting point=0th point
D6006=K5	//Number of sections=5 sections
D6007=K0	//Unusable
D6008=K0	//(Section 1) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D6009=K0	//Unusable
D6010L=K9000000	//(Section 1) End point (X1)=90.0[degree]
D6012L=K0	//(Section 1) Stroke (Y1)=0[%]
D6014=K0	//(Section 2) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D6015=K0	//Unusable
D6016L=K17000000	//(Section 2) End point (X2)=170.0[degree]
D6018L=K800000000	//(Section 2) Stroke (Y2)=80[%]
D6020=K0	//(Section 3) Cam curve type =Constant speed
D6021=K0	//Unusable
D6022L=K19000000	//(Section 3) End point (X3)=190.0[degree]
D6024L=K800000000	//(Section 3) Stroke (Y3)=80[%]
D6026=K0	//(Section 4) Cam curve type=Constant speed
D6027=K0	//Unusable
D6028L=K27000000	//(Section 4) End point (X4)=270.0[degree]
D6030L=K0	//(Section 4) Stroke (Y4)=0[%]
D6032=K0	//(Section 5) Cam curve type=Constant speed
D6033=K0	//Unusable
D6034L=K36000000	//(Section 5) End point (X5)=360.0[degree]
D6036L=K0	//(Section 5) Stroke (Y5)=0[%]
CAMMK K6,K2,D6000	//Cam auto-generation

(b) Program which creates cam data (resolution: 512) in cam No. 6



5 OPERATION CONTROL PROGRAMS

F/FS	G
0	0

5.18.5 Cam position calculation: CAMPSCL

Format CAIMF3CE(31), (32), (D) Number of basic steps 0	Format	CAMPSCL(S1), (S2), (D)		Number of basic steps	6	
--	--------	------------------------	--	-----------------------	---	--

[Usable data]

	Usable Data										
			Word devi	ice ^(Note-1)			Constant				
Setting data	Bit device	16-bit integer type	32-bit integer type (L)	64-bit floating point type (F)	Coasting timer	16-bit integer type (K/H)	32-bit integer type (K/H, L)	64-bit floating point type (K)	Calculation expression	Bit conditional expression	Comparison conditional expression
(S1)	_	0		_		0	_	_	_	_	_
(S2)	—	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
(D)	—	_	0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

 \bigcirc : Usable

(Note-1): The special register (SD) cannot be used.

[Setting data]

Setting data	Description	Data type of result
(S1)	Cam position calculation: Cam No. (1 to 256)	
(00)	Start device No. which stores the cam position	
(S2)	calculation control data	—
	Device No. which stores the cam position calculation	
(D)	result	

[Functions]

- (1) For the cam No. data specified with (S1), the cam axis current feed value or the cam axis current value per cycle is calculated from the cam position calculation control data specified with (S2), and the value is output to the device specified with (D).
- (2) Specify the cam No. to perform the cam position calculation in (S1). When cam No. 0 is specified, the cam position is calculated as the linear cam.

(3) The device No. specified with (S2) should be an even number. Set the cam position calculation control data in the specified device as follows.(a) Device assignment of the cam position calculation control data

Off set	Name	Description	Range
+0	Cam position calculation type	Specify the cam axis current feed value calculation/cam axis current value per cycle calculation	0: Cam axis current feed value calculation1: Cam axis current value per cycle calculation
+1	Unusable	Set 0.	0
+2 +3	Cam stroke amount	Set the cam stroke amount for the cam position calculation.	-2147483648 to 2147483647 [Output axis position units]
+4 +5	Cam axis length per cycle	Set the cam axis length per cycle for the cam position calculation.	1 to 2147483647 [Cam axis cycle unit]
+6	Cam reference	Set the cam reference position for the cam	-2147483648 to 2147483647
+7	position	position calculation.	[Output axis position units]
+8	Cam axis current	• Set the cam axis current value per cycle for the cam position calculation when calculating the cam axis current feed value.	0 to (Cam axis length per cycle)
+9	value per cycle	 Set the cam axis current value per cycle as the starting point to search when calculating the cam axis current value per cycle and the cam position. 	[Cam axis cycle unit]
+10	Cam axis current feed	Set the cam axis current feed value for the cam position calculation when calculating the cam axis current value per cycle.	-2147483648 to 2147483647
+11	value	(This is not used when the cam position calculation type is set to the cam axis current feed value calculation.)	[Output axis position units]

(4) Specify the device No. with (D) to an even number.

The specified device stores the cam position calculation result as shown below when the calculation is completed.

• Cam axis current feed value calculation:

The cam axis current feed value that is calculated within the following range is stored.

-2147483648 to 2147483647 [Output axis position units]

• Cam axis current value per cycle calculation:

The cam axis current value per cycle that is calculated within the following range is stored.

0 to (Cam axis length per cycle-1) [Cam axis cycle unit]

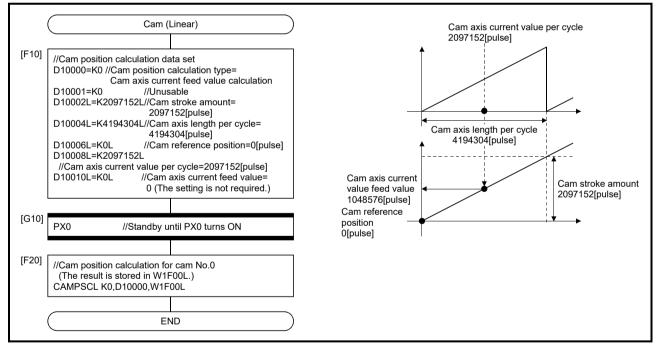
(5) The cam position calculation does not update the cam reference position automatically.

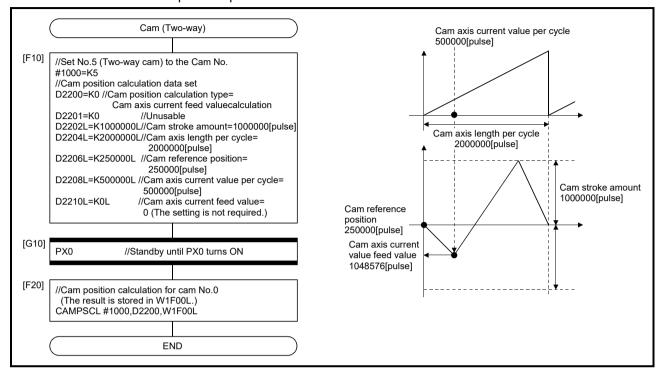
[Errors]

- (1) An operation error will occur, and the cam position calculation will not be executed if:
 - Cam No. specified with (S1) is outside the range of 0 to 256.
 - The cam No. data specified with (S1) does not exist in the cam open area.
 - The device numbers storing the cam position calculation control data specified with (S2) are outside the range.
 - (S2), (D) are not even-numbered devices.
 - Cam position calculation type specified with cam position calculation control data is set to other than 0 or 1.
 - Cam axis length per cycle is outside the range of 1 to 2147483647.
 - Cam axis current value per cycle is outside the range of 0 to (cam axis length per cycle).
 - The device numbers storing the cam position calculation result specified with (D) are outside the range.
 - The cam axis current value per cycle cannot be calculated by the cam axis current value per cycle calculation.

[Program examples]

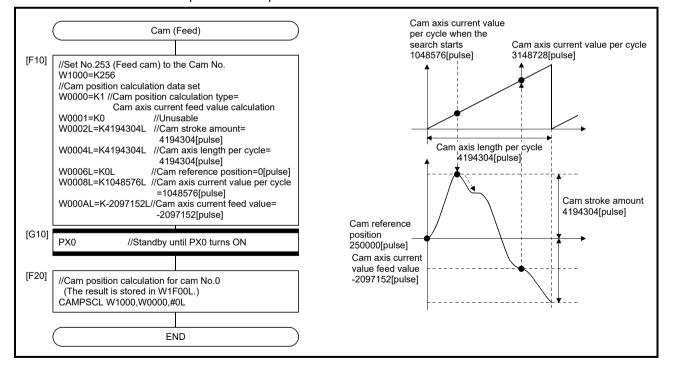
(1) Program which calculates the cam axis current feed value in the linear cam pattern (cam No. 0)





(2) Program which calculates the cam axis current feed value in the two-way cam pattern operation.

(3) Program which calculates the cam axis current value per cycle in the feed operation cam pattern



6. TRANSITION PROGRAMS

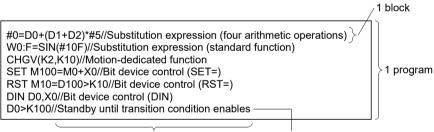
6.1 Transition Programs

- (1) Transition programs
 - (a) Substitution operation expressions, motion-dedicated functions, bit device control commands and transition conditions can be set in transition programs.
 - (b) Multiple blocks can be set in one transition program.
 - (c) There are no restrictions on the number of blocks that may be set in a single transition program.

Note that one program is within 64k bytes.

- (d) The maximum number of characters in one block is 128.
- (e) Transition condition must be set in the last block of a transition program. Transition program is repeated until the transition condition enables, and when the transition condition has enabled, it shifts to the next step. Transition condition can be set only in the last block.
- (f) As a special transition program, a program which only no operation (NOP) is set in one block can be created.
 This program is used when it is not set as interlock to process to next step with completion of servo program.
 Refer to Section "4.9 Branches, Couplings" for details.

A transition program example is shown below.



Comment

Transition condition

What can be set as a transition condition in the last block are bit conditional expressions, comparison conditional expressions and device set (SET=)/device reset (RST=) which return logical data values (true/false). In the case of device set (SET=)/device reset (RST=), whether the bit or comparison conditional expression specified at (S) is true or false is a transition condition, and when the transition condition enables, device set/reset is executed and execution shifts to the next step.

Transition condition description examples are given below.

Classification	Description example
	MO
Bit conditional expression	!M0+X10 * M100
Comparison conditional expression	(D0>K100)+(D100L!=K20L)
Device set (SET=)	SET Y0=M100
Device reset (RST=)	RST M10=D0==K100

POINT

- A transition program differs from an operation control program in that a transition condition is set in the last block.
 - Other settings are the same as those of the operation control program.
- (2) When setting device set (SET=)/device reset (RST=) in the last block as a transition condition, the bit or comparison conditional expression specified with (S) is not omissible.
- (3) Only the bit or comparison conditional expression cannot be set in other than the last block. Device set (SET=)/device reset (RST=) can be set in other than the last block.

7. MOTION CONTROL PROGRAMS

7.1 Servo Instruction List

Table 7.1 lists servo instructions used in servo programs. Refer to Section 7.2 to 7.4 for details of the current value change control (CHGA, CHGA-E, CHGA-C). Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion Controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for other servo instructions.

(1) Guide to servo instruction list

					3)				4) ≜)		5)									6	;) •											7	7)					8)	
					Comr			1		rc/He	E		05	20					Posi	itionin	ng da		ame	a a bi	le els						1				_	ther						ור
Positioning control	Instructio symbol		Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel	1	M-code	Torque limit value	T	- T	Central point	Starting angle	Amolitude 0		Liadneicy	Reference axis No.	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Ine	D'H	Allowable error range for a circular interpolation	ve ratio		Acceleration section 1 table	ion/c	ecel	eratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed	(constant speed)	- T		FIN acceleration/deceleration		Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration time	Fixed position stop	Number o steps	of
		Virtual enable	0		00			-			0 0					o .					0	-	-	0	0	0												0	-	-		
		Number of step	1	1	1 1		1	1	1	1	1 1 2 1	-		2 2			1	2			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(Note-	-	2		2 B) 1		1	2 Note-2)	1	(Note-2) 1(B)		
	ABS-1	Absolute 1-axis positioning	Δ			Δ	Δ	-	-	_		+							Δ.	Δ.	Δ	Δ	Δ	-	Δ	Δ		Δ)		_	2	(0)	-	(0)		1(0)		-
1 axis	INC-1		\bigtriangleup		0 0																	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	Δ	-	-	-	_	_			_	2						4 to 17	_
2 axis	ABS-2	Absolute 2-axes linear	\bigtriangleup	0	0 0	\bigtriangleup									_							\triangle	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle	-	-	-	-				_	2						5 to 20	
12		1) 2)															_																									
																	~																									
Number	r	Description																																								
	In																																									
1)	P																																									
2)	(b	 Indicates positi 1) ○: Item wh 2) △: Item wh 2) △: Item wh a) Allows direct or 1) Direct desig 2) Indirect des • Servo pro • Each sett • For 2 wol 	iich iich ina ign ogr ting rd c	i m <u>i is</u> dire tior atio am j ite	ust set ct d on : on : exe em r	be <u>wh</u> esi Set Se ecu nay	set gna : wit t wi tior / ei	th is the)ata quii on (nun woi s co er b	a w rec exc ner ner rd o onti onti	/hicl cept rical devi rolle 1 or	h c ata t a: va ice ed 2	can <u>a w</u> xis alue alue usi wc	ino <u>/hic</u> Nc e.	ot e <u>ch</u> c.)	exe <u>wi</u> ne	eci ill I	ute be	the coi	e s ntr	olle	ed	by	<u>/ tl</u>	he	de	efai	<u>ult</u>						s it	S	ets	.)					
	(-	As there are mor servo program is (The instruction -	e s cr	eat	ed.)																		•		•							•			•				vhe	en	a	
3)	lte	ems common to th	ie :	ser	vo i	nsti	ruc	tior	าร																																	
4)	lte	ems set in circular	in	terp	oola	tior	۱ st	art	ing	se	ervo	p pi	rog	jra	m	s																										
5)	lte	ems set for high-s	pe	ed	osci	llat	ion																																			
6)		et when changing The parameter bloc		•					`			t v	alu	ie v	wh	en	n	ots	set) da	ata	as	et	in	the	S	erv	0	pro	ogr	am	ı to) C	on	tro	ıl.						
7)	S	etting items other	tha	n t	he	con	nme	on,	ar	c a	ind	pa	Irar	ne	te	r b	lo	ck i	ter	ms	(It	ter	ns	to	be	s	et	va	ry	wit	h 1	the	s	er	/0	in	stri	uc	tio	n.)		
8)	In	dicates the numb	er	of s	tep	s o	fea	ach	se	erv	o in	str	uc	tior	n.																											

Table 7.1 Guide to Servo Instruction List

(2) Servo instruction list

Table 7.2 indicates the servo instructions available for servo programs and the positioning data set in servo instructions.

										P	ocition	ina da	ta						
							C	ommo	on	P	osition	ny ua		lelical			OSC		
Ρ	ositioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M -code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	
				Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	—	_	_	
				Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
				Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	
	1 axis	ABS-1	Absolute	e 1-axis positioning		0	0	0		Δ									
		INC-1	Increme	ntal 1-axis positioning		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup										
control	2 axes	ABS-2	Absolute	e 2-axes linear interpolation	Δ	0	0	0		Δ									
olation	2 0,000	INC-2	Increme	ntal 2-sxes linear interpolation		0	0	0											
Linear interpolation contro	3 axes	ABS-3	Absolute	e 3-axes linear interpolation	Δ	0	0	0		Δ									
Linea		INC-3	Increme	ntal 3-axes linear interpolation	Δ	0	0	0		Δ									
	4 axes	ABS-4	Absolute	e 4-axes linear interpolation	\triangle	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	Δ									
	4 0/05	INC-4		ntal 4-axes linear interpolation	Δ	0	0	0	\triangle	Δ									
	Auxiliary point-	ABS	circular	e auxiliary point-specified interpolation		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	Δ		0							
	specified		circular	ntal auxiliary point-specified interpolation		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup			0							
_		ABS	interpola	e radius-specified circular ation less than CW 180°		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\triangle			0						
ion control		ABS	interpola	e radius-specified circular ation CW 180° or more		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	Δ			0						
		ABS	interpola	e radius-specified circular ation less than CCW 180°		0	0	0					0						
Circular interpolat	Radius-	ABS	interpola	e radius-specified circular ation CCW 180° or more		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	Δ			0						
Circula	specified		interpola	ntal radius-specified circular ation less than CW 180°		0	0	0	\triangle	Δ			0						
				ntal radius-specified circular ation CW 180° or more		0	0	0					0						
			interpola	ntal radius-specified circular ation less than CCW 180°		0	0	0		Δ			0						
				ntal radius-specified circular ation CCW 180° or more	\triangle	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			0						

Table 7.2 Servo Instruction List

	-					_				P	osition	ing da	ita		1									
(Note-1)	nit	an	ше	ne	ле			ier blo Jo G			Advan				uo	Ö	ed ()		Others Cki Ski		Ц	on ne	do	
Reference axis No	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Acceleration/deceleration	Acceleration section 1 and tration 1 and tration 1		Deceleration section 1 and ratio and section 1 and section		Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	S	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration time	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_		
1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 (Note-2) 1/	1	2	2 (Note-2)	2 (Note-2)	1	2 (Note-2)	1	1 (Note-2)	
'	'	2	1	'		1	1	2	I	1	'	1	'	'	1(B)	_	2	1(B)	1(B)	1	1(B)	'	1(B)	
							\triangle																	4 to 17
0	^																							
0																								5 to 20
0	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle					\triangle	\triangle		Δ						\triangle						
0	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ			Δ	Δ		\triangle	\triangle		Δ	\triangle					\bigtriangleup						7 to 21
0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle					\bigtriangleup						
0	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ			Δ	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup						8 to 22
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						7 to 22
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						7 10 22
	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						
	Δ	\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ				\triangle						
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	Δ				\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup						
	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ			Δ	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ		\triangle						\bigtriangleup						6 to 21
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle					\bigtriangleup						
	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle					\bigtriangleup						
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						

									P	osition	ing da	ta						
						С	ommo	n				Arc/H	lelical			OSC		
	ositioning control	Instruction symbol	Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M -code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	
			Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
			Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
			Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	
tion		ABS	Absolute central point-specified circular interpolation CW		0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle				0					
Circular interpolation control	Central point-	ABS	Absolute central point-specified circular interpolation CCW		0	0	0	\triangle					0					
cular in cor	specified		Incremental central point-specified circular interpolation CW		0	0	0	\triangle					0					_
Ğ			Incremental central point-specified circular interpolation CCW		0	0	0	Δ					0					
	Auxiliary point-	ABH	Absolute auxiliary point- specified helical interpolation		0	0	0	Δ	Δ		0			0				
	specified		Incremental auxiliary point- specified helical interpolation		0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle		0			0				
		ABH	Absolute radius-specified helical interpolation less than CW 180°		0	0	0	Δ	Δ			0		0				
		ABH	Absolute radius-specified helical interpolation CW 180° or more		0	0	0	\triangle				0		0				
-		ABH	Absolute radius-specified helical interpolation less than CCW 180°		0	0	0	Δ				0		0				
i contro	Radius-	ABH	Absolute radius-specified helical interpolation CCW 180° or more		0	0	0	Δ	Δ			0		0				
elical interpolation control	specified		Incremental radius-specified helical interpolation less than CW 180°		0	0	0					0		0				
al interp			Incremental radius-specified helical interpolation CW 180° or more		0	0	0	Δ	Δ			0		0				
Helica			Incremental radius-specified helical interpolation less than CCW 180°		0	0	0		Δ			0		0				
			Incremental radius-specified helical interpolation CCW 180° or more		0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle			0		0				
		ABH 🕂	Absolute central point-specified helical interpolation CW		0	0	0	Δ					0	0				
	Central point-	ABH	Absolute central point-specified helical interpolation CCW		0	0	0	Δ	Δ				0	0				
	specified		Incremental central point-specified helical interpolation CW		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup					0	0				
			Incremental central point-specified helical interpolation CCW	\triangle	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				0	0				

Table 7.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

										Po	osition	ing da	ita											
(Note-1)	unit	alue	time	time	time			e for ation					-curve celera		ition	No.	beed)	Cancel	Others dix		OFF	ation time	stop	
Reference axis No	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Acceleration/deceleration system		Acceleration section 2 ratio	Deceleration section 1 ratio	Deceleration section 2 ratio	Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Ca		FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
0	1	0 2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0) 1	0		0) 1	0 2	<u> </u>	0 2	0	0 2	1	1	
1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	(Note-2) 1/ 1(B)	_	2	(Note-2) 1(B)	(Note-2) 1(B)	1	(Note-2) 1(B)	1	(Note-2) 1(B)	
	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ				\triangle						
	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	Δ	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ				\triangle						
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup					\triangle	\bigtriangleup			\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup						7 to 22
	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\triangle						
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						10 to 27
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup						10 10 27
	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	\triangle	\triangle				\triangle						
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\bigtriangleup						\bigtriangleup						
	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle		Δ	Δ					\triangle						
	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ		\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ				\triangle						9 to 26
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle					\bigtriangleup	\triangle								\bigtriangleup						
	\bigtriangleup	Δ	\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ		\bigtriangleup	Δ		Δ						\triangle						
	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	\triangle	\triangle				\triangle						
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						
	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						
	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\triangle						10 to 27
	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						
	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\triangle						

										Po	osition	ing da	ta						
1							С	ommo	n				Arc/H	lelical			OSC		
	ositioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M -code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	
			Virti	ual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	
				mber of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
			Nur	nber of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	
feed	1 axis	FEED-1	1-axis fixed-p	bitch feed start	\triangle	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup									
Fixed-pitch feed	2 axes	FEED-2	2-axes linear fixed-pitch fee		\triangle	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup									
Fixe	3 axes	FEED-3	3-axes linear fixed-pitch fee	•	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup									
Speed control (I)	Forward rotation	VF	Speed contro rotation start		\triangle	0		0		\bigtriangleup									
Spe	Reverse rotation	VR	Speed contro rotation start		\triangle	0		0		Δ									
Speed control (II)	Forward rotation	VVF	Speed contro rotation start		\bigtriangleup	0		0		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup								
Sp contr	Reverse rotation	VVR	Speed contro rotation start		\triangle	0		0		\triangle	\triangle								
sition	Forward rotation	VPF	Speed-position forward rotation		\triangle	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle								
Speed-position control	Reverse rotation	VPR	Speed-position reverse rotation		\triangle	0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle								
Spe	Restart	VPSTART	Speed-position	on control restart		0													
		VSTART	Speed-switch	ning control start	\bigtriangleup														
		VEND	Speed-switch	ning control end															
		ABS-1				0	0	0	Δ	Δ	\triangle								
		ABS-2	Speed-switch point address	ning control end S		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup								
	d-switching	d-switching				0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle								
contro	INC-1		.			0	0	0	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup								
			Travel value control end p	up to speed-switching point		0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup								
		INC-3	Spood auto-1	aing point		0	0	0	\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup								
		VABS	Speed-switch absolute spee	cification			0	0		\triangle	\triangle								
		VINC	Speed-switch incremental s				0	0		\triangle	\bigtriangleup								

Table 7.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

		Positioning data Parameter block																							
	Reference axis No.	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input		S-curve ratio		elerati	Acceleration section 2 pp/u of contraction 2	celera		Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)		Others dix S	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
ļ	0	_	0	0	0	0	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	
-	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 (Note-2)	1	2	2 (Note-2)	2 (Note-2)	1	2 (Note-2)	1	1 (Note-2)	
	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/ 1(B)	_	2	1(B)	1(B)	1	1(B)	1	1(B)	
_			Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ		\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ				Δ						4 to 17
		\triangle	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ		\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ				\bigtriangleup						5 to 19
		\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle		\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						7 to 21
			\supset	\square	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ		\triangle	\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	\bigtriangleup	\triangle				\supset						0.1 15
Ī			Δ	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ		\triangle	\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ				Δ						3 to 15
			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle				\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup					\bigtriangleup						0.4- 40
Ī			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ		\triangle	Δ	Δ	Δ	Δ					\bigtriangleup						3 to 16
			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						4 to 19
			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle				\bigtriangleup						4 to 18
																			\bigtriangleup						2 to 4
		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup					\bigtriangleup						1 to 13
																									1
																			\bigtriangleup						4 to 9
_																			\triangle						5 to 10
																			\triangle						7 to 12
																			\bigtriangleup						4 to 9
																			\bigtriangleup						5 to 10
																			\bigtriangleup						7 to 12
-																									4 to 6

									Ρ	osition	ing da	ta						
							ommo		1				lelical			OSC		
Positioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M -code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	
				0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0				
			Virtual enable Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
			Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	
Forward pot cotation	PVF	Speed c	ontrol with fixed position stop		0	0	0											
Speed control with fixed totation stion stion store totation votation	PVR		e specification		0	0	0	Δ	Δ									
Position follow-up control	PFSTART	Position	follow-up control start		0	0	0		Δ									
	CPSTART1	1-axis co	onstant-speed control start	\triangle	0		0											
	CPSTART2	2-axes c	constant-speed control start	\triangle	0		0											
	CPSTART3	3-axes o	constant-speed control start	\triangle	0		0											
	CPSTART4	4-axes c	constant-speed control start	\bigtriangleup	0		0											
	ABS-1				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup								
	ABS-2				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\triangle								
	ABS-3				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup								
	ABS-4				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup								
	ABS				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0							
	ABS		t-speed control passing point e specification		0	0			\triangle	\triangle		0						
Constant-speed	ABS				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		0						
control	ABS				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\triangle		0						
	ABS				0	0			\triangle	\triangle		0						
	ABS 🕂				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup			0					
	ABS				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\triangle			0					
	ABH				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\triangle	0			0				
	ABH				0	0				\bigtriangleup		0		0				
	ABH	Corste	t an and control		0	0				\triangle		0		0				
	ABH		t-speed control passing point bsolute specification		0	0			\triangle	\triangle		0		0				
	ABH				0	0				\triangle		0		0				
	ABH∕,◄	-			0	0				\triangle			0	0				
	ABH 🖼				0	0			\triangle	\triangle			0	0				

Table 7.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

		[_				P	osition	ing da	ita											
	axis No.	ntrol unit	nit value	tion time	tion time	tion time			ange for a	S-curve ratio	acc	elerat	ion/de	-curve celera ←_o	tion	Repeat condition	Program No.	id speed t speed)		Others diyo S		WAIT-ON/OFF	eleration tion time	tion stop	
	Reference axis No	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-cu	Acceleration/deceleration system	Acceleration section 1 ratio	Acceleration section 2 ratio	Deceleration section 1 ratio	Deceleration section 2 ratio	Repeat c	Prog	Command speed (constant speed)			FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration time	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
	0	_	0	0	0	0		—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	
	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 (Note-2)	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	
	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1/ 1(B)	—	2	(Note-2) 1(B)	(Note-2) 1(B)	1	(Note-2) 1(B)	1	(Note-2) 1(B)	
			\bigtriangleup		Δ									Δ	\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup				0	0	6 to 19
			\bigtriangleup		\triangle					\bigtriangleup					\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup				0	0	0.0.10
			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup																				4 to 16
			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\triangle		\bigtriangleup				3 to 15
		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup				\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup				3 to 17
			\triangle	\triangle	\triangle				\triangle	\triangle					\triangle						\triangle				4 to17
																		\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			2 to 10
																		Δ		\bigtriangleup		\triangle			3 to 11
ĺ																		\triangle		\bigtriangleup		\triangle			4 to 12
ĺ																		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			5 to 13
																		\triangle		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			5 to 14
																		\triangle		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			
																		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			4 to 13
																		Δ		\triangle		Δ			•
																		\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
																									5 to 14
																		Δ		Δ		Δ			0.4- 1.1
																				\triangle		\triangle			9 to 14
																		\triangle		\triangle					8 to 13
																		\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
																		Δ		Δ		Δ			0/ 1/
																		\triangle		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			9 to 14

 $\bigcirc: {\sf Must} \ be \ set. \ \ \bigtriangleup: Set \ if \ required. \\ ({\sf Note-1}): {\sf Only} \ reference \ axis \ speed \ specification. \\ ({\sf Note-2}): ({\sf B}) \ indicates \ a \ bit \ device. \\ \end{cases}$

									P	osition	ing da							
							ommo	on	1			Arc/H				OSC		I
Positioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M -code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	
			Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	_	—	_	1
			Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			Number of indirect words	1	—	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	
	INC-1				0	0			Δ	Δ								1
	INC-2				0	0			\triangle	\triangle								1
	INC-3				0	0			\bigtriangleup	\triangle								1
	INC-4				0	0			Δ	\triangle								1
					0	0			Δ	Δ	0							I
			nt-speed control passing point ntal specification		0	0			\triangle	\bigtriangleup		0						I
					0	0			Δ	\triangle		0						I
					0	0			\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		0						I
					0	0			\triangle	\bigtriangleup		0						1
Constant-speed control					0	0			\triangle	\triangle			0					I
					0	0			\triangle	\bigtriangleup			0					I
					0	0			\triangle	\triangle	0			0				1
					0	0				\bigtriangleup		0		0				1
					0	0				\bigtriangleup		0		0				1
			nt-speed control passing point ncremental specification		0	0			\triangle	\triangle		0		0				1
	INH 🔶				0	0				\triangle		0		0				1
					0	0			\triangle	\bigtriangleup			0	0				1
	INH 🖼				0	0			\triangle	\triangle			0	0				1
	CPEND	Constar	nt-speed control end															

Table 7.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

						_				Po	osition	ing da	ta											
Reference axis No.	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing	Allowable error range for a circular interpolation o	S-curve ratio		elerati	Acceleration section 2 pp ratio ap 0	celera		Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Others diy S	FIN acceleration/deceleration	WAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
0	_	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	
1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1 2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 (Note-2) 1/ 1/(D)	1	2	2 (Note-2) 1(B)	2 (Note-2) 1(B)	1	2 (Note-2) 1(B)	1	1 (Note-2) 1(B)	
															1(B)		\triangle				Δ		. ,	2 to 10
																	\triangle				\bigtriangleup			3 to 11
																	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup			4 to 12
																	\triangle		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			5 to 13
																	\triangle		\triangle		\bigtriangleup			5 to 14
																	\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
																	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup					4 to 13
																	\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
																	Δ		\bigtriangleup					5 to 14
																	\triangle		\triangle					
																	\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			9 to 14
																			\triangle					8 to 13
																	\triangle		\triangle		\triangle			
																			\triangle					9 to 14
																								1 to 2

									Р	osition	ing da	ta						
						С	ommo	n				Arc/H	elical			OSC		-
Positioning control	Instruction symbol		Processing	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel value	Command speed	Dwell time	M -code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Pitch	Starting angle	Amplitude	Frequency	
			Virtual enable	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	_		_	1
			Number of steps	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
			Number of indirect words	1	_	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	
Repetition of	FOR-TIMES	-																
same control (used in speed	FOR-ON	Repeat	range start setting															
switching control, constant-speed	FOR-OFF																	
control)	NEXT	Repeat	range end setting															
Simultaneous start	START	Simultar	neous start															
Home position return	ZERO	Home p	osition return start		0													
High speed oscillation	OSC	High-sp	eed oscillation	\triangle	0				Δ						0	0	0	
	CHGA		otor/Virtual Servo motor Shaft Value Change		0	0												
Current value change	CHGA-E	Encoder	current value change		0	0												
	CHGA-C	CAM sh	aft current value change		0	0												

Table 7.2 Servo Instruction List (continued)

										Po	osition	ing da	ita		1									
(Note-1)						Pa	aramet	ter bloo	ck	-									Others	5				
Reference axis No.	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio		elerat	ion/de	Deceleration section 1 ap 3- ratio balance		Repeat condition	Program No.	Command speed (constant speed)	Cancel	Skip	FIN acceleration/deceleration	MAIT-ON/OFF	Fixed position stop acceleration /deceleration time	Fixed position stop	Number of steps
0	—	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	
1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	
1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	(Note-2) 1/ 1(B)		2	(Note-2) 1(B)	(Note-2) 1(B)	1	(Note-2) 1(B)	1	(Note-2) 1(B)	
															0 0 0									2
																								3
																0								2 to 3
																								2
						\triangle												\bigtriangleup						5 to 10
																								3

7.2 Servo Motor/Virtual Servo Motor Shaft/Command Generation Axis Current Value Change

The current value of the specified axis/virtual servo motor/command generation axis is changed

									lt	ems	s se	t us	ing	MT	De	velc	per	2							
					Сс	mm	on				Arc					Para	met	er bl	ock				Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of Control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration	Cancel	FIN acceleration/deceleration	Speed change
CHGA	Absolute	1		0	0																				Disable

○: Item which must be set

 \bigtriangleup : Item which is set when required

[Controls]

Control using CHGA instruction

- (1) Executing the CHGA instruction changes the current value in the following procedure.
 - (a) The start accept flag (M2001 to M2032) corresponding to the specified axis is turned on.
 - (Note): For the command generation axis, [St.345] Command generation axis start accept flag (M9810+20n) corresponding to the specified axis is turned on.
 - (b) The current value of the specified axis is changed to the specified address.
 - (c) Start accept flag is turned off at completion of the current value change.
- (2) The current value of the specified axis is changed in the SV13/SV22 real mode. The address which made the current value change by CHGA instruction is valid on the power supply turning on.
- (3) The current value of the specified virtual servo motor shaft is changed in the SV22 virtual mode.
- (4) The current value of the specified command generation axis is changed in the SV22 advanced synchronous control.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(5) The used axis No. can be set within the following range.

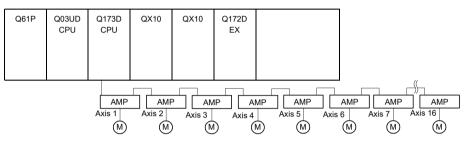
Q173DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
Axis 1	to 32	Axis 1 to 16	Axis 1 to 8

[Program example]

A program which made the current value change control in the real mode is described as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

The current value change control of axis 2 is executed.

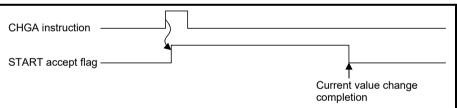


(2) The current value change control conditions

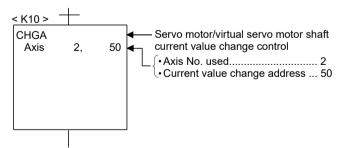
(a) The current value change control conditions are shown below.

ltem	Setting
Servo program No.	10
Control axis No.	2
Current value change address	50

(3) Operation timing



(4) Servo program



POINT

Current value changing instructions

- When PLC ready flag (M2000) or PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) is OFF, a minor error ^(Note) [100] occurs and a current value change is not made.
- This change is made only during a stop. If a current value change is made while the specified axis is starting, a minor error ^(Note) [101] (start accept signal of the corresponding axis is ON) occurs and the current value change is not made.
- If the servo of the corresponding axis is not READY, a major error ^(Note) [1004] occurs and the current value change is not made.
- If the corresponding axis is in a servo error, a major error ^(Note) [1005] occurs and the current value change is not made.

For SV22

- The current value change of specified axis is executed in the real mode, and the current value change of specified servo motor axis is executed in the virtual mode.
- Set the current value change program of the virtual servo motor shaft within the virtual mode program No. range set in "K mode allocation" of MT Developer2.
- Set the current value change program of the command generation axis within the command generation axis program No. range set in "Command generation axis program allocation setting" of MT Developer2.
- Set the current value change program of the servo motor (output) shaft within the real mode program No. range.
- If a virtual servo motor shaft current value change is executed in the real mode, a servo program setting error ^(Note) [903] occurs and the current value change is not made.
- If a servo motor (output) shaft current value change is executed in the virtual mode, a servo program setting error ^(Note) [904] occurs and the current value change is not made.
- If a current value change is made during mode changing, a servo program setting error ^(Note) [907] (real mode → virtual mode changing) or [908] (virtual mode → real mode changing) occurs and the current value change is not made.
- (Note): Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)"/ "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)" for minor error, major error and servo program setting error.

7.3 Synchronous Encoder Shaft Current Value Change Control (SV22 virtual mode only)

									lt	ems	s se	t us	ing	MT	De	velo	per	2							
					Со	mm	on				Arc					Para	met	er b	lock				Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of Control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceleration processing at stop input	Allowable error range for circular interpolation	S-curve ratio	Advanced S-curve acceleration/deceleration	Cancel	FIN acceleration/deceleration	Speed change
CHGA-E	Absolute	1		0	0																				Disable

The current value of the specified synchronous encoder shaft is changed.

 \bigcirc : Item which must be set

 \triangle : Item which is set when required

[Controls]

Control using CHGA-E instruction

- (1) Executing the CHGA-E instruction changes the current value of the synchronous encoder shaft in the following procedure.
 - (a) The synchronous encoder shaft current value changing flag (M2101 to M2112) corresponding to the specified synchronous encoder shaft is turned on.
 - (b) The current value of the specified synchronous encoder shaft is changed to the specified address.
 - (c) The synchronous encoder shaft current value changing flag is turned off at completion of the current value change.
- (2) The used axis No. can be set within the following range.

Q173DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
	Axis 1 to 12		Axis 1 to 8

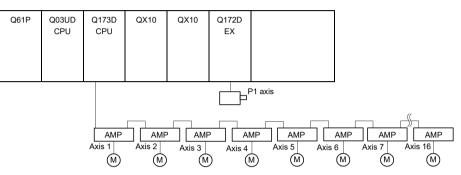
(3) The address which made the current value change by CHGA-E instruction is valid after also the power supply turned off.

[Program example]

A program which made the current value change control of the synchronous encoder shaft is described as the following conditions.

(1) System configuration

The current value change control of the synchronous encoder shaft P1 is executed.

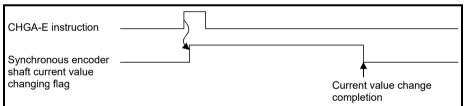


(2) The current value change control conditions

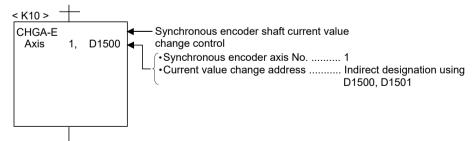
(a) The current value change control conditions are shown below.

Item	Setting
Servo program No.	10
Synchronous encoder No.	1
	Indirect designation
Current value change address	using D1500, D1501

(3) Operation timing



(4) Servo program



POINT

Synchronous encoder current value changing instructions

• The current value change of the synchronous encoder is executed if operation is being performed in the virtual mode (during pulse input from the synchronous encoder).

If the current value is changed, the feed current value of the synchronous encoder continues from the new value. $^{(Note-1)}$

- The current value change of the synchronous encoder does not affect the current value of the output module.
- Set the current value change program of the synchronous encoder shaft program within the virtual mode program No. range set in "K mode allocation" of MT Developer2.
- When PLC ready flag (M2000) or PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) is OFF, a minor error ^(Note-2) [100] occurs and a current value change is not made.
- If a synchronous encoder current value change is executed in the real mode, a servo program setting error ^(Note-2) [903] or [905] occurs and the current value change is not made. ([903] when the current value change servo program is set to within the virtual mode program No. range, or 905 when it is set to within the real mode program No. range.) ^(Note-1)
- If a current value change is made during mode changing, a servo program setting error ^(Note-2) [907] (real mode → virtual mode changing) or [908] (virtual mode → real mode changing) occurs and the current value change is not made. ^(Note-1)
- (Note-1): The current value change can be executed in real mode for the version (Refer to Section 1.3) that supports "incremental synchronous encoder current value in real mode".
- (Note-2): Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)"/"Q173D(S)CPU/ Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)" for minor error, major error and servo program setting error.

7.4 Cam Shaft Within-One-Revolution Current Value Change Control (SV22 virtual mode only)

The current value of the specified cam shaft within-one-revolution is change	d.

									lt	ems	s se	t us	ing	MT	Dev	velo	per	2						
					Сс	mm	on				Arc				F	Para	met	er ble	ock			Oth	ners	
Servo instruction	Positioning method	Number of Control axes	Parameter block No.	Axis	Address/travel	Command speed	Dwell time	M-code	Torque limit value	Auxiliary point	Radius	Central point	Interpolation control unit	Speed limit value	Acceleration time	Deceleration time	Rapid stop deceleration time	Torque limit value	Deceneration processing at stop input Allowable error range for circular	S-curve ratio	/deceler	Cancel	FIN acceleration/deceleration	Speed change
CHGA-C	Absolute	1		0	0																			Disable

○: Item which must be set
 △: Item which is set when required

[Controls]

Control using CHGA-C instruction

- (1) Executing the CHGA-C instruction changes the within-one-revolution current value of the specified cam shaft to the address.
- (2) The cam shaft may be starting.
- (3) The used axis No. can be set within the following range.

Q173DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
Axis 1	to 32	Axis 1 to 16	Axis 1 to 8

(4) The address which made the current value change by the CHGA-C instruction is valid after also the power supply turned off.

[Program example]

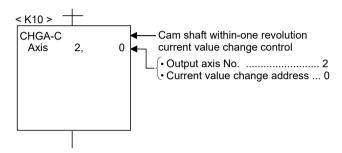
A program which made the current value change control of the cam shaft within-onerevolution current value change is described as the following conditions.

(1) Current value change control conditions

(a) The current value change control conditions are shown below.

Item	Setting
Servo program No.	10
Output axis No.	2
Current value change address	0

(2) Servo program



POINT

Cam shaft within-one revolution current value changing instructions

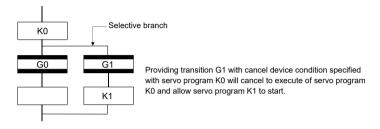
- If a new within-one revolution current value is outside the range 0 to (one-revolution pulse count 1), a minor error ^(Note) [6120] occurs and current value change is not.
- Set the current value change program the cam shaft within-one-revolution within the virtual mode program No. range set in "K mode allocation" of MT Developer2.
- When PLC ready flag (M2000) or PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) is OFF, a minor error ^(Note) [100] occurs and a current value change is not made.
- If the cam shaft within-one-revolution current value change is executed in the real mode, a servo program setting error ^(Note) [903] or [905] occurs and the current value change is not made. ([903] when the current value change servo program is set to within the virtual mode program No. range, or 905 when it is set to within the real mode program No. range.)
- If a current value change is made during mode changing, a servo program setting error ^(Note) [907] (real mode → virtual mode changing) or [908] (virtual mode → real mode changing) occurs and the current value change is not made.
- (Note): Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)"/"Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22) Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)" for minor error, major error and servo program setting error.

7.5 Programming Instructions

7.5.1 Cancel • start

When a cancel start has been set in the setting items of the servo program which was started at the motion control step of the Motion SFC program, the cancel of the running servo program is valid but the servo program specified to start after a cancel is ignored, without being started.

The following example shows the Motion SFC program which exercises control equivalent to a cancel start.



7.5.2 Indirect designation using motion devices

The coasting timer (FT) cannot used to make indirect specification in the servo program and mechanical system program.

8. MOTION DEVICES

The motion registers (#0 to #12287) and coasting timer (FT) are available as Motion CPU-dedicated devices.

They can be used in operation control (F/FS) programs or transition (G) programs.

8.1 Motion Registers (#0 to #12287)

Motion device	Item	Specifications	
	Number of points	12288 points (#0 to #12287)	
Data size		16-bit/point	
Motion register (#)	Latch	Only a user device is latched. (All points are cleared by latch clear operation.)	
	Usable tasks	Normal, event and NMI	
	Access	Read and write enabled in whole range	

- (1) Motion register list
 - Common to all operating system software

Q173DS	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Q173DCPU(-S1)/Q172DCPU(-S1)			
Device No.	Application	Device No.	Application	Signal direction
#0 to	User device (8000 points)	#0 to	User device (8000 points)	Cleared by latch clear.
#8000 to	Monitor device (640 points)	#8000 to	Monitor device (640 points)	Cleared at power on or reset only.
#8640	Motion error history	#8640	Motion error history	Cleared by the Motion error history request flag
to	device	to	device	on.
	(96 points)		(96 points)	(keep at power on or reset).
#8736	Product information	#8736	Product information	
to	list device	to	list device Ver.	Set at power on or reset.
	(16 points)		(16 points)	
#8752 to #12287	System area (3536 points)	#8752 to #12287	System area (3536 points)	Cleared at power on or reset only.

Ver.! : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(a) Monitor devices (#8000 to #8639)
 Information for each axis is stored in the monitor devices.
 The details of the storage data are shown below.

Axis No.	Device No.	Signal name				
1	#8000 to #8019	_				
2	#8020 to #8039			Defrech such	Oisse al slive stiers	
3	#8040 to #8059		Signal name	Refresh cycle	Signal direction	
4	#8060 to #8079	0	Servo amplifier type	When the servo amplifier power-on		
5	#8080 to #8099	1	Motor current value	Operation evols 1 7[ma] or less: Operation evols		
6	#8100 to #8119	2	Motor speed	Operation cycle 1.7[ms] or less: Operation cycle Operation cycle 3.5[ms] or more: 3.5[ms]		
7	#8120 to #8139	3	wotor speed			
8	#8140 to #8159	4	Command speed	Operation cycle		
9	#8160 to #8179	5	Command speed			
10	#8180 to #8199	6	Home position return re-travel	At home position return re-travel	Monitor device	
11	#8200 to #8219	7	value			
12	#8220 to #8239	8	Servo amplifier display servo			
13	#8240 to #8259	0	error code	Main cycle		
14	#8260 to #8279	9	Parameter error No.			
15	#8280 to #8299	10	Servo status 1	Operation cycle 1.7[ms] or less: Operation cycle		
16	#8300 to #8319	11	Servo status 2 QDS	Operation cycle 3.5[ms] or more: 3.5[ms]		
17	#8320 to #8339	12	Servo status 3 QDS			
18	#8340 to #8359	13	Unusable	_		
19	#8360 to #8379	14	Servo status 5 QDS(Ver.)	Operation cycle 1.7[ms] or less: Operation cycle	Monitor device	
20	#8380 to #8399	14		Operation cycle 3.5[ms] or more: 3.5[ms]		
21	#8400 to #8419	15	-			
22	#8420 to #8439	16	Unusable	_	—	
23	#8440 to #8459	17				
24	#8460 to #8479	18	Servo status 7 QDS(Ver.)	Operation cycle 1.7[ms] or less: Operation cycle	Monitor device	
25	#8480 to #8499			Operation cycle 3.5[ms] or more: 3.5[ms]		
26	#8500 to #8519	19	Unusable	—	—	
27	#8520 to #8539					
28	#8540 to #8559					
29	#8560 to #8579					
30	#8580 to #8599					
31	#8600 to #8619					
32	#8620 to #8639					

(Note): Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for the monitor devices.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

Device Ne	Cianal name		Signal o	Signal direction		Fetch
Device No.	Signal name		Status		cycle	cycle
#8640 to #8651	Seventh error information in past (Oldest error information)					
#8652 to #8663	Sixth error information in past					
#8664 to #8675	Fifth error information in past	Motion error history (8 errors) (96 points)	0	_	At error occurrence	
#8676 to #8687	Fourth error information in past					
#8688 to #8699	Third error information in past					
#8700 to #8711	Second error information in past					
#8712 to #8723	First error information in past					
#8724 to #8735	Latest error information					

(b) Motion error history devices (#8640 to #8735)The Motion error history devices are shown below.

(Note-1): Refer to Section "12.2 Motion Error Related Device" for the Motion error history.

(c) Product information list device (#8736 to #8751) **Ver** The product information list devices are shown below.

Device No.	Signal name	Refresh cycle	Fetch cycle	Signal direction
#8736				
to	Operating system software version			
#8743		A t u u u u u		Manifan daviaa
#8744		At power on		Monitor device
to	Motion CPU module serial number			
#8751				

(Note): Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22) Programming Manual (REAL MODE)" for the product information list device.

Ver. P: Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

8.2 Coasting Timer (FT)

Motion device	Item	Specification
	Number of points	1 point (FT)
	Data size	32-bit/point (-2147483648 to 2147483647)
Coasting timer (FT)	Latch	No latch. Cleared to zero at power-on or reset, a count rise is continued from now on.
(Note-1), (Note-2)	Usable tasks	Normal, event, NMI
	Access	Read only enabled
	.	888µs timer
	Timer specifications	(Current value (FT) is incremented by 1 per 888μ s.)

(Note-1): Use SD720 and SD721 for the 444μ s coasting timer.

(Note-2): Use SD722 and SD723 for the 222µs coasting timer.

9. OPERATION FOR MOTION SFC AND PARAMETER

9.1 Task Definitions

When to execute the Motion SFC program processing can be set only once in the program parameter per program.

Task type	Contents	
Normal task Executes in Motion CPU main cycle (free time).		
	1. Executes in fixed cycle (0.22ms 默, 0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms,	
	7.11ms, 14.2ms).	
Event task	2. Executes when the input set to the event task factor among external	
	interrupts (16 points of QI60) turns on.	
	3. Executes by an interrupt from the PLC CPU.	
	Executes when the input set to the NMI task factor among external interrupts	
NMI task	(16 points of QI60) turns on.	

Roughly classified, there are the following three different tasks.

POINT				
Set "0.2ms" as	Set "0.2ms" as operation cycle in the system basic setting of MT Dveloper2 to			
execute the event task in fixed cycle 0.22ms.				

9.2 Number of Consecutive Transitions and Task Operation

9.2.1 Number of consecutive transitions

With "execution of active step \rightarrow judgment of next transition condition \rightarrow transition processing performed when condition enables (transition of active step)" defined as a single basic operation of the Motion SFC program execution control in the execution cycle of the corresponding task, this operation is performed for the number of active steps to terminate processing once. And the same operation is processed continuously in the next cycle.

In this case, the transition destination step is executed in the next cycle when the transition condition enables.

Consecutive transition control indicates that transition destination steps are executed one after another in the same one execution cycle when their transition conditions have enabled (single basic operation is performed consecutively). In this case, set the number of consecutive transitions.

Control exercised is common to the Motion SFC programs executed by normal tasks.

POINT

Set the number of consecutive transitions to the Motion SFC programs executed by event and NMI tasks for every program.

9.2.2 Task operation

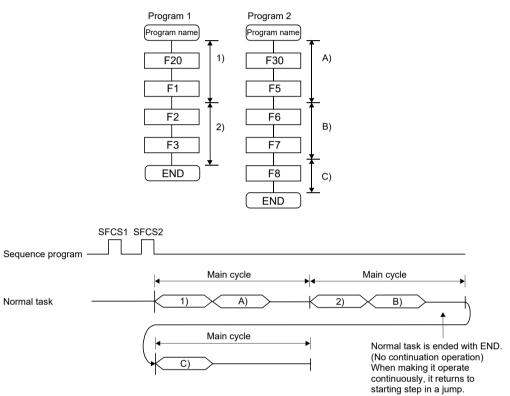
(1) Normal task operation

[Operations]

The Motion SFC program is executed in the main cycle (free time) of the Motion CPU.

The processing outline is shown below.

• Number of consecutive transitions is set to "2".



[Points]

- (a) The Motion SFC program which includes motion control steps should be set to a normal task.
- (b) During execution of an event or NMI task, the execution of the normal task is suspended.

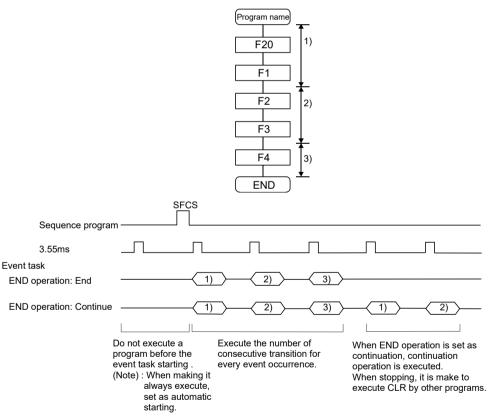
Note that since the normal task allows the event task disable instruction (DI) to be described in an operation control step, the event task can be disabled in the area enclosed by the event task disable instruction (DI) and event task enable instruction (EI).

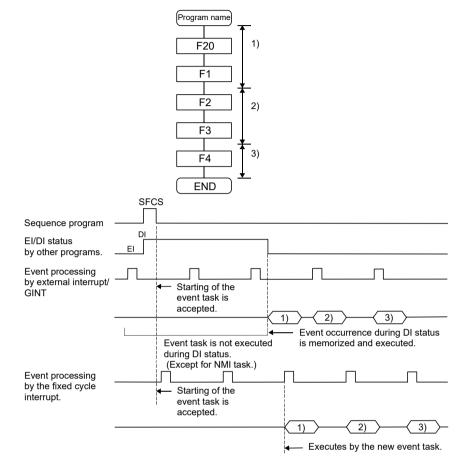
(2) Event task operation

[Operations]

An event task executes the Motion SFC program at occurrence of an event. There are the following events.

- (a) Fixed cycle
 The Motion SFC program is executed periodically in any of 0.22ms (2014)
 0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms, 7.11ms and 14.2ms cycles.
- (b) External interrupt (16 points of I0 to I15) Among 16 points of the QI60 (16-point interrupt module) loaded in the motion slot, the Motion SFC program is run when the input set for an event task turns on.
- (c) PLC interrupt The Motion SFC program is executed when the D(P).GINT instruction is executed in the sequence program.
- <Example 1> Operation for fixed cycle task (3.55 [ms])
 - Number of consecutive transitions is set to "2".





<Example 2> Operation for PLC interrupt by D(P).GINT
• Number of consecutive transitions is set to "2".

[Points]

- (a) Multiple events can be set to one Motion SFC program. However, multiple fixed cycles cannot be set.
- (b) Multiple Motion SFC programs can be executed by one event.
- (c) Motion control steps cannot be executed during the event task.
- (d) The event task cannot be executed when it is disabled by the normal task. The event that occurred during event task disable is executed the moment the event task is enabled.

[Errors]

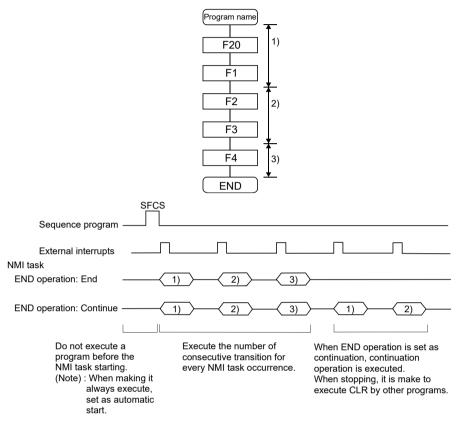
When the motion control step is executed by the Motion SFC program set to the event task, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16113) occurs and stops the Motion SFC program running.

(3) NMI task operation

[Operations]

The Motion SFC program is executed when the input set to the NMI task factor among external interrupts (16 points of QI60) turns on.

• Number of consecutive transitions is set to "2".



[Points]

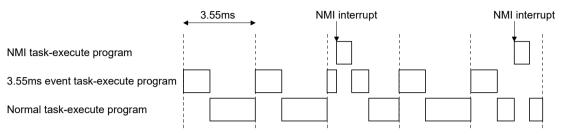
- (a) NMI task has the highest priority among the normal, event and NMI tasks.
- (b) If the event task is disabled (DI) by the normal task, the interruption of the NMI task is executed, without being masked.
- (c) When parallel branching during NMI task execution, the additional route from the branch starts execution from the next interrupt occurrence.

[Errors]

The motion control step is executed during NMI task. If the motion control step is executed during NMI task, the Motion SFC error (error code: 16113) occurs and stops the Motion SFC program.

9.3 Execution Status of the Multiple Task

Execution status of each Motion SFC program when the Motion SFC program is executed multiple tasks is shown below.



When there are programs which are executed by the NMI task, 3.55ms fixed-cycle even task with a program to run by the NMI task, and the normal task like a chart,

- (1) The 3.55ms fixed-cycle event task is executed at intervals of 3.55ms;
- (2) The NMI task is executed with the highest priority when an NMI interrupt is input; and
- (3) The normal task is executed at free time. as shown above.

[Points]

One Motion SFC program can be executed partially by another task by setting the area to be executed by another task as a subroutine and setting a subroutine running task as another task.

<Example>

No. 0 Main Motion SFC programNormal taskNo. 1 SubroutineEvent task (3.55ms cycle)

 If too many NMI tasks and event tasks are executed, an operation cycle over occurs, or the majority normal tasks are not executed and a WDT error may occur.

9.4 How to Start the Motion SFC Program

The Motion SFC program is executed during PLC ready flag (M2000) is on. The Motion SFC program may be started by any of the following three methods.

- (1) Automatic start
- (2) Start from the Motion SFC program
- (3) Start by Motion dedicated PLC instruction (D(P).SFCS) from PLC

Set the starting method in the program parameter for every Motion SFC program. Refer to Section "9.12 Program Parameters" for parameter setting.

9.4.1 Automatic start

[Operations] An automatic start is made by turning PLC ready flag (M2000) on.

9.4.2 Start from the Motion SFC program

[Operations] A start is made by executing a subroutine call/start step in the SFC program. Refer to "Chapter 4 MOTION SFC PROGRAMS" for details of the subroutine call/start step.

9.4.3 Start by Motion dedicated PLC instruction from PLC (PLC instruction: D(P).SFCS)

The SFC program is started by executing the D(P).SFCS in the sequence program. Refer to "Chapter 3 MOTION DEDICATED PLC INSTRUCTION" for details.

9.5 How to End the Motion SFC Program

[Operations]

- (1) The Motion SFC program is ended by executing END set in itself.
- (2) The Motion SFC program is stopped by turning off the PLC ready flag (M2000).
- (3) The program can be ended by the clear step.Refer to Section "4.5.4 Clear step" for details of the clear step.

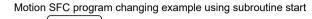
[Point]

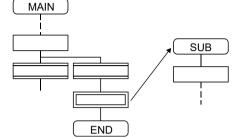
(1) Multiple ENDs can be set in one Motion SFC program.

9 OPERATION FOR MOTION SFC AND PARAMETER

9.6 How to Change from One Motion SFC Program to Another

Use a subroutine start to stop the Motion SFC program running and switch it to another Motion SFC program.





9.7 Operation Performed at Multiple CPU system Power-Off or Reset

When the Multiple CPU system is powered off or reset operation is performed, Motion SFC programs run are shown below.

- When the Multiple CPU system is powered off or reset operation is performed, Motion SFC programs stop to execute.
- (2) At Multiple CPU system power-on or key-reset, the contents of the motion registers #0 to #7999 are held. Initialize them in the Motion SFC programs as required.
- (3) After Multiple CPU system power-on or reset processing, Motion SFC programs run is shown below.
 - The SFC programs set to start automatically are run from the beginning by turning PLC ready flag (M2000) on in the sequence program.
 - The other Motion SFC programs are also executed from the first at starting.

9.8 Operation Performed when CPU is Switched from RUN/STOP

When a RUN/STOP switch is operated, PLC ready flag (M2000) turns on/off in accordance with "Operation at STOP to RUN" of system basic setting. Refer to Section "3.1.3 Individual parameters" of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the details of "Operation at STOP to RUN".

And, refer to the next section for PLC ready flag (M2000) off/on.

9.9 Operation Performed when PLC Ready Flag (M2000) Turns OFF/ON

This section explains about the turns off/on of PLC ready flag (M2000). The on/off condition of PLC ready flag (M2000) differences in "Operation at STOP to RUN" of system basic setting.

Refer to Section "3.1.3 Individual parameters" of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for details.

 $[\text{M2000 OFF} \rightarrow \text{ON}]$

If there is no fault when PLC ready flag (M2000) turns off to on, the PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) turns on.

When this PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) turns on, Motion SFC programs can be executed.

An automatic start Motion SFC program starts execution from the first.

 $[\mathsf{M2000}\;\mathsf{ON}\to\mathsf{OFF}]$

When PLC ready flag (M2000) turns off, Motion SFC programs stops to execute and the PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) turns off.

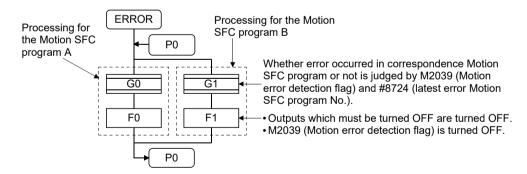
Since actual outputs PY has whole point turn off.

POINT

When the PLC ready flag (M2000) turns off, Motion SFC programs stop but actual outputs PY in the Motion SFC programs do not turn off.

9.10 Operation at the Error Occurrence

Outputs are held if Motion SFC programs stop due to error occurrence. To turn off outputs at error occurrence, executes the following Motion SFC program.



9.11 Task Parameters

No.	Item		Setting item	Initial value	Remark
1	Number of consecutive transitions	Normal task (Normal task common)	1 to 30	3	These parameters are imported at leading edge of
2			Set whether the event task or NMI task is used for external interrupt inputs (I0 to I15).	Event task	PLC ready flag (M2000) and used for control thereafter. When setting/changing the values of these parameters,
	Limited count	Normal task	1 to 100000	1000	turns the PLC ready flag
3	3 for repeat	Event task	1 to 10000	100	(M2000) off.
	control Ver.	NMI task	1 to 10000	100	· · ·

(1) Number of consecutive transitions

[Description]

With "execution of active step \rightarrow judgment of next transition condition \rightarrow transition processing performed when condition enables (transition of active step)" defined as a single basic operation of the Motion SFC program execution control in the execution cycle of the corresponding task, this operation is performed for the number of active steps to terminate processing once. And the same operation is processed continuously in the next cycle.

In this case, the transition destination step is executed in the next cycle when the transition condition enables.

Consecutive transition control indicates that transition destination steps are executed one after another in the same one execution cycle when their transition conditions have enabled (single basic operation is performed consecutively). In this case, the number of consecutive transitions can be set.

Controls in common to the Motion SFC programs executed by normal tasks.

POINT

Set the number of consecutive transitions to the Motion SFC programs executed by event and NMI tasks for every program.

[Errors]

These parameters are imported and checked at leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000).

When the value that was set is outside the setting range, the Motion SFC parameter error (error code: 17000) will occur and the initial value is used to control.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(2) Interrupt setting

[Description]

Set whether 16 interrupt input points (I0 to I15) of the QI60 interrupt module loaded in the motion slot are used as NMI or event task inputs. Setting can be made freely per point. All points default to event tasks.

[Errors] None.

(3) Limited count for repeat control

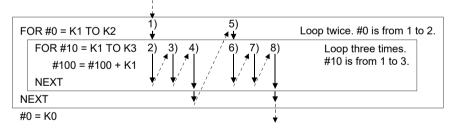
[Description]

Operation control program requires longer processing time if the operation control program or transition program has more repeat control instructions (FOR - NEXT). The longer processing time may cause the increase of main cycle and the operation cycle over in event task/NMI task, which is prevented by setting "Limited count for repeat control". Set "Limited count for repeat control" in every normal task, event task and NMI task.

If the repeat control instruction (FOR - NEXT) is executed over "Limited count for repeat control " in an operation control program or a transition program, a Motion SFC error will occur (error code: 16208), and the corresponding Motion SFC program No. will stop to execute. For the subroutine called program, the call source program also stops to execute.

The repeat control instruction is executed once when the repeat control is judged to continue at FOR instruction execution (when the condition is true).

In the program shown below, each block is executed as the arrow indicates, and the repeat control instruction is executed eight times.



[Errors]

None.

These parameters are imported and checked at leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000).

When the value that was set is outside the setting range, the initial value is used to control.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

9.12 Program Parameters

No.	Item	Setting range	Initial value	Remark
1	Start setting	Automatically started or not	Not setting	
		It is only one of normal, event and NMI tasks	Normal task	
		When you have set the event task, further set the event which will		
		be enabled.		
		Always set any one of the following 1 to 3.		
		1. Fixed cycle		
		It is one of 0.22ms. 0.44ms, 0.88ms, 1.77ms, 3.55ms,		
		7.11ms and 14.2ms or nothing.		
		2. External interrupt (make selection from those set to event task)		
		Multiple interrupt can be set from among I0, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5, I6,		
		I7, I8, I9, I10, I11, I12, I13, I14 and I15.		
2	Execute task	3. PLC interrupt	None	
		Multiple interrupt can be set from among I0, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5, I6,		
		17, 18, 19, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114 and 115.		These parameters are
		The above 1 to 3: Multiple setting is possible.		imported at leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000) and used for control there after. When setting/changing the values of these parameters, turn PLC ready flag (M2000) off.
		The same event can be shared among multiple Motion SFC		
		programs. When you have set the NMI task, further set the interrupt input		
		which will be enabled.		
		1. External interrupt (make selection from those set to NMI task)		
		Multiple interrupt can be set from among I0, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5, I6,		
		I7, I8, I9, I10, I11, I12, I13, I14 and I15.		
	Number of	1 to 10		
3	consecutive	Set the number of consecutive transitions toward the program set to	1	
	transitions	the event or NMI task.		
	END	End/continue		
4	operation	Set the operation mode of the END step toward the program set to	End	
	operation	the event or NMI task.		
		None/Bit device		
		Set the bit device turned ON while executing Motion SFC program.		
		X0 to X1FFF (Note-1)		
5	Executing flag	Y0 to Y1FFF	None	
		M0 to M8191		
		B0 to B1FFF		
L		U□\G10000.0 to U□\G(10000+p-1).F (Self CPU only) ^(Note-2)		

(Note-1): The range of "PXn+4 to PXn+F" cannot be used (fixed at 0) for the input device (PXn+0 to PXn+F) allocated to the built-in interface in Motion CPU (DI). (n: First input No.)

(Note-2): "p" indicates the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area for the each CPU.

POINT

- (1) The settings of "END operation" are invalid for the subroutine called program. "END operation" is controlled as "end".
- (2) Refer to Chapter 2 of the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for the user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high speed transmission area.

(1) Start setting

[Description]

The following control is changed by "automatically started or not" setting.

• Program run by normal task

No.	Item	When "automatically started"	When "not automatically started"	
1	Start control		 The program is started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) from the PLC or by a subroutine call/start (GSUB) made from the Motion SFC program. When started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) In the main cycle after execution of the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS), the program is executed from the initial (first) step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the normal task. When subroutine started In the (next) main cycle after execution of GSUB, the program is executed from the first step in accordance with the normal task. When subroutine started In the (next) main cycle after execution of GSUB, the program is executed from the first step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the normal task. When subroutine called The program is executed in the same cycle from the first step. sly by the number of consecutive transitions of the normal task in the cuted task" and "number of consecutive transitions" of the subroutine me normal task.) 	
2	END control	Ends the self program. Again, the program is started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) from the PLC or by a subroutine call/start (GSUB) made from the Motion SFC program.		

• Program run by event task

No.	Item	When "automatically started"	When "not automatically started"	
1	Start control	At occurrence of a valid event after PLC ready flag (M2000) ON, the program is executed from the initial (first) step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program.	 The program is started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) from the PLC or by a subroutine call/start (GSUB) made from within the Motion SFC program. When started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) At occurrence of an event after execution of the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS), the program is run from the initial (first) step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program. When subroutine started At occurrence of an event after execution of GSUB, the program is executed from the first step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program. When subroutine started At occurrence of an event after execution of GSUB, the program is executed from the first step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program. When subroutine called The program is executed immediately from the first step. 	
2	END control	As specified for END operation.		

No.	Item	When "automatically started"	When "not automatically started"	
1	Start control	At occurrence of a valid event after PLC ready flag (M2000) ON, the program is executed from the initial (first) step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program.	 The program is started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) from the PLC or by a subroutine call/start (GSUB) made from within the Motion SFC program. When started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) At occurrence of an event after execution of the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS), the program is run from the initial (first) step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program. When subroutine started At occurrence of an event after execution of GSUB, the program is executed from the first step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program. When subroutine started At occurrence of an event after execution of GSUB, the program is executed from the first step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program. When subroutine called The program is executed immediately from the first step. 	
2	END control	As specified for END operation.		

• Program run by NMI task

[Errors]

None.

POINT

In the case of the program which is executed by the normal task, write the program so that it is not ended by <u>END</u> but it returns to the starting step by a jump when starting of the automatically from an initial again.

(2) Execute task

[Description]

Set the timing (task) to execute a program.

Specify whether the program will be run by only one of the "normal task (main cycle), event task (fixed cycle, external interrupt, PLC interrupt) and NMI task (external interrupt)".

When the event task is set, multiple events among the "fixed cycle, external interrupt (for event task) and PLC interrupt".

However, multiple fixed cycles cannot be set toward one Motion SFC program. <Example> Interrupt setting: Inputs for event task I6, I7, I8, I9, I10, I11, I12, I13, I14 and I15

Motion SFC program No. 10 – event : Fixed cycle (3.55ms)

Motion SFC program No. 20 - event :

Fixed cycle (1.77ms) + external interrupt (I6)

Motion SFC program No. 30 - event :

External interrupts (I7, I15) + PLC CPU interrupt

When the NMI task is set, multiple interrupt inputs among the external interrupts (for NMI task) can be set.

<Example> Interrupt setting: Inputs for NMI task I0, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5

Motion SFC program No. 10 – NMI : 10

Motion SFC program No. 20 – NMI : I1 + I2

Motion SFC program No. 30 – NMI : I5

[Errors]

This program parameter is imported at leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000), and is checked at starting of the Motion SFC program (automatic start, start from PLC or subroutine start).

When the value is illegal, either of the Motion SFC parameter error (error code: 17010) will occur and it is controlled with initial value.

POINT

(1) Since the execute task can be set for every Motion SFC program No., multiple programs need not be written for single control (machine operation) to divide execution timing-based processes.

It can be achieved easily by subroutine starting the areas to be run in fixed cycle and to be run by external interrupt partially in the Motion SFC program run by the normal task.

- (2) Set a large fixed cycle than the motion operation cycle after confirming the motion operation cycle.
- (3) Number of consecutive transitions

[Description]

Set the number of consecutive transitions to program executed by the event or NMI task for every program.

Refer to Section "9.11 Task Parameters" for number of consecutive transitions.

[Errors]

This program parameter is imported at leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000), and is checked at starting of the Motion SFC program (automatic start, start from PLC or subroutine start).

When the value is illegal, either of the Motion SFC parameter error (error code: 17001, 17002) will occur and it is controlled with initial value.

(4) END operation

[Description]

Set the operation at execution of the END step toward the program executed by the event or NMI task.

This varies the specifications for the following items.

• Program run by NMI task

No.	Item	When "ended"	When "continued"
1	Control at END execution	Ends the self program.	Ends to execute the self program with this event/interrupt.
2	Restart after END execution	Again, the program is started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) from the PLC or by a subroutine call/start (GSUB) made from the Motion SFC program.	Restarted at occurrence of the next event/interrupt, and run from the initial (first) step in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program. After that, at occurrence of an event/interrupt, the program is executed in accordance with the number of consecutive transitions of the corresponding program.
3	Restart after end by clear step CLR	Again, the program is started by the Motion SFC start request (D(P).SFCS) from the PLC or by a subroutine call/start (GSUB) made from the Motion SFC program.	

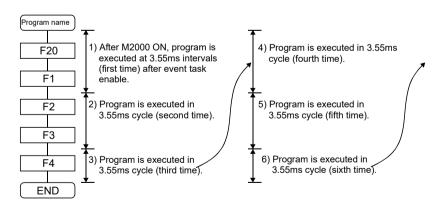
POINT

The END operation of subroutine called program is controlled as an "end".

• The following operation example assumes that the END operation is "continued."

Program parameters

- Automatically started
- Execute task = event 3.55ms
- Number of consecutive transitions = 2
- End operation "continued"



(5) Executing flag

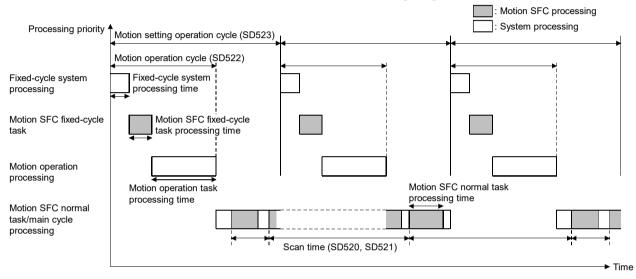
The set bit device turns ON by Motion SFC program start, and it turns OFF by program end.

9.13 Task and Interrupt Processing

In the Motion CPU, the required operations over a fixed cycle are divided into tasks. Depending on the Motion CPU internal processing timing, the interrupt processing can affect tasks, therefore programs need to be designed with care.

(1) Processing timing and processing time monitor device

The Motion CPU internal processing timing and corresponding processing time monitor devices are shown in the following diagram.



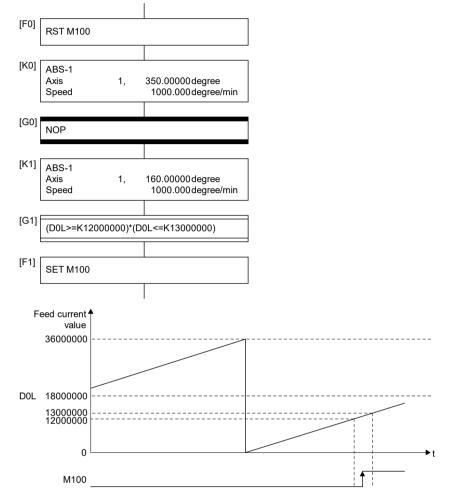
(2) Interrupt processing

In the Motion CPU, fixed-cycle system processing, Motion SFC fixed-cycle task, and Motion operation processing are executed with priority over main cycle processing. Therefore, if Motion setting operation cycle (SD523) is exceeded in the middle of main cycle processing, the main cycle processing is interrupted by the execution of the next Motion operation cycle processing. Main cycle processing restarts when the interrupting Motion operation cycle processing is completed.

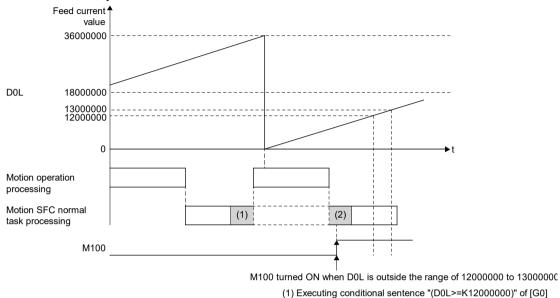
Because this interrupt processing is also executed in the middle of operations of the Motion SFC program, depending on the program contents, the Motion SFC program may not execute correctly.

(3) Operation example

Axis 1 of the Motion SFC program below moves to "350.00000[degree] \rightarrow 0[degree] \rightarrow 160.00000[degree]". When the axis 1 feed current value (D0L) moves in the range of 120.00000 to 130.00000[degree], M100 is turned ON.

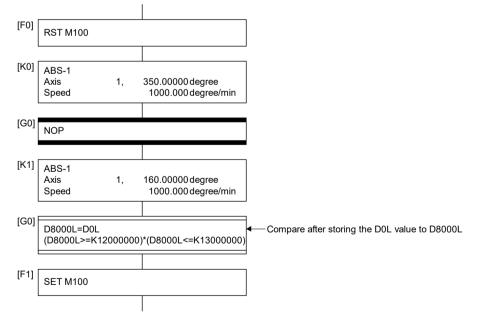


However, when the timing of axis 1 moving from 359.99999[degree] to 0[degree] coincides with the timing of the interrupt execution processing in the middle of [G1] processing in Motion SFC normal task processing, an unintended operation may occur.



(1) Executing conditional sentence (D0L>=K12000000) of [G0] (2) Executing conditional sentence "(D0L<=K13000000)" of [G0]

When using the device whose value changes by the Motion operation cycle in a conditional expression, store the value to a device and make the program compare values as shown below.



MEMO

10. ONLINE CHANGE IN THE MOTION SFC PROGRAM

10.1 Online Change in the Motion SFC Program

This function is used to write to the Motion SFC program to the SRAM built-in Motion CPU during the positioning control (7-segment LED : Steady "RUN" display). Program correction and a check of operation can be executed repeatedly at the Multiple CPU system start.

Applicable data		Online change	Remarks
	System setting	×	
System setting data	Servo setting data	×	
	Motion SFC parameter	×	
	Motion SFC chart	0	Online change is possible for the only
Motion SFC program	Operation control step (F/FS)	0	program during stop.
	Transition (G)	0	
	Servo program (K)	0	Online change of mode allocation is not possible. (SV22)
Mechanical system program (SV22)		×	
Synchronous control parameter (SV22)		×	
Cam data (SV22)		×	

Data in which online change is possible are shown below.

 $\bigcirc: \textbf{Possible} \quad \times: \textbf{Not possible}$

F	POINT				
(1)	Program writing is executed during the positioning control in the online change. Be safely careful enough for work.				
(2)) Programs writing to the SRAM built-in Motion CPU at the mode operated by ROM in the online change. If the online change is executed at the mode operated by ROM, it returns to the contents of program written in the FLASH ROM built-in Motion CPU by the next power ON or reset of the Multiple CPU system.				
(3)		ne change is executed simultaneously to one Motion CPU from the ersonal computers, a program writing may not be executed. Please form.			
(4)	following o operation • Monitor i	ne changes are executed by other personal computer during the operation with MT Developer2, injustice of a monitor value and failure may occur. Please do not perform. mode of the Motion SFC program node of the Motion SFC program de			
(5)	online cha	ne change of Motion SFC chart added newly is executed, since the ange of Motion SFC parameter cannot be executed, it operates as the sk (default value).			
(6)	program e change is generatior	ng the SV22, the program range of [Mode allocation] of the servo editor screen cannot be changed by online change. If the online executed by changing the virtual mode program, or command in axis program (in the [Mode allocation], the contents of change flected, and the online change is cancelled.			
(7)	the power is corrupte	es between the personal computer and PLC CPU module fall out, or supply of the Multiple CPU system turns OFF or resets, the program ed. program again by the data writing of MT Developer2.			
(8)	The online	c change only writes when the program being operated by the Motion the MT Developer2 project data (before change) match. Before form a check, and when data does not match, cancel the online			

10.1.1 Operating method for the online change

Select the "Online change OFF/ON" with the online change setting screen displayed on [Tools] menu – [Online Change Setting]" of MT Developer2.

The methods for online change of Motion SFC program are shown below.

Target data of online change	Operation for online change	
Motion SFC chart	 Select [Check/Convert] to [Write Motion SFC Chart] of menu bar. Click [Write Motion SFC Chart] of toolbar. 	
Operation control program (F/FS)	Click [Convert] of operation control program/transition	
Transition program (G)	program editor screen.	
Servo program (K)	Click [Convert] of servo program editor screen.	

(1) Online change of the Motion SFC chart

Online change of the Motion SFC chart in edit is executed by selecting button or menu of toolbar.

Online change is possible to the Motion SFC program during stop. If the online change is made to the Motion SFC program during execution, an alarm message indicates. (Execution/stop state of the Motion SFC program can be checked with the program batch monitor.)

If the start request is made to the Motion SFC program during online change, the Motion SFC start error (error code16007: online change) will occur and the Motion SFC program does not start.

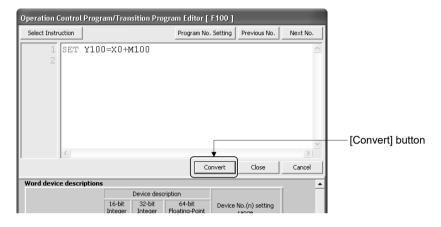
נ	Vrite Motion SFC Chart] menu [Write Mc	otion SFC Chart] icon
🖉 MELSOFT Series MT Developer 2	nd Settings\temp\Wy Documents\Workspace\Project - [Motion SFC 0:	Program 💶 🔍
Eroject Edit Eind/Replace View	<u>Check/Convert</u> Online Debug <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp	_ & ×
1 D 🖻 🖪 🖉 🖳 🔍 🗣 💷	😥 Servo Program Relative Check 🛛 🖪 🕞 🕞 🖬 🖬 🕞 🕞	⑧№№は1%8000
6 X 6 6 X 6 2 7	💑 Write Motion SFC Chart F4	き) 🗟 (器) 利 書 市 Ш 🌚 騙 🚦
Project Project (SV22) Project (SV22) Project (SV22)	Motion SFC Barameter Conversion Servo Program Conversion Motion SFC Batch Conversion Ctrl+Alt+F4	
 ● 例 Servo Data Setting > 응급 Motion SFC Program → 응 Motion SFC Program Manaq → 응 Motion SFC Parameter 	Label Conversion Project Batch Check/Conversion Shift+Alt+F4	

10 - 3

(2) Online change of the operation control/transition program Online change of the operation control/transition program during edit is executed by selecting the [Convert] button.

Online change is possible to the operation control/transition program during execution.

A program that the online change was made is executed from the next scan.



Operations for which made the online change to the operation control/transition program during execution in the following conditions are shown below. Be careful to execute the online change in the following conditions.

Program	Condition	Operation
FSn Gn or FSn Gn	 Online change of the FSn operation control program is executed during FSn execution in the state of waiting for the completion of condition for Gn. 	 After completion of online change, the FSn repeats the operation control program that the online change was made until the completion of condition for Gn.
Gn or Gn	 Online change of the Gn program is executed in the state of waiting for the completion of condition for Gn. (The conditional sentences of program to write are except the TIME instruction.) 	 After completion of online change, the Gn does not transit to the next step until the completion of condition for program that the online change was made.
or Gn	 Online change of the Gn program including the TIME instruction is executed in the state of waiting for the completion of condition for Gn. 	 After completion of online change, Gn is ended regardless of the waiting time of TIME instruction and the next step is executed.
Kn or Gn	 Online change of the Gn program during the servo program execution for Kn. 	 After execution of servo program, the program of changed Gn is executed.

(3) Online change of the servo program Online change of the servo program during edit is executed by selecting the [Convert] button.

Online change is possible to the servo program during execution. A program that the online change was made is executed at the next servo program start.

Select Instru	uction Program No. Setting Previous No. Next No.	1	Setting Item	
l ABS- Axis LAdd Spee	s 1 diress # 100 pm	<< Add Delete >>	P.B. Dwell M-code S.R. D E P. Torque STOP S Ratio Cancel Bias Speed	
instruction De	Speed # 200 Program Skeps : 4 stalls Mode Allocation Sort ed setting range Sort Sort		Adv. S-curve	—— [Convert] buttor
umerical entry			_ 1	
mm	0.01 to 6000000.00[mm/min]			
inch	0.001 to 600000.000[inch/min]			
degree	0.001 to 2147483.647[deg/min] * When the "speed control 10 multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "invalid".			
0.01 to 21474836.47[deg/min] * When the "speed control 10 multiplier setting for degree axis" is set to "valid".				
PLS	1 to 2147483647[PLS/sec]			
D0 to D81 U[]\G1000 [] : CPU each CP	: Number of words used : 2 (even) 91 W0000 to W1FFF #0 to #7999 06 to UT[05(10004-n-1) No., n: The user setting area points of the Multiple CPU high spr U. 0, No.23E1, No.33E2, No.33E3 secify number of the CPU module beyond the number of multiple		_	

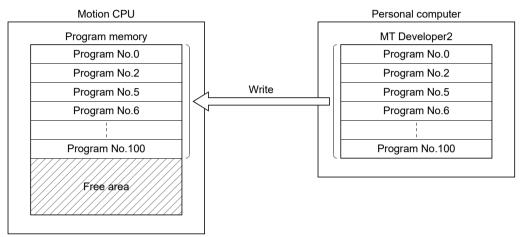
Operations for which made the online change to the servo program in the following conditions during execution are shown below. Be careful to execute the online change in the following conditions.

Program	Condition	Operation
ON bit device Kn or OFF bit device	 Online change of the servo program Kn at the WAITON or after WAITOFF is executed in the state of waiting for the completion of condition for WAITON/WAITOFF. 	 After completion of condition for WAITON/WAITOFF, the servo program before the online change is started. The servo program that the online change was made is executed at the next servo program start.
Gn Kn or Gn Kn	 Online change of the servo program Kn after Gn is executed in the state of waiting for the completion of condition for Gn. 	 After completion of condition for Gn, the servo program that online change was made is executed.

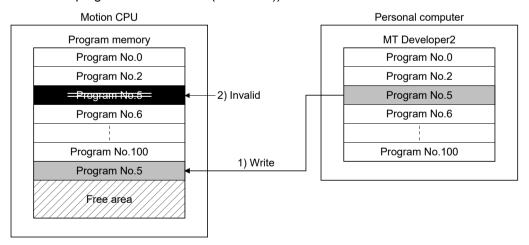
10.1.2 Writing of program

The outline operations to write the program from MT Developer2 to the program memory of Motion CPU are described.

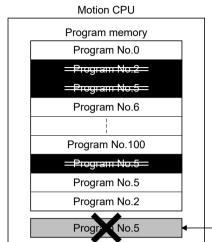
- (1) Writing of program by the writing operation of MT Developer2
 - (a) The programs are stored in the program memory of Motion CPU stuffing to the front for every kind.

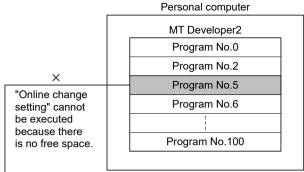


- (2) Writing of program by the online change operation of MT Developer2
 - (a) After online change, a program to execute the online change is stored in the free area after the program stored previously. (Refer to 1))
 After that, the program written in previously is made invalid and the new program is made valid. (Refer to 2))



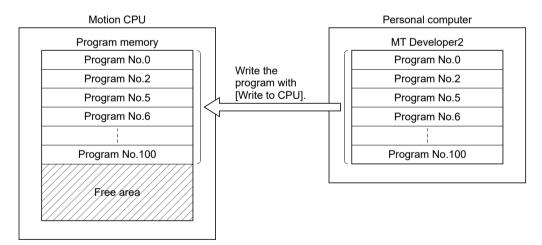
(b) If the online change is executed repeatedly, the free space in program memory is lost and the online change may not be executed. In this case, an error message is displayed by MT Developer2 at the online change, and "Online change OFF" is set.





- (c) In the case of (b), arrange to stuff to the front the invalid programs. Operation procedures is shown below.
 - 1) Execute batch conversion (Motion SFC chart, operation control/transition program) or sort (servo program) using MT Developer2.
 - 2) Make to stop status the Motion CPU, and then execute writing operation of MT Developer2.

Refer to the help of MT Developer2 for details of the operation procedures.



MEMO

11. USER FILES

This section describer the user file list and directory structure.

11.1 Project

There are "single file format" of treating a project as one file and "workspace format" of managing multiple projects in a workspace for user file.

(1) Single file format

Every project is treated as one file (file extension: *.mtw).

(2) Workspace format

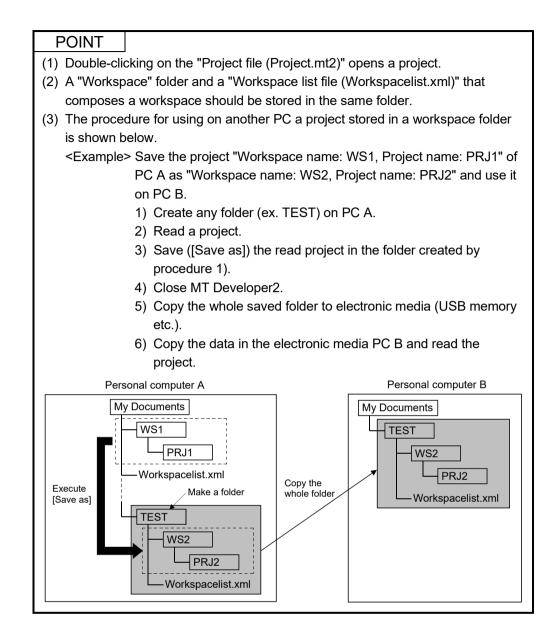
Every user file is managed in a workspace, and multiple projects can be stored in a single workspace. When a project is initially saved, a "Workspace name" folder and a "Project name" folder are created in the place designated in the [Save Folder Path] field and uses files are stored. (Refer to next page.)

POINT					
 The number of characters that can be set for "Save folder path" + "Workspace name" + "Project name" is within 200 characters. 					
<example></example>					
C:\Docume	ents and Setting	s\Administrator\My Docume	nts\Workspace\Project		
	Save	e folder path	Project name Workspace name		
Sā	ave As				
2	Save <u>F</u> older Path : C:\Documents and Settings\ter	mp\My Documents\	Browse		
\ \	Workspace/Project List :				
	Workspace				
Σ.	<u>N</u> orkspace Name :	Workspace			
	Project Name :	Project			
1	[itle : ▼ Revision is inherited.]			
	\mathbf{V} Security is inherited.				
	Save as a Single File Format R	Project Switch the window by clicking this button Project when you want to use single file format proje			
(MELSOFT Navigator does not support this format.)					

11.2 User File List

Save folder path -- Folder of user defined setting →(1) Workspace folder --- Folder of user defined setting (Multiple projects can be set.) ►(2) Project folder --- Folder of user defined setting ►(3) Project file Project.mt2 --- Project file (4) Data base file _hdb Data base file of project data - - checkout.xml ►(5) Information files --- Information files dataprotection.xml history.xml label.xml labellink.xml projectdatalist.xml securitylevel.xml storedhistory.xml user.xml File list of project stored in workspace folder ►(6) Project list file projectlist.xml ►(7) Workspace list file Workspacelist.xml --- List file of workspace

Folder configuration of user file to be saved in the workspace format is shown below.



MEMO

12. ERROR CODE LISTS

When an error occurs while the Motion CPU is running, the error information is stored in the Motion error history devices (#8640 to #8735), special relay (SM) and special register (SD).

12.1 Confirming Error Code

When an error occurs, the error code and error contents can be read using MT Developer2 or GX Works2/GX Developer.

The occurrence data of the Motion error history uses a watch function with the internal Motion CPU.

Make the set of the clock data and the clock data read request (SM801) by user programs.

As for the self-diagnosis error code, confirmation can be done by the PC diagnosis of GX Works2/GX Developer.

Refer to the Operating Manual of GX Works2 or GX Developer and help of MT Developer2 for the operating method.

12.2 Motion Error Related Devices

(1) Motion error history devices (#8640 to #8735)

Eighth in the past (Seventh in the past to latest) error information are stored as a history. #8724 to #8735 are latest errors.

All errors, including the Motion SFC control errors and the minor, major, servo, servo program setting and mode changing errors are stored. At error occurrence, the "Motion error detection flag (M2039)" is also set. Motion error history is backed-up.

Use the Motion error history clear request flag (M2035) or

MT Developer2 to clear the Motion error history.

Also, the self-diagnostic errors of error code 10000 or less are stored in the Motion error history.

Error type	Reference manual
	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV13/SV22)
Minor error	Programming Manual (REAL MODE)
Major error	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller (SV22)
Servo error	Programming Manual (VIRTUAL MODE)
 Servo program setting error 	Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU Motion controller (SV22)
	Programming Manual (Advanced Synchronous Control)
	Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming
 Self-diagnosis error 	Manual (COMMON)

Refer to the following manuals for details of each error.

Table 12.1	Motion	error history	/ device
------------	--------	---------------	----------

	Error information							
Seventh	Sixth	Fifth	Fourth	Third	Second	First	Latest	Signal name
in past	in past	in past	in past	in past	in past	in past	Latest	
#8640	#8652	#8664	#8676	#8688	#8700	#8712	#8724	Error Motion SFC program No.
#8641	#8653	#8665	#8677	#8689	#8701	#8713	#8725	Error type
#8642	#8654	#8666	#8678	#8690	#8702	#8714	#8726	Error program No.
#8643	#8655	#8667	#8679	#8691	#8703	#8715	#8727	Error block No./Motion SFC list/ Line No./Axis No.
#8644	#8656	#8668	#8680	#8692	#8704	#8716	#8728	Error code
#8645	#8657	#8669	#8681	#8693	#8705	#8717	#8729	Error occurrence time (Year/month)
#8646	#8658	#8670	#8682	#8694	#8706	#8718	#8730	Error occurrence time (Day/hour)
#8647	#8659	#8671	#8683	#8695	#8707	#8719	#8731	Error occurrence time (Minute/second)
#8648	#8660	#8672	#8684	#8696	#8708	#8720	#8732	Error setting data information
#8649	#8661	#8673	#8685	#8697	#8709	#8721	#8733	Unusable
#8650	#8662	#8674	#8686	#8698	#8710	#8722	#8734	Emer esting dete
#8651	#8663	#8675	#8687	#8699	#8711	#8723	#8735	Error setting data

The contents of Motion error history device error information are shown in Table 12.2.

Signal name		Description		
olgha hame	Motion SFC control errors	Conventional errors		
Error Motion SFC program No.	0 to 255: Motion SFC program No. in error -1 : Independent of Motion SFC program	-1		
Error type	20 :F/FS 21 :G 22 :K or other (not any of F/FS, G and SFC chart) 23 :Motion SFC chart	 2: Minor/major error (Command generation axis) (SV22 advanced synchronous control method) (SV22 advanced synchronous control method) 3: Minor/major error 4: Minor/major error (virtual servo motor shaft) (SV22 virtual mode switching method) 5: Minor/major error (synchronous encoder shaft) (SV22) 6: Error detected in the servo amplifier (MR-J3-B) 7: Servo program setting error 8: Mode change error (SV22 virtual mode switching method) 9: Manual pulse generator axis setting error 10: Test mode request error 11: WDT error 13: Self-diagnostic error (Error code: 10000 or less) 14: System setting error, Motion slot fault detection 15: Error detected in the servo amplifier (MR-J4-B, MR-JE-B) (SK) 14: Error detected in the servo amplifier (MR-J5-B) (SK) 14: Error detected in the SSCNETIL/H head module (SK) 14: Coperation error detected in the stepping driver (SK) 14: Operation error detected in the stepping driver (SK) 14: Operation error (SC) 		
Error program No.	0 to 4095: F/FS, G, K program No. 0 to 255 : GSUB program No. -1 : Independent of F/FS, G, K, GSUB	 Error type: "2", "3", "4" or "7" 0 to 4095: Servo program No. FFFFH : JOG operation FFFEH : Manual pulse generator FFFDH : Test mode (Home position return, servo diagnosis, servo startup) FFEFH : Synchronous control FFDFH : Speed control FFDEH : Torque control FFDDH : Continuous operation to torque control FF00H : Others Error type: except "2", "3", "4" or "7" -1 		
Error block No./ Motion SFC list line No./axis No.	0 to 8191: F/FS or G program's block No. (line No.) when error type is "20" or "21" 0 to 8188: Motion SFC list line No. when error type is "23" -1 : Independent of block when error type is "22" or error type is "20" or "21"	1 to 32: Corresponding axis No. when error type is any of "2" to "6", "15" @sx, "17" @sx @@, "40" @@, "41" @@, "43" @sx @@, "44" @sx @@ 1 to 8 : Corresponding SSCNETII/H head module axis No. when error type is any of "42" @sx @@ -1 : Others		

Table 12.2 Motion error history device error information

Ver. Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

Signal name			Description
Signal	Iname	Motion SFC control errors	Conventional errors
Error cod	de	16000 and later	 Error type is followings; "2" : Error code stored in D12602+20n or D12603+20n @x "3" : Error code stored in D6+20n or D7+20n "4" : Error code stored in D802+10n or D803+10n "5" : Error code stored in D1122+10n or D1123+10n (SV22 virtual mode switching method) Error code stored in D13250+10n or D13251+10n (SV22 advanced synchronous control method) @x "6", "40" @ ; Error code stored in D8+20n "41" @ ; "7" : Error code stored in SD517 "8" : Error code stored in SD517 "8" : Error code stored in SD504 "9" or "10" : -1 "11" : Error code stored in SD512 "13" or "14" : Error code stored in SD512 "13" or "14" : Error code stored in SD512 "13" or "14" : Error code stored in SD512 "42" @ "6", "Error code stored in alarm/warning number of SSCNETI/H head module monitor device "44" @ "44" @ "6" : Error code stored in diver operation alarm/detail number (hexadecimal display (First 2 digits: Driver operation alarm, last 2 digits: Detail number)) "50" or "51" : Error code stored in SD32
Year/ Error month occur- Day/ The clock data at error occurrence (SD210, SD211, SD212) are set. rence hour (BCD code, year in its lower 2 digits) time Minute/ second			

		(O 1)	、
Table 12.2 Motion error history	y device error information	(Continuea))

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

Cirral name		Description		
Signal name	Motion SFC control errors	Conventional errors		
Error setting data information	▶15▶14▶13▶12▶11▶10 № № № № № № № № № № № № № № № № № № №	b15b14b13b12b11b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 Speed control 10 × multiplier setting for degree axis 0 : Invalid 1 : Valid The status at error occurrence is set when the unit of error setting data is set to "11: Control unit (Speed data)" and the control unit is set to "10: degree". Control unit/Display format ? • The control unit is set when the unit of error setting data is set to "01: Axis unit, Output module unit", "10: Control unit (Address data, Radius-specified allowable error range for circular interpolation)" and "11: Control unit (Speed data)". 00 : mm 01 : inch 10 : degree 11 : pulse (Note): Virtual servo motor axis : "11: Fixed at pulse" • The display format is set when the unit of error setting data is set to "00: None". 00 : Signed decimal display 01 : Unsigned decimal display 01 : Unsigned decimal display 01 : Hexadecimal (least bit 4 digits display) 11 : Hexadecimal (least bit 4 digits display) 11 : Hexadecimal (8 digits display) 11 : Hexadecimal (8 digits display) 11 : Control unit (Address data, Radius-specified allowable error range for circular interpolation) 11 : Control unit (Speed data) • Error setting data 0 : No data 1 : Data		
Unusable	_			
Error setting data	 Details code of error is stored. An error without a details code is fixed at 0. 	 Setting data in error cause Error type is followings; "15"(, : Parameter error No. stored in #8009+20n "17"(, : Parameter error in #8009+20n "18"(, : Parameter error error error		

Table 12.2 Motion error history device error information (Continued)

(Note-1): If the synchronous control dedicated function for the Motion SFC program fails to be executed, an error code is output to the Motion error history device and its details code is also output to the error setting data.

Ver.! : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(2) Motion error detection flag (M2039)

The Motion error detection flag (M2039) turns on when any of the errors detected by the Motion CPU occurs.

At error occurrence, data are set to the error devices in the following procedure.

- (a) Set the error code to each axis or error devices.
- (b) Turns on the error detection signal of each axis or error.
- (c) Set the error information to Motion error history devices (#8640 to #8735).
- (d) Turns on the Motion error detection flag (M2039).

In the user program, reset the "Motion error detection flag (M2039)" after reading the error history at the "Motion error detection flag (M2039)".

After that, "Motion error detection flag (M2039)" turns on again at occurrence of a new error.

POINT

- (1) Eliminate the error cause after confirming error content, and then turn OFF the Motion error detection flag (M2039) by user side. The self-diagnostic error information except the stop error is cleared by turning M2039 ON to OFF.
- (2) Set the clock data and clock data read request (SM801) in the user program.
- (3) Error setting at servo warning occurrence QDS Set whether or not to output errors to the Motion error history or self-diagnostic error at servo warning occurrence. Set this setting in the system basic setting of system settings. Refer to the "Q173D(S)CPU/Q172D(S)CPU Motion controller Programming Manual (COMMON)" for details.



Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

12.3 Motion SFC Error Code List

Error	Details		Error factor		
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
16000	_	PLC ready OFF (SFCS)	At a start by D(P).SFCS instruction, PLC ready flag (M2000) or PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) is OFF.	The specified Motion SFC program does not start.	Provide ON of the PLC ready flag (M2000) and PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) as start interlocks.
16001	_	Motion SFC program No. error (SFCS)	At a start by D(P).SFCS or GSUB, the SFC program No. is outside the range of 0 to 255.	The specified Motion SFC program does	Check the Motion SFC program No., and correct a sequence program.
16002	_	None Motion SFC program (SFCS)	At the Motion SFC program start made by D(P).SFCS or GSUB, the specified Motion SFC program does not exist.	not start. When it started by GSUB, the start	Check the Motion SFC program No., and correct a sequence program, or create the non-created Motion SFC program.
16003	_	Double start error	At the Motion SFC program start made by D(P).SFCS or GSUB, the same Motion SFC program starts.	source Motion SFC also stop to execute.	Double start should be managed on the user side. Provide the user's starting signal as a start interlock in the sequence program.
16004		PLC ready OFF (GINT)	D(P).GINT instruction was executed with PLC ready flag (M2000) or PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) is OFF.	The active step of Motion SFC program executed by "PLC interrupt" is not processed. "Interrupt instruction No." is set in the error Motion SFC program No.	Provide ON of PLC ready flag (M2000) and PCPU READY complete flag (SM500) as D(P).GINT execution interlocks.
16005	_	None Motion SFC program	At a Motion SFC program start by automatic start setting or GSUB, the specified Motion SFC program does not exist.	The specified Motion SFC program does	Check the Motion SFC program No., and correct a program, or create the non-created Motion SFC program.
16006	_	Double start error	At a Motion SFC program start by automatic start setting or GSUB, the same Motion SFC program is already starting.	not start. When it started by GSUB, the start	Double start should be managed on the user side. Provide the user's starting signal as an interlocks in the transition condition.
16007	_	Online change	The Motion SFC program which is rewriting the Motion SFC chart by online change was started.	source Motion SFC also stop to execute.	Start after the completion of online change.

(1) Motion SFC program start errors (16000 to 16099)

Error	Details		Error factor	Error Processing	Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Endi Processing	Conective Action
16100	_	Motion SFC program	 The code exists but is grammatically erroneous. Though not within branch-coupling, a label/jump code within selective branch- coupling or a label/jump code within parallel branch-coupling exists. 		
16101	_	error (grammatical error)	Selective branch destinations are all headed by other than SFT or WAIT transitions.		
16102	_		WAITON/WAITOFF is not followed by a motion control step. (However, this is permitted to a pointer (Pn) or jump (Pn).)		The Motion SFC program code is corrupted.
16103	_		A parallel branch is followed by an END step without a parallel coupling.		Turn PLC ready flag (M2000) OFF and write the Motion SFC program again.
16104	_	Motion SFC code error	An impossible code is used. The internal code is corrupted.		Or, replace the external battery if it passed over a life.
16105	_	Jump code error 1	Internal code (list code) error in jump destination information	Stop to execute the	
16106	-	Jump code error 2	Internal code (label information) error in jump destination information	applicable Motion SFC program No.	
16107	-	Jump code error 3	Internal code (label No.) error in jump destination information	For the subroutine called program, the	
16108	_	Jump code error 4	Internal code (label address) error in jump destination information	call source program also stops to	
16109	_	Jump destination error	The specified pointer does not exist at the jump destination.	execute.	
16110	-	GSUB setting error 1	The self program was called/started by GSUB.		GSUB cannot call its own or main program.
16111	-	GSUB setting error 2	The main program was called/started by GSUB.		Correct the Motion SFC program.
16112	_	Parallel branch nesting excess	Nesting of parallel branches within a parallel branch route exceeded four levels.		The nesting of parallel branch is up to four levels. Subroutine the branch destination processing and correct the program.
16113	_	Executed task error	An attempt was made to execute a motion control step K with an event or NMI task.		Motion control steps cannot be executed in the Motion SFC programs executed by the event and NMI tasks.
16120	_	Simultaneously active step count excess	The number of simultaneously active steps exceeded 256 during execution.		Number of simultaneously active steps is maximum 256. Re-examine the Motion SFC program.

(2) Motion SFC interpreter detection errors (16100 to 16199)

Error	Details		Error factor		
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
16200	_	No specified program (Kn)	The servo program (Kn) specified with the motion control step does not exist.		Create the specified servo program.
16201	_	No specified program (Fn/FSn)	The operation control program (Fn/FSn) specified with the operation control step does not exist.		Create the specified operation control program.
16202	_	No specified program (Gn)	The program (Gn) specified with the transition does not exist.		Create the specified transition program.
16203	_	No specified program (Motion SFC)	The Motion SFC program specified with the clear step does not exist.		Correct the specified Motion SFC program name or create the specified Motion SFC program.
16204	_	No setting of operation expression/conditional expression	The program (Gn) specified with the transition does not have a conditional expression setting.	Stop to execute the applicable Motion	Be sure to set a conditional expression in the last block of the transition program.
16205	_	Fn/FSn program code error	Internal code error in the operation control program (Fn/FSn)	SFC program No. For the subroutine called program, the	The Motion SFC program code is corrupted. Turn PLC ready flag (M2000) OFF and write
16206	_	Gn program code error	Internal code error in the transition program (Gn)	call source program the Motion SFC progra	the Motion SFC program again. Or, replace the external battery if it passed over a life.
16207	_	Specified the invalid device	The invalid device (T, C) or shared device outside range in the program is set.	execute.	Correct the program which does set the effective device.
16208	_	Limited count for repeat control over	The repeated control instructions (FOR) are repeatedly executed exceeding the limited count for repeat control set in the parameter in one operation control program or transition program.		Review the program so that the repeated control instruction (FOR) does not exceed the limited count for repeat control.
16209	_	Program control instruction block execution error	An operation error (indirectly specified device read error/assignment execution error) occurred when the block is executed to the program control instruction (IF/CASE/FOR/NEXT).		 Correct the program so that the device No. which is indirectly specified is proper. Correct the program so that the assignment (S) data is within the data (D).

(3) Motion SFC program run errors (16200 to 16299)

Error	Details		Error factor	Error Processing	Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Endi Processing	Conective Action
16301	_	Event task enable (EI) execution error Event task disable	Event task enable was executed at except for the normal task. Event task disable was executed at except	-	Event task enable may be executed in the normal task only. Correct the program. Event task disable may be executed in the
16302	—	(DI) execution error	for the normal task.		normal task only. Correct the program.
16303	_	Block transfer (BMOV) execution error	 The cam data of the cam No. specified with (D) or (S) is not yet registered to the Motion controller. The resolution of the cam No. specified with (D) or (S) differs from the number of transferred words specified with (n). (S) to (S)+(n-1) is outside the device range. (D) to (D)+(n-1) is outside the device range. (n) is 0 or a negative number. (S) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. (D) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1). PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1). When it is advanced synchronous control method, the cam No. is set in the (D) or (S). 		 Correct the program so that cam data is that of the already registered cam No. Correct the program to match (n) with the cam resolution. Change (n) so that the block transfer range is within the device range. Change (n) to a positive number. When (S) or (D) is a bit device, set the device number to be multiple of 16. When (S) or (D) is a bit device, do not set PX/PY. When it is advanced synchronous control method, do not set the cam No. in the (D) or (S).
16304	_	Time to wait (TIME) execution error	 The device No. which indirectly specifies (S) is illegal. The (S) data is outside the range 0 to 2147483647. 		 Correct the program so that the device No. which indirectly specifies (S) is proper. Correct the program so that the (S) data is within the range of 0 to 2147483647.
16305	_	Same data block transfer (FMOV) execution error	 (D) to (D)+(n-1) is outside the device range. (n) is 0 or a negative number. (S) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. (D) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. PX/PY is set in (S). PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1). 	The block processing on executing is stopped and the next block is executed.	 Change (n) so that the block transfer range is within the device range. When (S) or (D) is a bit device, set the device number to be multiple of 16. When (S) or (D) is a bit device, do not set PX/PY.
16308	_	Speed change request (CHGV) execution error			
16309	_	Torque limit value change request (CHGT) execution error	The specified axis No. is outside the range.		Correct the program so that the specified axis No. is within the range.
16310	_	Target position change request (CHGP) execution error	 The specified axis No. of (S1) is outside the range. (S2) is outside the range of 0 to 1. The device number of (S3) is odd- numbered. (S3) to ((S3)+7) is outside the device range. 		 Correct the specified axis No. of (S1) so that it is within the range. Correct the program so that the (S2) is within the range of 0 to 1. Correct the program so that the (S3) is even-numbered device. Correct the program so that the devices from (S3) to ((S3)+7) are within the range.
16311	_	Torque limit value individual change request (CHGT2) execution error	The specified axis No. is outside the range.		Correct the program so that the specified axis No. is within the range.
16316	_	Assignment (=) execution error	 The (S) data is outside the range of the data type of (D). The device No. which indirectly specifies (D) is illegal. 		 Correct the program so that the (S) data is within the range of the data type of (D). Correct the program so that the device No. which indirectly specifies (D) is proper.

(4) Operation control/transition execution errors (16300 to 16599)

Error	Details		Error factor		
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
		Operation (/)	Becomption		
16320	—	execution error			Correct the program so that the divisor is
		Remainder (%)	The divisor is 0.		other than 0.
16321	—	execution error			
		Device set (SET)			
16322	—	execution error			
		Device reset (RST)			
16333	—	execution error			Correct the program so that the device No.
			 The device No. which indirectly specifies 		
16334	—	Device set (SET=)	(D) is illegal.		which indirectly specifies (D) is proper.
		execution error	 (D) is a device which is write-disabled. 		 Correct the program to set a write-enabled device at (D).
16335	—	Device reset (RST=) execution error			device at (D).
16336	—	Device output (DOUT)			
		execution error			
16337	—	Device input (DIN)			
		execution error	The device No. which indirectly specifies (D)		Correct the program so that the device No.
40000		Bit device output	is illegal.		which indirectly specifies (D) is proper.
16338	—	(OUT=) execution			
		error			
		Direct specification 16			
16269		bit Multiple CPU area			
16368	_	device for CPU No.1 (U3E0\G10000 to)			
		· ,			
		read error			
		Direct specification 32	for CPU area for CPU No.1 (G10000 to)	The block processing	
16369		-			
10309	_				
		read error			
				on executing is	
		Direct specification 64 bit Multiple CPU area		stopped and the next block is executed.	
16370		device for CPU No.1			
10370	_	(U3E0\G10000 to)			
		read error			
		Direct specification 16			
		bit Multiple CPU area			
16371	_	device for CPU No.2			
		(U3E1\G10000 to)			
		read error	Multiple CPU area device number is outside		Correct the program so that Multiple CPU
		Direct specification 32	the range that set by the parameter.		area device number is within the range set
		bit Multiple CPU area	5 y 1		in the parameter.
16372	_	device for CPU No.2			
		(U3E1\G10000 to)			
		read error			
		Direct specification 64			
		bit Multiple CPU area			
16373	_	device for CPU No.2			
		(U3E1\G10000 to)			
		read error			
		Direct specification 16			
		bit Multiple CPU area			
16374	_	device for CPU No.3			
		(U3E2\G10000 to)			
		read error			
		Direct specification 32			
		bit Multiple CPU area			
16375	_	device for CPU No.3			
		(U3E2\G10000 to)			
		read error			

Error	Details		Error factor	Error Processing	Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	LITOL TOUGSSING	
16376	_	Direct specification 64 bit Multiple CPU area device for CPU No.3 (U3E2\G10000 to) read error			
16377	_	Direct specification 16 bit Multiple CPU area device for CPU No.4 (U3E3\G10000 to) read error	Multiple CPU area device number is outside		Correct the program so that Multiple CPU
16378	_	Direct specification 32 bit Multiple CPU area device for CPU No.4 (U3E3\G10000 to) read error	the range that set by the parameter.		area device number is within the range set in the parameter.
16379	_	Direct specification 64 bit Multiple CPU area device for CPU No.4 (U3E3\G10000 to) read error			
16380	_	Signed 16-bit integer value conversion (SHORT) execution error	The (S) data is outside the signed 16-bit integer value range.		Correct the program so that the (S) data is within the signed 16-bit integer value range.
16381	_	Unsigned 16-bit integer value conversion (USHORT) execution error	The (S) data is outside the unsigned 16-bit integer value range.		Correct the program so that the (S) data is within the unsigned 16-bit integer value range.
16382	_	Signed 32-bit integer value conversion (LONG) execution error	The (S) data is outside the signed 32-bit integer value range.	The block processing on executing is stopped and the next	Correct the program so that the (S) data is within the signed 32-bit integer value range.
16383	_	Unsigned 32-bit integer value conversion (ULONG) execution error	The (S) data is outside the unsigned 32-bit integer value range.	block is executed.	Correct the program so that the (S) data is within the signed 32-bit integer value range.
16386	_	32-bit →64-bit floating- point type data conversion (DFLT) execution error	The (S) data is not a valid 32-bit floating- point type.		Correct the program so that the (S) data is valid as a 32-bit floating-point type.
16387	_	64-bit →32-bit floating- point type data conversion (SFLT) execution error	The (S) data is not in a valid 64-bit floating- point type. Or the converted value exceeded the 32-bit floating-point type range.		Correct the program so that the (S) data is valid as a 64-bit floating-point type and the converted value is within the range of 32-bit floating-point type.
16398	_	Tangent (TAN) execution error	(S) is 90+(180*n). (n is an integer)		Correct the program so that (S) is not 90+(180*n). (n is an integer)
16399		Arcsine (ASIN) execution error			Correct the program so that (S) is within the
16400	_	Arccosine (ACOS) execution error	(S) is outside the range of -1.0 to 1.0.		range of -1.0 to 1.0.
16402	-	Square root (SQRT) execution error	(S) is a negative number.		Correct the program so that (S) is a positive number.
16403	_	BCD →BIN conversion (BIN) execution error	Any digit of (S) has a value other than 0 to 9.		Correct the program so that each digit of (S) is 0 to 9.
16404	_	BIN →BCD conversion (BCD) execution error	The (S) value is outside the range where BIN data can be converted into BCD data.		Correct the program so that the (S) value is within the range.
16405	_	Natural logarithm (LN) execution error	(S) is 0 or a negative number.		Correct the program so that (S) is a positive number.
16407	_	Absolute value (ABS) execution error	The value of (S) is outside the range of the absolute value conversion.		Correct the program so that the (S) value is within the range.

Error	Details		Error factor		
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
16412	_	16-bit integer type scaling (SCL) execution error	 (S1) is outside the range of 0 to 3. The device number of (S3) is odd- numbered. (S3) to (S3) + (2N + 1) is outside the device range. The number of points is outside the range of 2 to 4000. In the sequential search ((S1) is 0 or 1), the points corresponding to the input values (for positive conversion: X0 to XN- 1/for inverse conversion: Y0 to YN-1) are not in ascending order. The conversion results are outside the range of the data type (D). 	The block processing on executing is stopped and the next block is executed.	 Correct the program so that the (S1) is within the range of 0 to 3. Correct the program so that the (S3) is even-numbered device. Correct the program so that the devices from (S3) to (S3) + (2N + 1) are within the range. Correct the program so that the number of points is within the range of 2 to 4000. Correct the program so that the points corresponding to the input values (for positive conversion: X0 to XN-1/for inverse conversion: Y0 to YN-1) increases monotonically. Correct the program so that the conversion results are within the data type (D).
16413	_	32-bit integer type scaling (DSCL) execution error	 (S1) is outside the range of 0 to 3. The device numbers of (S2), (S3), and (D) are odd-numbered. (S3) to (S3) + (4N + 1) is outside the device range. The number of points is outside the range of 2 to 2000. In the sequential search ((S1) is 0 or 1), the points corresponding to the input values (for positive conversion: X0 to XN-1/for inverse conversion: Y0 to YN-1) are not in ascending order. The conversion results are outside the range of the data type (D). 		 Correct the program so that the (S1) is within the range of 0 to 3. Correct the program so that the (S2), (S3), and (D) are even-numbered devices. Correct the program so that the devices from (S3) to (S3) + (4N + 1) are within the range. Correct the program so that the number of points is within the range of 2 to 2000. Correct the program so that the points corresponding to the input values (for positive conversion: X0 to XN-1/for inverse conversion: Y0 to YN-1) increases monotonically. Correct the program so that the conversion results are within the data type (D).
	1		Cam No. specified by (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.		Correct the program so that the cam No. is within the range of 1 to 256.
	2		Cam data which No. is specified by (S1) does not exist in cam open area.		Correct the program to specify a cam No. in which cam data exists.
	3		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, the cam data first position specified by (S2) is outside the range of 1 to cam resolution. In the coordinate data format cam, the cam data first position specified by (S2) is outside the range of 0 to (coordinate number - 1). 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to cam resolution. In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 0 to (coordinate number - 1).
16414	4	Cam data read (CAMRD) execution error	 In the stroke ratio data format cam, cam data operation points is outside the range of 1 to 4096. In the coordinate data format cam, cam data operation points is outside the range of 1 to 2048. 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to 4096. In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to 2048.
	5		The end device number which stores the cam data is outside the range.		Correct the operation points so that the end device number which stores the cam data is within the range.
	6		The first number of the storage device for (D) cam data is not even-numbered.		Correct the program so that the device number is an even-numbered.
	7		Read the cam data with "Read/write protection" password set.	<u> </u>	Execute the cam data read operation after the password is disabled.

Error	Details		Error factor		Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
	1		Cam No. specified by (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.		Correct the program so that the cam No. is within the range of 1 to 256.
	2		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, the cam data first position specified by (S2) is outside the range of 1 to cam resolution. In the coordinate data format cam, the cam data first position specified by (S2) is outside the range of 0 to (coordinate number - 1). 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to cam resolution. In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 0 to (coordinate number - 1).
	3	 In the stroke ratio data format cam, cam data operation points is outside the range of 1 to 4096. In the coordinate data format cam, cam data operation points is outside the range of 1 to 2048. In the cam data write operation, set a first position and operation points that was outside the setting range for cam resolution or coordinate number. 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to 4096. In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to 2048. Correct the program to guarantee that "cam data first position + (cam data operation points - 1)" is not outside the range for cam resolution or coordinate number. 	
	4		The end device number which stores the cam data operation points specified by (n) is outside the range.		Correct the program so that the end device number which stores the cam data is within the range.
	5		The first number of the storage device for (S3) cam data is not even-numbered.	The block processing on executing is stopped and the next block is executed.	Correct the program so that the device number is an even-numbered.
	6		Cam data format specified by (S3) has been set other than 1 or 2.		Correct the program to set the value as 1 or 2 in the cam data format.
16415	7	Cam data write (CAMWR) execution error	 In the stroke ratio data format cam, the cam resolution has been set a value outside the range of "256/512/1024/2048/4096/8192/16384/32768". In the coordinate data format cam, the coordinate number has been set a value 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that the value is within the range of "256/512/1024/2048/4096/8192/ 16384/32768". In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that the value is within the
	8		outside the range of "2 to 16384". The cam data starting point is outside the range of 0 to (cam resolution - 1) in stroke ratio data format cam.		range of "2 to 16384". Correct the program so that the value is within the range of 0 to (cam resolution - 1).
	9		 There is not enough free area in cam storage area when write to cam data. It is impossible to write according to the free area. 		 Decrease the cam data number (cam number, cam resolution, coordinate number). Delete the cam data and write again.
	10		 There is not enough free area in cam open area when write to cam data. It is impossible to write according to the free area. 		Decrease the cam data number (cam number, cam resolution, coordinate number).
	11		 Coordinate data input value is negative value. Coordinate data input value is not "Xn < Xn+1". 		 Correct the setting value to set the input value of coordinate data above 0. Correct the setting value to set the input value of coordinate data as "Xn < Xn+1".
	12		Read the cam data with "Write protection" or "Read/write protection" password set.		Execute the cam data read operation after the password is disabled.
	13		Execute CAMWR instruction when writing cam data (CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction or CAMMK instruction) by Motion SFC program.		Correct the program to set the CAMWR instruction not execute when the cam data write flag (SM505) is ON.

Error	Details		Error factor	Error Processing	Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
	1	_	Cam No. specified by (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.		Correct the program so that the cam No. is within the range of 1 to 256.
	2		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, the cam data first position specified by (S2) is outside the range of 1 to cam resolution. In the coordinate data format cam, the cam data first position specified by (S2) is outside the range of 0 to (coordinate number - 1). 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to cam resolution. In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 0 to (coordinate number - 1).
	3	 In the stroke ratio data format cam, cam data operation points is outside the range of 1 to 4096. In the coordinate data format cam, cam data operation points is outside the range of 1 to 2048. In the cam data write operation, set a first position and operation points that was outside the setting range for cam resolution or coordinate number. 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to 4096. In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that it is within the range of 1 to 2048. Correct the program to guarantee that "cam data first position + (cam data operation points - 1)" is not outside the range for cam resolution or coordinate number. 	
	4		The end device number which stores the cam data operation points specified by (n) is outside the range.		Correct the program so that the end device number which stores the cam data is within the range.
	5		The first number of the storage device for (S3) cam data is not even-numbered.	The block processing on executing is stopped and the next block is executed.	Correct the program so that the device number is an even-numbered.
	6	Cam data write	Cam data format specified by (S3) has been set other than 1 or 2.		Correct the program to set the value as 1 or 2 in the cam data format.
16416	7	(Cam open area) (CAMWR2) execution error	 In the stroke ratio data format cam, the cam resolution has been set a value outside the range of "256/512/1024/2048/4096/8192/16384/32768". In the coordinate data format cam, the coordinate number has been set a value 		 In the stroke ratio data format cam, correct the program so that the value is within the range of "256/512/1024/2048/4096/8192/16384/32768". In the coordinate data format cam, correct the program so that the value is within the
	8		outside the range of "2 to 16384". The cam data starting point is outside the range of 0 to (cam resolution - 1) in stroke ratio data format cam.		range of "2 to 16384". Correct the program so that the value is within the range of 0 to (cam resolution - 1).
	9		 There is not enough free area in cam storage area when write to cam data. It is impossible to write according to the free area. 		 Decrease the cam data number (cam number, cam resolution, coordinate number). Delete the cam data and write again.
	10		 There area. There is not enough free area in cam open area when write to cam data. It is impossible to write according to the free area. 		Decrease the cam data number (cam number, cam resolution, coordinate number).
	11		 Coordinate data input value is negative value. Coordinate data input value is not "Xn < Xn+1". 		 Correct the setting value to set the input value of coordinate data above 0. Correct the setting value to set the input value of coordinate data as "Xn < Xn+1".
	12	Read the cam data with "Write protection" or "Read/write protection" password set.		Execute the cam data read operation after the password is disabled.	
	13		Execute CAMWR2 instruction when writing cam data (CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction or CAMMK instruction) by Motion SFC program.		Correct the program to set the CAMWR2 instruction not execute when the cam data write flag (SM505) is ON.

Error	Details		Error factor		
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
	1		Cam No. specified by (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.		Correct the program so that the cam No. is within the range of 1 to 256.
	2		Auto-generation type specified by (S2) has been set to a value that does not correspond to an auto-generation type.		Correct the program to specify a value that corresponds to an auto-generation type.
	3		 There is not enough free area in cam storage area. It is impossible to write according to the free area. 		 Decrease the cam data number (cam number, cam resolution, coordinate number). Delete the cam data and write again.
	4		 There is not enough free area in cam open area when write to cam data. It is impossible to write according to the free area. 		Decrease the cam data number (cam number, cam resolution, coordinate number).
	5		The end device number for auto-generation data which the first number of storage auto- generation data is specified by (S3) is outside the range.		Correct the program so that the end device number for auto-generation data is within the setting range.
	6		The first number of the storage device for (S3) auto-generation data is not even- numbered.	The block processing on executing is stopped and the next block is executed.	Correct the program so that the device number is an even-numbered.
	7		Some data outside the range has been set in auto-generation data.		Correct the setting value of auto-generation data within the setting range.
16417	8	Cam auto-generation (CAMMK) execution error	For the cam rotary cutter, a value has been set as sheet synchronization width ≥ sheet length in the auto-generation parameter.		Review the value of auto-generation parameter so sheet synchronization width < sheet length.
	9		For the cam rotary cutter, asynchronous speed will be reduced when the auto- generate data is set as synchronous axis length (synchronous axis diameter $\times \pi$) < sheet length.		Review the setting value for auto-generation data so that the asynchronous speed cannot be reduced.
	10		For the cam rotary cutter, asynchronous speed is 655.35 times or larger than synchronous speed by auto-generation data.		Review the setting value of auto-generation data so that the asynchronous speed is not higher than 655.35 times the synchronous speed.
	11		Execute cam auto-generation when "Write protection" or "Read/write protection" of cam data is set with password.		Execute the auto-generation operation after the password is disabled.
	12	_	Execute CAMMK instruction when writing cam data (CAMWR instruction, CAMWR2 instruction or CAMMK instruction) by Motion SFC program.		Correct the program to set the CAMMK instruction not execute when the cam data write flag (SM505) is ON.
	20		For the easy stroke ratio cam, the end points for each section are not in ascending order.		Set a value for each end point that is larger than the previous end point.
	21		For the easy stroke ratio cam, the end point of the final section is less than the cam axis length per cycle.		Set the end point of the final section as the cam axis length per cycle.

Error	Details		Error factor	Error Dropping	Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
	1		Cam No. specified by (S1) is outside the range of 1 to 256.		Correct the program so that the cam No. is within the range of 1 to 256.
	2		Cam data which No. is specified by (S1) does not exist in cam open area.		Correct the program to specify a cam No. in which cam data exists.
	3		The end device number for cam position calculation control data which the first number of storage cam position calculation control data is specified by (S2) is outside the range.		Correct the program so that the end device number for cam position calculation control data is within the setting range.
	4		The first number of the storage device for cam position calculation control data specified by (S2) is not even-numbered.		Correct the program so that the device number is an even-numbered.
	5	Cam position	Cam position calculation type specified by cam position calculation data has been set other than 0 or 1.		Correct the program to set the cam position calculation type to 0 or 1.
16418	6	calculation (CAMPSCL)	Cam axis length per cycle is outside the range of 1 to 2147483647.		Set the value within the range of 1 to 2147483647.
	7	execution error	Cam axis current value per cycle is outside the range of 0 to (Cam axis length per cycle).		Set the value within the range of 0 to cam axis length per cycle.
	8		The device No. which stores the result of cam position calculation specified by (D) is outside the range.	The block processing on executing is stopped and the next block is executed.	Correct the program so that the device number is within the range.
	9		Odd-numbered device has been set in the device No. which stores the result of cam position calculation specified by (D).		Correct the program so that the device number is an even-numbered.
	10		Cam axis current value per cycle cannot be calculated for those axes.		To control into the reciprocated cam pattern stroke, set the cam stroke amount of cam position calculation control data, cam reference position and cam axis current feed value.
16420		Write device data to CPU shared memory of the self CPU (MULTW) execution error	 Number of words (n) to be written is outside the range of 1 to 256. The CPU shared memory address (D) of self CPU of the writing destination device is outside the range (800H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address. The CPU shared memory address. The CPU of the writing destination device + number of words (n) to be written is outside the range (800H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address. Start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is outside the device range. MULTW instruction was executed again before MULTW instruction is executed and complete bit device is turned on. (D1) is a write-disabled device. (S) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1). 		 Correct the program so that the number of words (n) to be written is within the range of 1 to 256. Correct the program so that the CPU shared memory address (D) of self CPU of the writing destination is within the range of CPU shared memory address. Correct the program so that the CPU shared memory address. Correct the program so that the CPU shared memory address (D) of self CPU of the writing destination + number of words (n) to be written is within the range of CPU shared memory address. Correct the program so that start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is within the device range. Execute MULTW instruction again after the complete bit device of MULTW instruction is turned on. Correct the program to set a write-enabled device at (D1). When (S) is a bit device, do not set PX/PY.

Error	Details		Error factor	Error Processing	Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Conective Action
16421		Read device data from CPU shared memory (MULTR) execution error	 Number of words (n) to be read is outside the range of 1 to 256. The CPU shared memory first address (S2) of the data which it will be read is outside the range (000H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address. The CPU shared memory first address (S2) of the data which it will be read + number of words (n) to be read is outside the range (000H to FFFH) of the CPU shared memory address. Start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is outside the device range. Except 3E0H/3E1H/3E2H/3E3H is set at (S1). The CPU which reads is resetting. The errors are detected in the CPU which read. (D) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1). 		 Correct the program so that the number of words (n) to be read is within the range of 1 to 256. Correct the program so that the CPU shared memory first address (S2) of the data which it will be read is within the device range of CPU shared memory address. Correct the program so that the CPU shared memory first address (S2) of the data which it will be read + number of words (n) to be read is within the range of CPU shared memory address. Correct the program so that the CPU shared memory first address (S2) of the data which it will be read + number of words (n) to be read is within the range of CPU shared memory address. Correct the program so that start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is within the device range. Correct the program so that 3E0H/3E1H/3E2H/3E3H is set at (S1). Check that the resetting flag (SM240 to SM243) is OFF, then correct the program to execute the MULTR instruction. If the errors are detected in the CPU which read, exchange the CPU. When (D) is a bit device, set the device number to be multiple of 16. When (D) is a bit device, do not set PX/PY.
16422	_	Write device data to intelligent function module (TO) execution error	 Number of words (n) to be written is outside the range of 1 to 256. Motion CPU cannot communicate with intelligent function module at the instruction execution. Abnormalities of the intelligent function module were detected at the instruction execution. I/O No.s specified with (D1) differ from the intelligent function module controlled by the self CPU. The address specified with (D2) is outside the buffer memory range. Start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is outside the device range. (S) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. 	The block processing in execution is stopped and the next block is executed.	 • Correct the program so that the number of words (n) to be written is within the range of 1 to 256. • Replace the intelligent function module if there is a fault. • Correct the program so that the first I/O No.s specified with (D1) is intelligent function module controlled by the self CPU. • Correct the program so that the address specified with (D2) is within the buffer memory range. • Correct the program so that start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is within the device range. • When (S) is a bit device, set the device number to be multiple of 16. • When (S) is a bit device, do not set PX/PY.
16423		Read device data from intelligent function module (FROM) execution error	 PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1). Number of words (n) to be read is outside the range of 1 to 256. Motion CPU cannot communicate with intelligent function module at the instruction execution. Abnormalities of the intelligent function module were detected at the instruction execution. I/O No.s specified with (S1) differ from the intelligent function module controlled by the self CPU. The address specified with (S2) is outside the range buffer memory. Start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is outside the device range. (D) is a bit device and the device number is not a multiple of 16. 		 Correct the program so that the number of words (n) to be read is within the range of 1 to 256. Replace the intelligent function module if there is a fault. Correct the program so that the first I/O No.s specified with (S1) is intelligent function module controlled by the self CPU. Correct the program so that the address specified with (S2) is within the buffer memory range. Correct the program so that start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words(n) to be read is within the device range. When (D) is a bit device, set the device number to be multiple of 16.

Error	Details		Error factor			
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action	
16424	_	Write buffer memory data to head module (RTO) execution error	 Number of words (n) to be written is outside the range 1 to 240. The SSCNETII/H head module axis No. specified with (D1) is outside the range 1 to 8. The SSCNETII/H head module is not connected at the instruction execution. Start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is outside the device range. (S) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16. PX/PY is set in (S) to (S)+(n-1). RTO instruction was executed again before RTO instruction is executed and complete bit is turned on. 	The block processing in execution is stopped and the next block is executed.	 Correct the program so that number of words (n) to be written is within the range 1 to 240. Correct the program so that the SSCNETI/H head module axis No. specified with (D1) is within the range 1 to 8. Connect the SSCNETI/H head module. Correct the program so that start device No. (S) which writing data are stored + number of words (n) to be written is within the device range. When (S) is a bit device, set the device number to be multiple of 16. When (S) is a bit device, do not set PX/PY. Execute RTO instruction again after the complete bit of RTO instruction is turned on. 	
16425	_	Read buffer memory data from head module (RFROM) execution error	 Number of words (n) to be read is outside the range 1 to 240. The SSCNETIL/H head module axis No. specified with (S1) is outside the range 1 to 8. The SSCNETIL/H head module is not connected at the instruction execution. Start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is outside the device range. (D) is a bit device and device number is not a multiple of 16. PX/PY is set in (D) to (D)+(n-1). RFROM instruction was executed again before RFROM instruction is executed and complete bit is turned on. 		 Correct the program so that number of words (n) to be read is within the range 1 to 240. Correct the program so that the SSCNETIL/H head module axis No. specified with (S1) is within the range 1 to 8. Connect the SSCNETIL/H head module. Correct the program so that start device No. (D) which stores the reading data + number of words (n) to be read is within the device range. When (D) is a bit device, set the device number to be multiple of 16. When (D) is a bit device, do not set PX/PY. Execute RFROM instruction again after the complete bit of RFROM instruction is turned 	
16441	_	Indirect specified 16- bit SD(SD(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range.		on.	
16442	_	Indirect specified 32- bit SD(SD(n)L) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside			
16443	_	Indirect specified 64- bit SD(SD(n)F) read error	the range or an odd number.			
16462	_	Indirect specified 16- bit motion register (#(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range.		Correct the program so that the indirectly	
16463	_	Indirect specified 32- bit motion register (#(n)L) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside		specified device No. is proper.	
16464	_	Indirect specified 64- bit motion register (#(n)F) read error	the range or an odd number.			
16465	_	Indirect specified 16- bit data register (D(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range.			
16466	_	Indirect specified 32- bit data register (D(n)L) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range or an odd number.			

Error	Details		Error factor	Error Processing	Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Endi Processing	Conective Action
16467	_	Indirect specified 64- bit data register (D(n)F) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range or an odd number.		
16468	_	Indirect specified 16- bit link register (W(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range.		
16469	_	Indirect specified 32- bit link register (W(n)L) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside		Correct the program so that the indirectly specified device No. is proper.
16470	_	Indirect specified 64- bit link register (W(n):F) read error	the range or an odd number.		
16475	_	Indirect specified SM(SM(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range.		
16482	_	Direct specified Multiple CPU area device bit specified for CPU No.1 (U3E0\G10000.0 to) read error	Multiple CPU area device number is outside the range set in the parameter.		
16483	_	Direct specified Multiple CPU area device bit specified for CPU No.2 (U3E1\G10000.0 to) read error			Correct the program so that Multiple CPU
16484	_	Direct specified Multiple CPU area device bit specified for CPU No.3 (U3E2\G10000.0 to) read error	Multiple CPU area device number is outside the range set in the parameter.	The block processing in execution is	area device number is within the range set the parameter.
16485	_	Direct specified Multiple CPU area device bit specified for CPU No.4 (U3E3\G10000.0 to) read error		stopped and the next block is executed.	
16486	_	Indirect specified input relay (X(n)) read error			
16487	_	Indirect specified output relay (Y(n)) read error			
16488	_	Indirect specified internal relay (M(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range.		
16489		Indirect specified link relay (B(n)) read error			
16490	_	Annunciator (F(n)) read error			Correct the program so that the indirectly
16516	_	Indirect specified 16- bit batch input relay (X(n)) read error			specified device No. is proper.
16517	_	Indirect specified 32- bit batch input relay (X(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is		
16518	_	Indirect specified 16- bit batch output relay (Y(n)) read error	outside the range or is not a multiple of 16.		
16519	_	Indirect specified 32- bit batch output relay (Y(n)) read error			

Error	Details		Error factor		Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
16520	_	Indirect specified 16- bit batch internal relay (M(n)) read error			
16521	_	Indirect specified 32- bit batch internal relay (M(n)) read error			
16522	_	Indirect specified 16- bit batch internal/latch relay (B(n)) read error			
16523	_	Indirect specified 32- bit batch internal/latch relay (B(n)) read error	The indirectly specified device No. is outside the range or is not a multiple of 16.	The block processing in execution is stopped and the next block is executed.	Correct the program so that the indirectly specified device No. is proper.
16524	_	Indirect specified 16- bit batch annunciator (F(n)) read error			
16525	_	Indirect specified 32- bit batch annunciator (F(n)) read error			
16538	_	Indirect specified 16- bit batch SM(SM(n)) read error			
16539	_	Indirect specified 32- bit batch SM(SM(n)) read error			

12.4 Motion SFC Parameter Errors

Motion SFC parameters are checked using MT Developer2.

(1) Leading edge of PLC ready flag (M2000) errors (17000 to 17009)

Error	Details		Error factor		Corrective Action
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
17000	_	Normal task consecutive transition count error	The normal task's consecutive transition count of the Motion SFC program started by the normal task is outside the range 1 to 30.	The initial value of 3 is used for control.	
17001	_	Event task consecutive transition count error	The set number of consecutive transitions of the Motion SFC program started by the event task is outside the range 1 to 10.	The initial value of 1	Turn PLC ready flag (M2000) OFF, make correction to set the value within the range, and write it to the CPU.
17002	_	NMI task consecutive transition count error	The set number of consecutive transitions of the Motion SFC program started by the NMI task is outside the range 1 to 10.	is used for control.	
17003	_	Motion SFC parameter unregistered error	Motion SFC parameter is not written or parameter is corrupted.	The initial value of Motion SFC parameter is used for control.	Turn PLC ready flag (M2000) OFF and write the Motion SFC parameter.
17004	_	Event task operation cycle setting error	The fixed cycle task 0.2ms is set when the operation cycle setting is 0.4ms or more.	The specified Motion SFC program does not start.	Turn PLC ready flag (M2000) OFF, set the operation cycle setting to 0.2ms or correct the timing of the fixed cycle task to 0.4ms or more, and write the value to the CPU.

(2) SFC Program start errors (17010 to 17019)

Error	Details		Error factor	·	Ormanting Artists
code	code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action
17010	_	Executed task setting is illegal	Executed task setting is illegal		Turn PLC ready flag (M2000) OFF, make correction, and write a correct value to the
		is illegal		for control.	CPU.

12.5 Vision System Errors

Error code		Error factor	Error Processing	Corrective Action
	Name	Description	Endernocessing	Conective Action
18000	Argument range error	 Any of the specified argument in the instruction is outside the range. The indirectly specified device No. of the specified argument in the instruction is outside the range or the device No. of 32-bit type or 64-bit type is odd-numbered. 	The block processing in	 Check the argument value and correct the program so that the value is within the range. Correct the program so that the indirectly specified device No. is proper.
18001	Double open error	MVOPEN instruction was executed to the logged on vision system.	execution is stopped and the next block is executed.	Review the conditions to execute the MVOPEN instruction and correct the program.
18002	Unopen error	The instruction is executed to the vision system which is not logged on.		Correct the program to execute the instruction after confirming the logon by the MVOPEN instruction has been completed normally.
18003	Open error	The communication line with the vision system cannot be opened.		Check the connection of the Ethernet cable. Correct the IP address and the port No. of the Ethernet communication line setting to the same setting as the connected vision system. Correct the user name and the password
18007	Log on error	The user name or password for logging on the vision system is in error.		of the Ethernet communication line setting to the same setting as the connected vision system.
18008	Communication error	 The communication with the vision system is disconnected. The communication is shut off by the MVCLOSE instruction during command execution. The TCP/IP port cannot be opened. 		 Check the connection of the Ethernet cable. Correct the program to execute the MVCLOSE instruction after the instruction is completed. Correct the TCP/IP port No. of the Ethernet communication line setting to the same No. as the TCP/IP protocol setting of the connected vision system. For not using the TCP/IP protocol, delete the TCP/IP port No.
18010	No vision program	The specified vision program (job) does not exist in the vision system.	Keep executing Motion	For the vision program name of the vision program operation setting, specify the job name existing in the vision system.
18011	Read value error	Data in the read value cell is not an integer value.	SFC.	Check that the cell/tag contents specified in the read value cell of the vision program operation setting are integer. To read the floating-point type data, correct the program to use the TCP/IP protocol or the MVIN instruction.
18012	Execute timeout	Execution of the vision system dedicated function does not finish within the specified time.		Review the time-out period specified by the vision system dedicated function and correct the program.
18013	Trigger response timeout	There is no response for the image request within the specified time.		 Review the time-out period specified by the vision system dedicated function and correct the program. Check if there is an execution error of job in the vision system side by In-Sight[®] Explorer and correct the job.
18014	Offline error	The vision system is in the "Offline" status.		Set the vision system in "Online" status by In-Sight [®] Explorer.
18015	Control authority error	User authorities to control the vision system are not enough.		For the user name which can be specified by the Ethernet communication line setting, specify the user whose access level is "Full access" or "Protect" in the user list setting of In-Sight [®] Explorer. Also, for "Protect", "Online/Offline switching available" needs to be valid.

E-man and a		Error factor		Corrective Action	
Error code	Name	Description	Error Processing	Corrective Action	
18016	Vision system No. error	There is no Ethernet communication line setting corresponding to the specified vision system No.		Correct the program to use the vision system No. which has the Ethernet communication line setting.	
18018	Double start error	The vision system dedicated function is already being executed for the same vision system.	The block processing in execution is stopped and	Correct the program to execute the following vision system dedicated function after confirming the status storage device of the vision system not in "In execution".	
18019	Vision program load incomplete error	Trigger is issued before the vision program is loaded.	the next block is executed.	Correct the program to issue a trigger after confirming the status storage device of the vision program has become "1".	
18020	Native mode command send error	Send command character string specified in (S2) of the MVCOM instruction are outside the range of 1 to 191 bytes.		Correct the program to make the length of the send command character string specified in (S2) from 1 to 191 bytes.	
18021	Native mode command reception error	The data length received by the MVCOM exceeds 256 bytes. Or the storage device space specified in (D) is insufficient.	Keep executing Motion SFC.	 Do not use the native mode command where the data length of the result exceeds 256 bytes. When the data length of the result is within 256 bytes, correct the device No. of (D). 	
		The character string length of cell/tag name specified in (S2) of the MVIN/MVOUT instruction is outside the range of 1 to 32 bytes.	The block processing in execution is stopped and the next block is executed.	 Correct the program to make the length of the cell/tag name specified in (S2) from 1 to 32 bytes. 	
18022	Cell/tag name error	The cell/tag specified in (S2) of the MVIN/MVOUT instruction does not exist in the vision system. Or the data type of the cell/tag specified in (S2) of the MVOUT instruction and the transfer data type/range specified in (S3) do not match.	Keep executing Motion SFC.	 Check that the cell/tag specified in (S2) is defined in the vision system side. Correct the program so that the data type and data range of (S3) match the vision system side at MVOUT instruction. 	
18023	Received data conversion error	 Data received by the MVIN instruction cannot be recognized as numeric data. At the BIN conversion mode of the MVCOM instruction, received data cannot be recognized as numeric data. 	56.	To acquire the data other than numerical value (string, etc.), specify "0: ASCII" to (S3) of the MVCOM instruction or correct the program to use the MC protocol.	
18024	Transferred data error	The transferred data specified by the MVOUT instruction (S3) is incorrect.	The block processing in execution is stopped and the next block is executed.	When the floating point type is specified in the data of (S3), correct the program so that the data is within the range of the 32- bit floating point type.	

APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 Processing Times

The processing time for the individual instructions are shown below. Operation processing times can vary substantially depending on the nature of the source and destinations of the instructions, and the values contained in the following tables should therefore be taken as a set of general guidelines to processing time rather than as being strictly accurate.

APPENDIX 1.1 Processing time of operation control/Transition instruction

Processing time of operation instructions

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
			#0=#1	1.0	1.5
			D800=D801	1.0	1.5
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001	2.0	2.0
			#0L=#2L	1.5	1.5
	=	Substitution	D800L=D802L	1.5	1.5
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L	2.0	2.0
			#0F=#4F	4.5	2.0
			D800F=D804F	1.5	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F	2.5	3.0
	+		#0=#1+#2		
		Addition	D800=D801+D802	1.5	2.0
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001+U3E1\G10002	3.0	3.0
			#0L=#2L+#4L		0.5
Binary			D800L=D802L+D804L	2.0	2.5
operation			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L+U3E1\G10004L	2.5	3.5
			#0F=#4F+#8F		
			D800F=D804F+D808F	2.0	3.0
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F+U3E1\G10008F	4.0	4.5
			#0=#1-#2		
			D800=D801-D802	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001-U3E1\G10002	3.0	3.5
			#0L=#2L-#4L		
	-	Subtraction	D800L=D802L-D804L	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L-U3E1\G10004L	2.5	3.5
			#0F=#4F-#8F		
			D800F=D804F-D808F	2.0	3.0
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F-U3E1\G10008F	4.0	5.0

				, 	
Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1)
cations				Unit [µs]	Unit [µs]
			#0=#1*#2	1.5	2.5
			D800=D801*D802	1.5	2.5
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001*U3E1\G10002	3.0	4.0
			#0L=#2L*#4L	1.5	2.5
	*	Multiplication	D800L=D802L*D804L	1.5	2.5
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L*U3E1\G10004L	2.5	4.0
			#0F=#4F*#8F	2.0	3.5
			D800F=D804F*D808F	2.0	5.5
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F*U3E1\G10008F	3.5	5.0
			#0=#1/#2	2.0	2.5
			D800=D801/D802	2.0	2.5
Binary			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001/U3E1\G10002	3.0	3.5
operation			#0L=#2L/#4L	2.0	2.5
	/	Division	D800L=D802L/D804L	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L/U3E1\G10004L	3.0	3.5
			#0F=#4F/#8F	2.0	2.5
			D800F=D804F/D808F	2.0	3.5
			U3E1\G10000F=U3E1\G10004F/U3E1\G10008F	4.0	4.5
			#0=#1%#2	2.0	2.5
	%	% Remainder	D800=D801%D802	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001%U3E1\G10002	3.0	3.0
			#0L=#2L%#4L	2.0	2.5
			D800L=D802L%D804L	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L%U3E1\G10004L	3.0	3.5
	~		#0=~#1	1 5	1 5
			D800=~D801	1.5	1.5
		Bit inversion (complement)	U3E1\G10000=~U3E1\G10001	2.0	2.0
			#0L=~#2L	4.5	1.5
			D800L=~D802L	1.5	
			U3E1\G10000L=~U3E1\G10002L	2.0	2.5
			#0=#1	4.5	25
			D800=D801&D802	1.5	2.5
	0	Dit la via al AND	U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001&U3E1\G10002	3.0	3.5
	&	Bit logical AND	#0L=#2LL	2.0	2.0
			D800L=D802L&D804L	2.0	2.0
Dit en enstien			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L&U3E1\G10004L	2.5	3.5
Bit operation			#0=#1 #2		
			D800=D801 D802	2.0	2.0
		Dit la via al OD	U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001 U3E1\G10002	2.5	3.0
		Bit logical OR	#0L=#2L #4L	2.0	2.0
			D800L=D802L D804L	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L U3E1\G10004L	2.5	3.0
			#0=#1^#2	4.5	
			D800=D801^D802	1.5	2.0
			U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001^U3E1\G10002	3.0	3.0
	^	Bit exclusive OR	#0L=#2L^#4L		<u> </u>
			D800L=D802L^D804L	1.5	2.0
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L^U3E1\G10004L	3.0	3.0

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1)
				Unit [µs]	Unit [µs]
			#0=#1>>#2	1.5	2.5
			D800=D801>>D802		
	>>	Bit right shift	U3E1\G10000`=U3E1\G10001>>U3E1\G10002	2.5	3.5
		5	#0L=#2L>>#4L	2.0	2.5
			D800L=D802L>>D804L		
Bit operation			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L>>U3E1\G10004L	3.0	3.0
Bit oporation			#0=#1<<#2	2.0	2.0
			D800=D801< <d802< td=""><td>2.0</td><td>2.0</td></d802<>	2.0	2.0
	<<	Bit left shift	U3E1\G10000=U3E1\G10001< <u3e1\g10002< td=""><td>3.0</td><td>3.5</td></u3e1\g10002<>	3.0	3.5
			#0L=#2L<<#4L	2.0	2.0
			D800L=D802L< <d804l< td=""><td>2.0</td><td>2.0</td></d804l<>	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000L=U3E1\G10002L< <u3e1\g10004l< td=""><td>2.5</td><td>3.0</td></u3e1\g10004l<>	2.5	3.0
			#0=-#1	1.5	1.5
			D800=-D812	1.5	1.5
			U3E1\G10000=-U3E1\G10001	2.0	2.5
		o	#0L=-#2L	4.5	
Sign	-	Sign inversion	D800L=-D802L	1.5	2.0
		(complement of 2)	U3E1\G10000L=-U3E1\G10002L	2.0	2.5
			#0F=-#4F		
			D800F=-D804F	1.5	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=-U3E1\G10004F	2.5	3.0
	SIN	SIN Sine	#0F=SIN(#4F)	4.0	
			D800F=SIN(D804F)		4.5
			U3E1\G10000F=SIN(U3E1\G10004F)	5.0	5.5
	COS		#0F=COS(#4F)	3.0	010
		Cosine	D800F=COS(D804F)		4.5
			U3E1\G10000F=COS(U3E1\G10004F)	4.0	5.5
	TAN	I Tangent	#0F=TAN(#4F)	4.0	0.0
			D800F=TAN(D804F)	6.0	6.0
			U3E1\G10000F=TAN(U3E1\G10004F)	7.0	7.0
			#0F=ASIN(#4F)	1.0	1.0
	ASIN	Arcsine	D800F=ASIN(D804F)	9.0	12.5
	ASIN	AICSINE	U3E1\G1000F=ASIN(U3E1\G10004F)	10.5	14.5
				10.5	14.5
Standard	ACOS	Arccosine	#0F=ACOS(#4F) D800F=ACOS(D804F)	7.0	10.5
function	AC03	AICCOSINE		7.5	11 5
			U3E1\G10000F=ACOS(U3E1\G10004F)	7.5	11.5
	ATANI	Anoton mont	#0F=ATAN(#4F)	3.5	4.5
	ATAN	Arctangent	D800F=ATAN(D804F)	4.0	<u> </u>
			U3E1\G10000F=ATAN(U3E1\G10004F)	4.0	6.0
	OODT		#0F=SQRT(#4F)	1.5	2.5
	SQRT	Square root	D800F=SQRT(D804F)		0.5
			U3E1\G10000F=SQRT(U3E1\G10004F)	2.5	3.5
			#0F=LN(#4F)	4.5	5.5
	LN	Natural logarithm	D800F=LN(D804F)		
			U3E1\G10000F=LN(U3E1\G10004F)	5.5	5.5
		Exponential	#0F=EXP(#4F)	3.0	4.0
	EXP	operation	D800F=EXP(D804F)	3.0	4.0
			U3E1\G10000F=EXP(U3E1\G10004F)	4.0	4.5

Processing time of operation instructions (Continued)

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
	ABS	Absolute value	#0F=ABS(#4F) D800F=ABS(D804F)	1.5	2.0
	7,80		U3E1\G10000F=ABS(U3E1\G10004F)	2.5	3.0
			#0F=RND(#4F)	2.0	0.0
	RND	Round-off	D800F=RND(D804F)	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000F=RND(U3E1\G10004F)	3.0	3.5
			#0F=FIX(#4F)		
	FIX	Round-down	D800F=FIX(D804F)	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000F=FIX(U3E1\G10004F)	2.5	3.5
			#0F=FUP(#4F)		
	FUP	Round-up	D800F=FUP(D804F)	2.5	2.5
Standard			U3E1\G10000F=FUP(U3E1\G10004F)	3.0	3.5
function			#0=BIN(#1)		
			D800=BIN(D801)	1.5	2.0
		BCD→BIN	U3E1\G1000=BIN(U3E1\G10001)	2.5	2.5
	BIN	conversion	#0L=BIN(#2L)		
			D800L=BIN(D802L)	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000L=BIN(U3E1\G10002L)	2.5	3.0
			#0=BCD(#1)		
		BIN→BCD conversion	D800=BCD(D801)	2.0	2.0
	BCD		U3E1\G10000=BCD(U3E1\G10001)	2.5	3.0
			#0L=BCD(#2L)	2.5	0.5
			D800L=BCD(D802L)		2.5
			U3E1\G10000L=BCD(U3E1\G10002L)	3.0	3.5
			#0=SHORT(#2L)	2.0	2.0
			D800=SHORT(D802L)	2.0	2.0
	SHOPT	Converted into 16-	U3E1\G10000=SHORT(U3E1\G10002L)	2.5	2.5
	SHORT	bit integer type (signed)	#0=SHORT(#4F)	2.5	2.5
		(signed)	D800=SHORT(D804F)		2.5
			U3E1\G10000=SHORT(U3E1\G10004F)	3.0	3.5
			#0=USHORT(#2L)	2.0	2.0
		Converted into 16-	D800=USHORT(D802L)	2.0	2.0
	USHORT	bit integer type	U3E1\G10000=USHORT(U3E1\G10002L)	2.0	2.5
	0010101	(unsigned)	#0=USHORT(#4F)	2.0	2.5
		(4.10.9.104)	D800=USHORT(D804F)	2.0	2.0
Туре			U3E1\G10000=USHORT(U3E1\G10004F)	3.0	3.5
conversion			#0L=LONG(#2)	1.5	2.0
		Converted into 32-	D800L=LONG(D802)		
	LONG	bit integer type	U3E1\G10000L=LONG(U3E1\G10002)	2.0	2.5
		(signed)	#0L=LONG(#4F)	2.0	3.0
		, ,	D800L=LONG(D804F)		
			U3E1\G10000L=LONG(U3E1\G10004F)	3.0	3.5
			#0L=ULONG(#2)	2.0	2.0
		Converted into 32-	D800L=ULONG(D802)		
	ULONG	bit integer type	U3E1\G10000L=ULONG(U3E1\G10002)	2.0	2.5
		(unsigned)	#0L=ULONG(#4F) D800L=ULONG(D804F)	2.5	3.0
			U3E1\G10000L=ULONG(U3E1\G10004F)	3.0	4.0

Processing time of operation instructions (Continued)

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
FL			#0F=FLOAT(#4)	1.5	2.0
		Converted into 64-	D800F=FLOAT(D804)	1.5	2.0
	FLOAT	bit floating point	U3E1\G10000F=FLOAT(U3E1\G10004)	1.5	2.5
	FLOAT	type	#0F=FLOAT(#4L)	2.0	2.0
		(signed)	D800F=FLOAT(D804L)	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=FLOAT(U3E1\G10004L)	2.5	3.0
			#0F=UFLOAT(#4)	1.5	2.0
		Converted into 64-	D800F=UFLOAT(D804)	1.5	2.0
Туре	UFLOAT	bit floating point	U3E1\G10000F=UFLOAT(U3E1\G10004)	2.0	2.5
conversion	OI LOAT	type	#0F=UFLOAT(#4L)	1.5	2.0
		(unsigned)	D800F=UFLOAT(D804L)	1.5	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F=UFLOAT(U3E1\G10004L)	2.0	2.5
		Floating-point value	#0F=DFLT(#4L)	2.0	3.5
	DFLT	conversion 32-bit	D2000F=DFLT(D2004L)	2.0	0.0
		into 64-bit	U3E1\G10000F=DFLT(U3E1\G10004L)	2.0	3.5
		Floating-point value	#0L=SFLT(#2F)	2.5	2.5
	SFLT	conversion 64-bit	D2000L=SFLT(D2002F)	2.5	3.5
		into 32-bit	U3E1\G10000L=SFLT(U3E1\G10002F)	3.0	3.5
		ON (normally open contact) (Completion of condition)	SET M1000 = M0	2.5	
	(None)		SET M1000 = X100		3.0
			SET M1000 = PX0	5.0	5.0
Bit device			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000.0	3.5	3.5
status		OFF (normally closed contact)	SET M1000 = !M0	2.5	3.0
			SET M1000 = !X100		
	!	(Completion of	SET M1000 = !PX0	4.5	4.5
		condition)	SET M1000 = !U3E1\G10000.0	2.5	5.0
			SET M1000	2.0	0.5
	057		SET Y100		2.5
	SET	Device set	SET PY0	2.0	2.0
			SET U3E1\G11000.0	1.5	2.5
			RST M1000		0.5
	DOT	Device rest	RST Y100	2.0	2.5
	RST	Device reset	RST PY0	2.0	2.0
			RST U3E1\G11000.0	2.5	3.0
			DOUT M0,#0		
Bit device			DOUT Y100,#0	2.5	2.5
control	DOUT		DOUT PY0,#0	2.0	2.5
	DOUT	Device output	DOUT M0,#0L		
			DOUT Y100,#0L	3.5	3.5
			DOUT PY0,#0L	3.0	3.5
			DIN #0,M0		
			DIN #0,X0	2.0	2.5
			DIN #0,PX0	4.5	4.5
	DIN	Device input	DIN #0, 1 X0	1.0	
				2.5	3.0
			DIN #0L,X0	0.5	<u> </u>
			DIN #0L,PX0	6.5	9.0

Processing time of operation instructions (Continued)

		-			
Classifi-				Q173DSCPU/	Q173DCPU(-S1)
cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
				Unit [µs]	Unit [µs]
			OUT M100 = M0	2.0	2.5
Bit device	OUT	Bit device output	OUT Y0 = M0		
control			OUT PY0 = M0	2.0	2.5
			OUT U3E1\G10000.0 = M0	2.5	3.5
			SET M1000 = M0*M1	2.5	3.5
	*	Logical AND	SET M1000 = X100*X101		
		Logical / ITD	SET M1000 = PX0*PX1	6.0	6.5
Logical			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000.0*U3E1\G10000.1	2.5	3.5
operation			SET M1000 = M0+M1	2.5	3.5
	+	Logical OR	SET M1000 = X100+X101	2.0	0.0
			SET M1000 = PX0+PX1	6.5	9.0
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000.0+U3E1\G10000.1	2.5	3.5
			SET M1000 = #0==#1	2.5	3.5
			SET M1000 = D800==D801	2.5	5.5
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000==U3E1\G10001	3.5	4.5
		Equal to	SET M1000 = #0L==#2L		1.0
	==	(Completion of	SET M1000 = D800L==D802L	2.5	4.0
		condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L==U3E1\G10002L	3.5	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0F==#4F		4.5
			SET M1000 = D800F==D804F	3.0	4.5
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F==U3E1\G10004F	4.5	6.0
	!=	Not equal to	SET M1000 = #0!=#1		
			SET M1000 = D800!=D801	2.5	4.0
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000!=U3E1\G10001	3.5	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0L!=#2L		
		(Completion of	SET M1000 = D800L!=D802L	3.0	4.0
		condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L!=U3E1\G10002L	3.0	4.5
		,	SET M1000 = #0F!=#4F		
			SET M1000 = D800F!=D804F	3.0	4.5
Comparison			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F!=U3E1\G10004F	4.5	6.0
operation			SET M1000 = #0<#1	1.0	0.0
oporation			SET M1000 = D800 <d801< td=""><td>3.0</td><td>4.0</td></d801<>	3.0	4.0
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000 <u3e1\g10001< td=""><td>4.0</td><td>4.5</td></u3e1\g10001<>	4.0	4.5
		Less than	SET M1000 = #0L<#2L	4.0	
	<	(Completion of	SET M1000 = D800L <d802l< td=""><td>3.5</td><td>4.0</td></d802l<>	3.5	4.0
		condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G1000L <u3e1\g10002l< td=""><td>4.0</td><td>4.5</td></u3e1\g10002l<>	4.0	4.5
		condition)	SET M1000 = #0F<#4F	4.0	4.5
			SET M1000 = D800F <d804f< td=""><td>3.5</td><td>4.5</td></d804f<>	3.5	4.5
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F <u3e1\g10004f< td=""><td>5.0</td><td>6.0</td></u3e1\g10004f<>	5.0	6.0
				5.0	0.0
			SET M1000 = #0<=#1	3.5	3.5
			SET M1000 = D800<=D801	A E	A E
		Less than or equal	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000<=U3E1\G10001	4.5	4.5
		to	SET M1000 = #0L<=#2L	3.5	4.0
	<=	(Completion of	SET M1000 = D800L<=D802L	1.0	
		condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L<=U3E1\G10002L	4.0	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0F<=#4F	3.5	4.5
			SET M1000 = D800F<=D804F		
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F<=U3E1\G10004F	5.0	6.0

Processing time of operation instructions (Continued)

i	1	<u> </u>		-	
Classifi-				Q173DSCPU/	Q173DCPU(-S1)/
cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
cations				Unit [µs]	Unit [µs]
			SET M1000 = #0>#1	3.0	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800>D801	3.0	4.0
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000>U3E1\G10001	4.5	4.5
		More than	SET M1000 = #0L>#2L	3.0	4.0
	>	(Completion of	SET M1000 = D800L>D802L	3.0	4.0
		condition)	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L>U3E1\G10002L	4.0	4.5
			SET M1000 = #0F>#4F	25	4.5
			SET M1000 = D800F>D804F	3.5	4.5
Comparison			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F>U3E1\G10004F	5.0	6.0
operation			SET M1000 = #0>=#1	0.5	4.0
			SET M1000 = D800>=D801	3.5	4.0
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000>=U3E1\G10001	4.5	4.5
		More than or equal	SET M1000 = #0L>=#2L	0.5	4.0
	>=	to	SET M1000 = D800L>=D802L	3.5	4.0
		(Completion of	SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000L>=U3E1\G10002L	4.0	5.0
		condition)	SET M1000 = #0F>=#4F		
			SET M1000 = D800F>=D804F	3.5	4.5
			SET M1000 = U3E1\G10000F>=U3E1\G10004F	5.0	6.0
	CHGV		CHGV(K1,#0)		
			CHGV(K1,D800)	3.0	3.5
		Speed change request	CHGV(K1,U3E1\G10000)	4.0	4.5
			CHGV(K1,#0L)		
			CHGV(K1,D800L)	3.0	3.5
			CHGV(K1,U3E1\G10000L)	3.5	3.5
			CHGVS(K1,#0)		/
		Command	CHGVS(K1,D800)	2.5	
		generation axis	CHGVS(K1,U3E1\G10000)	3.5	
	CHGVS	speed change	CHGVS(K1,#0L)		
		request	CHGVS(K1,D800L)	2.5	
		104000	CHGVS(K1,U3E1\G10000L)	3.5	
			CHGT(K1,#0)		
			CHGT(K1,D800)	1.5	2.0
Motion		Torque limit value	CHGT(K1,U3E1\G10000)	2.5	2.5
dedicated	CHGT	change request	CHGT(K1,#0L)		2.0
function			CHGT(K1,D800L)	2.0	2.5
			CHGT(K1,U3E1\G10000L)	2.5	3.0
			CHGT2(K1,#0,#1)	2.0	0.0
			CHGT2(K1,D800,D801)	2.0	
		Torque limit value	CHGT2(K1,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001)	3.0	
	CHGT2	individual change	CHGT2(K1,#0L,#2L)		
		request	CHGT2(K1, #6L, #2L)	2.5	
			CHGT2(K1,U3E1\G1000L,U3E1\G10002L)	3.5	
		1	CHGP(K1,K1,#0) ^(Note-1)	0.0	/
			CHGP(K1,K1,D800) ^(Note-1)	3.0	
		Target position	CHGP(K1,K1,U3E1\G10000) (Note-1)	4.0	
	CHGP	Target position change request	CHGP(K1,K1,#0) ^(Note-2)	4.0	
		Change request	CHGP(K1,K1,D800) ^(Note-2)	3.5	
			CHGP(K1,K1,U3E1\G10000) ^(Note-2)	5.0	/
		1		5.0	V

(Note-1): 1-axis linear positioning control (Note-2): 4-axes linear interpolation control

1	1				
Classifi-				Q173DSCPU/	Q173DCPU(-S1)/
cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
				Unit [µs]	Unit [µs]
	EI	Event task enable	El	0.5	0.5
	DI	Event task disable	DI	0.5	0.5
	NOP	No operation	NOP	0.5	0.5
			BMOV #0,#100,K10	4.5	5.5
			BMOV D800,D100,K10	1.0	0.0
			BMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K10	7.5	7.5
			BMOV #0,#100,K100	19.0	19.0
	BMOV	Block transfer	BMOV D800,D100,K100	19.0	19.0
			BMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K100	28.0	28.0
			BMOV N1,#0,K512	123.5	123.5
			BMOV N1,D800,K512	123.5	123.5
			BMOV N1,U3E1\G10000,K512	250.0	250.5
			FMOV #0,#100,K10	3.0	3.5
			FMOV D800,D100,K10	3.0	5.5
		Same data block	FMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K10	2.5	4.0
	FMOV	transfer	FMOV #0,#100,K100	7.5	7.5
			FMOV D800,D100,K100		
			FMOV U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10100,K100	2.5	5.0
	MULTW	Write device data to	MULTW H800,#0,K1,M0	4.0	4.0
			MULTW H800,D800,K1,M0	4.0	4.0
Othere			MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K1,M0	5.0	5.0
Others			MULTW H800,#0,K10,M0		<i></i>
			MULTW H800,D800,K10,M0	5.5	5.5
		CPU shared	MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K10,M0	9.5	9.5
		memory of the self	MULTW H800,#0,K100,M0	23.5	23.5
		CPU	MULTW H800,D800,K100,M0	23.5	
			MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K100,M0	61.0	61.0
			MULTW H800,#0,K256,M0	50.0	59.0
			MULTW H800,D800,K256,M0	58.0	58.0
			MULTW H800,U3E1\G10000,K256,M0	151.5	151.5
			MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K1	10.0	20 E
			MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K1	18.0	20.5
			MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K1	18.5	22.0
			MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K10	27.0	20 E
			MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K10	27.0	30.5
		Read device data	MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K10	27.5	31.5
	MULTR	from CPU shared	MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K100	120 5	140 5
		memory	MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K100	139.5	140.5
			MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K100	148.5	152.0
			MULTR #0,H3E0,H800,K256	200 5	440.0
			MULTR D800,H3E0,H800,K256	326.5	412.0
			MULTR U3E1\G10000,H3E0,H800,K256	350.0	435.0

Processing time of operation instructions (Continued)

Classifi-				Q173DSCPU/	Q173DCPU(-S1)/
cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q172DSCPU	Q172DCPU(-S1)
				Unit [µs]	Unit [µs]
			TO H0,H0,#0,K1	12.5	15.5
			TO H0,H0,D800,K1		
			TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K1	13.5	16.0
			ТО Н0,Н0,#0,К10	15.0	18.5
		Write device data to	TO H0,H0,D800,K10	10.0	10.0
	то	intelligent function	TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K10	19.0	22.0
	10	module	ТО Н0,Н0,#0,К100	80.0	84.0
		module	TO H0,H0,D800,K100	80.0	04.0
			TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K100	117.0	121.5
			TO H0,H0,#0,K256	101 5	004.0
			TO H0,H0,D800,K256	181.5	224.0
			TO H0,H0,U3E1\G10000,K256	277.0	358.5
			FROM #0,H0,H0,K1	44.0	44.5
			FROM D800,H0,H0,K1	11.0	14.5
			FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K1	12.5	16.5
			FROM #0,H0,#0,K10	20.0	22.5
		Read device data from intelligent function module	FROM D800,H0,H0,K10		
			FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K10	21.0	23.0
	FROM		FROM #0,H0,#0,K100		100.0
0.1			FROM D800,H0,H0,K100	132.0	132.0
Others			FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K100	141.0	144.5
			FROM #0,H0,H0,K256	319.5	
			FROM D800,H0,H0,K256		405.0
			FROM U3E1\G10000,H0,H0,K256	343.0	432.0
			RTO #4000,#4001,#4002,#0,K1,M0	(Noto 2)	
			RTO D2000,D2001,D2002,D800,K1,M0	5.0 ^(Note-3)	/
			RTO U3E1\G12000,U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,	(Noto 2)	/
			U3E1\G10000,K1,M0	7.5 ^(Note-3)	/
			RTO #4000,#4001,#4002,#0,K10,M0	(Noto 2)	/
			RTO D2000,D2001,D2002,D800,K10,M0	5.5 ^(Note-3)	
			RTO U3E1\G12000,U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,	(Note 2)	/
		Write buffer memory	U3E1\G10000,K10,M0	6.0 ^(Note-3)	
	RTO	data to head	RTO #4000,#4001,#4002,#0,K100,M0	(Noto 2)	
		module	RTO D2000,D2001,D2002,D800,K100,M0	5.5 ^(Note-3)	
			RTO U3E1\G12000,U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,	a = (Nata 2)	/
			U3E1\G10000,K100,M0	6.5 ^(Note-3)	/
			RTO #4000,#4001,#4002,#0,K240,M0	(A	/
			RTO D2000,D2001,D2002,D800,K240,M0	6.0 ^(Note-3)	/
			RTO U3E1\G12000,U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,	()	/
			U3E1\G10000,K240,M0	6.5 ^(Note-3)	/

(Note-3): This is the Motion CPU processing time, and does not include the time to complete data transfer.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [μs]
Others	RFROM	Read buffer memory data from head module	RFROM #0,#4000,#4001,#4002,K1,M0 RFROM D800,D2000,D2001,D2002,K1,M0	3.5 ^(Note-3)	
			RFROM U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12000, U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,K1,M0	7.0 ^(Note-3)	
			RFROM #0,#4000,#4001,#4002,K10,M0 RFROM D800,D2000,D2001,D2002,K10,M0	4.0 (Note-3)	
			RFROM U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12000, U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,K10,M0	5.0 ^(Note-3)	
			RFROM #0,#4000,#4001,#4002,K100,M0 RFROM D800,D2000,D2001,D2002,K100,M0	4.0 (Note-3)	
			RFROM U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12000, U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,K100,M0	5.0 ^(Note-3)	
			RFROM #0,#4000,#4001,#4002,K240,M0 RFROM D800,D2000,D2001,D2002,K240,M0	4.0 (Note-3)	
			RFROM U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12000, U3E1\G12001,U3E1\G12002,K240,M0	5.5 ^(Note-3)	
		Time to wait	TIME K1	2.5	2.5
	TIME		TIME #0 TIME D800	2.0	2.5
			TIME U3E1\G10000	3.5	3.5
	MVOPEN	Open line	MVOPEN K1,K1000	3.0	5.5
			MVOPEN #0,#1	4.5	7.0
			MVOPEN D2000,D2001		
			MVOPEN U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001	5.0	7.5
	MVLOAD	Load a program	MVLOAD K1,K1000	3.0	5.0
			MVLOAD #0,#1	3.5	
			MVLOAD D2000,D2001		5.5
			MVLOAD U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001	5.0	7.0
	MVTRG	Send an image acquisition trigger	MVTRG K1,K1000	1.5	4.5
Vision system			MVTRG #0,#1	3.0	5.0
dedicated function			MVTRG D2000,D2001		5.0
			MVTRG U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001	3.5	6.5
	MVPST	Start a program	MVPST K1,K1000	3.0	5.0
			MVPST #0,#1	4.5	6.5
			MVPST D2000,D2001		0.0
			MVPST U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001	5.0	6.5
	MVIN	'IN Input data	MVIN K1,"A1",#0L,K1000	4.0	7.5
			MVIN D2000,D2001,#0L,K1000 (Note-4)	7.0	11.5
			MVIN D2000,D2001,#0L,K1000 (Note-5)	12.5	17.5
			MVIN U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G100001, U3E1\G10020L,K1000 ^(Note-5)	35.0	39.5

(Note-3): This is the Motion CPU processing time, and does not include the time to complete data transfer.

(Note-4): (S2) in MVIN (S1), (S2), (D) and (S3) are set by 2 bytes character sequence.

(Note-5): (S2) in MVIN (S1), (S2), (D) and (S3) are set by 32 bytes character sequence.

r					
Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
		Output data	MVOUT K1,"A1",#0L,K1000	8.0	14.5
	MVOUT		MVOUT D2000,D2001,#0L,K1000 (Note-6)	15.0	22.0
			MVOUT D2000,D2001,#0L,K1000 (Note-7)	18.0	25.0
			MVOUT U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10020L,K1000 ^(Note-7)	41.5	48.0
	MVFIN	Reset a status storage device	MVFIN K1	2.0	3.0
			MVFIN #0		4.0
Vision system			MVFIN D2000	3.0	4.0
			MVFIN U3E1\G10000	3.0	4.0
dedicated function		Close line	MVCLOSE K1	129.5	176.0
Tunction			MVCLOSE #0	400.0	400.0
	MVCLOSE		MVCLOSE D2000	136.0	183.0
			MVCLOSE U3E1\G10000	129.5	184.5
		Send a command for native mode	MVCOM K1,"GO",#0,K0,K1000	7.0	9.5
	MVCOM		MVCOM D2000,D2001,#0,D2100,K1000 (Note-8)	12.0	13.5
			MVCOM D2000, D2001, #0, D2100, K1000 (Note-9)	56.5	64.5
			MVCOM U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G11000,U3E1\G10001,K1000 ^(Note-9)	183.0	191.5
Data control	SCL	SCL 16-bit integer type scaling	SCL K0,K2000,#0,#2002 ^(Note-10) SCL K0,K2000,D2000,D4002 ^(Note-10)	7.0	/
			SCL K0,K2000,D2000,D4002 (100 10) SCL K0,K2000,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12002 (Note-10)	15.5	
			SCL K0,K2000,#0,#2002 ^(Note-11) SCL K0,K2000,D2000,D4002 ^(Note-11)	37.0	
			SCL K0,K2000,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12002 (Note-11)	104.0	
			SCL K0,K2000,#0,#2002 (Note-12)	334.0	/
			SCL K0,K2000,D2000,D4002 (Note-12)		
			SCL K0,K2000,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12002 (Note-12)	1030.5	
			SCL K2,K1,#0,#2002 ^(Note-10) SCL K2,K1,D2000,D4002 ^(Note-10)	6.5	
			SCL K2,K1,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G12002 (Note-10)	12.0	

(Note-6): (S2) in MVOUT (S1), (S2), (S3) and (S4) are set by 2 bytes character sequence.

(Note-7): (S2) in MVOUT (S1), (S2), (S3) and (S4) are set by 32 bytes character sequence.

(Note-8): (S2) in MVCOM (S1), (S2), (D), (S3) and (S4) are set by 2 bytes character sequence.

(Note-9): (S2) in MVCOM (S1), (S2), (D), (S3) and (S4) are set by 191 bytes character sequence.

(Note-10): Number of searches of data conversion for scaling is 10 times.

(Note-11): Number of searches of data conversion for scaling is 100 times.

(Note-12): Number of searches of data conversion for scaling is 1000 times.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
Data control	DSCL	32-bit integer type scaling	DSCL K0,K2000L,#0,#4002L (Note-10)		/
			DSCL K0,K2000L,D2000,D6002L (Note-10)	7.5	/
			DSCL K0,K2000L,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G14002L (Note-10)	15.5	
			DSCL K0,K2000L,#0,#4002L (Note-11)	37.5	/
			DSCL K0,K2000L,D2000,D6002L (Note-11)		
			DSCL K0,K2000L,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G14002L (Note-11)	104.5	
			DSCL K0,K2000L,#0,#4002L (Note-12)	004.5	
			DSCL K0,K2000L,D2000,D6002L (Note-12)	334.5	/
			DSCL K0,K2000L,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G14002L (Note-12)	1031.5	
			DSCL K2,K1L,#0,#4002L (Note-10)	7.0	
			DSCL K2,K1L,D2000,D6002L (Note-10)	7.0	
			DSCL K2,K1L,U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G14002L (Note-10)	12.5	
Program control	IF - ELSE - IEND	E - Conditional branch control	IF #0 == #1 ^(Note-13) #2 = #3 ELSE #4 = #5 IEND IF D800 == D801 ^(Note-13) #2 = #3 ELSE #4 = #5 IEND	2.0	3.5
			IF U3E1\G10000 == U3E1\G10001 ^(Note-13) #2 = #3 ELSE #4 = #5 IEND	3.5	4.5
			IF #0 == #1 ^(Note-14) #2 = #3 ELSE #4 = #5 IEND IF D800 == D801 ^(Note-14) #2 = #3 ELSE #4 = #5 IEND IF U3E1\G10000 == U3E1\G10001 ^(Note-14) #2 = #3	2.0	3.5
			#2 = #3 ELSE #4 = #5 IEND	3.0	4.5

(Note-10): Number of searches of data conversion for scaling is 10 times.

(Note-11): Number of searches of data conversion for scaling is 100 times.

(Note-12): Number of searches of data conversion for scaling is 1000 times.

(Note-13): (S) in IF - ELSE - IEND are set by true data.

(Note-14): (S) in IF - ELSE - IEND are set by false data.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
Program CASE	SELECT -		SELECT ^(Note-15) CASE #0 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE #1 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SELECT ^(Note-15) CASE D800 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE D801 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SEND	2.0	4.0
	SEND contro	Selective branch control	SELECT ^(Note-15) CASE U3E1\G10000 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE U3E1\G10001 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SEND	2.5	4.5
			SELECT (Note-16) CASE #0 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE #1 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SEND	3.0	5.0

(Note-15): For SELECT - CASE(S1) - CEND CASE(S2) - CEND CELSE - CEND SEND, (S1) are set by true data.

(Note-16): For SELECT - CASE(S1) - CEND CASE(S2) - CEND CELSE - CEND SEND, (S1) are set by false data and (S2) are set by true data.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
			SELECT (Note-16) CASE D800 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE D801 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SEND	3.0	5.0
Program	SELECT -	Selective branch	SELECT ^(Note-16) CASE U3E1\G10000 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE U3E1\G10001 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SEND	4.0	6.0
control	CASE - SEND	control	SELECT (Note-17) CASE #0 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE #1 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SELECT (Note-17) CASE D800 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE D801 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CASE D801 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SEND	3.0	5.5

(Note-16): For SELECT - CASE(S1) - CEND CASE(S2) - CEND CELSE - CEND SEND, (S1) are set by false data and (S2) are set by true data.

(Note-17): For SELECT - CASE(S1) - CEND CASE(S2) - CEND CELSE - CEND SEND, (S1) and (S2) are set by false data.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]	
Program control	SELECT - CASE - SEND		SELECT ^(Note-17) CASE U3E1\G10000 == K1 #2 = #3 CEND CASE U3E1\G10001 == K1 #4 = #5 CEND CELSE #6 = #7 CEND SEND	4.0	6.5	
	FOR - Repeat control with NEXT specified count		FOR #0 = K1 TO 10 #1 = #1 + 1 NEXT FOR D800 = K1 TO 10 #1 = #1 + 1 NEXT	32.0	58.5	
			FOR U3E1\G10000 = K1 TO 10 #1 = #1 + 1 NEXT	41.0	71.0	
			CAMRD #0,#2L,K256,#4 ^(Note-18) CAMRD D2000,D2002L,K256,D2004 ^(Note-18)	28.0		
			CAMRD U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K256, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	24.0		
			CAMRD #0,#2L,K1024,#4 ^(Note-18) CAMRD D2000,D2002L,K1024,D2004 ^(Note-18)	88.0		
			CAMRD U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K1024, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	69.5	1 /	
			CAMRD #0,#2L,K2048,#4 ^(Note-18) CAMRD D2000,D2002L,K2048,D2004 ^(Note-18)	169.0		
Synchronous	Synchronous control dedicated function		CAMRD U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K2048, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	131.5		
dedicated		Cam data read	CAMRD #0,#2L,K256,#4 ^(Note-19) CAMRD D2000,D2002L,K256,D2004 ^(Note-19)	47.0		
Tunoton			CAMRD U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K256, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	38.5		
			CAMRD #0,#2L,K512,#4 ^(Note-19) CAMRD D2000,D2002L,K512,D2004 ^(Note-19)	87.5		
			CAMRD U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K512, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	69.0		
			CAMRD #0,#2L,K1024,#4 (Note-19)	168.0		
			CAMRD D2000,D2002L,K1024,D2004 ^(Note-19) CAMRD U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K1024, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	130.0		

(Note-17): For SELECT - CASE(S1) - CEND CASE(S2) - CEND CELSE - CEND SEND, (S1) and (S2) are set by false data.

(Note-18): The cam data is in the stroke ratio data format.

(Note-19): The cam data is in the coordinate data format.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1) Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
			CAMWR #0,#2L,K256,#4 (Note-18)	60 5	
			CAMWR D2000, D2002L, K256, D2004 (Note-18)	62.5	
			CAMWR U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K256, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	104.0	
			CAMWR #0,#2L,K1024,#4 (Note-18)	207.5	
			CAMWR D2000,D2002L,K1024,D2004 (Note-18)	207.5	
			CAMWR U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K1024, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	370.0	
			CAMWR #0,#2L,K2048,#4 (Note-18)	417.0	
			CAMWR D2000,D2002L,K2048,D2004 (Note-18)	417.0	. /
	CAMWR	Cam data write	CAMWR U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K2048, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	757.0	
	CAIVINK	Cam data white	CAMWR #0,#2L,K256,#4 (Note-19)	116.5	
			CAMWR D2000,D2002L,K256,D2004 (Note-19)	116.5	
			CAMWR U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K256, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	189.0	
			CAMWR #0,#2L,K512,#4 (Note-19)	221.5	
			CAMWR D2000,D2002L,K512,D2004 (Note-19)	221.5	
			CAMWR U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K512, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	375.0	
			CAMWR #0,#2L,K1024,#4 (Note-19)	447.0	
Synchronous control dedicated	CAMWR U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K1024 U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	CAMWR D2000, D2002L, K1024, D2004 (Note-19)	447.0		
		CAMWR U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K1024, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	776.0		
unction			CAMWR2 #0,#2L,K256,#4 (Note-18)	05.5	
			CAMWR2 D2000,D2002L,K256,D2004 (Note-18)	35.5	
			CAMWR2 U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K256, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	74.0	
			CAMWR2 #0,#2L,K1024,#4 (Note-18)	404.0	
			CAMWR2 D2000,D2002L,K1024,D2004 (Note-18)	121.0	
				CAMWR2 U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K1024, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	264.0
			CAMWR2 #0,#2L,K2048,#4 (Note-18)	040.5	
CAMWR2		CAMWR2 D2000,D2002L,K2048,D2004 (Note-18)	249.5		
	Cam data write (Cam open area)		CAMWR2 U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K2048, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-18)	536.0	
	,	CAMWR2 #0,#2L,K256,#4 (Note-19)		1 /	
		CAMWR2 D2000,D2002L,K256,D2004 (Note-19)	70.0		
	CAMWR2 U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)		CAMWR2 U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K256, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	143.0	
		CAMWR2 #0,#2L,K512,#4 (Note-19)	404.0] /	
		CAMWR2 D2000,D2002L,K512,D2004 (Note-19)	134.0] /	
			CAMWR2 U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K512, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	287.5	
			CAMWR2 #0,#2L,K1024,#4 (Note-19)	070 -]/
			CAMWR2 D2000,D2002L,K1024,D2004 (Note-19)	279.5	V

Dragoning time of oner	stion instructions (Continued)
Processing time of open	ation instructions (Continued)

(Note-18): The cam data is in the stroke ratio data format.

(Note-19): The cam data is in the coordinate data format.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
	CAMWR2	Cam data write (Cam open area)	CAMWR2 U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002L,K1024, U3E1\G10004 ^(Note-19)	565.5	
		,	CAMMK #0,#1,#2 (Note-20)		/
			CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 ^(Note-20)	192.5	/
			CAMMK U3E1\G1000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-20)	207.5	
			CAMMK #0,#1,#2 ^(Note-21)		
			CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 ^(Note-21)	5905.0	
			CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-21)	5908.5	
			CAMMK #0,#1,#2 (Note-22)		
			CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 (Note-22)	23753.5	
		CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3 U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-22)	CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001,	23755.5	
			CAMMK #0,#1,#2 ^(Note-23)		
Synchronous	I CAMMK Cam auto-		CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 ^(Note-23)	170.5	
control		Cam auto-	CAMMK U3E1\G1000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 (^{Note-23)}	187.5	
function		generation	CAMMK #0,#1,#2 (Note-24)		
		0	CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 (Note-24)	4662.5	
			CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-24)	4680.5	
			CAMMK #0,#1,#2 (Note-25)		
			CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 (Note-25)	19034.0	
			CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-25)	19060.0	
			CAMMK #0,#1,#2 (Note-26)		
			CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 (Note-26)	202.5	
			CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-26)	242.0	1/
			CAMMK #0,#1,#2 ^(Note-27)		
			CAMMK D2000,D2001,D2002 (Note-27)	4611.5	/
			CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-27)	4642.5	

(Note-19): The cam data is in the coordinate data format.

(Note-20): The cam resolution is 256, and the auto-generation option is set to the S-curve acceleration/deceleration system.

(Note-21): The cam resolution is 8192, and the auto-generation option is set to the S-curve acceleration/deceleration system.

(Note-22): The cam resolution is 32768, and the auto-generation option is set to the S-curve acceleration/deceleration system.

(Note-23): The cam auto-generation type is set to easy stroke ratio cam, 8 sections are set, the cam resolution is 256, the cam curve is distorted sine.

(Note-24): The cam auto-generation type is set to easy stroke ratio cam, 8 sections are set, the cam resolution is 8192, the cam curve is distorted sine.

(Note-25): The cam auto-generation type is set to easy stroke ratio cam, 8 sections are set, the cam resolution is 32768, the cam curve is distorted sine.

(Note-26): The cam auto-generation type is set to easy stroke ratio cam, 32 sections are set, the cam resolution is 256, the cam curve is distorted sine.

(Note-27): The cam auto-generation type is set to easy stroke ratio cam, 32 sections are set, the cam resolution is 8192, the cam curve is distorted sine.

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
			CAMMK #0,#1,#2 ^(Note-28)	18403.5	/
	CAMMK	Cam auto-	CAMMK D2000, D2001, D2002 (Note-28)	10403.5	/
	CAIVIIVIK	generation	CAMMK U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10001, U3E1\G10002 ^(Note-28)	18473.5	
			CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-29), (Note-31)		/
			CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-29), (Note-31)	6.5	
	ntrol dicated nction		CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-29), (Note-31)}	11.0	
		CAMPSCL Cam position calculation	CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-29), (Note-32)		
Synchronous control			CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-29), (Note-32)	6.5	
dedicated function			CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-29), (Note-32)}	9.0	
	OANN OOL		CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-29), (Note-33)		
			CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-29), (Note-33)	7.5	
			CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-29), (Note-33)}	11.0	
			CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-29), (Note-34)		
			CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-29), (Note-34)	7.0	
			CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-29), (Note-34)}	11.0	

(Note-28): The cam auto-generation type is set to easy stroke ratio cam, 32 sections are set, the cam resolution is 32768, the cam curve is distorted sine.

(Note-29): The cam position calculation type is set to the cam axis current feed value calculation.

(Note-30): The cam position calculation type is set to the cam axis current value per cycle calculation.

(Note-31): The cam data is in the stroke ratio data format, the cam resolution is 256, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (128).

(Note-32): The cam data is in the stroke ratio data format, the cam resolution is 8192, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (4096).

(Note-33): The cam data is in the coordinate data format, the coordinates number is 256, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (128).

(Note-34): The cam data is in the coordinate data format, the coordinates number is 8192, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (4096).

		î.		•	
Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
			CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-30), (Note-31)		
			CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-30), (Note-31)	27.5	/
			CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-30), (Note-31)}	32.5	
			CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-30), (Note-32)		/
			CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-30), (Note-32)	631.0	
Synchronous control		Cam position	CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-30), (Note-32)}	644.0	
dedicated	CAMPSCL	CL calculation	CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-30), (Note-33)		/
function			CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-30), (Note-33)	17.0	
			CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-30), (Note-33)}	22.5	
			CAMPSCL #0,#2,#14L (Note-30), (Note-34)		
		CAMPSCL D2000,D2002,D2014L (Note-30), (Note-34)	250.0		
			CAMPSCL U3E1\G10000,U3E1\G10002, U3E1\G10014L ^{(Note-30), (Note-34)}	327.0	

(Note-30): The cam position calculation type is set to the cam axis current value per cycle calculation.

(Note-31): The cam data is in the stroke ratio data format, the cam resolution is 256, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (128).

(Note-32): The cam data is in the stroke ratio data format, the cam resolution is 8192, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (4096).

(Note-33): The cam data is in the coordinate data format, the coordinates number is 256, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (128).

(Note-34): The cam data is in the coordinate data format, the coordinates number is 8192, and the calculation is performed with the midpoint (4096).

(2) Transition conditional expressions

Processing time of transition conditional expressions

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [μs]
		ON (Normally open contact)			1.0
	(None)	(Completion of	PX0	3.0	3.0
Bit device		condition)	U3E1\G10000.0	0.5	1.5
status		OFF (Normally	!M0	1.0	1.5
	!	closed contact)	!X100	1.0	1.5
	!	(Completion of	!PX0	3.0	3.5
		condition)	!U3E1\G10000.0	0.5	1.5
			M0*M1	1.5	2.0
	*	Logical AND	X100*X101	1.5	2.0
			PX0*PX1	5.0	5.5
Logical			U3E1\G10000.0*U3E1\G10000.1	1.5	2.5
operation			M0+M1	1.5	1.5
	+		X100+X101	1.5	1.5
	+	Logical OR	PX0+PX1	6.0	7.0
			U3E1\G10000.0+U3E1\G10000.1	1.5	2.5
			#0==#1	1.0	1.5
		Equal to (Completion of condition)	D800==D801	1.0	1.5
			U3E1\G10000==U3E1\G10001	1.5	2.5
==			#0L==#2L	4.5	2.0
	==		D800L==D802L	1.5	
			U3E1\G10000L==U3E1\G10002L	2.0	2.5
			#0F==#4F		25
			D800F==D804F	2.0	2.5
			U3E1\G10000F==U3E1\G10004F	3.0	4.0
			#0!=#1	4.5	1.5
			D800!=D801	1.5	
			U3E1\G10000!=U3E1\G10001	2.0	2.5
· ·		Not equal to	#0L!=#2L	4.5	1.5
Comparison operation	!=	(Completion of	D800L!=D802L	1.5	
operation		condition)	U3E1\G10000L!=U3E1\G10002L	1.5	2.5
			#0F!=#4F		2.0
			D800F!=D804F	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F!=U3E1\G10004F	3.0	3.5
			#0<#1	4.5	4.5
			D800 <d801< td=""><td>1.5</td><td>1.5</td></d801<>	1.5	1.5
			U3E1\G10000 <u3e1\g10001< td=""><td>2.5</td><td>2.5</td></u3e1\g10001<>	2.5	2.5
		Less than	#0L<#2L		2.0
	<	(Completion of	D800L <d802l< td=""><td>2.0</td><td>2.0</td></d802l<>	2.0	2.0
		condition)	U3E1\G10000L <u3e1\g10002l< td=""><td>2.5</td><td>2.5</td></u3e1\g10002l<>	2.5	2.5
			#0F<#4F		0.0
			D800F <d804f< td=""><td>2.0</td><td>2.0</td></d804f<>	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F <u3e1\g10004f< td=""><td>3.0</td><td>3.5</td></u3e1\g10004f<>	3.0	3.5

Classifi- cations	Symbol	Instruction	Operation expression	Q173DSCPU/ Q172DSCPU Unit [µs]	Q173DCPU(-S1)/ Q172DCPU(-S1) Unit [µs]
			#0<=#1	4.5	4.5
			D800<=D801	1.5	1.5
			U3E1\G10000<=U3E1\G10001	2.5	2.5
		Less than or equal	#0L<=#2L	1.5	1.5
	<=	to (Completion of	D800L<=D802L	1.5	1.5
		condition)	U3E1\G10000L<=U3E1\G10002L	2.0	2.5
		condition	#0F<=#4F		25
			D800<=D804F	2.5	2.5
			U3E1\G10000F<=U3E1\G10004F	3.0	3.5
		More than (Completion of condition)	#0>#1	4.5	4.5
			D800>D801	1.5	1.5
			U3E1\G10000>U3E1\G10001	2.0	2.5
0			#0L>#2L	1.5	1.5
Comparison	>		D800L>D802L	1.5	1.5
operation			U3E1\G10000L>U3E1\G10002L	2.0	2.5
			#0F>#4F		
			D800F>D804F	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F>U3E1\G10004F	3.0	3.5
			#0>=#1		
			D800>=D801	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000>=U3E1\G10001	2.5	2.5
>=		More than or equal	#0L>=#2L	4.5	4.5
	>=	to	D800L>=D802L	1.5	1.5
		(Completion of condition)	U3E1\G10000L>=U3E1\G10002L	2.5	2.5
		condition)	#0F>=#4F		
			D800F>=D804F	2.0	2.0
			U3E1\G10000F>=U3E1\G10004F	3.0	4.0

Processing time of transition conditional expressions (Continued)

	F alone	G alone	F+G	GSUB	CLR	JMP/coupling
	F	- G -	F G I	(Note) (Note) F END	(Note)	← P → P
Q173DSCPU Q172DSCPU [µs]	9.0	9.5	10.5	17.0	9.0	4.5
Q173DCPU(-S1) Q172DCPU(-S1)[µs]	14.0	13.5	15.5	22.0	14.5	4.5

(3) Processing time by the combination F and G (program described in F/G is NOP)

(Note): Varies greatly with the started or cleared program.

	Parallel branch (2 Pcs.)		Parallel branch (5 Pcs.)		
	At branch	At coupling	At branch	At coupling	
Q173DSCPU Q172DSCPU [µs]	16.5	15.0	22.0	22.0	
Q173DCPU(-S1) Q172DCPU(-S1)[µs]	23.0	18.5	49.0	32.5	

	Selective branch (2 Pcs.)	Selective branch (5 Pcs.)			
Q173DSCPU Q172DSCPU [µs]	33.5	37.5			
Q173DCPU(-S1) Q172DCPU(-S1)[µs]	48.0	55.0			

POINT

Long processing time may cause a Motion CPU WDT error or servo fault. Especially for the Motion SFC programs run by event/NMI tasks, take care so that the processing time will not be too long (the processing time will not exceed the operation cycle).

APPENDIX 1.2 Processing time of Motion dedicated PLC instruction

							g time [_µ s]		
Classifications	Symbol	Instruc	Q03UD(E)CPU ^(Note)	Q04UD(E)HCPU ^(Note) / Q06UD(E)HCPU ^(Note) / Q10UD(E)HCPU ^(Note) / Q13UD(E)HCPU ^(Note) / Q20UD(E)HCPU ^(Note) / Q26UD(E)HCPU ^(Note) / Q50UDEHCPU ^(Note) / Q100UDEHCPU ^(Note) /		Q03UDVCPU/ Q04UDVCPU/ Q06UDVCPU/ Q13UDVCPU/ Q26UDVCPU		
				Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
	D.SFCS		pecified Motion SFC program	62.0	95.0	60.0	94.0	31.0	66.0
	D.SVST	Start request of the s	pecified servo program	82.0	122.0	80.0	115.0	42.0	76.0
	D.CHGA	Current value change	82.0	122.0	80.0	115.0	42.0	76.0	
Multiple CPU high	D.CHGAS	Current value change command generation	82.0	122.0	80.0	115.0	42.0	76.0	
speed bus Motion	D.CHGV	Speed change reque	82.0	122.0	80.0	115.0	42.0	76.0	
dedicated instruction	D.CHGVS	Speed change reque generation axis	82.0	122.0	80.0	115.0	42.0	76.0	
	D.CHGT	Torque control value specified axis	82.0	122.0	80.0	115.0	42.0	76.0	
	D.CHGT2	Torque control value the specified axis	individual change request of	87.0	127.0	85.0	120.0	42.0	76.0
		Write device data of	Number of writing data = 1	82.0	133.0	80.0	130.0	34.0	82.0
Multiple CPU high	D.DDWR	the self CPU to the device of other CPU	Number of writing data = 16	91.0	142.0	89.0	139.0	37.0	84.0
speed bus other		Read device data of	Number of reading data = 1	82.0	133.0	80.0	130.0	34.0	81.0
CPU access instruction	D.DDRD	other CPU to the device of self CPU	Number of reading data = 16	82.0	133.0	80.0	130.0	34.0	81.0
	D.GINT	Execute request of an program	n event task of Motion SFC	50.0	80.0	48.0	78.0	31.0	66.0

Processing time of Motion dedicated PLC instruction

(Note): The speed-up of the processing time has been achieved at QnUD(E)(H)CPU-B02 or later (upper five digit of serial No. is "10012" or later).

APPENDIX 2 Sample Program

APPENDIX 2.1 Motion control example by Motion SFC program

(1) The Motion SFC program composition example to execute motion control.

This sample program example using Q173DCPU is described to every following function.

No.	Item	Description
1	Forced stop	When the forced stop input assigned to PX0 is on, all axes turn on, and motion control is executed. When the forced stop input turn off, servo amplifier is made to forced stop, and motion control is suspended, and actual output (PY) turn off.
2	Motion control	Motion control is executed according to the condition of PX and PX2 in each following mode. • PX2 : OFF PX1 : OFF JOG mode • PX2 : OFF PX1 : ON Manual pulse generator mode • PX2 : On PX1 : OFF Home position return mode • PX2 : On PX1 : OFF Home position return mode
3	JOG mode	The following JOG operation is executed when each signal of PX3 to PX6 is turned on. • PX3 : 1 axis JOG forward rotation • PX4 : 1 axis JOG reverse rotation • PX5 : 2 axes JOG forward rotation • PX6 : 2 axes JOG reverse rotation
4	Manual pulse generator mode	 The following the manual pulse generator operation is executed. Manual pulse generator operation of 1 axis is executed with the manual pulse generator P1. Manual pulse generator operation of 2 axes is executed with the manual pulse generator P1.
5	Home position return mode	 The following home position return is executed. When PX3 is on, the home position return of 1 axis is executed. When PX4 is on, the home position return of 2 axes is executed.
6	Programming operation mode	 The following program operation is executed. When PX3 detects OFF to ON, axis No.1 locates and 1000[ms] standing by, after the location of axis No.2 is executed. When PX4 turn on, axis No.1, 2 locates of the linear control and inposition check is executed, after the location of axis No.2 is executed, the program stands by until No.1, 2 locates of the linear control is executed at a double speed in the opposition direction and PX4 turns off.

(2) Contents processing of the Motion SFC program

	1				SPC program list
No.	Program name	Task	Automatic operation	Number of connective transitions	Contents of processing
20	Main	Normal	Start	3	 This program starts automatically at the time of run of Motion CPU, and it is always executed. When a forced stop is cancelled, a subroutine starts a "No.110 : Motion control". "No.110 : Motion control" is stopped at the time of the forced stop, and real output (PY) is turned off.
110	Motion control	Normal	Not start	3	 All axes servo on. The call of the subroutine of the following program is executed by the condition of PX1, PX2. 1) PX2 : OFF PX1 : OFF No.120 : JOG 2) PX2 : OFF PX1 : ON No.130 : Manual pulse generator 3) PX2 : ON PX1 : OFF No.140 : Home position return 4) PX2 : ON PX1 : ON No.150 : Programming operation
120	JOG	Normal	Not start	3	 The JOG operation speed of 1 axis and 2 axes is set. 1 axis JOG forward command is turned on when PX3 is on, and the reverse command is turned on when PX4 is on. 2 axes JOG forward command is turned on when PX5 is on, and the reverse command is turned on when PX6 is on. The above are repeated when PX2/PX1 are off, when PX2/PX1 are not off, the JOG forward and reverse command of 1 axis and 2 axes are turned off, and the program is ended.
130	Manual pulse generator	Normal	Not start	3	 1 pulse input magnification of the 1 axis and 2 axes is set up. 1 axis is controlled with P1, and set up to control 2 axes with P2, and Manual pulse generator enable flag of P1, P2 is turned on. When except for PX2 : OFF, PX1 : ON (Manual pulse generator mode), Manual pulse generator enable flag of P1, P2 is turned off, and a program is ended.
140	Home position return	Normal	Not start	3	 "K140 : The home position return of 1 axis" is started when PX3 is on,"K141 : The home position return of 2 axes" is started when PX4 is on. PX2 : ON, PX1 : The program is ended when they become to except for off (Home position return mode).
150	Programming operation	Normal	Not start	3	 When PX3 detects OFF to ON, after positioning of 1 axis, standing by for 1000[ms] and positioning of 2 axes is executed. When PX4 turn on, after positioning of linear interpolation inposition check is executed, positioning of axis No. 1, 2 linear interpolation is executed at a double speed in the opposition direction, and it stand by until PX4 turned off. PX2 : ON, PX1 : The program is fended when they become to except for ON (Programming operation mode).

Motion SFC program list

[G20]

//stop?

[G21]

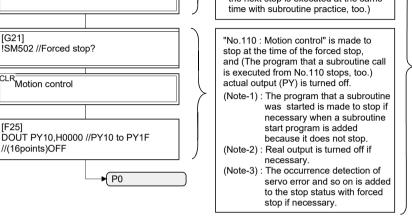
[F25]

SM502 //Forced stop?

CLR Motion control

//(16points)OFF

(a) No.20 : Main Main P0 When a forced stop is released, a SM502 //Did you release a forced subroutine starts "No.110 : Motion control". (Because the next step is a shift, it becomes a subroutine start, and Motion control the next step is executed at the same



When a forced stop is released, it is the structure which starts the program

which does motion control from the

Therefore it is the system example

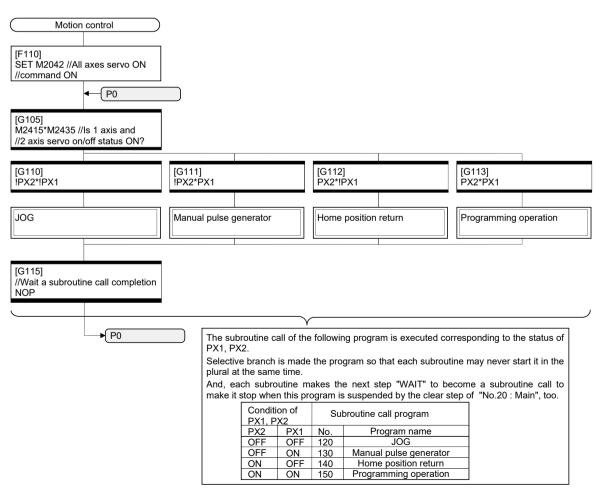
a forced stop release is executed

after it stops forced for while.

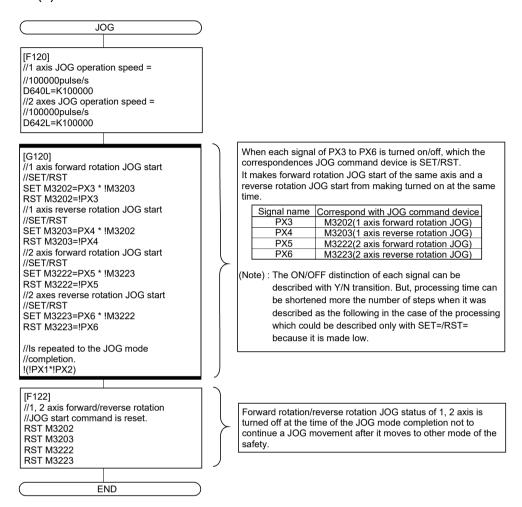
that motion control is resumed when

initials again by sample program.

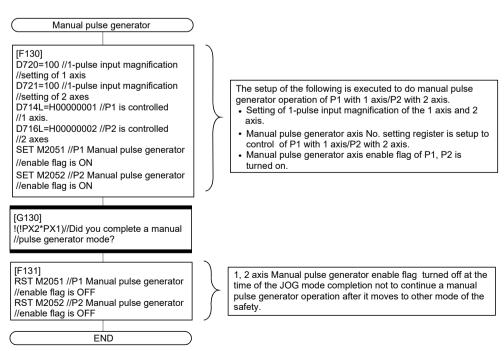
(b) No.110 : Motion control



(c) No.120 : JOG

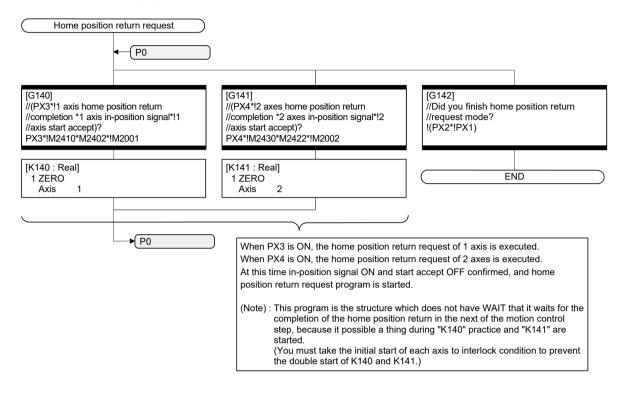


(d) No.130 : Manual pulse generator

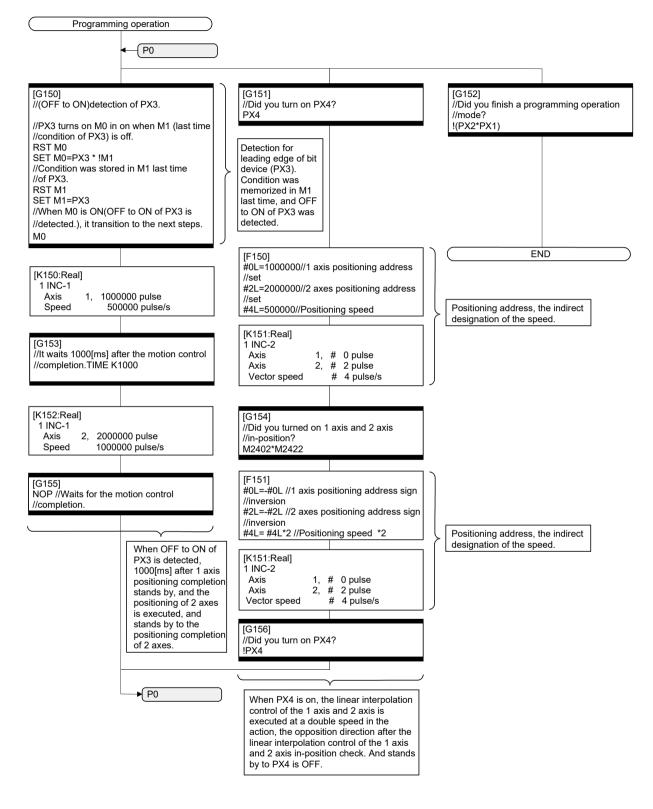


APP - 27

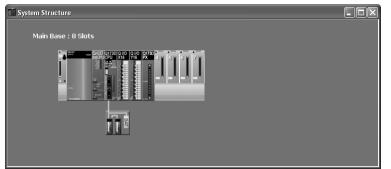
(e) No.140 : Home position return

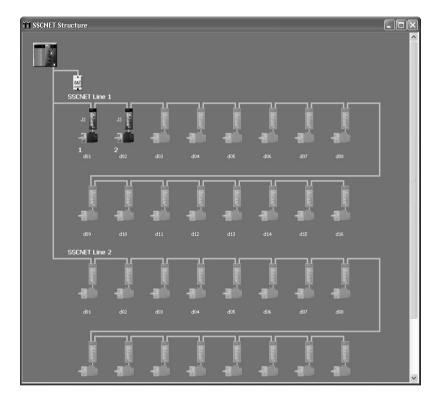






(3) System setting data of the Motion CPU System setting is shown below.





(a) Module setting

1) Motion module setting

Manual pulse generator interface module (Q173DPX : Slot 3)

Axis No.	Description
P1	Manual pulse generator, Synchronous encoder (INC)
P2	Manual pulse generator, Synchronous encoder (INC)
I/O response time	0.4[ms]

2) PLC module setting

Module type	Points	Occupied I/O No.	Base	Slot No.	I/O response time
Input	16	000-00F	Main Base	1	10[ms]
Output	16	010-01F	Main Base	2	

	CPU (*) —			ration Mod		the stop of CPU	
	✓ module(stop error of CPU1	
lease : Iultiple	set the num	ber of				stop error of CPU2	
laicipie	CPU.					stop error of CPU3	
			ŀ	 All static 	in stop by	stop error of CPU4	
Multiple	e CPU High :	Speed Ti	ransmissio	n Area Set	ting		
			CPU S	pecific Sen	d Range(*)	
				etting Area Automatic Refresh			
CPU	Points(k)	Points	Start	End	Points	Setting	
No.1	7		G10000	G17167	0 700	Refresh (Receive)	
No.2	/	6468	G10000	G16467	700	Refresh (Send)	
No.3 No.4							
N0.4		C-1.5.	- 6			Setting / Already Set)	
Total The ti	14k otal number	Points		-	ава. (на Г	Advanced settings(*)	
Aultiple	CPU Synch	nronous	Startup Se	etting		Import Multiple CPU P	arameter

(b) Basic setting

Operation Cycle Operation at STOP to RUN Oefault Setting • M2000 is turned on by switching from STOP to RUN. • M2000 is turned on by switching from STOP to RUN. • M2000 is turned on by switching from STOP to RUN. • M2000 is turned on by switching from STOP to RUN and setting 1 in the set register.								
Forced Stop ○ Nothing ○ X(PX) ○ X(PX								
Latch Range —							 	
Latch Range —	Sym.	Device	Latch(1)	Latch(1) End	Latch(2) Start	Latch(
Latch Range	Sym.	Device range 0 to 8191						
	· ·	range						
Internal relay	M	range O to 8191						
Internal relay Link relay	M B	range 0 to 8191 0 to 1FFF						
Internal relay Link relay Annunciator	M B F	range 0 to 8191 0 to 1FFF 0 to 2047						

1) Multiple CPU setting

Setting items	Description
No. of CPU	2 modules
Operating mode	All station stop by stop error of CPU 1/2
Multiple CPU synchronous startup setting	Set CPU No. 1/2 to synchronous startup

2) Multiple CPU high speed transmission area setting

		CPU specific send range					
CPU	Deinte (k)	Us	er setting a	Automatic refresh			
	Points (k)	Points	Start	End	Points		
No.1	7	7168	G10000	G17167	0		
No.2	7	6468	G10000	G16467	700		
No.3							
No.4							

3) Automatic refresh setting

a) CPU No.1

o	Automatic refresh						
Setting No.	Points	Start	End				
1							
2							
3							

b) CPU No.2

	Au	Automatic refresh					
Setting No.	Points	Start	End				
1	20	M2000	M2319				
2	40	M2400	M3039				
3	640	D0	D639				

4) System basic setting

Setting items	Description
Operation cycle	Default Setting
Operation at STOP to RUN	M2000 is turned on by switching from STOP to RUN
Forced stop	PX0

5) Latch range setting

14	Oursela e l	Latch (1)		Latch (2)	
Item	Symbol	Start	End	Start	End
Internal relay	М				
Link relay	В				
Annunciator	F				
Data register	D				
Link register	W				

Latch (1) : It is possible to clear using remote operation (latch clear (1), latch clear (1) (2)).

Latch (2) : It is possible to clear using remote operation (latch clear (1) (2)).

Q Parameter Setting PLC Name PLC System PLC File PLC RAS Boot File Program SFC Device 1/O Assignment Multiple CPU Setting Serial Communication No. of PLC (*1) 2 Count Co No. of PLC (*1) Host Station I/O Sharing When Using Multiple CPUs (*1) Operation Mode (*1) Error Operation Mode at the Stop of PLC Multiple CPU High Speed Transmission Area Setting Communication Area Setting (Refresh Setting) Al station stop by stop error of PLC1
Al station stop by stop error of PLC2
Al station stop by stop error of PLC3 🔽 Use Multiple CPU High Speed Transmission
 CPU Specific Send Range (*1)

 RLC
 Ders Setto grava
 Auto Refresh

 PLC No.1
 2 UBE0
 7166 G10000
 G1714
 Setting

 PLC No.2
 7 UBE1
 6466 G10000
 G1746
 7000
 Refresh/Recv)

 PLC No.3
 1
 6466 G10000
 G16467
 700
 Refresh/Recv)

 PLC No.4
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 1
 Al station stop by stop Multiple CPU Synchronous Startup Setting(*1) Multiple CPU S Target PLC V No.1 V No.2 V No.3 V No.4 Set auto refresh setting if it is needed(No Setting / Already Set)
Total 14K Points Advanced Setting(*)
 Total
 14K
 Points
 Advanced Setting(*1)
 Assignment Confirmation

 The total number of points is up to 14K.
 Fill
 Assignment Confirmation
 Fill
 (*1)Setting should be set as same when using multiple CPU. Import Multiple CPU Parameter Print Window... Print Window Preview Acknowledge XY Assignment Default Check End Cancel <Screen: GX Works2>

(4) Parameter setting of the PLC CPU (No.1)

	PC parameter item	Description								
1	No. of PLC	2 modules								
2	Operating mode		All station stop by stop error of PLC1/PLC2							
3	Multiple CPU synchronous startup		Check the PLC No.1/PLC No.2							
4	I/O sharing when			Check	the all Cl	PUs can re	ead all inpu	uts		
4	using Multiple CPUs			Not chec	k the all C	PUs can i	read all ou	tputs		
		Use multiple	CPU high s	peed com	municatio	on				
					CP	U specific	send rang	je		
	Multiple CPU high	PLC			Use	er setting a	area	A	Auto refres	h
5	speed communication		point (K)	I/O No.	point	Start	End	point	Start	End
	area setting	CPU No.1	7	U3E0	7168	G10000	G17167	0	_	
		CPU No.2	7	U3E1	6468	G10000	G16467	700	G16468	G17167
		PLC No1								
		No.	A	uto refresł	ı		pecific range			
			point	Start	End	Start	End			
		1		_		_				
		2		_		_				
		3				_				
6	Auto refresh setting	• PLC No.2								
		No.	A	uto refresł	ı		pecific range			
			point	Start	End	Start	End			
1		1	20	M2000	M2319	G16468				
1		2	40	M2400	M3039	G16488				
		3	640	D0	D639	G16528				

APPENDIX 2.2 Continuation execution example at the subroutine re-start by the Motion SFC program

(1) Explanation of the operation

This is the program example which execute continuously from the motion control step which stopped on the way when it re-started after stopping the subroutine program with the clear step during the motion control is running.

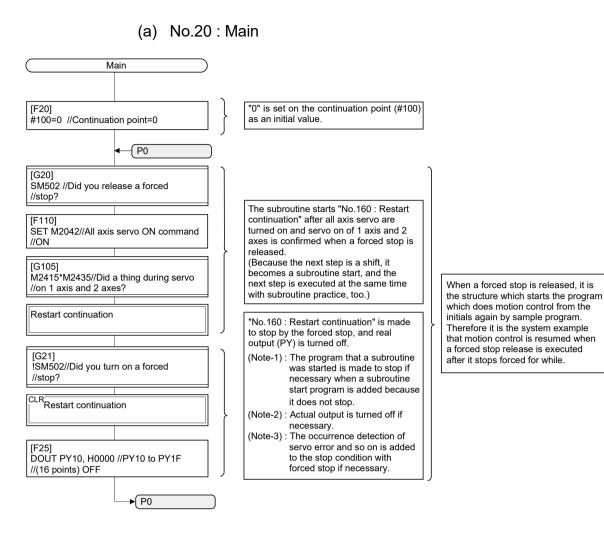
The servo is turned on by the forced stop release and the positioning control of the 2 axes linear interpolation is executed when PX4 is ON in this program. One cycle operation is completed after confirmation that PX4 became OFF. When the forced stop is executed during the positioning operating, the positioning operation is interrupted and the servo motor is stopped. It is resumed from the interrupted positioning operation when the forced stop was released next. Continuation execution of the subroutine re-start is executed by this program example by the following processing.

- (a) While motion control with the subroutine is executed, it is memorized whether the positioning of which motion control step was completed in the user device.
- (b) The subroutine re-start is resumed from the motion control step of stopping the information memorized by the above (a).
- (c) A motion control step should locate absolute to cope with it when it is resumed after it stops on the way of the positioning.
- (d) A positioning complete signal (M2401+20n) is used for the decision, whether servo motor is stopped during the positioning.

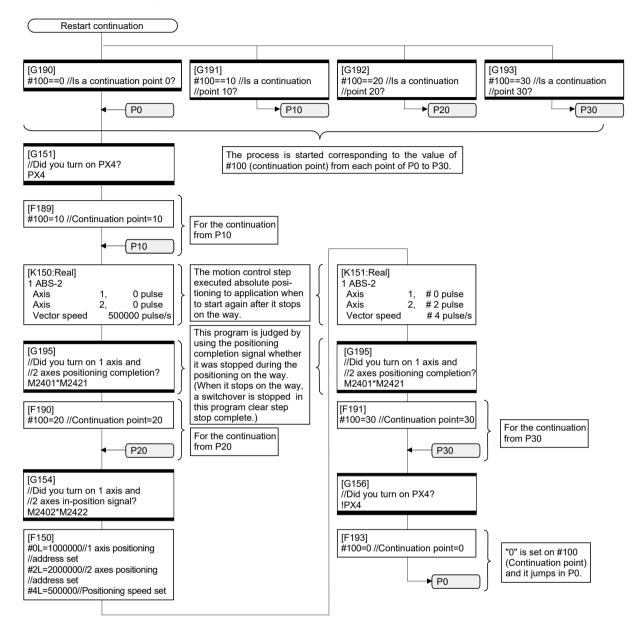
(2) Contents of processing the Motion SFC program

Motion SFC	program list
------------	--------------

No.	Program name	Task	Automatic operation	Number of connective transitions	Contents of processing		
20	Main	Normal	Start	3	 This program starts automatically at the time of RUN of Motion CPU, and it is always executed. "0" is set on the continuation point (#100 : user device) as an initial value. The subroutine starts a "No.160 : Re-start continuation" after all axes servo are turned on and servo on of 1 axis and 2 axes is confirmed when a forced stop is released. "No.160 : Re-start continuation" is stopped at the time of the forced stop, and actual output (PY) is turned off. 		
160	Restart continuation	Normal	Not start	3	 (1) This program jumps corresponding to the value of the continuation point (#100) of the following (2) 1) to 9). #100 Jump destination 0 Following (2) 1) 10 Following (2) 3) 20 Following (2) 5) 30 Following (2) 8) (2) The following motion control is executed. 1) This program stands by until PX4 is turned on. 2) "10" is set on continuation point (#100). 3) 1 axis, 2 axes are located in (0,0) in the linear control (absolute 2 axes positioning). 4) Positioning completion signal on of 1 axis, 2 axes is confirmed, and "20" is set on the continuation point (#100). 5) In-position on of 1 axis and 2 axes is confirmed. 6) 1 axis, 2 axes are located in (1000000, 2000000) in the linear control (absolute 2 axes positioning). 7) Positioning completion signal on of 1 axis, 2 axes is confirmed, and "30" is set on the continuation point (#100). 8) This program stands by until PX4 is turned off. 9) "0" is set on continuation point (#100). 		



(b) No.160 : Restart continuation



APPENDIX 2.3 Continuation execution example after the stop by the Motion SFC program

(1) The explanation of the operation

The program example that the Motion SFC program is stopped by external input signal ON for the forced stop from the input module, and it is executed continuously by external signal OFF for the stop is shown below.

The servo is turned on by the forced stop release and the positioning control of the 2 axes linear interpolation is executed when PX4 is ON in this program. One cycle operation is completed after confirmation that PX4 became OFF. When PX5 turns ON during the positioning operating, the positioning operation is stopped by the stop instruction and it is resumed from the interrupted positioning operation at turning PX5 on. The transition to the next step is not executed during PX5 is ON in the WAIT transition.

When the forced stop is executed during the positioning operating, the positioning operation is interrupted and the servo motor is stopped. It is resumed from the interrupted positioning operation when the forced stop was released next.

Continuation execution of the stop and stop after is executed by this program example by the following processing.

- (a) While PX5 turns it on, it is made to turn on a stop command (M3200+20n) and an internal relay (M100) for the stop.
- (b) While PX5 turns it off, it is made to turn off a stop command (M3200+20n) and an internal relay (M100) for the stop.
- (c) A motion control step does absolute position to cope with it when it is resumed after it stops on the way of the positioning.
- (d) A positioning completion signal (M2401+20n) is used for the decision whether it is stopped during the positioning on the way.
- (e) The motion control step is resumed after it waits to turn it off, when it was stepped during positioning.
- (f) "The internal relay (M100) for the stop turn off." is substituted for the WAIT transition condition that you must stop.

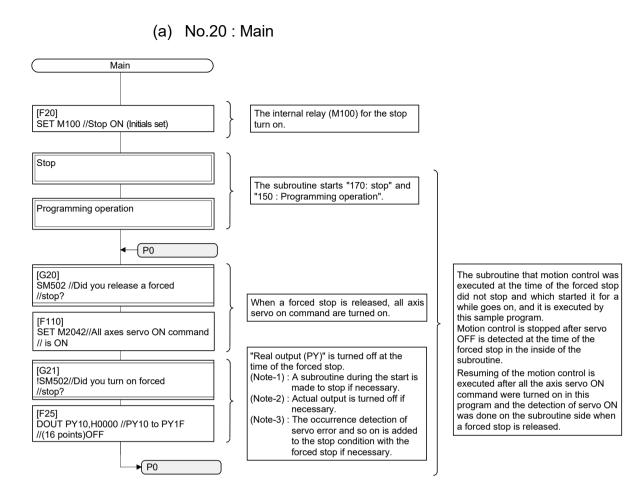
r

(2) Contents of processing Motion SFC program

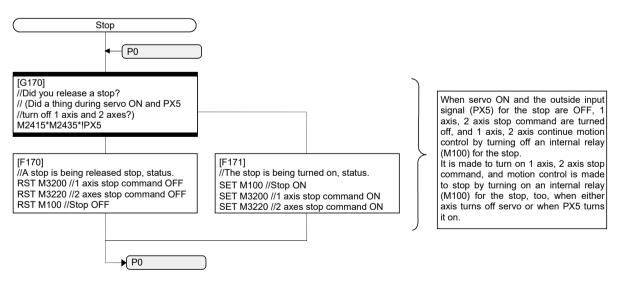
Motion SFC program list

1

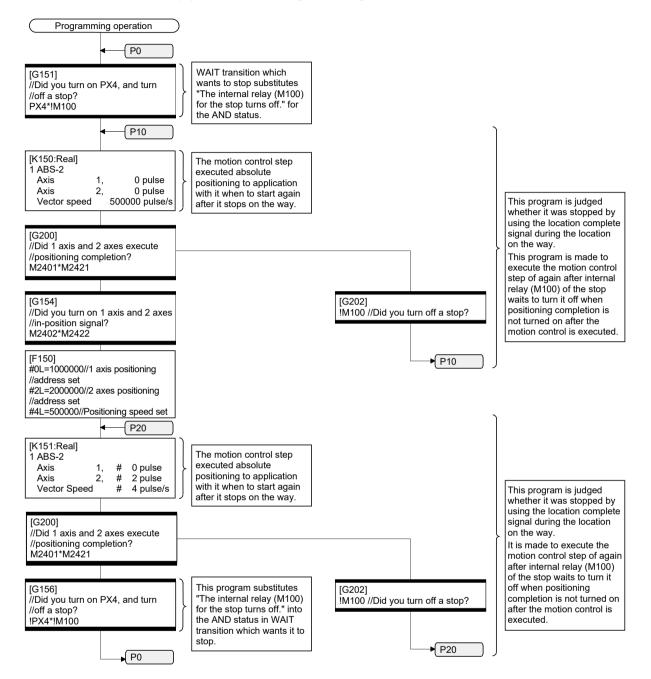
No.	Program name	Task	Automatic operation	Number of connective transitions	Contents of processing
20	Main	Normal	Start	3	 This program starts automatically at the time of RUN of Motion CPU, and it is always executed. The initials condition of the internal relay (M100) for the stop is turned on. The subroutine starts "No.170 : Stop". The subroutine starts "No.150 : Programming operation". When an forced stop is released, all axes servo are turned on. Turns off actual output (PY) at the time of the forced stop.
170	Stop	Normal	Not start	3	 When a stop input signal (PX5) from the input unit is off, the treatment of the following (2) is executed, and 1 axis and 2 axes executed the following (3) during servo on in the case of the one except for it. 1 axis and 2 axes stop command are turned off, and an internal relay (M100) for the stop is turned off. 1 axis and 2 axes stop command are turned on, and an internal relay (M100) for the stop is turned on.
150	Program operation	Normal	Not start	3	 The following motion control is executed. This program stands by until PX4 is turned on. 1 axis and 2 axes are located in (0,0) in the linear interpolation control (absolute 2 axes positioning). Positioning completion signal on of 1 axis and 2 axes are confirmed. In-position on of 1 axis and 2 axes are confirmed. 1 axis and 2 axes are located in (1000000, 2000000) in the linear control (absolute 2 axes positioning). Positioning completion signal on of 1 axis and 2 axes are confirmed. 1 axis and 2 axes are located in (1000000, 2000000) in the linear control (absolute 2 axes positioning). Positioning completion signal on of 1 axis and 2 axes are confirmed. This program stands by until PX4 is turned off. When a positioning completion signal of the above (1) 3) and 6) is off, it waits to turn off, and (When a positioning was suspended on the way.) execute the motion control step (1) 2) or 5) again. Until an internal relay (M100) for the stop turns it on, it does not move to the next step of the above (1) 1) and 7).



(b) No.170 : Stop







APPENDIX 3 Vision System Connection Function

APPENDIX 3.1 Overview

The Cognex In-Sight[®] vision system can be connected to the PERIPHERAL I/F of the Motion CPU (Q173DSCPU/Q172DSCPU/Q173DCPU-S1/Q172DCPU-S1). The vision system dedicated functions have been added to the Motion SFC program making it easy to control the vision system from the Motion SFC program. There are restrictions to the operating system software and programming software versions when using the Cognex vision system connection function. (Refer to Section 1.3.)

Refer to the manual or help sections provided by Cognex for details on the In-Sight[®] vision system and Cognex vision system integrating tool In-Sight[®] Explorer.

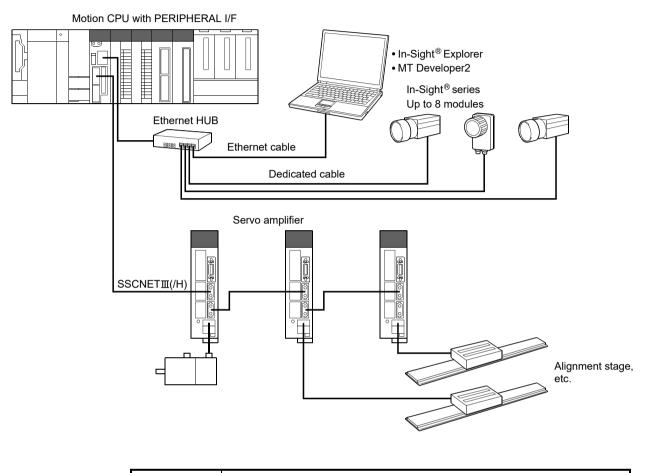
Term	Description
In Sight [®] Explorer	Abbreviation for Cognex vision system integrating tool
In-Sight [®] Explorer	In-Sight [®] Explorer (Version 4.3.0 or later).
l og op/l og off	Procedure to connect/disconnect the communication to the vision
Log on/Log off	system from the Motion CPU.
PoF	Abbreviation for Power over Ethernet. Method of supplying power via
FUE	an Ethernet cable.
Native mode	Vision system's communication method used to control the vision
Native mode	system from the Motion CPU.
TCP/IP	One of vision system's communication protocol names.
Job (Vision program)	Program that processes images in the vision system.
Load	The process of developing a job file stored in the vision system into
Load	the memory in the vision system, and making it an active job.
Trigger	Start signal for acquiring images.
Vision system status	Device that stores the status of the vision system controlled by the
storage device	Motion CPU.
Program status storage device	Device that stores the status of jobs controlled by the Motion CPU.
	Various data created by the vision system's image process.
Image data	(Not images acquired by the trigger.)
Read value	Numeric data retrieved in addition to the image data.
	A table (400 line $ imes$ 26 row) in which the job is written.
Spreadsheet	The program is created by writing the functions of various image
	processes, etc., in each spreadsheet cell.
Tag	Symbolic tag associated with the spreadsheet cells.

The following terms are used to explain the vision system connection function.

Ver. : Refer to Section 1.3 for the software version that supports this function.

(1) System configuration

This section explains the system configuration and precautions for using the Cognex vision system connection function.



POINT

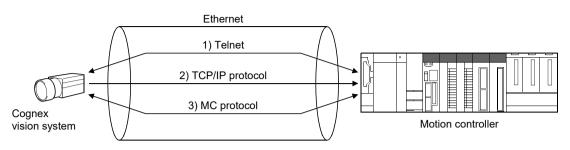
Depending on the vision system used, power supply by Power over Ethernet (PoE) may be required.

The Motion CPU's PERIPHERAL I/F does not support PoE, so a PoE power sourcing equipment (PSE) is required.

- (2) Features of vision system connection function This section explains the features of the Cognex vision system connection function.
 - (a) Method of connection with vision system
 The Motion CPU and vision system are connected with the Motion CPU's
 PERIPHERAL IF (Ethernet). A dedicated communication module, etc., is not needed.

POINT

- (1) The Motion CPU and vision system are connected via Ethernet. The response of vision system dedicated functions may slow down if several devices (MT Developer2, personal computer for In-Sight[®] Explorer or GOT, etc.) are connected via an Ethernet HUB.
- (2) When simultaneously controlling two or more vision systems, the execution of commands to other vision systems may be delayed during the log on process (MVOPEN) with a specific vision system.
- (3) When simultaneously controlling two or more vision systems, if the offlineonline state for a specific vision system is switched from an external source, the execution of commands to other vision systems may be delayed.
- (4) Execution of the vision system dedicated functions may be delayed if the vision system is in the offline state.
- (5) When the vision system is logged onto, communication is established between the Motion CPU and vision system to check the connection state even if the vision system dedicated functions are not used.



The following three communication methods can be used simultaneously with Ethernet. (Note-1)

- (Note-1): The simultaneous communication cannot be used depending on the vision system's model. Refer to the manual or help sections provided by Cognex to confirm the specifications of vision system.
 - 1) Telnet

The vision system is controlled from the Motion CPU using the native mode. The vision system dedicated functions control the vision system using Telnet.

2) TCP/IP protocol

By using TCP/IP as the vision system communication protocol and setting the output string, the image data are sent in a batch to the Motion CPU immediately after the job is finished with the vision system. High-speed data transfer is possible compared to the other communication methods.

3) MC protocol

By setting the vision system, data can be easily exchanged between the vision system and Motion CPU device.

Refer to the manual, etc. provided by Cognex for details on using MC protocol.

The Motion CPU parameters (built-in Ethernet port open setting) must also be set.

(b) Vision system parameter

Parameters required for Ethernet communication and job execution must be set beforehand with MT Developer2.

The vision system can be controlled just by writing only the vision system dedicated functions in the Motion SFC program.

(c) Priority of the vision system dedicated function The priority of the vision system dedicated functions in the Motion CPU are shown below.

Process	Description	Priority
Motion operation process	Servo operation process, Servo data communication process, Event task of Motion SFC, etc.	High
Vision system dedicated function	Execution of the communication process with the vision system	
Motion main process	Communication process with the peripheral devices, Auto refresh process, Normal task process of Motion SFC	Low

POINT

- (1) The communication process with the vision system has a lower priority than the motion operation cycle, so the motion operation processing time is not affected.
- (2) Even if the vision system dedicated function is executed from the Motion SFC event task or NMI task, communication process with the vision system is executed after the motion operation process.

APPENDIX 3.2 Vision system parameter setting

The vision system parameters (Ethernet communication line setting, vision program operation setting) of the MT Developer2 are set by opening an arbitrary SFC program and using the project window [System Setting] - [Vision System Parameter] - [Ethernet Communication Line Setting] or [Vision Program Operation Setting].

MELSOFT Series MT Developer 2 nd Set	tings)temp).Wy Nocuments).World	enace\Droject . [Ft]	hernet Communica	ation Line Setting	
Project Edit Find/Replace View Check/Conv			nernet communice	nion Enic Setting	
		ow Tich			
		a have a film of the second			
<u>₽₩₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽₽</u>				_	
Project 4 ×	🖞 Ethernet Communication L	i 🗵 👘 Vision Prog	ram Operation Setting		4 ▷ ▾
Project (SV22 Advanced Synchronous Con System Setting	Convert				
Basic Setting					
System Structure	Item				
SSCNET Structure	Ethernet Communication Line Vision System No.	Set the parameters i	related to the vision	system Ethernet o 3	
Optional Data Monitor	IP Address	10.0.50.100	10.0.50.101	5	· · · · ·
High-speed Input Request Signal	- Port No.	Set the port number			n system.
Mark Detection Safety Observation Function Para	For Telnet Communication For TCP/IP Communication	300	23	23 3000	
Survey Observation Ander Ander	User Name	mitsubishi	mitsubishi	3000	
Ethernet Communication Line	Password	mitsubishi	mitsubishi		
Vision Program Operation	Status Storage Device	D2000L M0	D2010L M10		
PLC Module List		110	1410		
🚽 🔣 Automatic Refresh Setting List					>
⊕ - m Servo Data Setting ⊕ - m Motion SFC Program	- Ethernet Communication Line				^
	Set the parameters related to the visi	ion system Ethernet comm	nunication.		
🗄 🧙 Synchronous Control Parameter					
⊕ 🥁 Cam Data ⊕ 🏦 Label					
Structured Data Types					
Oevice Memory					
Device Comment					~
i Output					4 ×
; Output					т ^
					~
					>
		Q173D5 5V2	22 Host Station No.2		CAP 150

POINT

When writing the vision system parameters into the Motion CPU, execute one of the following.

- Select the menu bar [Check/Convert] [Vision System Parameter Check].
- Click [Convert] button of Ethernet communication line setting screen or vision program operation setting screen.

(1) Ethernet Communication Line Setting

Set the parameters related to the vision system Ethernet communication.

Item Ethernet Communication Line	C - b bb			
Vision System No.	Set the parameters re	aced to the vision syste	3	10 n. 4
IP Address	10.0.50.100	10.0.50.101	5	7
- Port No.		sed for communication	with the states as the set	
For Telnet Communication	23			
For TCP/IP Communication	3000		1	
User Name	mitsubishi	mitsubishi		
Password	mitsubishi	mitsubishi		
Status Storage Device	D2000L	D2010L		
Error Flag	MO	M10		
1	_	1		

- (a) Vision System (camera) No. (Not necessary to set)
 This number (1 to 8) is used by the vision system dedicated function to identify the vision system.
- (b) IP Address

Set the IP address set for each vision system.

(c) Port No.

Set the port number used for communication with the vision system. Set the same number as the port number set for the vision system with In-Sight[®] Explorer.

 For Telnet communication Set the Telnet connection port number used to control the vision system from the Motion CPU.

If this number is not set, the Telnet default port number (23) will be used. 2) For TCP/IP communication

Set the vision system's TCP/IP server port number used to batch send the vision system job execution results with the format output string setting of TCP/IP protocol.

This does not need to be set when not using the format output string setting of TCP/IP protocol.

(d) User Name

Select a user from those set in the vision system to be used when executing the vision system dedicated functions.

POINT

Select a user name for which the access level is set to "Full Access" or "Protect" in the In-Sight[®] Explorer user list.

(e) Password

Set the password corresponding to the set user name.

(f) Status Storage Device

Set the word device in which the vision system status and vision system dedicated function error codes are set.

Settable word devices are shown below.

Item	Device No. setting range
Data register	D0 to D8190 (Note-1)
Link register	W0 to W1FFE
Motion register	#0 to #7998

(Note-1): Only the user device range can be set.

POINT

Set the device No. as an even-number.

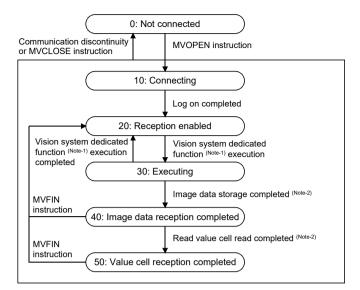
The vision system status and error code of vision system dedicated function are stored in two successive points of the specified device as shown below.

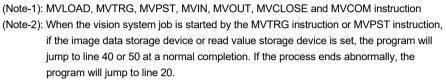
	Specified device
Vision system status —	+0
Error code of vision system dedicated function	+1

Both of them are set to 0 at the Multiple CPU system's power supply ON.

Refer to Section 12.5 for the error code of vision system dedicated function. The vision system status is indicated with the following values.

Storage value	Status	
0	Not connected	Status before logging onto the vision system.
10	Connecting	Status while executing log onto the vision system.
20	Reception enabled	Status in which the vision system has been logged onto, and the vision system dedicated functions can be executed.
30	Executing	Status in which vision system dedicated functions are being executed. Other vision system dedicated functions cannot be executed in this status.
40	Image data reception completed	Status in which the vision system job executed by the vision system dedicated function has been completed, and batch send of the image data has been completed. The image data storage device value can be used by the Motion SFC.
50	Value cell reception completed	Status in which the Motion CPU has received the data acquired by the job in the vision system. The read data storage device value can be used by the Motion SFC.





(g) Error Flag

Set the bit device that turns ON if an error is detected when the vision system dedicated function is executed.

Settable bit devices are shown below.

Item	Device No. setting range
Input relay	X0 to X1FFF (Note-1)
Output relay	Y0 to Y1FFF
Internal relay	M0 to M8191 ^(Note-2)
Link relay	B0 to B1FFF
Annunciator	F0 to F2047

(Note-1): The range of "PXn+4 to PXn+F" cannot be used (fixed at 0) for the input device (PXn+0 to PXn+F) allocated to the built-in interface in Motion CPU (DI).

(n: First input No.).

(Note-2): Only the user device range can be set.

(2) Vision Program Operation Setting

The job (vision program) set in the vision system is assigned as a program number so that it can be executed from the vision system dedicated functions.

Item					
Vision Program Operation	The job (vision pr	ogram) set in the visio	_	as a program i	number so th
Program No.	1	2	3		4
 Vision System No. 		1	2	2	
Vision Program Name	Worksearch1	Worksearch1	Align		
Status Storage Device	D3000	D3100	D3200		
Read Value Cell		E76	Data1		
Read Value Storage Device		D3102L	D3202L		
Image Data Storage Device	D3010F	D3110F	D3010F		

- Program No. (Not necessary to set)
 This number (1 to 32) is used by the vision system dedicated function to identify the vision system job.
- (b) Vision System (camera) No.
 Set the vision system number corresponding to the vision system that is executing the job.
- (c) Vision Program Name Set the name of the job executed by the vision system dedicated function.
- (d) Status Storage Device Set the word device that stores the job's load status and the vision system's online/offline status.

Settable word devices are shown below.

Item	Device No. setting range
Data register	D0 to D8191 (Note-1)
Link register	W0 to W1FFF
Motion register	#0 to #7999

(Note-1): Only the user device range can be set.

Both of them are set to 0 at the Multiple CPU system's power supply ON. The job's load status is indicated with the following values.

Storage value	Status		
0	Job not loaded or offline	The job is not loaded, or even if loaded is offline. (An error occurs if a trigger is issued.)	
1	Job loading completed and online	The job has been loaded and is online. (The job is executed if a trigger is issued.)	

POINT

The vision program status storage device value is refreshed at the following timing.

- When a job is loaded by the MVLOAD instruction or MVPST instruction. (Refreshed immediately after loading.)
- (2) When the vision system's online/offline status changes.
- (3) When a job is loaded from a source other than the Motion CPU (In-Sight[®] Explorer, etc.). (Refreshed several seconds after loading.)
- (4) When job is loaded and an online vision system is logged onto with the MVOPEN instruction. (Refreshed several seconds after logging on.)
 - (e) Read Value Cell/Read Value Storage Device Set this to store the vision system tag or numeric data of spreadsheet in the Motion CPU device.

This does not need to be set if the numeric data does not need to be referred to.

POINT

- (1) The vision system image data can be stored in the image data storage device by setting the format output string setting of TCP/IP protocol.
- (2) When the data stored in the set tag or spreadsheet cell is not an integer value, the value after truncation of decimal point is stored in the read value storage device.
- (3) If a spreadsheet cell is designated when using the vision system In-Sight[®] EZ series, an error will occur when the job is executed.

The tag or spreadsheet cell is set in the Read Value Cell.

Setting with tag	Write the symbolic tag name in the original state. (Example) Tag: Job.Pass_count \rightarrow Set "Job.Pass_count".
Setting with cell	Write the spreadsheet row (A to Z) and line (0 to 399). (Example) Cell: A5 \rightarrow Set "A5".

The word device storing the value set in the tag or spreadsheet cell is set in the read value storage device.

Settable word devices are shown below.

Item	Device No. setting range
Data register	D0 to D8190 ^(Note-1)
Link register	W0 to W1FFE
Motion register	#0 to #7998

(Note-1): Only the user device range can be set.

POINT

Set the device No. as an even-number.

The cell or tag value is stored as a 32-bit integer value in two successive points of the set device.

(f) Image Data Storage Device Set the word device for storing the image data obtained when the job was executed.

POINT

The image data is stored only when the format output string setting of TCP/IP protocol is set in the vision system. (Refer to (3) in this section.)

This does not need to be set if the format output string setting of TCP/IP protocol is not set in the vision system.

Settable word devices are shown below.

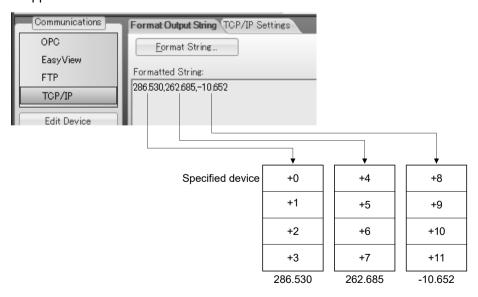
Item	Device No. setting range
Data register	D0 to D8188 ^(Note-1)
Link register	W0 to W1FFC
Motion register	#0 to #7996

(Note-1): Only the user device range can be set.

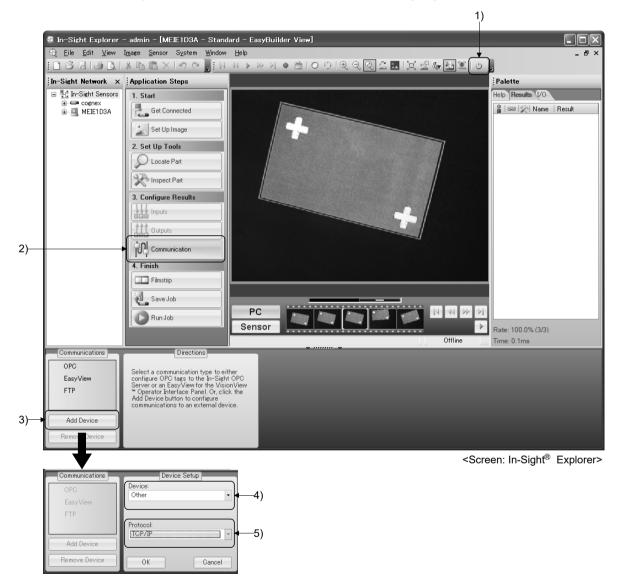
POINT	
Set the device	No. as an even-number.

The image data is stored as a 64-bit floating point type every four successive points from the specified device equivalent to the output data set with the format output string setting of TCP/IP protocol. Use the type conversion instruction of Motion SFC according to the

application.



- (3) Setting batch send (TCP/IP protocol) of multiple data By using the format output string setting of TCP/IP protocol, image data after the job is finished can be sent in a batch to the Motion CPU. Set with the following procedure using In-Sight[®] Explorer.
 - 1) Click the [Online] icon on the tool bar, and shift to the offline mode.
 - 2) Click the [Communication] button under Application Steps to display the Communications screen.
 - 3) Click the [Add Device] button to display the screen of Device Setup.
 - 4) Select "Other" for "Device".
 - 5) Select "TCP/IP" for "Protocol", and click the [OK] button.



- 6) The "TCP/IP" device will be added. Click the [Format String] button to display the FormatString dialog.
- 7) Set "Use Delimiter", and set the selectable character with "Standard".
- 8) Click the [Add] button to display the Select Output Data dialog.
- 9) Select the data to be sent to the Motion CPU as the result of the job execution, and then click the [OK] button.

0.00	Dutput String TOP/IP Settings		
MEE: 103A - FormatString Leading Text Trailing Text	Use Delimiteri	 Cognex - Select Output Data Select items to add Name Acquision Input line_0 Input line_1 Input line_3 Input line_5 Input line_7 Input line_7 Input line_8 Input line_3 	Data Type Data Type Playing Point Playing Point
Label Data Type Decimal Places: 0¢ Output Strine:	Move Dow		Screen: In-Sight [®] Explorer>

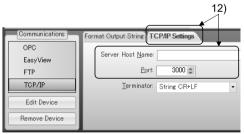
- Set "Data Type" for the added data.
 Select "Integer", "Unsigned Integer" or "Floating Point".
 The data type stored in the Motion CPU device is always a 64-bit floating point type regardless of the data type set here.
- 11) Click [OK] button to close the FormatString dialog.

Leading Text: Trailing Text: Terminators:	None	Use Delimiter Standard: Other:	Comma	~
Label Label Label Label	Name Inputs.Line_0 Inputs.Line_1 Inputs.Line_2	Data Type Floating Point Floating Point Floating Point		Add Delete Move Up
Label:	Label	Include Label Fixed Width Field Width:		love Down
Decimal Places: Output String:	6	Pad:	Leading Spaces Characters	× 96
	0000,0.000000			Cancel

12) Check the "TCP/IP Settings".

Leave the Server Host Name blank. (The vision system acts as the TCP/IP server.)

The port number must be the same as the port No. for TCP/IP communication set with the Ethernet communication line setting. (Refer to (1) in this section.)



<Screen: In-Sight[®] Explorer>

APPENDIX 3.3 Flow of vision system control

This section explains the basic procedures for controlling the vision system from the Motion CPU.

- (1) Setting the vision system Set the vision system network and create a job (vision program) using In-Sight[®] Explorer.
- (2) Setting the Motion CPU parameters Set the Ethernet communication line setting and the vision program operation setting using MELSOFT MT Works2. (Refer to Appendix 3.2.)
- (3) Controlling the vision system with vision system dedicated functions of Motion SFC
 - 1) Log onto the control target vision system using the MVOPEN instruction.
 - 2) Load the job (vision program) to be used using the MVLOAD instruction.
 - Issue a trigger to the vision system using the MVTRG instruction or vision system's image acquire trigger input.
 When the MVPST instruction is used, the job can be loaded and the trigger issued simultaneously.
 - 4) When the vision system finishes executing the job, the job execution results are stored into the device set with the parameters (image data storage device and read value storage device) of Motion CPU.

In addition to the above procedure, data can be acquired from the vision system using the MVIN instruction or MC protocol.

Select the method that suits the required data acquisition time or data type.

Data acquisition method	Communication protocol	Data acquisition time	Output data type of vision system	Storage data type to the device	Batch acquisition of multiple data
Image data storage device	TCP/IP protocol	Fast	Integer value Floating point value	64-bit floating point type (Automatic conversion)	0
Read value storage device	Telnet		Integer value	32-bit integer type (Automatic conversion)	×
	- 1 - 1		Integer value	32-bit integer type (Automatic conversion)	
MVIN instruction	Telnet		Floating point value	64-bit floating point type (Automatic conversion)	×
MC protocol	MC protocol		Integer value	16-bit integer type or 32-bit integer type (According to vision system output)	0
Slow		Slow	Floating point value Character string	32-bit floating point type ^(Note-1) Character string ^(Note-2)	5

O: Enable X: Disable

(Note-1): Convert to the 64-bit floating point type using the DFLT instruction to use with operation of Motion SFC. (Note-2): Use the MVCOM instruction (ASCII mode) to acquire the character string data without using MC protocol.

- 5) Motion control is executed using the data acquired from the vision system.
- 6) Reset the status storage device using the MVFIN instruction to issue the next trigger.
- 7) If the job is not changed, repeat steps 3) to 6).
- 8) If necessary, log off the control target vision system using the MVCLOSE instruction.

POINT

 If a different vision system dedicated function is executed for a vision system that is processing a vision system dedicated function, a vision command invalid start (error code: 18018) will occur.

Apply the interlock conditions with the vision system's status storage device value to prevent double startup.

- (2) Depending on the status of the vision system and details of the job process, it may take some time to process the vision system dedicated function. Set the timeout time according to the state.
- (3) When logged onto the vision system, the vision system or Multiple CPU system's power supply can be turned OFF without logging off using the MVCLOSE instruction.

APPENDIX 3.4 Sample program

(1) Explanation of the operations

The following section gives an example of a program that executes positioning control using the adjustment data recognized by the vision system as the target data.

(2) Setting the vision system

Complete the following settings with In-Sight[®] Explorer.

Refer to the manual or help sections provided by Cognex for details on operating and setting In-Sight[®] Explorer.

(a) Ethernet communication setting

Item		Setting value	
IP address		10.0.50.100	
David	Telnet	23	
Port No.	TCP/IP	3000	

(b) Job setting

Item	Setting value		
Job name	Worksearch1		
TCP/IP protocol -	1	Pattern_1.flXTURE.x	Floating point
Format output string	2	Pattern_1.fIXTURE.y	Floating point

(3) Vision system parameter setting

Complete the vision system parameter setting of MT Developer2.

(a) Ethernet Communication Line Setting

Item				
Ethernet Communication Line	Set the paramete			tion.
Vision System No.	1	2	3	4
IP Address		10.0.50.100		
- Port No.	Set the port number used for communication with the vision system.			
 For Telnet Communication 		23		
For TCP/IP Communication		3000	1	
User Name		mitsubishi		
Password		mitsubishi		
Status Storage Device		D2000L		
Error Flag		MO		

Vision System No.2

Setting item		Description
IP address		10.0.50.100
Port No.	Telnet	23
	TCP/IP	3000
User Name		According to the vision system
Password		setting
Status Storage Device		D2000L
Error Flag		M0

(b) Vision program operation setting

Item				
Vision Program Operation	The job (vision progra	m) set in the vision syste		
Program No.	1	2	3	4
Vision System No.		2		
Vision Program Name	Worksearch1			
Status Storage Device	D3000			
Read Value Cell				
Read Value Storage Device				
Image Data Storage Device	D3010F			

Program No.1

Setting item	Description
Vision System No.	2
Vision Program Name	Worksearch1
Status Storage Device	D3000
Read Value Cell	Not necessary to set
Read Value Storage Device	
Image Data Storage Device	D3010F

(4) Motion SFC program

[F0] //.cg onto vision system //Log onto vision system Log onto vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. //O //Confirm log on completion //O //Confirm log on completion //O //Confirm log on completion //Confirm log on completion //Confirm log on completion (20) with vision system status storage device (D2000). //Confirm load completion of job Load job "Worksearch 1" set in program No. 1. //Load job Load job "Worksearch 1" set in program No. 1. //Load job Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) with program status storage device (D2000). //O = P0 Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2. Vision system. //F2] //Reset status storage device //Wait for trigger request Wait for trigger request (PX0). //Wait for complete of image data reception No. 2. //Sou trigger to vision system No. 2. ///Sou trigger to vision system Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). (D2000==40)*!M0 Convert data [rmm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 fr) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. (F4) //Colon (J3014F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D40002 = LONG (D3014F*100000.0) //Axis 2 (Y)	Alignment ajustment)
[G0] Confirm log on completion (Confirm log on completion Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). (C22003=K20)*!M0 Load job "Worksearch1" set in program No. 1. [F1] //Load job Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) MVLOAD K1 Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) [G1] Confirm completion of job [G3000==K1)*!M0 Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F2] Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. MVFIN K2 Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. [F3] Issue trigger to vision system //Wait for trigger request No. 2 PX0 Issue trigger to vision system [F3] Vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [G3] Visit for completion of image data reception (2000). (D3000==40)*!M0 Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D2000). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D2000). (J000==LONG(D3010F*100000.0) //Axis 1 (X) Move to command position command unit [0.1 µm]. [G4] Naix 2, D40002 µm Vector Speed Move to comman		Log onto vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2.
[100], [2000]=(K20)*[M0 storage device (D2000). [F1] //Load job MVLOAD K1 Load job "Worksearch1" set in program No. 1. [G1] //Confirm load completion of job (D3000==K1)*!M0 Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) with program status storage device (D3000). (D3000==K1)*!M0 Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) with program status storage device (D3000). (D3000==K1)*!M0 P0 [F2] Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. [VIR K2 Wait for trigger request (PX0). [VWait for trigger request Wait for trigger to vision system [VIR K2 Value trigger to vision system [G3] Value trigger to vision system [VX-R K2 Value trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [G3] Value tor completion of image data reception (40) with visi on system status storage device (D3000). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3000). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010F*10000 0) //Axis 1 (X) a 2 (Y) [F4] Move to command position. 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Move to command position. Axis 1	MVOPEN K2	
[100], [2000]=(K20)*[M0 storage device (D2000). [F1] //Load job MVLOAD K1 Load job "Worksearch1" set in program No. 1. [G1] //Confirm load completion of job (D3000==K1)*!M0 Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) with program status storage device (D3000). (D3000==K1)*!M0 Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) with program status storage device (D3000). (D3000==K1)*!M0 P0 [F2] Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. [VIR K2 Wait for trigger request (PX0). [VWait for trigger request Wait for trigger to vision system [VIR K2 Value trigger to vision system [G3] Value trigger to vision system [VX-R K2 Value trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [G3] Value tor completion of image data reception (40) with visi on system status storage device (D3000). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3000). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010F*10000 0) //Axis 1 (X) a 2 (Y) [F4] Move to command position. 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Move to command position. Axis 1		
(D2000==K20)*IM0 [F1] [IA.ad job MVLOAD K1 [G1] (Confirm load completion of job (D3000==K1)*IM0 Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). (D3000==K1)*IM0 F2] (/Reset status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. MVFIN K2 [G2] (/Wait for trigger request PX0 [F3] [ISsue trigger to vision system MVTRG K2 [G3] (/Reading for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*IM0 [F4] [F4] [F4] (/Calculate command position from image data reception (D2000) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3014F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3014F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vactor-speed) Axis 1, D4002 µm Axis 2, D4002 µm Vector Speed 1000 µm Axis 2, D4002 µm Vector Speed 1000 µm/s [C4] Wait for positioning completion (/A422*/M2422 Vector Speed		storage device (D2000).
//Load job MVLOAD K1 [G1] //Confirm load completion of job (J3000==K1)*IM0 P0 [F2] //Reset status storage device (D3000). (Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F2] //Reset status storage device MVFIN K2 [G2] [G2] (MVFIN K2 [G3] //Wait for trigger request PX0 [G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (2000). (D2000==40)*IMO [F4] [C4] [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000_L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4000_L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4000_L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) Move to command position. Axis 2, D4000 µm	(D2000==K20)*!M0	
//Load job MVLOAD K1 [G1] //Confirm load completion of job (J3000==K1)*IM0 P0 [F2] //Reset status storage device (D3000). (Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F2] //Reset status storage device MVFIN K2 [G2] [G2] (MVFIN K2 [G3] //Wait for trigger request PX0 [G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (2000). (D2000==40)*IMO [F4] [C4] [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000_L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4000_L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4000_L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) Move to command position. Axis 2, D4000 µm		
[G1] Confirm completion of job loading and online status (1) with program status storage device (D3000). (D3000==K1)*IMO Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F2] PO [F2] Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. MVFIN K2 Wait for trigger request [F3] Usual for trigger to vision system [F3] Issue trigger to vision system [K1] Wait for complete of image data reception (D3000) [C3] Wait for complete of image data reception (D3000) [C3] Wait for complete of image data reception (D3010F*1000.0) [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D2000). [K1:Real] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K4] Move to command position. [K4] Mait for positioning completion [K4] Wait for positioning completion [K4] Wait for positioning completion		Load Job "Worksearch" set in program No. 1.
IG11 //Confirm load completion of job with program status storage device (D3000), Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). IG21 //Reset status storage device P0 IG22 //Reset status storage device Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. IG21 //Wait for trigger request PX0 Wait for trigger request (PX0). IF31 //Issue trigger to vision system Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. IG31 //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*IM0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). IF41 //Calculate command position from image data D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. IG41 //Wait for positioning completion Move to command position. IG41 //Wait for positioning completion Wait for positioning completion (axis 1, axis 2 in-position).	MVLOAD K1	
IG11 //Confirm load completion of job with program status storage device (D3000), Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). IG21 //Reset status storage device P0 IG22 //Reset status storage device Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. IG21 //Wait for trigger request PX0 Wait for trigger request (PX0). IF31 //Issue trigger to vision system Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. IG31 //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*IM0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). IF41 //Calculate command position from image data D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. IG41 //Wait for positioning completion Move to command position. IG41 //Wait for positioning completion Wait for positioning completion (axis 1, axis 2 in-position).		Confirm completion of ich leading and online status (1)
[F2] //Reset status storage device Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. MVFIN K2 Wait for trigger request (PX0). [G2] //Wait for trigger request Wait for trigger request (PX0). [F3] //Issue trigger to vision system Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [F3] //Issue trigger to vision system Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*IM0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F4] //Calculate command position from image data D4000L=LONG(D3010F*1000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) Move to command position. [K1:Real] Axis 1, D4000 µm Axis 2, D4002 µm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s Mait for positioning completion (axis 1, axis 2 in-position). [C4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion (axis 1, axis 2 in-position).		with program status storage device (D3000).
[F2] Set status storage device reset in vision sensor (camera) No. 2 vision system. MVFIN K2 Wait for trigger request (PX0). [G2] Wait for trigger request (PX0). PX0 Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [F3] Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. ///Subscription No. 2. [G3] Wait for complete of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). (D2000==40)*!M0 Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [G4] Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion	(D3000==K1)*!M0	
III 1/2 /Reset status storage device (camera) No. 2 vision system. MVFIN K2 (camera) No. 2 vision system. [G2] //Wait for trigger request Wait for trigger request (PX0). PX0 Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [F3] //Issue trigger to vision system No. 2. [G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F4] //Calculate command position from image data Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000 µm Axis 2, D4002 µm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s Move to command position. [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion	P0	1
III 1/2 /Reset status storage device (camera) No. 2 vision system. MVFIN K2 (camera) No. 2 vision system. [G2] //Wait for trigger request Wait for trigger request (PX0). PX0 Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. [F3] //Issue trigger to vision system No. 2. [G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F4] //Calculate command position from image data Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000 µm Axis 2, D4002 µm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s Move to command position. [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion		Set status storage device reset in vision sensor
[G2] Wait for trigger request PX0 Issue trigger to vision system [F3] Issue trigger to vision system MVTRG K2 No. 2. [G3] Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*IM0 Wait for complete of image data reception [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device [K1:Real] Axis 1, D4000 μm Axis 2, D4002 μm Move to command position. [K41 for positioning completion Move to command position.		
[G2] Wait for trigger request PX0 Issue trigger to vision system [F3] Issue trigger to vision system MVTRG K2 No. 2. [G3] Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*IM0 Wait for complete of image data reception [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device [K1:Real] Axis 1, D4000 μm Axis 2, D4002 μm Move to command position. [K41 for positioning completion Move to command position.	MVFIN K2	
[G3] Issue trigger to vision system [K3] Issue trigger to vision system MVTRG K2 Issue trigger to vision system [G3] Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). (D2000==40)*!M0 Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 μm]. [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 μm]. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K4:Real] Move to command position. [G4] Wait for positioning completion (M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion		
PX0 [F3] //Issue trigger to vision system MVTRG K2 [G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 [F4] (Calculate command position from image data D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000 µm Axis 2, D4002 µm Vector Speed 1/Wait for positioning completion (G4] //Wait for positioning completion		Wait for trigger request (PX0).
[F3] //Issue trigger to vision system Issue trigger to vision system of vision sensor (camera) No. 2. . [G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F4] //Calculate command position from image data D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3014F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 μm]. [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000 μm Axis 2, D4002 μm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s Move to command position. [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion (axis 1, axis 2 in-position).		
I/Jsue trigger to vision system No. 2. MVTRG K2 Wait for complete of image data reception [G3] Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D2000). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 μm]. [K1:Real] No. 2. 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Move to command position. Axis 1, D4000 μm Axis 2, D4002 μm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion	PX0	
[G3] Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [G4] Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion		
[G3] Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 Wait for completion of image data reception (40) with vision system status storage device (D2000). Confirm that there is no error with error flag (M0). [F4] Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [G4] Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion	MVTRG K2	
[G3] //Wait for complete of image data reception (D2000==40)*!M0 vision system status storage device (D2000). [F4] //Calculate command position from image data D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 µm]. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [G4] Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion		-
[F4] //Calculate command position from image data D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) D4002L=LONG(D3014F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000 µm Axis 2, D4002 µm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422		vision system status storage device (D2000).
//Calculate command position from image data (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 μm]. D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 μm]. [K1:Real] Move to command position. [G4] Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Move to completion (axis 1, axis 2 in-position).	(D2000==40)*!M0	
//Calculate command position from image data (D3010 to) into position command unit [0.1 μm]. D4000L=LONG(D3010F*10000.0) //Axis 1 (X) (X) D4002L=LONG(D3014F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) Move to command position. [K1:Real] 1 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Move to command position. Axis 1, D4000 μm Axis 2, D4002 μm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion		Convert data [mm] stored in image data storage device
D4002L=LONG(D3014F*10000.0) //Axis 2 (Y) [K1:Real] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, Axis 2, D4000 μm Axis 2, Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422		
[N1.Near] 1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, Axis 2, D4002 μm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422		
1 ABS-2(Vector-speed) Axis 1, D4000 μm Axis 2, D4002 μm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion		Move to command position.
Axis 2, D4002 μm Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422 Wait for positioning completion	1 ABS-2(Vector-speed)	
Vector Speed 1000 mm/s [G4]		
[G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422		
[G4] //Wait for positioning completion M2402*M2422		Wait for positioning completion (avis 1, avis 2 in-position)
P0	M2402*M2422	
	P0	

WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before using this product.

1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

We will repair any failure or defect hereinafter referred to as "failure" in our FA equipment hereinafter referred to as the "Product" arisen during warranty period at no charge due to causes for which we are responsible through the distributor from which you purchased the Product or our service provider. However, we will charge the actual cost of dispatching our engineer for an on-site repair work on request by customer in Japan or overseas countries. We are not responsible for any on-site readjustment and/or trial run that may be required after a defective unit is repaired or replaced.

[Gratis Warranty Term]

The term of warranty for Product is thirty six (36) months after your purchase or delivery of the Product to a place designated by you or forty two (42) months from the date of manufacture whichever comes first "Warranty Period". Warranty period for repaired Product cannot exceed beyond the original warranty period before any repair work.

[Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) You are requested to conduct an initial failure diagnosis by yourself, as a general rule.
 - It can also be carried out by us or our service company upon your request and the actual cost will be charged. However, it will not be charged if we are responsible for the cause of the failure.
- (2) This limited warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are set forth in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product and the caution label affixed to the Product.
- (3) Even during the term of warranty, the repair cost will be charged on you in the following cases;
 - 1) A failure caused by your improper storing or handling, carelessness or negligence, etc., and a failure caused by your hardware or software problem
 - 2) A failure caused by any alteration, etc. to the Product made on your side without our approval
 - 3) A failure which may be regarded as avoidable, if your equipment in which the Product is incorporated is equipped with a safety device required by applicable laws and has any function or structure considered to be indispensable according to a common sense in the industry
 - 4) A failure which may be regarded as avoidable if consumable parts designated in the instruction manual, etc. are duly maintained and replaced
 - 5) Any replacement of consumable parts (battery, fan, etc.)
 - 6) A failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including without limitation fire and abnormal fluctuation of voltage, and acts of God, including without limitation earthquake, lightning and natural disasters
 - 7) A failure generated by an unforeseeable cause with a scientific technology that was not available at the time of the shipment of the Product from our company
 - 8) Any other failures which we are not responsible for or which you acknowledge we are not responsible for

2. Onerous Repair Term after Discontinuation of Production

- (1) We may accept the repair at charge for another seven (7) years after the production of the product is discontinued.
- The announcement of the stop of production for each model can be seen in our Sales and Service, etc.
- (2) Please note that the Product (including its spare parts) cannot be ordered after its stop of production.

3. Service in overseas countries

Our regional FA Center in overseas countries will accept the repair work of the Product; However, the terms and conditions of the repair work may differ depending on each FA Center. Please ask your local FA center for details.

4. Exclusion of Loss in Opportunity and Secondary Loss from Warranty Liability

- Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to:
- (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi.
- (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products.
- (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products.
- (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

5. Change of Product specifications

Specifications listed in our catalogs, manuals or technical documents may be changed without notice.

6. Precautions for Choosing the Products

- (1) For the use of our Motion controller, its applications should be those that may not result in a serious damage even if any failure or malfunction occurs in Motion controller, and a backup or fail-safe function should operate on an external system to Motion controller when any failure or malfunction occurs.
- (2) Our Motion controller is designed and manufactured as a general purpose product for use at general industries. Therefore, applications substantially influential on the public interest for such as atomic power plants and other power plants of electric power companies, and also which require a special quality assurance system, including applications for railway companies and government or public offices are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used.

In addition, applications which may be substantially influential to human lives or properties for such as airlines, medical treatments, railway service, incineration and fuel systems, man-operated material handling equipment, entertainment machines, safety machines, etc. are not recommended, and we assume no responsibility for any failure caused by these applications when used.

- We will review the acceptability of the abovementioned applications, if you agree not to require a specific quality for a specific application. Please contact us for consultation.
- (3) Mitsubishi Electric shall have no responsibility or liability for any problems involving programmable controller trouble and system trouble caused by DoS attacks, unauthorized access, computer viruses, and other cyberattacks.

INFORMATION AND SERVICES

For further information and services, please contact your local Mitsubishi Electric sales office or representative. Visit our website to find our locations worldwide.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Factory Automation Global Website Locations Worldwide www.MitsubishiElectric.com/fa/about-us/overseas/

TRADEMARKS

Microsoft and Windows are trademarks of the Microsoft group of companies.

The company names, system names and product names mentioned in this manual are either registered trademarks or trademarks of their respective companies.

In some cases, trademark symbols such as '[™]' or '[®]' are not specified in this manual.

 IB(NA)-0300135-N(2409)MEE

 MODEL:
 Q173D-P-SV13/22-SFCE

 MODEL CODE:
 1XB929

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BLDG., 2-7-3, MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN NAGOYA WORKS: 1-14, YADA-MINAMI 5-CHOME, HIGASHI-KU, NAGOYA 461-8670, JAPAN

When exported from Japan, this manual does not require application to the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry for service transaction permission.

Specifications subject to change without notice.